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First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc.
Form 10QSB
May 16, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
450 FIFTH STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
----- SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

OR

----- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-31957

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MARYLAND 32-0135202
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

100 S. SECOND AVENUE, ALPENA, MICHIGAN 49707
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (989) 356-9041

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such
filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's
classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 Outstanding at May 9, 2005
(Title of Class) 3,100,191 shares

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes No X

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FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

INDEX

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Interim Financial Information required by Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X and Item 303 of Regulation S-K is included in this Form 10-QSB as referenced below:

ITEM		PAGE
ITEM 1	UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	----
	Consolidated Balance Sheet at	
	March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004	3
	Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three Months	
	Ended March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004	4
	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	
	for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2005	5
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow for the Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004	6
	Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements	7
ITEM 2	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF	
	FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION	13
ITEM 3	CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	18

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1	LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	19
ITEM 2	UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	19
ITEM 3	DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES	19
ITEM 4	SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS	19
ITEM 5	OTHER INFORMATION	19
ITEM 6	EXHIBITS	
	Section 302 Certifications	22
	Section 906 Certifications	24

When used in this Form 10-QSB or future filings by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), in the Company's press releases or other public or stockholder communications, or in oral statements made with the approval of an authorized executive officer, the words or phrases "would be," "will allow," "intends to," "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions are intended to identify "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

The Company wishes to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made, and to advise readers that various factors, including regional and national economic conditions, changes in levels of market interest rates, credit and other risks of lending and investment activities and competitive and regulatory factors,

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could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause the Company's actual results for future periods to differ materially from those anticipated or projected.

The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

2

PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
 ITEM 1 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 ALPENA BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	March 31, 2005 ----- (Unaudited)
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Cash on hand and due from banks	\$ 2,923,645
Overnight deposits with FHLB	567,678

Total cash and cash equivalents	3,491,323
Securities AFS	39,514,829
Securities HTM	1,800,000
Loans held for sale	71,000
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses of \$1,296,246 and \$1,213,938 as of March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively	198,687,336
Foreclosed real estate and other repossessed assets	196,467
Real estate held for investment	538,898
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	4,715,800
Premises and equipment	7,023,201
Accrued interest receivable	1,435,682
Intangible assets	3,834,841
Goodwill	1,049,854
Other assets	2,230,845

Total assets	\$ 264,590,076 =====
 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Deposits	\$ 178,482,180
Advances from borrowers for taxes and insurance	203,929
Federal Home Loan Bank advances & Note Payable	47,051,396
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	17,271,404

Total liabilities	243,008,909 -----
 Commitments and contingencies	 --

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Stockholders' equity:

Common stock (\$1.00 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 1,659,480 and 1,659,480 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004 respectively)	1,659,480
Additional paid-in capital	5,356,782
Retained earnings, restricted	5,244,000
Retained earnings	9,611,643
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(290,738)

Total stockholders' equity	21,581,167

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 264,590,076
	=====

3

ALPENA BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2005	2004
	(Unaudited)	
Interest income:		
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 3,096,727	\$ 2,674,279
Interest and dividends on investments	341,644	356,667
Interest on mortgage-backed securities	66,717	60,224
	-----	-----
Total interest income	3,505,088	3,091,170
	-----	-----
Interest expense:		
Interest on deposits	980,938	813,407
Interest on borrowings	617,976	631,206
	-----	-----
Total interest expense	1,598,914	1,444,613
	-----	-----
Net interest income	1,906,174	1,646,557
Provision for loan losses	79,258	81,000
	-----	-----
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	1,826,916	1,565,557
	-----	-----
Non Interest income:		
Service charges and other fees	231,421	243,062
Mortgage banking activities	118,688	143,326
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments	--	--
Net gain on sale of premises and equipment, real estate owned and other repossessed assets	(4,907)	(22,885)
Other (See Note 5)	22,067	20,257

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Insurance & Brokerage Commissions	732,054	753,924
	-----	-----
Total other income	1,099,323	1,137,684
	-----	-----
Non interest expenses:		
Compensation and employee benefits	1,564,284	1,488,698
SAIF Insurance Premiums	6,489	5,872
Advertising	39,857	56,168
Occupancy	315,000	326,143
Amortization of intangible assets	70,581	77,363
Service Bureau Charges	89,963	83,164
Insurance & Brokerage Commission Expense	280,499	315,561
Professional Services	58,656	76,553
Other (See Note 6)	286,853	294,602
	-----	-----
Other expenses	2,712,182	2,724,124
	-----	-----
Income before income tax expense	214,057	(20,883)
Income tax expense	72,046	(6,479)
	-----	-----
Net income	\$ 142,011	\$ (14,404)
	=====	=====

Per share data:		
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	1,659,480	1,658,554
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding, including dilutive stock options	1,672,366	1,659,854
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements		
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.100	\$ 0.125

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.		

