

Future Healthcare of America  
Form 424B3  
March 28, 2018

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT NO. 19 TO FILED PURSUANT TO RULE 424(b)(3)  
PROSPECTUS DATED DECEMBER 12, 2013 REGISTRATION STATEMENT NO.

333-191622

## **FUTURE HEALTHCARE OF AMERICA**

### **2,976,980 Shares of Common Stock Offered by Selling Stockholder**

This Prospectus Supplement No. 19 supplements our Prospectus dated December 12, 2013 (the "Prospectus") that forms a part of our first amended Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 333-191622). This Prospectus Supplement No. 19 is being filed to update and supplement certain information contained in the Prospectus with the information contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2017, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2018 (the "Annual Report"). Accordingly, we have attached the Annual Report to this Prospectus Supplement. This Prospectus Supplement No. 19 should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus and all prior supplements thereto, which is required to be delivered with this Prospectus Supplement. If there is any inconsistency between the information in the Prospectus, any prior supplements thereto, and this Prospectus Supplement, you should rely on the information in this Prospectus Supplement.

Our common stock is quoted on the OTCQB under the symbol FUTU. On March 27, 2018, the last sale price of our common stock as quoted on the OTCQB was \$.053.

**These securities involve a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks identified under the caption Risk Factors beginning on Page 2 of the Prospectus and under similar headings in any amendments or supplements to the Prospectus.**

**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of any of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the Prospectus or this Prospectus Supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

The date of this Prospectus Supplement is March 28, 2018.



INDEX TO FILINGS

Attachment

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended

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December 31, 2017

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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D. C. 20549**

**FORM 10-K**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission File No. 000-54917

**FUTURE HEALTHCARE OF AMERICA**

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

WYOMING

45-5547692

(State or other jurisdiction of

(I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

5001 Baum Blvd, Suite 770

Pittsburgh, PA 15213

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's Telephone Number: (412) 621-0902

Securities Registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

NONE

Securities Registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$0.001 par value

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate by checkmark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or emerging growth company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, and emerging growth company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter: \$1,520,286, based on the closing bid price of the registrant's common stock on June 30, 2017.

As of March 27, 2018, there were 11,265,631 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001, of the registrant issued and outstanding.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

A description of "Documents Incorporated by Reference" is contained in Part IV, Item 15 of this Annual Report.

**PART I**

Item 1. Business.

OVERVIEW

Founded in 2012, Future Healthcare of America (FHA, the Company, we, or us and words of similar import), a Wyoming corporation, provides services in the Healthcare Industry through its wholly-owned subsidiary Future Healthcare Services Corp., a Wyoming corporation (FHS), and Interim Healthcare of Wyoming, Inc., a Wyoming corporation (Interim) that is a wholly-owned operating subsidiary of FHS. FHA's consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of FHS and Interim. FHA's core focus is on our Healthcare business, which consists of home health services and staffing in the Western part of the United States.

Our corporate offices consist of approximately 3,000 square feet of office space located at 5001 Baum Blvd, Suite 770, Pittsburgh, PA 15213. Our telephone number is (412) 621-0902. We also maintain offices in Casper, Wyoming, and Billings, Montana.

BUSINESS

Based in Casper, Wyoming, and Billings, Montana, FHS's wholly-owned operating subsidiary, Interim, is an independent franchisee of Interim HealthCare that has been serving its community for over 20 years and is part of the home health segment of the healthcare industry, providing a wide range of visiting nurse services to the elderly, wounded and sick. It is one of the 300 independent home health agencies that comprise the Interim HealthCare network. Our business consists of providing healthcare services for those in need. We record all revenue and expenses and provide all services under one umbrella. Below is a description of our Home Healthcare and Staffing operations.

Interim Healthcare of Wyoming, Inc., is a corporation started in September 1991. In March of 2007, Interim acquired the assets of Professional Nursing Personal Pool, which is now our Billings, Montana location.

## **Home Healthcare**

Through trained health care professionals, the Company provides home care services including senior care and pediatric nursing; physical, occupational and speech therapy. The Company offices deliver quality home care and treat each patient with genuine compassion, kindness and respect. The Company provides health care professionals at all skill levels, including registered nurses, therapists, LPN's and certified home health aides. FHA derives its revenue from multiple payer sources. These include Medicare, Medicaid, Insurance, Medicaid LTW, and Private Payers.

Because our offices are located in areas that do not contain a large population base (less than 200,000 residents), we continually explore opportunities to increase our revenue with our current payer sources and expand through new sources of revenue. The healthcare team is utilized across all payer sources, including staffing services. Our customer base comes from referrals from hospitals, rehab facilities, nursing homes, assisted living facilities and previous patients.

