## COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES INC

Form 10-Q
August 12, 2002

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            U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
                                Washington, D.C. 20549
                                    FORM 10-Q
                                    QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15 (d)
            OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2002
Commission File Number 00-22246
COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES, INC.
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline FLORIDA & 65-0050176 \\
\hline (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) & (IRS Employer Identification No.) \\
\hline 1550 S.W. 57th Avenue, Miami, Florida & 33144 \\
\hline (Address of principal executive offices) & (Zip Code) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(305) 267-1200
(Registrant's Telephone Number, including area code)
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes X No .

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            PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
            ITEM I - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
        COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
        CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
            June 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001
        (Dollars in thousands, except share data)
                                    6/30/2002 12/31/2001
                                    ----------
Assets:
Cash and due from banks
    \$ 23,008
        \(\$ 21,420\)
Federal funds sold
        \(47,700 \quad 46,780\)
        Total cash and cash equivalents 60,708 68,200
Investment securities available for sale,
        at fair value (cost of \(\$ 117,993\) in 2002
        and \$107,126 in 2001) 123,980 111,138
Investment securities held to maturity,
    at cost (fair value of \(\$ 44,037\) in 2002
    and \(\$ 25,332\) in 2001) 43,017 24,664
Loans, net 355,196 346,251
Premises and equipment, net \(12,566 \quad 12,554\)
Accrued interest receivable \(3,410 \quad 2,790\)
Goodwill, net
    253
                            253
Other assets 3,711 3,078
    Total assets
\(\$ 612,841 \quad \$ 568,928\)
\(==============\)

Liabilities and stockholders' equity:
    Deposits:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Demand & \$ 95,975 & \$ 94,453 \\
\hline Interest-bearing checking & 66,215 & 65,630 \\
\hline Money market accounts & 55,772 & 51,958 \\
\hline Savings & 26,784 & 24,896 \\
\hline Time & 244,194 & 225,569 \\
\hline Total deposits & 488,940 & 462,506 \\
\hline Securities sold under agreements to repurchase & 64,585 & 53,436 \\
\hline Accrued interest payable & 549 & 633 \\
\hline Accounts payable and accrued liabilities & 4,321 & 2,228 \\
\hline Total liabilities & 558,395 & 518,803 \\
\hline Stockholders' equity: & & \\
\hline Common stock, \(\$ .08\) par value, 6,250,000 Authorized shares, 3,990,531 issued (3,962,440 in 2001) & 318 & 316 \\
\hline Additional paid-in capital & 44,455 & 44,041 \\
\hline Retained earnings & 12,487 & 9,786 \\
\hline Accumulated other comprehensive income & 3,930 & 2,686 \\
\hline Treasury stock, 354,177 shares (352,571 in 2001), at cost & \((6,744)\) & \((6,704)\) \\
\hline Total stockholders' equity & 54,446 & 50,125 \\
\hline Total liabilities and stockholders' equity & \$612, 841 & \$568,928 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME For the three months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 (Dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2002 & 2001 \\
\hline Interest income: & - & ---- \\
\hline Interest and fees on loans & \$6,358 & \$6,959 \\
\hline Interest on investment securities & 2,542 & 2,375 \\
\hline Interest on federal funds sold & 118 & 245 \\
\hline Total interest income & 9,018 & 9,579 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Interest expense:} \\
\hline Interest on deposits & 2,535 & 3,844 \\
\hline Interest on securities sold under agreements to repurchase & 263 & 597 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

> COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
> CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME For the six months ended June 30,2002 and 2001 (Dollars in thousands, except share data) (Unaudited)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2002 & 2001 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Interest income:} \\
\hline Interest and fees on loans & \$12,771 & \$13,460 \\
\hline Interest on investment securities & 4,716 & 5,011 \\
\hline Interest on federal funds sold & 267 & 527 \\
\hline Total interest income & 17,754 & 18,998 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Interest expense:} \\
\hline Interest on deposits & 5,210 & 7,736 \\
\hline Interest on securities sold under areements to repurchase & 489 & 1,232 \\
\hline Total interest expense & 5,699 & 8,968 \\
\hline Net interest income & 12,055 & 10,030 \\
\hline Provision for loan losses & 150 & 175 \\
\hline Net interest income after provision & 11,905 & 9,855 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Non-interest income:} \\
\hline Service charges on deposit accounts & 1,314 & 1,308 \\
\hline Other fees and service charges & 292 & 289 \\
\hline Securities gains & 33 & - \\
\hline Total non-interest income & 1,639 & 1,597 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Non-interest expense:} \\
\hline Salaries and employee benefits & 4,675 & 4,168 \\
\hline Occupancy & 619 & 598 \\
\hline Data processing & 585 & 494 \\
\hline Furniture and equipment & 366 & 374 \\
\hline Insurance & 165 & 107 \\
\hline Stationery and supplies & 131 & 136 \\
\hline Administrative service charges & 114 & 113 \\
\hline Telephone and fax & 111 & 114 \\
\hline Amortization & - & 81 \\
\hline Other & 655 & 540 \\
\hline Total non-interest expense & 7,421 & 6,725 \\
\hline Income before income taxes & 6,123 & 4,727 \\
\hline Provision for income taxes & 1,827 & 1,344 \\
\hline Net income & \$ 4,296 & \$ 3,383 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Earnings per common and common equivalent share:
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Basic & \(\$ 1.19\) & \(\$ .94\) \\
Diluted & \(\$ 1.14\) & \(\$ .91\)
\end{tabular}

Weighted average number of shares and common equivalent shares:
Basic
Diluted
\(3,617,867\)
\(3,605,697\)
\(3,782,338\)
\(3,703,844\)

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the three and six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 (In thousands)
(Unaudited)



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

\author{
COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the six months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 (In thousands) \\ (Unaudited)
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \(2002 \quad 2001\) & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cash flows from operating activities:} \\
\hline Net income & \$ 4,296 & \$ 3,383 \\
\hline Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activi & ties: & \\
\hline Provision for loan losses & 150 & 175 \\
\hline Depreciation, amortization and accretion, n & net 321 & 476 \\
\hline Gain on sale of investment securities & (33) & - \\
\hline Gain on sale of premises and equipment & (1) & - \\
\hline Change in accrued interest receivable & (620) & 753 \\
\hline Change in other assets & (633) & 906 \\
\hline Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities & 1,321 & (375) \\
\hline Change in accrued interest payable & (84) & (105) \\
\hline Net cash provided by operating activities & s 4,717 & 5,213 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cash flows from investing activities:} \\
\hline Proceeds from maturities of investment Securities held to maturity & 16,690 & 3,488 \\
\hline Proceeds from maturities and sales of Investment securities available for sale & 27,816 & 53,296 \\
\hline Purchases of investment securities held to maturity & \((36,286)\) & \\
\hline Purchases of investment securities available for sale & \((37,438)\) & \((22,186)\) \\
\hline Net change in loans & \((9,095)\) & \((55,659)\) \\
\hline Purchases of premises and equipment & (303) & (153) \\
\hline Sales of premises and equipment & 1 & - \\
\hline Net cash used in investing activities & \((38,615)\) & \((21,214)\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cash flows from financing activities:} \\
\hline Net change in deposits & 26,434 & 23,441 \\
\hline Net change in securities sold under agreements to repurchase & 11,149 & 944 \\
\hline Dividends paid & \((1,553)\) & \((1,441)\) \\
\hline Proceeds from issuance of stock & 416 & 120 \\
\hline Purchase of treasury stock & (40) & (9) \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Net cash provided by financing activities 36,406} & 23,055 \\
\hline Increase in cash and cash equivalents & 2,508 & 7,054 \\
\hline Cash and cash equivalents at beginning & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline of period & 68,200 & 35,015 \\
\hline Cash and cash equivalents at end of period & \$70,708 & \$42,069 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Supplemental disclosures:} \\
\hline Interest paid (net of amounts credited to deposit accounts) & \$ 863 & \$ 1,438 \\
\hline Income taxes paid & \$ 1,948 & \$ 1,330 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

\author{
COMMERCIAL BANKSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY \\ NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS \\ (Unaudited)
}

\section*{1. INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS}

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, which are for interim periods, do not include all disclosures provided in the annual consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and the footnotes thereto should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000, and 1999 for Commercial Bankshares, Inc. (the "Company").

All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements. Those adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the six month period ended June 30, 2002, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

\section*{2. PER SHARE DATA}

Earnings per share have been computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares (basic earnings per share) and by the weighted average number of common shares plus dilutive common share equivalents outstanding (diluted earnings per share). Common stock equivalents include the effect of all outstanding stock options, using the treasury
stock method.

