PROCTER & GAMBLE CO Form 11-K June 29, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 11-K

x ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 [NO FEE REQUIRED] FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006, OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 [NO FEE REQUIRED] FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM ______ TO ______

Registration number: 333-128859

- A.Full title of the plan and the address of the plan, if different from that of the issuer named below: The Gillette Company Employees' Savings Plan.
- B.Name of issuer of the securities held pursuant to the plan and the address of its principal executive office: The Procter & Gamble Company, One Procter & Gamble Plaza, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

REQUIRED INFORMATION

The following audited financial statements are enclosed with this report:

- 1. Statement of Net Assets Available for Plan Benefits as of December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2005.
- 2. Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Plan Benefits for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Trustees (or other persons who administer the employee benefit plan) have duly caused this Annual Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

The Gillette Company Employees' Savings Plan

Date: June 29, 2007 By: <u>/s/ DAVID A. TIERSCH</u> David A. Tiersch

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.

23 Consent of Plante & Moran, PLLC

Financial Report

December 31, 2006

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To The Master Savings Plan Committee The Gillette Company Employees' Savings Plan

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets available for plan benefits of The Gillette Company Employees' Savings Plan as of December 31, 2006and 2005 and the related statement of changes in net assets available for plan benefits for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Plan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets available for plan benefits of the Plan as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in net assets available for plan benefits for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental schedule of assets held at end of year as of December 31, 2006 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Department of Labor's Rules and Regulations for Reporting and Disclosure under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The supplemental schedule is the responsibility of the Plan's management. This supplemental schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

/s/ Plante & Moran, PLLC

Southfield, Michigan June 22, 2007 - 1 -

Statement of Net Assets Available for Plan Benefits

	December 31			
		2006		2005
Assets Participant Directed Investments:				
Plan interest in The Gillette Company Master Savings Plan Trust Participant loans	\$	2,163,422,826 25,190,819	\$	2,166,998,220 26,947,830
Net assets available for plan benefits at fair value		2,188,613,645		2,193,946,050
Adjustment from fair value to contract value for fully benefit responsive investment contracts held in master trust		4,895,579		4,757,265
Net assets available for plan benefits	\$	2,193,509,224	\$	2,198,703,315

See Notes to Financial Statements. - 2 -

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Available for Plan Benefits

	Decem 2006		ber 31 2005	
Additions to Net Assets Attributed to Plan interest in investment income from				
The Gillette Company Master Savings Plan Trust	\$	232,321,971	\$	335,131,328
Interest on participant loans		1,575,721		1,476,580
Contributions:				
Employee		53,953,379		52,256,536
Employer		27,251,278		27,111,948
Total contributions		81,204,657		79,368,484
Total additions		315,102,349		415,976,392
Deductions from Net Assets Attributed to				
Benefit payments paid directly to participants		(320,161,465)		(280,477,841)
Net Increase (Decrease) Prior to Transfers		(5,059,116)		135,498,551
Transfer from (to) The Gillette Company ESOP (Note 1)		(134,975)		1,684,171
Net increase (decrease) in net assets available for plan benefits		(5,194,091)		137,182,722
Net assets available for plan benefits -				
Beginning of year		2,198,703,315		2,061,520,593
End of year	\$	2,193,509,224	\$	2,198,703,315

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 1 - Description of Plan

The Gillette Company Employees' Savings Plan (the Plan) is sponsored by The Gillette Company, a subsidiary of The Procter & Gamble Company (collectively, the Company). The following description provides only general information and participants should refer to the plan document for a more complete description of the Plan's provisions.

General - The Plan is a defined contribution plan subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), as amended. Regular employees of The Gillette Company and its participating subsidiaries are eligible to join the Plan on their date of hire, with the exception of the following employees:

(i) Any employee who is hired by a Participating Company after September 30, 2006, excluding employees located in the Iowa City Manufacturing location that are covered by a collectively bargained agreement

(ii) Any employee who is eligible to participate in The Procter & Gamble Profit Sharing Trust and Employee Ownership Plan

(iii) Any employee who is eligible to participate in The Profit Sharing Retirement Plan of The Procter & Gamble Commercial Company or The Procter & Gamble Commercial Company Employees' Savings Plan

At no time may an employee be eligible to contribute to and receive Company contributions from both this Plan and either The Profit Sharing Retirement Plan of The Procter & Gamble Commercial Company, The Procter & Gamble Commercial Company Employees' Savings Plan or The Procter & Gamble Profit Sharing Trust and Employee Ownership Plan.

