#### CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND INC Form DEF 14A October 29, 2014

#### SCHEDULE 14A (Rule 14a-101) INFORMATION REQUIRED IN PROXY STATEMENT

#### SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No.)

Filed by the Registrant [X]

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant [ ]

Check the appropriate box:

- [] Preliminary Proxy Statement
- [] Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- [X] Definitive Proxy Statement
- [] Definitive Additional Materials
- [] Soliciting Material Pursuant to Section 240.14a-11(c) or Section 240.14a-12

# CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC. (Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

[X] [ ]	No fee required. Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.			
	(1)	Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:		
	(2)	Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:		
	(3)	Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):		

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	(4)	Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
	(5)	Total fee paid:
[]	•	provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify aid previously. Identify the previous filing by the
	(1)	Amount Previously Paid:
	(2)	Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
	(3)	Filing Party:
	(4)	Date Filed:

#### CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC.

7 Dawson Street Huntington Station, New York 11746

#### NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 8, 2014

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 8, 2014: THE NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS AND PROXY STATEMENT ARE AVAILABLE ON THE INTERNET AT HTTP://WWW.CORNERSTONETOTALRETURNFUND.COM/DATA/SITES/4/DOCS/CRF\_PROXY\_FINAL.PDF

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Special Meeting of Stockholders (the "Meeting") of Cornerstone Total Return Fund, Inc., a New York corporation (the "Fund"), will be held at 11:30 a.m., Eastern Time, on December 8, 2014 at 1075 Hendersonville Road, Asheville, North Carolina, 28803, for the following purposes:

- 1. To approve a proposed one-for-four reverse stock split and the related amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation. (Proposal No. 1); and
- 2. To consider and vote upon such other matters as may properly come before said Meeting or any adjournment thereof.

The Board of Directors has fixed the close of business on October 27, 2014 as the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to notice of, and to vote, at this Meeting or any adjournment thereof. The stock transfer books will not be closed.

Copies of the Fund's most recent annual and semi-annual reports may be ordered free of charge by any stockholder by writing to the Fund, c/o AST Fund Solutions, LLC, 48 Wall Street, 22nd Floor, New York, NY 10005, or by calling (866) 668-6558.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Gary A. Bentz Secretary

Dated: October 29, 2014

WHETHER OR NOT YOU EXPECT TO BE PRESENT AT THE MEETING, PLEASE FILL IN, DATE, SIGN AND MAIL THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD IN THE ENCLOSED REPLY ENVELOPE. YOUR PROMPT RESPONSE WILL ASSURE A QUORUM AT THE MEETING.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SIGNING PROXY CARDS

The following general rules for signing proxy cards may be of assistance to you and may allow the Fund to avoid the time and expense involved in validating your vote if you fail to sign your proxy card properly.

- 1. Individual Accounts: Sign your name exactly as it appears in the registration on the proxy card.
- 2. Joint Accounts: Either party may sign, but the name of the party signing should conform exactly to a name shown in the registration.
- 3. Other Accounts: The capacity of the individual signing the proxy card should be indicated unless it is reflected in the form of registration. For example:

#### REGISTRATION

#### CORPORATE ACCOUNTS

- (1) ABC Corp.
- (2) ABC Corp.
- (3) ABC Corp. c/o John Doe, Treasurer
- (4) ABC Corp. Profit Sharing Plan

#### TRUST ACCOUNTS

(1) ABC Trust.

(2) Jane B. Doe, Trustee u/t/d 12/28/78

#### CUSTODIAL OR ESTATE ACCOUNTS

 John B. Smith, Cust. f/b/o John B. Smith, Jr. UGMA
John B. Smith

#### VALID SIGNATURE

ABC Corp (by John Doe, Treasurer) John Doe, Treasurer John Doe John Doe, Trustee

Jane B. Doe, Trustee Jane B. Doe

John B. Smith John B. Smith, Jr., Executor CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC.

7 Dawson Street

Huntington Station, New York 11746

PROXY STATEMENT

FOR SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 8, 2014

GENERAL

This Proxy Statement is furnished in connection with the solicitation of proxies by the Board of Directors of Cornerstone Total Return Fund, Inc., a New York corporation (the "Fund") for use at the Special Meeting of Stockholders (the "Meeting") to be held at 11:30 a.m., Eastern Time, on December 8, 2014 at 1075 Hendersonville Road, Asheville, North Carolina, 28803, and at any and all adjournments thereof. A form of proxy is enclosed herewith. This Proxy Statement and the accompanying form of proxy are being first mailed to stockholders of the Fund ("Stockholder(s)") on or about November 3, 2014.

Any Stockholder who executes and delivers a proxy may revoke it by written communication to the Secretary of the Fund at any time prior to its use or by voting in person at the Meeting. Attendance by a Stockholder at the Meeting does not, in itself, revoke a proxy. Unrevoked proxies will be voted in accordance with the specifications thereon and, unless specified to the contrary, will be voted FOR the approval of the proposed reverse stock split and the related amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation.

In general, abstentions and broker non-votes, as defined below, count for purposes of obtaining a quorum but do not count as votes cast with respect to any proposal where the broker does not have discretion. Since Proposal 1 is considered routine, broker non-votes will be counted as votes cast. A broker non-vote is a proxy from a broker or nominee indicating that such person has not received instructions from the beneficial owner or other person entitled to vote shares on a particular matter with respect to which the broker or nominee does not have discretionary voting power.