4

ALPENA BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumula Other Comprehen Income (
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 2004 ...	\$ 1,659,480	\$ 5,356,782	\$ 14,787,580	\$ (27
Net income for the period	--	--	142,011	
Changes in unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	--	--	--	(263

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Total comprehensive income	--	--	--	
Dividends declared	--	--	(73,948)	
Balance at March 31, 2005	\$ 1,659,480	\$ 5,356,782	\$ 14,855,643	\$ (290,000)
	=====	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ALPENA BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	For Three Months Ending March
	2005
	(Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 142,011
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	192,123
Provision for Loan Loss	79,258
Amortization and accretion on securities	50,648
Originations of loans held for sale	(5,002,410)
Principal amount of loans sold	6,027,070
Purchase of real estate held for sale	--
Proceeds from sale of real estate	23,860
Change in accrued interest receivable	(400,987)
Change in other assets	(727,636)
Change in accrued expenses and other liabilities	14,918,272
Change in deferred income taxes	--
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	15,302,209
Net (Increase) decrease in loans	(3,378,657)
Proceeds from maturity of available-for-sale securities	268,794
Purchase of securities available for sale	--
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	(49,700)
Purchase of InsuranCenter of Alpena	--
Purchase of premises and equipment	(518,305)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(3,677,868)
Net Increase (decrease) in deposits	(4,006,968)
Dividend paid on common stock	(73,948)
Net increase (decrease) in advances from borrowers	159,339
Additions to advances from Federal Home Loan Bank and Notes Payable ...	--

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Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances and Notes Payable	(8,950,000)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	--

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(12,871,577)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,247,236)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,738,559

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 3,491,323
	=====
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$ 131,712
	=====
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 1,589,824
	=====

6

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and include the accounts of Alpena Bancshares, Inc. (the "Company"), the predecessor company to First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc., and its wholly-owned subsidiary, First Federal of Northern Michigan (the "Bank") and its wholly owned subsidiaries Financial Service and Mortgage Corporation ("FSMC") and the InsuranCenter of Alpena ("ICA"). FSMC invests in real estate that includes leasing, selling, developing, and maintaining real estate properties. ICA is a licensed insurance agency engaged in the business of property, casualty and health insurance. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

These interim financial statements are prepared without audit and reflect all adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Company at March 31, 2005 and 2004, and its results of operations and statement of cash flows for the periods presented. All such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not purport to contain all the necessary financial disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles that might otherwise be necessary and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of the Company included in the Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2004. Results for the three months ended March 31, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2005.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our accounting and reporting policies are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and

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conform to general practices within the banking industry. We consider accounting policies that require significant judgment and assumptions by management that have, or could have, a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets or on income to be critical accounting policies. Changes in underlying factors, assumptions or estimates could have a material impact on our future financial condition and results of operations. Based on the size of the item or significance of the estimate, the following accounting policies are considered critical to our financial results.

Allowance for Loan Losses. The allowance for loan losses is calculated with the objective of maintaining an allowance sufficient to absorb estimated probable loan losses. Management's determination of the adequacy of the allowance is based on periodic evaluations of the loan portfolio and other relevant factors. However, this evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires an estimate of the loss content for each risk rating and for each impaired loan, an estimate of the amounts and timing of expected future cash flows, and an estimate of the value of collateral.

We have established a systematic method of periodically reviewing the credit quality of the loan portfolio in order to establish an allowance for losses on loans. The allowance for losses on loans is based on our current judgments about the credit quality of individual loans and segments of the loan portfolio. The allowance for losses on loans is established through a provision for loan losses based on our evaluation of the losses inherent in the loan portfolio, and considers all known internal and external factors that affect loan collectibility as of the reporting date. Our evaluation, which includes a review of all loans on which full collectibility may not be reasonably assured, considers among other matters, the estimated net realizable value or the fair value of the underlying collateral, economic conditions, historical loan loss experience, our knowledge of inherent losses in the portfolio that are probable and reasonably estimable and other factors that warrant recognition in providing an appropriate loan loss allowance. Management believes this is a critical accounting policy because this evaluation involves a high degree of complexity and requires us to make subjective judgments that often require assumptions or

7

estimates about various matters. Historically, we believe our estimates and assumptions have proven to be relatively accurate.

The analysis of the allowance for loan losses has two components: specific and general allocations. Specific allocations are made for loans that are determined to be impaired. Impairment is measured by determining the present value of expected future cash flows or, for collateral-dependent loans, the fair value of the collateral adjusted for market conditions and selling expenses. The general allocation is determined by segregating the remaining loans by type of loan, risk weighting (if applicable) and payment history. We also analyze delinquency trends, which have remained stable, general economic conditions and geographic and industry concentrations. This analysis establishes factors that are applied to the loan groups to determine the amount of the general reserve. The principal assumption used in deriving the allowance for loan losses is the estimate of loss content for each risk rating.

