Brookdale Senior Living Inc. Form 10-O November 07, 2008

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

TQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2008

or

£TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	E SECURITIES EXCH	ANGE ACT OF
1934			

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-32641

BROOKDALE SENIOR LIVING INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 20-3068069

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

37027

111 Westwood Place, Suite 200, Brentwood, Tennessee (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(615) 221-2250

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes T No £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer T Accelerated filer £

Smaller reporting

£ (Do not check if a smaller

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes £ No T

As of November 3, 2008, 101,385,058 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.01 par value, were outstanding (excluding unvested restricted shares).

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

BROOKDALE SENIOR LIVING INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except stock amounts)

	Se	2008	D	ecember 31, 2007
Assets	(U	naudited)		2007
Current assets	(-	, , ,		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,885	\$	100,904
Cash and escrow deposits — restricted		79,187		76,962
Accounts receivable, net		85,839		66,807
Deferred tax asset		13,040		13,040
Prepaid expenses and other current assets, net		30,738		34,122
Total current assets		264,689		291,835
Property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net	(3,716,676	3	3,760,453
Cash and escrow deposits — restricted		23,559		17,989
Investment in unconsolidated ventures		33,214		41,520
Goodwill		325,267		325,453
Other intangible assets, net		238,932		260,534
Other assets, net		84,589		113,838
Total assets	\$ 4	4,686,926	\$ 4	4,811,622
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	266,661	\$	18,007
Line of credit		84,757		_
Trade accounts payable		30,649		37,137
Accrued expenses		173,924		156,253
Refundable entrance fees and deferred revenue		251,827		254,582
Tenant security deposits		30,646		31,891
Dividends payable		25,759		51,897
Total current liabilities		864,223		549,767
Long-term debt, less current portion	2	2,115,905	2	2,119,217
Line of credit		_	_	198,000
Deferred entrance fee revenue		75,958		77,477
Deferred liabilities		132,144		119,726
Deferred tax liability		208,918		266,583
Other liabilities		54,576		61,314
Total liabilities	3	3,451,724		3,392,084
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' Equity				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007; no shares issued and outstanding				
December 31, 2007, no snares issued and outstanding		1,052	_	1,050

Common stock, \$.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007; 106,404,179 and 104,962,211 shares issued and 105,192,878 and 104,962,211 shares outstanding (including 3,843,383 and 3,020,341 unvested restricted shares), respectively

Additional paid-in-capital	1,689,177	1,752,581
Treasury stock, at cost; 1,211,301 shares at September 30, 2008	(29,187)	
Accumulated deficit	(424,651)	(332,692)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,189)	(1,401)
Total stockholders' equity	1,235,202	1,419,538
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,686,926	\$ 4,811,622

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BROOKDALE SENIOR LIVING INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited, in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Month September			er 30,	
	2008		2007		2008		2007	
Revenue								
Resident fees	\$ 480,750	\$	463,101	\$	1,435,522	\$	1,365,061	
Management fees	1,527		1,493		5,604		4,777	
Total revenue	482,277		464,594		1,441,126		1,369,838	
Expense								
Facility operating expense (excluding depreciation and								
amortization of \$45,670, \$58,913, \$143,765 and \$177,357,								
respectively)	322,601		294,997		934,186		861,672	
General and administrative expense (including non-cash								
stock-based compensation expense of \$6,737, \$7,138,								
\$23,368 and \$26,150, respectively)	32,948		34,733		109,633		111,144	
Hurricane and named tropical storms expense	3,613		_	_	3,613		_	
Facility lease expense	67,017		67,708		202,028		203,365	
Depreciation and amortization	67,066		79,235		207,882		234,690	
Total operating expense	493,245		476,673		1,457,342		1,410,871	
Loss from operations	(10,968)		(12,079)		(16,216)		(41,033)	
Interest income	1,383		1,695		6,169		5,077	
Interest expense								
Debt	(37,599)		(38,472)		(110,894)		(107,002)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	(3,004)		(1,151)		(6,940)		(4,878)	
Change in fair value of derivatives and amortization	(8,454)		(43,731)		(17,344)		(30,893)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_	_	_	_	(3,052)		(803)	
Equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated ventures	358		(309)		(750)		(2,362)	
Other non-operating income (expense)	69		_	_	(424)		238	
Loss before income taxes	(58,215)		(94,047)		(149,451)		(181,656)	
Benefit for income taxes	22,338		35,125		54,996		68,408	
Loss before minority interest	(35,877)		(58,922)		(94,455)		(113,248)	
Minority interest	_	_	(5)		_	_	506	
Net loss	\$ (35,877)	\$	(58,927)	\$	(94,455)	\$	(112,742)	
	, , ,	·	, ,	·	, ,	·		
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.36)	\$	(0.58)	\$	(0.93)	\$	(1.11)	
•	,							
Weighted average shares used in computing basic and								
diluted loss per share	101,398		101,564		101,748		101,463	
1	,		,		,. ,.		,	
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.25	\$	0.50	\$	0.75	\$	1.45	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BROOKDALE SENIOR LIVING INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited, in thousands)

(Unaudited, in thousands)		
	Nine Months September	
	2008	2007
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net loss	\$ (94,455) \$	(112,742)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Non-cash portion of loss on extinguishment of debt	3,052	
Depreciation and amortization	214,822	239,568
Minority interest	_	(506)
Gain on sale of assets	_	(457)
Equity in loss of unconsolidated ventures	750	2,362
Change in future service obligations	_	1,320
Distributions from unconsolidated ventures from cumulative share of net earnings	1,918	1,429
Amortization of deferred gain	(3,257)	(3,255)
Amortization of entrance fees	(16,527)	(14,222)
Proceeds from deferred entrance fee revenue	15,210	14,315
Deferred income tax benefit	(57,243)	(68,715)
Change in deferred lease liability	15,675	18,815
Change in fair value of derivatives and amortization	17,344	30,893
Non-cash stock-based compensation	23,368	26,150
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	(18,165)	(5,607)
Prepaid expenses and other assets, net	1,263	(1,133)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,051	8,368
Tenant refundable fees and security deposits	(439)	5,404
Other	987	(3,578)
Net cash provided by operating activities	107,354	138,409
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Decrease in lease security deposits and lease acquisition deposits, net	2,416	1,806
Increase in cash and escrow deposits — restricted	(7,795)	(53,393)
Additions to property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net of related		
payables	(134,179)	(113,557)
Acquisition of assets, net of related payables and cash received	(5,105)	(167,621)
Payment on (issuance of) notes receivable, net	39,661	(13,714)
Investment in unconsolidated ventures	(1,163)	(1,617)
Distributions received from unconsolidated ventures	300	1,819
Proceeds from sale of unconsolidated venture	4,165	
Net cash used in investing activities	(101,700)	(346,277)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from debt	467,769	395,276
Repayment of debt and capital lease obligation	(229,210)	(54,246)
Buyout of capital lease obligation		(51,114)
Proceeds from line of credit	264,757	451,500

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Repayment of line of credit	((378,000)	(384,000)
Payment of dividends		(103,696)	(144,990)
Purchase of treasury stock		(29,187)	
Payment of financing costs, net of related payables		(13,720)	(10,248)
Other		(1,373)	(815)
Refundable entrance fees:			
Proceeds from refundable entrance fees		15,185	17,018
Refunds of entrance fees		(14,331)	(15,488)
Recouponing and payment of swap termination		(27,627)	_
Cash portion of loss on extinguishment of debt		(1,240)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(50,673)	202,893
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(45,019)	(4,975)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		100,904	68,034
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	55,885	\$ 63,059

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

BROOKDALE SENIOR LIVING INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Description of Business

Brookdale Senior Living Inc. ("Brookdale", "BSL" or the "Company") is a leading owner and operator of senior living communities throughout the United States. The Company provides an exceptional living experience through properties that are designed, purpose-built and operated to provide the highest quality service, care and living accommodations for residents. The Company owns, leases and operates retirement centers, assisted living and dementia-care communities and continuing care retirement centers ("CCRCs").

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. In the opinion of management, these financial statements include all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of September 30, 2008, and for all periods presented. The condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. All adjustments made have been of a normal and recurring nature. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. The Company believes that the disclosures included are adequate and provide a fair presentation of interim period results. Interim financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the financial position or operating results for an entire year. It is suggested that these interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes thereto, together with management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In 2006, the Company adopted EITF 04-5, Determining Whether a General Partner, or the General Partners as a Group, Controls a Limited Partnership or Similar Entity When the Limited Partners Have Certain Rights, and as a result, consolidated the operations of three limited partnerships controlled by the Company. In 2006, the Company purchased a community from one of the limited partnerships and the partnership was liquidated. During 2007, the Company purchased the remaining communities and the limited partnerships were liquidated. As a result, the Company does not have minority interest reflected on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2008.

Revenue Recognition

Resident Fees

Resident fee revenue is recorded when services are rendered and consist of fees for basic housing, support services and fees associated with additional services such as personalized health and assisted living care. Residency agreements are generally for a term of 30 days to one year, with resident fees billed monthly in advance. Revenue for certain skilled nursing services and ancillary charges is recognized as services are provided and is billed monthly in arrears.

Entrance Fees

Certain of the Company's communities have residency agreements which require the resident to pay an upfront fee prior to occupying the community. In addition, in connection with the Company's MyChoice program, new and existing residents are allowed to pay additional entrance fee amounts in return for a reduced monthly service fee. The non-refundable portion of the entrance fee is recorded as deferred revenue and amortized over the estimated stay of the resident based on an actuarial valuation. The refundable portion of a resident's entrance fee is generally refundable within a certain number of months or days following contract termination or in certain agreements, upon

the resale of a comparable unit or 12 months after the resident vacates the unit. In such instances the refundable portion of the fee is not amortized and included in refundable entrance fees and deferred revenue.

Certain contracts require the refundable portion of the entrance fee plus a percentage of the appreciation of the unit, if any, to be refunded only upon resale of a comparable unit ("contingently refundable"). Upon resale the Company may receive reoccupancy proceeds in the form of additional contingently refundable fees, refundable fees, or non-refundable fees. The Company estimates the amount of reoccupancy proceeds to be received from additional contingently refundable fees or non-refundable fees and records such amount as deferred revenue. The deferred revenue is amortized over the life of the community and was approximately \$66.7 million and \$69.7 million at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively. All remaining contingently refundable fees not recorded as deferred revenue and amortized are included in refundable entrance fees and deferred revenue.

All refundable amounts due to residents at any time in the future, including those recorded as deferred revenue are classified as current liabilities.

The non-refundable portion of entrance fees expected to be earned and recognized in revenue in one year is recorded as a current liability. The balance of the non-refundable portion is recorded as a long-term liability.

Community Fees

All community fees received are non-refundable and are recorded initially as deferred revenue. The deferred amounts, including both the deferred revenue and the related direct resident lease origination costs, are amortized over the estimated stay of the resident which is consistent with the implied contractual terms of the resident lease.

Management Fees

Management fee revenue is recorded as services are provided to the owners of the communities. Revenues are determined by an agreed upon percentage of gross revenues (as defined).

Purchase Accounting

In determining the allocation of the purchase price of companies and communities to net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the Company makes estimates of the fair value of the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed using information obtained as a result of pre-acquisition due diligence, marketing, leasing activities and independent appraisals. The Company allocates the purchase price of communities to net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 141, Business Combinations. The determination of fair value involves the use of significant judgment and estimation. The Company determines fair values as follows:

Current assets and current liabilities assumed are valued at carryover basis which approximates fair value.

Property, plant and equipment are valued utilizing discounted cash flow projections that assume certain future revenue and costs, and considers capitalization and discount rates using current market conditions.

The Company allocates a portion of the purchase price to the value of resident leases acquired based on the difference between the communities valued with existing in-place leases adjusted to market rental rates and the communities valued with current leases in place based on current contractual terms. Factors management considers in its analysis

include an estimate of carrying costs during the expected lease-up periods considering current market conditions and costs to execute similar resident leases. In estimating carrying costs, management includes estimates of lost rentals during the lease-up period and estimated costs to execute similar leases. The value of in-place leases is amortized to expense over the remaining initial term of the respective leases.

Leasehold operating intangibles are valued utilizing discounted cash flow projections that assume certain future revenues and costs over the remaining lease term. The value assigned to leasehold operating intangibles is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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Community purchase options are valued at the estimated value of the underlying community less the cost of the option payment discounted at current market rates. Management contracts and other acquired contracts are valued at a multiple of management fees and operating income and amortized over the estimated term of the agreement.

Long-term debt assumed is recorded at fair market value based on the current market rates and collateral securing the indebtedness.

Capital lease obligations are valued based on the present value of the minimum lease payments applying a discount rate equal to the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate at the date of acquisition.

Deferred entrance fee revenue is valued at the estimated cost of providing services to residents over the terms of the current contracts to provide such services. Refundable entrance fees are valued at cost pursuant to the resident lease plus the resident's share of any appreciation of the community unit at the date of acquisition, if applicable.

A deferred tax liability is recognized at statutory rates for the difference between the book and tax bases of the acquired assets and liabilities.

The excess of the fair value of liabilities assumed and cash paid over the fair value of assets acquired is allocated to goodwill.

Fair Value Measurements

FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurement ("SFAS 157") establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The Company's derivative positions are valued using models developed internally by the respective counterparty that use as their basis readily observable market parameters (such as forward yield curves) and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

The Company considers its own credit risk as well as the credit risk of its counterparties when evaluating the fair value of its derivatives. Any adjustments resulting from credit risk are recorded as a change in fair value of derivatives and amortization in the current period statement of operations (Note 13).

