0	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 19 For the transition period from to
	or
(Ma x	k One) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 19 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010
	FORM 10-Q
	WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
	UNITED STATES

1

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1260 Red Fox Road
Arden Hills, Minnesota
(Address of principal executive offices)

55112

(Zip Code)

(651) 636-9770

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

NA

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). o Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer , accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

o Yes x No

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant s common stock, \$1.00 par value, on July 30, 2010 was 5,485,806 (net of 515,754 treasury shares).

INTRICON CORPORATION

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PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

INTRICON CORPORATION

Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets

(In Thousands)

	une 30, 2010 naudited)	December 31 2009	
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 563	\$	385
Restricted cash	413		406
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$246 at June			
30, 2010 and \$226 at December 31, 2009	7,527		7,084
Inventories	8,457		8,221
Other current assets	450		879
Current assets of discontinued operations			1,140
Total current assets	17,410		18,115
Machinery and equipment	36,242		35,516
Less: Accumulated depreciation	29,740		28,725
Net machinery and equipment	6,502		6,791
Goodwill	9,709		9,717
Investment in partnerships	1,225		1,237
Other assets of discontinued operations	ŕ		142
Other assets, net	1,368		1,361
Total assets	\$ 36,214	\$	37,363
Current liabilities:			
Checks written in excess of cash	\$ 185	\$	102
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,835		1,709
Accounts payable	3,502		3,637
Deferred gain	110		110
Partnership payable	260		260
Liabilities of discontinued operations			926
Other accrued liabilities	3,688		2,867
Total current liabilities	9,580		9,611

Long-term debt, less current maturities	6,274	7,730
Other postretirement benefit obligations	716	756
Long-term partnership payable	500	500
Deferred income taxes	147	129
Accrued pension liabilities	457	543
Deferred gain	550	605
Total liabilities	18,224	19,874
Commitments and contingencies (note 14) Shareholders equity: Common shares, \$1.00 par value per share; 20,000 shares authorized; 5,995		
and 5,986 shares issued; 5,480 and 5,470 shares outstanding at June 30,		
2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.	5,996	5,986
Additional paid-in capital	15,257	14,987
Retained deficit	(1,718)	(2,005)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(280)	(214)
Less: 516 common shares held in treasury, at cost	(1,265)	(1,265)
Total shareholders equity	17,990	17,489
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 36,214	\$ 37,363

(See accompanying notes to the consolidated condensed financial statements)

INTRICON CORPORATION

Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended				
	June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)		June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)		June 30, 2010 (Unaudited)		June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)	
Sales, net	\$	14,934	\$	12,811	\$	29,488	\$	24,655
Cost of sales		10,903		10,118		21,781		19,786
Gross profit		4,031		2,693		7,707		4,869
Operating expenses:								
Selling expense		835		710		1,622		1,329
General and administrative expense		1,493		1,400		2,937		2,779
Research and development expense		1,105		787		2,224		1,667
Total operating expenses		3,433		2,897		6,783		5,775
Operating income (loss)		598		(204)		924		(906)
Interest expense		(172)		(118)		(342)		(243)
Equity in loss of partnerships				(114)		(12)		(201)
Other income, net		42		25		86		82
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes and discontinued								
operations		468		(411)		656		(1,268)
Income tax expense (benefit)		64		12		75		(38)
Income (loss) before discontinued operations		404		(423)		581		(1,230)
•				(- /				(, ,
Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes		(170)		(175)		(329)		(357)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations,		(170)		(173)		(327)		(331)
net of income taxes		35				35		
Net income (loss)	\$	269	\$	(598)	\$	287	\$	(1,587)
Basic income (loss) per share:								
Continuing operations	\$	0.07	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.11	\$	(0.23)
Discontinued operations	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.03)	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.07)
Net income (loss)	\$	0.05	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.05	\$	(0.30)

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Diluted income (loss) per share:				
Continuing operations	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.08) \$	0.11	\$ (0.23)
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.03) \$	(0.06)	\$ (0.07)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.11) \$	0.05	\$ (0.30)
Average shares outstanding:				
Basic	5,476	5,354	5,474	5,348
Diluted	5,614	5,354	5,496	5,348

