ARBITRON INC Form 10-K March 02, 2009

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# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

#### **FORM 10-K**

p Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 or

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 1-1969

#### **Arbitron Inc.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware 52-0278528

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

## 9705 Patuxent Woods Drive Columbia, Maryland 21046

(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

(410) 312-8000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class Registered Common Stock, par value \$0.50 per share Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No þ

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes o No b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period than the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. b

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting (Do not check if a smaller reporting company o company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

The aggregate market value of the registrant s common stock as of June 30, 2008, the last business day of the registrant s most recently completed second fiscal quarter (based upon the closing sale price of Arbitron s common stock as reported by the New York Stock Exchange on that date), held by nonaffiliates, was approximately \$1,271,611,243.

Common stock, par value \$0.50 per share, outstanding as of February 23, 2009: 26,433,016 shares

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III incorporates certain information by reference from the registrant s definitive proxy statement for the 2009 annual meeting of stockholders, which proxy statement will be filed no later than 120 days after the end of the registrant s fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.

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Arbitron owns or has the rights to various trademarks, trade names or service marks used in its radio audience measurement business and subsidiaries, including the following: the Arbitron name and logo, *Arbitrends<sup>sm</sup>*, RetailDirect<sup>®</sup>, *RADAR*<sup>®</sup>, *TAPSCAN*<sup>tm</sup>, *TAPSCAN WORLDWIDE*<sup>tm</sup>, *LocalMotion*<sup>®</sup>, *Maximi\$er*<sup>®</sup>, *Maximi\$er*<sup>®</sup> *Plus*, *Arbitron PD Advantage*<sup>®</sup>, *SmartPlus*<sup>®</sup>, *Arbitron Portable People Meter*<sup>tm</sup>, *PPM*<sup>tm</sup>, *Arbitron PPM*<sup>tm</sup>, Marketing Resources Plus<sup>®</sup>, MRP<sup>sm</sup>, PrintPlus<sup>®</sup>, *MapMAKER Direct*<sup>sm</sup>, *Media ProfessionalSM*, *Media Professional Plus*<sup>sm</sup>, *QUALITAP*<sup>sm</sup>, and *Schedule-It*<sup>sm</sup>.

The trademarks *Windows*® and Media Rating Council® referred to in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are the registered trademarks of others.

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In this report, Arbitron Inc. and its subsidiaries may be referred to as Arbitron, or the Company, or we, or us, or o

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The statements regarding Arbitron in this document that are not historical in nature, particularly those that utilize terminology such as may, will, should, likely, expects, intends, anticipates, believes, or plans or comparable terminology, are forward-looking statements based on current expectations about future events, which we have derived from information currently available to us. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause our results to be materially different from results implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, in no particular order, whether we will be able to:

absorb costs related to legal proceedings and governmental entity interactions and avoid related fines, limitations, or conditions on our business activities;

successfully commercialize our Portable People Meter<sup>tm</sup> service;

successfully manage the impact on our business of the current economic downturn generally, and in the advertising market, in particular, including, without limitation, the insolvency of any of our customers or the impact of such downturn on our customers ability to fulfill their payment obligations to us;

successfully maintain and promote industry usage of our services, a critical mass of broadcaster encoding, and the proper understanding of our audience measurement services and methodology in light of governmental regulation, legislation, litigation, activism, or adverse public relations efforts;

compete with companies that may have financial, marketing, sales, technical, or other advantages over us;

successfully design, recruit and maintain PPM panels that appropriately balance research quality, panel size, and operational cost;

successfully develop, implement, and fund initiatives designed to increase sample sizes;

complete the Media Rating Council, Inc. ( MRC ) audits of our local market PPM ratings services in a timely manner and successfully obtain and/or maintain MRC accreditation for our audience measurement business;

renew contracts with key customers;

successfully execute our business strategies, including entering into potential acquisition, joint-venture or other material third-party agreements;

effectively manage the impact, if any, of any further ownership shifts in the radio and advertising agency industries:

effectively respond to rapidly changing technological needs of our customer base, including creating new proprietary software systems, such as software systems to support our cell phone-only sampling plans, and new customer services that meet these needs in a timely manner;

successfully manage the impact on costs of data collection due to lower respondent cooperation in surveys, consumer trends including a trend toward increasing incidence of cell phone-only households, privacy concerns, technology changes, and/or government regulations; and

successfully develop and implement technology solutions to encode and/or measure new forms of media content and delivery, and advertising in an increasingly competitive environment.

There are a number of additional important factors that could cause actual events or our actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, the factors set

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forth in Item 1A. Risk Factors in this report, and other factors noted in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, particularly those noted under Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates, and elsewhere, and any subsequent periodic or current reports filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In addition, any forward-looking statements represent our expectations only as of the day we first filed this annual report with the Securities and Exchange Commission and should not be relied upon as representing our expectations as of any subsequent date. While we may elect to update forward-looking statements at some point in the future, we specifically disclaim any obligation to do so, even if our expectations change.

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#### PART I

## ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Arbitron Inc., a Delaware corporation, was formerly known as Ceridian Corporation (Ceridian). Ceridian was formed in 1957, though its predecessors began operating in 1912. We commenced our audience research business in 1949. Our principal executive offices are located at 9705 Patuxent Woods Drive, Columbia, Maryland 21046 and our telephone number is (410) 312-8000.

#### Overview

We are a leading media and marketing information services firm primarily serving radio, cable television, advertising agencies, advertisers, retailers, out-of-home media, online media and, through our Scarborough Research joint venture with The Nielsen Company ( Nielsen ), broadcast television and print media. We currently provide four main services:

measuring and estimating radio audiences in local markets in the United States;

measuring and estimating radio audiences of network radio programs and commercials;

providing software used for accessing and analyzing our media audience and marketing information data; and

providing consumer, shopping, and media usage information services.

We provide radio audience estimates and related services in the United States to radio stations, advertising agencies, and advertisers. We estimate the size and demographics of the audiences of radio stations in local markets in the United States and report these estimates and certain related data as ratings to our customers. Our customers use the information we provide for executing advertising transactions in the radio industry. Radio stations use our data to price and sell advertising time, and advertising agencies and advertisers use our data in purchasing advertising time. Our Radio All Dimension Audience Research (RADAR) service estimates national radio audiences and the size and composition of audiences of network radio programs and commercials.

We also provide software applications that allow our customers to access our databases and enable our customers to more effectively analyze and understand that information for sales, management, and programming purposes. Some of our software applications also allow our customers to access data owned by third parties, provided the customers have a separate license to use such third-party data.

In addition to our core radio ratings services, we provide qualitative measures of consumer demographics, retail behavior, and media consumption in local markets throughout the United States. We provide custom research services to companies that are seeking to demonstrate the value of their advertising propositions. We also seek to market our quantitative and qualitative audience and consumer information to customers outside of our traditional base, such as the advertising sales organizations of local cable television companies, national cable television networks and out-of-home media sales organizations.

We have developed an electronic Portable People Meter ( PPM ) system of audience measurement for commercialization in the United States and have licensed our PPM technology to a number of international media information services companies to use in their media audience measurement services in specific countries outside of the United States. See Item 1. Business Portable People Meter Service below.

Our quantitative radio audience ratings services and related software have historically accounted for a substantial majority of our revenue. The radio audience ratings service represented 81 percent, 79 percent, and 79 percent of our total revenue in 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. The related software revenues represented nine percent of our total revenue in each of 2008, 2007, and 2006. Our revenue from continuing operations from domestic sources and international sources was approximately 99 percent and one percent of our total revenue, respectively, for each of the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006. Additional information regarding revenues by service and by geographical area is provided in Note 19 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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## **Corporate Strategy**

Our leading strategic objectives include growing our radio audience measurement business and expanding our information services to a broader range of media, including broadcast television, cable, out-of-home media, satellite radio and television, Internet broadcasts and mobile media. Key elements of our strategy to pursue these objectives include:

**Improving customer relations.** We intend to continue to invest in quality improvements in our radio audience measurement services and engage with our customers, listen to and understand their needs and requirements and provide solutions that are competitive on price, quality and value.

**Diversifying revenues.** We believe that growth opportunities exist in adjacent markets and intend to seek to expand our customer base by developing and marketing new information services designed to assist customers in implementing marketing strategies.

Building on our experience in the radio audience measurement industry and our PPM technology to expand into information services for other types of media and/or multimedia. In some cases, we may enter into agreements with third parties to assist with the marketing, technical and financial aspects of expanding into measurement services for other types of media and/or multimedia.

Developing and commercializing the next-generation data collection and processing techniques. Our businesses require sophisticated data collection and processing systems, software and other technology. The collection of our survey participant information in our diary-based radio ratings service is dependent on individuals keeping track of their listening, viewing and reading activities in diaries. The technology underlying the media measurement industry is undergoing rapid change, and we will need to continue to attempt to develop our data collection, processing and software systems to accommodate these changes. The development of our PPM service is in response to a growing demand for higher quality, and more efficient and timely methods for measuring and reporting audiences.

**Addressing scale issues.** We compete against many companies that are larger and have greater capital and other resources. We will seek to explore strategic opportunities to expand our business and better enable us to compete with such companies.

**Expanding our international PPM business.** We continue to explore opportunities to license our PPM technology into selected international regions, such as Europe and the Asia/Pacific regions. We believe there is an international demand for quality audience information from global advertisers and media.

#### **Industry Background and Markets**

Since 1965, we have delivered to the radio industry actionable and timely radio audience information collected from a representative sample of radio listeners. The presence of independent audience estimates in the radio industry has helped radio stations to price and sell advertising time, and advertising agencies and advertisers to purchase advertising time. The Arbitron ratings have also become a valuable tool for use in radio programming, distribution, and scheduling decisions.

Shifts in radio station ownership in the United States, among other factors, has led to a greater diversity of programming formats. As audiences have become more fragmented, advertisers have increasingly sought to tailor

their advertising strategies to target specific demographic groups through specific media. The audience information needs of radio broadcasters, advertising agencies and advertisers have correspondingly become more complex. Increased competition, including from nontraditional media, and more complex informational requirements have heightened the desire of radio broadcasters for more frequent and timely data delivery, improved information management systems, larger sample sizes, and more sophisticated means to analyze this information. In addition, there is a demand for high-quality radio and television audience information internationally from the increasing number of commercial, noncommercial, and public broadcasters in other countries.

