MID-STATE BANCSHARES Form 10-Q August 14, 2002

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

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ý QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2002.

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number 000-23925

MID-STATE BANCSHARES

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California

77-0442667

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

1026 Grand Ave. Arroyo Grande, CA

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

93420-0580

(Zip Code)

Issuer's Telephone Number: (805) 473-7700

Securities to be registered under Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities to be registered under Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, no par value

(Title of class)

Check whether the Bank (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \circ No o

Number of shares of common stock of the Company outstanding as of July 25, 2002: 24,005,921 shares.

Mid-State Bancshares June 30, 2002 Index

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

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Mid-State Bancshares Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited figures in 000's)

	June 30, 2002		D	ec. 31, 2001	June 30, 2001		
ASSETS		_		_		_	
Cash and Due From Banks	\$	115,891	\$	102,970	\$	81,978	
Fed Funds Sold	Ψ	50,000	Ψ	73,000	Ψ	53,850	
Securities Available For Sale		535,313		451,345		351,952	
Loans, net of unearned income		1,106,496		1,149,703		981,688	
Allowance for Loan Losses		(19,160)		(19,073)		(12,245)	
Net Loans		1,087,336		1,130,630		969,443	
Premises and Equipment, Net		25,148		25,851		25,855	
Accrued Interest Receivable		11,692		11,060		10,329	
Investments in Real Estate, Net		200		233		228	
Goodwill		33,448		33,448		1,282	
Other Intangibles		8,993		9,294		540	
Other Assets		10,570		15,833		8,463	
Total Assets	\$	1,878,591	\$	1,853,664	\$	1,503,920	
Non Interest Bearing Demand NOW Accounts, Money Market and Savings Deposits	\$	374,744 810,468	\$	367,370 769,173	\$	277,943 636,715	
Time Deposits Under \$100		259,053		280,667		236,819	
Time Deposits \$100 or more		154,749		166,956		141,624	
Total Deposits		1,599,014		1,584,166		1,293,101	
Other Borrowings		12,696		17,714		10,438	
Allowance for Losses Unfunded Commitments		1,687		1,586		1,594	
Accrued Interest Payable and Other Liabilities		19,888		15,647		12,238	
Total Liabilities		1,633,285		1,619,113		1,317,371	
Shareholders' Equity: Common Stock, no par value: Authorized 100,000 shares							
Outstanding 24,050, 24,089 and 21,847, respectively		83,764		84,872		48,909	
Undivided Profits		152,498		143,257		133,549	
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Taxes		9,044		6,422		4,091	
Total Equity		245,306		234,551		186,549	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	1,878,591	\$	1,853,664	\$	1,503,920	
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Mid-State Bancshares Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited figures in 000's except earnings per share data)

		Three Month Period Ended June 30,					Six Month Period Ended June 30,					
		2002		2001		2002		2001				
Interest income:												
Interest and fees on loans	\$	21,288	\$	21,924	\$	43,536	\$	44,203				
Interest on investment securities taxable		3,556		3,096		7,054		6,467				
Interest on investment securities tax exempt		2,027		1,606		3,801		3,254				
Interest on fed funds sold, other		334		464		670		820				
Total interest income		27,205		27,090		55,061		54,744				
Interest expense:												
Interest on NOW, money market and savings		1,273		2,089		2,503		4,284				
Interest on time deposits less than \$100		1,855		2,984		4,117		6,073				
Interest on time deposits of \$100 or more		1,001		1,754		2,230		3,612				
Interest on mortgages, other		38		41		107		120				
Total interest expense		4,167		6,868		8,957		14,089				
Net interest income before provision for loan losses		23,038		20,222		46,104		40,655				
Less: Provision for loan losses		300		300		600		600				
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		22,738		19,922		45,504		40,055				
Other operating income:												
Service charges and fees		2,225		2,005		4,429		3,898				
Other operating income		3,519		3,429		7,298		6,696				
Total other operating income		5,744		5,434		11,727		10,594				
Other operating expense:	_											
Salaries and employee benefits		8,967		8,040		18,512		16,434				
Occupancy and furniture		2,697		2,178		5,404		4,420				
Other operating expenses		5,666		6,383		11,301		10,494				
Total other operating expense		17,330		16,601		35,217		31,348				
Income before provision for income taxes		11,152		8,755		22,014		19,301				
Provision for income taxes		3,998		2,077		7,960		5,977				
Net income	\$	7,154	\$	6,678	\$	14,054	\$	13,324				
	\$	0.30	\$	0.31	\$	0.58	\$	0.61				
Earnings per share diluted	\$	0.30	\$	0.31	\$	0.56	\$	0.61				

		Three Month Period Ended June 30,				Six Month Period Ended June 30,				
Dividends per share		\$	0.10	\$	0.09	\$	0.20	\$	0.18	
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Mid-State Bancshares Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited figures in 000's)