Self-Insurance Liability Accruals

The Company is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of its business. Although the Company maintains general liability and professional liability insurance policies for its owned, leased and managed communities under a master insurance program, the Company's current policies provide for deductibles

of \$3.0 million for each claim. As a result, the Company is, in effect, self-insured for most claims. In addition, the Company maintains a self-insured workers compensation program and a self-insured employee medical program for amounts below excess loss coverage amounts, as defined. The Company reviews the adequacy of its accruals related to these liabilities on an ongoing basis, using historical claims, actuarial valuations, third party administrator estimates, consultants, advice from legal counsel and industry data, and adjusts accruals periodically. Estimated costs related to these self-insurance programs are accrued based on known claims and projected claims incurred but not yet reported. Subsequent changes in actual experience are monitored and estimates are updated as information is available.

Treasury Stock

The Company accounts for treasury stock under the cost method and includes treasury stock as a component of stockholders' equity.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS 157. This Statement provides guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. The standard also responds to investors' requests for expanded information about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value, and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. The standard applies whenever other standards require (or permit) assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. The standard does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. The statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted SFAS 157 in the current year and applied the guidance in evaluating the fair value of its derivatives as well as provided certain disclosures to comply with its provisions.

In February 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities—Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115 ("SFAS 159"). This Statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. This Statement is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Company adopted SFAS 159 in the current year and the adoption had no impact in the current quarter condensed consolidated financial statements.

In June 2007, the Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") ratified EITF 06-11, Accounting for Income Tax Benefits of Dividends on Share-Based Payment Awards. EITF 06-11 requires that a realized income tax benefit from dividends or dividend equivalents that are charged to retained earnings and are paid to employees for equity classified nonvested equity shares, nonvested equity share units, and outstanding equity share options should be recognized as an increase to additional paid-in-capital. The amount recognized in additional paid-in capital for the realized income tax benefit from dividends on those awards should be included in the pool of excess tax benefits available to absorb tax deficiencies on share-based payment awards. EITF 06-11 is effective for fiscal years after December 15, 2007 (note 11).

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations ("SFAS 141R"). SFAS 141R was issued to improve the relevance, representational faithfulness, and comparability of the information that a reporting entity provides in its financial reports about a business combination and its effects. This Statement establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase and determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. The Statement is to be applied prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008.

In December 2007, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements - An Amendment of ARB No. 51 ("SFAS 160"). SFAS 160 was issued to improve the relevance, comparability, and transparency of the financial information that a reporting entity provides in its consolidated financial statements by establishing accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary

and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 160 to have an impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – An Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 ("SFAS 161"). SFAS 161 amends and expands the disclosure requirements of Statement 133 with the intent to provide users of financial statements with an enhanced understanding of how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations, and how derivative instruments and

related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. SFAS 161 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after November 15, 2008. The Company will adopt SFAS 161 in January 2009.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS 142-3, Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets ("FSP FAS 142-3"). FSP FAS 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset and provides for enhanced disclosures regarding intangible assets. The intent of this FSP is to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset. The disclosure provisions are effective as of the adoption date and the guidance for determining the useful life applies prospectively to all intangible assets acquired after the effective date. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company does not expect the adoption of FSP FAS 142-3 to have an impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 162, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("SFAS 162"). SFAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements of nongovernmental entities that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States. SFAS 162 will be effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board's amendments to AU Section 411, The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The Company does not expect that SFAS 162 will result in a change in current practice.

In June 2008, the FASB issued Staff Position EITF 03-06-1, Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities ("FSP EITF 03-06-1"). FSP EITF 03-06-1 provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method in SFAS No. 128, Earnings per Share. FSP EITF 03-06-1 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those years and requires all prior-period earnings per share data to be adjusted retrospectively. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of FSP EITF 03-06-1 on the consolidated financial statements.

Dividends

On September 30, 2008, the Company's board of directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.25 per share of common stock, or an aggregate of \$25.8 million, for the quarter ended September 30, 2008. The \$0.25 per share dividend was paid on October 17, 2008 to holders of record of the Company's common stock on October 10, 2008.

Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current financial statement presentation, with no effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

3. Stock-Based Compensation

Compensation expense in connection with grants of restricted stock of \$6.7 million and \$7.1 million was recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$23.4 million and \$26.2 million of such expense was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. For the quarters ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, compensation expense was calculated net of forfeitures estimated from 0% - 6% and 5%, respectively, of the shares granted.

On February 7, 2008, the Company entered into a Separation Agreement and General Release with an officer that accelerated the vesting provision of his restricted stock grants as of March 3, 2008 upon satisfying certain conditions. As a result of the modification, the previous compensation expense related to these grants was reversed and a charge based on the fair value of the stock at the modification date was recorded over the modified vesting period. The net impact of the adjustment was \$2.7 million of additional expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2008.

For all awards with graded vesting other than awards with performance-based vesting conditions, the Company records compensation expense for the entire award on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. For graded-vesting awards with performance-based vesting conditions, total compensation expense is recognized over the requisite service period for each separately vesting tranche of the award as if the award is, in substance, multiple awards once the performance target is deemed probable of achievement. Performance goals are evaluated quarterly. If such goals are not ultimately met or it is not probable the goals will be achieved, no compensation expense is recognized and any previously recognized compensation expense is reversed. During the current period the Company reversed approximately \$1.2 million of previously recognized compensation expense related to performance-based awards granted in 2006 and 2007.

Current year grants of restricted shares under the Company's Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan were as follows (dollars in thousands except for shares and per share amounts):

	Shares Granted	Value Per Share	Total Value
Three months ended March 31, 2008	160,000	\$ 23.17 – 25.95 \$	2,967
Three months ended June 30, 2008	260,000	24.31	6,332
Three months ended September 30, 2008	1,414,000	12.50 - 18.22	20,851

The Company has an employee stock purchase plan for all eligible employees. The plan became effective on October 1, 2008. Under the plan, eligible employees of the Company can purchase shares of the Company's common stock on a quarterly basis at a discounted price through accumulated payroll deductions. Each eligible employee may elect to deduct up to 15% of his or her base pay each quarter. Subject to certain limitations specified in the plan, on the last trading date of each calendar quarter, the amount deducted from each participant's pay over the course of the quarter will be used to purchase whole shares of the Company's common stock at a purchase price equal to 90% of the closing market price on the New York Stock Exchange on such date. Initially, the Company has reserved 1,000,000 shares of common stock for issuance under the plan. The employee stock purchase plan also contains an "evergreen" provision that automatically increases the number of shares reserved for issuance under the plan by 200,000 shares on the first day of each calendar year beginning January 1, 2010.

4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, Net

Following is a summary of changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 presented on an operating segment basis (dollars in thousands):

	Reti	irement	Assisted				
	Ce	enters	Living		CCRCs		Total
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$	7,642	\$ 102,812	\$	214,999	\$	325,453
Adjustments		(186)	_	_	_	_	(186)
Balance at September 30, 2008	\$	7,456	\$ 102,812	\$	214,999	\$	325,267

The adjustment to goodwill is related to the deconsolidation of an entity pursuant to FIN 46(R) Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities – An Interpretation of ARB No. 51 ("FIN 46(R)") during the three months ended September 30, 2008.

Intangible assets with definite useful lives are amortized over their estimated lives and are tested for impairment whenever indicators of impairment arise. The following is a summary of other intangible assets at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (dollars in thousands):

		Se	ptem	ber 30, 2008	December 31, 2007							
		Gross			Gross							
	(Carrying	Acc	umulated	Carrying Accumu				umulated	ated		
		Amount	Amo	ortization	Net	1	Amount	Am	ortization	Net		
Community purchase options	\$	147,682	\$	(5,547) \$	142,135	\$	147,682	\$	(2,773) \$	144,909		
Management contracts and												
other		158,048		(69,755)	88,293		158,048		(45,822)	112,226		
Home health licenses		8,504		_	8,504		3,399			3,399		
Total	\$	314,234	\$	(75,302) \$	238,932	\$	309,129	\$	(48,595) \$	260,534		

Amortization expense related to definite-lived intangible assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 was \$8.9 million and \$26.7 million, respectively. Amortization expense related to the same assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$8.9 million and \$25.7 million, respectively. Home health licenses were determined to be indefinite-lived intangible assets and are not subject to amortization.

5. Property, Plant and Equipment and Leasehold Intangibles, Net

Property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net, which include assets under capital leases, consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Land	\$ 254,038	\$ 259,336
Buildings and improvements	2,693,931	2,651,630
Furniture and equipment	266,106	223,475
Resident and operating lease intangibles	607,004	596,623
Assets under capital and financing leases	554,665	517,506
	4,375,744	4,248,570
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(659,068)	(488,117)
Property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net	\$ 3,716,676	\$ 3,760,453

6. Debt

Long-term Debt, Capital Leases and Financing Obligations

Long-term debt, capital leases and financing obligations consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2008		December 31, 2007
Mortgage notes payable due 2009 through 2039; weighted average interest rate of 5.41% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 (weighted average interest rate of 6.57% in 2007)	\$ 1,259,509	\$	853,694
Mortgages payable due 2009 through 2038; weighted average interest rate of 8.38% for the four months ended April 30, 2008, the date of repayment (weighted average interest rate of 7.01% in			
2007)	_	_	74,549

\$150,000 Series A notes payable, secured by five communities and		
by a \$3.0 million letter of credit, bearing interest at LIBOR plus		
0.88%, payable in monthly installments of interest only until		
August 2011 and payable in monthly installments of principal and		
interest through maturity in August 2013	150,000	150,000

Mortgages payable due 2012; weighted average interest rate of 5.64% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 (weighted average interest rate of 5.64% in 2007), payable interest only through July 2010 and payable in monthly installments of principal and interest through maturity in July 2012,		
secured by the underlying assets of the portfolio	212,407	212,407
Mortgages payable due 2010, bearing interest at LIBOR plus 2.25%, payable in monthly installments of interest only through the first quarter of 2008, the dates of repayment, secured by the underlying assets of the portfolio	-	— 105,756
Variable rate tax-exempt bonds credit-enhanced by Fannie Mae; weighted average interest rate of 4.42% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 (weighted average interest rate of 5.03% in 2007), due 2032, payable interest only until maturity, secured by the underlying assets of the portfolio	100,841	100,841
only until maturity, secured by the underlying assets of the portiono	100,041	100,041
Capital and financing lease obligations payable through 2020; weighted average interest rate of 8.83% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 (weighted average interest rate of 8.97% in 2007)	322,653	299,228
Mortgage note, bearing interest at a variable rate of LIBOR plus 0.70%, payable interest only through maturity in August 2012. The note is secured by 15 of the Company's communities and an \$11.5 million guaranty by the		
Company	315,180	325,631
Construction financing due 2010 through 2023; weighted average interest rate of 6.90% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 (weighted average interest rate of 8.5% in 2007)	21,976	2,379
average interest rate of 8.5 % in 2007)	21,970	2,319
Mezzanine loan payable to Brookdale Senior Housing, LLC joint venture with respect to The Heritage at Gaines Ranch, payable to the extent of all		10 700
available cash flow (as defined)	<u>-</u>	_ 12,739
Total debt	2,382,566	2,137,224
Less current portion (see supplemental disclosure below)	266,661	18,007
Total long-term debt	\$ 2,115,905	\$ 2,119,217

In accordance with applicable accounting pronouncements, as of September 30, 2008, the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements reflect approximately \$266.7 million of debt obligations (excluding the line of credit) due within the next 12 months and a total of approximately \$305.2 million of debt obligations (excluding the line of credit) due on or prior to December 31, 2010. The amount due within the next 12 months has been classified as a current liability on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Although certain of the Company's debt obligations are scheduled to mature on or prior to December 31, 2010, the Company has the option, subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions (such as the absence of a material adverse change), to extend the maturity of approximately \$224.6 million of certain mortgages payable included in such debt

until 2011, as the instruments associated with such mortgages payable provide that the Company can extend the respective maturity dates for up to two terms of 12 months each from the existing maturity dates. The Company presently anticipates that it will exercise the extension options and will satisfy the conditions precedent for doing so with respect to each of these obligations. After giving effect to the exercise of the extension options and to amounts repaid subsequent to quarter end on the aforementioned debt (see note below), the Company anticipates that only \$5.3 million of the mortgages

payable due on or prior to December 31, 2010 will actually become due and payable on or prior to December 31, 2010.

The following table summarizes the principal amount due at maturity for mortgages scheduled to mature during the remainder of fiscal 2008, fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010 both on a financial statement reporting basis (without taking into account the exercise of the extension options) and on a basis that reports the latest maturity after giving effect to the exercise of each extension option (dollars in thousands):

		Earliest		
]	Maturity	Lat	est Maturity
	Ex	clusive of	Ir	nclusive of
	E	Extension	l	Extension
	C	ptions(1)	(Options(1)
Three Months Ending December 31, 2008	\$		\$	_
Twelve Months Ending December 31, 2009		224,572		_
Twelve Months Ending December 31, 2010		26,400(2))	26,400(2)
Total	\$	250,972	\$	26,400

- (1) Excludes an aggregate of \$8.7 million of periodic principal amortization payments due during the remainder of fiscal 2008, fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010 on all of the Company's mortgages payable (\$0.7 million in 2008, \$3.6 million in 2009 and \$4.4 million in 2010).
- (2) Subsequent to quarter end, the Company repaid approximately \$21.1 million of this amount and as a result, \$5.3 million is now scheduled to mature during the twelve months ending December 31, 2010. As this debt was repaid prior to its original maturity, it has been classified as current on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

In addition to the foregoing maturities, the Company had an available secured line of credit of \$249.4 million (\$70.0 million letter of credit sublimit) and a letter of credit facility of up to \$80.0 million. The Company's corporate line of credit is scheduled to mature on May 15, 2009. As of September 30, 2008, \$84.8 million was drawn on the revolving loan facility and \$119.8 million of letters of credit had been issued under the line of credit.