At least 51% of the Fund's Stockholders must be present at the Meeting in person or by proxy to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business by the Fund. In the event that a quorum is not present at the Meeting, the persons named as proxies may propose one or more adjournments of the Meeting from time to time. Any such adjournment will require the affirmative vote of a majority of those shares represented at the Meeting in person or by proxy. The persons named as proxies will vote those proxies which they are entitled to vote FOR or AGAINST any such proposal in their discretion.

The cost of soliciting the proxies is estimated to be approximately \$1,600 and will be borne by the Fund. Proxy solicitations will be made primarily by mail, but solicitations may also be made by telephone, telegraph or personal interviews conducted by officers of the Fund or AST Fund Solutions, LLC, the administrator to the Fund (the "Administrator").

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Only holders of issued and outstanding shares of the Fund's common stock of record at the close of business on October 27, 2014 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Meeting. Each such holder is entitled to one vote per share of common stock so held. The number of shares of common stock outstanding on October 27, 2014 was 17,797,792. The Fund is a diversified closed-end management investment company.

Copies of the Fund's most recent annual and semi-annual reports may be ordered free of charge to any Stockholder by writing to the Fund, c/o AST Fund Solutions, LLC, 48 Wall Street, 22nd Floor, New York, NY 10005, or by calling (866) 668-6558. These reports are not to be regarded as proxy-soliciting material.

This Proxy Statement is first being mailed to Stockholders on or about November 3, 2014.

#### PROPOSAL NO. 1

#### APPROVAL OF A ONE-FOR-FOUR REVERSE STOCK SPLIT OF THE ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING SHARES OF COMMON STOCK AND THE RELATED AMENDMENT TO THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

The Board of Directors has determined that the Fund would benefit if its shares of common stock traded at a higher market price than the current market price per share. To support this purpose, the Board of Directors has further determined that it is in the best interests of the Fund and the stockholders to approve an amendment to the Fund's Certificate of Incorporation to effect a reverse stock split of the Fund's common stock on the basis of one new share of common stock for four shares (1-for-4) of presently outstanding common stock. The amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation, attached hereto as Exhibit A, would reduce the number of shares that are issued and outstanding as of the date of the amendment but would not have any other effect or change the Fund's Certificate of Incorporation or the rights of stockholders in any other way.

On October 14, 2014, the Board discussed the Fund's current market price per share and compared it to the Fund's historical market prices per share. Although no assurances can be given, the Board believes that a reverse stock split may have the effect of increasing the Fund's market price and will have the effect of increasing the Fund's net asset value ("NAV") per share. A prior reverse stock split in 2008 by the Fund contributed to an increase in the Fund's market price and to the Fund's shares selling at a premium. The Board also considered that during the five years from June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2014, the Fund's net assets have grown from \$19.1 million to \$88.0 million, net of distributions totaling \$6.53 per share, due to portfolio performance, the results of rights offerings and distribution reinvestments for the period. Please refer to the section entitled "Potential Effects of the Reverse Stock Split" below for the risks associated with the reverse stock split.

Upon receiving the requisite stockholder approval, the Certificate of Amendment will, subject to the discretion of the Board, be thereafter filed with the Secretary of State of the State of New York. The amendment and the proposed reverse stock split would become effective as of the date of such filing which is anticipated to be in December, 2014 (the "Effective Date").

The Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation will not reduce the total number of authorized shares of capital stock of 50,000,000 shares, or the par value of the Fund's common stock. As of October 27, 2014, 17,797,792 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding.

#### HYPOTHETICAL EXAMPLE OF THE REVERSE STOCK SPLIT

This Example is intended to help stockholders understand how the reverse stock split will affect the number of shares held by a stockholder and the Fund's NAV per share. The Example assumes the reverse stock split became effective on September 30, 2014, at which time the stockholder held 1,000 shares of the Fund's common stock and the Fund's NAV was \$4.76 per share. The actual NAV of the Fund's shares may be higher or lower on the Effective Date.

Number of shares	Fund's NAV per	Number of shares	Fund's NAV per
held immediately	share immediately	held immediately	share immediately
prior to the reverse	prior to reverse	after the reverse	after the reverse
stock split	stock split	stock split	stock split
1,000	\$4.76	250	\$19.04

Any distributions that had been declared prior to the reverse stock split for record dates after the reverse stock split would be increased accordingly.

#### POTENTIAL EFFECTS OF THE REVERSE STOCK SPLIT

The immediate effect of a reverse stock split would be to reduce the number of shares of common stock outstanding, thereby increasing the NAV per share. A reverse stock split may result in an increase in the market price of the Fund's common stock. However, the effect of any reverse stock split upon the market price of the Fund's common stock cannot be predicted. The Fund cannot assure stockholders that the market price of its common stock after the reverse stock split will rise in exact proportion to the reduction in the number of shares of common stock outstanding. Also, there can be no assurance that a reverse stock split would lead to a sustained increase in the market price of the Fund's common stock, that the market price would remain above the thresholds required by the NYSE MKT LLC ("NYSE MKT"), or that the Fund will be able to continue to meet any other continued listing requirements of the NYSE MKT.

#### EFFECTS ON OWNERSHIP BY INDIVIDUAL STOCKHOLDERS

If the Fund implements a reverse stock split, the number of shares of common stock held by each stockholder would be reduced by dividing the number of shares held immediately before the reverse split by the 1 for 4 exchange ratio. The Fund will not issue fractional shares. Instead, the Fund will pay cash in lieu of any fractional interest in a share to which such stockholder would otherwise be entitled as a result of the reverse stock split. The reverse stock split would affect the Fund's common stock uniformly and would not affect any stockholder's percentage ownership interests in the Fund or proportionate voting power.