	Three Mon Ended Ju			Six Month Period Ended June 30,					
	2002	2001		2002			2001		
Net Income	\$ 7,154	\$	6,678	\$	14,054	\$	13,324		
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale:									
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period	8,505		(131)		4,361		4,870		
Less: reclassification adjustment for losses (gains) included in net income	 7		(2)		9		(63)		
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax	8,512		(133)		4,370		4,807		
Income tax provision (benefit) related to items in comprehensive income	3,405		(53)		1,748		1,923		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Taxes	5,107		(80)		2,622		2,884		
Comprehensive Income	\$ 12,261	\$	6,598	\$	16,676	\$	16,208		
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Mid-State Bancshares Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited figures in 000's)

Six Month Period Ended June 30,

	2002		2001		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net Income	\$ 14,054	\$	13,324		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Provision for loan losses	600		600		
Depreciation and amortization	2,163		1,964		
Net amortization of premium/discount	1,698		428		
Amortization of other intangibles	615		41		
Increase in mortgage servicing rights	(314)		(27)		
Change in deferred loan fees	(9)		(81)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accrued interest receivable	(632)		1,424		

		nth Period June 30,
Other assets, net	3,515	535
Other liabilities	4,342	(5,096)
Net cash provided by operating activities	26,032	13,112
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash proceeds from investment in real estate	33	0
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	42,646	87,894
Purchases of investments	(123,942	(28,005)
Decrease (increase) in loans	42,703	(61,681)
(Purchases) proceeds of premises & equipment, net	(1,460	184
Net cash used in investing activities	(40,020	(1,608)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in deposits	14,848	61,939
Decrease in other borrowings	(5,018)	(19,802)
Exercise of stock options	719	131
Cash dividends paid	(4,813)	(3,938)
Retirement of company stock	(1,827)	(2,994)
Net cash provided by financing activities	3,909	35,336
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(10,079	46,840
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	175,970	88,988
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 165,891	\$ 135,828
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 9,397	\$ 14,152
Cash paid during the period for taxes on income 6	7,550	6,300

Mid-State Bancshares Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Information with respect to interim periods is unaudited)

NOTE A BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND MANAGEMENT REPRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Mid-State Bancshares and its wholly owned subsidiary Mid-State Bank & Trust and the Bank's subsidiaries, MSB Properties and Mid Coast Land Company (collectively the "Company," "Bank" or "Mid-State"). All significant inter-company transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2001 of Mid-State Bancshares. A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies is set forth in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained therein.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the accounting policies reflected in the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report

on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. They do not, however, include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments including normal recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the year as a whole.

NOTE B EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following is a reconciliation of net income and shares outstanding to the income and number of shares used to compute earnings per share ("EPS"). Figures are in thousands, except earnings per share data (unaudited).

	Three Month Period Ended June 30, 2002							onth Period En ne 30, 2001			
	E	arnings	Shares		EPS	I	Earnings	Shares]	EPS	
Net Income as reported	\$	7,154				\$	6,678				
Basic Earnings Per Share:											
Income available to Common Shareholders	\$	7,154	24,067	\$	0.30	\$	6,678	21,895	\$	0.31	
Effect of dilutive securities:											
Stock Options			825					494			
Diluted Earnings Per Share:											
Income available to Common Shareholders	\$	7,154 7	24,892	\$	0.29	\$	6,678	22,389	\$	0.30	
	Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2002										
				led				nth Period End ne 30, 2001	ed		
	Ea				EPS					EPS	
Net Income as reported	E &	Jur	ne 30, 2002		EPS	\$	Ju	ne 30, 2001		EPS	
Net Income as reported Basic Earnings Per Share:	_	Jur arnings	ne 30, 2002		EPS	_	Ju Earnings	ne 30, 2001		EPS	
	_	Jur arnings	ne 30, 2002		EPS 0.58	_	Ju Earnings	ne 30, 2001		EPS 0.61	
Basic Earnings Per Share:	\$	Jurarnings	shares	_		\$	Ju Earnings	Shares]		
Basic Earnings Per Share: Income available to Common Shareholders	\$	Jurarnings	shares	_		\$	Ju Earnings	Shares]		
Basic Earnings Per Share: Income available to Common Shareholders Effect of dilutive securities:	\$	Jurarnings	Shares 24,078	_		\$	Ju Earnings	Shares 21,927]		

NOTE C RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 141, "Business Combinations" and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." SFAS No. 141 addresses financial accounting and reporting for business combinations and is effective for all business combinations accounted for by the purchase method completed after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 141 requires all business combinations be accounted for using the purchase method. The acquisition of Americorp, the parent company of the American Commercial Bank, during the third quarter of 2001 was accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 141. Management adopted all other provisions of SFAS No. 141 on January 1, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 141 did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial condition

SFAS No. 142 addresses financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets. With the adoption of SFAS No. 142, goodwill is no longer subject to amortization over its estimated useful life, rather goodwill will be subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment. SFAS No. 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001, with a provision that states goodwill acquired in a business combination for which the acquisition date is after June 30, 2001 should not be amortized. Management adopted SFAS No. 142 on January 1, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 142 resulted in \$1,115,000 not being recognized as amortization expense for the six month period ended June 30, 2002.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SFAS No. 144 supersedes SFAS No. 121 and the accounting and reporting provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30. It addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment of long-lived assets to be disposed of. SFAS No. 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Management adopted SFAS No. 144 on January 1, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 144 did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operation or financial condition.

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NOTE D OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following is a summary of the Company's other intangible assets. Figures are in thousands (unaudited).