In addition to our professional team, we employ a management team at each facility to handle the day to day operations of the office. This is completed by our Administrators in each location. We also have a Director of Nursing in each location. This person is responsible for the day to day oversight of the service providers and ensuring the certified professionals obtain the necessary training to maintain their certificates as well as the training necessary to be in compliance with all regulating organizations.

## **Staffing**

Interim offices provide nurses, nurse aides and management services to hospitals, prisons, schools, corporations and other health care facilities. Interim's success is based on our ability to recruit the best health care professionals and the responsiveness of our local managers to fill the needs of our clients in a timely manner. Additionally, we work with our clients should they decide they would like to hire our service professional on a full time basis. Another key to our success is the personal relationship that our management and sales team build with each of our existing and new clients. As noted previously, in order to reduce turnover of our service team by providing as many hours as possible, similar to the hours of a full-time employee, we utilize the same service team members across all payer sources.

As each of our businesses is located in smaller based population areas of the country, the competition is significantly heightened and the relationships maintained with our clients become very critical to the continued success of our operations.

As we provide diversified services and accept payments from multiple payer sources, we are not heavily dependent on a few clients in order for our business to be successful.

## **Research and Development**

None.

**Necessary Material**

None.

**Licenses**

None.

**Patents Pending**

None.

**Environmental Compliance**

None.

## **Governmental Regulations**

### *Third-Party Coverage and Reimbursement*

We are dependent on the availability of coverage and reimbursement from third-party payers, such as governmental programs including Medicare and Medicaid, and private insurance plans. Reimbursement is contingent on established coding for a given procedure, coverage of the codes by the third-party payers and adequate payment for the resources used.

Coding for procedures is established by the American Medical Association. The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or CMS, the agency responsible for administering Medicare and the National Center for Health Statistics, are jointly responsible for overseeing changes and modifications to billing codes used by home healthcare agencies for reporting procedures, and many private payers use coverage decisions and payment amounts determined by CMS for Medicare as guidelines in setting their coverage and reimbursement policies. All coding is subject to change which could impact coverage and reimbursement. Each year however, CMS re-examines the reimbursement rates for our services and could either increase or decrease the reimbursement rates. We are unable to predict when legislation or regulation that affects our business may be proposed or enacted in the future or what effect any such legislation or regulation would have on our business.

For some governmental programs, such as Medicaid, coverage and reimbursement differ from state to state, and some state Medicaid programs may not pay an adequate amount for the procedures performed, if any payment is made at all. As the portion of the U.S. population over the age of 65 and eligible for Medicaid continues to grow, we may be more vulnerable to coverage and reimbursement limitations imposed by CMS. National and regional coverage policy decisions are subject to unforeseeable change.

Third-party payers carefully review, and increasingly challenge, the prices charged for procedures. In addition, an increasing percentage of insured individuals are receiving their medical care through managed care programs, which monitor and often require pre-approval or pre-authorization of the services that a member will receive. The percentage of individuals covered by managed care programs is expected to grow in the United States over the next decade.

We believe that the overall escalating cost of medical products and services has led to, and will continue to lead to, increased pressures on the healthcare industry to reduce the costs of products and services. There can be no assurance that third-party coverage and reimbursement will be available or adequate, or that future legislation, regulation, or coverage and reimbursement policies of third-party payers will not adversely affect the demand for our services or our ability to provide these services on a profitable basis. The unavailability or inadequacy of third-party payer coverage or reimbursement could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

*Healthcare Fraud and Abuse*

Healthcare fraud and abuse laws apply to our business when a customer submits a claim for an item or service that is reimbursed under Medicare, Medicaid or most other federally-funded healthcare programs. The federal Anti-Kickback Law prohibits unlawful inducements for the referral of business reimbursable under federally-funded healthcare programs, such as remuneration provided to induce clients to use our services reimbursable by Medicare or Medicaid. The Anti-Kickback Law is subject to evolving interpretations.

The majority of states also have anti-kickback laws which establish similar prohibitions that may apply to items or services reimbursed by any third-party payer, including commercial insurers. Further, the recently enacted Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act, collectively, the PPACA, among other things, amends the intent requirement of the federal anti-kickback and criminal healthcare fraud statutes. A person or entity no longer needs to have actual knowledge of this statute or specific intent to violate it. In addition, the PPACA provides that the government may assert that a claim including items or services resulting from a violation of the federal anti-kickback statute constitutes a false or fraudulent claim for purposes of the false claims statutes.