Mortgage Servicing Rights. In 2000, we began selling to investors a portion of our originated one- to four-family residential real estate mortgage loans. When we acquire mortgage servicing rights through the origination of mortgage loans and sale of those loans with servicing rights retained, we allocate a portion of the total cost of the mortgage loans to the mortgage servicing rights based on their relative fair value. As of March 31, 2005, we

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were servicing loans sold to others totaling \$139.1 million. We amortize capitalized mortgage servicing rights as a reduction of servicing fee income in proportion to, and over the period of, estimated net servicing income by use of a method that approximates the level-yield method. We periodically evaluate capitalized mortgage servicing rights for impairment using a model that takes into account several variables including expected prepayment speeds and prevailing interest rates. If we identify impairment, we charge the amount of the impairment to earnings by establishing a valuation allowance against the capitalized mortgage servicing rights asset. The primary risk of material changes to the value of the servicing rights resides in the potential volatility in the economic assumptions used, particularly the prepayment speed. We monitor this risk and adjust the valuation allowance as necessary to adequately record any probable impairment in the portfolio. Management believes the estimation of these variables makes this a critical accounting policy. For purposes of measuring impairment, the mortgage servicing rights are stratified based on financial asset type and interest rates. In addition, we obtain an independent third-party valuation of the mortgage servicing portfolio on a quarterly basis. In general, the value of mortgage servicing rights increases as interest rates rise and decreases as interest rates fall. This is because the estimated life and estimated income from a loan increase as interest rates rise and decrease as interest rates fall. The key economic assumptions made in determining the fair value of the mortgage servicing rights at March 31, 2005 included the following:

Annual constant prepayment speed (CPR):	9.03%
Weighted average life remaining (in months):	58
Discount rate used:	7.50%

At the March 31, 2005, we calculated the value of our mortgage servicing rights to be \$1.7 million. The book value of our mortgage servicing rights as of March 31, 2005 was \$830,000 which was \$870,000 less than the independent valuation. Because the fair value exceeded the book value, there was no need to establish a valuation allowance. The book value of the Mortgage Servicing Rights on March 31, 2005 is \$830,000 which is \$30,000 lower than the December 31, 2004 value.

Impairment of Intangible Assets. Goodwill arising from business acquisitions represents the value attributable to unidentifiable intangible elements in the business acquired. The fair value of goodwill is dependent upon many factors, including our ability to provide quality, cost-effective services in the face of competition. Because of these many factors, management believes this is a critical accounting policy. A decline in earnings as a result of business or market conditions or a run-off of insurance customers over sustained periods could lead to an impairment of goodwill that could adversely affect earnings in future periods.

A significant portion of our intangible assets, including goodwill, relates to the acquisition premiums recorded with the purchase of the InsuranCenter of Alpena ("ICA") and certain branches over the last several years. Intangible assets are reviewed periodically for impairment by comparing the fair value of the intangible asset to the book value of the intangible asset. If the book value is in excess of the fair value, impairment is indicated and the intangibles must be written down to their fair value.

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In connection with our acquisition in 2003 of ICA, we allocated the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of net assets acquired to intangible assets, including goodwill. These intangible assets included the ICA customer list and a third-party contract to which ICA is a party. We are amortizing the value assigned to the customer list and the contract over 20 years. Goodwill is not amortized. The impairment test of goodwill and identified intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life, performed as of March 31, 2005, and December 31, 2004 in accordance with SFAS No. 142, did not indicate that an impairment charge was required. Based upon managements' review on March 31, 2005, it was determined that there was no impairment of the customer list, the Blue Cross contract or to the true goodwill. If, through testing, we determine that there is impairment based, for example, on significant runoff of the customer list or material changes to the third party contract, then we may need to reduce the recorded value of those intangible assets, which would increase expense and reduce our earnings.

In connection with branch offices that were acquired over the last decade, we assigned the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired to core deposit intangible. The core deposit intangible is tested periodically for impairment. Our original estimates related to the expected life of the deposits have proven to be relatively accurate as evidenced by the fact that no impairment has been recorded. If we determine through testing that a significant portion of the acquired customers no longer do business with us, then the asset would be deemed to be impaired thereby requiring a charge to earnings to the extent appropriate given all of the known factors. We amortize core deposit intangibles over a period of between 10 and 15 years.

NOTE 2--REORGANIZATION.

In February 2005, the Company received final regulatory approval to consummate the second-step mutual-to-stock conversion of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C., in which shares of common stock representing Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C.'s ownership interest in the Company were sold to investors. As a result of the conversion and stock offering, Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. ceased to exist and the Company was succeeded by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc., a Maryland corporation and new holding company for First Federal of Northern Michigan. As a result, First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. has become wholly owned by public stockholders. The transactions were consummated as of the close of business on April 1, 2005.

The plan of conversion and reorganization of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. and the issuance and contribution of cash and common stock to First Federal Community Foundation, a charitable foundation established by the Company, were approved by the stockholders of the Company and the members of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. on March 23, 2005.