(See accompanying notes to the consolidated condensed financial statements)

INTRICON CORPORATION

Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

(In Thousands)

	In	Six Months Ended June 30, June 30,			
		2010	2009		
		audited)		audited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	(,	(
Net income (loss)	\$	287	\$	(1,587)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by					
operating activities:					
Gain on sale of discontinued operations		(35)			
Depreciation and amortization		1,355		1,245	
Stock-based compensation		239		272	
Gain on disposition of property				(51)	
Change in deferred gain		(55)		(60)	
Change in allowance for doubtful accounts		20		(151)	
Equity in loss of partnerships		12		201	
Provision for deferred income taxes		18		(26)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(569)		512	
Inventories		(307)		(312)	
Other assets		210		192	
Accounts payable		(116)		388	
Accrued expenses		373		(723)	
Other liabilities		29		(10)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,461		(110)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(770)		(636)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment				100	
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations, net		775			
Proceeds from note receivable				225	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		5		(311)	
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		4,965		5,087	
Repayments of long-term borrowings		(6,295)		(5,141)	
Proceeds from employee stock purchases and exercise of stock options		36		53	
Change in restricted cash		(57)		(5)	
Change in checks written in excess of cash		84		352	

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Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(1,267)	346
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(21)	(1)
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash, beginning of period	178 385	(76) 249
Cash, end of period	\$ 563	\$ 173

(See accompanying notes to the consolidated condensed financial statements)

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INTRICON CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited) (In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)

1. General

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated condensed financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly IntriCon Corporation s (IntriCon or the Company) consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, and the consolidated results of its operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. Results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicators of the results of the operations expected for the full year or any other interim period.

On January 1, 2010, the Company purchased the remaining 10 percent minority interest of its German subsidiary for approximately \$18. The non-controlling interest was immaterial for all periods presented.

Segment Disclosures A business segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. The Company s segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in the nature of the products sold, type of customers, methods used to distribute the Company s products and regulatory environment. Management believes that the Company meets the criteria for aggregating its operating segments of its continuing operations into a single reporting segment.

The Company has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the date of the consolidated financial statements for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The Company entered into a new Singapore lease subsequent to the quarter ended June 30, 2010. As the Company has decided to move the Singapore manufacturing facility the lease will replace the existing lease set to expire in November 2011. The lease agreement includes a five year term commencing in October 2010 with monthly rental payments ranging from approximately \$25 to \$35.

2. New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements, which amends Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements, by requiring additional disclosures for transfers in and out of levels 1 and 2 and activity in level 3 fair value measurements. Additionally, the amendment clarifies existing disclosure requirements surrounding the level of disaggregation and valuation techniques and inputs. This guidance became effective for us January 1, 2010 and did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Discontinued Operations

In December 2009, the Company s Board of Directors authorized management to exit the non-core electronics products segment operated by its wholly-owned subsidiary, RTI Electronics, Inc. and divest the assets used in the business. The decision to exit the electronics products segment was made to allow the Company to focus on its core body-worn device segment. In connection with its decision to divest the electronics business, the Company evaluated assets for impairment and costs of terminating employees and recorded the following: (i) an impairment charge of \$685 relating to goodwill, (ii) a reduction to realizable value of \$720 to tangible assets, and (iii) \$275 in employee termination costs for the year ended December 31, 2009. Additional costs related to employee terminations of approximately \$200 were recorded during the six months ended June 30, 2010.

On May 28, 2010 the Company completed the sale of substantially all of the assets of its electronics business to an affiliate of Shackleton Equity Partners (Shackleton), pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement dated May 28, 2010. Shackleton paid \$850 cash at closing for the assets and assumed certain operating liabilities of IntriCon s electronics business, subject to an accounts receivable adjustment.