Participant Contributions - Eligible employees may voluntarily contribute from 2 percent to 10 percent of their compensation as matched savings and from 1 percent to 5 percent of their compensation as unmatched savings. All contributions must be in 1 percent increments.

All matched savings contributed by an employee are divided equally between tax deferred and taxed savings. Unmatched savings may be designated by an employee to be either tax deferred or taxed, but not both. Tax deferred contributions made by an employee in any plan year may not exceed the annual limit set by law.

Employer Contributions - The Company contributes \$1.00 for every \$1.00 of each participant's matched savings for the first 5 percent of each participant's compensation contributed and \$0.20 for every \$1.00 of the next 5 percent of each participant's compensation contributed.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 1 - Description of Plan (Continued)

Transfers - Transfers into the Plan from The Gillette Company Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "ESOP") may occur if participants are terminated and do not elect payout of their ESOP balances within one full fiscal quarter from the date of their termination.

Vesting - Participants are immediately vested in their own employee contributions plus the actual earnings thereon. Matching contributions from the Company vest after the participant has completed the earliest of three years of service, two years from date of entry into the Plan, or the attainment of age 65. Participants are also 100 percent vested in the Company contributions credited to their accounts upon death, retirement, total and permanent disability or Company-initiated termination (other than for cause as determined by the Company).

Participant's Accounts - A separate account is established for each participant at the time of enrollment in the Plan. The balance in each account is invested, in accordance with the directions given by the participant, in one or more of the Plan's investment fund offerings (the Funds). Participants may direct their account balance in any of the various funds offered by the Plan.

Participant's are entitled to exercise voting rights for the shares of Company stock allocated to their accounts.

Participant Loans - The maximum loan available to each participant is the lesser of (1) \$50,000 reduced by the highest outstanding loan balance due from the participant during the preceding twelve months or (2) 50 percent of the participant's vested account balance, reduced by the current outstanding loan balance due from the participant. The minimum loan amount available to participants is \$500. Each loan shall bear interest at a rate determined by the Savings Plan Committee. Repayment of the loan must be made over a period not to exceed five years.

Plan Expenses - The Company bears most trustee and administrative costs of maintaining the Plan and investment expenses associated with the Company's stock fund. Investment expenses associated with all other funds offered as investment options under the Plan are deducted from the assets of each of those funds.

Plan Earnings - As of the close of each business day, the plan trustee is responsible for determining the fair market value of each of the investment options, which includes all accrued earnings. The increase or decrease in the fair market value of each investment fund since the preceding business day is allocated among the participant accounts invested in each fund based on the proportionate number of shares or units of the fund held by each participant at the close of the preceding business day.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 1 - Description of Plan (Continued)

With respect to the Company's stock fund, the trustee is responsible for determining the participants' accounts entitled to receive each quarterly dividend and the number of shares to be credited to each account, as of the quarterly ex-dividend date. Any interest or other income earned by the Fund, other than dividends, is allocated quarterly to participant accounts on a proportionate basis.

Benefit Payments - A participant, surviving spouse or other beneficiary may elect to receive their account balance as a partial or total withdrawal or may elect to have the proceeds of the distribution used to purchase an annuity contract for his or her benefit through an insurer of his/her choice.

Early withdrawals may also be made in the event of financial hardship and other circumstances, based upon special guidelines detailed in the plan document.

Forfeitures - Forfeitures by plan participants are used to reduce Company contributions.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting -The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of net assets available for plan benefits at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of additions to and deductions from net assets available for plan benefits. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments - Investments are allocations of the assets of The Gillette Company Master Savings Plan Trust (the Savings Plan Trust) based upon the proportionate interest of the Plan in the Savings Plan Trust. See Note 4 for a detailed description of the Savings Plan Trust.