### OTHER EFFECTS ON OUTSTANDING SHARES

The reverse stock split may result in some stockholders owning "odd-lots" of less than 100 shares of common stock. Brokerage commissions and other costs of transactions in odd-lots may be higher than the costs of transactions in "round-lots" of even multiples of 100 shares. The reverse stock split may also have an impact on the liquidity of the shares of common stock due to the fact that the number of shares of common stock trading on the market will decrease.

#### PROCEDURE FOR EFFECTING THE REVERSE STOCK SPLIT AND EXCHANGE OF STOCK CERTIFICATES

If the stockholders approve the proposed amendment to the Fund's Certificate of Incorporation, the Board of Directors may elect whether or not to declare the reverse stock split at any time after the Meeting. The reverse stock split would be implemented by filing the Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of New York, and the reverse stock split would become effective on the date of the filing which is anticipated to be in December, 2014. As of the effective date of a reverse stock split, each certificate representing shares of the Fund's common stock before the reverse stock split would be deemed, for all corporate purposes, to evidence ownership of the reduced number of shares of common stock resulting from the reverse stock split. The Fund expects that its transfer agent would act as the exchange agent for purposes of implementing the exchange of stock certificates. As soon as practicable after the effective date, stockholders would be notified of the effectiveness of the reverse split. Stockholders of record would receive a letter of transmittal requesting them to surrender their stock certificates for a statement in lieu of a stock certificate reflecting the adjusted number of shares as a result of the reverse stock split. Persons who hold their shares in brokerage accounts or "street name" would not be required to take any further actions to effect the exchange of their certificates. Pursuant to an amendment to the Fund's by-laws, no new certificates will be issued to stockholders, even to those surrendering their certificates. Such adjusted shares resulting from the reverse stock split will be held only in book-entry form, with a statement provided to each stockholder indicating such book-entry shares held on behalf of each stockholder.

#### FRACTIONAL SHARES

The Fund will not issue fractional shares. Instead, the Fund will pay cash in lieu of any fractional interest in a share to which such stockholder would otherwise be entitled as a result of the reverse stock split.

#### NO APPRAISAL RIGHTS

No appraisal rights are available under the New York Business Corporation Law (NYBCL) with respect to the reverse stock split, and we will not independently provide stockholders with any such rights. There may exist other rights or actions under state law for stockholders who are aggrieved by reverse stock splits generally.

#### ACCOUNTING CONSEQUENCES

The reverse stock split will not affect the par value of our common stock. As a result, on the effective date of the reverse stock split, the stated capital on our balance sheet attributable to our common stock will be reduced in proportion with the exchange ratio, and the additional paid-in capital account will be credited with the amount by which the stated capital is reduced.

#### U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following is a summary of material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the reverse stock split and does not purport to be complete. It does not discuss any state, local, or foreign income or other tax consequences. Also, it does not address the tax consequences to holders that are subject to special tax rules, including banks, insurance companies, regulated investment companies, personal holding companies, foreign entities, nonresident alien individuals, broker-dealers and tax-exempt entities. The discussion is based on the provisions of the United States federal income tax law as of the date hereof, which is subject to change retroactively as well as prospectively. This summary also assumes that the shares are held as a "capital asset," as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (generally, property held for investment). The tax treatment of a stockholder may vary depending upon the particular facts and circumstances of the stockholder. Each stockholder is urged to consult with the stockholder's own tax advisor with respect to the consequences of the reverse stock split. The Fund intends to treat the exchange of shares pursuant to the reverse stock split as a recapitalization under Section 368(a)(i)(E) of the Code. No gain or loss should be recognized by a stockholder upon the stockholder's exchange of shares pursuant to the reverse stock split. The aggregate tax basis of the shares received in the reverse stock split, including any fraction of a share deemed to have been received, would be the same as the stockholder's aggregate tax basis in the shares exchanged. The stockholder's holding period for the shares would include the period during which the stockholder held the pre-split shares surrendered in the reverse stock split. Our view regarding the tax consequence of the reverse stock split is not binding upon the Internal Revenue Service or the courts, and there can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service or the courts will accept the positions expressed above. The state and local tax consequences of the reverse stock split may vary significantly as to each stockholder, depending upon the state in which he or she resides.

# ACCORDINGLY, EACH STOCKHOLDER SHOULD CONSULT WITH HIS OR HER OWN TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO ALL OF THE POTENTIAL TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE REVERSE STOCK SPLIT.

The following notice is based on U.S. Treasury Regulations governing practice before the Internal Revenue Service: (1) any U.S. federal tax advice contained herein is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used by any taxpayer, for the purpose of avoiding U.S. federal tax penalties that may be imposed on the taxpayer, (2) any such advice is written to support the promotion of the transactions described in this proxy statement, and (3) each taxpayer should seek advice based on the taxpayer's particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

### **REQUIRED VOTE**

The affirmative vote of a majority of all outstanding shares of common stock of the Fund entitled to vote at the Meeting is required for approval of the reverse stock split and the related amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation. Abstentions will have the same effect as a vote against the proposal.

# THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR" APPROVAL OF THE PROPOSED REVERSE STOCK SPLIT AND THE RELATED AMENDMENT TO THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION.

#### INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE FUND'S INVESTMENT ADVISER AND ADMINISTRATOR

#### THE INVESTMENT ADVISER

Cornerstone Advisors, Inc. has acted as the Fund's Investment Adviser ("Investment Adviser") since January 2, 2002, and has its principal office at 1075 Hendersonville Road, Suite 250, Asheville, North Carolina, 28803. Cornerstone Advisors, Inc. was organized in February of 2001, to provide investment management services to closed-end investment companies and is registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. Cornerstone Advisors, Inc. is the investment adviser to two other closed-end funds, Cornerstone Strategic Value Fund, Inc. and Cornerstone Progressive Return Fund. Messrs. Bradshaw and Bentz are the only stockholders of the investment adviser.