		June 30, 2002		June 30, 2001								
	Gross mount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount						
Core Deposit Intangible	\$ 8,869	(\$ 831) \$	8,038	\$	\$	\$						
Originated Mortgage Servicing Rights	 1,474	(519)	955	835	(295)	540						
Total Other	 											
Intangible Assets	\$ 10,343	(\$ 1,350) \$	8,993	\$ 835	(\$ 295)) \$ 540						

Aggregate Amortization Expense of Other Intangible Assets (\$ in 000's):

	Three Month Period Ended June 30,					Six Month Peri Ended June 3		
	2	002		2001	2	2002 2001		001
Amortization of Core Deposit Intangible Amortization of Originated Mortgage Servicing Rights	\$	268 44	\$	25	\$	536 79	\$	41
Total aggregate amortization expense	\$	312	\$	25	\$	615	\$	41

Estimated Future Aggregate Amortization Expense (\$ in 000's):

For the 6 months ended June 30, 2003	\$ 615
For the 6 months ended June 30, 2004	\$ 615
For the 6 months ended June 30, 2005	\$ 615
For the 6 months ended June 30, 2006	\$ 615
For the 6 months ended June 30, 2007	\$ 615

NOTE E GOODWILL

No changes in the carrying amount of goodwill occurred in either the three month period or six month period ended June 30, 2002.

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Selected Financial Data Summary. The following table provides certain selected financial data as of and for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 (unaudited).

Quarter Ended			Year-to-Date				
Jun	e 30, 2002	Jun	e 30, 2001	June	e 30, 2002	Jun	e 30, 2001
\$	27,205	\$	27,090	\$	55,061	\$	54,744
	4,167		6,868		8,957		14,089
	23,038		20,222		46,104		40,655
	300		300		600		600
	22,738		19,922		45,504		40,055
	5,744		5,434		11,727		10,594
	17,330		16,601		35,217		31,348
	11,152		8,755		22,014		19,301
	3,998		2,077		7,960		5,977
\$	7,154	\$	6,678	\$	14,054	\$	13,324
	\$	\$ 27,205 4,167 23,038 300 22,738 5,744 17,330 11,152 3,998	\$ 27,205 \$ 4,167 23,038 300 22,738 5,744 17,330 11,152 3,998	June 30, 2002 June 30, 2001 \$ 27,205 \$ 27,090 4,167 6,868 23,038 20,222 300 300 22,738 19,922 5,744 5,434 17,330 16,601 11,152 8,755 3,998 2,077	June 30, 2002 June 30, 2001 June \$ 27,205 \$ 27,090 \$ 4,167 6,868 23,038 20,222 300 300 22,738 19,922 5,744 5,434 17,330 16,601 11,152 8,755 3,998 2,077	June 30, 2002 June 30, 2001 June 30, 2002 \$ 27,205 \$ 27,090 \$ 55,061 4,167 6,868 8,957 23,038 20,222 46,104 300 300 600 22,738 19,922 45,504 5,744 5,434 11,727 17,330 16,601 35,217 11,152 8,755 22,014 3,998 2,077 7,960	June 30, 2002 June 30, 2001 June 30, 2002 June 30, 2002 June 30, 2002 Service 30, 2002 June 30, 2002 June 30, 2002 June 30, 2003 Service 30, 2

	Quarter Ended			Year-to-Date			ate	
(In thousands, except per share data)	Jun	ne 30, 2002		June 30, 2001		June 30, 2002		June 30, 2001
Per share:								
Net Income basic	\$	0.30	\$	0.31	\$	0.58	\$	0.61
Net Income diluted	\$	0.29	\$	0.30	\$	0.56	\$	0.59
Weighted average shares used in Basic E.P.S.								
calculation		24,067		21,895		24,078		21,927
Weighted average shares used in Diluted E.P.S.								
calculation		24,892		22,389		24,883		22,407
Cash dividends		0.10		0.09		0.20		0.18
Book value at period-end						10.20		8.54
Tangible book value at period-end						8.44		8.46
Ending Shares						24,050		21,847
Financial Ratios								
Return on assets		1.54%	ó	1.83%	,	1.52%		1.86%
Return on tangible assets		1.57%	ó	1.84%	,	1.56%		1.86%
Return on equity		11.91%	ó	14.50%	,	11.90%		14.66%
Return on tangible equity		14.46%	ó	14.63%	,	14.48%		14.80%
Net interest margin (not taxable equivalent)		5.45%	ó	6.00%	,	5.51%		6.14%
Net interest margin (taxable equivalent yield)		5.77%	ó	6.32%	,	5.81%		6.47%
Net loan losses to avg. loans		0.05%	ó	0.00%	,	0.07%		0.01%
Efficiency ratio		60.2%	ó	64.7%	,	60.9%		61.2%

	Quarter Ended					Year-to-Date			
Period Averages									
Total Assets	\$	1,867,782	\$	1,460,112	\$	1,858,611	\$	1,443,827	
Total Tangible Assets		1,825,298		1,458,366		1,816,068		1,442,075	
Total Loans & Leases		1,126,375		958,784		1,128,360		939,716	
Total Earning Assets		1,696,190		1,352,168		1,688,469		1,335,464	
Total Deposits		1,608,633		1,251,371		1,598,170		1,243,897	
Common Equity		240,900		184,774		238,226		183,297	
Common Tangible Equity		198,416 10		183,028		195,683		181,545	
(In thousands, except per share data)				Ju	ne 30, 200	2 J	une 30,	2001	