If a governmental authority were to conclude that we are not in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, we and our officers and employees could be subject to severe criminal and civil penalties including, for example, exclusion from participation as a supplier of services to beneficiaries covered by Medicare or Medicaid.

Additionally, the civil False Claims Act prohibits knowingly presenting or causing the presentation of a false, fictitious or fraudulent claim for payment to the U.S. government. Actions under the False Claims Act may be brought by the Attorney General or as a qui tam action by a private individual in the name of the government. Violations of the False Claims Act can result in very significant monetary penalties and treble damages. The federal government is using the False Claims Act, and the accompanying threat of significant liability, in its investigations of healthcare providers and suppliers throughout the country for a wide variety of Medicare billing practices.

We filed a Form 8-A with the SEC in March 2013. This filing obligates us to comply with the proxy rules of the SEC, including the requirement that we provide an annual report containing audited financial statements to our stockholders in connection with annual stockholder meetings at which directors are elected. We do not intend to voluntarily send annual reports containing audited financial statement to our stockholders.

The public may read and copy any materials filed with the SEC at the its Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE., Washington, DC 20549, on official business days during the hours of 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the Commission at 1 800 SEC 0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the Commission at <http://www.sec.gov>.

## **Employees**

FHA and FHS do not conduct any material operations of their own. Our operations are conducted through our wholly-owned subsidiary, Interim. We currently have a total of 150 employees, of which 45 are full-time employees.

There are no employees that are represented by employee union(s). Interim believes its relations with all of its employees are good.

## **Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

### **Risks Relating to Our Business**

Our present and intended business operations are highly speculative and involve substantial risks. Only investors who can bear the risk of losing their entire investment should consider buying our shares. Among the risk factors that you should consider are the following:

**We have a history of losses and we may never achieve profitability.**

FHA's net loss available to common stockholders was \$371,066, or \$0.03 per share and \$283,673, or \$0.03 per share, for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Because we need to cover incremental costs for increased billing code requirements, we expect to incur increasing expenses, and as a result, we will need to generate additional revenues to achieve and maintain profitability. We cannot assure you that we will ever be able to operate profitably.

**FHA's success will depend on its ability to retain key employees and recruit key management personnel.**

One of FHA's primary assets is its highly-skilled personnel. These personnel could leave FHA and so deprive FHA of the skill and knowledge essential for performance of its existing and new business. Some of FHA's employees may have additional or different responsibilities as a result of the fact that FHA is now an independent public company. If any of FHA's key personnel leaves for one of these or any other reason(s), it could harm FHA's operating results and financial condition.

**FHA may pursue acquisitions, investments or other strategic relationships or alliances, which may consume significant resources, may be unsuccessful and could dilute holders of its common stock.**

Acquisitions, investments and other strategic relationships and alliances, if pursued, may involve significant cash expenditures, debt incurrence, operating losses, and expenses that could have a material adverse effect on FHA's financial condition and operating results. Acquisitions involve numerous other risks, including:

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Diversion of management time and attention from daily operations;

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Difficulties integrating acquired businesses, technologies and personnel into FHA's business;

Inability to obtain required regulatory approvals and/or required financing on favorable terms;

Entry into new markets in which FHA has little previous experience;

Potential loss of key employees, key contractual relationships or key customers of acquired companies or of FHA; and

Assumption of the liabilities and exposure to unforeseen liabilities of acquired companies.

If these types of transactions are pursued, it may be difficult for FHA to complete these transactions quickly and to integrate these acquired operations efficiently into its current business operations. Any acquisitions, investments or other strategic relationships and alliances by FHA may ultimately harm our business and financial condition. In addition, future acquisitions may not be as successful as originally anticipated and may result in impairment charges.

**FHA's business activities are highly regulated and new and proposed government regulation or legislative reforms could increase FHA's cost of doing business, reduce its revenues, profitability and liquidity or subject FHA to additional liability.**

FHA's reimbursements for home healthcare services are subject to substantial federal and state regulation. These laws and regulations, along with the terms of FHA's contracts and licenses, regulate how FHA does business, what services are offered and how FHA interacts with its customers, providers and the public. Laws and regulations applicable to FHA's businesses are subject to frequent change and varying interpretations. Changes in existing laws or regulations, or their interpretations, or the enactment of new laws or the issuance of new regulations could adversely affect FHA's business by, among other things:

Imposing additional license or registration requirements;

Increasing administrative and other costs;

Forcing FHA to restructure its relationships with providers; or

Requiring FHA to implement additional or different programs and systems.