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The Company recorded a gain on sale of \$35. The net gain was computed as follows:

Cash	\$ 4
Accounts receivable, net	773
Inventory, net	383
Other current assets	16
Property and equipment, net	72
Other assets	26
Accounts payable	(356)
Accrued expenses	(130)
Long-term debt	(48)
Total	\$ 740
Cash proceeds received from Shackleton	850
Net assets sold	(740)
Transaction costs	(75)
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	\$ 35

The following table shows the results of operations of the Company s electronic products segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2010		2009		2010	2009	
Sales, net	\$ 984	\$	1,165	\$	2,346	\$	2,652
Operating costs and expenses	(1,151)		(1,337)		(2,670)		(2,989)
Operating loss	(167)		(172)		(324)		(337)
Other expense, net	(3)		(3)		(5)		(5)
Loss from operations before income tax							
expense	(170)		(175)		(329)		(342)
Income tax expense							15
Net loss from discontinued operations	\$ (170)	\$	(175)	\$	(329)	\$	(357)

The following table shows the assets and liabilities of the electronic products segment at December 31, 2009:

2009

Cash	\$ 5
Accounts receivable, net	757
Inventory, net	332
Other current assets	46
Current assets of discontinued operations	1,140
Property and equipment, net	116
Other assets	26
Other assets of discontinued operations	142
Accounts payable	351
Accrued compensation and other liabilities	575
Current liabilities of discontinued operations	\$ 926

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As discussed above, along with the decision to divest the electronics business, the Company evaluated assets for impairment as of December 31, 2009. Information regarding the nonrecurring fair value measurement of such impairments completed during the three month period ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

2009 (in thousands):	Fair Valu as of measurem date		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significa unobserv inputs (Level	able s	Impair Cha	
Long-lived assets and goodwill of discontinued operations	\$	116	\$	\$	\$	116	\$	910

There were no additional impairments identified for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010.

4. Acquisition

On August 13, 2009, the Company acquired all of the outstanding stock of Jon Barron, Inc. doing business as Datrix (Datrix), a privately held developer, manufacturer, tester and marketer of medical devices and related software products, based in Escondido, California. The acquisition provided the Company entry into the ambulatory electrocardiograph (AECG) and event recording markets.

The purchase price included a closing cash payment of \$1,225, issuance of 75,000 shares of restricted common stock of the Company, valued at \$270 based on the fair value of the common stock on August 13, 2009, and the issuance of a promissory note in the amount of \$1,050 bearing annual interest at 6%, subject to adjustment. In addition, the Company paid off Datrix s outstanding line of credit with Wells Fargo of \$130 at closing.

The principal amount of the promissory note is payable in three installments of \$350 on August 13, 2010, August 13, 2011 and August 13, 2012. The note bears annual interest at 6% and is payable with each installment of principal as

set forth above.

The assets and liabilities of Datrix were recorded as of the acquisition date at their respective fair values and consolidated with those of the Company. Likewise, the results of operations of the Datrix operations since August 13, 2009 have been included in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The allocation of the net purchase price of the acquisition resulted in goodwill of approximately \$2,128. The goodwill represents operating and market synergies that the Company expects to be realized as a result of the acquisition and future opportunities and is not tax deductible. The purchase price allocation is based on estimates of fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The valuation required the use of significant assumptions and estimates. These estimates were based on assumptions the Company believed to be reasonable.

The purchase price was as follows as of August 13, 2009 (amounts in thousands):

Cash paid to seller at closing	\$ 1,225
Cash paid to Wells Fargo at closing	130
Stock consideration	270
Seller note at close	1,050
Total purchase price	\$ 2,675

The following table summarizes the purchase price allocation for the Datrix acquisition (amounts in thousands):

Cash	\$ 13
Other current assets	522
Intangible assets (weighted average life of 2.4 years)	125
Goodwill Body-Worn Segment	2,128
Current liabilities	(113)
Total preliminary purchase price allocation	\$ 2,675

Results from operations of Datrix are not considered material to the financial statements for 2009. Proforma results are also not considered material for 2009. Acquisition costs of \$277 were primarily incurred and recorded in the three month period ended September 30, 2009.

