FIRST BUSEY CORP /NV/ Form 10-Q May 09, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

x Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended 3/31/2013

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File No. 0-15950

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

37-1078406 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

100 W. University Ave., Champaign, Illinois (Address of principal executive offices)

61820 (Zip code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (217) 365-4516

(Former Name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

	led all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act rter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject
Yes x No o	
	tted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data e 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that it. Yes x No o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large a company. See the definition of large accelerated filer, (Check one):	accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer o	Accelerated filer x
Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting compan	Smaller reporting company o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell c	company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes o No x	
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the	issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.
Class Common Stock, \$.001 par valu	Outstanding at May 9, 2013 ne 86,691,159

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2013 (dollars in th	December 31, 2012 athousands)			
Assets	(,		
Cash and due from banks (interest-bearing 2013 \$383,530; 2012 \$235,428)	\$ 447,608	\$	351,255		
Securities available for sale	952,579		1,001,497		
Loans held for sale	30,833		40,003		
Loans (net of allowance for loan losses 2013 \$47,773; 2012 \$48,012)	1,982,074		1,985,095		
Premises and equipment	70,136		71,067		
Goodwill	20,686		20,686		
Other intangible assets	11,920		12,703		
Cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	39,813		39,485		
Other real estate owned (OREO)	2,632		3,450		
Deferred tax asset, net	37,567		39,373		
Other assets	52,462		53,442		
Total assets	\$ 3,648,310	\$	3,618,056		
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity					
Liabilities					
Deposits:					
Non-interest-bearing	\$ 547,226	\$	611,043		
Interest-bearing	2,469,719		2,369,249		
Total deposits	\$ 3,016,945	\$	2,980,292		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	130,809		139,024		
Long-term debt	6,000		7,000		
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trusts	55,000		55,000		
Other liabilities	25,851		27,943		
Total liabilities	\$ 3,234,605	\$	3,209,259		
Stockholders Equity					
Series C Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 72,664 shares authorized, issued and					
	\$ 72,664	\$	72,664		
Common stock, \$.001 par value, authorized 200,000,000 shares; shares issued 88,287,132	88		88		
Additional paid-in capital	594,313		594,411		
Accumulated deficit	(234,796)		(240,321)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income	12,671		13,542		
	\$ 444,940	\$	440,384		
Common stock shares held in treasury at cost 2013 1,595,973; 2012 1,616,282	(31,235)		(31,587)		
	\$ 413,705	\$	408,797		
	\$ 3,648,310	\$	3,618,056		
Common shares outstanding at period end	86,691,159		86,670,850		

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

(Unaudited)

		2013		2012	
	(do	llars in thousands, ex	cept per share	e amounts)	
Interest income:	ф	22.061	Φ.	25.524	
Interest and fees on loans	\$	22,961	\$	25,526	
Interest and dividends on investment securities:				2 = 40	
Taxable interest income		3,171		3,768	
Non-taxable interest income		983	_	802	
Total interest income	\$	27,115	\$	30,096	
Interest expense:					
Deposits	\$	2,097	\$	3,748	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		44		78	
Short-term borrowings		9		9	
Long-term debt		81		226	
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trusts		301		337	
Total interest expense	\$	2,532	\$	4,398	
Net interest income	\$	24,583	\$	25,698	
Provision for loan losses		2,000		5,000	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	\$	22,583	\$	20,698	
Other income:					
Trust fees	\$	5,208	\$	5,195	
Commissions and brokers fees, net		540		506	
Remittance processing		2,098		2,167	
Service charges on deposit accounts		2,727		2,811	
Other service charges and fees		1,439		1,381	
Gain on sales of loans		3,497		2,413	
Other		1,132		3,407	
Total other income	\$	16,641	\$	17,880	
Other expense:		,	·	,	
Salaries and wages	\$	13,560	\$	12,111	
Employee benefits		3,227	·	2,896	
Net occupancy expense of premises		2,182		2,205	
Furniture and equipment expense		1,254		1,272	
Data processing		2,639		2,159	
Amortization of intangible assets		783		827	
Regulatory expense		646		626	
OREO expense		543		5	
Other		4,733		5,101	
Total other expense	\$	29,567	\$	27,202	
Income before income taxes	\$	9,657	\$	11,376	
Income taxes	Ψ	3,224	Ψ	3,733	
Net income	\$	6,433	\$	7,643	
Preferred stock dividends	Ψ	908	Ψ	908	
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	5,525	\$	6,735	
Basic earnings per common share	\$ \$	0.06	\$	0.08	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ \$	0.06	\$	0.08	
	\$ \$	0.00	\$	0.08	
Dividends declared per share of common stock	Э		Ф	0.04	

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

(Unaudited)

	2013		2012
	(dollars in t	s)	
Net income	\$ 6,433	\$	7,643
Other comprehensive (loss), before tax:			
Unrealized net (losses) on securities:			
Unrealized net holding (losses) arising during period	\$ (1,480)	\$	(196)
Other comprehensive (loss), before tax	\$ (1,480)	\$	(196)
Income tax (benefit) related to items of other comprehensive income	(609)		(80)
Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax	\$ (871)	\$	(116)
Comprehensive income	\$ 5,562	\$	7,527

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

(Unaudited)

		2013		2012
Coll Ellows Comment of Act 14 m		(dollars in	thousand	is)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	ф	C 422	ф	7.640
Net income	\$	6,433	\$	7,643
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		251		220
Stock-based and non-cash compensation		251		220
Depreciation and amortization		2,189		2,161
Provision for loan losses		2,000		5,000
Provision for deferred income taxes		2,415		3,488
Amortization of security premiums and discounts, net		2,549		2,225
Gain on sales of loans, net		(3,497)		(2,413)
Net loss (gain) on sales of OREO properties		51		(40)
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance		(328)		(659)
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in other assets		1,257		(132)
Decrease in other liabilities		(1,924)		(1,845)
Decrease in interest payable		(165)		(276)
Decrease (increase) in income taxes receivable		(277)		520
Net cash provided by operating activities before activities for loans originated for sale	\$	10,954	\$	15,892
Loans originated for sale		(130,546)		(146,232)
Proceeds from sales of loans		143,213		134,477
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	23,621	\$	4,137
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from sales of securities classified available for sale		2,295		4,152
Proceeds from maturities of securities classified available for sale		56,705		47,153
Purchase of securities classified available for sale		(14,111)		(162,724)
Net decrease in loans		774		46,588
Proceeds from disposition of premises and equipment		462		19
Proceeds from sale of OREO properties		1,014		2,869
Purchases of premises and equipment		(937)		(1,365)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$	46,202	\$	(63,308)