First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. accepted orders to purchase 1,699,869 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share. As a part of the conversion, public stockholders of the Company as of the consummation date received 1.8477 shares of First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. common stock in exchange for each of their existing shares of Company common stock. Cash was issued in lieu of any fractional shares. The share exchange occurred on April 1, 2005.

As a result of the consummation of the offering, the existing publicly traded shares of the predecessor company, Alpena Bancshares, Inc., have ceased trading. First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc.'s common stock began trading on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "FFNM" on April 4, 2005.

NOTE 3--DIVIDENDS.

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Payment of dividends on the common stock is subject to determination and declaration by the Board of Directors and depends upon a number of factors, including capital requirements, regulatory limitations on the payment of dividends, the Company's results of operations and financial condition, tax considerations and general economic conditions. The M.H.C. (the majority shareholder of the Company) filed a notice with the Office of Thrift Supervision (the "OTS") requesting approval to waive receipt of cash dividends from the Company for each quarterly dividend to be paid for the year ending December 31, 2005. In a letter dated March 11, 2005, the OTS did not object to the dividend waiver request for the four quarters ending December 31, 2005.

9

On March 15, 2005, the Company declared a cash dividend on its common stock, payable on, or about April 22, 2005, to shareholders of record as of March 31, 2005, equal to \$0.10 per share. The dividend on all shares outstanding totaled \$165,948, of which \$73,948 was paid to shareholders other than the M.H.C. Because the OTS has agreed to allow the M.H.C. to waive receipt of its dividend (amounting to \$92,000), this dividend was not paid.

On April 1, 2005 the Company completed its stock offering and second-step conversion of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C., its mutual holding company. Accordingly, any future dividends if and when declared and paid by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc., the successor company to Alpena Bancshares, Inc., will be paid to all public stockholders.

NOTE 4--1996 STOCK OPTION PLAN AND 1996 RECOGNITION AND RETENTION PLAN

At March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004 the Company had outstanding stock options for 26,411 shares with a weighted exercise price of \$10.51. During the three months ended March 31, 2005, the Board of Directors granted no options nor where there any options for shares exercised. At March 31, 2005, options had exercise prices ranging between \$9.625 - \$13.75 per share and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.65 years.

During the three months ended March 31, 2005 the Company did not award any shares under the Recognition and Retention Plan ("RRP"). Shares issued under the RRP and exercised pursuant to the exercise of the stock option plan may be either authorized but un-issued shares or reacquired shares held by the Company as treasury stock.

For the quarter ended March 31, 2005, options for 800 shares were vested. The expense associated with those vested options would have been \$1,040 had the Company elected to adopt FAS 148.

NOTE 5 - OTHER EXPENSES

At March 31, 2005 other expenses totaled \$435,472. This is comprised of several larger expenses for the quarter including service bureau charges for the bank operating system of \$90,000, and professional services including audit, legal, and regulatory fees of \$59,000. The balance of the total is comprised of expenses lower than \$40,000.

NOTE 6 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company's principal activities include banking and the sale of insurance products through its wholly owned subsidiary, ICA, purchased in 2003. The Bank provides financial products including retail and commercial loans as

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well as retail and commercial deposits. ICA received commissions from the sale of various insurance products including health, life, and property. The segments were determined based on the nature of the products provided to customers.

The financial information for each operating segment is reported on the basis used internally to evaluate performance and allocate resources. The allocations have been consistently applied for all periods presented. Revenues and expenses between affiliates have been transacted at rates that unaffiliated parties would pay. The only transaction between the segments thus far relates to a deposit on behalf of the ICA included in the Bank. The interest income and interest expense for this transaction has been eliminated. All other transactions are with external customers. The performance measurement of the operating segments is based on the management structure of the Company and is not necessarily comparable with similar information for any other financial institution. The information presented is also not necessarily indicative of the segment's financial condition and results of operations if they were independent entities.

10

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019		
	Bank	ICA	Eli
INTEREST INCOME	\$ 3,505	\$ 3	\$
INTEREST EXPENSE	1,602	--	--
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses	1,903	3	--
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	79	--	--
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses	1,824	3	--
OTHER INCOME	365	734	--
OPERATING EXPENSES	2,006	706	--
INCOME - Before federal income tax	183	31	--
FEDERAL INCOME TAX	61	11	--
NET INCOME	\$ 122	\$ 20	\$
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 160	\$ 32	\$
ASSETS	\$ 261,397	\$ 3,478	\$
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:			
Goodwill	\$ --	\$ --	\$
Intangible assets	--	--	--
Property and equipment	340	9	--
TOTAL	\$ 340	\$ 9	\$