Although FHA believes it can structure its operations to comply with the laws and regulations applicable to it, government officials charged with responsibility for enforcing such laws and regulations are entitled to audit FHA's operations and may in the future assert that FHA (or transactions in which it is involved) are in violation of these laws or courts may ultimately interpret such laws in a manner inconsistent with FHA's interpretation. Therefore, it is possible that future legislation and regulation and the interpretation of existing and future laws and regulations could have a material adverse effect on FHA's ability to operate home healthcare agencies.

**FHA is required to comply with laws governing the transmission, security and privacy of health information that require significant compliance costs, and any failure to comply with these laws could result in material criminal and civil penalties.**

Regulations under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, or HIPAA, require FHA to comply with standards regarding the exchange of health information within the company itself and with third parties, including healthcare providers, business associates and FHA's customers. These regulations include standards for common healthcare transactions, including claims information, plan eligibility, and payment information; unique identifiers for providers and employers; security; privacy; and enforcement. HIPAA also provides that to the extent that state laws impose stricter privacy standards than HIPAA privacy regulations, a state seeks and receives an exception from the Department of Health and Human Services regarding certain state laws, or state laws concern certain specified areas, such state standards and laws are not preempted.

FHA believes it can comply with the HIPAA guidelines for the adoption and implementation of appropriate policies and procedures for privacy, for transactions and code sets and for security standards. Given HIPAA's complexity and the possibility that the regulations may change and may be subject to changing and perhaps conflicting interpretation, FHA's ongoing ability to comply with the HIPAA requirements is uncertain. Furthermore, a state's ability to promulgate stricter laws, and uncertainty regarding many aspects of such state requirements, make compliance with applicable health information laws more difficult. Sanctions for failing to comply with the HIPAA health information provisions include criminal penalties and civil sanctions, including significant monetary penalties.

**FHA's business model is heavily dependent on its ability to forge and maintain mutually beneficial business relationships with physicians and physician organizations.**

FHA's healthcare services are dependent upon recommendations from physicians and physician organizations such as hospitals and patient treatment facilities. Physicians and discharge personnel in healthcare facilities are the key to FHA's ability to compete in the marketplace and its financial performance.

FHA's success will be dependent upon, among other factors, its ability to successfully foster relationships with physicians and discharge personnel. FHA cannot assure that it can maintain the relationships in the future to obtain the referrals necessary to be competitive. The failure of FHA personnel to perform these functions could have an adverse impact on FHA's competitive position, its growth and development, and its overall financial performance.

**FHA's products and services compete in segments of the healthcare market that are highly competitive.**

The principal competitive factors that affect FHA include: marketing products and services, managing costs to maintain competitive pricing, recruiting nurses and certified nursing aides for home healthcare services, delivering superior customer service, and aggressively managing costs. FHA cannot assure you that it will be able to successfully compete against current and future competitors and grow and maintain its market share.

**Any substantial sale of stock by existing shareholders could depress the market value of the stock of FHA, thereby devaluing the market price and causing investors to risk losing all or part of their investment.**

Stockholders, including our directors and officers hold a large number of FHA's outstanding shares as of the date of this Annual Report. We can make no prediction as to the effect, if any, that sales of shares, or the availability of shares for future sale, will have on the prevailing market price of our shares of common stock. Sales of substantial amounts of shares in the public market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could depress prevailing market prices for the shares. Such sales may also make it more difficult for FHA to sell equity securities or equity-related securities in the future at a time and price which it deems appropriate.

**We face a higher risk of failure because we cannot accurately forecast our future revenues and operating results.**

The rapidly changing nature of the markets in which we compete makes it difficult to accurately forecast our revenues and operating results. Furthermore, we expect our revenues and operating results to fluctuate in the future due to a number of factors, including the following:

the timing of sales of our services;

unexpected delays in introducing new services;

increased expenses, whether related to sales and marketing, or administration;

the mix of licenses and services revenue; and

costs related to possible acquisitions of businesses.

**Our expansion plans may not be cost-effective.**

We have pursued, and may continue to pursue, strategic alliances with new or complementary businesses in an effort to enter into new business areas, diversify our sources of revenue and expand our products and services. If we pursue strategic alliances with new or complementary businesses, we may not be able to expand our product or service offerings and related operations in a cost-effective or timely way. We may experience increased costs, delays and diversions of management's attention when beginning any new businesses or services. Also, any new business or service that users do not favorably receive could damage our reputation and brand name in the market place. We also cannot be certain that we will obtain enough revenues from any expanded products or services to offset related costs.

Any expansion of our operations may require additional expenses. These efforts may strain our management, financial and operational resources.