Investments of the Savings Plan Trust are stated at fair value except for fully benefit-responsive synthetic guaranteed investment contracts which are valued at contract value. Contract value represents investments at cost plus accrued interest income less amount withdrawn to pay benefits. The fair value of these investment contracts is based on discounting the related cash flows utilizing current yields of similar investments with comparable durations. Fair value for shares of The Procter & Gamble Company common stock held in the Savings Plan Trust is defined as the closing price of the common stock as reported by the New York Stock Exchange. The fair value for mutual fund investments is determined daily by the trustee on a per-share basis using security prices quoted on national exchanges, and amortized cost in the case of any short-term and money market securities held. The fair value of the commingled fund is based on the fair value of the underlying investments held in the fund. Participant loans are valued at their outstanding balances, which approximates fair value.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Synthetic Investment Contracts - The Savings Plan Trust invests in synthetic investment contracts (synthetic GICs). A synthetic GIC is a wrap contract paired with an underlying investment or investments, usually a portfolio, owned by the master trust, of high-quality, intermediate term fixed income securities. The master trust purchases a wrapper contract from a financial services institution. Synthetic GICs credit a stated interest rate for a specified period of time. Investment gains and losses are amortized over the expected duration through the calculation of the interest rate applicable to the master trust on a prospective basis. Synthetic GICs provide for a variable crediting rate, which typically resets at least quarterly, and the issuer of the wrap contract provides assurance that future adjustments to the crediting rate can not result in a crediting rate less than zero. The crediting rate is primarily based on the current yield-to-maturity of the covered investments, plus or minus amortization of the difference between the market value and contract value of the covered investments over the duration of the covered investments at the time of computation. The crediting rate is most impacted by the change in the annual effective yield to maturity of the underlying securities, but is also affected by the differential between the contract value and the market value of the covered investments. This difference is amortized over the duration of the covered investments. Depending on the change in duration from reset period to reset period, the magnitude of the impact to the crediting rate of the contract to market difference is heightened or lessened. The crediting rate can be adjusted periodically and is usually adjusted either monthly or quarterly, but in no event is the crediting rate less the 0%.

Certain events limit the ability of the master trust to transact at contract value with the financial institution issuer. Such events include the following: (i) amendments to the plan documents (including complete or partial plan termination or merger with another plan) (ii) changes to the master trust's prohibition on competing investment options or deletion of equity wash provisions; (iii) bankruptcy of the plan sponsor or other plan sponsor events (e.g. divestitures or spin-offs of a subsidiary) which cause a significant withdrawal from the master trust or (iv) the failure of the trust to qualify for exemption from federal income taxes or any required prohibited transaction exemption under ERISA. The plan administrator does not believe that the occurrence of any such event, which would limit the master trust's ability to transact at contract value with participants, is probable.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The synthetic investment contracts generally impose conditions on both the master trust and the issuer. If an event of default occurs and is not cured, the non-defaulting party may terminate the contract. The following may cause the master trust to be in default: a breach of material obligation under the contract; a material misrepresentation; or a material amendment to the plan agreements. The issuer may be in default if it breaches a material obligation under the investment contract; makes a material misrepresentation; has a decline in its long term credit rating below a threshold set forth in the contract; is acquired or reorganized and the successor issuer does not satisfy the investment or credit guidelines applicable to issuers. If, in the event of default of an issuer, the master trust were unable to obtain a replacement investment contract, withdrawing plans may experience losses if the value of the master trust's assets no longer covered by the contract is below contract value. The master trust may seek to add additional issuers over time to diversify the master trust's exposure to such risk, but there is no assurance the master trust may be able to do so. The combination of the default of an issuer and an inability to obtain a replacement agreement could render the master trust unable to achieve its objective of maintaining a stable contract value. The terms of an investment contract generally provide for settlement of payments only upon termination of the contract or total liquidation of the covered investments. Generally, payments will be made pro-rata, based on the percentage of investments covered by each issuer. Contract termination occurs whenever the contract value or market value of the covered investments reaches zero or upon certain events of default. If the contract terminates due to issuer default (other than a default occurring because of a decline in its rating), the issuer will generally be required to pay to the master trust the excess, if any, of contract value over market value on the date of termination. If a synthetic GIC terminates due to a decline in the ratings of the issuer, the issuer may be required to pay to the master trust the cost of acquiring a replacement contract (i.e. replacement cost) within the meaning of the contract. If the contract terminates when the market value equals zero, the issuer will pay the excess of contract value over market value to the master trust to the extent necessary for the master trust to satisfy outstanding contract value withdrawal requests. Contract termination also may occur by either party upon election and notice.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Since synthetic GICs are fully benefit-responsive, contract value is the relevant measurement attribute for that portion of the net assets available for benefits attributable to the synthetic GICs. Contract value represents contributions made under the contract, plus earnings, less participant withdrawals and administrative expenses. Participants may ordinarily direct the withdrawal or transfer of all or a portion of their investment at contract value.