(continued on next page)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 and 2012

(Unaudited)

	2013		2012		
	(dollars in t	housands)			
Cash Flows from Financing Activities					
Net decrease in certificates of deposit	\$ (29,338)	\$	(54,240)		
Net increase in demand, money market and savings deposits	65,991		171,013		
Cash dividends paid	(908)		(4,373)		
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,000)				
Net (decrease) increase in securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(8,215)		16,842		
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 26,530	\$	129,242		
Net increase in cash and due from banks	\$ 96,353	\$	70,071		
Cash and due from banks, beginning	\$ 351,255	\$	315,053		
Cash and due from banks, ending	\$ 447,608	\$	385,124		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION					
Cash payments for:					
Interest	\$ 2,697	\$	4,674		
Income taxes	\$ 1,110	\$	70		
Non-cash investing and financing activities:					
Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans	\$ 247	\$	3,096		
Dividends accrued	\$ 923	\$	924		

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of First Busey Corporation (the Company), a Nevada corporation, have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and do not include certain information and footnote disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for complete annual financial statements. Accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2012, which has been derived from audited financial statements, and the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation with no effect on net income or stockholders equity.

In preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company s management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates which are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term relate to the fair value of investment securities, the determination of the allowance for loan losses, and valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through the date the consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q were issued. There were no significant subsequent events for the quarter ended March 31, 2013 through the issuance date of these financial statements that warranted adjustment to or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 2: Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company reviews new accounting standards as issued. Information relating to accounting pronouncements issued and applicable to the Company in 2012 appear in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company has not identified any standards applicable to the Company for 2013 that it believes merit discussion.

Note 3: Securities

The amortized cost, unrealized gains and losses and fair values of securities classified available for sale are summarized as follows:

	Amortized Cost			Gross Unrealized Gains (dollars in	thousa	Gross Unrealized Losses ands)	Fair Value
March 31, 2013:							
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	103,225	\$	1,292	\$		\$ 104,517
Obligations of U.S. government corporations							
and agencies		332,583		5,644		(16)	338,211
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		276,195		5,819		(220)	281,794
Residential mortgage-backed securities		190,989		7,105			198,094
Corporate debt securities		24,484		154		(10)	24,628
Total debt securities		927,476		20,014		(246)	947,244
Mutual funds and other equity securities		3,563		1,772			5,335
	\$	931,039	\$	21,786	\$	(246)	\$ 952,579

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains (dollars in	thous	Gross Unrealized Losses ands)	Fair Value
December 31, 2012:					
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 103,353	\$ 1,303	\$		\$ 104,656
Obligations of U.S. government corporations					
and agencies	363,583	6,616		(5)	370,194
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	274,350	6,176		(238)	280,288
Residential mortgage-backed securities	210,139	7,576			217,715
Corporate debt securities	24,601	139		(26)	24,714
Total debt securities	976,026	21,810		(269)	997,567
Mutual funds and other equity securities	2,451	1,479			3,930
• •					
	\$ 978,477	\$ 23,289	\$	(269)	\$ 1,001,497

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities available for sale as of March 31, 2013, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Mutual funds and other equity securities do not have stated maturity dates and therefore are not included in the following maturity summary. Mortgages underlying the residential mortgage-backed securities may be called or prepaid without penalties; therefore, actual maturities could differ from the contractual maturities. All residential mortgage-backed securities were issued by U.S. government agencies and corporations.

Amortized Cost (dollars in t	housands)	Fair Value
\$ 143,583	\$	144,951
518,792		527,045
202,954		209,884
62,147		65,364
\$ 927,476	\$	947,244
\$	Cost (dollars in the state of t	Cost (dollars in thousands) \$ 143,583 \$ 518,792 202,954 62,147

There were no realized gains and losses related to sales of securities and no tax provision related to net realized gains and losses for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012.

Investment securities with carrying amounts of \$418.2 million and \$489.1 million on March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, were pledged as collateral for public deposits, securities sold under agreements to repurchase and for other purposes as required or permitted by law.

Information pertaining to securities with gross unrealized losses at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position follows:

	Less than 12 Fair Value		2 months Unrealized Losses		Greater than 12 months To Fair Unrealized Fair Value Losses Value (dollars in thousands)		ized Fair es Value				 Inrealized Losses
March 31, 2013:											
U.S. Treasury securities(1)	\$ 355	\$		\$		\$		\$	355	\$	
Obligations of U.S.											
government corporations and											
agencies	10,144		16						10,144	16	
Obligations of states and											
political subdivisions	26,454		164		4,282		56		30,736	220	
Corporate debt securities	7,159		10						7,159	10	
Total temporarily impaired											
securities	\$ 44,112	\$	190	\$	4,282	\$	56	\$	48,394	\$ 246	

⁽¹⁾Unrealized loss was less than one thousand dollars.

	Less than 1 Fair Value	 nths Inrealized Losses	Greater than Fair Value (dollars in t	Ur	realized Losses		To Fair Value				nrealized Losses
December 31, 2012:											
Obligations of U.S.											
government corporations and											
agencies	\$ 10,155	\$ 5	\$	\$		\$	10,155	\$	5		
Obligations of states and											
political subdivisions	37,958	189	3,311		49		41,269		238		
Corporate debt securities	15,207	26					15,207		26		
Total temporarily impaired											
securities	\$ 63,320	\$ 220	\$ 3,311	\$	49	\$	66,631	\$	269		

The total number of securities in the investment portfolio in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2013 was 74, and represented a loss of 0.51% of the aggregate carrying value. Based upon a review of unrealized loss circumstances, the unrealized losses resulted from changes in market interest rates and liquidity, not from changes in the probability of receiving the contractual cash flows. The Company does not intend to sell the securities and it is more-likely-than-not that the Company will recover the amortized cost prior to being required to sell the securities. Full collection of the amounts due according to the contractual terms of the securities is expected; therefore, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2013.

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and whether the Company has the intent to sell the security and it is more-likely-than-not we will have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis.

Note 4: Loans

Geographic distributions of loans were as follows:

				March	31, 201	3			
	Illinois			Florida (dollars in		Indiana		Total	
Commercial	\$	202 171	\$	11.050	\$	21.702	\$	425 022	
	Ф	392,171	Ф	11,959	Ф	21,792	Ф	425,922	
Commercial real estate		776,674		147,501		68,794		992,969	
Real estate construction		69,263		17,040		2,875		89,178	
Retail real estate		421,790		107,254		10,383		539,427	
Retail other		12,677		398		109		13,184	
Total	\$	1,672,575	\$	284,152	\$	103,953	\$	2,060,680	
Less held for sale(1)								30,833	
							\$	2,029,847	
Less allowance for loan losses								47,773	
Net loans							\$	1,982,074	

⁽¹⁾Loans held for sale are included in retail real estate.