**Our limited resources may make it harder for us to manage growth.**

We have a limited basis upon which to evaluate our systems' ability to handle controlled or full commercial availability of our services. We anticipate that we will expand our operations in the near future, and we will have to expand further to



address the anticipated growth in our market opportunities. To manage the expected growth of operations and personnel, we will need to improve existing systems, and implement new systems, procedures and controls. In addition, we will need to expand, train and manage an increasing employee base. We will also need to expand our finance, administrative and operations staff. We may not be able to effectively manage this growth. Our planned expansion in the near future will place a significant strain on our managerial, operational and financial resources. Our planned personnel, systems, procedures and controls may be inadequate to support our future operations. If we cannot manage growth effectively or if we experience disruptions during our expansion, the expansion may not be cost-effective.

**Changes in reimbursement levels under Medicare, Medicaid or insurance reimbursement programs and any changes in applicable government regulations could have a material adverse effect on FHA's net revenues.**

As managed care assumes an increasingly significant role in markets in which FHA operates, FHA's success will, in part, depend on retaining and obtaining managed care contracts. There can be no assurance that we will retain or continue to obtain such managed care contracts. In addition, reimbursement rates under managed care contracts are likely to continue experiencing downward pressure as a result of payers' efforts to contain or reduce the costs of health care by increasing case management review of services and negotiating reduced contract pricing. Therefore, even if we are successful in retaining and obtaining managed care contracts, unless we also decrease our cost for providing services and increase higher margin services, we will experience declining profit margins.

FHA is subject to extensive and frequently changing federal, state and local regulation. In addition, new laws and regulations are adopted periodically to regulate new and existing products and services in the health care industry. Changes in laws or regulations or new interpretations of existing laws or regulations can have a dramatic effect on operating methods, costs and reimbursement amounts provided by government and other third-party payers. Federal laws governing our activities include regulations related to Medicare reimbursement and certification and certain financial relationships with physicians and other health care providers. Although FHA intends to comply with all applicable fraud and abuse laws, there can be no assurance that administrative or judicial interpretation of existing laws or regulations or enactments of new laws or regulations will not have a material adverse effect on its business. FHA is subject to state laws governing Medicaid, professional training, licensure, financial relationships with physicians and the dispensing and storage of pharmaceuticals. The facilities operated by FHA must comply with all applicable laws, regulations and licensing standards. In addition, many of our employees must maintain licenses to provide some of the services that we offer. There can be no assurance that federal, state or local governments will not change existing standards or impose additional standards. Any failure to comply with existing or future standards could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition or prospects.

**If we lose our key personnel or are unable to hire additional personnel, we will have trouble growing our business.**

We depend to a large extent on the abilities of our key management. The loss of any key employee or our inability to attract or retain other qualified employees could seriously impair our results of operations and financial condition.

Our future success depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate highly skilled technical, marketing, management, accounting and administrative personnel. We plan to hire additional personnel in all areas of our business as we grow. Competition for qualified personnel is intense. As a result, we may be unable to attract and retain qualified personnel. We may also be unable to retain the employees that we currently employ or to attract additional technical personnel. The failure to retain and attract the necessary personnel could seriously harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

**System and online security failures could harm our business and operating results.**

The operation of our business depends on the efficient and uninterrupted operation of our computer and communications hardware systems. Our systems and operations are vulnerable to damage or interruption from many sources, including fire, flood, power loss, telecommunications failure, break-ins, earthquakes and similar events. Our servers are also vulnerable to computer viruses, physical or electronic break-ins and similar disruptions. Any substantial interruptions in the future could result in the loss of data and could destroy our ability to generate revenues from operations.

The secure transmission of confidential information over public networks is a significant barrier to electronic commerce and communications. Anyone who can circumvent our security measures could misappropriate confidential information or

cause interruptions in our operations. We may have to spend large amounts of money and other resources to protect against potential security breaches or to alleviate problems caused by any breach.

**There Are Substantial Risks Related to Our Common Stock and Management's Percentage of Ownership of Our Common Stock**

**Due to the instability in our common stock price, you may not be able to sell your shares at a profit.**

The public market for our common stock is limited and volatile. As with many other companies, any market price for our shares is likely to continue to be very volatile. In addition, the other risk factors disclosed in this Form 10-K may significantly affect our stock price. The volatility and limited volume of our stock price may make it more difficult for you to resell shares when you want at prices you find attractive.

In addition, the stock market in general and the market for small Home Healthcare companies in particular, have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of these companies. These broad market and industry factors may reduce our stock price, regardless of our operating performance.