Mr. Bradshaw, an owner of Cornerstone Advisors, Inc., is President and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Fund. Mr. Bentz, formerly the Vice President, Treasurer and a Director of the Fund and currently Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary of the Fund, is also an owner of Cornerstone Advisors, Inc. The address of Messrs. Bradshaw and Bentz, is 1075 Hendersonville Road, Suite 250, Asheville, North Carolina, 28803.

#### THE ADMINISTRATOR

AST Fund Solutions, LLC, 48 Wall Street, 22nd Floor, New York, New York 10005, currently acts as the administrator of the Fund.

#### SECTION 16(A) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, (the "Investment Company Act") in combination require the Fund's directors and officers, persons who own more than ten percent (10%) of the Fund's Common Stock, and the Fund's Investment Adviser and its directors and officers, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC and the NYSE MKT. The Fund believes that the Fund's directors and officers, the Fund's Investment Adviser and its directors and officers have complied with all applicable filing requirements during the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### INFORMATION PERTAINING TO CERTAIN STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth the beneficial ownership of shares of the Fund by each person known to the Fund to be deemed the beneficial owner of more than five (5%) percent of the outstanding shares of the Fund at the close of business on October 27, 2014:

Name and Address of<br/>Beneficial OwnersShares of Common Stock<br/>Beneficially OwnedNoneNone

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Additionally, on October 27, 2014, Cede & Co., a nominee for participants in the Depository Trust Company, held of record 17,560,095 shares of the Fund, equal to approximately 98.7% of the outstanding shares of the Fund. All the directors and executive officers of the Fund, as of the date of this proxy, owned less than 1% of the outstanding shares of the Fund.

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Proxy Statement does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statements and the exhibits relating thereto which the Fund has filed with the SEC, under the Exchange Act and the Investment Company Act, to which reference is hereby made. The Fund is subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act and in accordance therewith, files reports and other information with the SEC. Reports, proxy statements, registration statements and other information filed by the Fund can be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities of the SEC in Washington, DC. Copies of such materials also can be obtained by mail from the Public Reference Branch, Office of Consumer Affairs and Information Services, SEC, 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20594, at prescribed rates.

#### OTHER BUSINESS

The Board of Directors of the Fund does not know of any other matter which may come before the Meeting, but should any other matter requiring a vote of stockholders arise, including any questions as to the adjournment of the Meeting, it is the intention of the persons named in the proxy to vote the proxies in accordance with their judgment on that matter in the interest of the Fund.

#### PROPOSALS TO BE SUBMITTED BY STOCKHOLDERS

All proposals by stockholders of the Fund which are intended to be presented at the Fund's next Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be held in the year 2015, must be received by the Fund addressed to Cornerstone Total Return Fund, Inc., c/o AST Fund Solutions, LLC, 48 Wall Street, 22nd Floor, New York, NY 10005 in advance of the meeting as set forth in the Fund's 2014 annual meeting proxy document.

#### CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC.

Gary A. Bentz, Secretary

Dated: October 29, 2014

# EXHIBIT A

# CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT OF THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC. UNDER SECTION 805 OF THE BUSINESS CORPORATION LAW

The undersigned, being an authorized officer of CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC. (the "Corporation"), does hereby certify:

FIRST. The name of the Corporation is Cornerstone Total Return Fund, Inc. It was formed under the name Excelsior Income Shares, Inc.

SECOND. The Certificate of Incorporation was filed with the Department of State of New York on March 14, 1973. Certificates of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation were filed on December 27, 2001 and December 22, 2008 with the Department of State of New York.

THIRD. Article 4 of the Certificate of Incorporation, which sets forth the authorized shares of capital stock of the Corporation, is hereby amended to effect a reclassification of the shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), currently outstanding (the "Old Shares") so that every four shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the date of such amendment shall, effective as of the date of such amendment, be reclassified and changed into one share of Common Stock (the "New Shares"). No fractional shares will be issued as a result of the foregoing reclassification. In lieu of issuing fractional shares, the Corporation will pay cash to any shareholder who otherwise would have been entitled to receive a fractional share as a result of the foregoing reclassification, the par value of the Corporation's Common Stock will not change.

FOURTH. The foregoing Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation was authorized by a vote of the majority of the Board of Directors, at a meeting held on October 14, 2014, followed by the vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon at a meeting of the stockholders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this Certificate of Amendment this day \_\_\_\_\_ of December, 2014.

CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC.

By: /S/ RALPH W. BRADSHAW

Ralph W. Bradshaw President

#### CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC. PROXY CARD FOR THE SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 8, 2014

#### THIS PROXY IS SOLICITED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The undersigned stockholder of Cornerstone Total Return Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") hereby constitutes and appoints Messrs. Ralph W. Bradshaw and Gary A. Bentz, or any of them, the action of a majority of them voting to be controlling, as proxy of the undersigned, with full power of substitution, to vote all shares of common stock of the Fund standing in his or her name on the books of the Fund at the Special Meeting of Stockholders of the Fund to be held at 1075 Hendersonville Road, Asheville, North Carolina, 28803, on December 8, 2014 at 11:30 a.m., Eastern Time, or at any adjournment thereof, with all the powers which the undersigned would possess if personally present, as designated on the reverse hereof.