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	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2004		
	Bank	ICA	Eli
INTEREST INCOME	\$ 3,091	\$ 2	\$
INTEREST EXPENSE	1,447	--	--
NET INTEREST INCOME - Before provision for loan losses	1,644	2	--
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	81	--	--
NET INTEREST INCOME - After provision for loan losses	1,563	2	--
OTHER INCOME	384	754	--
OPERATING EXPENSES	2,050	674	--
INCOME - Before federal income tax	(103)	82	--
FEDERAL INCOME TAX	(34)	27	--
NET INCOME	\$ (69)	\$ 55	\$
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	\$ 131	\$ 31	\$
ASSETS	\$ 224,158	\$ 3,461	\$
EXPENDITURES RELATED TO LONG-LIVED ASSETS:			
Goodwill	\$ --	\$ --	\$
Intangible assets	--	--	--
Property and equipment	140	6	--
TOTAL	\$ 140	\$ 6	\$

11

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS -

In March 2004, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 105, Application of Accounting Principles to Loan Commitments, which provides guidance regarding loan commitments that are accounted for as derivative instruments. In this SAB, the Securities and Exchange Commission determined that an interest rate lock commitment should generally be valued at zero at inception. The rate locks will continue to be adjusted for changes in value resulting from changes in market interest rates. This standard will not have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("Statement No. 123R"), which requires entities to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). The cost is recognized as an expense over the period during which the employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award, which is usually the vesting period. The scope of Statement No. 123R includes the recognition and retention plan and the stock option plan we expect to adopt following the stock offering.

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For shares awarded under the recognition and retention plan, we will recognize the grant-date fair value of the shares as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the applicable vesting period, which is the same accounting required prior to Statement No. 123R. For options granted under the stock option plan, we will recognize the grant-date fair value of the options as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the applicable vesting period. This accounting treatment differs significantly from the previous accounting for fixed stock options under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," which generally required expense recognition only when the exercise price of the option was less than the market price of the underlying stock on the grant date. As required by Statement No. 123R, we will estimate the fair value of our stock options on each grant date, using an appropriate valuation approach such as the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Statement No. 123R did not change existing accounting principles applicable to employee stock ownership plans. The provisions of this Statement will be effective for the Company beginning in the first quarter of 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this new Standard will have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows, although the effect is not expected to be material.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS -

Stock Offering. SEE NOTE 2 - REORGANIZATION.

Community Foundation. As part of the stock offering and second-step conversion, members of the M.H.C. and the shareholders of Alpena Bancshares, Inc. approved the funding of First Federal Community Foundation, a Delaware non-stock, nonprofit corporation. Upon consummation of the stock transaction, on April 1, 2005, First Federal Community Foundation was funded with cash in the amount of \$339,970 and 33,997 shares of stock of the Company. The Company believes that funding the Foundation with shares of the Company will allow the communities in which the Bank operates to share in the long-term growth of the Company. First Federal Community Foundation will be dedicated completely to community activities and the promotion of charitable causes.

Retirement Plan. On April 29, 2005 the Board of Directors voted to freeze the Retirement Plan as to current participants and excluded from the plan any new employees hired after July 1, 2004. This change takes place effective July 1, 2005.

12

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion compares the financial condition of the Company consolidated with its wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries at March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, and the results of operations for the three month periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements and footnotes included herein.

OVERVIEW

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For the quarter ended March 31, 2005, the Company's earnings (loss) were \$142.0 thousand compared to earnings (loss) of (\$14.4) thousand one year earlier, an increase of \$156,400 for the quarter. The Bank's Return on Average Assets (ROA) for the twelve months ended March 31, 2005 was 25 basis points compared to 51 basis points for the same period one year earlier. Management uses ROA as a tool to measure the performance of the Bank. ROA is reviewed on a trailing twelve-month basis each month by management and the Board of Directors. The appreciation in earnings can be broken down into a couple of key areas: the increase in Net Interest Margin (NIM) and the growth in loan portfolios.

NET INTEREST MARGIN - The Company's Net Interest Margin (NIM), which represents net interest income divided by average interest earning assets, increased from 3.06% for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 to 3.12% for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, a 6 basis point increase. The increase is primarily a result of lower cost of funds associated with FHLB advances. Through the first quarter of 2005, the Bank was able to reduce the overall cost of funds from 2.96% as of March 31, 2004 to 2.86% as of March 31, 2005, a reduction in the cost of funds of 10 basis points. While the cost of funds decreased, the Bank also saw the yield on interest earning assets decline from 5.81% at March 31, 2004 to 5.76% at March 31, 2005, a 5 basis point decline in the overall yield to the Bank. This decline can be attributed to the yield on the mortgage portfolio which fell 50 basis points from 6.63% at March 31, 2004 to 6.13% on March 31, 2005. Compared to the quarter ended March 31, 2004, the Bank saw an increase in average interest earning assets of \$24.8 million. Since the reduction in the cost of funds exceeded the reduction in yield, the NIM increased when compared to the same period one year earlier.