On May 12, 2008, the Company entered into an amendment to its line of credit agreement to permit the Company to repurchase up to \$150 million of its common stock from time to time, to reduce the revolving loan commitment from \$320 million to \$270 million effective as of the date of the amendment, to provide that the line of credit will bear interest at the base rate plus 3.0% or LIBOR plus 4.0%, at the Company's election, and to revise certain financial covenants. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the amendment, the revolving loan commitments will be further reduced on the last day of each fiscal quarter (determined on a cumulative basis as of such date) by the greater of the following amounts (if positive): (a) 50% of the amount equal to the aggregate net proceeds to the Company from refinancings minus \$50 million; and (b) the aggregate amount of share repurchases by the Company minus \$50 million, provided that the revolving loan commitments shall be further reduced, if applicable, to \$245 million on December 31, 2008 and \$220 million on March 31, 2009. In addition, the Company exercised each of its two options to extend the credit facility maturity date to May 15, 2009. As a result of the May 15, 2009 maturity date, amounts drawn against the line of credit at September 30, 2008 have been classified as a current liability on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Company must also pay a fee equal to 1.50% of the amount of any outstanding letters of credit issued under the facility. The agreements are secured by a pledge of the Company's tier one subsidiaries and, subject to certain limitations, subsidiaries formed to consummate future acquisitions.

Effective October 27, 2008, the Company entered into an additional amendment to the line of credit agreement. Pursuant to the amendment, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc., the original administrative agent under the line of credit, was replaced by Bank of America, N.A., the swing line subfacility was deleted, and certain other administrative amendments were made.

Subsequent to quarter end, the Company entered into a First Modification Agreement which extends the maturity date on \$33.0 million of debt due on June 30, 2009 as of September 30, 2008 to June 30, 2011 and obtained the right

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to extend the maturity date for two additional one-year periods. As such, the Company has recorded the debt as long-term as of September 30, 2008.

On January 25, 2008, the Company financed two previously acquired communities with \$47.3 million of first mortgage financing bearing interest at LIBOR plus 1.8% payable interest only through January 25, 2011. The initial draw on the loan was \$37.6 million. The Company entered into interest rate swaps to convert the loan from floating to fixed. The loan is secured by the underlying properties.

On February 15, 2008, the Company financed a previously acquired community with \$46.0 million of first mortgage financing bearing interest at 6.21% payable interest only through August 5, 2012. The loan is secured by the underlying property.

On March 13, 2008, the Company financed a previously acquired community with \$64.1 million of first mortgage financing bearing interest initially at 5.5% and adjusted monthly commencing on May 1, 2008. The adjusted rate is calculated as LIBOR plus 2.45%, but will not be less than 5.45%. The note is payable interest only through April 1, 2011. The Company entered into interest rate swaps to convert the loan from floating to fixed. The loan is secured by the underlying property.

On March 27, 2008, the Company financed a previously acquired community with \$20.0 million of first mortgage financing bearing interest initially at 5.5% and adjusted monthly commencing on May 1, 2008. The adjusted rate is calculated as LIBOR plus 2.45%, but will not be less than 5.45%. The note is payable interest only through April 1, 2011. The Company entered into interest rate swaps to convert the loan from floating to fixed. The loan is secured by the underlying property.

The financings entered into on January 25, 2008, February 15, 2008, March 13, 2008 and March 27, 2008 were all related to the same portfolio. In conjunction with these refinancings, the Company repaid \$105.8 million of existing debt.

On March 26, 2008, the Company obtained \$119.4 million of first mortgage financing bearing interest at 5.41%. The debt matures on April 1, 2013, with one extension term of up to five years from the maturity date. The loan is secured by 19 of the Company's communities, with an additional loan commitment not to exceed \$6.0 million in connection with the addition of a property into the collateral pool. In conjunction with the financing, the Company repaid \$71.2 million of existing debt. The net proceeds from the transaction were used to pay down amounts drawn against the Company's revolving credit facility and fund other working capital needs.

On April 4, 2008, the Company entered into a loan agreement for up to \$99.0 million to finance a portion of the cost of renovations for a previously acquired community. As of September 30, 2008, \$9.0 million has been drawn against this loan. Future advances will be disbursed based on satisfaction of agreed upon conditions. The note bears interest at the LIBOR rate or a base rate plus an applicable margin and is payable interest only with the principal due on April 4, 2013. The loan is secured by the underlying property, with an additional loan commitment not to exceed \$10.0 million. In conjunction with the financing, the Company repaid \$10.5 million of existing debt.

On April 30, 2008, the Company obtained an additional \$6.0 million loan related to the March 26, 2008 financing and repaid \$3.3 million of existing debt on the property added into the collateral pool. All terms of the debt remain the same as the original first mortgage financing.

On June 3, 2008, the Company obtained \$50.0 million of third mortgage financing bearing interest at 6.07%. The debt matures on May 1, 2013 and is secured by the underlying properties. The net proceeds from the transaction were used to pay down amounts drawn against the Company's revolving credit facility and fund other working capital

needs.

On June 12, 2008, the Company obtained \$87.1 million of second mortgage financing bearing interest at 6.20%. The debt matures on August 1, 2013. The loan is secured by the underlying property. The net proceeds from the transaction were used to pay down amounts drawn against the Company's revolving credit facility and fund other working capital needs.

On June 30, 2008, the Company entered into a 15 year lease agreement related to a community previously managed by the Company. The Company has the right to renew the lease for an additional 15 year term upon satisfaction of certain conditions. The lease contains a purchase option deemed to be a bargain purchase option. Consequently, the lease has been categorized as a capital lease, which resulted in the recognition of \$34.5 million of property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net, and a corresponding \$34.5 million capital lease obligation.

On August 28, 2008, the Company obtained \$8.4 million of second mortgage financing bearing interest at 6.49%. The debt matures on February 1, 2013. The loan is secured by the underlying property. The net proceeds from the transaction were used to pay down amounts drawn against the Company's revolving credit facility and fund other working capital needs.

As of September 30, 2008, the Company is in compliance with the financial covenants of its outstanding debt and lease agreements.

In the normal course of business, a variety of financial instruments are used to manage or hedge interest rate risk. Interest rate protection and swap agreements were entered into to effectively cap or convert floating rate debt to a fixed rate basis, as well as to hedge anticipated future financing transactions. Pursuant to the hedge agreements, the Company is required to secure its obligation to the counterparty if the fair value liability exceeds a specified threshold. Cash collateral pledged to the Company's counterparty was \$8.3 million and \$5.0 million as of September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively.

All derivative instruments are recognized as either assets or liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value. The change in mark-to-market of the value of the derivative is recorded as an adjustment to income.

Derivative contracts are not entered into for trading or speculative purposes. Furthermore, the Company has a policy of only entering into contracts with major financial institutions based upon their credit rating and other factors. Under certain circumstances, the Company may be required to replace a counterparty in the event that the counterparty does not maintain a specified credit rating.

The following table summarizes the Company's swap instruments at September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

Current notional balance	\$ 1,128,841
Highest possible notional	\$ 1,128,841
Lowest interest rate	3.05%
Highest interest rate	4.96%
Average fixed rate	3.82%
Earliest maturity date	2011
Latest maturity date	2014
Weighted average original maturity	4.0 Years
Estimated asset fair value (included in other assets, net at September 30, 2008)	\$ 7,248
Estimated liability fair value (included in other liabilities at September 30, 2008)	\$ (9,247)

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, the fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps decreased \$8.5 million and \$17.3 million, respectively, which has been included as a component of interest expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, the Company terminated six swap agreements with a total notional amount of \$259.7 million. Notional amounts of \$726.5 million were recouponed at a more favorable interest

rate and one new swap agreement with a notional amount of \$108.5 million was entered into. In conjunction with these transactions, \$27.6 million was paid to the respective counterparties and the Company recorded a \$1.6 million receivable and a \$0.4 million payable. The Company recorded a \$1.6 million reserve on the aforementioned receivable as the counterparty to the swap which originated the receivable has filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The reserve was included in the change in fair value of derivatives and amortization in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

7. Legal Proceedings

In connection with the sale of certain communities to Ventas Realty Limited Partnership ("Ventas") in 2004, two legal actions have been filed. The first action was filed on September 15, 2005, by current and former limited partners in 36 investing partnerships in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York captioned David T. Atkins et al. v. Apollo Real Estate Advisors, L.P., et al. (the "Action"). On March 17, 2006, a third amended complaint was filed in the Action. The third amended complaint is brought on behalf of current and former limited partners in 14 investing partnerships. It names as defendants, among others, the Company, Brookdale Living Communities, Inc. ("BLC"), a subsidiary of the Company, GFB-AS Investors, LLC ("GFB-AS"), a subsidiary of BLC, the general partners of the 14 investing partnerships, which are alleged to be subsidiaries of GFB-AS, Fortress Investment Group LLC ("Fortress"), an affiliate of the Company's largest stockholder, and R. Stanley Young, the Company's former Chief Financial Officer. The nine count third amended complaint alleges, among other things, (i) that the defendants converted for their own use the property of the limited partners of 11 partnerships, including through the failure to obtain consents the plaintiffs contend were required for the sale of communities indirectly owned by those partnerships to Ventas; (ii) that the defendants fraudulently persuaded the limited partners of three partnerships to give up a valuable property right based upon incomplete, false and misleading statements in connection with certain consent solicitations; (iii) that certain defendants, including GFB-AS, the general partners, and the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, but not including the Company, BLC, or Fortress, committed mail fraud in connection with the sale of communities indirectly owned by the 14 partnerships at issue in the Action to Ventas; (iv) that certain defendants, including GFB-AS and the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, but not including the Company, BLC, the general partners, or Fortress, committed wire fraud in connection with certain communications with plaintiffs in the Action and another investor in a limited partnership; (v) that the defendants, with the exception of the Company, committed substantive violations of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ("RICO"); (vi) that the defendants conspired to violate RICO; (vii) that GFB-AS and the general partners violated the partnership agreements of the 14 investing partnerships; (viii) that GFB-AS, the general partners, and the Company's former Chief Financial Officer breached fiduciary duties to the plaintiffs; and (ix) that the defendants were unjustly enriched. The plaintiffs have asked for damages in excess of \$100.0 million on each of the counts described above, including treble damages for the RICO claims. On April 18, 2006, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the claims with prejudice. On April 30, 2008, the court granted the Company's motion to dismiss the third amended complaint, but granted the plaintiffs' motion for leave to amend. Subsequently, the parties agreed to settle the case and the case was formally dismissed by the court on November 3, 2008.

A putative class action lawsuit was also filed on March 22, 2006, by certain limited partners in four of the same partnerships involved in the Action in the Court of Chancery for the State of Delaware captioned Edith Zimmerman et al. v. GFB-AS Investors, LLC and Brookdale Living Communities, Inc. (the "Second Action"). On November 21, 2006, an amended complaint was filed in the Second Action. The putative class in the Second Action consists only of those limited partners in the four investing partnerships who are not plaintiffs in the Action. The Second Action names as defendants BLC and GFB-AS. The complaint alleges a claim for breach of fiduciary duty arising out of the sale of communities indirectly owned by the investing partnerships to Ventas and the subsequent lease of those communities by Ventas to subsidiaries of BLC. The plaintiffs seek, among other relief, an accounting, damages in an unspecified amount, and disgorgement of unspecified amounts by which the defendants were allegedly unjustly enriched. On December 12, 2006, the Company filed an answer denying the claim asserted in the amended complaint and providing affirmative defenses. On December 27, 2006, the plaintiffs moved to certify the Second Action as a class action. Both the plaintiffs and defendants have served document production requests and the Second Action is currently in the beginning stages of document discovery. The Company intends to vigorously defend this Second Action.

Based on a review of the current status of the foregoing matters with counsel (taking into account settlement discussions with the plaintiffs), for the quarter ended June 30, 2008, the Company established a reserve in the amount

of \$8.0 million, which the Company believes is a reasonable estimate of the aggregate loss exposure for these matters (including the costs and expenses to settle and/or defend each of these matters). However, because litigation is inherently uncertain and determining the amount of reserves required to fully resolve these matters involves significant judgments and estimates, it is possible that the actual outcomes of these matters could vary significantly from the amount reserved.

In addition to the foregoing matters, the Company has been and is currently involved in other litigation and claims incidental to the conduct of its business which are comparable to other companies in the senior living industry. Certain claims and lawsuits allege large damage amounts and may require significant legal costs to defend and resolve. Similarly, the senior living industry is continuously subject to scrutiny by governmental regulators, which could result in litigation related to regulatory compliance matters. As a result, the Company maintains insurance policies in amounts and with coverage and deductibles the Company believes are adequate, based on the nature and risks of its business, historical experience and industry standards. Because the Company's current policies provide for deductibles of \$3.0 million for each claim, the Company is, in effect, self-insured for most claims.

8. Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information (dollars in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2008	2007
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:			
Interest paid	\$	110,998	•
Income taxes paid	\$	1,401	637
Supplemental Schedule of Non-cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities:			
De-consolidation of leased development property:			
Property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net	\$	9	(2,978)
Long-term debt	Ψ		2,978
Net	\$		
Capital leases:	Ψ		
Property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net	\$	35,942	
Long-term debt	Ψ	(35,942)	· –
Net	\$	(33,742)	
De-consolidation of an entity pursuant to FIN 46(R):	Ψ		,
Accounts receivable	\$	92 \$	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Ψ	1,861	
Property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net		35,268	- - - - - - - - -
Other assets, net		7	
Investment in unconsolidated ventures		186	
Long-term debt		(29,159)	_
Accrued expenses		(1,252)	
Trade accounts payable		(20)	_
Tenant security deposits		(173)	
Refundable entrance fees and deferred revenue		(89)	_
Additional paid-in-capital		(9,217)	_
Accumulated deficit		2,496	_
Net	\$		
Acquisition of assets, net of related payables and cash received, net:			
Cash and escrow deposits-restricted	\$	_9	387
Accounts receivable			64
Property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles, net		_	173,609
Investment in unconsolidated ventures			(1,342)
Goodwill		_	3,395
Other intangible assets, net		5,105	(668)
Trade accounts payable, accrued expenses and other		_	(1,458)

Debt obligations		(5,273)
Minority interest	_	650
Other, net		(1,743)
Acquisition of assets, net of related payables and cash received	\$ 5,105 \$	167,621
18		

9. Facility Operating Leases

A summary of facility lease expense and the impact of straight-line adjustment and amortization of deferred gains are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Mor	nded	Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,			September 30,		
	2008	2007		2008	2007	
Cash basis payment	\$ 63,394	\$	62,342 \$	8 189,610	\$	187,805
Straight-line expense	4,709		6,451	15,675		18,815
Amortization of deferred gain	(1,086)		(1,085)	(3,257)		(3,255)
Facility lease expense	\$ 67,017	\$	67,708	5 202,028	\$	203,365

10. Other Comprehensive Loss, Net

The following table presents the after-tax components of the Company's other comprehensive loss for the periods presented (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended		
		September 30,			September 30,		
		2008		2007	2008		2007
Net loss	\$	(35,877)	\$	(58,927) \$	(94,455)	\$	(112,742)
Reclassification of net gains on							
derivatives out of (into) earnings		124		(393)	(492)		(1,179)
Amortization of payments from							
settlement of forward interest swaps		94		94	282		282
Other		85		(134)	422		98
Total comprehensive loss	\$	(35,574)	\$	(59,360) \$	(94,243)	\$	(113,541)

11. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rates for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 are 38.4% and 37.3%, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 are 36.8% and 37.7%, respectively. The variance in the three month period is primarily the additional benefit recorded in the quarter due to the increase in the annualized rate, offset by the dividends on unvested shares, while the nine month decrease is primarily due to the change in recording the dividends on unvested shares. Beginning January 1, 2008, dividends on unvested shares are being recorded under FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004) ("SFAS 123(R)"), Share-Based Payment in accordance with EITF 06-11 as discussed in Note 2, and are therefore no longer reflected in the effective tax rate.

The Company recorded additional interest charges of \$0.1 million related to its reserve required under FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes ("FIN 48") for the quarter ended September 30, 2008, but is not aware of any new uncertain tax positions to be recorded in the period. Tax returns for years 2002 through 2006 are subject to future examination by tax authorities. In addition, for Alterra Healthcare Corporation, tax returns are open from 1999 through 2001 to the extent of the net operating losses generated during those periods.

12. Share Repurchase Program

On March 19, 2008, the Company's board of directors approved a share repurchase program that authorizes the Company to purchase up to \$150.0 million in the aggregate of the Company's common stock. Purchases may be made

from time to time using a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or block trades, or by any combination of such methods, in accordance with applicable insider trading and other securities laws and regulations. The size, scope and timing of any purchases will be based on business, market and other conditions and factors, including price, regulatory and contractual requirements or consents, and capital availability. The repurchase program does not obligate the Company to acquire any particular amount of common stock and the program may be suspended, modified or discontinued at any time at the Company's discretion without prior notice. Shares of stock repurchased under the program will be held as treasury shares.

Pursuant to this authorization, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, the Company purchased 431,758 and 1,211,301 shares at a cost of approximately \$9.2 and \$29.2 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2008, approximately \$120.9 million remains available under this share repurchase authorization.

13. Fair Value Measurements

The following table provides the Company's derivative assets and liabilities carried at fair value as measured on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

					Significant		
	V Septe	Carrying alue at ember 30, 2008	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)		other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Derivative assets	\$	7,248	\$	_\$	7,248	\$	_
Derivative liabilities		(9,247)			(9,247)		
	\$	(1,999)	\$	_\$	(1,999)	\$	_

The Company's derivative assets and liabilities include interest rate swaps that effectively convert a portion of the Company's variable rate debt to fixed rate debt. The derivative positions are valued using models developed internally by the respective counterparty that use as their basis readily observable market parameters (such as forward yield curves) and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

The Company considers its own credit risk as well as the credit risk of its counterparties when evaluating the fair value of its derivatives. Any adjustments resulting from credit risk are recorded as a change in fair value of derivatives and amortization in the current period statement of operations.

14. Segment Results

The Company currently has four reportable segments: retirement centers; assisted living; CCRCs; and management services. These segments were determined based on the way that the Company's chief operating decision makers organize the Company's business activities for making operating decisions and assessing performance.

During the fourth quarter of 2007, the Company completed an internal reorganization which was intended to further improve the segment financial results and to more accurately reflect the underlying product offering of each segment. The reorganization did not change the Company's reportable segments, but it did impact the revenues and costs reported within each segment. The change included the movement of communities between the retirement centers, assisted living and CCRCs segments resulting in a net increase of 16 communities to the retirement centers segment and a net decrease of 16 communities to the CCRCs segment. These changes are reflected in the Company's results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008. The Company has restated the results of the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 for comparative purposes. In connection with this reorganization, the Company renamed its reportable segments. The reportable segment formerly known as independent living is now known as retirement centers and the segment formerly known as retirement centers is now known as CCRCs.

Retirement Centers. Retirement center communities are primarily designed for middle to upper income senior citizens age 70 and older who desire an upscale residential environment providing the highest quality of service. The majority of the Company's retirement center communities consist of both independent living and assisted living units in a single community, which allows residents to "age-in-place" by providing them with a continuum of senior independent and

assisted living services.

Assisted Living. Assisted living communities offer housing and 24-hour assistance with activities of daily life to mid-acuity frail and elderly residents. The Company's assisted living communities include both freestanding, multi-story communities and freestanding single story communities. The Company also operates memory care communities, which are freestanding assisted living communities specially designed for residents with Alzheimer's disease and other dementias.

CCRCs. CCRCs are large communities that offer a variety of living arrangements and services to accommodate all levels of physical ability and health. Most of the Company's CCRCs have retirement centers, assisted living and skilled nursing available on one campus, and some also include memory care and Alzheimer's units.

Management Services. The Company's management services segment includes communities owned by others and operated by the Company pursuant to management agreements. Under the management agreements for these communities, the Company receives management fees as well as reimbursed expenses, which represent the reimbursement of certain expenses it incurs on behalf of the owners. The accounting policies of reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The following table sets forth certain segment financial and operating data (dollars in thousands):

	Three Mor Septem 2008		Nine Month Septemb 2008				
Revenue(1)							
Retirement Centers	\$ 140,937	\$ 138,009	\$	419,543	\$	408,023	
Assisted Living	210,900	200,157		628,735		593,969	
CCRCs	128,913	124,935		387,244		363,069	
Management Services	1,527	1,493		5,604		4,777	
	\$ 482,277	\$ 464,594	\$	1,441,126	\$	1,369,838	
Segment operating income(2)							
Retirement Centers	\$ 57,907	\$ 61,524	\$	178,641	\$	181,500	
Assisted Living	65,205	71,250		212,883		214,987	
CCRCs	31,424	35,330		106,199		106,902	
Management Services	1,069	1,045		3,923		3,344	
	\$ 155,605	\$ 169,149	\$	501,646	\$	506,733	
General and administrative (including non-cash stock-based							
compensation expense)(3)	\$ 32,490	\$ 34,285	\$	107,952	\$	109,711	
Facility lease expense	67,017	67,708		202,028		203,365	
Deprecation and amortization	67,066	79,235		207,882		234,690	
Loss from operations	\$ (10,968)	\$ (12,079)	\$	(16,216)	\$	(41,033)	
Total assets							
Retirement Centers			\$	1,362,261	\$	1,388,991	
Assisted Living				1,400,927		1,401,958	
CCRCs				1,644,599		1,629,324	
Corporate and Management Services				279,139		425,480	
			\$	4,686,926	\$	4,845,753	

⁽¹⁾ All revenue is earned from external third parties in the United States.

15. Subsequent Events

⁽²⁾ Segment operating income is defined as segment revenues less segment operating expenses (excluding depreciation and amortization). Included in segment operating income is hurricane and named tropical storms expense of \$3.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 consisting of \$1.1 million in Retirement Centers, \$1.3 million in Assisted Living and \$1.2 million in CCRCs.

⁽³⁾ Net of general and administrative costs allocated to management services reporting segment.

Subsequent to September 30, 2008, the Company terminated seven swaps and five cap agreements with a total notional amount of \$414.3 million. In conjunction with these transactions, \$12.4 million was paid to the respective counterparties.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other information we provide from time to time may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Those forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical statements of fact and those regarding our intent, belief or expectations, including, but not limited to, statements relating to our operational initiatives and our expectations regarding their effect on our results; our expectations regarding occupancy, the demand for senior housing, acquisition opportunities, our share repurchase program, and our dividend strategy; our belief regarding our growth prospects; our ability to secure financing or replace or extend existing debt as it matures (including our line of credit); our ability to remain in compliance with all of our debt and lease agreements (including the financial covenants contained therein); our expectations regarding liquidity; our expectations regarding financings and refinancings of assets; our plans to generate growth organically through occupancy improvements, increases in annual rental rates and the achievement of operating efficiencies and cost savings; our plans to expand our offering of ancillary services (therapy and home health); our plans to expand existing facilities and develop new facilities; the expected project costs for our expansion and development program; our expected levels of expenditures and reimbursements (and the timing thereof); the anticipated cost and expense associated with the resolution of pending litigation and our expectations regarding the disposition thereof; our expectations for the performance of our entrance fee communities; our ability to anticipate, manage and address industry trends and their effect on our business; and our ability to increase revenues, earnings, Adjusted EBITDA, Cash From Facility Operations, and/or Facility Operating Income (as such terms are defined herein). Words such as "anticipate(s)", "expect(s)", "intend(s)", "plan(s)", "target(s)", "project(s)", "predict(s)", "believe(s)", "may", "will", "would", "could", "should", "seek(s)", "estimate(s)" and sim are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are based on management's current expectations and beliefs and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could lead to actual results differing materially from those projected, forecasted or expected. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that our expectations will be attained. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on our operations and future prospects or which could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations include, but are not limited to, our ability to generate sufficient cash flow to cover required interest and long-term operating lease payments; our inability to extend (or refinance) debt as it matures or replace our credit facility when it expires; the risk that we may not be able to satisfy the conditions precedent to exercising the extension options associated with certain of our debt agreements; the effect of our indebtedness and long-term operating leases on our liquidity; the risk of loss of property pursuant to our mortgage debt and long-term lease obligations; the possibilities that changes in the capital markets, including changes in interest rates and/or credit spreads, or other factors could make financing more expensive or unavailable to us; the risk associated with the current global economic crisis and its impact upon capital markets and liquidity; the risk that we may be required to post additional cash collateral in connection with our interest rate swaps; the risk that continued market deterioration could jeopardize certain of our counterparties' obligations; events which adversely affect the ability of seniors to afford our monthly resident fees or entrance fees; the conditions of housing markets in certain geographic areas; changes in governmental reimbursement programs; our limited operating history on a combined basis; our ability to effectively manage our growth; our ability to maintain consistent quality control; delays in obtaining regulatory approvals; our ability to integrate acquisitions into our operations; competition for the acquisition of assets; our ability to obtain additional capital on terms acceptable to us; a decrease in the overall demand for senior housing; our vulnerability to economic downturns; acts of nature in certain geographic areas; terminations of our resident agreements and vacancies in the living spaces we lease; increased competition for skilled personnel; departure of our key officers; increases in market interest rates; environmental contamination at any of our facilities; failure to comply with existing environmental laws; an adverse determination or resolution of complaints filed against us; the cost and difficulty of complying with increasing and evolving regulation; and other risks detailed from time to time in

our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, press releases and other communications, including those set forth under "Risk Factors" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007. Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report. We expressly disclaim any obligation to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any statement is based.

Executive Overview

During the third quarter of 2008, we continued to make progress in implementing the long-term growth objectives outlined in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, even given the difficult operating environment. The following is a summary discussion of our progress during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008.

Our primary long-term growth objectives are to grow our revenues, Adjusted EBITDA, Cash From Facility Operations and Facility Operating Income primarily through a combination of: (i) organic growth in our core business, including the realization of economies of scale; (ii) continued expansion of our ancillary services programs (including therapy and home health services); and (iii) expansion of our existing communities and, to a lesser extent, development of new communities. Although we continue to anticipate a reduced level of acquisition activity over the near term when compared with historical levels, given the potential opportunities that may arise as a result of the recent market disruption, we may also grow through the selective acquisition and consolidation of additional communities, asset portfolios and other senior living companies.

The tables below present a summary of our operating results and certain other financial metrics for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 and the amount and percentage of increase or decrease of each applicable item (dollars in millions).

	Three Months Ended					Increase		
		Septem	ber	30,		(Decrease)		
	2008(1) 2007			1	Amount Percent			
Total revenue	\$	482.3	\$	464.6	\$	17.7	3.8%	
Net loss	\$	(35.9)	\$	(58.9)	\$	23.0	39.0%	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	67.4	\$	83.6	\$	(16.2)	(19.4%)	
Cash From Facility Operations	\$	22.5	\$	41.8	\$	(19.3)	(46.2%)	
Facility Operating Income	\$	149.8	\$	162.8	\$	(13.0)	(8.0%)	

	Nine Months Ended					Increase		
	September 30,					(Decrease)		
	2008(1)(2) 2007			2007	Amount		Percent	
Total revenue	\$	1,441.1	\$	1,369.8	\$	71.3	5.2%	
Net loss	\$	(94.5)	\$	(112.7)	\$	18.2	16.1%	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	227.0	\$	237.0	\$	(10.0)	(4.2%)	
Cash From Facility Operations	\$	97.7	\$	115.9	\$	(18.2)	(15.7%)	
Facility Operating Income	\$	481.2	\$	489.2	\$	(8.0)	(1.6%)	

⁽¹⁾ The calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and Cash From Facility Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 includes hurricane and named tropical storms expense totaling \$3.6 million.

Adjusted EBITDA and Facility Operating Income are non-GAAP financial measures we use in evaluating our operating performance. Cash From Facility Operations is a non-GAAP financial measure we use in evaluating our liquidity. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below for an explanation of how we define each of these measures, a detailed description of why we believe such measures are useful and the limitations of each measure, a reconciliation

⁽²⁾ The calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and Cash From Facility Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 includes the effect of the \$8.0 million reserve established for certain litigation (Note 7).

of net loss to each of Adjusted EBITDA and Facility Operating Income and a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to Cash From Facility Operations.