The undersigned hereby revokes any proxy previously given and instructs the said proxies to vote in accordance with the instructions with respect to (1) approval of the proposed reverse stock split and the related amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation; and (2) the consideration and vote of such other matters as may properly come before the Special Meeting of Stockholders or any adjournment thereof.

This proxy, when properly executed, will be voted in the manner directed herein by the stockholder. If no such direction is made, the said proxies will vote FOR Proposal 1, and in their discretion with respect to such other matters as may properly come before the Special Meeting of Stockholders, in the interest of the Fund.

(Continued and to be dated and signed on reverse side)

SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF CORNERSTONE TOTAL RETURN FUND, INC. DECEMBER 8, 2014

PLEASE DATE, SIGN AND MAIL YOUR PROXY CARD IN THE ENVELOPE PROVIDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE "FOR" PROPOSAL 1 (THE APPROVAL OF THE PROPOSED REVERSE STOCK SPLIT AND THE RELATED AMENDMENT TO THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION) AND "FOR" PROPOSAL 2.

# PLEASE SIGN, DATE AND RETURN PROMPTLY IN THE ENCLOSED ENVELOPE. PLEASE MARK YOUR VOTE IN BLUE OR BLACK INK AS SHOWN HERE [X]

1. To approve proposed one-for-four reverse stock split and the related amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation.

FOR	AGAINST	AE	BSTAIN				
/ /	/ /	/ /					
2.	In their discretion, the proxies are authorized to consider and vote upon such other matters as may properly come before the said MeePLAY: block; MARGIN-LEFT: 0pt; MARGIN-RIGHT: 0pt" align="center">20.00%		\$1,200.00				
\$54.17		30.00%		30.00%	\$1,300.00	30.00%	\$1,300.00
\$58.34		40.00%		40.00%	\$1,400.00	40.00%	\$1,400.00
\$62.51		50.00%		50.00%	\$1,500.00	50.00%	\$1,500.00

Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity

The following examples illustrate how the returns set forth in the table above are calculated.

Example 1: The price of the Underlying Asset decreases from the Initial Level of \$41.67 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$22.92, representing a Percentage Change of -45%. Because the Percentage Change is negative and the hypothetical Final Level of \$22.92 is less than the Barrier Level, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$550 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes, calculated as follows:

$$1,000 + (1,000 \text{ x} - 45\%) = 550$$

Example 2: The price of the Underlying Asset decreases from the Initial Level of \$41.67 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$37.50, representing a Percentage Change of -10%, and a Barrier Event has occurred. Because the Percentage Change is negative and a Barrier Event has occurred, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$900 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes, calculated as follows:

#### 1,000 + (1,000 x - 10%) = 900

Example 3: The price of the Underlying Asset decreases from the Initial Level of \$41.67 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$37.50, representing a Percentage Change of -10%, but a Barrier Event has not occurred. Although the Percentage Change is negative, because a Barrier Event has not occurred, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$1,000 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes.

Example 4: The price of the Underlying Asset increases from the Initial Level of \$41.67 to a hypothetical Final Level of \$45.84, representing a Percentage Change of 10%. Because the Percentage Change of 10% is positive, the investor receives a payment at maturity of \$1,100 per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes, calculated as follows:

 $1,000 + (1,000 \times 10\%) = 1,100$ 

# U.S. Federal Tax Information

By purchasing the notes, each holder agrees (in the absence of a change in law, an administrative determination or a judicial ruling to the contrary) to treat each note as a pre-paid cash-settled derivative contract for U.S. federal income tax purposes. However, the U.S. federal income tax consequences of your investment in the notes are uncertain and the Internal Revenue Service could assert that the notes should be taxed in a manner that is different from that described in the preceding sentence. Please see the discussion (including the opinion of our counsel Morrison & Foerster LLP) in the product supplement under "Supplemental Tax Considerations—Supplemental U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations," which applies to the notes.

A "dividend equivalent" payment is treated as a dividend from sources within the U.S. and such payments generally would be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax if paid to a non-United States holder (as defined in the product supplement). Under recently proposed U.S. Treasury Department regulations, certain payments that are contingent upon or determined by reference to U.S. source dividends, including payments reflecting adjustments for extraordinary dividends, with respect to equity-linked instruments, including the notes, may be treated as dividend equivalents. If enacted in their current form, the regulations will impose a withholding tax on payments made on the notes on or after January 1, 2014 that are treated as dividend equivalents. In that case, we (or the applicable paying agent) would be entitled to withhold taxes without being required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts so withheld. Further, non-United States holders may be required to provide certifications prior to, or upon the sale, redemption or maturity of the notes in order to minimize or avoid U.S. withholding taxes.

The Treasury Department has issued final regulations and a notice affecting the legislation enacted on March 18, 2010 and discussed in the product supplement under "Supplemental Tax Considerations—Supplemental U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—Legislation Affecting Taxation of Notes Held By or Through Foreign Entities." Pursuant to the notice, withholding requirements with respect to the notes will generally begin no earlier than July 1, 2014. Additionally, the withholding tax will not be imposed on payments pursuant to obligations outstanding on July 1, 2014. Account holders subject to information reporting requirements pursuant to the legislation may include holders of the notes. Foreign financial institutions and non-financial foreign entities located in jurisdictions that have an intergovernmental agreement with the United States governing the legislation may be subject to different rules. Holders are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the implications of this legislation and subsequent guidance on their investment in the notes.