		Illinois	Florida (dollars in	thousai	Indiana nds)	Total
			`		,	
Commercial	\$	399,300	\$ 10,861	\$	23,527	\$ 433,688
Commercial real estate		777,752	138,170		65,210	981,132
Real estate construction		67,152	15,972		2,977	86,101
Retail real estate		435,911	112,052		11,873	559,836
Retail other		11,831	409		113	12,353
Total	\$	1,691,946	\$ 277,464	\$	103,700	\$ 2,073,110
Less held for sale(1)						40,003
						\$ 2,033,107
Less allowance for loan losses						48,012
Net loans						\$ 1,985,095

⁽¹⁾ Loans held for sale are included in retail real estate.

Net deferred loan origination costs included in the tables above were \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The Company believes that sound loans are a necessary and desirable means of employing funds available for investment. Recognizing the Company s obligations to its stockholders, depositors, and to the communities it serves, authorized personnel are expected to seek to develop and make sound, profitable loans that resources permit and that opportunity affords. The Company maintains lending policies and procedures designed to focus lending efforts on the types, locations and duration of loans most appropriate for its business model and markets. While not specifically limited, the Company attempts to focus its lending on short to intermediate-term (0-7 years) loans in geographies within 125 miles of its lending offices. The Company attempts to utilize government assisted lending programs, such as the Small Business Administration and United States Department of Agriculture lending programs, when prudent. Generally, loans are collateralized by assets, primarily real estate, of the borrowers and guaranteed by individuals. The loans are expected to be repaid primarily from cash flows of the borrowers, or from proceeds from the sale of selected assets of the borrowers.

Management reviews and approves the Company s lending policies and procedures on a routine basis. Management routinely (at least quarterly) reviews the Company s allowance for loan losses and reports related to loan production, loan quality, concentrations of credit, loan delinquencies and non-performing and potential problem loans. The Company s underwriting standards are designed to encourage relationship banking rather than transactional banking. Relationship banking implies a primary banking relationship with the borrower that includes, at a minimum, an active deposit banking relationship in addition to the lending relationship. The integrity and character of the borrower are significant factors in the Company s loan underwriting. As a part of underwriting, tangible positive or negative evidence of the borrower s integrity and character are sought out. Additional significant underwriting factors beyond location, duration, a sound and profitable cash flow basis and the borrower s character are the quality of the borrower s financial history, the liquidity of the underlying collateral and the reliability of the valuation of the underlying collateral.

Total borrowing relationships, including direct and indirect debt, are generally limited to \$20 million, which is significantly less than the Company s regulatory lending limit. Borrowing relationships exceeding \$20 million are reviewed by the Company s board of directors at least annually and more frequently by management. At no time is a borrower s total borrowing relationship permitted to exceed the Company s regulatory lending limit. Loans to related parties, including executive officers and the Company s various directorates, are reviewed for compliance with regulatory guidelines and by the Company s board of directors at least annually.

The Company maintains an independent loan review department that reviews the loans for compliance with the Company s loan policy on a periodic basis. In addition to compliance with this policy, the loan review process reviews the risk assessments made by the Company s credit department, lenders and loan committees. Results of these reviews are presented to management and the audit committee at least quarterly.

The Company s lending can be summarized into five primary areas: commercial loans, commercial real estate loans, real estate construction loans, retail real estate loans, and other retail loans. A description of each of the lending areas can be found in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. The significant majority of the lending activity occurs in the Company s Illinois and Indiana markets, with the remainder in the Florida market. Due to the small scale of the Indiana loan portfolio and its geographical proximity to the Illinois portfolio, the Company believes that quantitative or qualitative segregation between Illinois and Indiana is not material or warranted.

The Company utilizes a loan grading scale to assign a risk grade to all of its loans. Loans are graded on a scale of 1 through 10 with grades 2, 4 & 5 unused. A description of the general characteristics of the grades is as follows:

• Grades 1, 3, 6 These grades include loans which are all considered strong credits, with grade 1 being investment or near investment grade. A grade 3 loan is comprised of borrowers that exhibit credit fundamentals that exceed industry standards and loan policy guidelines. A grade 6 loan is comprised of borrowers that exhibit acceptable credit fundamentals.

• Grade 7- This grade includes loans on management s Watch List and is intended to be utilized on a temporary basis for a pass grade borrower where a significant risk-modifying action is anticipated in the near future.

- Grade 8- This grade is for Other Assets Especially Mentioned loans that have potential weaknesses which may, if not checked or corrected, weaken the asset or inadequately protect the Company s credit position at some future date.
- Grade 9- This grade includes Substandard loans, in accordance with regulatory guidelines, for which the accrual of interest has not been stopped. Assets so classified must have well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.
- Grade 10- This grade includes Doubtful loans that have all the characteristics of a substandard loan with additional factors that make collection in full highly questionable and improbable. Such loans are placed on non-accrual status and may be dependent on collateral having a value that is difficult to determine.

All loans are graded at the inception of the loan. All commercial and commercial real estate loans above \$0.5 million with a grading of 7 are reviewed annually and grade changes are made as necessary. All real estate construction loans above \$0.5 million, regardless of the grade, are reviewed annually and grade changes are made as necessary. Interim grade reviews may take place if circumstances of the borrower warrant a more timely review. All loans above \$0.5 million which are graded 8 are reviewed quarterly. Further, all loans graded 9 or 10 are reviewed at least quarterly.

Loans in the highest grades, represented by grades 1, 3, 6 and 7, totaled \$1.8 billion at March 31, 2013 which remained steady with balances at December 31, 2012. Loans in the lowest grades, represented by grades 8, 9 and 10, totaled \$222.6 million at March 31, 2013, a slight decline from \$228.1 million at December 31, 2012. The positive change in mix of loan grades began in 2012 and indicates a declining level of overall risk in the total loan portfolio.