The following tables reconcile the weighted average shares used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share amounts):


\section*{3. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS}

SFAS NO. 142: "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets"

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and other Intangible Assets." This statement addresses how intangible assets that are acquired individually or with a group of other assets (but not those acquired in a business combination) should be accounted for in financial statements upon their acquisition. This statement also addresses how goodwill and other intangible assets should be accounted for after they have been initially recognized in the financial statements. Except for goodwill and intangible assets acquired after June 30, 2001, which are immediately subject to its provision, SFAS No. 142 is effective starting with fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001.

The provisions of SFAS No. 142 no longer allow the amortization of goodwill, and certain intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, and requires that impairment of goodwill on those assets be tested annually. In addition, SFAS No. 142 requires the following additional disclosures for goodwill and other intangible assets:

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill from period-toperiod;
The carrying amount of goodwill by major intangible assets class, and
The estimated intangible amortization for the next five years

The Company adopted SFAS No. 142 effective January 1, 2002. The Company did not incur impairment losses for goodwill resulting from a transitional impairment test. The elimination of goodwill amortization will positively impact pre-tax net income by approximately \(\$ 160,000\) in 2002.

SFAS No. 144: "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets"

In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SAFS No. 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001 and was written to provide a single model for the disposal of long-lived assets. SFAS No. 144 supersedes SFAS No. 121
"Accounting for Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of" and the accounting and reporting provision of Accounting principles Board Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations-Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." The Company adopted the provision of SFAS No. 144 effective January 1, 2002. The implementation of this statement has not had a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

\section*{ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS}

\section*{RESULTS OF OPERATIONS}

The Company's net income reported for the quarter ended June 30, 2002, was \(\$ 2.27\) million, a \(30 \%\) increase over the quarter ended June 30,2001 of \(\$ 1.75\) million. Basic and diluted earnings per share were \(\$ .63\) and \(\$ .60\), respectively, for the second quarter of 2002, as compared to \(\$ .48\) and \(\$ .47\), respectively, for the second quarter of 2001.

For the six months ended June 30, 2002, the Company's net income was \(\$ 4.30\) million, a \(27 \%\) increase over the six months ended June 30,2001 of \(\$ 3.38\) million. Basic and diluted earnings per
share were \(\$ 1.19\) and \(\$ 1.14\), respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2002 as compared to \(\$ .94\) and \(\$ .91\), respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2001.

The Company's second quarter tax-equivalent net interest income increased to \(\$ 6.52\) million, from \(\$ 5.39\) million in the corresponding quarter in 2001. The increase is due primarily to an increase in average earning assets of \(\$ 48\) million and to a higher net interest yield in 2002. The annualized net interest yield for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2002 was \(4.66 \%\) and \(4.62 \%\), respectively. This compares to \(4.21 \%\) and \(4.23 \%\) for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2001. The net interest yield has been calculated on a tax-equivalent basis, which includes an adjustment for interest on tax-exempt securities.

Non-interest income for the second quarter of 2002 decreased by \(\$ 46,000\), or \(6 \%\), and increased by \(\$ 42,000\) or \(3 \%\) for the first six months of 2002, from the corresponding periods of 2001 . The decrease in quarter activity is primarily due to a decrease in account overdraft activity charges of \(\$ 39,000\). The increase in year to date activity is due to a net gain on sale of investments of \(\$ 33,000\).

Salaries and employee benefits expense increased by \(\$ 237,000\), or \(11 \%\), for the second quarter of 2002 , and by \(\$ 507,000\), or \(12 \%\), for the first six months of 2002, from the corresponding periods of 2001. The increase is attributable to normal payroll increases and increased benefit costs.

Data processing expense increased by \(\$ 19,000\), or \(8 \%\), for the second quarter of 2002 , and by \(\$ 91,000\), or \(18 \%\), for the first six months of 2002 , as compared to the corresponding periods in 2001. The increase is attributable to an increase in the number of accounts processed and to an increase in rates from the Company's service provider.