MORTGAGE BANKING - The Company generated lower income from mortgage banking activity in the first quarter of 2005 when compared to the same quarter of 2004. The volume of mortgage loan originations declined from \$12.7 million for the first quarter of 2004, of which \$6.7 million were sold to \$11.4 million for the first quarter of 2005, of which \$5 million were sold. This decrease in mortgage loans sold contributed to an overall decrease of \$24,638 in mortgage banking activities from \$143,326 for the first quarter 2004 to \$118,688 for the first quarter 2005.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS: Total assets increased \$1.8 million, or .68%, to \$264.6 million at March 31, 2005 from \$262.8 million at December 31, 2004. Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$1.2 million, or 26.3%, to \$3.5 million at March 31, 2005 from \$4.7 million at December 31, 2004. Investment securities available for sale decreased \$718,000, or 1.8% in the first three months. The decrease in bonds beyond premium amortizations and discounts accretions was the result \$399,000 of unrealized loss on available for sale securities and \$269,000 of MBS payments received. Net loans receivable increased \$3.3 million, or 1.7%, to \$198.7 million at March 31, 2005 from \$195.4 million at December 31, 2004. The growth of Net loans was attributable primarily to growth in the commercial loan portfolios. The mortgage portfolio saw a slight increase of \$1.4 million or 1.2%.

LIABILITIES: Deposits decreased \$4.0 million or 2.2% to \$178.5 million at March 31, 2005 from \$182.5 million at December 31, 2004. This decrease was a result of a \$1.0 million brokered CD which matured and a decrease of \$4.4 million in DDA accounts. These decreases were offset by an increase in CD balances of \$1.4 million. Borrowings in the form of Federal Home Loan Bank advances decreased \$9.0 million, or 16%, to \$47.0 million at March 31, 2005 from \$56.0 million at

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December 31, 2004 reflecting use of the proceeds of our stock offering.

EQUITY: Stockholders' equity decreased by \$195,000, or .9%, to \$21.6 million at March 31, 2005 from \$21.8 million at December 31, 2004. The slight decrease in stockholders' equity was due to a dividend declaration of \$73,948 and a loss in value of available for sale securities of \$263,185, which were offset by net income for the quarter of \$142,011.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL: Net income increased by \$156,400 to a profit of \$142,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 from a loss of \$14,000 for the same period ended March 31, 2004. The profit for the three month period was primarily due to an increase in interest and fees on loans. While net interest income was stronger than the same quarter one year earlier, non-interest income was weaker as the volume of mortgage refinance deals continue to slow.

INTEREST INCOME: Interest income was \$3.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2005, compared to \$3.1 million for the comparable period in 2004. The increase in interest income for the three month period over the prior year was due to an increase in average balances of commercial loans, and an increase in yield in adjustable rate loans. The average balance of fixed-rate commercial loans increased by \$9.5 million from the quarter ended March 31, 2004 to the quarter ended March 31, 2005 resulting in an additional \$174,176 in interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2005. Adjustable rate commercial loans, which are tied to the prime rate, generated an additional \$118,329 in interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 as compared to the same quarter a year ago, due in part to an increase in average balance of \$5.8 million and in part to an increase in prime rate of 175 basis points from 4.0% at March 31, 2004 to 5.75% at March 31, 2005. An increase in yield on other adjustable rate loans, consisting primarily of adjustable mortgage and HELOCs also contributed to the increase in interest income for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 as compared to the same period one year ago.

INTEREST EXPENSE: Interest expense was \$1.6 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2005, compared to \$1.4 million for the same period in 2004. The 10.7% increase in interest expense was attributable to higher average balances and an increased cost of funds on interest bearing deposits for the period ended March 31, 2005 compared to March 31, 2004. The average balance of interest bearing deposits increased by \$24.1 million or 16.7% when compared to March 31, 2004 and the cost of those deposits increased by 9 basis points. While the average balance of FHLB borrowings increased from \$49.5 million for the period ended March 31, 2004 to \$56.4 million for the period ended March 31, 2005, the cost of those borrowings decreased by 67 basis points, due primarily to maturing advances which were replaced by lower cost of funds advances.

NET INTEREST INCOME: Net interest income increased to \$1.9 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2005 compared to \$1.65 million for the same period in 2004. For the three months ended March 31, 2005, average interest-earning assets increased \$34.8 million, or 16.5% when compared to the same period in 2004.

Average interest-bearing liabilities decreased \$31.1 million, or 16% for the same period. The yield on average interest-earning assets declined to 5.76% for the three month period ended March 31, 2005 from 4.81% for the same period ended in 2004 while the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities declined to 2.86% from 2.96% for the three month period ended March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004, respectively. Since the decrease in asset yields was less than the decrease in the cost of funds, the net interest rate margin increased to 3.12% for the three month period ended March 31, 2005, from 3.06% for same period in 2004.