During the third quarter of 2008, we achieved total revenue growth compared to the prior year period and a 0.8% increase in average occupancy over the second quarter of 2008. Although we made progress in certain areas of the business, current adverse credit market conditions and the economic environment had a negative impact on our

results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, as discussed below. This negative impact primarily resulted in pressure on our occupancy rate and increased expenses.

Our revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2008 increased to \$482.3 million, an increase of \$17.7 million, or approximately 3.8%, over our revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2007. For the nine months ended September 30, 2008, our revenues increased \$71.3 million, or approximately 5.2%, to \$1.4 billion over the nine months ended September 30, 2007. The increase in revenues in the current year periods was primarily a result of an increase in the average revenue per unit/bed compared to the prior year periods and growing revenues from our ancillary services programs, partially offset by a decline in occupancy from the prior year periods. Our weighted average occupancy rate for the third quarter of 2008 was 89.7%, compared to 90.6% for the third quarter of 2007.

Although our revenues increased period over period, our overall financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 were negatively impacted by a higher than usual level of expense growth.

During the three months ended September 30, 2008, our Adjusted EBITDA, Cash From Facility Operations, and Facility Operating Income decreased by 19.4%, 46.2% and 8.0%, respectively, when compared to the three months ended September 30, 2007. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, our Adjusted EBITDA, Cash From Facility Operations, and Facility Operating Income decreased by 4.2%, 15.7% and 1.6%, respectively, when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2007. Adjusted EBITDA and Cash From Facility Operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2008 were negatively impacted by \$3.6 million of hurricane and named tropical storms expense. Additionally, Adjusted EBITDA and Cash From Facility Operations for the nine month period ended September 30, 2008 were negatively impacted by an \$8.0 million charge to general and administrative expense relating to the establishment of a reserve for certain litigation (Note 7).

During the third quarter of 2008, we repurchased 431,758 shares of our common stock at a cost of approximately \$9.2 million.

During the quarter, we continued to make progress in expanding our ancillary services offerings. At September 30, 2008, we had almost 34,000 units served by our therapy services programs and over 15,000 units served by our home health agencies. While we continue to work to expand our ancillary services programs to additional Brookdale units and to open or acquire additional home health agencies, we also continue to see positive results from the maturation of previously-opened therapy clinics.

During the quarter, we also made progress in our expansion and development program, completing expansions at three communities (with a total of 50 units). We currently have eight projects under construction with a total of approximately 803 units.

Our growth initiatives and operating results have continued to be negatively impacted by unfavorable conditions in the housing, credit and financial markets. We believe that the deteriorating housing market, credit crisis and general economic uncertainty have caused some potential customers (or their adult children) to delay or reconsider moving into our communities, resulting in a decrease in occupancy rates when compared to the prior year periods. We remain cautious about the economy and its effect on our customers. In addition, we continue to experience volatility in the entrance fee portion of our business. The timing of entrance fee sales is subject to a number of different factors (including the ability of potential customers to sell their existing homes) and is also inherently subject to variability (positively or negatively) when measured over the short-term. We expect occupancy to remain relatively flat over the near term and we expect entrance fee sales to normalize over the longer term.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2008 and 2007

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, statement of operations items and the amount and percentage of increase or decrease of these items. The results of operations for any particular period are not necessarily indicative of results for any future period. The following data should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto, which are included herein. Our results reflect the inclusion of acquisitions that occurred during the respective reporting periods. Refer to our most recent Annual 24

Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, filed February 29, 2008, for additional information regarding acquisitions.

(dollars in thousands, except average monthly revenue per unit/bed)

Three Months Ended September 30,

	September 50,			_	O/ I		
		2000			Increase	% Increase	
		2008		2007	(Decrease)		(Decrease)
Statement of Operations Data:							
Revenue							
Resident fees							
Retirement Centers	\$	140,937	\$	138,009	\$	2,928	2.1%
Assisted Living		210,900	·	200,157		10,743	5.4%
CCRCs		128,913		124,935		3,978	3.2%
Total resident fees		480,750		463,101		17,649	3.8%
Management fees		1,527		1,493		34	2.3%
Total revenue		482,277		464,594		17,683	3.8%
Expense							
Facility operating expense(1)							
Retirement Centers		83,030		76,485		6,545	8.6%
Assisted Living		145,695		128,907		16,788	13.0%
CCRCs		97,489		89,605		7,884	8.8%
Total facility operating expense		326,214		294,997		31,217	10.6%
General and administrative							
expense		32,948		34,733		(1,785)	(5.1%)
Facility lease expense		67,017		67,708		(691)	(1.0%)
Depreciation and amortization		67,066		79,235		(12,169)	(15.4%)
Total operating expense		493,245		476,673		16,572	3.5%
Loss from operations		(10,968)		(12,079)		1,111	9.2%
Interest income		1,383		1,695		(312)	(18.4%)
Interest expense							
Debt		(37,599)		(38,472)		873	2.3%
Amortization of deferred							
financing costs		(3,004)		(1,151)		(1,853)	(161.0%)
Change in fair value of							
derivatives and amortization		(8,454)		(43,731)		35,277	80.7%
Equity in earnings (loss) of							
unconsolidated ventures		358		(309)		667	215.9%
Other non-operating income		69		_	-	69	100.0%
Loss before income taxes		(58,215)		(94,047)		35,832	38.1%
Benefit for income taxes		22,338		35,125		(12,787)	(36.4%)
Loss before minority interest		(35,877)		(58,922)		23,045	39.1%
Minority interest		_		(5)		5	100.0%
Net loss	\$	(35,877)	\$	(58,927)	\$	23,050	39.1%

Selected Operating and Other

Data:

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Total number of communities (at				
end of period)	550	550	_	_
Total units/beds operated(2)	51,933	52,082	(149)	(0.3%)
Owned/leased communities				
units/beds	47,640	47,553	87	0.2%
Owned/leased communities				
occupancy rate:				
Period end	90.3%	90.8%	(0.5%)	(0.6%)
Weighted average	89.7%	90.6%	(0.9%)	(1.0%)
Average monthly revenue per				
unit/bed(3)	\$ 3,786	\$ 3,609 \$	177	4.9%
25				

Selected Segment Operating and

Other Data:					
Retirement Centers					
Number of communities (period					
end)	87		86	1	0.2%
Total units/beds(2)	15,895		15,869	26	0.2%
Occupancy rate:					
Period end	90.7%		91.9%	(1.2%)	(1.3%)
Weighted average	90.6%		92.2%	(1.6%)	(1.7%)
Average monthly revenue per					
unit/bed(3)	\$ 3,288	\$	3,148	\$ 140	4.4%
Assisted Living					
Number of communities (period					
end)	410		409	1	1.2%
Total units/beds(2)	21,134		21,091	43	0.2%
Occupancy rate:					
Period end	90.9%		90.0%	0.9%	1.0%
Weighted average	90.2%		89.9%	0.3%	0.3%
Average monthly revenue per					
unit/bed(3)	\$ 3,690	\$	3,520	\$ 170	4.8%
CCRCs					
Number of communities (period					
end)	32		32	_	
Total units/beds(2)	10,611		10,593	18	0.2%
Occupancy rate:					
Period end	88.7%		90.8%	(2.1%)	(2.3%)
Weighted average	87.4%		89.7%	(2.3%)	(2.6%)
Average monthly revenue per					
unit/bed(3)	\$ 4,828	\$	4,565	\$ 263	5.8%
Management Services					
Number of communities (period					
end)	21		23	(2)	(8.7%)
Total units/beds(2)	4,293		4,529	(236)	(5.2%)
Occupancy rate:					
Period end	85.6%		83.2%	2.4%	2.9%
Weighted average	85.3%		82.9%	2.4%	2.9%
Selected Entrance Fee Data:					
Non-refundable entrance fees sales	\$ 7,253	\$	5,673	\$ 1,580	27.9%
Refundable entrance fees sales(4)	4,273		8,696	(4,423)	(50.9%)
Total entrance fee receipts	11,526		14,369	(2,843)	(19.8%)
Refunds	(5,856))	(5,084)	(772)	(15.2%)
Net entrance fees	\$ 5,670	\$	9,285	\$ (3,615)	(38.9%)

⁽¹⁾ Segment facility operating expense for the three months ended September 30, 2008 includes hurricane and named tropical storms expense totaling \$3.6 million consisting of \$1.1 million for Retirement Centers, \$1.3 million for

Assisted Living and \$1.2 million for CCRCs.

- (2) Total units/beds operated represent the total units/beds operated as of the end of the period.
- (3) Average monthly revenue per unit/bed represents the average of the total monthly revenues, excluding amortization of entrance fees, divided by average occupied units/beds.
- (4) Refundable entrance fee sales for the three months ended September 30, 2008 include amounts received from residents participating in the MyChoice program, which allows new and existing residents the option to pay additional refundable entrance fee amounts in return for a reduced monthly service fee. MyChoice amounts received from existing residents totaled \$0.6 million and \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Resident Fees

The increase in resident fees was driven by revenue growth across all business segments. Resident fees increased over the prior-year third quarter mainly due to an increase in average monthly revenue per unit/bed during the current period as well as an increase in our ancillary services revenue as we continue to roll out therapy and home health services to many of our communities. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in occupancy across all segments for our same-store communities. During the current period, same-store revenues grew 3.7% at the 527 properties we operated in both periods with a 4.9% increase in the average monthly revenue per unit/bed and a 1.1% decrease in occupancy.

Retirement Centers revenue increased \$2.9 million, or 2.1%, primarily due to an increase in the average monthly revenue per unit/bed at the communities we operated during both periods, partially offset by a decrease in occupancy at these same-store communities period over period.

Assisted Living revenue increased \$10.7 million, or 5.4%, primarily due to an increase in the average monthly revenue per unit/bed at the communities we operated during both periods. Occupancy at these same-store communities increased slightly period over period. Revenue growth was also positively impacted by an increase in revenue related to the rollout of our ancillary services business to these communities during 2007 and 2008.

CCRCs revenue increased \$4.0 million, or 3.2%, primarily due to an increase in the average monthly revenue per unit/bed at the communities we operated during both periods partially offset by a decrease in occupancy at these same-store communities period over period.

Management Fees

Management fees were comparable period over period as the number of management contracts maintained was fairly consistent during both periods.

Facility Operating Expense

Facility operating expense increased over the prior-year period primarily due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits related to normal salary increases, increased employee hours worked and reduced open positions, expense incurred related to hurricanes and other named tropical storms, as well as an increase in expense incurred in connection with the continued rollout of our ancillary services during the third quarter of 2008.

Retirement Centers operating expenses increased \$6.5 million, or 8.6%, primarily due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits related to normal salary increases, increased employee hours worked and reduced open positions, \$1.1 million of expense incurred in connection with hurricanes and other named tropical storms, an increase in insurance and utility expenses period over period as well as an increase in expense incurred in connection with the continued rollout of our ancillary services program.

Assisted Living operating expenses increased \$16.8 million, or 13.0%, due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits related to normal salary increases, increased employee hours worked and reduced open positions, \$1.3 million of expense incurred in connection with hurricanes and other named tropical storms as well as an increase in expense incurred in connection with the continued rollout of our ancillary services program.

CCRCs operating expenses increased \$7.9 million, or 8.8%, primarily due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits due to normal salary increases and increased employee count, as well as \$1.2 million of expense incurred in

connection with hurricanes and other named tropical storms.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expense decreased \$1.8 million, or 5.1%, primarily as a result of a decrease in non-recurring integration expenses and non-cash stock-based compensation expense in connection with restricted stock grants which were partially offset by an increase in professional fees paid period over period, benefits paid, systems maintenance and travel expenses related to new training programs and meetings associated with our recent divisional realignment. General and administrative expense as a percentage of total revenue, including revenue generated by the communities we manage, was 5.0% and 4.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, calculated as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Three Mon	nths En	ded		
	September 30,				
	2008		2007		
Resident fee revenues	\$ 480,750	\$	463,101		
Resident fee revenues under management	36,739		37,404		
Total	\$ 517,489	\$	500,505		
General and administrative expenses (excluding merger and					
integration expenses and non-cash stock compensation expense					
totaling \$10.6 million and \$11.2 million in 2008 and 2007,					
respectively)	\$ 25,924	\$	23,579		
General and administrative expenses as a percent of total revenues	5.0%		4.7%		

Facility Lease Expense

Lease expense remained relatively constant period over period.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$12.2 million, or 15.4%, primarily as a result of resident in-place lease intangibles becoming fully amortized during the three month period ended September 30, 2008 which was partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense related to capital expenditures subsequent to September 30, 2007 where a full period of depreciation is included in the current period.

Interest Income

Interest income remained relatively constant period over period.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased \$34.3 million, or 41.1%, primarily due to the change in fair value of our interest rate swaps. During the quarter ended September 30, 2008, we recognized approximately \$8.5 million of interest expense on our interest rate swaps due to unfavorable changes in the LIBOR yield curve which resulted in a change in the fair value of the swaps, as compared to approximately \$43.7 million of interest expense on our interest rate swaps for the quarter ended September 30, 2007. This was partially offset by an increase in our amortization of deferred financing costs related to additional borrowings in the current period.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 are 38.4% and 37.3%, respectively. The difference between the periods is primarily due to an increase in the annualized effective rate as calculated through September 30, 2008.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 and 2007

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, statement of operations items and the amount and percentage of increase or decrease of these items. The results of operations for any particular period are not necessarily indicative of results for any future period. The following data should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto, which are included herein. Our results reflect the inclusion of acquisitions that occurred during the respective reporting periods. Refer to our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, filed February 29, 2008, for additional information regarding acquisitions.