As the importance of reaching niche audiences with targeted marketing strategies increases, broadcasters, publishers, advertising agencies, and advertisers increasingly require that information regarding exposure to advertising is provided on a more granular basis and that this information is coupled with more detailed information

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regarding lifestyles and purchasing behavior. We believe the need to integrate purchase data information with advertising exposure information may create future opportunities for innovative approaches to satisfy these information needs.

#### **Radio Audience Measurement Services**

#### **Diary Service**

Collection of Listener Data Through Diary Methodology. We use listener diaries to gather radio listening data from a random sample group of persons aged 12 and over in households in the 288 United States local markets in which we currently provide Diary-based radio ratings. Participants in Arbitron surveys are currently selected at random by landline telephone number. When participants in our Diary survey (whom we refer to as diarykeepers ) agree to take part in a survey, we mail them a small, pocket-sized diary and ask them to record their listening in the diary over the course of a seven-day period. We ask diarykeepers to report in their diary the station(s) to which they listened, when they listened and where they listened, such as home, car, work, or other place. Although survey periods are 12 weeks long, no participant keeps a diary for more than seven days. Each diarykeeper receives a diary, instructions for filling it out and a small cash incentive. The incentive varies according to markets, and the range is generally \$1.00 to \$6.00 for each diarykeeper in the household and up to \$10.00 additional per person in certain incentive programs for returned diaries. In addition to the cash incentives included with the diaries, further cash incentives are used at other points in the survey process along with other communications such as follow-up letters and phone calls to maximize response rates. Diarykeepers mail the diaries to our operations center, where we conduct a series of quality control checks, enter the information into our database, and produce periodic audience listening estimates. We currently receive and process more than 1.2 million diaries every year to produce our audience listening estimates. We measure each of our local markets at least twice each year, and major markets four times per year.

**Diary Service Quality Improvement Initiatives.** Throughout 2008, we invested in Diary service quality enhancements. As part of our continuous improvement program, we intend to continue to invest in Diary service quality enhancements in 2009. Set forth below is a description of several of the significant Diary service quality initiatives we made in 2008. As the needs of our customers and the service continue to evolve, we may choose to focus on different areas for improvement during 2009 and beyond.

One of the challenges in estimating radio audiences is to ensure that the composition of survey respondents is sufficiently representative of the market being measured. We strive to achieve representative samples. A measure often used by clients to assess sample quality in our ratings is proportionality, which refers to how well the distribution of the sample for any individual survey matches the distribution of the population in the local market. For example, if eight percent of the population in a given market is comprised of women aged 18 to 34, ideally eight percent of the diarykeepers in our sample are women aged 18 to 34. Therefore, each survey respondent s listening should statistically represent not only the survey respondent s personal listening but also the listening of the demographic segment in the overall market. In striving to achieve representative samples, we provide enhanced incentives and enhanced support to certain demographic segments that our experience has shown may be less likely to respond to encourage their participation. Households identified as having at least one member who is Hispanic receive bilingual materials. We also use bilingual (Spanish-English) interviewers for households where Spanish is the preferred language.

In the first quarter of 2008, we upgraded our diary-processing capabilities with a new state-of-the-art facility that combines several business processes under one roof. We designed the new building, layout, and equipment to increase productivity, efficiency, and accuracy for diary processing, which will allow us to implement future planned diary sample improvement initiatives more quickly.

Beginning with the Winter 2008 Diary survey, we implemented an enhanced sex/age enumeration initiative. In this initiative, we ask the sex and age of each household member during placement calls. We then use this information in determining whether the household should receive enhanced Young Male premiums and other differential survey treatments applicable to households that contain one or more males 18-34 years old. Households that decline to provide the requested sex/age information during the calls are asked whether the household contains

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a male within specified age ranges. We continue to use sex/age information recorded by diarykeepers in returned diaries to assign the diaries to appropriate demographic groups.

Beginning with the Spring 2008 Diary survey, we expanded our young male promised incentive survey treatment. Under this initiative, we offer an additional premium to households with young male respondents, aged 18-34, for each returned diary. We now offer this survey treatment to noncontinuously measured markets in which the male 18-34 proportionality index is less than 60, averaged across the two most recent surveys, initially a total of 117 markets. We also began offering a second chance to participate in our surveys to households in which respondents initially agreed to participate, but failed to return any diaries for the week selected. The second chance survey week occurs approximately six weeks after the week in which the household originally consented to participate. We offered this second chance in 94 markets during 2008. All continuously measured Metro markets are eligible for the second chance diary treatment. In 2009, we are considering the implementation of a second chance to consent where households that initially decline to participate and households where we reach only an answering machine or voicemail will be mailed a card with a small cash premium and contacted again two weeks later.

Beginning with the Spring 2008 Diary survey, we also modified our High-Density Hispanic Area (HDHA) criteria. When a market qualifies for differential survey treatment, we then evaluate it for High-Density Area (HDA) sampling. Use of HDA sampling allows us to focus on areas where the desired demographic is statistically most likely to reside, which we employ as a means designed to promote better sampling and achievement of better In-Tab proportionality in our overall sample. With the significant increase in Hispanic population in recent years, we determined during 2008 to update our criteria for a county to be eligible for HDHA sampling. Counties are now eligible to include a High Density Hispanic Area definition when the county meets both of the following criteria: (i) the county contains at least one zip code whose population is at least 40 percent Hispanic (up from the 25 percent criterion in previous surveys); and (ii) the proposed ethnically split portions of the county (HDHA and balance) must have sufficient population, as a proportion of the total Metro, to appropriately be allocated an In-Tab target of at least 21 diaries. Under our methodology, we will retain an HDHA for as long as the target for each portion of the county is at least 18 diaries.

Beginning with the Fall 2008 Diary survey, we enhanced post-placement premiums for households that agree to participate in our surveys in which at least one household member is Hispanic in applicable markets without an HDHA, and for households in which at least one household member is Black in applicable markets without a High Density Black Area. We also extended our young male promised incentive survey treatment to additional markets.

We use a measure known as Designated Delivery Index ( DDI ) to measure our performance in delivering sample targets based on how many persons in the sample represent a particular demographic. We define DDI as the actual sample size achieved for a given demographic indexed against the target sample size for that demographic (multiplied by 100). Beginning with the Fall 2008 survey, we established a sample benchmark for persons aged 18-54 in all Diary markets equal to a DDI of 80. Should the actual persons 18-54 DDI fall below this benchmark in a given market survey, we will attempt to bring the sample performance above that benchmark in that market in subsequent surveys.

In recent years, our ability to deliver good sample proportionality in our surveys among younger demographic groups has deteriorated, caused in part by the trend among some households to disconnect their landline phones, effectively removing these households from the Arbitron sample frame. In December 2008, we announced plans to accelerate the introduction of cell phone-only sampling in Diary markets. Beginning with the Spring 2009 survey, we intend to add cell phone-only households to the Diary sample in 151 Diary markets using a hybrid methodology of address-based recruitment for cell phone-only households, while using random digit dialing (RDD) recruitment for landline households. Beginning with the Fall 2009 survey, we intend to expand cell phone-only sampling to all Diary markets (except Puerto Rico). The acceleration of cell phone-only sampling to 151 markets in the spring assumes that we will be able to complete the development of software necessary to support the rollout as scheduled. If we are not able to develop the software as expected, the planned acceleration of cell phone-only sampling could be delayed. In an effort

to better target our premium expenditures to key buying demographics of the users of our estimates, beginning with the Spring 2009 Diary survey, we intend to reduce the premium for households where all members are aged 55 or older and redirect those premiums to households containing persons aged 18-34.

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In addition to sample proportionality, response rates are an important measure of our effectiveness in obtaining consent from persons to participate in our surveys. It has become increasingly difficult and more costly for us to obtain consent from persons to participate in our surveys. We must achieve a level of both sample proportionality and response rates sufficient to maintain confidence in our ratings, the support of the industry and accreditation by the MRC. Response rates are one quality measure of survey performance among many and an important factor impacting costs associated with data collection. Overall response rates have declined over the past several years. If response rates continue to decline further or if recruitment costs significantly increase, our radio audience measurement business could be adversely affected. We believe that additional expenditures will be required in the future with respect to response rates and sample proportionality. We continue to research and test new measures to address these sample quality challenges.

#### **Portable People Meter Service**

Since 1992, we have pursued a strategy of evolving our audience ratings business from diaries, which are completed by hand and returned by mail from survey participants, to portable electronic measurement devices, which passively collect information regarding survey participants exposure to encoded media without additional manual effort by the survey participants beyond carrying the meter. We have pursued this strategy in an effort to improve quality by taking advantage of new technological capabilities and to address the vast proliferation of media delivery vehicles, both inside and outside of the home.

We have developed our proprietary PPM technology, which is capable of collecting data regarding panelists exposure to encoded media for programming and advertising purposes across multiple media including, among others, broadcast and satellite radio, broadcast, cable and satellite television, Internet, and retail in-store audio and video broadcasts. The PPM meter is a small cell phone-sized device that a panel of survey participants carries throughout the day. The PPM meter automatically detects proprietary codes that are inaudible to the human ear, which broadcasters embed in the audio portion of their programming using technology and encoders we license to the broadcaster at no cost. We refer to the embedding of our proprietary codes into the audio portion of broadcasters programming as encoding the broadcast. These proprietary codes identify the encoded media to which a survey participant is exposed throughout the day without the survey participant having to engage in any recall-based manual recording activities. At the end of each day, the survey participant places the PPM device into a base station that recharges the device and sends the collected codes to Arbitron for tabulation for use in creating audience estimates.

We believe there are many advantages to our PPM technology. It is simple and easy for respondents to use. It requires no button pushing, recall, or other effort by the survey participant to identify and write down media outlets to which they are exposed. The PPM technology can passively detect exposure to encoded media by identifying each source using our unique identification codes. We believe the PPM service can help support the media industry s increased focus on providing accountability for the investments made by advertisers. It helps to shorten the time period between when advertising runs and when audience delivery is reported, and can be utilized to provide multimedia measurement from the same survey participant. The PPM technology also produces high-quality motion and compliance data, which we believe is an additional advantage that makes the PPM data more accountable to advertisers than various recall-based data collection methods. The PPM technology can produce more granular data than the diary, including minute by minute exposure data, which we believe can be of particular value to radio programmers. Because our PPM service panels have larger weekly and monthly samples than our Diary service, the audience estimates exhibit more stable listening trends between survey reports. Also, our PPM technology can be leveraged to measure new digital platforms, time-shifted broadcasts (such as media recorded for later consumption using a DVR or similar technology), and broadcasts in retail, sports, music, and other venues.