The following table presents weighted average risk grades segregated by class of loans (excluding held-for-sale, non-posted and clearings) and geography:

March 31, 2013										
Weighted Avg. Risk Grade		Grades 1,3,6		Grade 7 (dollars in	thouse	Grade 8		Grade 9		Grade 10
				(doimis in	oust					
4.76	\$	329,298	\$	57,158	\$	6,729	\$	18,863	\$	1,915
5.55		653,077		106,607		46,839		30,933		8,012
7.13		33,937		7,606		13,485		13,931		3,179
3.63		378,713		6,352		6,241		7,188		3,148
3.40		12,420		359				7		
	\$	1,407,445	\$	178,082	\$	73,294	\$	70,922	\$	16,254
5.70	\$	7,437	\$	308	\$	3,375	\$	839	\$	
6.37		87,297		24,374		11,203		20,665		3,962
6.98		5,058		8,055		2,946		981		
3.96		79,209		8,414		12,395		2,929		2,785
2.44		381				17				
	\$	179,382	\$	41,151	\$	29,936	\$	25,414	\$	6,747
	4.76 5.55 7.13 3.63 3.40 5.70 6.37 6.98 3.96	A.76 \$ 5.55 7.13 3.63 3.40 \$ 5.70 \$ 6.37 6.98 3.96 2.44	Risk Grade 1,3,6 4.76 \$ 329,298 5.55 653,077 7.13 33,937 3.63 378,713 3.40 12,420 \$ 1,407,445 5.70 \$ 7,437 6.37 87,297 6.98 5,058 3.96 79,209 2.44 381	Risk Grade 1,3,6 4.76 \$ 329,298 \$ 5.55 653,077 7.13 33,937 3.63 378,713 3.40 12,420 \$ 1,407,445 \$ 5.70 \$ 7,437 \$ 6.37 87,297 6.98 5,058 3.96 79,209 2.44 381	Weighted Avg. Risk Grade Grades 1,3,6 Grade 7 (dollars in the last of	Weighted Avg. Risk Grade Grades 1,3,6 Grade 7 (dollars in thousal state of the content of the conte	Weighted Avg. Risk Grade Grades 1,3,6 Grade 7 8 (dollars in thousands) 4.76 \$ 329,298 \$ 57,158 \$ 6,729 5.55 653,077 106,607 46,839 7.13 33,937 7,606 13,485 3.63 378,713 6,352 6,241 3.40 12,420 359 \$ 1,407,445 \$ 178,082 \$ 73,294 5.70 \$ 7,437 \$ 308 \$ 3,375 6.37 87,297 24,374 11,203 6.98 5,058 8,055 2,946 3.96 79,209 8,414 12,395 2.44 381 17	Weighted Avg. Risk Grade Grades 1,3,6 Grade 7 8 (dollars in thousands) Grade 7 8 (dollars in thousands) 4.76 \$ 329,298 \$ 57,158 \$ 6,729 \$ 5.55 653,077 106,607 46,839 7.13 33,937 7,606 13,485 3.63 378,713 6,352 6,241 3.40 12,420 359 \$ 1,407,445 \$ 178,082 \$ 73,294 \$ 5.70 \$ 7,437 \$ 308 \$ 3,375 \$ 6.37 87,297 24,374 11,203 6.98 5,058 8,055 2,946 3.96 79,209 8,414 12,395 2,244 381 17	Weighted Avg. Risk Grade Grades 1,3,6 Grade 7 8 9 (dollars in thousands) Grade 9 (dollars in thousands) Grade 9 9 (dollars in thousands) 4.76 \$ 329,298 \$ 57,158 \$ 6,729 \$ 18,863 5.55 653,077 106,607 46,839 30,933 7.13 33,937 7,606 13,485 13,931 3.63 378,713 6,352 6,241 7,188 3.40 12,420 359 7 \$ 1,407,445 \$ 178,082 \$ 73,294 \$ 70,922 5.70 \$ 7,437 \$ 308 \$ 3,375 \$ 839 6.37 87,297 24,374 11,203 20,665 6.98 5,058 8,055 2,946 981 3.96 79,209 8,414 12,395 2,929 2.44 381 17 17	Weighted Avg. Risk Grade Grades 1,3,6 Grade 7 8 9 (dollars in thousands) Grade 9 (dollars in thousands) Grade 9 9 (dollars in thousands) 4.76 \$ 329,298 \$ 57,158 \$ 6,729 \$ 18,863 \$ 55,55 \$ 653,077 106,607 46,839 30,933 30,933 30,933 13,931 33,937 7,606 13,485 13,931 13,931 33,40 12,420 359 77 7 7 7 7 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 18 17 18

Total \$ 1,586,827 \$ 219,233 \$ 103,230 \$ 96,336 \$ 23,001

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	December 31, 2012										
	Weighted Avg.		Grades		Grade		Grade		Grade		Grade
	Risk Grade		1,3,6		7		8		9		10
					(dollars in	thousa	ands)				
Illinois/Indiana											
Commercial	4.68	\$	346,536	\$	46,201	\$	12,374	\$	15,677	\$	2,039
Commercial real estate	5.53		644,695		110,012		50,305		28,655		9,295
Real estate construction	7.21		30,710		7,809		14,162		14,084		3,364
Retail real estate	3.62		385,949		6,729		7,806		5,874		2,855
Retail other	3.34		11,563		372				9		
Total Illinois/Indiana		\$	1,419,453	\$	171,123	\$	84,647	\$	64,299	\$	17,553
Florida											
Commercial	5.91	\$	6,359	\$	3,544	\$	162	\$	796	\$	
Commercial real estate	6.36		80,232		20,667		13,238		19,279		4,754
Real estate construction	6.97		4,137		7,721		3,172		942		
Retail real estate	3.98		83,578		6,369		13,225		3,265		2,797
Retail other	2.80		391				18				
Total Florida		\$	174,697	\$	38,301	\$	29,815	\$	24,282	\$	7,551
Total		\$	1,594,150	\$	209,424	\$	114,462	\$	88,581	\$	25,104

Loans are considered past due if the required principal and interest payments have not been received as of the date such payments were due. Loans are placed on non-accrual status when, in management s opinion, the borrower may be unable to meet payment obligations as they become due, as well as when required by regulatory provisions. Loans may be placed on non-accrual status regardless of whether or not such loans are considered past due. When interest accrual is discontinued, all unpaid accrued interest is reversed. Interest income is subsequently recognized only to the extent cash payments are received in excess of the principal due. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

An age analysis of past due loans still accruing and non-accrual loans is as follows:

March 31, 2013 Loans past due, still accruing

		N	Ion-accrual				
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days		90+Days	•		
		(dollars in	thousan	ds)			
Illinois/Indiana							
Commercial	\$ 1,181	\$ 459	\$		\$	1,915	
Commercial real estate	4,138	309		193		8,012	
Real estate construction						3,179	
Retail real estate	571	276		11		3,148	
Retail other	10						
Total Illinois/Indiana	\$ 5,900	\$ 1,044	\$	204	\$	16,254	
Florida							
Commercial	\$	\$	\$		\$		
Commercial real estate	172					3,962	
Real estate construction							
Retail real estate	16					2,785	
Retail other							
Total Florida	\$ 188	\$	\$		\$	6,747	
Total	\$ 6,088	\$ 1,044	\$	204	\$	23,001	