Nine Months Ended

(dollars in thousands, except average monthly revenue per unit/bed)

	September 30,						
	Septemo	ber 50,	Increase	% Increase			
	2008	2007	(Decrease)	(Decrease)			
Statement of Operations Data:							
Revenue							
Resident fees							
Retirement Centers	\$ 419,543	\$ 408,023	\$ 11,520	2.8%			
Assisted Living	628,735	593,969	34,766	5.9%			
CCRCs	387,244	363,069	24,175	6.7%			
Total resident fees	1,435,522	1,365,061	70,461	5.2%			
Management fees	5,604	4,777	827	17.3%			
Total revenue	1,441,126	1,369,838	71,288	5.2%			
Expense	, ,	, ,	,				
Facility operating expense(1)							
Retirement Centers	240,902	226,523	14,379	6.3%			
Assisted Living	415,852	378,982	36,870	9.7%			
CCRCs	281,045	256,167	24,878	9.7%			
Total facility operating expense	937,799	861,672	76,127	8.8%			
General and administrative expense	109,633	111,144	(1,511)	(1.4%)			
Facility lease expense	202,028	203,365	(1,337)	(0.7%)			
Depreciation and amortization	207,882	234,690	(26,808)	(11.4%)			
Total operating expense	1,457,342	1,410,871	46,471	3.3%			
Loss from operations	(16,216)	(41,033)	24,817	60.5%			
Interest income	6,169	5,077	1,092	21.5%			
Interest expense							
Debt	(110,894)	(107,002)	(3,892)	(3.6%)			
Amortization of deferred financing costs	(6,940)	(4,878)	(2,062)	(42.3%)			
Change in fair value of derivatives and amortization	(17,344)	(30,893)	13,549	43.9%			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(3,052)	(803)	(2,249)	(280.1%)			
Equity in loss of unconsolidated ventures	(750)	(2,362)	1,612	68.2%			
Other non-operating (loss) income	(424)	238	(662)	(278.2%)			
Loss before income taxes	(149,451)	(181,656)	32,205	17.7%			
Benefit for income taxes	54,996	68,408	(13,412)	(19.6%)			
Loss before minority interest	(94,455)	(113,248)	18,793	16.6%			
Minority interest	_	506	(506)	(100.0%)			

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Net loss	\$ (94,455) \$ (1	112,742)	\$ 18,287	16.2%
29				

Selected Operating and Other Data:							
Total number of communities (at end of period)		550	550 550			_	
Total units/beds operated(2)		51,933		52,082		(149)	(0.3%)
Owned/leased communities units/beds		47,640		47,553		87	0.2%
Owned/leased communities occupancy rate:							
Period end		90.3%	ı	90.8%		(0.5%)	(0.6%)
Weighted average		89.5%				(1.2%)	(1.3%)
Average monthly revenue per unit/bed(3)	\$	3,778	\$	3,557	\$	221	6.2%
Selected Segment Operating and Other Data:							
Retirement Centers							
Number of communities (period end)		87		86		1	1.2%
Total units/beds(2)		15,895				26	0.2%
Occupancy rate:		13,093		15,869		20	0.270
Period end		90.7%		91.9%		(1.2%)	(1.3%)
Weighted average		90.7%		92.6%		(2.4%)	(2.6%)
Average monthly revenue per unit/bed(3)	\$	3,270	\$	3,092	\$	178	5.8%
Assisted Living	φ	3,270	Ф	3,092	Ф	170	3.6%
Number of communities (period end)		410		409		1	0.2%
Total units/beds(2)		21,134		21,091		43	0.2%
Occupancy rate:		21,134		21,091		43	0.270
Period end		90.9%		90.0%		0.9%	1.0%
Weighted average		89.6%		89.6%		0.9 //	1.070
Average monthly revenue per unit/bed(3)	\$	3,706	\$	3,498	\$	208	5.9%
CCRCs	Ψ	3,700	Ψ	3,770	Ψ	200	3.770
Number of communities (period end)		32		32			
Total units/beds(2)		10,611		10,593		18	0.2%
Occupancy rate:		10,011		10,393		10	0.270
Period end		88.7%		90.8%		(2.1%)	(2.3%)
Weighted average		88.2%		89.9%		(1.7%)	(2.3%) $(1.9%)$
Average monthly revenue per unit/bed(3)	\$	4,777	\$	4,467	\$	310	6.9%
Management Services	Ψ	7,777	Ψ	7,707	Ψ	310	0.770
Number of communities (period end)		21		23		(2)	(8.7%)
Total units/beds(2)		4,293		4,529		(236)	(5.2%)
Occupancy rate:		1,273		1,527		(230)	(3.270)
Period end		85.6%	,	83.2%		2.4%	2.9%
Weighted average		84.1%		88.4%		(4.3%)	(4.9%)
Weighted average		01.170		00.170		(1.3 %)	(1.5 %)
Selected Entrance Fee Data:							
Non-refundable entrance fees sales	\$	15,210	\$	14,315	\$	895	6.3%
Refundable entrance fees sales(4)		15,185		17,018		(1,833)	(10.8%)
Total entrance fee receipts		30,395		31,333		(938)	(3.0%)
Refunds		(14,331)		(15,488)		1,157	7.5%
Net entrance fees	\$	16,064	\$	15,845	\$	219	1.4%

⁽¹⁾ Segment facility operating expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 includes hurricane and named tropical storms expense totaling \$3.6 million consisting of \$1.1 million for Retirement Centers, \$1.3 million for

Assisted Living and \$1.2 million for CCRCs.

(2) Total units/beds operated represent the total units/beds operated as of the end of the period.

- (3) Average monthly revenue per unit/bed represents the average of the total monthly revenues, excluding amortization of entrance fees, divided by average occupied units/beds.
- (4) Refundable entrance fee sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 include amounts received from residents participating in the MyChoice program, which allows new and existing residents the option to pay additional refundable entrance fee amounts in return for a reduced monthly service fee. MyChoice amounts received from existing residents totaled \$1.8 million and \$3.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Resident Fees

The increase in resident fees was driven by revenue growth across all business segments. Resident fees increased over the prior-year nine month period primarily due to an increase in average monthly revenue per unit/bed during the current period as well as an increase in our ancillary services revenue as we continue to roll out therapy and home health services to many of our communities and was partially offset by a decrease in occupancy across all segments for our same-store communities. During the current period, same-store revenues grew 4.4% at the 522 properties we operated in both periods with an average rate increase of 6.2% and a decrease in occupancy of 1.6%.

Retirement Centers revenue increased \$11.5 million, or 2.8%, primarily due to an increase in the average monthly revenue per unit/bed at the communities we operated during both periods and revenue related to the expansion of our ancillary services business to these communities during 2007 and 2008 which was partially offset by a decrease in occupancy at our same-store communities period over period.

Assisted Living revenue increased \$34.8 million, or 5.9%, primarily due to an increase in the average monthly revenue per unit/bed at the communities we operated during both periods and revenue related to the expansion of our ancillary services business to these communities during 2007 and 2008 which was offset by a slight decrease in occupancy at our same-store communities period over period.

CCRCs revenue increased \$24.2 million, or 6.7%, primarily due to an increase in the average monthly revenue per unit/bed at the communities we operated during both periods and revenue related to the expansion of our ancillary services business to these communities during 2007 and 2008 which was offset by a slight decrease in occupancy at our same-store communities period over period.

Management Fees

The increase in management fees over the prior-year same period is due to an increase in rates charged for management services during the current period.

Facility Operating Expense

Facility operating expense increased over the prior-year same period primarily due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits related to normal salary increases, increased employee hours worked and reduced open positions, as well as an increase in expenses incurred in connection with the continued rollout of our ancillary services program during the current period.

Retirement Centers operating expenses increased \$14.4 million, or 6.3%, primarily due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits related to normal salary increases, increased employee hours worked and reduced open positions, \$1.1 million of expense incurred in connection with hurricanes and other named tropical storms, an increase in

insurance and utility expenses period over period as well as an increase in expense incurred in connection with the continued rollout of our ancillary services program.

Assisted Living operating expenses increased \$36.9 million, or 9.7%, due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits related to normal salary increases, increased employee hours worked and reduced open positions, \$1.3 million of expense incurred in connection with hurricanes and other named tropical storms as well as an increase in expense incurred in connection with the continued rollout of our ancillary services program.

CCRCs operating expenses increased \$24.9 million, or 9.7%, due to an increase in salaries, wages and benefits due to normal salary increases and increased employee count, as well as \$1.2 million of expense incurred in connection with hurricanes and other named tropical storms.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expense decreased \$1.5 million, or 1.4%, primarily as a result of a decrease in non-recurring expenses and non-cash stock-based compensation expense in connection with restricted stock grants period over period offset by an increase in non-controllable expenses related to the \$8.0 million reserve established for certain litigation during the three months ended June 30, 2008 (Note 7). General and administrative expense as a percentage of total revenue, including revenue generated by the communities we manage, was 4.7% and 5.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, calculated as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2008		2007	
Resident fee revenues	\$ 1,435,522	\$	1,365,061	
Resident fee revenues under management	112,539		113,605	
Total	\$ 1,548,061	\$	1,478,666	
General and administrative expenses (excluding merger and integration expenses and non-cash stock compensation expense totaling \$40.6 million and \$37.1 million in 2008 and 2007,				
respectively)	\$ 72,651	\$	74,022	
General and administrative expenses as a percent of total revenues	4.7%		5.0%	

Facility Lease Expense

Lease expense remained relatively constant period over period.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$26.8 million, or 11.4%, primarily as a result of resident in-place lease intangibles becoming fully amortized during the nine month period ended September 30, 2008 which was partially offset by an increase in depreciation expense related to capital expenditures subsequent to September 30, 2007 where a full period of depreciation is included in the current period.

Interest Income

Interest income increased \$1.1 million, or 21.5%, primarily due to the recognition of interest income upon collection of a long-term note receivable, previously reserved for as interest was accumulating unpaid.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased \$7.6 million, or 5.3%, primarily due to the change in fair value of our interest rate swaps. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we recognized approximately \$17.3 million of interest expense on our interest rate swaps due to unfavorable changes in the LIBOR yield curve which resulted in a change in the fair value of the swaps, as compared to approximately \$30.9 million of interest expense on our interest rate swaps for the

nine months ended September 30, 2007, representing a \$13.5 million decrease in interest expense period over period. This decrease was partially offset by additional interest expense incurred on debt from additional borrowings.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 are 36.8% and 37.7%, respectively. The difference between the periods is primarily due to a change in recording dividends paid on 32

unvested shares. Beginning January 1, 2008, dividends on unvested shares are being recorded under FASB Statement No. 123 (revised 2004) ("SFAS 123(R)"), Share-Based Payment in accordance with EITF 06-11.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

For a description of our critical accounting policies and estimates, see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following is a summary of cash flow information for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		
	2008		2007
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 107,354	\$	138,409
Cash used in investing activities	(101,700)		(346,277)
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(50,673)		202,893
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(45,019)		(4,975)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	100,904		68,034
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 55,885	\$	63,059

The decrease in cash provided by operating activities was attributable to an increase in accounts receivable due to the timing of billings and payments and an increase in billings in conjunction with the rollout of our therapy and home health services to many of our communities as well as an increase in operating expenses period over period.

The decrease in cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to a decrease in acquisition activity in the current year as well as cash received on outstanding notes receivable. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in additions to our property, plant and equipment and leasehold intangibles period over period.

The change in cash related to financing activities period over period was primarily attributable to an increase in repayments on debt related to financing activities net of borrowings and an increase in cash payments made on swap terminations and recouponings during the current year partially offset by a decrease in the payment of dividends in the current year. Additionally, during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we repurchased 1,211,301 shares of our common stock at an aggregate cost of \$29.2 million.

Our principal sources of liquidity are expected to be from:

cash balances on hand;
 cash flows from operations;
 proceeds from our credit facility;
 proceeds from mortgage financing or refinancing of various assets;
 proceeds from the selective disposition of underperforming assets;
 funds raised in the debt or equity markets; and funds generated through joint venture arrangements or sale-leaseback transactions.

Our liquidity requirements have historically arisen from, and we generally expect they will continue to arise from:

- working capital;
- operating costs such as employee compensation and related benefits, general and administrative expense and supply costs;
 - debt service and lease payments;
 - acquisition consideration and transaction costs;
- cash collateral required to be posted in connection with our interest rate swaps and related financial instruments;

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- capital expenditures and improvements, including the expansion of our current communities and the development of new communities:
 - dividend payments;
 - purchases of common stock under our \$150 million share repurchase authorization; and
 other corporate initiatives (including integration and branding).

We are highly leveraged, and have significant debt and lease obligations. At September 30, 2008, we had \$2.1 billion of debt outstanding, excluding our line of credit and capital and financing lease obligations, at a weighted-average interest rate of 4.99%. At September 30, 2008, we had \$323.9 million of capital and financing lease obligations, \$84.8 million was drawn on our revolving loan facility and \$119.8 million of letters of credit had been issued under our line of credit. Approximately \$266.7 million of our debt obligations (excluding our line of credit) are due on or before September 30, 2009, subject in certain instances to extension at our option, as described below under "Contractual Commitments". We also have substantial operating lease obligations and capital expenditure requirements. For the year ending December 31, 2008, we will be required to make approximately \$254.0 million of payments in connection with our existing operating leases.

We had \$55.9 million of cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2008, excluding cash and investments-restricted and lease security deposits of \$123.4 million. Additionally, we had \$94.7 million available under our corporate credit facility and \$30.2 million of unused capacity under our letter of credit facility.