**Because our common stock is "penny stock," you may have greater difficulty selling your shares.**

Our common stock is penny stock as defined in Rule 3a51-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Section 15(g) of the Exchange Act and Rule 15g-2 of the Securities and Exchange Commission require broker/dealers dealing in penny stocks to provide potential investors with a document disclosing the risks of penny stocks and to obtain a manually signed and dated written receipt of the document before making any transaction in a penny stock for the investor's account. In addition, Rule 15g-9 of the Securities and Exchange Commission requires broker/dealers in penny stocks to approve the account of any investor for transactions in these stocks before selling any penny stock to that investor. Compliance with these requirements may make it harder for our selling stockholders and other stockholders to resell their shares.

**The sale of already outstanding shares of our common stock could hurt our common stock market price.**

The number of our shares available for resale in the public market may exceed the number of shares that purchasers wish to buy. This imbalance may place downward pressure on our stock price.

Sales of substantial amounts of FHA common stock could harm the market price of its stock. This also could harm FHA's ability to raise capital in the future. Any sales of substantial amounts of FHA common stock in the public market, or the perception that those sales might occur, could harm the market price of FHA's common stock.

**Failure to meet financial expectations could have an adverse impact on the market price of FHA's common stock.**

FHA's ability to achieve its financial targets is subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors affecting its business and the home healthcare industry generally, many of which are beyond FHA's control. These factors may cause actual results to differ materially. FHA describes a number of these factors throughout this document, including in these Risk Factors. FHA cannot assure you that it will meet these targets. If FHA is not able to meet these targets, it could harm the market price of its common stock.

**Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.**

Not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

**Item 2. Properties.**

FHA's corporate offices are located at 5001 Baum Blvd, Suite 770, Pittsburgh, PA 15213. They consist of approximately 3,000 square feet of space. FHA also maintains offices in Casper, Wyoming and Billings, Montana for our Interim Healthcare operation, which are rented for \$4,892 and \$1,525 per month, respectively. The Casper lease ends June 2018, and the Billings lease ends May 2020.

**Item 3. Legal Proceedings.**

On June 17, 2016 and June 30, 2016 two complaints were filed, one with the Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) and one with the Wyoming State Department of Labor against the Company, alleging discrimination on the basis of sex and disability. The complaints do not seek any specific monetary relief. The complaints are being mediated by the Wyoming State Department of Labor, and the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. The Wyoming State Department of Labor issued a notice of dismissal for one of the complaints. After reviewing the facts and circumstances, the Company believes the claims made are weak, at best, and the Company has retained counsel and intends to continue a vigorous defense. On March 6, 2018, which is subsequent to the end of the period covered by this Annual Report, a complaint was filed with the Wyoming Court of Natrona county, alleging violation of the Wyoming Fair Employment Practices Act of 1965 for discrimination based upon sex, disability and retaliation. The complaint does not seek any specific monetary relief. At this time, management cannot reasonably estimate the cost to defend or the outcome of the complaints.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

None; not applicable

**PART II**

**Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.**

We have approximately 7,000 stockholders. This figure includes an indeterminate number of stockholders who hold their shares in street name. We cannot guarantee that the present market for our common stock will continue or be maintained.

The quarterly high and low closing sales prices for our shares of common stock since public trading of these shares began are as follows:

Fiscal Years 2016 and 2017		<u>Low</u>	<u>High</u>
January 1, 2016 through March 31, 2016	\$	0.08\$	0.11
April 1, 2016 through June 30, 2016	\$	0.0602\$	0.0807
July 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016	\$	0.07\$	0.078
October 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016	\$	0.07\$	0.20

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January 1, 2017 through March 31, 2017	\$	0.08\$	0.10
April 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017	\$	0.04\$	0.0811
July 1, 2017 through September 30, 2017	\$	0.0811\$	0.10
October 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017	\$	0.0251\$	0.085

We have not declared any cash dividends on our common stock, and do not intend to declare dividends in the foreseeable future. Management intends to use all available funds for the development of our plan of operation.

There are no material restrictions limiting, or that are likely to limit, our ability to pay dividends on our common stock.

## Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following information is provided as of December 31, 2017:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans excluding securities reflected in column (a) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders	0	\$ 0.00	0
Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders	0	\$ 0.00	0
Total	0	\$ 0.00	0

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities; Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities.

We have not issued any unregistered securities during the calendar year ended December 31, 2017 that have not already been reported in a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or a Current Report on Form 8-K.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers.

None; not applicable.

**Item 6. Selected Financial Data**

None; not applicable.

**Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.**

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Form 10-K.