5. Product Warranty

In general, the Company warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship and will fully conform to and perform to specifications for a period of one year. The following table presents changes in the Company s warranty liability for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010:

	mo er Jui	hree onths ided ne 30, 010	Six months ended June 30, 2010		
Beginning balance	\$	98	\$	71	
Warranty expense Closed warranty claims		26 (5)		53 (5)	
Ending balance	\$	119	\$	119	

6. Geographic Information

The geographical distribution of long-lived assets to geographical areas consisted of the following at:

	_	ine 30, 2010	D	December 31, 2009			
United States	\$	5,630	\$	5,893			
Other primarily Singapore		1,250		1,229			
Consolidated	\$	6,880	\$	7,122			

Long-lived assets consist of property and equipment as they are difficult to move and relatively illiquid. Excluded from long-lived assets are investments in partnerships, patents, license agreements and goodwill. The Company capitalizes long-lived assets pertaining to the production of specialized parts. These assets are periodically reviewed to

assure the net realizable value from the estimated future production based on forecasted cash flows exceeds the carrying value of the assets.

The geographical distribution of net sales to geographical areas for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
Net Sales to Geographical Areas	•	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009
United States	\$	10,489	\$	9,152	\$	20,549	\$	17,532
Germany		525		307		1,413		880
China		851		808		1,690		1,341
Switzerland		179		190		340		352
Japan		406		514		673		939
France		468		455		863		878
Singapore		288		151		748		451
United Kingdom		103		191		180		341
Vietnam		376		300		649		464
Hong Kong		179		55		355		206
All other countries		1,070		688		2,028		1,271
Consolidated	\$	14,934	\$	12,811	\$	29,488	\$	24,655

Geographic net sales are allocated based on the location of the customer. All other countries include net sales primarily to various countries in Europe and in the Asian Pacific.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, one customer accounted for 25 percent of the Company s consolidated net sales. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, two customers accounted for 19 percent and 12 percent and 19 percent and 13 percent of the Company s consolidated net sales, respectively.

At June 30, 2010, one customer accounted for 14 percent of the Company s consolidated accounts receivable, respectively. At December 31, 2009, two customers accounted for 16 percent and 11 percent of the Company s consolidated accounts receivable, respectively.

7. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following at:

	Raw materials		Work-in process		Finished products and components		Total
June 30, 2010							
Domestic	\$ 3,799	\$	1,517	\$	1,186	\$	6,502
Foreign	1,277		463		215		1,955
Total	\$ 5,076	\$	1,980	\$	1,401	\$	8,457
December 31, 2009							
Domestic	\$ 3,651	\$	1,680	\$	934	\$	6,265
Foreign	1,515		217		224		1,956
Total	\$ 5,166	\$	1,897	\$	1,158	\$	8,221

8. Short and Long-Term Debt

Short and long-term debt is summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2010			December 31, 2009		
Domestic Asset-Based Revolving Credit Facility	\$	3,240	\$	4,450		
Foreign Overdraft and Letter of Credit Facility Domestic Term Loan		919 2,900		678 3,250		
Domestic Capital Equipment Leases		2,900		11		

Note Payable Datrix Purchase	1,050	1,050
Total Debt	8,109	9,439
Less: Current maturities	(1,835)	(1,709)
Total Long Term Debt	\$ 6,274 \$	7,730

To finance a portion of the Datrix acquisition and replace the Company s existing credit facilities with Bank of America, including capital leases, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries entered into a new three year credit facility with The PrivateBank and Trust Company on August 13, 2009. The credit facility provides for:

an \$8,000 revolving credit facility, with a \$200 subfacility for letters of credit. Under the revolving credit facility, the availability of funds depends on a borrowing base composed of stated percentages of the Company s eligible trade receivables and eligible inventory, and eligible equipment less a reserve; and

a \$3,500 term loan.

Loans under the credit facility are secured by a security interest in substantially all of the assets of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries including a pledge of the stock of its domestic subsidiaries. Loans under the credit facility bear interest at varying rates based on predefined levels of Funded Debt / EBITDA, at the option of the Company, at:

the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 3.00% - 4.00%, or

the base rate, which is the higher of (a) the rate publicly announced from time to time by the lender as its prime rate and (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5%, plus 0.25% - 1.25%.

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Weighted average interest on the new domestic asset-based revolving credit facility was 4.56% for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 4.07% for the year ended December 31, 2009. The outstanding balance of the revolving credit facility was \$3,240 and \$4,450 at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The total remaining availability on the revolving credit facility was approximately \$3,608 and \$2,821 at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The credit facility expires on August 13, 2012 and all outstanding borrowings will become due and payable.