At September 30, 2008, we had \$599.5 million of negative working capital, which includes the classification of \$251.8 million of refundable entrance fees and \$30.6 million in tenant deposits as current liabilities. Based upon our historical operating experience, we anticipate that only approximately 9% to 12% of those entrance fee liabilities will actually come due, and be required to be settled in cash, during the next 12 months. We expect that any entrance fee liabilities due within the next 12 months will be fully offset by the proceeds generated by subsequent entrance fee sales. Entrance fee sales, net of refunds paid, provided \$16.1 million of cash for the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

For the year ending December 31, 2008, we anticipate that we will make investments of approximately \$115.0 million to \$130.0 million for capital expenditures (net of approximately \$75.0 million in the aggregate previously reimbursed or expected to be reimbursed from lenders/lessors or funded through construction financing), comprised of approximately \$25.0 million to \$30.0 million of net recurring capital expenditures, approximately \$40.0 million to \$45.0 million of net capital expenditures in connection with our community expansion and development program, and approximately \$50.0 million to \$55.0 million of expenditures relating to other major projects (including corporate initiatives). Other major projects include unusual or non-recurring capital projects, projects which create new or enhanced economics, such as major renovations or repositioning projects at our communities (including deferred expenditures in connection with recently acquired communities), integration related expenditures, and expenditures supporting the expansion of our ancillary services programs. For the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we spent approximately \$19.6 million for net recurring capital expenditures, approximately \$43.1 million for capital expenditures in connection with our expansion and development program (net of \$26.8 million that had been reimbursed as of September 30, 2008) and approximately \$42.2 million for expenditures relating to other major projects and corporate initiatives. We anticipate funding the majority of capital expenditures relating to our expansion and development program through debt and lease financings for those projects. We expect that our other anticipated capital expenditures will be funded from cash on hand, cash flows from operations, amounts drawn on our credit facility and proceeds from the refinancing of various assets. There can be no assurance that any such financings or refinancings will be available to us or on terms that are acceptable to us.

Through 2007, we focused on growth primarily through acquisition, spending approximately \$2.2 billion during 2007 and 2006 on acquiring communities and companies, excluding fees, expenses and assumption of debt. Given the current market environment, we anticipate a reduced level of acquisition activity over the near term, and consequently reduced acquisition spending. However, given the potential opportunities that may arise as a result of the recent market disruption, we may also grow through the selective acquisition and consolidation of additional communities, asset portfolios and other senior living companies.

In the normal course of business, we use a variety of financial instruments to mitigate interest rate risk. We have entered into certain interest rate protection and swap agreements to effectively cap or convert floating rate debt to fixed rate. Pursuant to certain of our hedge agreements, we are required to secure our obligation to the counterparty by posting cash or other collateral if the fair value liability exceeds specified thresholds. In periods of significant volatility in the credit markets, the value of these swaps can change significantly and as a result, the amount of collateral we are required to post can change significantly. For example, cash collateral posted as of December 31, 2007 and September 30, 2008 was approximately \$5.0 million and \$8.3 million, respectively. If we are required to post additional collateral in connection with our interest rate swaps, our liquidity could be negatively impacted.

We expect to continue to fund our business through our principal sources of liquidity. Principally, during 2008, we anticipate that our liquidity will come from cash on hand, cash flows from operations, amounts drawn on our credit facility and proceeds from the refinancing of various assets. We expect to continue to assess our financing alternatives periodically and access the capital markets opportunistically. If our existing resources are insufficient to satisfy our liquidity requirements, or if we enter into an acquisition or strategic arrangement with another company, we may need to sell additional equity or debt securities. Any such sale of additional equity securities will dilute the interests of our existing stockholders, and we cannot be certain that additional public or private financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. If we are unable to obtain this additional financing, we may be required to delay, reduce the scope of, or eliminate one or more aspects of our business development activities or to reduce our dividends, any of which could harm our business.

We presently anticipate that we will be able to refinance or extend our existing credit facility prior to its May 2009 maturity. Given the current uncertainty in the credit market, however, there can be no assurance that we will be able to do so. Assuming that we are able to refinance or extend the credit facility in accordance with our expectations and on terms that are acceptable to us, we currently estimate that our existing cash flows from operations, together with existing working capital, amounts drawn under our credit facility and proceeds from anticipated refinancings of various assets, will be sufficient to fund our liquidity needs for at least the next 12 months.

Our actual liquidity and capital funding requirements depend on numerous factors, including our operating results, the actual level of capital expenditures, our expansion, development and acquisition activity, general economic conditions and the cost of capital. Shortfalls in cash flows from operating results or other principal sources of liquidity may have an adverse impact on our ability to execute our business and growth strategies. The current volatility in the credit and financial markets may also have an adverse impact our liquidity by making it more difficult for us to obtain financing or refinancing. As a result, this may impact our ability to grow our business, pay dividends, maintain capital spending levels, expand certain communities, or execute other aspects of our business strategy. In order to continue some of these activities at historical or planned levels, we may incur additional indebtedness or lease financing to provide additional funding. There can be no assurance that any such additional financing will be available or on terms that are acceptable to us (particularly in light of current adverse conditions in the credit market).

As of September 30, 2008, we are in compliance with the financial covenants of our outstanding debt and lease agreements.

Credit Facility

As of September 30, 2008, we had an available secured line of credit of \$249.4 million (\$70.0 million letter of credit sublimit) and a letter of credit facility of up to \$80.0 million.

On May 12, 2008, we entered into an amendment to our line of credit agreement to permit us to repurchase up to \$150 million of our common stock from time to time, to reduce the revolving loan commitment from \$320 million to \$270

million effective as of the date of the amendment, to provide that the line of credit will bear interest at the base rate plus 3.0% or LIBOR plus 4.0%, at our election, and to revise certain financial covenants. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the amendment, the revolving loan commitments will be further reduced on the last day of each fiscal quarter (determined on a cumulative basis as of such date) by the greater of the following amounts (if positive): (a) 50% of the amount equal to the aggregate net proceeds to us from refinancings minus \$50 million; and (b) the aggregate amount of share repurchases by us minus \$50 million, provided that the revolving loan commitments shall be further reduced, if applicable, to \$245 million on December 31, 2008 and \$220 million on March 31, 2009. In addition, we exercised each of our two options to extend the credit facility maturity date to May

15, 2009. As a result of the May 15, 2009 maturity date, amounts drawn against the line of credit at September 30, 2008 have been classified as a current liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. We must also pay a fee equal to 1.50% of the amount of any outstanding letters of credit issued under the facility. As of September 30, 2008, \$84.8 million was drawn on the revolving loan facility and \$119.8 million of letters of credit had been issued under the agreements. The agreements are secured by a pledge of our tier one subsidiaries and, subject to certain limitations, subsidiaries formed to consummate future acquisitions.

Effective October 27, 2008, we entered into an additional amendment to our line of credit agreement. Pursuant to the amendment, Lehman Commercial Paper Inc., the original administrative agent under the line of credit, was replaced by Bank of America, N.A., the swing line subfacility was deleted, and certain other administrative amendments were made.

In connection with the credit agreement, we and certain of our subsidiaries, as guarantors, entered into a guarantee and pledge agreement with the administrative agent, pursuant to which certain of the guarantors guarantee the prompt and complete payment and performance when due by us of our obligations under the credit agreement and certain of the guarantors pledge certain assets for the benefit of the secured parties as collateral security for the payment and performance of our obligations under the credit agreement and under the guarantee. The pledged assets include, among other things, equity interests in certain of our subsidiaries, all related books and records and, to the extent not otherwise included, all proceeds and products of any and all of the foregoing, all supporting obligations in respect of any of the foregoing and all collateral security and guarantees given by any person with respect to any of the foregoing.

The credit agreement contains typical representations and covenants for loans of this type. A violation of any of these covenants (including any failure to remain in compliance with any financial covenants contained therein) could result in a default under the credit agreement, which would result in termination of all commitments and loans under the credit agreement and all other amounts owing under the credit agreement and certain other loan and lease agreements becoming immediately due and payable.

As stated above, we presently anticipate that we will be able to refinance or extend our existing credit facility prior to its May 2009 maturity. Given the current uncertainty in the credit market, however, there can be no assurance that we will be able to do so.

Contractual Commitments

Significant ongoing commitments consist primarily of leases, debt, purchase commitments and certain other long-term liabilities. For a summary and complete presentation and description of our ongoing commitments and contractual obligations, see the "Contractual Commitments" section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, our long-term debt obligations, including the related interest payments, increased by \$144.6 million to \$2.7 billion at September 30, 2008 from \$2.6 billion at December 31, 2007 in connection with financing transactions we completed during the nine months ended September 30, 2008. There have been no other material changes in our contractual commitments during the nine months ended September 30, 2008.

In accordance with applicable accounting pronouncements, as of September 30, 2008, our condensed consolidated financial statements reflect approximately \$266.7 million of debt obligations (excluding the line of credit) due within

the next 12 months and a total of approximately \$305.2 million of debt obligations (excluding the line of credit) due on or prior to December 31, 2010. The amount due within the next 12 months has been classified as a current liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Although these debt obligations are scheduled to mature on or prior to December 31, 2010, we have the option, subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions (such as the absence of a material adverse change), to extend the maturity of approximately \$224.6 million of certain mortgages payable included in such debt until 2011, as the instruments associated with such mortgages payable provide that we can extend the respective maturity dates for up to two terms of 12 months each from the existing maturity dates. We presently anticipate that we will exercise the

extension options and will satisfy the conditions precedent for doing so with respect to each of these obligations. After giving effect to the exercise of the extension options and to amounts repaid subsequent to quarter end on the aforementioned debt (see note below), we anticipate that only \$5.3 million of the mortgages payable due on or prior to December 31, 2010 will actually become due and payable on or prior to December 31, 2010.

The following table summarizes the principal amount due at maturity for mortgages scheduled to mature during the remainder of fiscal 2008, fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010 both on a financial statement reporting basis (without taking into account the exercise of the extension options) and on a basis that reports the latest maturity after giving effect to the exercise of each extension option (dollars in thousands):

	F	Earliest	Latest		
	\mathbf{N}	I aturity	Maturity		
	Exc	clusive of	Inclusive of		
	Extension		Extension		
	Op	Options(1)		tions(1)	
Three Months Ending December 31, 2008	\$		\$	_	
Twelve Months Ending December 31, 2009		224,572			
Twelve Months Ending December 31, 2010		26,400(2)		26,400(2)	
Total	\$	250,972	\$	26,400	

⁽¹⁾ Excludes an aggregate of \$8.7 million of periodic principal amortization payments due during the remainder of fiscal 2008, fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010 on all of our mortgages payable (\$0.7 million in 2008, \$3.6 million in 2009 and \$4.4 million in 2010).

In addition to the foregoing maturities, our corporate line of credit is scheduled to mature on May 15, 2009. As of September 30, 2008, \$84.8 million was drawn on the revolving loan facility and \$119.8 million of letters of credit had been issued under the line of credit.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The equity method of accounting has been applied in the accompanying financial statements with respect to our investment in unconsolidated ventures that are not considered variable interest entities we do not possess a controlling financial interest. We do not believe these off-balance sheet arrangements have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

A non-GAAP financial measure is generally defined as one that purports to measure historical or future financial performance, financial position or cash flows, but excludes or includes amounts that would not be so adjusted in the most comparable GAAP measure. In this report, we define and use the non-GAAP financial measures Adjusted EBITDA, Cash From Facility Operations and Facility Operating Income, as set forth below.

Adjusted EBITDA

Definition of Adjusted EBITDA

⁽²⁾ Subsequent to quarter end, we repaid approximately \$21.1 million of this amount and as a result, \$5.3 million is now scheduled to mature during the twelve months ending December 31, 2010.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as follows:

Net income (loss) before:

- provision (benefit) for income taxes;
- non-operating (income) loss items;

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- depreciation and amortization;
- straight-line lease expense (income);
 - amortization of deferred gain;
- amortization of deferred entrance fees; and
 - non-cash compensation expense;

and including:

• entrance fee receipts and refunds.

Management's Use of Adjusted EBITDA

We use Adjusted EBITDA to assess our overall financial and operating performance. We believe this non-GAAP measure, as we have defined it, is helpful in identifying trends in our day-to-day performance because the items excluded have little or no significance on our day-to-day operations. This measure provides an assessment of controllable expenses and affords management the ability to make decisions which are expected to facilitate meeting current financial goals as well as achieve optimal financial performance. It provides an indicator for management to determine if adjustments to current spending decisions are needed.

Adjusted EBITDA provides us with a measure of financial performance, independent of items that are beyond the control of management in the short-term, such as depreciation and amortization, straight-line rent expense (income), taxation and interest expense associated with our capital structure. This metric measures our financial performance based on operational factors that management can impact in the short-term, namely the cost structure or expenses of the organization. Adjusted EBITDA is one of the metrics used by senior management and the board of directors to review the financial performance of the business on a monthly basis. Adjusted EBITDA is also used by research analysts and investors to evaluate the performance of and value companies in our industry.

Limitations of Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool. It should not be viewed in isolation or as a substitute for GAAP measures of earnings. Material limitations in making the adjustments to our earnings to calculate Adjusted EBITDA, and using this non-GAAP financial measure as compared to GAAP net income (loss), include:

- the cash portion of interest expense, income tax (benefit) provision and non-recurring charges related to gain (loss) on sale of communities and extinguishment of debt activities generally represent charges (gains), which may significantly affect our financial results; and
- depreciation and amortization, though not directly affecting our current cash position, represent the wear and tear and/or reduction in value of our communities, which affects the services we provide to our residents and may be indicative of future needs for capital expenditures.

An investor or potential investor may find this item important in evaluating our performance, results of operations and financial position. We use non-GAAP financial measures to supplement our GAAP results in order to provide a more complete understanding of the factors and trends affecting our business.