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

DELINQUENT LOANS AND NONPERFORMING ASSETS. The following table sets forth information regarding loans delinquent 90 days or more and REO/ORA by the Bank at the dates indicated. As of the dates indicated, the Bank did not have any material restructured loans within the meaning of SFAS 15.

	MARCH 31, 2005	DECEMBER 31, 2004
	-----	-----
Total non-accrual loans (3)	\$ 552	\$ 478
	-----	-----
Accrual loans delinquent 90 days or more:		
One- to four-family residential	1,323	960
Other real estate loans	--	--
Consumer/Commercial	634	280
	-----	-----
Total accrual loans delinquent 90 days or more	\$ 1,957	\$ 1,240
	-----	-----
Total nonperforming loans (1)	2,509	1,718
Total real estate owned-Residential Mortgages (2)	189	9
Total real estate owned-Consumer and other (2)	7	20
	=====	=====
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 2,516	\$ 1,747
	=====	=====
Total nonperforming loans to loans receivable	1.25%	0.87%
Total nonperforming assets to total assets	0.95%	0.66%

(1) All the Bank's loans delinquent 90 days or more are classified as nonperforming.

(2) Represents the net book value of property acquired by the Bank through foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure. Upon acquisition, this property is recorded at the lower of its fair market value or the principal balance of the related loan.

(3) For the three months ended March 31, 2005 and the twelve months ended December 31, 2004, the interest that would have been reported was \$12,808 and \$75,307, respectively, were these loans not in non-accrual status.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES: The allowance for loan losses is established through

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a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's periodic review of the collectibility of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. The provision for loan losses amounted to \$79,000 for the three month period ended March 31, 2005 and \$81,000 for the comparable period in 2004. The decrease in the provision reflects a change in loan portfolio composition to include a greater percentage of commercial loans for which the Bank has a relatively low experience of delinquencies and non-performing loans as compared to the Bank's other loan portfolios. At March 31, 2005, the percent of nonperforming loans increased to 125 basis points from 87 basis points at

15

December 31, 2004. As a percent of total assets, nonperforming loans increased to 95 basis points at March 31, 2005 from 66 basis points at December 31, 2004.

NONINTEREST INCOME: Other income was \$1.1 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2005, a decrease of \$38,000 or 3.37% from the same period in 2004. The primary reasons for the decrease were slight reductions in net earnings of ICA and mortgage banking activities.

NONINTEREST EXPENSE: Other expenses were \$2.7 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2005, a \$12,000 or .44% decrease from the same period in 2004. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in ICA insurance and brokerage commission expense of \$35,000.

INCOME TAXES: Federal income taxes increased to \$72,000 for the three month period ended March 31, 2005 compared to (\$6,500) for the same period in 2004. The increase for the three month period was attributable to the higher pre-tax income.

LIQUIDITY

The Company's primary sources of funds are deposits, FHLB advances, and proceeds from principal and interest payments and prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed and investment securities. While maturities and scheduled amortization of loans and mortgage-backed securities are a predictable source of funds, deposit flows and mortgage prepayments are greatly influenced by general interest rates, economic conditions and competition.

Liquidity represents the amount of an institution's assets that can be quickly and easily converted into cash without significant loss. The most liquid assets are cash, short-term U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government agency securities and certificates of deposit. The Company is required to maintain sufficient levels of liquidity as defined by the OTS regulations. This requirement may be varied at the direction of the OTS. Regulations currently in effect require that the Company must maintain sufficient liquidity to ensure its safe and sound operation. The Company's objective for liquidity is to be above 20%. Liquidity as of March 31, 2005 was \$83.4 million, or 47.6%, compared to \$76.4 million, or 40.02% at December 31, 2004. The levels of these assets are dependent on the Company's operating, financing, lending and investing

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activities during any given period. The liquidity calculated by the Company includes additional borrowing capacity available with the FHLB. This borrowing capacity is based on the FHLB stock owned by the Bank along with pledged collateral. As of March 31, 2005, the Bank had unused borrowing capacity totaling \$48.0 million at the FHLB based on the FHLB stock ownership.

The Company intends to retain for the portfolio certain originated residential mortgage loans (primarily adjustable rate, balloon and shorter term fixed rate mortgage loans) and to generally sell the remainder in the secondary market. The Company will from time to time participate in or originate commercial real estate loans, including real estate development loans. During the three month period ended March 31, 2005 the Company originated \$11.4 million in residential mortgage loans, of which \$6.4 million were retained in portfolio while the remainder were sold in the secondary market or are being held for sale. This compares to \$12.7 million in originations during the first three months of 2004 of which \$6.0 million were retained in portfolio. The Company also originated \$5.9 million of commercial loans and \$2.7 million of consumer loans in the first three months of 2005 compared to \$4.6 million of commercial loans and \$3.6 million of consumer loans for the same period in 2004. Of total loans receivable, excluding loans held for sale, mortgage loans comprised 55.8% and 56.1%, commercial loans 31.5% and 31.0% and consumer loans 12.7 % and 13.0% at March 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively. At March 31, 2005, the Company had outstanding loan commitments of \$47 million. These commitments included \$12.7 million for permanent one-to-four family dwellings, \$12.1 million for non-residential loans, \$1.6 million of undisbursed loan proceeds for construction of one-to-four family dwellings, \$8.6 million of undisbursed lines of credit on home equity loans, \$1.2 million of unused credit card lines and \$9.8 million of unused commercial lines of credit, \$1.2 million of undisbursed, Commercial construction and \$35,000 of unused Letters of Credit.