Average yield for Synthetic GICs in the Savings Plan Trust	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Based on actual earnings	5.03%	4.78%
Based on interest rate credited to participants	4.35%	4.08%

Payment of Benefits - Benefits are recorded when paid.

Change in Presentation - In December 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Staff Position AAG INV-1 and SOP 94-4-1, *Reporting of Fully Benefit-Responsive Investment Contracts Held by Certain Investment Companies Subject to the AICPA Investment Company Guide and Defined-Contribution Health and Welfare and Pension Plans* (the "FSP"). This FSP requires investments in benefit-responsive investment contracts be presented at both fair value and contract value on the statement of net assets available for benefits. The result of the implementation of the FSP was to decrease investments and to increase the adjustment from fair value to contract value by \$4,895,579 and \$4,757,265 as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. There was no impact to total net assets as of December 31, 2005.

Note 3 - Plan Termination

The Company expects the Plan to continue indefinitely, but reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan, subject to restrictions, at its discretion (see Note 7).

If the Plan is terminated or if contributions are completely discontinued, each participant's interest in that portion of their account balance attributable to Company contributions shall become fully vested. Upon termination of the Plan, the Savings Plan Trust may continue in existence at the direction of the board of directors of the Company, subject to the provisions of the Plan and the Savings Plan Trust agreement, or the Savings Plan Trust may be terminated and the assets distributed to participants. Further, in the event the Plan was terminated after the Merger, the Plan's trust would be continued so long as it held Plan assets, and distributions would be made to participants by the trustee as if the Plan had not been terminated.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 4 - Master Trust

Assets of the Savings Plan Trust are held in trust by Fidelity Management Trust Company. The plans participating in the Savings Plan Trust are The Gillette Company Employees' Savings Plan and The Gillette Company Employee Stock Ownership Plan. Trust income is allocated ratably between the plans in accordance with the assets of each plan invested in the Savings Plan Trust. The assets of the Savings Plan Trust at December 31, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 4 - Master Trust (Continued)

	2006	2005
Assets, at fair value:		
Marketable securities:		
The Procter & Gamble Company Stock Fund	\$ 1,454,309,410 \$	1,462,022,494
Registered investment companies:		
AF Washington Mutual Investors Fund - Class R-5	31,201,036	23,114,690
Allianz CCM Mid Cap - Institutional Class	36,493,626	35,903,078
Fidelity Diversified International Fund	94,791,486	66,496,380
Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund	47,356,526	29,249,677
Fidelity Growth & Income Portfolio	39,681,981	39,044,610
Fidelity Growth Company Fund	114,332,335	105,686,067
Fidelity Magellan Fund	87,380,704	88,825,973
Fidelity Retirement Government Money Market Portfolio	45,774,875	38,003,023
Fidelity Short Term Investment Fund	4,386,827	1,826,533
Fidelity U.S. Bond Index Fund	36,383,191	32,561,552
John Hancock Small Cap Growth Fund - Class A	-	10,432,723
Royce Low PR Stock	24,358,327	-
Vanguard Balanced Index - Institutional Class	51,662,695	47,702,080
Vanguard Total Stock Market Issue - Institutional Class	24,107,911	15,800,355
Commingled Pool:		
Fidelity U.S. Equity Index Commingled Fund	115,844,767	114,725,786
Synthetic investment contracts	349,315,340	427,432,266
Other	(1,219,282)	(1,383,234)
Total assets at fair value	2,556,161,755	2,537,444,053
Adjustment from fair value to contract value for		
synthetic investment contracts	4,895,579	4,757,265
Total assets	\$ 2,561,057,334 \$	2,542,201,318

		Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005		
Note 4 - Master Trust (Continued)				
Assets allocated to The Gillette Company Employees'		2006	2005	
Savings Plan	\$	2,168,318,405 \$	2,171,755,485	
Assets allocated to The Gillette Company Employees Stock Ownership Plan		392,738,929	370,445,833	
The investment income of the Savings Plan Trust for the years ende	ed Decembe			
		2006	2005	
Investment income (loss):				
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments:				
The Gillette Company Common Stock Fund	\$	- \$	378,634,487	
The Procter & Gamble Company Common Stock Fund		150,578,445	(48,327,087)	
AF Washington Mutual Investors Fund - Class R-5		3,154,665	25,554	
Allianz CCM Mid Cap - Institutional Class		(2,283,334)	3,686,033	
Fidelity Diversified International Fund		9,497,856	7,344,747	
Fidelity Emerging Markets Fund		10,440,093	6,939,778	
Fidelity Growth & Income Portfolio		(2,933,145)	(4,005,957)	
Fidelity Growth Company Fund		10,065,304	12,309,220	
Fidelity Magellan Fund		(14,809,819)	2,184,937	
Fidelity U.S. Bond Index Fund		(107,011)	(698,620)	
John Hancock Small Cap Growth Fund - Class A		1,509,471	(143,825)	
Royce Low PR Stock		(1,058,434)	-	
Vanguard Balanced Index - Institutional Class		3,639,265	895,789	
Vanguard Total Stock Market Index Fund - Admiral Class		-	(281,018)	
Vanguard Total Stock Market Index Fund - Institutional Class		2,548,238	919,612	
Fidelity U.S. Equity Index Commingled Pool		16,558,399	5,437,462	
Dividends		76,895,479	36,558,919	
Interest		16,715,456	17,916,614	
Net investment income	\$	280,410,928 \$	419,396,645	
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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 5 - Income Taxes

A favorable tax determination letter was received from the Internal Revenue Service on March 13, 2002 stating that the existing Plan and its underlying trust qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code) as a profit sharing plan, and are exempt from Federal income taxes. Further, the features of the Plan relating to tax-deferred savings qualified under Section 401(k) of the Code. The Plan has been amended since receiving the determination letter. However, the Company believes the Plan is designed and is currently being operated in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Code.

Note 6 - Party-in-Interest Transactions

Fidelity Investments, a wholly owned subsidiary of FMR Corp., manages several of the Plan's investment options. Fidelity Management Trust Company and Fidelity Investments Institutional Operations Company, both wholly owned subsidiaries of FMR Corp., are the Plan's trustee and recordkeeper, respectively. Therefore, transactions between Fidelity Investments and both the trustee and the recordkeeper qualify as party-in-interest transactions.

Note 7 - Merger

During 2005, The Procter & Gamble Company, an Ohio corporation (P&G), Aquarium Acquisition Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of P&G and a Delaware corporation (Merger Sub), and the Sponsor, a Delaware corporation, entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement"). The Merger Agreement provides that, upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, Merger Sub will merge with and into the Sponsor (the "Merger"), continuing as the surviving corporation. The Merger was completed in 2005.

As of the close of the Merger, plan participants' shares of The Gillette Company common stock were converted into P&G common stock using the same ratio (0.975 shares of P&G for each Gillette share) that was applied to all other Gillette stockholders.

As a result of the Merger, the Plan may not be amended to impose vesting periods longer than those in effect immediately prior to the Merger or to impose withdrawal provisions more stringent than those in effect immediately prior to the Merger.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 8 - Reconciliation to Form 5500

The following is a reconciliation of net assets available for benefits per the financial statements to the Form 5500 at December 31, 2006:

Net assets available for benefits per financial statements Adjustment to fair value for Synthetic GICs held in the Master Trust	\$ 2,193,509,224 (4,895,579)
Net assets available for benefits per Form 5500	\$ 2,188,613,645

The following is a reconciliation of investment income per the financial statements to the Form 5500 for the year ended December 31, 2006:

Total investment income per financial statements	\$ 233,897,692
Adjustment to fair value for Synthetic GICs	
held in the Master Trust	(4,895,579)
Total investment income per Form 5500	
-	\$ 229,002,113

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Schedule of Assets Held at End of Year Form 5500, Schedule H, Item 4i EIN 04-1366970, Plan No. 002 December 31, 2006

(a)(b) Identity of Issuer, Borrower, Lessor, or Similar Party	(c) Description of Investment	(d) Cost	(e) Current Value
Participants	Participant loans bearing interest at 5.00% to 10.50%	\$ -	\$ 25,190,819

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