**Safe Harbor Statement.**

Statements made in this Form 10-K which are not purely historical are forward-looking statements with respect to the goals, plan objectives, intentions, expectations, financial condition, results of operations, future performance and business of FHA, FHS and Interim, including, without limitation, (i) our ability to gain a larger share of the home healthcare industry in our chosen markets, our ability to continue to develop products and services acceptable to that industry, our ability to retain our business relationships, and our ability to raise capital and the growth of home healthcare industry, and (ii) statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words "may", "would", "could", "should", "expects", "projects", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "plans", "intends", "targets" or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, and important factors (many of which are beyond FHA's control) that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements, including the following, in addition to those contained in our reports on file with the SEC: general economic or industry conditions, nationally and/or in the communities in which FHA conducts business, changes in the interest rate environment, legislation or regulatory requirements, conditions of the securities markets, changes in the home healthcare industry, the development of services that may be superior to the services offered by FHA, demand for home healthcare services, competition, changes in the quality or composition of FHA's services, our ability to develop new services, our ability to raise

capital, changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines, financial or political instability, acts of war or terrorism, other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory and technical factors affecting FHA's operations, services and prices.

Accordingly, results actually achieved may differ materially from expected results in these statements.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. FHA does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of such statements.

## **Company Overview**

Based in Casper, Wyoming and Billings, Montana, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Interim Health Care of Wyoming, has been serving its community for over 20 years, and Interim is part of the home health segment of the healthcare industry, providing a wide range of visiting nurse services to the elderly, wounded and sick. It is one of the 300 home health agencies that comprise Interim Health Care, the largest home healthcare franchise in the United States.

As the census (number of patients utilizing facilities) in the hospitals fluctuates, we continue to take steps to position ourselves for the ups and downs of the census for these facilities. Our home healthcare service, while down during 2017, continued to provide a consistent stream of revenue through 2017, while our staffing business saw minimal growth in 2017. We experienced a decline in revenue in our home healthcare business in both Billings, Montana and Casper, Wyoming. We continued to see downward pressure on reimbursement rates throughout 2017, and competition continues to increase from small startup healthcare agencies and providers.

In 2018, we are approaching our healthcare business by re-evaluating each payer source, competition and focusing our marketing on higher margin opportunities. As for our operations in Billings, Montana and its focus on the medical staffing industry, we anticipate a similar level in the demand for our medical staffing services during the upcoming year. As such, we will continue to evaluate opportunities to expand the realm of services we offer. Promotional activities are being managed as the offices experience fluctuations in the day-to-day operations and as we embark on new business opportunities.

Our home healthcare business continues to be the revenue generator for our Company as our country's population ages and new methods of patient data capture become critical components for delivering high quality, affordable healthcare services in a patient's home. Although this has been a gradual process, we believe we have positioned our business to handle the fluctuations of the staffing business that we can encounter, and we will continue to look to obtain additional business that can deliver higher gross margins during 2018.

We record all revenue and expenses and provide all services under one umbrella. Below is a description of our Home Healthcare and Staffing operations.

### **Description of Services**

#### **Home Care**

Through trained health care professionals, FHA provides home care services including senior care and pediatric nursing; physical, occupational and speech therapy. FHA offices deliver quality home care and treat each patient with genuine compassion, kindness and respect. FHA provides health care professionals at all skill levels, including registered nurses, therapists, LPN's and certified home health aides. FHA derives its revenue from multiple payer sources. These include Medicare, Medicaid, Insurance, Medicaid LTW, and Private Payers. Because our offices are located in areas that do not contain a large population base (less than 200,000 residents), we continually explore opportunities to increase our revenue with our current payer sources and expand through new sources of revenue.

The healthcare team is utilized across all payer sources, including staffing services. Our customer base comes from referrals from hospitals, rehab facilities, nursing homes, assisted living facilities and previous patients.

In addition to our professional team, we employ a management team at each facility to handle the day to day direction of the office. This is provided by our Administrators. We also have a Director of Nursing in each location. This person is responsible for the day to day oversight of the service providers and ensuring the certified professionals obtain the necessary training to maintain their certificates as well as the training necessary to be in compliance with all regulating organizations.

## Staffing

FHA offices provide nurses, nurse aides and management services to hospitals, prisons, schools, corporations and other health care facilities. FHA success is based on our ability to recruit the best health care professionals and the responsiveness of our local managers to fill the needs of our clients in a timely manner. Additionally, we work with our clients should they decide they would like to hire our service professional on a full time basis. Another key to our success is the personal relationship that our management and sales team build with each of our existing and new clients. As noted previously, in order to reduce turnover of our service team by providing as many hours as possible, similar to the hours of a full-time employee, we utilize the same service team members across all payer sources.

As each of our businesses is located in smaller based population areas of the country, the competition is significantly heightened and the relationships maintained with our clients become very critical to the continued success of our operations.