Deposits are a primary source of funds for use in lending and for other general business purposes. At March 31, 2005 deposits funded 67.5% of the Company's total assets compared to 69.4% at December 31, 2004. Certificates of deposit scheduled to mature in less than one year at March 31, 2005 totaled \$42.1 million.

16

Management believes that a significant portion of such deposits will remain with the Company. The Bank monitors the deposit rates offered by competition in the area and sets rates that take into account the prevailing market conditions along with the Bank's liquidity position. Moreover, management believes that the growth in assets is not expected to require significant in-flows of liquidity. As such, the Bank does not expect to be a market leader in rates paid for liabilities.

Borrowings may be used to compensate for seasonal or other reductions in normal sources of funds or for deposit outflows at more than projected levels. Borrowings may also be used on a longer-term basis to support increased lending or investment activities. At March 31, 2005 the Company had \$45.8 million in FHLB advances. Total borrowings as a percentage of total assets were 17.3% at March 31, 2005 as compared to 20.8% at December 31, 2004. The Company has sufficient available collateral to obtain additional advances of \$17.9 million. When this is combined with current FHLB stock ownership the Company could obtain up to an additional \$48 million in advances from the FHLB.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Stockholders' equity at March 31, 2005 was \$21.1 million, or 8.0% of total

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assets, compared to \$21.5 million, or 8.17% of total assets, at December 31, 2004 (See "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity"). The Bank is subject to certain capital-to-assets levels in accordance with the OTS regulations. The Bank exceeded all regulatory capital requirements at March 31, 2005. The following table summarizes the Bank's actual capital with the regulatory capital requirements and with requirements to be "Well Capitalized" under prompt corrective action provisions, as of March 31, 2005:

	Actual		Regulatory Minimum		Minimum To Be Well Capitalized	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Rat
	(Dollars in Thousands)					
Capital Requirements:						
Tangible equity capital	\$16,801	6.47%	\$ 3,895	1.50%	\$ 5,194	2.
Tier 1 (Core) capital	\$16,801	6.47%	\$10,387	4.00%	\$12,984	5.
Total risk-based capital	\$18,125	10.22%	\$14,194	8.00%	\$17,742	10.
Tier 1 risk-based capital	\$16,801	9.47%	\$ 7,097	4.00%	\$10,645	6.

17

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 3 - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the Company evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms and in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company (or its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in its periodic SEC filings.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over the financial reporting during the Company's first quarter of fiscal year 2005 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
 FORM 10-QSB
 QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

- Item 1 - Legal Proceedings:
 Not applicable.
- Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds:
 Not applicable.
- Item 3 - Defaults upon Senior Securities:
 Not applicable.
- Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders:

A special meeting of stockholders was held on March 23, 2005. The meeting was conducted for the purpose of considering and acting upon the approval of the plan of conversion and reorganization of Alpena Bancshares M.H.C. and the approval of the issuance of shares of common stock of First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. and the contribution of cash to First Federal Community Foundation. The votes on the proposals were as follows:

MATTERS CONSIDERED -----	FOR -----	AGAINST, ABSTAIN -----
The Plan of Conversion and Reorganization of Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C., by which Alpena Bancshares, M.H.C. will convert from the mutual Form of organization to the stock form of Organization, and First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. will issue shares of common stock in a stock offering.	1,395,891	263
The issuance by First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. of (i) cash in an amount Equal to the value of 2% of the shares of First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc.'s Common stock sold in the offering, provided that The cash contribution does not exceed \$375,999, And (ii) First Federal of Northern Michigan Bancorp, Inc. common stock equal to 2% of the Shares of common stock sold in the offering, provided that the common stock contribution does not exceed 37,500 shares.	1,355,393	304

- Item 5 - Other Information:
 Not applicable

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Item 6 - Exhibits

Exhibit 31.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

19

Exhibit 31.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.1 Statement of Chief Executive Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32.2 Statement of Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

20

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.
FORM 10-QSB
QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST FEDERAL OF NORTHERN MICHIGAN BANCORP, INC.

By: /s/Martin A. Thomson

Martin A. Thomson
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 16, 2005

By: /s/Amy E. Essex

Amy E. Essex, Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: May 16, 2005

21

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No

31.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Statement of Chief Executive Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Statement of Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002