December 31, 2012 Loans past due, still accruing

	30	0-59 Days		60-89 Days		90+Days		Loans		
				(dollars in	thousan	ds)				
Illinois/Indiana										
Commercial	\$	111	\$	80	\$	19	\$	2,039		
Commercial real estate		216		59		139		9,295		
Real estate construction								3,364		
Retail real estate		1,154		294		46		2,855		
Retail other		2		2						
Total Illinois/Indiana	\$	1,483	\$	435	\$	204	\$	17,553		
Florida										
Commercial	\$		\$		\$		\$			
Commercial real estate								4,754		
Real estate construction										
Retail real estate		364				52		2,797		
Retail other				3						
Total Florida	\$	364	\$	3	\$	52	\$	7,551		
Total	\$	1,847	\$	438	\$	256	\$	25,104		

A loan is impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Company will be unable to collect scheduled principal and interest payments when due according to the terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower s prior payment record, and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. The following loans are assessed for impairment by the Company: loans 60 days or more past due and over \$0.25 million, loans graded 8 over \$0.5 million and loans graded 9 or below.

Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and construction loans by either the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the loan s effective interest rate, the loan s observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller balance homogenous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment. Accordingly, the Company does not separately identify individual consumer and residential loans for impairment disclosures unless such loans are the subject of a restructuring agreement.

The gross interest income that would have been recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2013 if impaired loans had been current in accordance with their original terms was \$0.4 million. The amount of interest collected on those loans and recognized on a cash basis that was included in interest income was insignificant for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

The Company s loan portfolio includes certain loans that have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring (TDR), where concessions have been granted to borrowers who have experienced financial difficulties. The Company will restructure loans for its customers who appear to be able to meet the terms of their loan over the long term, but who may be unable to meet the terms of the loan in the near term due to individual circumstances.

The Company considers the customer s past performance, previous and current credit history, the individual circumstances surrounding the current difficulties and the customer s plan to meet the terms of the loan in the future prior to restructuring the terms of the loan. Generally, all five primary areas of lending are restructured through short-term interest rate relief, short-term principal payment relief, short-term principal and interest payment relief, or forbearance (debt forgiveness). Once a restructured loan has gone 90+ days past due or is placed on non-accrual status, it is included in the non-performing loan totals. A summary of restructured loans as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is as follows:

	March 31, 2013 (dollars in	December 31, 2012 (s)
Restructured loans:		
In compliance with modified terms	\$ 18,973	\$ 22,023
30 89 days past due		28
Included in non-performing loans	8,347	6,458
Total	\$ 27,320	\$ 28,509

All TDRs are considered to be impaired for purposes of assessing the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses and for financial reporting purposes. When the Company modifies a loan in a TDR, it evaluates any possible impairment similar to other impaired loans based on present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at the loan s effective interest rate, the loan s observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. If the Company determines that the value of the TDR is less than the recorded investment in the loan, impairment is recognized through an allowance estimate in the period of the modification and in periods subsequent to the modification.

Performing loans classified as TDRs, segregated by class and geography, are shown below:

		nths Ended	Three Months Ended						
		31, 2013		March 31,	2012				
	Number of	Recorded	Number of		Recorded				
	contracts	investment	contracts		investment				
ш и т.		(dollars	s in thousands)						
Illinois/Indiana		_							
Commercial		\$		2 \$	1,280				
Commercial real estate									
Real estate construction				1	3,019				
Retail real estate									
Retail other									
Total Illinois/Indiana		\$		3 \$	4,299				
Florida									
Commercial		\$		\$					
Commercial real estate									
Real estate construction									
Retail real estate									
Retail other									
Total Florida		\$		\$					
Total		\$		3 \$	4,299				

The commercial TDRs for the three months ended March 31, 2012 involve short-term principal payment relief. The real estate construction TDR for the three months ended March 31, 2012 involve a forbearance agreement.

The gross interest income that would have been recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 if performing TDRs had been in accordance with their original terms instead of modified terms was insignificant.

TDRs that were classified as non-performing and had payment defaults (a default occurs when a loan is 90 days or more past due or transferred to non-accrual), segregated by class and geography, are shown below:

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	Three M	onths En	ded	Three Months Ended					
	Marc	h 31, 201	3	March	31, 2	012			
	Number of contracts		Recorded nvestment (dollars in tho	Number of contracts ousands)		Recorded investment			
Illinois/Indiana									
Commercial		\$			\$				
Commercial real estate	1		1,700	1		4,068			
Real estate construction									
Retail real estate									
Retail other									
Total Illinois/Indiana	1	\$	1,700	1	\$	4,068			
Florida									
Commercial		\$			\$				
Commercial real estate									
Real estate construction				1		657			
Retail real estate	3		407	1		143			
Retail other									
Total Florida	3	\$	407	2	\$	800			
Total	4	\$	2,107	3	\$	4,868			

The following tables provide details of impaired loans, segregated by category and geography. The unpaid contractual principal balance represents the recorded balance prior to any partial charge-offs. The recorded investment represents customer balances net of any partial charge-offs recognized on the loan. The average recorded investment is calculated using the most recent four quarters.

	Cor Pr	Jnpaid ntractual rincipal salance	In	Recorded avestment with No llowance	I	March Recorded nvestment with Allowance (dollars in	Í	Total Recorded nvestment	A	Related Allowance	I	Average Recorded evestment
Illinois/Indiana												
Commercial	\$	9,250	\$	4,605	\$	589	\$	5,194	\$	589	\$	8,352
Commercial real estate		14,929		10,358		1,702		12,060		847		13,138
Real estate construction		9,203		5,952		2,794		8,746		1,050		8,958
Retail real estate		6,413		5,308		30		5,338		30		5,142
Retail other												10
Total Illinois/Indiana	\$	39,795	\$	26,223	\$	5,115	\$	31,338	\$	2,516	\$	35,600
Florida												
Commercial	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	157
Commercial real estate		8,751		5,770				5,770				6,355
Real estate construction		2,593		2,593				2,593				3,460
Retail real estate		13,949		11,681		95		11,776		25		14,057
Retail other												
Total Florida	\$	25,293	\$	20,044	\$	95	\$	20,139	\$	25	\$	24,029
Total	\$	65,088	\$	46,267	\$	5,210	\$	51,477	\$	2,541	\$	59,629