(In thousands, except per share data)	Ju	June 30, 2002		June 30, 2001		
Balance Sheet At Period-End						
Cash and due from banks	\$	115,891	\$	81,978		
Investments and Fed Funds Sold		585,313		405,802		
Loans, net of deferred fees, before allowance for loan losses		1,106,496		981,688		
Allowance for Loan Losses		(19,160)		(12,245)		
Goodwill and other intangibles		42,441		1,822		
Other assets		47,610		44,875		
Total Assets	\$	1,878,591	\$	1,503,920		
Non-interest bearing deposits	\$	374,744	\$	277,943		
Interest bearing deposits		1,224,270		1,015,158		
Other borrowings		12,696		10,438		
Allowance for losses unfunded commitments		1,687		1,594		
Other liabilities		19,888		12,238		
Shareholders' equity		245,306		186,549		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	1,878,591	\$	1,503,920		
Asset Quality & Capital At Period-End						
Non-accrual loans	\$	12,449	\$	7,974		
Loans past due 90 days or more		68		66		
Other real estate owned						
Total non performing assets	\$	12,517	\$	8,040		
Loan loss allowance to loans, gross(1)		1.9%		1.4%		
Non-accrual loans to total loans, gross		1.1%		0.89		
Non performing assets to total assets		0.7%)	0.59		
Allowance for loan losses to non performing loans(1)		166.5%)	172.19		
Equity to average assets (leverage ratio)		10.7%		12.49		
Tier One capital to risk-adjusted assets		14.7%)	15.59		
Total capital to risk-adjusted assets		16.0%)	16.69		

⁽¹⁾

Includes allowance for loan losses and allowance for losses unfunded commitments

Performance Summary. The Company posted net income of \$7.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2002, compared to \$6.7 million earned in the like 2001 period. Diluted earnings per share were \$0.29 in the second quarter of 2002 compared to \$0.30 in the like period one year earlier. The modest decrease in the earnings per share number is in part related to the additional shares outstanding as a result of the Company's merger with Americorp and its wholly owned subsidiary, American Commercial Bank of Ventura (collectively "Americorp") in September of last year offset by the repurchase of shares under the Company's program. These earnings represent an annualized return on assets

of 1.54% and 1.83%, respectively, for the comparable 2002 and 2001 periods. The annualized return on equity was 11.91% for the second quarter of 2002 compared to 14.50% in the second quarter of 2001. When adjusted for the additional goodwill and other intangibles outstanding as a result of the Americorp merger, return on tangible equity was 14.46% for the second quarter of 2002 compared to 14.63% in the second quarter of 2001.

For the six months year-to-date, the Company posted net income of \$14.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2002, compared to \$13.3 million earned in the like 2001 period. Diluted earnings per share were \$0.56 in the first half of 2002 compared to \$0.59 in the like period one year earlier. The modest decrease in the earnings per share number is in part related to the additional shares outstanding as a result of the Company's merger with Americorp offset by the repurchase of

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shares under the Company's program. These earnings represent an annualized return on assets of 1.52% and 1.86%, respectively, for the comparable 2002 and 2001 periods. The annualized return on equity was 11.90% for the first six months of 2002 compared to 14.66% in the first six months of 2001. When adjusted for the additional goodwill and other intangibles outstanding as a result of the Americorp merger, return on tangible equity was 14.48% for the 2002 first half of 2002 compared to 14.80% in the like 2001 period.

Net Interest Income. Mid-State's annualized yield on interest earning assets was 6.58% for the first six months of 2002 (6.88%% on a taxable equivalent basis) and 6.43% (6.75% on a taxable equivalent basis) for the second quarter of 2002. This compares to 8.27% for the first six months of 2001 (8.59% on a taxable equivalent basis) and 8.04% (8.35% on a taxable equivalent basis) for the second quarter of 2001. This decrease in yield is primarily related to the decrease in interest rates when comparing the two periods. The Prime Rate, to which many of the Bank's loans are tied, averaged 4.75% in the first half of 2002 compared to 7.98% in the same 2001 period. The Prime Rate also averaged 4.75% in the second quarter of 2002 compared to 7.34% in the second quarter of 2001. The change in mix of earning assets had far less of an impact than the lower interest rate environment (average loans represented 66.8% of earning assets in the first half of 2002 compared to 70.4% one year earlier).

Annualized interest expense as a percent of earning assets also dropped considerably compared to the prior year with the drop in general interest rates. In the first half of 2001, annualized interest expense represented 2.13% of earning assets compared to 1.07% in the first half of this year. Similarly, the annualized interest expense in the second quarter of this year was 0.98% compared to 2.04% in the like quarter of 2001.