The outstanding principal balance of the term loan is payable in quarterly installments of varying amounts ranging from \$169 to \$188. Any remaining principal and accrued interest is payable on August 13, 2012. IntriCon is also required to use 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain asset sales (excluding inventory and certain other dispositions), sale of capital securities or issuance of debt to pay down the term loan.

In March 2010, the Company entered into an amendment with the PrivateBank to waive certain covenant violations at December 31, 2009 and January 31, 2010 and reset certain covenant thresholds defined in the original agreement. The Company was in compliance with all applicable covenants under the credit facility, as amended, as of June 30, 2010.

Upon termination of the Bank of America credit facility, the Company was required to settle the outstanding obligations of \$121 for the liability related to its interest rate swap agreement with Bank of America and recognize the corresponding charge of \$121 in interest expense in the three month period ended September 30, 2009, which was previously included in accumulated other comprehensive loss. In addition, the Company expensed the remaining deferred financing costs of \$86 related to the Bank of America facility, which was also included in interest expense in the three month period ended September 30, 2009.

The prior credit facility provided for:

a \$10,000 revolving credit facility, with a \$200 subfacility for letters of credit. Under the revolving credit facility, the availability of funds depends on a borrowing base composed of stated percentages of our eligible trade receivables and eligible inventory, less a reserve.

a \$4,500 term loan, which was used to fund the Company s May, 2007 acquisition of Tibbetts Industries, Inc.

Loans under the credit facility were secured by a security interest in substantially all of the assets of the borrowers including a pledge of the stock of the subsidiaries. All of the borrowers were jointly and severally liable for all

borrowings under the credit facility.

In June 2008, the Company completed a sale-leaseback of machinery and equipment with Bank of America. The transaction generated proceeds of \$1,098, of which \$1,013 was used to pay down the domestic term loan. The facility was repaid on August 13, 2009 with proceeds borrowed under the new PrivateBank facility.

In addition to its domestic credit facilities, the Company s wholly-owned subsidiary, IntriCon, PTE LTD., entered into an international senior secured credit agreement with Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Ltd. that provides for a \$1,860 line of credit. Borrowings bear interest at a rate of .75% to 2.5% over the lender s prevailing prime lending rate. Weighted average interest on the international credit facilities was 3.93% for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 5.31% for the year ended December 31, 2009. The outstanding balance was \$919 and \$678 at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The total remaining availability on the international senior secured credit agreement was approximately \$941 and \$1,177 at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

9. Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$64 and \$75, respectively compared to expense of \$12 and benefit of \$38 for the same periods in 2009. The expense (benefit) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 were primarily due to foreign operating income (loss) and state tax estimated payments. The Company has net operating loss carryforwards for U.S. federal income tax purposes and, consequently, minimal federal benefit or expense from the domestic operations was recognized as the deferred tax asset has a full valuation allowance.

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The following was the income (loss) before income taxes for each jurisdiction that the Company has operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
		ne 30, 010	J	une 30, 2009		ıne 30, 2010	J	une 30, 2009
United States	\$	183	\$	(473)	\$	340	\$	(1,069)
Singapore		169		32		143		(189)
Germany		116		30		173		(10)
Income (loss) before income taxes and discontinued operations	\$	468	\$	(411)	\$	656	\$	(1,268)

10. Shareholders Equity and Stock-based Compensation

The Company has a 1994 stock option plan, a 2001 stock option plan, a non-employee directors—stock option plan and a 2006 equity incentive plan. New grants may not be made under the 1994, the 2001 and the non-employee directors stock option plans; however certain option grants under these plans remain exercisable as of June 30, 2010. The aggregate number of shares of common stock for which awards could be granted under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan as of the date of adoption was 699 shares. Additionally, as outstanding options under the 2001 stock option plan and non-employee directors—stock option plan expire, the shares of the Company—s common stock subject to the expired options will become available for issuance under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan. On April 21, 2010, the Company—s shareholders approved an amendment to the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan to increase (i) the authorized number of shares of the Company—s common stock reserved and issuable under the plan by an additional 250 shares and (ii) the maximum number of incentive stock options that may be granted under the plan to be the same as the maximum number of shares that may be granted under the plan.