The PPM technology could potentially be used to measure audiences of out-of-home media, print, commercials, and entertainment audio, including movies and video games. The new Audience Reaction service offered by Media

Monitors, LLC (Media Monitors) allows Media Monitors to combine our PPM data with its airplay information to provide a service designed to help radio programmers who also license our data hear what audio was broadcast while observing changes in the audience estimates.

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**Domestic.** We currently utilize our PPM radio ratings service to produce audience estimates in 14 United States local radio markets. We commercialized the PPM ratings service in the Houston Galveston and Philadelphia local markets during 2007. We commercialized the PPM ratings service in the New York, Nassau Suffolk (Long Island), Middlesex Somerset Union, Los Angeles, Riverside San Bernardino, Chicago, San Francisco, and San Jose local markets on October 6, 2008, and in the Atlanta, Dallas Ft. Worth, Detroit, and Washington, DC local markets on December 31, 2008. We currently intend to commercialize the PPM service in another 19 local markets during 2009.

We are in the process of executing our previously announced plan to commercialize progressively our PPM ratings service in the largest United States radio markets, which we currently anticipate will result in commercialization of the service in 49 local markets by December 2010 (the PPM Markets ). We may continue to update the timing of commercialization and the composition of the PPM Markets from time to time. On November 4, 2008, we announced an adjustment to our PPM commercialization schedule. Information regarding the affected PPM Markets is set forth below. We have rebalanced our PPM commercialization schedule in order to create financial and operational efficiencies.

	Current Schedule			Pri	Prior Schedule		Final Diary Survey		
							Scheduled		
				Initial			Final		Sch
i	<b>Initial PPM</b>	Period	Release	PPM	Period	Release	Diary	Period	R
<b>Iarket</b>	Report	Covered	Date	Report	Covered	Date	Survey	Covered	1
City;		November							
onio; Salt Lake		12 -						June 25 -	/
den-Provo; Las	December	December	December		March 4 -	April	Summer	September	O
	2009	9	2009	March 2010	March 31	2010	2009	16	1
kee-Racine;									-
e-Gastonia-Rock		August							
lumbus, OH;		19 -							Ţ
nce-Warwick;	September	September	October		May 27 -	July	Spring	April 1 -	Ī
ket; Orlando	2010	15	2010	June 2010	June 23	2010	2010	June 23	1

#### Media Rating Council Accreditation

The Media Rating Council, Inc. (the MRC) is a voluntary, nonprofit organization, comprised of broadcasters, advertisers, advertising agencies, and other users of media research that reviews and accredits audience ratings services. The MRC accreditation process is voluntary and there is no legal or compulsory requirement that a rating service seek accreditation or submit to an MRC audit. The MRC lends its—seal of approval—to ratings services that demonstrate compliance with the MRC—s standards of media rating research. MRC accreditation is not a legal or regulatory prerequisite to commercialization of any of our audience ratings services.

Although accreditation is not required, we currently are pursuing MRC accreditation for several of our audience ratings services. We intend to use commercially reasonable efforts in good faith to pursue MRC accreditation of our PPM radio ratings service in each PPM Market where we intend to commercialize the service. We have complied with and currently intend to continue to comply with the MRC Voluntary Code of Conduct (VCOC) in each PPM Market prior to commercializing our PPM radio ratings service in that market. The VCOC requires, at a minimum, that we complete an MRC audit of the local market PPM service, share the results of that audit with the MRC PPM audit subcommittee, and disclose pre-currency impact data prior to commercializing the PPM radio ratings service in that local market.

Local Markets First Considered for Accreditation During 2006 and 2007. As previously disclosed, the MRC completed initial audits of the Houston Galveston, Philadelphia, New York, Nassau Suffolk (Long Island), and Middlesex Somerset Union (collectively, the 2007 Markets) local market PPM methodology and execution in late 2006 in the case of Houston Galveston, and in the first half of 2007 in the case of the remaining 2007 Markets. In January 2007, the MRC accredited the average-quarter-hour, time-period radio ratings data produced by the PPM ratings service in the Houston-Galveston local market. For more information regarding MRC accreditation, see Item 1. Business Governmental Regulation. In June 2007, the MRC also accredited the average-quarter-hour, time-period television ratings data produced by the PPM ratings service in the Houston-Galveston local market. Because we are not currently producing television viewing estimates, we have applied to

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the MRC for temporary hiatus status for our Houston-Galveston television ratings service and the accreditation status of the television estimates is currently not active.

Based on initial audits completed during 2007, and our replies to the MRC s follow-up queries, the MRC denied accreditation of the PPM ratings services in the remaining 2007 Markets during January 2008. During 2008, the MRC reaudited the Philadelphia, New York, Nassau Suffolk (Long Island), and Middlesex Somerset Union local market PPM methodology and execution. The results of those reaudits, together with additional information provided by Arbitron, were shared with the MRC PPM audit subcommittee in late 2008. As of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, the denial status remains in place, and the PPM services in the Philadelphia, New York, Nassau Suffolk (Long Island), and Middlesex Somerset Union local markets remain unaccredited. Among other things, the MRC identified response rates, compliance rates, and differential compliance rates as concerns it had with the PPM service in these local markets.

Local Markets First Considered for Accreditation During 2008. During 2008, the MRC completed initial audits of the Los Angeles, Riverside San Bernardino, Chicago, San Francisco, San Jose, Atlanta, Dallas Ft. Worth, Detroit, and Washington, DC (collectively, the 2008 Markets) local market PPM methodology and execution, and the results of each of those audits were shared with the MRC PPM audit subcommittee, together with additional information provided by Arbitron in late 2008. On January 9, 2009, we announced that the MRC had accredited the average-quarter-hour, time-period radio ratings data produced by the PPM ratings service in the Riverside San Bernardino local market. With respect to the PPM service in the remaining 2008 Markets, the MRC has taken no formal action on the initial applications for accreditation and therefore, the services are not currently accredited by the MRC.

In November 2007, we announced our decision to delay the commercialization of the PPM ratings service in nine local markets in order to address feedback regarding the PPM service we had received from our customers, the MRC, and certain other constituencies. We believe during the course of the delay, we enhanced our PPM service and during 2008, we commercialized each of the markets that we had delayed. To date, more than 15 radio broadcasting groups, including Clear Channel Communications, Inc. ( Clear Channel ), our largest customer, CBS Radio, Inc., Citadel Broadcasting Corporation, Entercom Communications Corporation, Cox Radio, Inc., Radio One, Inc. and Cumulus Media Inc. ( Cumulus ), have signed long-term contracts to use the PPM service as and when we commercialize it in the PPM Markets. We believe these broadcasters, together with other broadcasters under contract to receive PPM ratings, accounted for the substantial majority of the total radio advertising dollars in the PPM Markets in 2008. We have also signed contracts with a number of national and regional advertising agencies to use the PPM service as and when we commercialize in the PPM Markets. We believe these agencies also accounted for the substantial majority of the national advertising dollars spent on radio advertising in the PPM Markets in 2008.

Although additional milestones remain and there is the possibility that the pace of commercialization of the PPM ratings service could be slowed further, we believe that the PPM ratings service is both a viable replacement for our Diary-based ratings service and a significant enhancement to our audience estimates in major radio markets, and is an important component of our anticipated future growth. If the pace of the commercialization of our PPM ratings service is slowed further, revenue increases that we expect to receive related to the service will also be delayed.

Commercialization of our PPM radio ratings service requires and will continue to require a substantial financial investment. We believe our cash generated from operations, as well as access to our existing credit facility, is sufficient to fund such requirements. We currently estimate that the 2009 annual capital expenditures associated with the PPM ratings service commercialization for audience ratings measurement will be approximately \$25.0 million. As we have anticipated, our efforts to support the commercialization of our PPM ratings service have had a material negative impact on our results of operations. The amount of capital required for deployment of our PPM ratings service and the impact on our results of operations will be greatly affected by the speed of the commercialization.

Collection of Listener Data Through PPM Methodology. In our PPM service, we gather data regarding exposure to encoded audio material through the use of our PPM meters. We randomly recruit a sample panel of households to participate in the service (all persons aged six and older in the household). The household members

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are asked to participate in the panel for a period of up to two years, carrying their meters from rise to retire each day. Panelists earn points based on their compliance with the task of carrying the meter. Longer carry time results in greater points, which are the basis for monthly cash incentives. Demographic subgroups that our experience indicates may be less likely to comply, such as younger adults, are offered higher premiums based on their compliance. We consider the amount of the cash incentive that we pay to the PPM panelists to be proprietary information.

The PPM meter collects the codes and adds a date/time stamp to each listening occasion. At the end of each day, panelists place their meters in a docking station and the information is downloaded to Arbitron for processing, tabulation, and analysis in producing our listening estimates. We issue a ratings report for 13 unique four-week measurement periods per year. We issue weekly reports to station subscribers for programming information. Users access the ratings estimates through an Internet-based software system.

PPM Service Quality Improvement Initiatives. As we have commercialized the PPM service in the PPM Markets, we have experienced and expect to continue to experience challenges in the operation of the PPM service similar to those we face in the Diary-based service, including several of the challenges related to sample proportionality and response rates mentioned above. We expect to continue to implement additional measures to address these challenges, which will likely require expenditures that may in the aggregate be material. We refer to our ongoing efforts to improve our radio ratings services as our continuous improvement initiatives. For example, in December 2007, we announced a sample size guarantee that would provide a partial rebate to our customers for PPM radio ratings in any PPM Market for a measurement period in which our actual percentage of the installed panel that provides useable data (the average daily In-Tab ) among persons aged 18-54 falls below 80 percent of our published average daily In-Tab target for that market. To date, our delivered average daily In-Tab has not fallen below the target and we have not provided any rebates under the sample size guarantee.

Beginning in October 2007, we began offering weekly performance bonuses to all panelists in households with at least one person aged 18-24 if specified compliance criteria were met. Beginning in February 2008, we increased this incentive and we also modified our alternate sample pool methodology. Under the revised procedure, we interview potential alternate households at random, and the households remain eligible for selection should a specific need emerge later in a panel for which the households demographic characteristics match.