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Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)

BMOCM will purchase the notes from us at the purchase price set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement, and will not receive a commission in connection with such sales. BMOCM has informed us that, as part of its distribution of the notes, it will reoffer the notes to other dealers who will sell them. Each such dealer, or further engaged by a dealer to whom BMOCM reoffers the notes, will purchase the notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount.

We own, directly or indirectly, all of the outstanding equity securities of BMOCM, the agent for this offering. In accordance with FINRA Rule 5121, BMOCM may not make sales in this offering to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the customer.

You should not construe the offering of the notes as a recommendation of the merits of acquiring an investment linked to the Underlying Asset or as to the suitability of an investment in the notes.

BMOCM may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the notes. BMOCM will determine any secondary market prices that it is prepared to offer in its sole discretion.

We may use this pricing supplement in the initial sale of the notes. In addition, BMOCM or another of our affiliates may use this pricing supplement in market-making transactions in any notes after their initial sale. Unless BMOCM, or we inform you otherwise in the confirmation of sale, this pricing supplement is being used by BMOCM in a market-making transaction.

For a period of approximately three months following issuance of the notes, the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates would be willing to buy the notes from investors, and the value that BMOCM may also publish for the notes through one or more financial information vendors and which could be indicated for the notes on any brokerage account statements, will reflect a temporary upward adjustment from our estimated value of the notes that would otherwise be determined and applicable at that time. This temporary upward adjustment represents a portion of the hedging profit that we or our affiliates expect to realize over the term of the notes. The amount of this temporary upward adjustment will decline to zero on a straight-line basis over the three-month period.

Additional Information Relating to the Estimated Initial Value of the Notes

Our estimated initial value of the notes that is set forth on the cover page of this pricing supplement equals the sum of the values of the following hypothetical components:

- a fixed-income debt component with the same tenor as the notes, valued using our internal funding rate for structured notes; and
  - one or more derivative transactions relating to the economic terms of the notes.

The internal funding rate used in the determination of the initial estimated value generally represents a discount from the credit spreads for our conventional fixed-rate debt. The value of these derivative transactions are derived from our internal pricing models. These models are based on factors such as the traded market prices of comparable derivative instruments and on other inputs, which include volatility, dividend rates, interest rates and other factors. As a result, the estimated initial value of the notes on the pricing date was determined based on market conditions at that time.

#### The Underlying Asset

We have derived the following information from publicly available documents published by BlackRock. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the following information. We are not affiliated with the Underlying Asset and the Underlying Asset will have no obligations with respect to the notes. This pricing supplement relates only to the notes and does not relate to the shares of the Underlying Asset or securities in the Underlying Index. Neither we nor BMOCM participates in the preparation of the publicly available documents described below. Neither we nor BMOCM has made any due diligence inquiry with respect to the Underlying Asset in connection with the offering of the notes. There can be no assurance that all events occurring prior to the date of this pricing supplement, including events that would affect the accuracy or completeness of the Underlying Asset have been or will be publicly disclosed. Subsequent disclosure of any events or the disclosure of or failure to disclose material future events concerning the Underlying Asset could affect the value of the shares of the Underlying Asset and therefore could affect the payment at maturity.

The selection of the Underlying Asset is not a recommendation to buy or sell the shares of the Underlying Asset. Neither we nor any of our affiliates make any representation to you as to the performance of the shares of the Underlying Asset. Information provided to or filed with the SEC under the Exchange Act 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 relating to the Underlying Asset may be obtained through the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

iShares consists of numerous separate investment portfolios (the "iShares Funds"), including the Underlying Asset. The Underlying Asset seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Underlying Index. The Underlying Asset typically earns income from dividends from securities included in the Underlying Index. These amounts, net of expenses and taxes (if applicable), are passed along to the Underlying Asset's shareholders as "ordinary income." In addition, the Underlying Asset realizes capital gains or losses whenever it sells securities. Net long-term capital gains are distributed to shareholders as "capital gain distributions." However, because the notes are linked only to the share price of the Underlying Asset, you will not be entitled to receive income, dividend, or capital gain distributions from the Underlying Asset or any equivalent payments.

"iShares®" and "BlackRock®" are registered trademarks of BlackRock®. The notes are not sponsored, endorsed, sold, or promoted by BlackRock®, or by any of the iShares® Funds. Neither BlackRock® nor the iShares® Funds make any representations or warranties to the owners of the notes or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in the notes. Neither BlackRock® nor the iShares® Funds shall have any obligation or liability in connection with the registration, operation, marketing, trading, or sale of the notes or in connection with our use of information about the Underlying Asset or any of the iShares® Funds.

The Underlying Asset is intended to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the Underlying Index. The Underlying Asset trades on NYSE Arca under the ticker symbol "EEM".

#### The Underlying Index

The Underlying Index is intended to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The Underlying Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index with a base date of December 31, 1987 and an initial value of 100. The Underlying Index is calculated daily in U.S. dollars and published in real time every 60 seconds during market trading hours. The Underlying Index currently consists of the following 21 emerging market country indices: Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Russia, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, and Turkey. As of

September 30, 2013, the five largest country weights were China (19.38%), South Korea (15.94%), Brazil (11.64%), Taiwan (11.47%), and South Africa (7.47%), and the five largest sector weights were Financials (26.97%), Information Technology (15.06%), Energy (11.92%), Materials (9.83%), and Consumer Discretionary (8.81%).

The Underlying Index is part of the MSCI Regional Equity Indices series and is an MSCI Global Investable Market Index, which is a family within the MSCI International Equity Indices. MSCI Inc. ("MSCI") is the Index Sponsor of the Underlying Index.