Overall, Mid-State's annualized net interest income, expressed as a percent of earning assets, decreased from 6.14% for the six month period of 2001 (6.47% on a taxable equivalent basis) to 5.51% in the comparable 2002 period (5.81% on a taxable equivalent basis). For the second quarter of 2002 compared to the second quarter of 2001, net interest income, expressed as a percent of earning assets, decreased from 6.00% (6.32% taxable equivalent) to 5.45% (5.77% taxable equivalent). Due to the large quantity of core deposits carried on the balance sheet, the Company has been unable to decrease its cost of funds as quickly as the decrease which it has experienced in the yield on its earning assets, especially on those loans tied to the Prime Rate. Additionally, the mix of earning assets has changed to a larger proportion of investments relative to loans.

Average earning assets for the six months ended June 30, 2002 increased 26.4% from the like 2001 period (\$1,688.5 million compared to \$1,335.5 million). Average deposits in this same time-frame were up \$354.3 million, (\$1,598.2 million compared to \$1,243.9 million). In comparing second quarter 2002 to second quarter 2001, average earning assets increased from \$1,352.2 million one year ago to \$1,696.2 million and average deposits increased \$357.2 million from \$1,251.4 million one year ago to \$1,608.6 million. The increases in large part are a result of the merger with Americorp. At the time of the merger in September 2001, Americorp contributed approximately \$256.6 million in earning assets to the combined institution and \$254.0 million in deposits.

Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses. Mid-State made provisions for loan losses during the second quarter of 2002 in the amount of \$300 thousand. During the six months ended June 30, 2002, provisions for loan losses totaled \$600 thousand. Both of these amounts are unchanged to the amounts contributed in the comparable 2001 periods.

During the first quarter of 2002, Management reclassified the portion of its allowance for loan losses related to unfunded commitments and letters of credit to allowance for losses unfunded commitments. This change was undertaken to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Both the allowance for losses and the allowance for losses unfunded commitments, are available to absorb inherent credit losses.

Management continues to believe that the allowances for loan losses and the allowance for losses unfunded commitments, which collectively stand at 1.9% of total loans at June 30, 2002, up from 1.4% one year earlier, are adequate to cover inherent losses. This increase is primarily due to the composition of the loans purchased from Americorp. The \$20.8 million total allowance for credit losses is approximately 166% of the level of non performing assets which stand at \$12.5 million compared to \$8.0 million one year earlier. Non performing assets consist of loans on non-accrual, accruing loans 90 days or more past due, and other real estate owned. While continuing efforts are made to improve overall asset quality, Management is unable to estimate with certainty, how and under what terms, problem assets will be resolved.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses (in thousands) for the periods ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 are as follows:

	3 Months Ended June 30,					6 Months Ended June 30			
		2002		2001		2002		2001	
Allowance for loan losses at beginning of period	\$	19,000	\$	12,071	\$	20,659	\$	13,280	
Provision for loan losses		300		300		600		600	
Reclassification of allowance for losses unfunded commitments				(115)		(1,687)		(1,594)	
Loans charged off		(337)		(171)		(787)		(424)	
Recoveries of loans previously Charged-off		197		160		375		383	
Allowance for loan losses at end of period	\$	19,160	\$	12,245	\$	19,160	\$	12,245	
Allowance for losses Unfunded Commitments		1,687		1,594		1,687		1,594	
Total allowance for credit losses	\$	20,847	\$	13,839	\$	20,847	\$	13,839	

At June 30, 2002, the recorded investments in loans which have been identified as impaired totaled \$13,943,000. Of this amount, \$10,822,000 related to loans with no specific valuation allowance and \$3,121,000 related to loans with a corresponding specific valuation allowance totaling \$1,196,000. Impaired loans totaled \$8,711,000 at June 30, 2001. Of that amount, \$4,546,000 related to loans with no specific valuation allowance and \$4,165,000 related to loans with a corresponding specific valuation allowance of \$2,036,000. The specific valuation allowance for impaired loans is included within the general allowance shown above and netted against loans on the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position. For the quarter ended June 30, 2002, the average recorded investment in impaired loans was \$8,443,000, which compared to \$8,694,000 in the 2001 period. A loan is identified as impaired when it is probable that interest and principal will not be collected according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Because this definition is very similar to that used by bank regulators to determine on which loans interest should not be accrued, the Bank expects that most impaired loans will be on non-accrual status.

Non-interest Income. Non-interest income for the first six months of 2002 was \$11.7 million, up from \$10.6 million earned in the same 2001 period, an increase of 10.7%. The increase was related primarily to increases in service charge income of \$531 thousand over the comparable periods, increases in the Company's merchant mastercard income of \$271 thousand, and increases in ATM and debit card related fee income of \$235 thousand. Additionally, while not every category of non interest income increased over the comparable periods, collectively, these various categories increased a net \$96 thousand.

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In comparing the second quarter of 2002 with the second quarter of 2001, non-interest income increased \$310 thousand, or 5.7%. The improvement was related to increases in the same categories noted in comparing the six month periods. These were increases in service charge income of \$220 thousand over the comparable periods, increases in the Company's merchant mastercard income of \$117 thousand, and increases in ATM and debit card related fee income of \$136 thousand. Additionally, while not every category of non interest income decreased over the comparable periods, collectively, these various categories decreased a net \$163 thousand.