Beginning in April 2008, we began utilizing revised panelist communications, began informing all panelists of the availability of travel chargers, and initiated a telephone service offering wake-up calls, other reminder calls, and local weather updates to all panelists in households with at least one person aged 18-34 in the Houston-Galveston, New York, and Philadelphia local markets as an additional incentive for participation.

Beginning in August 2008, we enhanced our incentive program to encourage participation among those persons who initially refused to participate. Beginning in September 2008, we began offering decals to households with at least one panelist aged 6-14 as a way for panelists to personalize their meters.

On February 1, 2008, we announced a series of four sample quality benchmarks that we intend to pursue with our PPM services to enhance users—confidence in PPM ratings as a widely accepted method for setting advertising rates, which we refer to as—currency. Benchmarks do not represent goals or targets for performance, rather these benchmarks represent the level of sample performance for a given demographic group below which we intend to take corrective action to improve the sample performance. Specifically, these benchmarks concern total sample size, sample size for persons aged 18 to 34, average daily In-Tab, and response rates. Currently, we have at least 30 initiatives in the testing or implementation stage for the PPM service that are designed to improve either response, compliance or both. Many of the initiatives we implemented during 2008 assisted us in meeting or exceeding our stated benchmarks and served to establish the more aggressive benchmarks currently in place.

In July 2008, we announced that the 80 percent sample size guarantee will now be applicable beginning with the first month of PPM currency in each local market and that, beginning on the first anniversary of PPM currency in each local market, the threshold for application of the sample size guarantee will increase to 90 percent of our published 18-54 average daily In-Tab target for that local market, based on a 13-report rolling average. We also announced a new PPM sample size program designed to deliver a larger sample target for persons aged 12 and over. We plan to implement the increase in the persons aged 12 and over sample target in phases, beginning in 2009.

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A program of front-loaded treatment initiatives, which focus on improving compliance and reducing turnover during the critical initial month of panelist participation, was tested in the PPM research test panel in 2008. We expect to implement components of this program in all PPM Markets and the full program in the lowest response markets in 2009. In 2009, we intend to launch in-person coaching initiatives in the top ten markets for those Black and Hispanic panelists 18-34, who show initial poor compliance. We have designed these initiatives in an attempt to reduce respondent turnover and improve compliance among these demographic groups.

We currently dial cell phone-only households for PPM Markets using a manually-dialed telephone-based sample frame approach. However, we expect to implement a hybrid method of using address-based recruitment for cell phone-only households together with random digit dialing (RDD) recruitment for landline households in 2009.

In connection with our interactions with several governmental entities, we have announced a series of commitments concerning our PPM radio ratings services to be implemented by us over the next several years and, which we believe are consistent with our ongoing efforts to obtain and maintain MRC accreditation and our continuous improvement initiatives described above. Among other things, we have agreed to increase incrementally and to certain levels our use of address based recruitment efforts to 15 percent of all recruitment efforts no later than July 2010 in the New York local market and no later than the end of 2010 in certain other markets. On January 22, 2009, we announced a plan to increase our sample target for cell phone-only households in all PPM markets to 12.5 percent by the end of 2009 and to 15 percent by the end of 2010, which we anticipate may help to increase young adult proportionality. In the New York local market only, we have agreed to increase our sample target for cell phone-only households to 15 percent by no later than July 2010. During 2009 we have announced plans to implement similar initiatives in all PPM Markets. For more information regarding our interactions and agreements with such governmental entities see Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

We continue to operate in a highly challenging business environment in the markets and industries we serve. Our future performance will be impacted by our ability to address a variety of challenges and opportunities in these markets and industries, including our ability to continue to maintain and improve the quality of our PPM service, and manage increased costs for data collection, arising among other ways, from increased numbers of cell phone-only households, which are more expensive to recruit than households with landline phones. We will also seek to pursue MRC accreditation in all of our PPM Markets, and develop and implement effective and efficient technological solutions to measure multimedia and advertising.

**International.** We have entered into arrangements with media information services companies pursuant to which those companies use our PPM technology in their audience measurement services in specific countries outside of the United States. We currently have arrangements with Taylor Nelson Sofres, which has been acquired by WPP Group plc, a global communications services group. Generally, under these arrangements we sell PPM hardware and equipment to the company for use in its media measurement services and collect a royalty once the service is deemed commercial. Our PPM technology is currently being used for media measurement in seven countries, including four that have adopted PPM technology for measuring both television and radio.

Our PPM technology was first used in a commercial audience measurement panel in Belgium and has been used to track television and radio there since 2003. In 2006, Norway adopted a service using PPM technology to produce radio currency ratings and Kazakhstan adopted a service using PPM technology to produce television currency ratings. In 2007, both television and radio currency ratings were produced in Iceland using PPM equipment. In 2008, the radio industry in Denmark began using PPM equipment under a five-year contract to produce radio currency ratings. Also in 2008, the PPM encoding technology was introduced into Danish television for commercial services to identify programming sources for set-top measurement systems. This encoding technology has been similarly deployed in Singapore since 2001.

Our PPM technology has been used for television currency ratings in Montreal and Quebec, Canada, since 2004. In the fourth quarter of 2008, BBM Canada, a not-for-profit, media ratings organization that produces widely-accepted ratings for Canada, commercialized its radio ratings service in Montreal using our licensed PPM technology and equipment purchased from us. The Montreal market launch is the first phase of BBM Canada s PPM service rollout plan. BBM Canada has also announced that it intends to launch PPM panels to generate radio

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and television currency ratings in Toronto, Vancouver, Calgary, and Edmonton in Fall 2009. These international arrangements are currently not a material part of our business.

#### **Radio Market Report and Other Data Services**

We provide our listening estimates in a number of different reports that we publish and license to our customers. The cornerstone of our radio audience measurement services is the Radio Market Report, which is available in all local markets for which we currently provide radio ratings. The Radio Market Report provides audience estimates for those stations in a market that meet our minimum reporting standards. The estimates cover a wide variety of demographics and dayparts, which are the time periods for which we report audience estimates. Each Radio Market Report contains estimates to help radio stations, advertising agencies and advertisers understand who is listening to the radio, which stations they are listening to, and where and when they are listening. Our proprietary data regarding radio audience size and demographics are generally provided to customers through multiyear license agreements.

We also license our respondent-level database through Maximi\$er and Maximi\$er Plus, which are services for radio stations, and Media Professional and Media Professional Plus, which are services for advertising agencies and advertisers. Our respondent-level database allows radio stations, advertising agencies and advertisers to customize survey areas, dayparts, demographics and time periods to support targeted marketing strategies. The Maximi\$er service includes a Windows-based application to access a market s entire radio Diary database on a client s personal computer. Radio stations use the Maximi\$er service to produce information about their stations and programming not available in Arbitron s published Radio Market Reports. The Maximi\$er Plus service allows radio stations to access our National Regional Database ( NRD ) to analyze ratings information for customer-defined groupings of stations in multiple markets and counties. The Media Professional service is designed to help advertising agencies and advertisers plan and buy radio advertising time quickly, accurately and easily. These services integrate radio planning and buying into one comprehensive research and media-buying tool. They allow advertising agencies and advertisers to uncover key areas critical to the buying process, including determining the most effective media target, understanding market trends and identifying potential new business. The Media Professional Plus service allows advertising agencies and advertisers to access our NRD to create custom geographies and trade areas using radio Metro, television DMA and/or county information. Media Professional Plus also provides the data on a specific trading area s cost per point needed to help advertising agencies and advertisers place more efficient media buys. In addition to the licensing above, we offer third-party software providers and customers licenses to use proprietary software that will enable enhanced access to our respondent-level data.

In addition to the Radio Market Report, we provide a range of ancillary services that include Radio County Coverage Reports, Hispanic Radio Data and Black Radio Data.

**RADAR.** Our RADAR service provides a measurement of national radio audiences and the audience size of network radio programs and commercials. We provide the audience measurements for a wide variety of demographics and dayparts for total radio listening and for 58 separate radio networks.

We create network audience estimates by merging the radio listening of selected survey respondents with the actual times that network programs and commercials are aired on each affiliated station. We deliver the RADAR estimates through our PC 2010 software application, which includes a suite of tools for sophisticated analysis of network audiences. We provide this service to radio networks, advertising agencies and network radio advertisers.

Since 2003, the RADAR survey sample has increased from 50,000 Arbitron respondents to a survey sample of approximately 300,000 Arbitron respondents in December 2008. Data from PPM commercial markets are also incorporated into the RADAR survey sample.

During 2009, we intend to begin transitioning operations and production of our RADAR service from our offices in New Jersey to our headquarters in Maryland.

**Software Applications.** In addition to our reports, we license software applications that provide our customers access to the audience estimates in our databases. These applications enable our customers to more effectively analyze and understand that information for sales, management and programming purposes. These services also help our customers to further refine sales strategies and compete more effectively for advertising

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dollars. Some of our software applications also allow our customers to access data owned by third parties, provided the customers have a separate license to use such third-party data.

Our TAPSCAN family of software solutions is used by many radio stations, advertising agencies and advertisers. The TAPSCAN software is one of the advertising industry s leading radio analysis applications. It can help create illustrative charts and graphs that make complex information more useful to potential advertisers. Other features include pre-buy research, including frequency-based tables, cost-per-point analysis, hour-by-hour and trending, use of respondent-level data, automatic scheduling and goal tracking, instant access to station format and contact information. Our TAPSCAN Sales Management service provides software systems that help radio stations manage their advertising sales process and automate the daily tasks in a sales department. The TAPSCAN Sales Management applications combine a customer relationship management system with scheduling and research applications and with inventory/pricing management tools. Our SmartPlus service provides media buying software systems, including the SmartPlus software, to local and regional advertising agencies for broadcast and print media. Another TAPSCAN service, QUALITAP, is also made available to television and cable outlets in the United States under a licensing arrangement with Marketron International, Inc.

The MapMAKER Direct service analyzes where the radio audience lives and works to provide detailed maps and reports. Program directors can use this service to better understand their listeners and better target their promotional efforts. Our PD Advantage service offers radio station program directors the ability to create a variety of reports that help analyze the market, the audience and the competition.

**Licensing of Respondent-Level Data.** We license our respondent-level database and the related software we use to calculate our audience estimates to certain customers that allow enhanced access to our respondent-level database. This allows third party processors and customers to produce more detailed radio listening data by custom dayparts, demographic groups and geographic areas.