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MSCI provides global equity indices intended to measure equity performance in international markets and the MSCI International Equity Indices are designed to serve as global equity performance benchmarks. In constructing these indices, MSCI applies its index construction and maintenance methodology across developed, emerging, and frontier markets.

MSCI enhanced the methodology used in its MSCI International Equity Indices. The MSCI Standard and MSCI Small Cap Indices, along with the other MSCI equity indices based on them, transitioned to the global investable market indices methodology described below. The transition was completed at the end of May 2008. The Enhanced MSCI Standard Indices are composed of the MSCI Large Cap and Mid Cap Indices. The MSCI Global Small Cap Index transitioned to the MSCI Small Cap Index resulting from the Global Investable Market Indices methodology and contains no overlap with constituents of the transitioned MSCI Standard Indices. Together, the relevant MSCI Large Cap, Mid Cap, and Small Cap Indices will make up the MSCI investable market index for each country, composite, sector, and style index that MSCI offers.

Constructing the MSCI Global Investable Market Indices. MSCI undertakes an index construction process, which involves:

- defining the equity universe;
- determining the market investable equity universe for each market;
- determining market capitalization size segments for each market;
  - applying index continuity rules for the MSCI Standard Index;
- creating style segments within each size segment within each market; and
- classifying securities under the Global Industry Classification Standard (the "GICS").

Defining the Equity Universe. The equity universe is defined by:

- Identifying Eligible Equity Securities: the equity universe initially looks at securities listed in any of the countries in the MSCI Global Index Series, which will be classified as either Developed Markets ("DM") or Emerging Markets ("EM"). All listed equity securities, or listed securities that exhibit characteristics of equity securities, except mutual funds, ETFs, equity derivatives, limited partnerships, and most investment trusts, are eligible for inclusion in the equity universe. Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs") in some countries and certain income trusts in Canada are also eligible for inclusion.
- Classifying Eligible Securities into the Appropriate Country: each company and its securities (i.e., share classes) are classified in only one country.

Determining the Market Investable Equity Universes. A market investable equity universe for a market is derived by applying investability screens to individual companies and securities in the equity universe that are classified in that market. A market is equivalent to a single country, except in DM Europe, where all DM countries in Europe are aggregated into a single market for index construction purposes. Subsequently, individual DM Europe country indices within the MSCI Europe Index are derived from the constituents of the MSCI Europe Index under the global investable market indices methodology.

The investability screens used to determine the investable equity universe in each market are as follows:

- Equity Universe Minimum Size Requirement: this investability screen is applied at the company level. In order to be included in a market investable equity universe, a company must have the required minimum full market capitalization.
- Equity Universe Minimum Free Float-Adjusted Market Capitalization Requirement: this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. To be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, a security must have a free float-adjusted market capitalization equal to or higher than 50% of the equity universe minimum size requirement.

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- DM and EM Minimum Liquidity Requirement: this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. To be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, a security must have adequate liquidity. The twelve-month and three-month Annual Traded Value Ratio ("ATVR"), a measure that screens out extreme daily trading volumes and takes into account the free float-adjusted market capitalization size of securities, together with the three-month frequency of trading are used to measure liquidity. In the calculation of the ATVR, the trading volumes in depository receipts associated with that security, such as ADRs or GDRs, are also considered. A minimum liquidity level of 20% of three- and twelve-month ATVR and 90% of three-month frequency of trading over the last four consecutive quarters are required for inclusion of a security in a market investable equity universe of a DM, and a minimum liquidity level of 15% of three- and twelve-month ATVR and 80% of three-month frequency of trading over the last four consecutive quarters are required for inclusion of a security in a market investable equity universe of a DM, and a minimum liquidity level of 15% of three- and twelve-month ATVR and 80% of three-month frequency of trading over the last four consecutive quarters are required for inclusion of a security in a market investable equity universe of a DM.
- Global Minimum Foreign Inclusion Factor Requirement: this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. To be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, a security's Foreign Inclusion Factor ("FIF") must reach a certain threshold. The FIF of a security is defined as the proportion of shares outstanding that is available for purchase in the public equity markets by international investors. This proportion accounts for the available free float of and/or the foreign ownership limits applicable to a specific security (or company). In general, a security must have an FIF equal to or larger than 0.15 to be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe.
- Minimum Length of Trading Requirement: this investability screen is applied at the individual security level. For an initial public offering ("IPO") to be eligible for inclusion in a market investable equity universe, the new issue must have started trading at least four months before the implementation of the initial construction of the index or at least three months before the implementation of a semi–annual index review (as described below). This requirement is applicable to small new issues in all markets. Large IPOs are not subject to the minimum length of trading requirement and may be included in a market investable equity universe and the Standard Index outside of a Quarterly or Semi–Annual Index Review.

Defining Market Capitalization Size Segments for Each Market. Once a market investable equity universe is defined, it is segmented into the following size-based indices:

•	Investable Market Index (Large + Mid + Small);
•	Standard Index (Large + Mid);
•	Large Cap Index;
•	Mid Cap Index; or
•	Small Cap Index.

Creating the size segment indices in each market involves the following steps:

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- defining the market coverage target range for each size segment;
- determining the global minimum size range for each size segment;
- determining the market size-segment cutoffs and associated segment number of companies;

- assigning companies to the size segments; and
- applying final size-segment investability requirements.

Index Continuity Rules for the Standard Indices. In order to achieve index continuity, as well as to provide some basic level of diversification within a market index, and notwithstanding the effect of other index construction rules described in this section, a minimum number of five constituents will be maintained for a DM Standard Index and a minimum number of three constituents will be maintained for an EM Standard Index.