The increases in the non-interest income categories noted above is in part related to acquisition of Americorp. That acquisition was completed in September 2001, therefore the Company's six months ended income statement in 2002 reflected the benefit of Americorp's

customers which was not reflected in the comparable period in 2001. It is difficult to identify the exact amount of the impact. However, it is known that Americorp's non-interest income was approximately 12% of Mid-State's levels prior to the completion of the merger.

Non-interest Expense. Non-interest expense for the first six months of 2002 was \$35.2 million compared to \$31.3 million in the first half of 2001. Increases in salaries and benefits accounted for \$2.1 million of the increase, occupancy and furniture accounted for \$1.0 million of the increase, merchant processing charges increased \$776 thousand and an increase in amortization of intangibles (due to the amoritzation of the core deposit intangible created in the merger with Americorp) of \$471 thousand. Offsetting these amounts was a decrease of \$1.7 million related to a one-time charge to expense for the donation of property associated with obtaining a Natural Heritage Tax Credit in the first half of 2001. All other categories of expense showed a net \$1.3 million increase.

In comparing the second quarter of 2002 with the second quarter of 2001, non interest expense increased \$729 thousand from \$16.6 million to \$17.3 million. Increases in salaries and benefits accounted for \$927 thousand of the increase, occupancy and furniture accounted for \$519 thousand of the increase, merchant processing charges increased \$622 thousand and an increase in amortization of intangibles (due to the amoritzation of the core deposit intangible created in the merger with Americorp) accounted for \$235 thousand. Offsetting these increases was a decrease of \$1.7 million related to a one-time charge to expense for the donation of property associated with obtaining a Natural Heritage Tax Credit in the first half of 2001. While some categories of expense showed minor declines, others showed minor increases, and all other categories of expense showed a net \$0.1 million increase.

The increases in the non-interest expense categories noted above is in part related to the acquisition of Americorp. That acquisition was completed in September 2001, therefore the Company's income statement in 2002 reflects the effect of the additional salaries and benefits, occupancy charges and intangible amortization resulting from the merger. However, the impact of these expenses was not part of the comparable 2001 period. It is difficult to identify the exact amount of the impact. However, it is known that Americorp's non-interest expense was approximately 19% of Mid-State's levels prior to the completion of the merger.

Provision for Income Taxes. The year-to-date provision for income taxes was \$8.0 million, compared to \$6.0 million for the same period in 2001. The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2002 was 36.2% compared to 31.0% in 2001. The effective tax rate for the first half of 2001 is lower than the current year's effective tax rate due to the Company benefiting from the State of California's new Natural Heritage Tax Credit and certain attendant deductions. In total, this tax benefit was \$1.8 million, which after the offsetting real estate write off included in non interest expense, generated a net improvement to the bottom line of \$140 thousand in the 2001 period. Utilization of this benefit occurred during the second quarter of 2001 and as a result, the effective tax rate in the 2001 quarter is 23.7% compared to 35.9% in the comparable 2002 period. The normal combined federal and state statutory tax rate is 42% for Mid-State Bancshares and absent the one-time benefit in 2001 from the

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Natural Heritage Tax Credit, tax exempt income generated by its municipal bond portfolio is the primary reason that the effective rate is lower.

Balance Sheet. Total assets at June 30, 2002 totaled \$1,878.6 million, up 24.9% from the level one year earlier of \$1,503.9 million. Approximately \$307.3 million of the \$374.7 million increase is a result of the merger with Americarp on September 2001. A comparison of selected balance sheet components from one year earlier and the contribution toward that change from the merger are presented in the table below:

Mid-State Bancshares Condensed Balance Sheet At Period-End

(Unaudited In thousands)	Ju	nne 30, 2002	J	June 30, 2001	\$ Change		Approximate Portion of \$ Change due to Merger
Cash and due from banks	\$	115,981	\$	81,978	\$ 33,913	\$	4,665
Investments and Fed Funds Sold		585,313		405,802	179,511		66,606
Loans, before allowance for loan losses		1,106,496		981,688	124,808		190,043
Allowance for Loan Losses		(19,160)		(12,245)	(6,915)		(5,464)
Goodwill and Other Intangibles		42,441		1,822	40,619		40,400
Other assets		47,610		44,875	2,735		11,045
	_		_			_	
Total Assets	\$	1,878,591	\$	1,503,920	\$ 374,671	\$	307,295

(Unaudited In thousands)	Ju	nne 30, 2002	Jı	nne 30, 2001	\$	Change		Portion of \$ Change due to Merger
Non-interest bearing deposits	\$	374,744	\$	277.943	\$	96,801	\$	83,048
Interest bearing deposits	φ	1,224,270	φ	1,015,158	Ф	209,112	Ф	170,951
E 1						,		170,931
Other borrowings		12,696		10,438		2,258		
Other liabilities		21,575		13,832		7,743		10,040
Shareholders' equity		245,306		186,549		58,757		43,256
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' equity	\$	1,878,591	\$	1,503,920	\$	374,671	\$	307,295

Investment Securities. Fed funds sold represent \$50.0 million of the \$585.3 million portfolio noted above. Of the remaining \$535.3 million, 7% is invested in U.S. Treasury securities, 39% is invested in U.S. Government agency obligations, 50% is invested in securities issued by states and political subdivisions in the U.S. and 4% is invested in mortgage-backed securities and other securities. Seventy-three percent of all investment securities mature prior to December 31, 2006. Approximately 32% of the portfolio matures in less than one year. The Bank's investment in mortgage-backed securities consist of investments in FNMA and FHLMC pools which have contractual maturities of up to 17 years. The actual time of repayment may be shorter due to prepayments made on the underlying collateral.