	December 31, 2012											
	Cor Pr	Jnpaid ntractual rincipal salance	Ir	Recorded nvestment with No Allowance	Iı	Recorded nvestment with Allowance (dollars in	I	Total Recorded nvestment ands)	A	Related Allowance	F	Average Recorded vestment
Illinois/Indiana						Ì		ĺ				
Commercial	\$	11,557	\$	7,214	\$	265	\$	7,479	\$	265	\$	10,109
Commercial real estate		17,656		12,020		1,288		13,308		634		14,607
Real estate construction		6,851		6,394				6,394				8,625
Retail real estate		6,251		4,666		530		5,196		140		5,206
Retail other												24
Total Illinois/Indiana	\$	42,315	\$	30,294	\$	2,083	\$	32,377	\$	1,039	\$	38,571
Florida												
Commercial	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	271
Commercial real estate		9,533		5,988		585		6,573		235		6,506
Real estate construction		2,597		2,597				2,597				3,989
Retail real estate		16,518		12,673		1,373		14,046		483		15,254
Retail other												
Total Florida	\$	28,648	\$	21,258	\$	1,958	\$	23,216	\$	718	\$	26,020
Total	\$	70,963	\$	51,552	\$	4,041	\$	55,593	\$	1,757	\$	64,591

Management s opinion as to the ultimate collectability of loans is subject to estimates regarding future cash flows from operations and the value of property, real and personal, pledged as collateral. These estimates are affected by changing economic conditions and the economic prospects of borrowers.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses represents an estimate of the amount of losses believed inherent in the Company s loan portfolio at the balance sheet date. The allowance for loan losses is evaluated geographically, by class of loans. The allowance calculation involves a high degree of estimation that management attempts to mitigate through the use of objective historical data where available. Loan losses are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes the uncollectibility of the loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. Overall, the Company believes the allowance methodology is consistent with prior periods and the balance was adequate to cover the estimated losses in the Company s loan portfolio at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

The general portion of the Company s allowance contains two components: (i) a component for historical loss ratios, and (ii) a component for adversely graded loans. The historical loss ratio component is an annualized loss rate calculated using a sum-of-years digits weighted 20 quarter historical average.

The Company s component for adversely graded loans attempts to quantify the additional risk of loss inherent in the grade 8 and grade 9 portfolios. The grade 9 portfolio has an additional allocation placed on those loans determined by a one-year charge-off percentage for the respective loan type/geography. The minimum additional reserve on a grade 9 loan was 3.00% as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, which is an estimate of the additional loss inherent in these loan grades based upon a review of overall historical charge-offs. As of March 31, 2013, the Company believed this minimum reserve remained adequate.

Grade 8 loans have an additional allocation placed on them determined by the trend difference of the respective loan type/geography s rolling 12 and 20 quarter historical loss trends. If the rolling 12 quarter average is higher (more current information) than the rolling 20 quarter average, the Company adds the additional amount to the allocation. The minimum additional amount for grade 8 loans was 1.00% as of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, based upon a review of the differences between the rolling 12 and 20 quarter historical loss averages by region. As of March 31, 2013, the Company believed this minimum additional amount remained adequate.

The specific portion of the Company s allowance relates to loans that are impaired, which includes non-performing loans, TDRs and other loans determined to be impaired. The impaired loans are subtracted from the general loans and are allocated specific reserves as discussed above.

Impaired loans are reported at the fair value of the underlying collateral, less estimated costs to sell, if repayment is expected solely from the collateral. Collateral values are estimated using a combination of observable inputs, including recent appraisals discounted for collateral specific changes and current market conditions, and unobservable inputs based on customized discounting criteria.

The general quantitative allocation based upon historical charge off rates is adjusted for qualitative factors based on current general economic conditions and other qualitative risk factors both internal and external to the Company. In general, such valuation allowances are determined by evaluating, among other things: (i) Management & Staff; (ii) Loan Underwriting, Policy and Procedures; (iii) Internal/External Audit & Loan Review; (iv) Valuation of Underlying Collateral; (v) Macro and Local Economic Factor; (vi) Impact of Competition, Legal & Regulatory Issues; (vii) Nature and Volume of Loan Portfolio; (viii) Concentrations of Credit; (ix) Net Charge-Off Trend; and (x) Non-Accrual, Past Due and Classified Trend. Management evaluates the degree of risk that each one of these components has on the quality of the loan portfolio on a quarterly basis. Based on each component s risk factor, a qualitative adjustment to the reserve may be applied to the appropriate loan categories.

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company did not adjust any qualitative factors. The Company bases its assessment on several sources and will continue to monitor its qualitative factors on a quarterly basis.

The following table details activity on the allowance for loan losses. Allocation of a portion of the allowance to one category does not preclude its availability to absorb losses in other categories.

				For	the 7	Three Months	Ended	l March 31, 20	13		
	Cor	mmercial	_	ommercial eal Estate		eal Estate onstruction (dollars in t		etail Real Estate ands)	Re	etail Other	Total
Illinois/Indiana											
Beginning balance	\$	6,597	\$	15,023	\$	2,527	\$	8,110	\$	322	\$ 32,579
Provision for loan loss		238		490		737		(404)		(6)	1,055
Charged-off		(183)		(847)				(272)		(136)	(1,438)
Recoveries		15		125		182		28		178	528
Ending Balance	\$	6,667	\$	14,791	\$	3,446	\$	7,462	\$	358	\$ 32,724
Florida											
Beginning balance	\$	1,437	\$	6,062	\$	2,315	\$	5,614	\$	5	\$ 15,433
Provision for loan loss		23		270		29		629		(6)	945
Charged-off				(245)		(35)		(1,178)		(2)	(1,460)
Recoveries		25		19		17		63		7	131
Ending Balance	\$	1 485	\$	6 106	\$	2 326	\$	5 128	\$	4	\$ 15 049

	Co	ommercial	_	For Commercial Real Estate	R	Three Months leal Estate onstruction (dollars in t	F	d March 31, 20 Retail Real Estate	etail Other	Total
Illinois/Indiana						(donars in t	iio us	anus)		
Beginning balance	\$	9,143	\$	18,605	\$	4,352	\$	6,473	\$ 464	\$ 39,037
Provision for loan loss		(1,973)		7,660		(317)		(262)	(51)	5,057
Charged-off		(279)		(8,424)		(288)		(861)	(146)	(9,998)
Recoveries		91		269		162		164	78	764
Ending Balance	\$	6,982	\$	18,110	\$	3,909	\$	5,514	\$ 345	\$ 34,860
Florida										
Beginning balance	\$	1,939	\$	8,413	\$	2,936	\$	6,160	\$ 21	\$ 19,469
Provision for loan loss		(563)		45		(400)		877	(16)	(57)
Charged-off		(40)		(216)		(69)		(764)		(1,089)
Recoveries		405		35		73		132	7	652
Ending Balance	\$	1,741	\$	8,277	\$	2,540	\$	6,405	\$ 12	\$ 18,975