#### **Local Market Consumer Information Services**

In our radio ratings service, we provide primarily quantitative data, such as how many people are listening. We also provide qualitative data, such as consumer and media usage information to radio stations, cable companies, television stations, out-of-home media, magazine and newspaper publishers, advertising agencies and advertisers. The qualitative data on listeners, viewers and readers provide more detailed socioeconomic information and information on what survey participants buy, where they shop and what forms of media they use. We provide these measurements of consumer demographics, retail behavior, and media usage in 285 local markets throughout the United States.

We provide qualitative services tailored to fit a customer s specific market size and marketing requirements, such as:

the Scarborough Report, which is offered in larger markets;

the RetailDirect Service, which is offered in medium markets; and

the Qualitative Diary Service/LocalMotion Service, which is offered in smaller markets.

Each service profiles a market, the consumers and the media choices in terms of key characteristics. These services cover the major retail and media usage categories. We also provide training and support services that help our customers understand and use the local market consumer information that we provide.

**Scarborough Report.** The MRC-accredited Scarborough service is provided through a joint venture between Arbitron and a subsidiary of Nielsen and is governed by a partnership agreement, which was automatically renewed

until December 2012. Although our equity interest in the Scarborough Research joint venture is 49.5 percent, partnership voting rights and earnings are divided equally between Arbitron and Nielsen. The Scarborough service provides detailed information about media usage, retail and shopping habits, demographics and lifestyles in 81 large United States local markets, utilizing a sample of consumers in the relevant markets.

Scarborough data feature more than 2,000 media, retail and lifestyle characteristics, which can help radio stations, television stations, cable companies, advertising agencies and advertisers, newspaper and magazine

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publishers and out-of-home media companies develop an in-depth profile of their consumers. Examples of Scarborough categories include retail shopping (e.g., major stores shopped or purchases during the past 30 days), auto purchases (e.g., plan to buy new auto or truck), leisure activities (e.g., attended sporting events) and personal activities (e.g., golfing). Media information includes broadcast and cable television viewing, radio listenership, newspaper readership by section and yellow pages usage. This information is provided twice each year to newspapers, radio and television broadcasters, cable companies, out-of-home media, advertising agencies and advertisers in the form of the Scarborough Report. Scarborough also provides a Mid-Tier Local Market Consumer Study regarding media usage, retail and shopping habits, demographics, and lifestyles of adult consumers in 19 United States local markets.

We are the exclusive marketer of the Scarborough Report to radio broadcasters, cable companies and out-of-home media. We also market the Scarborough Report to advertising agencies and advertisers on a shared basis with Scarborough Research. Scarborough Research markets the Scarborough Report to newspapers, sports marketers and online service providers. Nielsen markets the Scarborough Report to television broadcasters.

**RetailDirect Service.** Our RetailDirect service is a locally oriented, purchase data and media usage research service provided in 20 midsized United States local markets. This service, which utilizes diaries and telephone surveys, provides a profile of the audience in terms of local media, retail and consumer preferences so that local radio and television broadcasters, out-of-home media and cable companies have information to help them develop targeted sales and programming strategies. Retail categories include automotive, audio-video, furniture and appliances, soft drinks and beer, fast food, department stores, grocery stores, banks and hospitals. Media usage categories include local radio, broadcast television, cable networks, out-of-home media, newspapers, yellow pages and advertising circulars.

Qualitative Diary Service/LocalMotion Service. Our Qualitative Diary Service collects consumer and media usage information from Arbitron radio diarykeepers in 165 smaller United States local markets. The same persons who report their radio listenership in the market also answer 27 demographic, product and service questions. We collect consumer behavior information for key local market retail categories, such as automotive sales, grocery, fast food, furniture and bedding stores, beer, soft drinks and banking. The Qualitative Diary Service also collects information about other media, such as television news viewership, cable television viewership, out-of-home media exposure and newspaper readership. This qualitative service provided for cable television companies is known as LocalMotion.

**Custom Research Services.** Our custom research efforts serve companies that are seeking to demonstrate the value of their advertising propositions. For example, we have provided custom research services for subscribers including sports play-by-play broadcasters, digital out-of-home and place-based media companies, and radio station properties. Through our custom research services, we are also exploring applications of PPM data, including nonratings programming, marketing and out-of-home services for broadcast television and cable television. We are also exploring providing services for mobile media and companies that sell advertising on in-store (retail) media and sports arenas.

#### **International Operations**

**India.** We have formed a wholly owned subsidiary organized under the laws of India, which entity s current functions include technology, research and development and oversight of outsourced software development in India. In the future we intend to increase staffing to perform these and additional duties, including in-house software development, although there can be no assurance we will be successful in doing so. Our India operations are currently not a material part of our business.

**Portable People Meter.** For a discussion of the use of our PPM technology outside of the United States, see Item 1. Business Portable People Meter Service International.

**CSW Research Limited** ( **Continental Research** ). On January 31, 2008, we sold Continental Research. Additional information regarding the sale of Continental Research is provided in Note 3 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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#### **Customers, Sales and Marketing**

Our customers are primarily radio, cable television, advertising agencies, advertisers, retailers, out-of-home media, online media and, through our Scarborough Research joint venture with Nielsen, broadcast television and print media. One customer, Clear Channel, represented approximately 18 percent of our revenue in 2008. We believe that we are well positioned to provide new services and other offerings to meet the emerging needs of broadcasting groups.

We market our services in the United States through a direct sales force that consisted of 71 sales account managers and 35 customer trainers, as of December 31, 2008.

We have entered into a number of agreements with third parties to assist in marketing and selling our services in the United States. For example, Marketron International, Inc., distributes, on an exclusive basis, our QUALITAP software to television and cable outlets in the United States.

We support our sales and marketing efforts through the following:

conducting direct-marketing programs directed toward radio stations, cable companies, advertising agencies, television stations, out-of-home companies, broadcast groups and corporate advertisers;

promoting Arbitron and the industries we serve through a public relations program aimed at the trade press of the broadcasting, out-of-home media, Internet, advertising and marketing industries, as well as select local and national consumer and business press;

gathering and publishing studies, which are available for no charge on our Web site, on national summaries of radio listening, emerging trends in the radio industry, Internet streaming, out-of-home and other media industries, as well as the media habits of radio listeners and television, cable and Internet viewers;

participating in key industry and government forums, trade association meetings, and interest groups, such as the Advertising Research Foundation, the American Association of Advertising Agencies, the National Association of Broadcasters, the Association of National Advertisers, the European Society for Opinion and Marketing Research, the Television Bureau of Advertising, the Cabletelevision Advertising Bureau, American Women in Radio and Television, Women in Cable Telecommunications, the Cable & Telecommunications Association for Marketing, the National Association of Black Owned Broadcasters, Minority Media and Telecommunications Council, Media Rating Council, Committee on Local Radio Audience Measurement, Committee on Local Television Audience Measurement, national Radio Research Committee and the Outdoor Advertising Association of America, as well as numerous state and local advertising and broadcaster associations;

participating in activities and strengthening relationships with national and local chapters of grassroots organizations, such as the National Council of La Raza, the National Urban League, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, and the Rainbow/PUSH Coalition; and

maintaining a presence at major industry conventions, such as those sponsored by the National Association of Broadcasters, the Radio Advertising Bureau, the American Association of Advertising Agencies, the Advertising Research Foundation, the Cable Advertising Bureau and the Outdoor Advertising Association of America.

## Competition

We believe that the principal competitive factors in our markets are the credibility and reliability of the audience research, the ability to provide quality analytical services for use with the audience information, the end-user experience with services and price.

We are the leader in the radio audience measurement business in the United States. During 2008, we competed in the radio audience measurement business in some small United States markets with Eastlan Resources, a privately held research company. We are also aware of at least six companies, GfK AG, Integrated Media Measurement Inc., Ipsos SA, The Media Audit (a division of International Demographics, Inc.), Nielsen, and Thompson Electronics Ltd., which are developing technologies that could compete with our PPM service.

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In November 2008, Cumulus announced that beginning in 2009 Nielsen would provide audience measurement and radio ratings services in 51 small and mid-sized United States local markets in which Cumulus broadcasts (the Cumulus Markets ). Clear Channel has also indicated that it will subscribe to the Nielsen service in 17 of the Cumulus Markets. We cannot provide any assurances that Nielsen will not in the future seek to expand its radio ratings services beyond the 51 Cumulus Markets. Cumulus has elected not to renew its agreement with us to receive radio audience estimates in the Cumulus Markets, which expired on December 31, 2008. We estimate that our lost Diary revenue in the Cumulus Markets from Cumulus and Clear Channel combined will be \$5.0 million in 2009. Thereafter, on a full year run-rate basis in those markets, we estimate a \$10.0 million per year reduction of expected annual revenue as compared to assumed renewals. We currently intend to continue to offer our Diary-based audience ratings services in the Cumulus Markets during 2009 and beyond. We also intend to offer an array of options to customers in individual local markets smaller than the 100 largest markets that can provide them with the data they need to appropriately position their stations to maximize revenue opportunities.

We compete with a large number of other providers of applications software, qualitative data, and proprietary qualitative studies used by broadcasters, cable companies, advertising agencies, advertisers, and out-of-home media companies. These competitors include Donovan Data Systems, Interactive Media Systems, Marketron Inc., STRATA Marketing Inc., and Telmar Information Services Corp., in the area of applications software, and The Media Audit (a division of International Demographics, Inc.), Mediamark Research Inc. (a subsidiary of GfK AG) and Simmons Market Research Bureau (a subsidiary of Experian Marketing Solutions) in the area of qualitative data.

### **Intellectual Property**

Our intellectual property is, in the aggregate, of material importance to our business. A combination of patents, copyrights, trademarks, service marks, trade secret laws, license agreements, confidentiality procedures and other contractual restrictions, are relied upon to establish and protect proprietary rights in our methods and services. As of December 31, 2008, 34 United States patents were issued and 39 United States patent applications were pending on behalf of Arbitron. Internationally, 167 foreign patents were issued and 147 foreign patent applications were pending. Our patents relate to our data collection, processing systems, software and hardware applications, the PPM and its methods, and other intellectual property assets. Several patents relating to the PPM and its methods expire at various times beginning in 2012 and collectively are of material importance to our business.