Company management continually reviews and evaluates the allowance for loan losses. In evaluating the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses, management considers the results of its methodology, along with other factors such as the amount of non-performing loans and the economic conditions affecting the Company's markets and customers. The allowance for loan losses was approximately \(\$ 4.73\) million at June 30, 2002, as compared with \(\$ 4.64\) million at December 31, 2001. For the six months ended June 30, 2002, the allowance for loan losses was increased by the provision for loan losses of \(\$ 150,000\), and decreased by approximately \(\$ 60,000\) in net charge-offs. For the six months ended June 30, 2001, the allowance was increased with a provision for loan losses of \(\$ 175,000\) and decreased by approximately \(\$ 29,000\) in net charge-offs. The allowance as a percentage of total loans has decreased to 1.31\% at June 30, 2002, from 1.32\% at December 31, 2001. Based on the nature of the loan portfolio and prevailing economic factors, management believes that the current level of the allowance for loan losses is sufficient to absorb probable losses in the loan portfolio.

Approximately \(\$ 221\) million, or \(61 \%\), of total loans was secured by nonresidential real estate, and \(\$ 80.0\) million, or \(22 \%\), of total loans was secured by residential real estate as of June 30, 2002. Virtually all loans are within the Company's markets in Miami-Dade and Broward counties.

The Company had no non-accrual loans at June 30, 2002.

\section*{LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES}

The objective of liquidity management is to maintain cash flow requirements to meet immediate and ongoing future needs for loan demand, deposit withdrawals, maturing liabilities, and expenses. In evaluating actual and anticipated needs, management seeks to obtain funds at the most economical cost. Management believes that the level of liquidity is sufficient to meet future funding requirements.

For banks, liquidity represents the ability to meet both loan commitments and withdrawals of deposited funds. Funds to meet these needs can be obtained by converting liquid assets to cash or by attracting new deposits or other sources of funding. Many factors affect a bank's ability to meet liquidity needs. Commercial Bank of Florida's (the Bank) principal sources of funds are deposits, repurchase agreements, payments on loans, maturities and sales of investments. As an additional source of funds, the Bank has credit availability with the Federal Home Loan Bank amounting to \(\$ 91\) million, and Federal Funds purchased lines available at correspondent banks amounting to \(\$ 23\) million as of June 30, 2002.

The Bank's primary use of funds is to originate loans and purchase investment securities. Loans increased by \(\$ 9.1\) million, and the Bank purchased \(\$ 73.7\) million of investment securities during the first six months of 2002. Funding for the above came primarily from increases in deposits of \(\$ 26.4\) million, increases in securities sold under agreements to repurchase of \(\$ 11.1\) million and from proceeds from maturities and sales of investment securities of \(\$ 44.5\) million.

In accordance with risk-based capital guidelines issued by the Federal Reserve Board, the Company and the Bank are each required to maintain a minimum ratio of total capital to risk weighted assets of \(8 \%\). Additionally, all bank holding companies and member banks must maintain "core" or "Tier 1" capital of at least 3\% of total assets ("leverage ratio"). Member banks operating at or near the \(3 \%\) capital level are expected to have well diversified risks, including no undue interest rate risk exposure, excellent control systems, good earnings, high asset quality, high liquidity, and well managed on- and offbalance sheet activities, and in general be considered strong banking organizations with a composite 1 rating under the CAMELS rating system of banks. For all but the most highly rated banks meeting the above conditions, the minimum leverage ratio is to be \(3 \%\) plus an additional 100 to 200 basis points. The Tier 1 Capital, Total Capital, and Leverage Ratios of the Company were \(12.35 \%\), \(13.84 \%\), and \(8.17 \%\), respectively, as of June 30, 2002.

\section*{ASSET/LIABILITY MANAGEMENT AND INTEREST RATE RISK}

Changes in interest rates can substantially impact the Company's long-term profitability and current income. An important part of management's efforts to maintain long-term profitability is the management of interest rate risk. The goal is to maximize net interest income within acceptable levels of interest rate risk and liquidity. Interest rate exposure is managed by monitoring the relationship between interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, focusing on the size, maturity or repricing date, rate of return and degree of risk. The Asset/Liability Management Committee of the Bank oversees the interest rate risk management and reviews the Bank's asset/liability structure on a quarterly basis.

The Bank uses interest rate sensitivity, or GAP analysis to monitor the amount and timing of balances exposed to changes in interest rates. The GAP analysis is not relied upon solely to determine future reactions to interest rate changes because it is presented at one point in time and could change significantly from day-to-day. Other methods such as simulation analysis are utilized in evaluating the Bank's interest rate risk position. The table presented below shows the Bank's GAP analysis at June 30, 2002.

INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS
(Dollars in Thousands)

Term to Repricing
-------------------
Over 1 Year
\begin{tabular}{lccc}
90 Days & \(91-181\) & \(182-365\) & \& Non-rate \\
or Less & Days & Days & Sensitive Total
\end{tabular}

Interest-earning assets:
Federal funds sold
\[
\$ 47,700 \quad \$ \quad-\quad \$ \quad-\quad \$ \quad-\$ 47,700
\]

Investment securities
\[
21,103 \quad 7,456 \quad 28,008 \quad 107,423 \quad 163,990
\]

Gross loans
(excluding non-accrual)
79,178 \(27,349 \quad 55,701 \quad 198,362360,590\)

Total interest-
earning assets
\(\$ 147,981 \$ 34,805 \$ 83,709 \$ 305,785\) \$572,280
-------- ------- ------- -------- -----------

Interest-bearing liabilities:
Interest-bearing checking
\$ \(\quad\) \$ \(\quad\) - \(\$ \quad-\quad \$ 66,215 \$ 66,215\)
Money market

Savings
- 13,943 13,943 27,886 55,772
—
26,784 26,784
Time deposits
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Time deposits & 76,572 & 52,194 & 60,462 & 54,966 & 244,194 \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Borrowed funds} \\
\hline & 66,640 & - & - & - & 66,640 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total interest-bearing
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & liabilities & \$143, 212 & \$66,137 & \$74,405 & \$175,851 & \$459,605 \\
\hline & \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Interest sensitivity gap} \\
\hline & Cumulative gap & \$ 4,769 & \((\$ 26,563)\) & \((\$ 17,259)\) & \$112,675 & \\
\hline & \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Cumulative ratio of interestearning assets to interestbearing liabilities} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Cumulative gap as a percentage of total interest-} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Management's assumptions reflect the Bank's estimate of the anticipated repricing sensitivity of non-maturity deposit products. Interest-bearing checking and savings accounts have been allocated to the "over 1 year" category, and money market accounts \(25 \%\) to the "91-181 days" category, \(25 \%\) to the "182-365 days" category, and 50\% to the "over 1 year" category.

The Bank uses simulation analysis to quantify the effects of various immediate parallel shifts in interest rates on net interest income over the next 12 month period. Such a "rate shock" analysis requires key assumptions which are inherently uncertain, such as deposit sensitivity, cash flows from investments and loans, reinvestment options, management's capital plans, market conditions, and the timing, magnitude and frequency of interest rate changes. As a result, the simulation is only a best-estimate and cannot accurately predict the impact of the future interest rate changes on net income. As of June 30, 2002, the Bank's simulation analysis projects an increase to net interest income of \(5.78 \%\), assuming an immediate parallel shift downward in interest rates by 200 basis points. If rates rise by 200 basis points, the simulation analysis projects net interest income would decrease by 5.97\%. These projected levels are within the Bank's policy limits.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(a) Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Commercial Bankshares, Inc., (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30,2002 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Joseph W. Armaly, Chief Executive Officer of the Company,
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certify, pursuant to 18. U.S.C. Section 906 of the
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1) The Report fully complies with the requirement of
section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents,
in all material respects, the financial condition and
results of operations of the Company.
```
    /s/ Joseph W. Armaly
Joseph W. Armaly
Chief Executive Officer
August 12, 2002
In connection with the Quarterly Report of Commercial
Bankshares, Inc., (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the
period ending June 30,2002 as filed with the Securities
and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"),
I, Barbara E. Reed, Chief Financial Officer of the Company,
certify, pursuant to 18. U.S.C. Section 906 of the
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 , that:
1) The Report fully complies with the requirement of
    section \(13(\mathrm{a})\) or \(15(\mathrm{~d})\), as applicable of the
    Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
2) The information contained in the Report fairly
    presents, in all material respects, the financial
    condition and results of operations of the Company.
/s/ Barbara E. Reed

Barbara E. Reed
Chief Financial Officer
August 12, 2002
(b) Reports on Form 8-K

Form 8-K was filed during the quarter ended June 30, 2002
to announce the extension of a stock repurchase plan whereby up to \(\$ 4\) million can be used to buy shares of Commercial Bankshares, Inc. common stock in open market and negotiated transactions during the next 24 months.

\section*{SIGNATURES}

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act
of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed
on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.
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Commercial Bankshares, Inc
(Registrant)
/s/ Barbara E. Reed
------------------------
Barbara E. Reed
Senior Vice President \&
Chief Financial Officer
Date: August 12, 2002

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