The following table presents the allowance for loan losses and recorded investments in loans by category and geography:

	Co	mmercial	_	ommercial Real Estate	As of March 31, 2013 Real Estate Retail Real Construction Estate (dollars in thousands)			R	Retail Other		Total	
Illinois/Indiana												
Amount allocated to:												
Loans individually evaluated												
for impairment	\$	589	\$	847	\$	1,050	\$	30	\$		\$	2,516
Loans collectively evaluated												
for impairment		6,078		13,944		2,396		7,432		358		30,208
Ending Balance	\$	6,667	\$	14,791	\$	3,446	\$	7,462	\$	358	\$	32,724
Loans:												
Loans individually evaluated												
for impairment	\$	5,194	\$	12,060	\$	8,746	\$	5,338	\$		\$	31,338
Loans collectively evaluated												
for impairment		408,769		833,408		63,392		397,524		12,786		1,715,879
Ending Balance	\$	413,963	\$	845,468	\$	72,138	\$	402,862	\$	12,786	\$	1,747,217
Florida												
Amount allocated to:												
Loans individually evaluated												
for impairment	\$		\$		\$		\$	25	\$		\$	25
Loans collectively evaluated												
for impairment		1,485		6,106		2,326		5,103		4		15,024
Ending Balance	\$	1,485	\$	6,106	\$	2,326	\$	5,128	\$	4	\$	15,049
Loans:												
Loans individually evaluated												
for impairment	\$		\$	5,770	\$	2,593	\$	11,776	\$		\$	20,139
Loans collectively evaluated												
for impairment		11,959		141,731		14,447		93,956		398		262,491
Ending Balance	\$	11,959	\$	147,501	\$	17,040	\$	105,732	\$	398	\$	282,630

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			As of December 31, 2012									
	Cou	mmercial	_	ommercial eal Estate		eal Estate Instruction	F	Retail Real Estate		Retail Other		Total
	Coi	illillei Ciai	N	eai Estate	Cu		n thousands)			Other		Total
Illinois/Indiana						(,				
Amount allocated to:												
Loans individually evaluated												
for impairment	\$	265	\$	634	\$		\$	140	\$		\$	1,039
Loans collectively evaluated												
for impairment		6,332		14,389		2,527		7,970		322		31,540
Ending Balance	\$	6,597	\$	15,023	\$	2,527	\$	8,110	\$	322	\$	32,579
Loans:												
Loans individually evaluated												
for impairment	\$	7,479	\$	13,308	\$	6,394	\$	5,196	\$		\$	32,377
Loans collectively evaluated												
for impairment		415,348		829,654		63,735		404,867		11,944		1,725,548
Ending Balance	\$	422,827	\$	842,962	\$	70,129	\$	410,063	\$	11,944	\$	1,757,925
Florida												
Amount allocated to:												
Loans individually evaluated	_		_		_		_		_		_	
for impairment	\$		\$	235	\$		\$	483	\$		\$	718
Loans collectively evaluated		1 105		5.005		2 21 5		5 101		_		14515
for impairment	Ф	1,437	Ф	5,827	Ф	2,315	Ф	5,131	Ф	5	Ф	14,715
Ending Balance	\$	1,437	\$	6,062	\$	2,315	\$	5,614	\$	5	\$	15,433
т												
Loans:												
Loans individually evaluated	\$		\$	6,573	\$	2,597	\$	14,046	\$		\$	22 216
for impairment	Ф		Ф	0,373	Ф	2,397	Ф	14,040	Ф		Ф	23,216
Loans collectively evaluated		10,861		121 507		12 275		05 724		409		251 064
for impairment Ending Balance	\$	10,861	\$	131,597 138,170	\$	13,375 15,972	\$	95,724 109,770	\$	409	\$	251,966 275,182
Enumg Datance	Φ	10,001	φ	130,170	φ	13,912	Φ	109,770	Ф	409	Φ	273,102

Note 5: Securities Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, which are classified as secured borrowings, generally mature either daily or within one year from the transaction date. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are reflected at the amount of cash received in connection with the transaction. The underlying securities are held by the Company s safekeeping agent. The Company may be required to provide additional collateral based on the fair value of the underlying securities. The following table sets forth the distribution of securities sold under agreements to repurchase and weighted average interest rates:

	N	March 31, 2013		December 31, 2012
		(dollars in	ls)	
Balance	\$	130,809	\$	139,024
Weighted average interest rate at end of period		0.13%		0.15%
Maximum outstanding at any month end	\$	133,362	\$	146,710
Average daily balance	\$	130,093	\$	132,150
Weighted average interest rate during period (1)		0.14%		0.21%

⁽¹⁾ The weighted average interest rate is computed by dividing total interest for the period by the average daily balance outstanding.

Note 6: Earnings Per Common Share

Net income per common share has been computed as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2013 (in thousands, exce	,	2012 pare data)		
	(iii tiioustiius) tiite	pe per si	 (
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 5,525	\$	6,735		
Shares:					
Weighted average common shares outstanding	86,703		86,620		
Dilutive effect of outstanding options, warrants and					
restricted stock units as determined by the					
application of the treasury stock method	8		10		
Weighted average common shares outstanding, as					
adjusted for diluted earnings per share calculation	86,711		86,630		
Basic earnings per common share	\$ 0.06	\$	0.08		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.06	\$	0.08		

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

Diluted earnings per share are determined by dividing net income available to common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding. Common stock equivalents assume exercise of stock options, warrants and vesting of restricted stock units and use of proceeds to purchase treasury stock at the average market price for the period. If the average market price for the period is less than the strike price of a stock option, warrant or grant price of a restricted stock unit, that option/warrant/restricted stock unit is considered anti-dilutive and is excluded from the calculation of common stock equivalents. At March 31, 2013, 656,279 outstanding options, 573,833 warrants, and 787,842 restricted stock units were anti-dilutive and excluded from the calculation of common stock equivalents. At March 31, 2012, 804,968 outstanding options, 573,833 warrants, and 535,444 restricted stock units were anti-dilutive and excluded from the calculation of common stock equivalents.

Note 7: Stock-based Compensation

Under the terms of the Company s 2010 Equity Incentive Plan, the Company is allowed, but not required, to source stock option exercises from its inventory of treasury stock. As of March 31, 2013, the Company held 1,595,973 shares in treasury, with 895,655 additional shares authorized for repurchase under its stock repurchase plan. The repurchase plan has no expiration date and expires when the Company has repurchased all of the remaining authorized shares.