Our audience listening estimates are original works of authorship protectable under United States copyright laws. We publish the Radio Market Report either quarterly or semiannually, depending on the Arbitron market surveyed, while we publish the Radio County Coverage Report annually. We seek copyright registration for each Radio Market Report and for each Radio County Coverage Report published in the United States. We also seek copyright protection for our proprietary software and for databases comprising the Radio Market Report and other services containing our audience estimates and respondent-level data. Prior to the publication of our reports and release of the software containing the respondent-level data, we register our databases under the United States federal copyright laws. We generally provide our proprietary data regarding audience size and demographics to customers through multiyear license agreements.

We market a number of our services under United States federally registered trademarks that are helpful in creating brand recognition in the marketplace. Some of our registered trademarks and service marks include: the Arbitron name and logo, Maximi\$er, RetailDirect and RADAR. The Arbitron name and logo is of material importance to our business. We have a trademark application pending for Arbitron PPM. We also have a number of common-law trademarks, including Media Professional, and QUALITAP. We have registered our name as a trademark in the United Kingdom, Mexico, the European Union, Australia, Singapore, Chile and Japan, and are exploring the registration of our marks in other foreign countries.

The laws of some countries might not protect our intellectual property rights to the same extent as the laws of the United States. Effective patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret protection may not be available in every country in which we market or license our data and services.

We believe our success depends primarily on the innovative skills, technical competence, customer service and marketing abilities of our personnel. We enter into confidentiality and assignment-of-inventions agreements with

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substantially all of our employees and enter into nondisclosure agreements with our suppliers and customers to limit access to and disclosure of our proprietary information.

We must protect against the unauthorized use or misappropriation of our audience estimates, databases and technology by third parties. There can be no assurance that the copyright laws and other statutory and contractual arrangements we currently depend upon will provide us sufficient protection to prevent the use or misappropriation of our audience estimates, databases and technology in the future. The failure to protect our proprietary information, intellectual property rights and, in particular, our audience estimates and databases, could severely harm our business.

Additionally, claims by third parties that our current or future products or services infringe upon their intellectual property rights may harm our business. Intellectual property litigation is complex and expensive, and the outcome of such litigation is difficult to predict. We have been involved in litigation relating to the enforcement of our copyrights covering our radio listening estimates and patents covering our proprietary technology. Although we have generally been successful in these cases, there can be no assurance that the copyright laws and other statutory and contractual arrangements we currently depend upon will provide us sufficient protection to prevent the use or misappropriation of our audience estimates, databases and technology in the future. Litigation, regardless of outcome, may result in substantial expense and a significant diversion of our management and technical personnel. Any adverse determination in any litigation may subject us to significant liabilities to third parties, require us to license disputed rights from other parties, if licenses to these rights could be obtained, or require us to cease using certain technology.

### **Research and Development**

Our research and development activities have related primarily to the development of new services, customer software, PPM equipment and maintenance and enhancement of our legacy operations and reporting systems. We expect that we will continue research and development activities on an ongoing basis, particularly in light of the rapid technological changes affecting our business. We expect that the majority of the effort will be dedicated to improving the overall quality and efficiency of our data collection and processing systems, developing new software applications that will assist our customers in realizing the full potential of our audience measurement services, developing our PPM technology and developing a single-source service that will be able to measure audience and other information from a number of different forms of media. Research and development expenses during fiscal years 2008, 2007, and 2006 totaled \$41.4 million, \$42.5 million and \$44.2 million, respectively.

### **Governmental Regulation**

Our PPM equipment has been certified to meet Federal Communications Commission (FCC) requirements relating to emissions standards and standards for modem connectivity. Additionally, all PPM equipment has been certified to meet the safety standards of Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (commonly referred to as UL), as well as Canadian and European safety and environmental standards.

Our media research activities are subject to an agreement with the United States Federal Trade Commission in accordance with a Decision and Order issued in 1962 to CEIR, Inc., a predecessor company. This order originally arose in connection with a television ratings business, and we believe that today it applies to our media measurement services. The order requires full disclosure of the methodologies we use and prohibits us from making representations in selling or offering to sell an audience measurement service without proper qualifications and limitations regarding probability sample, sampling error and accuracy or reliability of data. It prohibits us from making statements that any steps or precautions are taken to ensure the proper maintenance of diaries unless such steps or precautions are in fact taken. It also prohibits us from making overly broad statements regarding the media behavior a survey reflects. The order further prohibits us from representing the data as anything other than estimates and from making a statement that the data are accurate to any precise mathematical value. The order requires that we make affirmative

representations in our reports regarding nonresponse by survey participants and the effect of this nonresponse on the data, the hearsay nature of a survey participant s response, the fact that projections have been made, and the limitations and deficiencies of the techniques or procedures used. We believe that we have conducted and continue to conduct our radio audience measurement services in compliance with the order.

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Our Diary-based *Radio Market Report* service is accredited by and subject to the review of the MRC, an industry organization created to ensure high ethical and operational standards in audience measurement research. The MRC has accredited our Diary-based *Radio Market Report* service since 1968. The MRC accredited the monthly quarter-hour audience estimates provided by our PPM radio ratings service in the Houston-Galveston local market in January 2007 and the monthly quarter-hour television audience estimates provided by our PPM service in Houston in June 2007, although we have requested temporary hiatus status in the Houston-Galveston television service. The MRC accredited the monthly quarter-hour audience estimates provided by our PPM radio ratings service in the Riverside-San Bernardino local market in January 2009. Additional Arbitron services that are currently accredited by the MRC are RADAR, Scarborough, Maximi\$er and Media Professional software, the Custom Survey Area Report (CSAR) and the Radio County Coverage services. To merit continued accreditation of our services, we must: (1) adhere to the MRC s minimum standards for Media Rating Research; (2) supply full information to the MRC regarding details of our operations; (3) conduct our media measurement services substantially in accordance with representations to our subscribers and the MRC; (4) submit to, and pay the cost of, thorough annual audits of our accredited services by certified public accounting firms engaged by the MRC; and (5) commit to continuous improvement of our media measurement services.

Federal and state regulations restrict telemarketing to individuals who request to be included on a do-not-call list. Currently, these regulations do not apply to survey research, but there can be no assurance that these regulations will not be made applicable to survey research in the future. In addition, federal regulations prohibit calls made by autodialers to wireless lines without consent from the subscriber. Because consumers are able to transfer a wireless number to a landline carrier or a landline number to a wireless carrier, it can be difficult for us to identify efficiently wireless numbers in advance of placing an autodialed call.

On September 2, 2008, a group of broadcasters and trade associations representing some broadcasters and advertising agencies filed an Emergency Petition for Section 403 Inquiry with the FCC urging the FCC to open an inquiry, under Section 403 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (the Communications Act ), into our PPM radio ratings services. The group alleges that the PPM methodology undercounts minority radio listeners and that the commercialization of the PPM radio ratings service will harm minority broadcasters. We deny such allegations. On September 4, 2008, the FCC issued a request for public comment on the petition. Public comments were due by September 24, 2008 and reply comments were due by October 6, 2008. We submitted comments and reply comments to the FCC and have otherwise participated in the public comment process, but have also asserted that the Company is not subject to the jurisdiction of the FCC, and that the FCC lacks authority under the Communications Act to address the reliability of audience ratings data, the methods used to estimate audience share, or other aspects of audience ratings. To date, the FCC has taken no formal action on the petition. We can provide no assurances that the FCC will not in the future assert that it has competent jurisdiction pursuant to the Communications Act to conduct an investigation of the Company and our PPM radio ratings services.

We received notification that the U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division will be conducting an onsite assessment of payroll records and time cards or time sheets on March 2, 2009.

### **Employees**

As of December 31, 2008, we employed approximately 1,100 people on a full-time basis and approximately 500 people on a part-time basis in the United States and 16 people on a full-time basis internationally. None of our employees is covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We believe our employee relations are good.

### Seasonality

We recognize revenue for services over the terms of license agreements as services are delivered, and expenses are recognized as incurred. We gather radio-listening data in 302 United States local markets, including 288 Diary markets and 14 PPM Markets. All Diary markets are measured at least twice per year (April-May-June for the Spring Survey and October-November-December for the Fall Survey ). In addition, we measure all major Diary markets two additional times per year (January-February-March for the Winter Survey and July-August-September for the Summer Survey ). Our revenue is generally higher in the first and third quarters as a result of the delivery of the Fall Survey and Spring Survey, respectively, to all Diary markets compared to revenue in the

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second and fourth quarters, when delivery of the Winter Survey and Summer Survey, respectively, is made only to major Diary markets. Although revenue is recognized ratably over the year in both the Diary and PPM services, there will be fluctuations in the depth of the seasonality pattern during the periods of transition between the services in each PPM Market.

Our expenses are generally higher in the second and fourth quarters as we conduct the Spring Survey and Fall Survey for our Diary markets. The transition from the Diary service to the PPM service in the PPM Markets will have an impact on the seasonality of our costs and expenses. We anticipate PPM costs and expenses will accelerate six to nine months in advance of the commercialization of each PPM Market as we build the panels. These preliminary costs are incremental to the costs associated with our Diary-based ratings service and we will recognize these increased costs as incurred rather than upon the delivery of a particular survey. This pattern differs from the costs pattern associated with the delivery of the Diary service. The size and seasonality of the PPM transition impact on a period to period comparison will be influenced by the timing, number, and size of individual markets contemplated in our PPM commercialization schedule, which currently includes a goal of commercializing 49 PPM Markets by the end of 2010. During 2008, we commercialized 14 PPM Markets and, during 2009, we expect to commercialize 19 additional PPM Markets, 13 of which we expect to commercialize in the latter half of 2009.

Scarborough typically experiences losses during the first and third quarters of each year because revenue is recognized predominantly in the second and fourth quarters when the substantial majority of services are delivered. Scarborough royalty costs, which are recognized in costs of revenue, are also higher during the second and fourth quarters.

### **Available Information**

Our Web site address is www.arbitron.com, and interested persons may obtain, free of charge, copies of filings (including our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports) that we have made with the Securities and Exchange Commission through a hyperlink at this site to a third-party Securities and Exchange Commission filings Web site (as soon as reasonably practicable after such filings are filed with, or furnished to, the Securities and Exchange Commission). The Securities and Exchange Commission maintains an Internet site that contains our reports, proxy and information statements, and other information. The Securities and Exchange Commission s Web site address is <a href="https://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a>. Also available on our Web site are our Corporate Governance Policies and Guidelines, Code of Ethics for the Chief Executive Officer and Financial Managers, Code of Ethics and Conduct, the Audit Committee Charter, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Charter, the Compensation and Human Resources Committee Charter, and the Charter of the Lead Independent Director. Copies of these documents are also available in print, free of charge, to any stockholder who requests a copy by contacting our treasury manager.