Creating Style Indices within Each Size Segment. All securities in the investable equity universe are classified into value or growth segments using the MSCI Global Value and Growth methodology.

Classifying Securities under the Global Industry Classification Standard. All securities in the global investable equity universe are assigned to the industry that best describes their business activities. To this end, MSCI has designed, in conjunction with Standard & Poor's, the GICS. Under the GICS, each company is assigned to one sub–industry according to its principal business activity. Therefore, a company can belong to only one industry grouping at each of the four levels of the GICS.

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# Index Maintenance

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The MSCI global investable market indices are maintained with the objective of reflecting the evolution of the underlying equity markets and segments on a timely basis, while seeking to achieve index continuity, continuous investability of constituents and replicability of the indices, and index stability, and low index turnover. In particular, index maintenance involves:

- (i) Semi-Annual Index Reviews ("SAIRs") in May and November of the Size Segment and Global Value and Growth Indices which include:
  - updating the indices on the basis of a fully refreshed equity universe;
  - taking buffer rules into consideration for migration of securities across size and style segments; and
    - updating FIFs and Number of Shares ("NOS").
  - (ii) Quarterly Index Reviews ("QIRs") in February and August of the Size Segment Indices aimed at:
- •including significant new eligible securities (such as IPOs that were not eligible for earlier inclusion) in the index;
- allowing for significant moves of companies within the Size Segment Indices, using wider buffers than in the SAIR; and
  - reflecting the impact of significant market events on FIFs and updating NOS.
- (iii)Ongoing Event–Related Changes: changes of this type are generally implemented in the indices as they occur. Significantly large IPOs are included in the indices after the close of the company's tenth day of trading.

Neither we nor any of our affiliates, including BMOCM, accepts any responsibility for the calculation, maintenance, or publication of, or for any error, omission, or disruption in the Underlying Index, or any successor to the Underlying Index. MSCI does not guarantee the accuracy or the completeness of the Underlying Index, or any data included in the Underlying Index. MSCI assumes no liability for any errors, omissions, or disruption in the calculation and dissemination of the Underlying Index. MSCI disclaims all responsibility for any errors or omissions in the calculation and dissemination of the Underlying Index, or the manner in which the Underlying Index is applied in determining the amount payable on the notes at maturity.

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Historical Information of the Underlying Asset

The following table sets forth the high and low closing prices of the Underlying Asset from the first quarter of 2010 through the pricing date.

The historical prices of the Underlying Asset are provided for informational purposes only. You should not take the historical prices of the Underlying Asset as an indication of its future performance, which may be better or worse than the prices set forth below.

	High (\$)	Low (\$)
2010 First Quarter	43.22	36.83
Second Quarter	43.98	36.16
Third Quarter	44.77	37.59
Fourth Quarter	48.58	44.77
2011 First Quarter	48.69	44.63
Second Quarter	50.21	45.50
Third Quarter	48.46	34.95
Fourth Quarter	42.80	34.36
2012 First Quarter	44.76	38.23
Second Quarter	43.54	36.68
Third Quarter	42.37	37.42
Fourth Quarter	44.35	40.14
2013 First Quarter	45.20	41.80
Second Quarter	44.23	36.63
Third Quarter	43.29	37.34
Fourth Quarter (through the pricing		
date)	42.11	41.34

#### Closing Prices of the Underlying Asset

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### Validity of the Notes

In the opinion of Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt LLP, the issue and sale of the notes has been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action of the Bank in conformity with the Senior Indenture, and when this pricing supplement has been attached to, and duly notated on, the master note that represents the notes, the notes will have been validly executed and issued and, to the extent validity of the notes is a matter governed by the laws of the Province of Ontario, or the laws of Canada applicable therein, and will be valid obligations of the Bank, subject to the following limitations (i) the enforceability of the Senior Indenture may be limited by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act (Canada), the Winding-up and Restructuring Act (Canada) and bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, receivership, moratorium, arrangement or winding-up laws or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally; (ii) the enforceability of the Senior Indenture may be limited by equitable principles, including the principle that equitable remedies such as specific performance and injunction may only be granted in the discretion of a court of competent jurisdiction; (iii) pursuant to the Currency Act (Canada) a judgment by a Canadian court must be awarded in Canadian currency and that such judgment may be based on a rate of exchange in existence on a day other than the day of payment; and (iv) the enforceability of the Senior Indenture will be subject to the limitations contained in the Limitations Act, 2002 (Ontario), and such counsel expresses no opinion as to whether a court may find any provision of the Senior Debt Indenture to be unenforceable as an attempt to vary or exclude a limitation period under that Act. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the laws of the Provinces of Ontario and the federal laws of Canada applicable thereto. In addition, this opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the Trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the Indenture and the genuineness of signatures and certain factual matters, all as stated in the letter of such counsel dated October 22, 2012, which has been filed as Exhibit 5.1 to Bank of Montreal's Form 6-K filed with the SEC on October 22, 2012.

In the opinion of Morrison & Foerster LLP, when the pricing supplement has been attached to, and duly notated on, the master note that represents the notes, and the notes have been issued and sold as contemplated by the prospectus supplement and the prospectus, the notes will be valid, binding and enforceable obligations of Bank of Montreal, entitled to the benefits of the Indenture, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith). This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the laws of the State of New York. This opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the Trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the Indenture and the genuineness of signatures and to such counsel's reliance on the Bank and other sources as to certain factual matters, all as stated in the legal opinion dated October 22, 2012, which has been filed as Exhibit 5.2 to the Bank's Form 6-K dated October 22, 2012.