Under the various plans, executives, employees and outside directors receive awards of options to purchase common stock. Under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan, the Company may also grant stock awards, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units and other equity-based awards, although no such awards, other than awards under the programs discussed in the next two paragraphs, had been granted as of June 30, 2010. Under all awards, the terms are fixed on the grant date. Generally, the exercise price equals the market price of the Company s stock on the date of the grant. Options under the plans generally vest over three years, and have a maximum term of 10 years.

Additionally, the board has established the non-employee directors stock fee election program, referred to as the director program, as an award under the 2006 equity incentive plan. The director program gives each non-employee

director the right under the 2006 equity incentive plan to elect to have some or all of his quarterly director fees paid in common shares rather than cash. There were 1 and 1 shares issued in lieu of cash for director fees under the director program for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. There were 1 and 2 shares issued in lieu of cash for director fees under the director program for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

On July 23, 2008, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the non-employee director and executive officer stock purchase program, referred to as the management purchase program, as an award under the 2006 Plan. The purpose of the management purchase program is to permit the Company s non-employee directors and executive officers to purchase shares of the Company s common stock directly from the Company. Pursuant to the management purchase program, as amended, participants may elect to purchase shares of common stock from the Company not exceeding an aggregate of \$100 during any fiscal year. Participants may make such election one time during each twenty business day period following the public release of the Company s earnings announcement, referred to as a window period, and only if such participant is not in possession of material, non-public information concerning the Company, subject to the discretion of the Board to prohibit any transactions in common stock by directors and executive officers during a window period. There were no shares purchased under the management purchase program during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Stock option activity as of and during the six months ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted-average Exercise Price		Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2009 Options forfeited	1,054 (4)	\$	5.67 9.63	
Options granted Options exercised	127 (2)		3.44 3.13	
Outstanding at June 30, 2010	1,175	\$	5.42	\$
Exercisable at June 30, 2010	855	\$	5.29	\$ 51
Available for future grant at December 31, 2009	161			
Available for future grant at June 30, 2010	289			

The number of shares available for future grant at June 30, 2010 does not include a total of up to 398 shares subject to options outstanding under the 2001 stock option plan and non-employee directors—stock option plan as of June 30, 2010, which will become available for grant under the 2006 Equity Incentive Plan in the event of the expiration of such options.

The fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Black-Scholes option-pricing model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option-pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions, including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company s options have characteristics different from those of traded options, in the opinion of management, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its options. The weighted average fair value of options granted was \$2.17 and \$1.86, respectively, for options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010. The weighted average fair value of options granted was \$1.62 and \$1.68, respectively, for options granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

The Company calculates expected volatility for stock options and awards using both historical volatility as well as the average volatility of our peer competitors. The Company s historical volatility is not the sole input due to the material changes in the Company s operations as a result of the sales of business segments that occurred in 2005 and 2010.

The Company currently estimates a nine percent forfeiture rate for stock options, but will continue to review this estimate in future periods.

The Company also has an Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the Purchase Plan). A maximum of 100 shares may be sold under the Purchase Plan. There were 3 and 7 shares purchased under the plan for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and a total of 8 and 18 shares purchased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009.

The risk-free rates for the expected terms of the stock options and awards and the Purchase Plan is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options exercisable at June 30, 2010 was 5.25 years.

The Company recorded \$121 and \$239 of non-cash stock option expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. The Company recorded \$134 and \$272 of non-cash stock option expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. As of June 30, 2010, there was \$526 of total unrecognized compensation costs related to non-vested awards that are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.5 years.