On June 11, 2008, we submitted the annual certification of our chief executive officer to the New York Stock Exchange (the NYSE) certifying that he is not aware of any violation by the Company of the NYSE s corporate governance listing standards, pursuant to Section 303A.12 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual. On February 2, 2009, we submitted an interim written certification notifying the NYSE that on January 21, 2009, Michael P. Skarzynski, President and Chief Executive Officer of Arbitron, had been added to our Board of Directors. As of the date of this filing, we are in full compliance with Section 303A of the NYSE Listed Company Manual.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

### Risk Factors Relating to Our Business and the Industry in Which We Operate

Our future growth and success will depend on our ability to compete successfully with companies that may have financial, marketing, technical, and other advantages over us.

We compete with many companies, some of which are larger and have access to greater capital resources. We believe that our future growth and success will depend on our ability to compete successfully with other companies that provide similar services in the same markets, some of which may have marketing, technical, and other advantages. We cannot provide any assurance that we will be able to compete successfully, and the failure to do so could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial position, and operating results.

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If the domestic and worldwide recession continues or intensifies it could adversely impact demand for our services, our customers—revenues or their ability to pay for our services.

Our customers derive most of their revenue from transactions involving the sale or purchase of advertising. During challenging economic times, advertisers may reduce advertising expenditures, impacting advertising agencies and media. As a result, advertising agencies and media may be less likely to purchase our services, which could adversely impact our business, financial position, and operating results.

Continued market disruptions could cause broader economic downturns, which also may lead to lower demand for our services, increased incidence of customers—inability to pay their accounts, an increase in our provision for doubtful accounts, an increase in collection cycles for accounts receivable, or insolvency of our customers, any of which could adversely affect our results of operations, liquidity, cash flows, and financial condition. During the fourth quarter of 2008 and into 2009, we have observed an increase in the average number of days our sales have been outstanding before we have received payment. We periodically receive requests from our customers for pricing concessions. The current economic environment could exacerbate the level of requests.

If the domestic and worldwide recession continues or intensifies, potential disruptions in the credit markets may adversely affect our business, including the availability and cost of short-term funds for liquidity requirements and our ability to meet long-term commitments, which could adversely affect our results of operations, cash flows, and financial condition.

If internal funds are not available from our operations, we may be required to rely on the banking and credit markets to meet our financial commitments and short-term liquidity needs. Disruptions in the capital and credit markets, as were experienced during 2008, could adversely affect our ability to draw on our bank revolving credit facility. Our access to funds under that credit facility is dependent on the ability of the banks that are parties to the facility to meet their funding commitments. Those banks may not be able to meet their funding commitments to us if they experience shortages of capital and liquidity or if they experience excessive volumes of borrowing requests from Arbitron and other borrowers within a short period of time.

Longer term disruptions in the capital and credit markets as a result of uncertainty, changing or increased regulation, reduced alternatives, or failures of significant financial institutions could adversely affect our access to liquidity needed for our business. Any disruption could require us to take measures to conserve cash until the markets stabilize or until alternative credit arrangements or other funding for our business needs can be arranged. Such measures could include deferring capital expenditures, and reducing or eliminating future share repurchases, dividend payments or other discretionary uses of cash.

Our business, financial position, and operating results are dependent on the performance of our quantitative radio audience measurement business.

Our quantitative radio audience measurement service and related software sales represented 81 percent and nine percent, respectively, of our total revenue for 2008. We expect that such sales related to our radio audience measurement business will continue to represent a substantial portion of our revenue for the foreseeable future. Any factors adversely affecting the pricing of, demand for, or market acceptance of our quantitative radio audience measurement service and related software, such as competition, technological change, alternative means of valuing advertising transactions, or further ownership shifts in the radio industry, could adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results.

Costs associated with significant legal proceedings may adversely affect our results of operations.

We are party to a number of legal proceedings and governmental entity investigations and other interactions. It is possible that the effect of these unresolved matters or costs and expenses incurred by us in connection with such proceedings or interactions could be material to our consolidated results of operations. For a discussion of these unresolved matters, see Item 3. Legal Proceedings. These matters have resulted in, and may continue to result in, a diversion of our management s time and attention.

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### We are subject to governmental oversight, which may harm our business.

Federal, state, and local governmental entities have increasingly asserted that our operations are subject to oversight by them. Our ratings services have undergone a highly public change to their methodologies of audience rating measurement. In particular, our PPM radio ratings service has been subject to increasing scrutiny by governmental entities relating to, among other things, state consumer protection, business, and advertising statutes and we expect increased governmental oversight relating to this business.

The governmental oversight environment could have a significant effect on us and our business. Among other things, we could be fined or required to make other payments, prohibited from engaging in some of our business activities, or subject to limitations or conditions on our business activities. Significant governmental oversight action against us could have material adverse financial effects, cause significant reputational harm, or harm business prospects. New laws or regulations or changes in the enforcement of existing laws or regulations applicable to us may also adversely affect us and our business.

We may fail to attract or retain the qualified research, sales, marketing, and managerial personnel, and key executive officers required to operate our business successfully.

Our success is largely dependent on the skills, experience, and efforts of our senior management and certain other key personnel. If, for any reason, one or more senior executives or key personnel were not to remain active in our company, our results of operations could be adversely affected.

If we do not successfully manage the transitions associated with our new CEO, it could have an adverse impact on our revenues, operations, or results of operations.

On January 12, 2009, we announced the appointment of our new President and CEO. Our success will be dependent upon his ability to gain proficiency in leading our Company, his ability to implement or adapt our corporate strategies and initiatives, and his ability to develop key professional relationships, including relationships with our employees, customers, and other key constituencies and business partners.

Our new CEO could make organizational changes, including changes to our management team and may make future changes to our Company s structure. It is important for us to manage successfully these transitions as our failure to do so could adversely affect our ability to compete effectively.

In addition, in 2009, we will incur additional expense associated with the compensation of both our new CEO and our former CEO and with restructuring costs and compensation related to our management team, even though there is no guarantee that we will successfully manage the transition of our new CEO.

If our PPM ratings service does not generate the revenues that we anticipate, or if our ability to earn such revenues is delayed for any reason, our financial results will suffer.

Commercialization of the PPM service is an essential component of our anticipated future growth, which we expect will result in increased revenues in the coming years.

Our financial results during 2009 and beyond will depend in substantial part on our success in commercializing the PPM ratings service and our ability to generate meaningful revenues from it. If our commercialization of the PPM service is further delayed, expected revenue increases will also be delayed and our financial results will be materially and negatively impacted. Factors that may affect the pace of the commercialization of our PPM ratings service, and as a result, our future revenues and operating results include the following, some of which are beyond our control:

increased government oversight or regulation;

the acceptance of the PPM ratings service by broadcasters, advertisers and other users of our estimates;

the impact of general economic conditions on our customers ability to pay increased license fees;

the speed with which we can complete the MRC audit process, share the results of the audit with the MRC PPM audit committee, and disclose parallel pre-currency impact data in each local radio market;

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technical difficulties or service interruptions that impair our ability to deliver the PPM ratings service on schedule; and

our ability to obtain, in a timely manner, sufficient quantities of quality equipment and software products from third-party suppliers necessary to outfit our panelists.

We may be unsuccessful in obtaining and maintaining MRC accreditation for our local market radio ratings services, and we may be required to expend significant resources in order to obtain and maintain MRC accreditation for our local market PPM radio ratings services, any of which could adversely impact our business.

The MRC has accredited our Diary-based radio ratings service and several of our other services including our RADAR service, which currently incorporates radio exposure information from participants in both our Diary service and our PPM service, which the MRC has not accredited in all markets. If the MRC elected to revoke accreditation of any currently accredited service, it could adversely impact our business.

The MRC has accredited the monthly quarter-hour audience estimates provided by our PPM radio ratings service in the Houston Galveston and Riverside San Bernardino local markets only. In January 2008, the MRC denied accreditation of the Philadelphia and New York local market PPM ratings services. The MRC has reviewed the audit results but taken no formal action on our applications for accreditation of the PPM service in the other PPM Markets in which we have commercialized the PPM service. If the efforts required to obtain and maintain MRC accreditation in the PPM Markets are substantially in excess of our current expectations, or if we are required to make significant changes with respect to methodology and panel composition and management in order to establish that the service meets the MRC accreditation standards in any current or future PPM Market, or for any other reason, we may be required to make expenditures, the amount of which could be material.

Criticism of our audience measurement service by various governmental entities, industry groups, and market segments could adversely impact our business.

Due to the high-profile nature of our services in the media and marketing information service industry, we could become the target of additional government regulation, legislation, litigation, activism, or negative public relations efforts by various industry groups and market segments. During 2008, critics of our PPM radio ratings service urged the FCC to investigate the service and several state and municipal governmental entities inquired about the service. We believe that any of the foregoing criticism of our methodology or negative perception of the quality of our research could further delay the PPM commercialization or negatively impact industry confidence in the ratings we produce, any of which could require us to make expenditures substantially in excess of our current expectations in an attempt to maintain such confidence.

We have limited experience designing, recruiting and maintaining PPM panels. If we are unable to design, recruit, and maintain PPM panels that appropriately balance research quality, panel size and operational cost, our financial results will suffer.

The commercial viability of the PPM service and, potentially, other new business initiatives, are dependent on our ability to design, recruit, and maintain panels of persons to carry our Portable People Meters, and to ensure appropriate panel composition to accommodate a broad variety of media research services. Our research methodologies require us to maintain panels of reasonably sufficient size and reasonably representative demographic composition. Our research methodologies also require our panelists to comply with certain standards, such as carrying the meter for a minimum number of hours each day and docking the meter daily, in order for us to use the data collected by the meter in estimating ratings.

Through the end of 2008, we have commercialized the PPM service in 14 PPM Markets. During 2009, we intend to commercialize the service in 19 additional PPM Markets. The increasing number of panels and panelists may prove to be more complex and resource intensive for us to manage than we currently anticipate.

Participation in a PPM panel requires panelist households to make a longer term commitment than participation in our Diary-based ratings service. Designing, recruiting, and maintaining PPM panels are substantially different than recruiting participants for our Diary-based ratings service. We have limited experience in operating such PPM panels and we may encounter unanticipated difficulties as we attempt to do so. Without historical benchmarks on key sample performance metrics, it will be challenging for us to maintain the appropriate balance of

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research quality, panel size, and operational costs. Designing, recruiting, and maintaining such panels may also cause us to incur expenses substantially in excess of our current expectations.