As we provide diversified services and accept payments from multiple payer sources, we are not heavily dependent on a few clients in order for our business to be successful.

## Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

**Revenue Recognition** - Revenue is recognized when earned. The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) Accounting Standards Codification ( ASC ) Topic 605, 985 Software Revenue Recognition and the Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 and 104.

The Company recognizes revenue from providing healthcare services when the services are provided and collection is probable. Revenue from non-recurring programming, consulting service, support arrangements and training programs are recognized when the services are provided.

**Accounts Receivable** We evaluate the creditworthiness of our customers based on their financial information, if available, as well as information obtained from suppliers and past experiences with customers. In some instances, we require new customers to make prepayments. Accounts receivable consist of trade receivables arising in the normal course of business. Any allowance established is subject to judgment and estimates made by management. The Company determines the allowance based on known troubled accounts, historical experience, and other currently available evidence. We established an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$20,200 and \$20,200 at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

**Results of Operations.**

**Year Ended December 31, 2017 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2016**

*Fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 compared to fiscal year ended December 31, 2016:*

During 2017, FHA recorded revenues of \$3,613,662, a 6% decrease over revenues of \$3,840,132 for the same period in 2016. The decrease for 2017 reflects the impact of competition, the decrease in needs for our services in 2017, especially staffing services.

In 2017, cost of services totaled \$2,655,000, a 10% decrease as compared to \$2,942,512 in 2016. This is a reflection of the increased utilization of personnel to service our client base personnel levels being more properly managed during 2017 within our Casper, Wyoming location. As a result, FHA posted a gross profit of \$958,662 during 2017, versus a gross profit of \$897,620 for 2016, an increase of 7%.

FHA recorded total operating expenses of \$1,247,488 during 2017, a 3% decrease as compared to operating expenses of \$1,290,675 in the same period of 2016. General and administrative expenses totaled \$538,700 in 2017 versus \$542,592 in 2016, a decrease of 1%, due to a focus on controlling expenses during 2017. Salaries, wages and related expenses decreased to \$671,289 in 2017 from \$711,593 in 2016, due to a decrease in personnel and a decrease in wages paid to management personnel during 2017. Selling expenses in 2017 were \$37,499 versus \$36,490 in 2016.

FHA's net loss available to common shareholders was \$380,559 in 2017. This represents an \$96,886 increase from our net loss of \$283,673 in 2016. The increase in our net loss was driven by a decrease in gain on derivative liability of \$200,282, offset by the \$104,229 reduction in loss of operations year over year.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources.**

### **2017 compared to 2016**

Cash on hand was \$158,072 at December 31, 2017, a decrease of \$48,280 over the \$206,352 on hand at December 31, 2016. Cash used by operations for 2017, was \$48,280, a decrease of \$226,483 over the \$274,763 cash used by operations for 2016. This decrease in cash used by operations was driven from our operating results coupled with a decrease in our accounts receivable balance at year end 2017 compared to 2016.

Cash on hand at December 31, 2017 is not sufficient to sustain operations for the next twelve months. While there can be no guarantees, the Company believes it has sufficient accounts receivable balances to meet short term obligations, and will make necessary changes to operations to meet long term operating capital requirements.

## **Contractual Obligations**

Not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have operating leases for certain facilities, but otherwise do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, or capital resources.

## **Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk**

Not applicable to smaller reporting companies.



**Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.**

FUTURE HEALTHCARE OF AMERICA AND SUBSIDIARIES  
INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	16
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2017 and 2016	17
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	18
Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	19
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016	20
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	21

Gregory & Associates, LLC [Letterhead]

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT

REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Shareholders

FUTURE HEALTHCARE OF AMERICA AND SUBSIDIARIES

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15213

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets Future Healthcare of America and subsidiaries ( the Company ) as of and , and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders equity (deficit), and cash flows for each of the years in the two year period ended and the related notes (collectively referred to as the consolidated financial statements ). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of and , and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two year period ended , in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Explanatory Paragraph Regarding Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has suffered net losses since inception, an accumulated significant deficit and has a short-term note payable in excess of assets. These factors raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management s plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 2. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company s consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ( PCAOB ) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal security laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our Audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2009.

Salt Lake City, Utah

March 28, 2018

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FUTURE HEALTHCARE OF AMERICA AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash	\$ 158,072	\$ 206,352
Accounts receivable	400,584 [1]	473,388 [1]
Prepaid expenses	31,390	60,799
Deferred tax asset, net	-	-
Total current assets	590,046	740,539
Total assets	\$ 590,046	\$ 740,539
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Accounts payable	103,787	70,658
Accrued expenses	548,052	350,715
Derivative liability	43,726	53,488