Capital Resources. The Company announced on May 1, 2002 that it has authorized a stock repurchase program for up to five percent (5%) of its outstanding shares. Based on current outstanding shares, the buyback may result in the purchase of up to approximately 1,203,580 shares. These repurchases will be made from time to time by the Company in the open market or in block purchases or in privately negotiated transactions in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission rules. The program began in early May 2002 and is expected by Management to be effective for one year. The Company's previous stock repurchase program began in April 2000 and saw the repurchase of 1,130,000 shares of stock. The new authorization allowed the Company to continue its buy-back program uninterrupted. During 2002 the Company repurchased a total of 24,481 shares in the first quarter and an additional 75,457 shares in the second quarter for a total of 99,938 shares in the first

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half of 2002. In the comparable 2001 period, the Company repurchased 112,486 shares in the first quarter and 74,126 shares in the second quarter for a total of 186,612 shares repurchased.

Total stockholders' equity increased from \$186.5 million at June 30, 2001 to \$245.3 million at June 30, 2002. Changes in stockholders' equity over this 12 month period includes activity outlined in the following table:

	Common Stock & Surplus	Undivided Profits	Accumulated Comprehensive Income, Net	Total
Ending Equity at June 30, 2001	48,909	133,549	4,091	186,549
Net Income		14,078		14,078
Common Stock Repurchased	(4,520)			(4,520)
Stock Options Exercised	583			583
Regular Dividends		(4,370)		(4,370)
Chg. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (FAS 115)			2,331	2,331
Merger with American Commercial Bank	39,178			39,178

Annrovimate

	Common Stock & Surplus	Undivided Profits	Accumulated Comprehensive Income, Net	Total
Fair market value of stock options issued in connection with merger	722			722
Ending Equity at December 31, 2001	84,872	143,257	6,422	234,551
Net Income		14,054		14,054
Common Stock Repurchased	(1,827)			(1,827)
Stock Options Exercised	719			719
Regular Dividends		(4,813)		(4,813)
Chg. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (FAS 115)			2,622	2,622
Ending Equity at June 30, 2002	83,764	152,498	9,044	245,306

Liquidity. The focus of the Company's liquidity management is to ensure its ability to meet cash requirements. Sources of liquidity include cash, due from bank balances (net of Federal Reserve requirements to maintain reserves against deposit liabilities), fed funds sold, investment securities (net of pledging requirements), loan repayments, deposits and fed funds borrowing lines. Typical demands on liquidity are deposit run-off from demand deposits and savings accounts, maturing time deposits, which are not renewed, and anticipated funding under credit commitments to customers.

The Company has adequate liquidity at the present time. Its loan to deposit ratio at June 30, 2002 was 69.2% versus 75.9% one year earlier. The Bank's internally calculated liquidity ratio stands at 38.6% at June 30, 2002, which is above its minimum policy of 15% and above the 32.4% level of June 30, 2001. This ratio is calculated by combining cash, fed funds sold and securities, less securities pledged, divided by total liabilities. Management is not aware of any future capital expenditures or other significant demands or commitments which would severely impair liquidity.

Off Balance Sheet Transactions. The Company is contingently liable for letter of credit accommodations made to its customers in the ordinary course of business totaling \$29.2 million at June 30, 2002, down from \$37.9 million one year earlier. Additionally, the Company has undisbursed

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loan commitments, also made in the ordinary course of business, totaling \$371.1 million, which was down from the \$421.2 million outstanding one year earlier.

There are no Special Purpose Entity ("SPE") trusts, corporations, or other legal entities established by Mid-State which reside off-balance sheet. There are no other off-balance sheet items other than the aforementioned items related to letter of credit accommodations and un-disbursed loan commitments.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates. This "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," as well as, disclosures included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements require Management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosure of contingencies. A summary of the more significant accounting policies of the Company can be found in Footnote One to the financial statements which is included in Item 8 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001. Additionally, because it involves some of the more significant judgments and estimates used in preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the reader's attention is directed to the earlier section on page 11 addressing the allowance for loan losses.

Important Factors Relating to Forward-Looking Statements. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements so long as those statements are identified as forward-looking and are accompanied by meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in such statements. All of the statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including those in Items 2 and 3, which are not identified as historical should be considered forward-looking. In connection with certain forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and those that may be made in the future by or on behalf of the Company which are identified as forward-looking, the Company notes that there are various factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in any such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to, the real estate market, the availability of loans at acceptable prices, the general level of economic activity both locally and nationally, interest rates, the actions by the Company's regulatory agencies, actions by competitors of the Company and other factors referenced in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will be realized or that actual results will not be significantly higher or lower. The forward-looking statements have not been audited by, examined by or subjected to agreed-upon procedures by independent accountants, and no third-party has independently verified or reviewed such statements. Readers of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should consider these facts in evaluating the information contained herein. The inclusion of the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should not be regarded as a representation by the Company or any other person that the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will be achieved. In light of the foregoing, readers of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained herein. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any such factors or to publicly announce the results of any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect future events or developments.

Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

The Bank's risk exposure to changes in interest rates is minimal. A recent review of the potential changes in the Bank's net interest income over a 12 month time horizon showed that it could fluctuate under very extreme alternative rate scenarios from between +6.0% and 12.6% of the base case (rates

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unchanged). The Bank's policy is to maintain a structure of assets and liabilities which are such that net interest income will not vary more than plus or minus 15% of the base forecast over the next 12 months. Management feels that its exposure to interest rate risk is manageable and it will continue to strive for an optimal trade-off between risk and earnings.

The following table presents a summary of the Bank's net interest income forecasted for the coming 12 months under alternative interest rate scenarios.

	Change From Base
Rates Down Very Significant	-12.6%
(Prime down to 2.00% within 8 months)	
Rates Down Significant (Prime down to 2.75% within 10 months)	-6.1%
Rates Down Modestly (Prime down to 3.75% within 10 months)	-2.5%
Base Case Rates Unchanged (Prime unchanged at 4.75% over 12 months)	
Rates Up Modestly (Prime up to 5.75% within 10 months)	+2.0%
Rates Up Aggressive (Prime up to 6.75% within 10 months)	+3.1%
Rates Up Very Aggressive	+6.0%

Change From Base

(Prime up to 8.75% over 12 months)

Net interest income under the above scenarios is influenced by the characteristics of the Bank's assets and liabilities. In the case of N.O.W., savings and money market deposits (total \$810.5 million) interest is based on rates set at the discretion of Management ranging from 0.25% to 1.18%. In a downward rate environment, there is a limit to how far these deposit instruments can be re-priced and this behavior is similar to that of fixed rate instruments. In an upward rate environment, the magnitude and timing of changes in rates on these deposits is assumed to be more reflective of variable rate instruments. These characteristics are the main reasons that a 2.75% decline in Prime decreases net interest income by 12.6% while a 4% increase in Prime increases net interest income 6.0%.

It is important to note that the above table is a summary of several forecasts and actual results may vary. The forecasts are based on estimates and assumptions of Management that may turn out to be different and may change over time. Factors affecting these estimates and assumptions include, but are not limited to competitors' behavior, economic conditions both locally and nationally, actions taken by the Federal Reserve Board, customer behavior, and Management's responses. Historically, the Bank has been able to manage its Net Interest Income in a fairly narrow range reflecting the Bank's relative insensitivity to interest rate changes. The impact of prepayment behavior on mortgages, real estate loans, mortgage backed securities, securities with call features, etc. is not considered material to the sensitivity analysis. Over the last 5 years, and excluding the first half of 2002, the Bank's net interest margin (which is net interest income divided by average earning assets of the Bank) has ranged from a low of 5.77% to a high of 6.44% (not taxable equivalent). The Bank's net interest margin in the second quarter of 2002 of 5.45% is certainly below average by these historical standards. Based on the scenarios above, the net interest margin under the alternative scenarios ranges from 5.00% to 6.06%. Management feels this range of scenarios is appropriate in view of its historical performance, but no assurances can be given that actual experience will fall within this range.

The Bank's exposure with respect to interest rate derivatives, exchange rate fluctuations, and/or commodity price movements is nil. The Bank does not own any instruments within these markets.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 Legal Proceedings

Mid-State is not a party to any material legal proceeding.

Item 2 Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

There were no material changes in securities and uses of proceeds during the period covered by this report.

Item 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4 Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

On May 16, 2002, at the Company's regular Annual Meeting, Shareholders re-elected four persons to the Company's Board of Directors whose terms were expiring. Re-elected to the Board were Gregory R. Morris, Robert J. Logomarsino, William L. Snelling, and Carrol R. Pruett with no Director receiving less than 80% of the total outstanding shares of the Company. Additionally, Director Raymond E. Jones, whose term also expired, chose to retire and the Board opted not to select a candidate to run for his vacated position. Mr. Jones was elected to the position of Director Emeritus. No other items were submitted to the Shareholders during the second quarter of 2002.

Item 5 Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6 Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

A)

Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Exhibit
99.1	Certification
B)	Reports on Form 8-K
	During the second quarter of 2002, the Company filed two reports on Form 8-K. The first report filed pursuant to Item 5 on May 1, 2002, announced that the Board of Directors had authorized a stock repurchase program for up to an additional five percent (5%) of the outstanding shares, or approximately 1,203,580 shares. The program, begun in May, is expected to be effective for one year and would involve repurchases from time to time by the Company in the open market or in block purchases or in privately negotiated transactions in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules. The second report filed pursuant to Item 4 on May 15, 2002 announced that the Audit Committee of the Company had decided to terminate the engagement with Arthur Andersen, LLP as its independent auditor. The Company has engaged PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MID-STATE BANCSHARES (registrant)

Date: August 8, 2002 By: /s/ JAMES W. LOKEY

JAMES W. LOKEY

President

Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 8, 2002 By: /s/ JAMES G. STATHOS

JAMES G. STATHOS

Executive Vice President Chief Financial Officer

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