11. Income Per Share

The following table presents a reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three months ended					Six months ended				
		June 30, 2010	June 30, 2009		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009			
Numerators:										
Income (loss) before discontinued										
operations	\$	404	\$	(423)	\$	581	\$	(1,230)		
Loss from discontinued operations,										
net of taxes and gain on sale		(135)		(175)		(294)		(357)		
Net income (loss)	\$	269	\$	(598)	\$	287	\$	(1,587)		
Denominator:										
Basic weighted shares outstanding Weighted shares assumed upon		5,476		5,354		5,474		5,348		
exercise of stock options		138				22				
Diluted weighted shares outstanding		5,614		5,354		5,496		5,348		
Basic earnings (loss) per share:										
Continuing operations	\$	0.07	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.11	\$	(0.23)		
Discontinued operations		(0.02)		(0.03)		(0.06)		(0.07)		
Basic earnings (loss) per share:	\$	0.05	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.05	\$	(0.30)		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:										
Continuing operations	\$	0.07	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.11	\$	(0.23)		
Discontinued operations		(0.02)		(0.03)		(0.06)		(0.07)		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:	\$	0.05	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.05	\$	(0.30)		

The dilutive impact summarized above relates to the periods when the average market price of Company stock exceeded the exercise price of the potentially dilutive option securities granted. Earnings per common share was based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the periods when computing the basic earnings per share. When dilutive, stock options are included as equivalents using the treasury stock market method when computing the diluted earnings per share.

Excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 were options out of the money with rights to purchase approximately 583 and 639 common shares, respectively, with an average exercise price of \$8.33 and \$7.68, respectively, because the effect would have been anti-dilutive. Excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 were options out of the money with rights to purchase approximately 1,033 common shares with an average exercise price of \$5.75

because the effect would have been anti-dilutive due to the Company s net losses in these periods.

12. Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used by the Company in the management of its interest rate and foreign currency exposure. There were no foreign currency derivative financial instruments for the periods presented. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. When entered into, the Company formally designates the derivative financial instrument as a hedge of a specific underlying exposure if such criteria are met, and documents both the risk management objectives and strategies for undertaking the hedge. The Company formally assesses, both at inception and at least quarterly thereafter, whether the derivative financial instruments that are used in hedging transactions are effective at offsetting changes in either the fair value or cash flows of the related underlying exposure. Because of the high correlation between the derivative financial instrument and the underlying exposure being hedged, fluctuations in the value of the derivative financial instruments are generally offset by changes in the fair values or cash flows of the underlying exposures being hedged. Any ineffective portion of a derivative financial instrument s change in fair value is immediately recognized in earnings.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its interest rate risk. The swaps are designated as cash flow hedges with the changes in fair value recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss and as a derivative hedge asset or liability, as applicable. The swaps settle periodically in arrears with the related amounts for the current settlement period payable to, or receivable from, the counter-parties included in accrued liabilities or accounts receivable and recognized in earnings as an adjustment to interest expense from the underlying debt to which the swap is designated.

Upon termination of the Bank of America credit facility, the Company was required to settle the outstanding obligations of \$121 for the liability related to its interest rate swap agreement with Bank of America and recognize the corresponding charge of \$121 in interest expense in the three month period ended September 30, 2009, which was previously included in other comprehensive income.

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Interest rate swaps, which are considered derivative instruments, of \$0 and \$35 are reported on the balance sheet at fair value in other current liabilities at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

13. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The components of comprehensive income (loss) were as follows:

	Three months ended				ded			
	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009	
Net income (loss)	\$	269	\$	(598)	\$	287	\$	(1,587)
Change in fair value of interest rate swap				14		35		26
(Loss) gain on foreign currency								
translation adjustment		(59)		(28)		(101)		1
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	210	\$	(612)	\$	221	\$	(1,560)

14. Legal Proceedings

We are a defendant along with a number of other parties in approximately 122 lawsuits as of June 30, 2010, (approximately 122 lawsuits as of December 31, 2009) alleging that plaintiffs have or may have contracted asbestos-related diseases as a result of exposure to asbestos products or equipment containing asbestos sold by one or more named defendants. Due to the noninformative nature of the complaints, we do not know whether any of the complaints state valid claims against us. Certain insurance carriers have informed us that the primary policies for the period August 1, 1970-1973, have been exhausted and that the carriers will no longer provide a defense under those policies. We have requested that the carriers substantiate this situation. We believe we have additional policies available for other years which have been ignored by the carriers. Because settlement payments are applied to all years a litigant was deemed to have been exposed to asbestos, we believe when settlement payments are applied to these additional policies, we will have availability under the years deemed exhausted. We do not believe that the asserted exhaustion of the primary insurance coverage for this period will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity, or results of operations. Management believes that the number of insurance carriers involved in the defense of the suits and the significant number of policy years and policy limits, to which these insurance carriers are insuring us, make the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits not material to our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

The Company s former wholly owned French subsidiary, Selas SAS, filed for insolvency in France and is being managed by a court appointed administrator. The Company may be subject to additional litigation or liabilities as a result of the French insolvency proceeding.