If we are unable to successfully design, recruit and maintain such PPM panels, or if we are required to incur expenses substantially in excess of our current expectations in order to do so, it could adversely impact our ability to obtain and/or maintain MRC accreditation of our PPM service or otherwise adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results.

We expect to invest in the continued development and commercialization of our PPM ratings service, which may not ultimately be successfully commercialized. The costs associated with commercialization of this service will adversely impact our operating results and operating margins over the commercialization period.

The continuing commercialization of the PPM ratings service requires and will continue to require significant capital resources and a substantial financial investment over the next several years. We currently estimate that the 2009 annual capital expenditures associated with PPM ratings service commercialization for audience ratings measurement will be approximately \$25.0 million. We also anticipate that through the commercialization period, our results of operations and operating margins will be materially and negatively impacted as a result of the commercialization of our PPM ratings service.

The amount of capital required for deployment of our PPM ratings service and the impact on our results of operations will be greatly affected by the speed of the commercialization. Commercialization of our PPM ratings service has had a material negative impact on our results of operations and operating margins. We expect to continue to invest in quality and service enhancements including increasing cell phone-only sampling designed to maintain and improve our services which could have a negative impact on margins. There can be no guarantees that we will be able to restore operating margins to historical levels.

The success of commercialization of the PPM ratings service is dependent on a single manufacturer who produces the PPM equipment according to our proprietary design as well as on those who manufacture parts.

We will need to purchase equipment used in the PPM ratings service and we are currently dependent on one manufacturer to produce our PPM equipment. The equipment must be produced by the manufacturer in a timely manner, in the quantities needed and with the quality necessary to function appropriately in the market. Certain specialized parts used in the PPM equipment may impact the manufacturing and the timing of the delivery of the equipment to us. We may become liable for design or manufacturing defects in the PPM equipment. In addition, if countries and states enact additional regulations limiting certain materials, we may be required to redesign some of our PPM components to meet these regulations. A redesign process, whether as a result of changed environmental regulations or our ability to obtain quality parts, may impact the manufacturing and timing of the delivery of the equipment to us. Our failure to obtain, in a timely manner, sufficient quantities of quality equipment to meet our needs could adversely impact the commercial deployment of the PPM ratings service and therefore could adversely impact our operating results.

Technological change may render our services obsolete and it may be difficult for us to develop new services or enhance existing ones.

We expect that the market for our services will be characterized by changing technology, evolving industry standards, frequent new service announcements and enhancements and changing customer demands. The introduction of new services incorporating new technologies and the emergence of new industry standards could render existing services obsolete and/or challenge current accepted levels of precision of data measurement. Additionally, advertising-supported media may be challenged by new technologies that could have an effect on the advertising

industry, our customers, and our services. Our continued success will depend on our ability to adapt to changing technologies and to improve the performance, features, and reliability of our services in response to changing customer and industry demands. We may experience difficulties that could delay or prevent the successful design, development, testing, introduction, or marketing of our services. Our new services, such as our PPM service, or enhancements to our existing services, may not adequately meet the requirements of our current and prospective customers or achieve any degree of significant market acceptance. Failure to successfully adapt to changing technologies and customer demands, either through the development and marketing of new services, or through

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enhancements to our existing services, our business, financial position, and results of operations could be adversely affected.

We are dependent on our proprietary software and hardware systems for current and future business requirements. Significant delays in the completion of these systems, cost overages and/or inadequate performance or failure of the systems once completed could adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results.

We are becoming increasingly reliant on our proprietary software and hardware systems. We are engaged in an effort to upgrade, enhance, and, where necessary, replace our internal processing software for Diary and PPM, and our client software. Significant delays in the completion of these systems, or cost overages, could have an adverse impact on our business and inadequate performance or failure of these systems, once completed, could adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results.

If our proprietary systems such as PPM devices, media encoders, or related firmware inadequately perform or fail, our ability to provide our PPM services could be significantly impacted and such impact could materially and adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results.

Defects or disruptions in our Internet-based software services could diminish demand for our services and subject us to substantial liability.

Because our Internet-based software services are complex and we have deployed a variety of new computer hardware and software, both developed in-house and acquired from third party vendors, our services may have errors or defects that could result in unanticipated downtime for our subscribers and harm our reputation and our business. Internet-based software services may contain undetected errors when first introduced or enhancements are released. We have from time to time found defects in our software services and new errors in our existing software services may be detected in the future. In addition, our customers may use our software services in unanticipated ways that may cause a disruption in software service for other customers attempting to access our data. Because the software services we provide are important to our customers—businesses, any errors, defects, disruptions in software service or other performance problems with our software services could hurt our reputation and may damage our customers businesses. If that occurs, customers could elect not to renew, or delay or withhold payment to us, we could lose future sales, or customers may make claims against us, which could adversely impact our business, financial position, and results of operations.

Interruptions, delays, or unreliability in the delivery of our services could adversely affect our reputation and reduce our revenues.

Our customers currently access our services via the Internet. As we continue to add capacity in our existing and future data centers, we may move or transfer data. We currently rely on a third party to provide disaster recovery data services. Despite precautions taken during this process, any unsuccessful data transfers may impair the delivery of our services. Further, any damage to, or failure of, our systems generally could result in interruptions in our service. Interruptions in our service may reduce our revenue, cause us to issue credits or pay penalties, cause customers to terminate their subscriptions and adversely affect our renewal rates and our ability to attract new customers. Our business may be further harmed if customers and potential customers believe our services are unreliable.

We expect to continue to invest in the improvement of our Diary ratings service. The costs associated with such investment will adversely impact our operating results over the commercialization period.

During 2008, we announced significant enhancements to our Diary service and substantial acceleration of our existing initiatives. Significant enhancements and acceleration of our cell phone-only sampling initiatives will require a

substantial investment by the Company. Our contracts do not allow us to pass the costs of these investments along to our customers. Accordingly, our margins will be adversely impacted by increased costs to provide our services, without an offsetting increase in revenues. We may seek to extend the term of some of our contracts to support the required investments. If we are not able to recoup the costs of our investments in our Diary service our financial results will be negatively impacted.

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The loss of any of our key customers would significantly reduce our revenue and operating results.

In 2008, Clear Channel represented approximately 18 percent of our revenue. Several other large customers represented significant portions of our 2008 revenue.

The agreement between Clear Channel and us for services in markets outside of the PPM Markets in which Clear Channel operates, as well as the national RADAR service, expired on December 31, 2008. These services accounted for approximately seven percent of our 2008 revenue. We are currently in negotiations with Clear Channel regarding new license agreements for all Clear Channel stations whose contracts have expired.

We cannot provide any assurances that we could replace the revenue that would be lost if any of our key customers failed to renew all or part of their agreements with us. The loss of any of our key customers would materially and adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results.

Ownership shifts in the radio broadcasting industry may put pressure on the pricing of our quantitative radio audience measurement service and related software sales, thereby leading to decreased earnings growth.

Ownership shifts in the radio broadcasting industry could put pressure on the pricing of our quantitative radio audience measurement service and related software sales, from which we derive a substantial portion of our total revenue. We price our quantitative radio audience measurement service and related software applications on a per radio station, per service or per product basis, negotiating licenses and pricing with the owner of each radio station or group of radio stations. If we agree to make substantial price concessions, it could adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results.

Our agreements with our customers are not exclusive and contain no renewal obligations. The failure of our customers to renew all or part of their contracts could have an adverse impact on our business, financial position and operating results.

Our customer agreements do not prohibit our customers from entering into agreements with any other competing service provider, and once the term of the agreement (usually one to seven years) expires, there is generally no automatic renewal feature in our customer contracts. Because our Diary-based Radio Market Report is delivered on a quarterly or semiannual basis and our PPM-based ratings are delivered on a monthly basis, it is common for our customer contracts to expire before renewal negotiations are concluded. Therefore, there may be significant uncertainty as to whether a particular customer will renew all or part of its contract and, if so, the particular terms of such renewal. If a customer owning stations in a significant number of markets does not renew its contracts, this would have an adverse impact on our business, financial position and operating results.

Long-term agreements with our customers limit our ability to increase the prices we charge for our services if our costs increase.

We generally enter into long-term contracts with our customers, including contracts for delivery of our radio audience measurement services. The term of these customer agreements usually ranges from one to seven years. Over the term of these agreements our costs of providing services may increase, or increase at rates faster than our historical experience. Although our customer contracts generally provide for annual price increases, there can be no assurance that these contractual revenue increases will exceed any increased cost of providing our services, which could have an adverse impact on our business, financial position and operating results.

The success of our radio audience measurement business depends on diarykeepers who record their listening habits in diaries and return these diaries to us and panelists who carry our PPM meters. Our failure to collect these

### diaries and to recruit compliant participants could adversely impact our business.

We use listener diaries and electronic data gathered from participants who agree to carry our PPM meters to gather radio listening data from sample households in the United States local markets for which we currently provide radio ratings. A representative sample of the population in each local market is randomly selected for each survey. This sample is recruited by telephone to keep a diary of their radio listening for one week or to carry a PPM meter for a period of up to two years. To encourage their participation in our surveys, we give participants a cash incentive. It is becoming increasingly difficult and more costly to obtain consent from the phone sample to participate in the surveys, especially among younger demographic groups. We must achieve response rates

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sufficient to maintain confidence in our ratings, the support of the industry and accreditation by the MRC. Our failure to successfully recruit compliant survey participants could adversely impact our business, financial position and operating results. Our survey participants do so, on a voluntary basis only, and there can be no assurance that they will continue to do so.

Data collection costs are increasing faster than our contracted revenue growth rates and if we are unable to become more efficient in our data collection and our management of associated costs, our operating margins and results of operations could suffer.

Our success will depend on our ability to reach and recruit participants and to achieve response rates sufficient to maintain our radio audience measurement services. As consumers adopt modes of telecommunication other than telephone landlines, such as cell phones and cable or Internet calling, it is becoming increasingly difficult for us to reach and recruit participants. Recent government estimates have indicated that a percentage of cell phone-only households have been increasing nationally. It has been our experience that recruiting cell phone-only households is significantly more expensive than recruiting landline households. We have annou