A description of the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan can be found in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Company s 2010 Equity Incentive Plan is designed to encourage ownership of its common stock by its employees and directors, to provide additional incentive for them to promote the success of its business, and to attract and retain talented personnel. All of the Company s employees and directors, and those of its subsidiaries, are eligible to receive awards under the plan.

A summary of the status of and changes in the Company s stock option plans for the three months ended March 31, 2013 follows:

	Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise s Price		Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding at beginning of year	857,468	\$	17.01	
Granted				
Exercised				
Forfeited	148,689		16.00	
Outstanding at end of period	708,779	\$	17.22	2.79
Exercisable at end of period	708,779	\$	17.22	2.79

The Company did not recognize any compensation expense related to stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2013 or 2012.

A summary of the changes in the Company s stock unit awards for the three months ended March 31, 2013, is as follows:

	Restricted Stock Units	Director Deferred Stock Units	Total	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested at beginning of year	736,412	32,991	769,403	\$ 4.92
Granted	13,158		13,158	4.56
Dividend Equivalents Earned				
Vested	(18,648)		(18,648)	5.24
Forfeited				
Non-vested at end of period	730,922	32,991	763,913	\$ 4.90
Outstanding at end of period	730,922	56,920	787,842	\$ 4.91

All recipients earn quarterly dividend equivalents on their respective units. These dividend equivalents are not paid out during the vesting period, but instead entitle the recipients to additional units. Therefore, dividends earned each quarter will compound based upon the updated unit balances. Upon vesting/delivery, shares are expected to be issued from treasury.

On March 26, 2013, under the terms of the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan, the Company granted 13,158 restricted stock units (RSUs) to a certain member of management. As the stock price on the grant date of March 26, 2013 was \$4.56, total compensation cost to be recognized is \$60,000. This cost will be recognized over a period of one to three years. Per the respective agreements, 4,386 RSUs vest over a requisite service period of one year, 4,386 RSUs vest over a requisite service period of three years. Subsequent to each requisite service period, the awards will vest 100%.

A listing of RSUs granted in 2012 under the terms of the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan can be found in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The Company recognized \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million of compensation expense related to non-vested stock units for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of March 31, 2013, there was \$2.0 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to these non-vested stock units. This cost is expected to be recognized over a period of 2.7 years.

Note 8: Income Taxes

At March 31, 2013, the Company was under examination by the Illinois Department of Revenue for the Company s 2009 and 2010 income tax filings. This examination is expected to be finalized in the second quarter of 2013.

Note 9: Outstanding Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Legal Matters

The Company and its subsidiaries are parties to legal actions which arise in the normal course of their business activities. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position or the results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Credit Commitments and Contingencies

The Company and its subsidiary are parties to credit related financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Company and its subsidiary s exposure to credit loss are represented by the contractual amount of those commitments. The Company and its subsidiary use the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments. A summary of the contractual amount of the Company and its subsidiary s exposure to off-balance-sheet risk relating to the Company and its subsidiary s commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit follows:

	M	arch 31, 2013		cember 31, 2012		
		(dollars in thousands)				
Financial instruments whose contract amounts represent credit risk:						
Commitments to extend credit	\$	495,670	\$	483,373		
Standby letters of credit		12,327		12,305		

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as no condition established in the contract has been violated. These commitments are generally at variable interest rates and generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The commitments for equity lines of credit may expire without being drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The amount of collateral obtained, if it is deemed necessary by the Company and its subsidiary upon extension of credit, is based on management scredit evaluation of the customer.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company and its subsidiary to guarantee the performance of a customer s obligation to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements, including bond financing and similar transactions and primarily have terms of one year or less. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Company and its subsidiary holds collateral, which may include accounts receivable, inventory, property and equipment, and income producing properties, supporting those commitments if deemed necessary. In the event the customer does not perform in accordance with the terms of the agreement with the third party, the Company and its subsidiary would be required to fund the commitment. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company and its subsidiary could be required to make is represented by the contractual amount shown in the summary above. If the commitment is funded, the Company and its subsidiary would be entitled to seek recovery from the customer. As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, no amounts were recorded as liabilities for the Company and its subsidiary s potential obligations under these guarantees.

As of March 31, 2013, the Company had no futures, forwards, swaps or option contracts, or other financial instruments with similar characteristics with the exception of rate lock commitments on mortgage loans to be held for sale.

Note 10: Reportable Segments and Related Information

The Company has three reportable segments, Busey Bank, FirsTech and Busey Wealth Management. Busey Bank provides a full range of banking services to individual and corporate customers through its branch network in downstate Illinois, through its branch in Indianapolis, Indiana, and through its branch network in southwest Florida. FirsTech provides remittance processing for online bill payments, lockbox and walk-in payments. Busey Wealth Management is the parent company of Busey Trust Company, which provides a full range of asset management, investment and fiduciary services to individuals, businesses and foundations, tax preparation and philanthropic advisory services.

The Company s three reportable segments are strategic business units that are separately managed as they offer different products and services and have different marketing strategies.

The segment financial information provided below has been derived from the internal accounting system used by management to monitor and manage the financial performance of the Company. The accounting policies of the three segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Following is a summary of selected financial information for the Company s business segments:

		Good	dwill		Total	Assets	
	N	larch 31, 2013	December 3 2012	51,	March 31, 2013	D	ecember 31, 2012
		(dollars in thousands)			(dollars in thousands)		
Goodwill & Total Assets:							
Busey Bank	\$		\$	\$	3,571,224	\$	3,567,637
FirsTech		8,992		8,992	26,453		26,401
Busey Wealth Management		11,694	1	1,694	26,523		26,653
All Other					24,110		(2,635)
Total	\$	20,686	\$ 20	0.686 \$	3,648,310	\$	3,618,056

	Three Months Ended Marc				
	(dollars in t	housands	2012 ands)		
Interest income:	(<i>'</i>		
Busey Bank \$	27,040	\$	30,013		
FirsTech	13		16		
Busey Wealth Management	60		66		
All Other	2		1		
Total interest income \$	27,115	\$	30,096		
<u>Interest expense:</u>					
Busey Bank \$	2,232	\$	4,064		
FirsTech					
Busey Wealth Management					
All Other	300		334		
Total interest expense \$	2,532	\$	4,398		
Other income:					
Busey Bank \$	10,497	\$	10,064		
FirsTech	2,129		2,189		
Busey Wealth Management	4,103		3,932		
All Other	(88)		1,695		
Total other income \$	16,641	\$	17,880		
Net income:					
Busey Bank \$	5,793	\$	6,029		