We are also involved in other lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. While it is not possible to predict with certainty the outcome of these matters, management is of the opinion that the disposition of these lawsuits and claims will not materially affect our consolidated financial position, liquidity or results of operations.

15. Related-Party Transactions

One of the Company s subsidiaries leases office and factory space from a partnership consisting of three present or former officers of the subsidiary, including Mark Gorder, a member of the Company s Board of Directors and the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The subsidiary is required to pay all real estate taxes and operating expenses. In the opinion of management, the terms of the lease agreement are comparable to those which could be obtained from unaffiliated third parties. The total base rent expense, real estate taxes and other charges incurred under the lease was approximately \$124 and \$245 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. The total base rent expense, real estate taxes and other charges incurred under the lease was approximately \$123 and \$242 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively. Annual lease commitments, which include base rent expense, real estate taxes and other charges, approximate \$477 through October 2011.

The Company uses the law firm of Blank Rome LLP for legal services. A partner of that firm is the son-in-law of the Chairman of the Company s Board of Directors. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company paid that firm approximately \$90 and \$104, respectively, for legal services and costs. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, the Company paid that firm approximately \$72 and \$92, respectively, for legal services and costs. The Chairman of our Board of Directors is considered independent under applicable Nasdaq and SEC rules because (i) no payments were made to the Chairman or the partner directly in exchange for the services provided by the law firm and (ii) the amounts paid to the law firm did not exceed the thresholds contained in the Nasdaq standards. Furthermore, the aforementioned partner does not provide any legal services to the Company and is not involved in billing matters.

16. Statements of Cash Flows

The following table provides supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

	Six mon	ths er	nded	
Interest received	ne 30, 010	June 30, 2009		
	\$ 3	\$	1	
Interest paid	357		176	
Income taxes paid	7		69	

17. Investment in Partnerships

The Company owns a 9% partnership interest in the Hearing Instrument Manufacturers Patent Partnership (HIMPP), and is a party to a license agreement that grants the Company access to over 45 US registered patents. The Company recorded an \$80 and \$117 decrease in the carrying amount of the investment, reflecting amortization of the patents, other intangibles and the Company s portion of the partnership s operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. The Company recorded a \$91 and \$128 decrease in the carrying amount of the investment, reflecting amortization of the patents, other intangibles and the Company s portion of the partnership s operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

The Company s subsidiary, IntriCon Tibbetts Corporation, owns a 50% interest in a joint venture with a Swiss company to market, design, manufacture, and sell audio coils to the hearing health industry. The Company has recorded an \$80 and \$105 increase in the carrying amount of the investment, reflecting the Company s portion of the joint venture s operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. The Company has recorded a \$23 and \$73 decrease in the carrying amount of the investment, reflecting the Company s portion of the joint venture s operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

Condensed financial information of the unaudited joint venture was as follows:

	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009	
Balance Sheet:			
Current assets	\$ 938	\$	833
Non-current assets	242		224
Total assets	\$ 1,180	\$	1,057
Current liabilities	517		604
Non-current liabilities			
Stockholders equity	663		453
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 1,180	\$	1,057

	•	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
Income Statement: Net revenues		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2009	
	\$	761	\$	430	\$	1,524	\$	876	
Net income (loss)	\$	160	\$	(46)	\$	210	\$	(146)	

18. Revenue by Market

The following tables set forth, for the periods indicated, net revenue by market:

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			ded	
	•	ine 30, 2010	_	ine 30, 2009	J	une 30, 2010	J	une 30, 2009
Hearing Health	\$	4,919	\$	5,009	\$	10,289	\$	9,420
Medical		6,516		5,474		13,026		10,759
Professional Audio Communications		3,499		2,328		6.173		4,476