Adjusted EBITDA is not an alternative to net income, income from operations or cash flows provided by or used in operations as calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. You should not rely on Adjusted EBITDA as a substitute for any such GAAP financial measure. We strongly urge you to review the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to GAAP net income (loss), along with our consolidated financial statements included herein. We also strongly urge you to not rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business. In addition, because Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP and is susceptible to varying calculations, the Adjusted EBITDA measure, as presented in this report, may differ from and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

The table below shows the reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Month	hs E	nded		Nine Mon	ths	Ended
	September 30,				September 30,		
	2008(1)	20	07(1)	2	2008(1)		2007(1)
Net loss	\$ (35,877) \$	\$ ((58,927)	\$	(94,455)	\$	(112,742)
Minority interest			5		_	_	(506)
Benefit for income taxes	(22,338)	((35,125)		(54,996)		(68,408)
Equity in (earnings) loss of unconsolidated ventures	(358)		309		750		2,362
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_		_	_	3,052		803
Other non-operating (income) expense	(69)		_	_	424		(238)
Interest expense:							
Debt	30,743		31,290		90,365		84,482
Capitalized lease obligation	6,856		7,182		20,529		22,520
Amortization of deferred financing costs	3,004		1,151		6,940		4,878
Change in fair value of derivatives and amortization	8,454		43,731		17,344		30,893
Interest income	(1,383)		(1,695)		(6,169)		(5,077)
Loss from operations	(10,968)	((12,079)		(16,216)		(41,033)
Depreciation and amortization	67,066		79,235		207,882		234,690
Straight-line lease expense	4,709		6,451		15,675		18,815
Amortization of deferred gain	(1,086)		(1,085)		(3,257)		(3,255)
Amortization of entrance fees	(4,707)		(5,322)		(16,527)		(14,222)
Non-cash compensation expense	6,737		7,138		23,368		26,150
Entrance fee receipts(2)	11,526		14,369		30,395		31,333
Entrance fee disbursements	(5,856)		(5,084)		(14,331)		(15,488)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 67,421 \$	\$	83,623	\$	226,989	\$	236,990

- (1) The calculation of Adjusted EBITDA includes merger, integration, and hurricane and named tropical storms expense as well as other non-recurring and acquisition transition costs totaling \$7.5 million and \$4.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$12.8 million and \$11.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Additionally, the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 includes the effect of the \$8.0 million reserve established for certain litigation (Note 7).
 - (2) Includes the receipt of refundable and nonrefundable entrance fees.

Cash From Facility Operations

Definition of Cash From Facility Operations

We define Cash From Facility Operations (CFFO) as follows:

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities adjusted for:

- changes in operating assets and liabilities;
- deferred interest and fees added to principal;
 - refundable entrance fees received;

- entrance fee refunds disbursed;
- lease financing debt amortization with fair market value or no purchase options;
 - other; and
 - recurring capital expenditures.

Recurring capital expenditures include expenditures capitalized in accordance with GAAP that are funded from CFFO. Amounts excluded from recurring capital expenditures consist primarily of unusual or non-recurring capital items (including integration capital expenditures), community purchases and/or major projects or renovations that are funded using financing proceeds and/or proceeds from the sale of communities that are held for sale. Beginning in 2008, our calculation of CFFO was modified to subtract principal amortization related to capital leases that contain fair market value or no purchase options.

Management's Use of Cash From Facility Operations

We use CFFO to assess our overall liquidity. This measure provides an assessment of controllable expenses and affords management the ability to make decisions which are expected to facilitate meeting current financial and liquidity goals as well as to achieve optimal financial performance. It provides an indicator for management to determine if adjustments to current spending decisions are needed.

This metric measures our liquidity based on operational factors that management can impact in the short-term, namely the cost structure or expenses of the organization. CFFO is one of the metrics used by our senior management and board of directors (i) to review our ability to service our outstanding indebtedness (including our credit facilities and long-term leases), (ii) our ability to pay dividends to stockholders, (iii) our ability to make regular recurring capital expenditures to maintain and improve our communities on a period-to-period basis, (iv) for planning purposes, including preparation of our annual budget and (v) in setting various covenants in our credit agreements. These agreements generally require us to escrow or spend a minimum of between \$250 and \$450 per unit/bed per year. Historically, we have spent in excess of these per unit/bed amounts; however, there is no assurance that we will have funds available to escrow or spend these per unit/bed amounts in the future. If we do not escrow or spend the required minimum annual amounts, we would be in default of the applicable debt or lease agreement which could trigger cross default provisions in our outstanding indebtedness and lease arrangements.

Limitations of Cash From Facility Operations

CFFO has limitations as an analytical tool. It should not be viewed in isolation or as a substitute for GAAP measures of cash flow from operations. CFFO does not represent cash available for dividends or discretionary expenditures, since we may have mandatory debt service requirements or other non-discretionary expenditures not reflected in the measure. Material limitations in making the adjustment to our cash flow from operations to calculate CFFO, and using this non-GAAP financial measure as compared to GAAP operating cash flows, include:

- the cash portion of interest expense, income tax (benefit) provision and non-recurring charges related to gain (loss) on sale of communities and extinguishment of debt activities generally represent charges (gains), which may significantly affect our financial results; and
- depreciation and amortization, though not directly affecting our current cash position, represent the wear and tear and/or reduction in value of our communities, which affects the services we provide to our residents and may be indicative of future needs for capital expenditures.

We believe CFFO is useful to investors because it assists their ability to meaningfully evaluate (1) our ability to service our outstanding indebtedness, including our credit facilities and capital and financing leases, (2) our ability to pay dividends to stockholders and (3) our ability to make regular recurring capital expenditures to maintain and improve our communities.

CFFO is not an alternative to cash flows provided by or used in operations as calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. You should not rely on CFFO as a substitute for any such GAAP financial measure. We strongly urge you to review the reconciliation of CFFO to GAAP net cash provided by (used in) operating activities, along with our consolidated financial statements included herein. We also strongly urge you to not rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business. In addition, because CFFO is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP and is susceptible to varying calculations, the CFFO measure, as presented in this report, may differ from and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

The table below shows the reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to CFFO for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2	008(1)	200	07(1)(2)	2008(1)	20	07(1)(2)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	30,630	\$	53,499	\$ 107,354	\$	138,409
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		2,062		(8,796)	13,303		(3,454)
Refundable entrance fees received(3)		4,273		8,696	15,185		17,018
Entrance fee refunds disbursed		(5,856)		(5,084)	(14,331)		(15,488)
Recurring capital expenditures, net		(6,965)		(6,213)	(19,616)		(19,487)
Lease financing debt amortization with fair market value or							
no purchase options		(1,688)		(1,456)	(4,975)		(4,174)
Reimbursement of operating expenses and other		_	_	1,168	794		3,110
Cash From Facility Operations	\$	22,456	\$	41,814	\$ 97,714	\$	115,934

- (1) The calculation of CFFO includes merger, integration, and hurricane and named tropical storms expense as well as non-recurring and acquisition transition costs totaling \$7.5 million and \$4.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, and \$12.8 million and \$11.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Additionally, the calculation of CFFO for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 includes the effect of the \$8.0 million reserve established for certain litigation (Note 7).
- (2) The September 30, 2007 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the modified definition of CFFO used for the current period.
- (3) Total entrance fee receipts for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$11.5 million and \$14.4 million, respectively, including \$7.3 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, of nonrefundable entrance fee receipts included in net cash provided by operating activities. Total entrance fee receipts for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$30.4 million and \$31.3 million, respectively, including \$15.2 million and \$14.3 million, respectively, of nonrefundable entrance fee receipts included in net cash provided by operating activities.

Facility Operating Income

Definition of Facility Operating Income

We define Facility Operating Income as follows:

Net income (loss) before:

- provision (benefit) for income taxes;
- non-operating (income) loss items;
 - depreciation and amortization;
 - facility lease expense;
- general and administrative expense, including non-cash stock compensation expense;

- amortization of deferred entrance fee revenue; and
 - management fees.

Management's Use of Facility Operating Income

We use Facility Operating Income to assess our facility operating performance. We believe this non-GAAP measure, as we have defined it, is helpful in identifying trends in our day-to-day facility performance because the items excluded have little or no significance on our day-to-day facility operations. This measure provides an 41

assessment of revenue generation and expense management and affords management the ability to make decisions which are expected to facilitate meeting current financial goals as well as to achieve optimal facility financial performance. It provides an indicator for management to determine if adjustments to current spending decisions are needed.

Facility Operating Income provides us with a measure of facility financial performance, independent of items that are beyond the control of management in the short-term, such as depreciation and amortization, lease expense, taxation and interest expense associated with our capital structure. This metric measures our facility financial performance based on operational factors that management can impact in the short-term, namely the cost structure or expenses of the organization. Facility Operating Income is one of the metrics used by our senior management and board of directors to review the financial performance of the business on a monthly basis. Facility Operating Income is also used by research analysts and investors to evaluate the performance of and value companies in our industry by investors, lenders and lessors. In addition, Facility Operating Income is a common measure used in the industry to value the acquisition or sales price of communities and is used as a measure of the returns expected to be generated by a facility.

A number of our debt and lease agreements contain covenants measuring Facility Operating Income to gauge debt or lease coverages. The debt or lease coverage covenants are generally calculated as facility net operating income (defined as total operating revenue less operating expenses, all as determined on an accrual basis in accordance with GAAP). For purposes of the coverage calculation, the lender or lessor will further require a pro forma adjustment to facility operating income to include a management fee (generally 4% to 5% of operating revenue) and an annual capital reserve (generally \$250 to \$450 per unit/bed). An investor or potential investor may find this item important in evaluating our performance, results of operations and financial position, particularly on a facility-by-facility basis.

Limitations of Facility Operating Income

Facility Operating Income has limitations as an analytical tool. It should not be viewed in isolation or as a substitute for GAAP measures of earnings. Material limitations in making the adjustments to our earnings to calculate Facility Operating Income, and using this non-GAAP financial measure as compared to GAAP net income (loss), include:

- interest expense, income tax (benefit) provision and non-recurring charges related to gain (loss) on sale of communities and extinguishment of debt activities generally represent charges (gains), which may significantly affect our financial results; and
- depreciation and amortization, though not directly affecting our current cash position, represent the wear and tear and/or reduction in value of our communities, which affects the services we provide to our residents and may be indicative of future needs for capital expenditures.

An investor or potential investor may find this item important in evaluating our performance, results of operations and financial position on a facility-by-facility basis. We use non-GAAP financial measures to supplement our GAAP results in order to provide a more complete understanding of the factors and trends affecting our business. Facility Operating Income is not an alternative to net income, income from operations or cash flows provided by or used in operations as calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. You should not rely on Facility Operating Income as a substitute for any such GAAP financial measure. We strongly urge you to review the reconciliation of Facility Operating Income to GAAP net income (loss), along with our consolidated financial statements included herein. We also strongly urge you to not rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business. In addition, because Facility Operating Income is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP and is susceptible to varying calculations, the Facility Operating Income measure, as presented in this report, may differ from and may not be

comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

The table below shows the reconciliation of net loss to Facility Operating Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months September		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Net loss	\$ (35,877) \$	(58,927) \$	(94,455) \$	(112,742)	
Minority interest	_	5		(506)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(22,338)	(35,125)	(54,996)	(68,408)	
Equity in (earnings) loss of unconsolidated ventures	(358)	309	750	2,362	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_	_	3,052	803	
Other non-operating (income) expense	(69)	_	424	(238)	
Interest expense:					
Debt	30,743	31,290	90,365	84,482	
Capitalized lease obligation	6,856	7,182	20,529	22,520	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	3,004	1,151	6,940	4,878	
Change in fair value of derivatives and amortization	8,454	43,731	17,344	30,893	
Interest income	(1,383)	(1,695)	(6,169)	(5,077)	
Loss from operations	(10,968)	(12,079)	(16,216)	(41,033)	
Depreciation and amortization	67,066	79,235	207,882	234,690	
Facility lease expense	67,017	67,708	202,028	203,365	
General and administrative (including non-cash stock					
compensation expense)	32,948	34,733	109,633	111,144	
Amortization of entrance fees	(4,707)	(5,322)	(16,527)	(14,222)	
Management fees	(1,527)	(1,493)	(5,604)	(4,777)	
Facility Operating Income	\$ 149,829 \$	162,782 \$	481,196 \$	489,167	

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are subject to market risks from changes in interest rates charged on our credit facilities, other floating-rate indebtedness and lease payments subject to floating rates. The impact on earnings and the value of our long-term debt and lease payments are subject to change as a result of movements in market rates and prices. As of September 30, 2008, excluding our line of credit, we had approximately \$917.9 million of long-term fixed rate debt, \$892.5 million of long-term variable rate debt and \$323.9 million of capital and financing lease obligations. As of September 30, 2008, our total fixed-rate debt and variable-rate debt outstanding had weighted-average interest rates of 4.99%.

We do not expect changes in interest rates to have a material effect on cash flows from operating activities since approximately 99.9% of our debt and lease payments, excluding our line of credit, either have fixed rates or variable rates that are subject to swap agreements with major financial institutions to manage our risk. As of September 30, 2008, we had entered into interest rate swaps for a majority of our outstanding variable rate debt and as a result, a change in short-term interest rates would not materially affect our cash flows from operating activities.

As noted above, we have entered into certain interest rate protection and swap agreements to effectively cap or convert floating rate debt to a fixed rate basis, as well as to hedge anticipated future financing transactions. Pursuant to certain of our hedge agreements, we are required to secure our obligation to the counterparty by posting cash or other collateral if the fair value liability exceeds a specified threshold.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2008, we terminated six swap agreements with a total notional amount of \$259.7 million, and recouponed at a more favorable interest rate, notional amounts of \$726.5 million. In conjunction with these transactions, \$27.6 million was paid to the respective counterparties and we recorded a \$1.6 million receivable and a \$0.4 million payable. We recorded a \$1.6 million reserve on the aforementioned receivable as the counterparty to the swap which originated the receivable has filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer each concluded that, as of September 30, 2008, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There has not been any change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2008 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The information contained in Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q is incorporated herein by this reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table contains information regarding purchases of our common stock made during the quarter ended September 30, 2008 by or on behalf of the Company or any "affiliated purchaser," as defined by Rule 10b-18(a)(3) of the Exchange Act:

		Total Number of		Approximate Dollar		
			Shares Purchased	Value of Shares that		
	Total		as	May Yet Be		
	Number of	Average Price	Part of Publicly	Purchased		
	Shares	Paid per	Announced Plans	Under the Plans		
Period	Purchased(1)	Share	or Programs(2)	or Programs(2)		
07/01/08 - 07/31/08	_	\$ -		_\$ 130,011,000		
08/01/08 - 08/31/08	431,758	21.19	431,758	\$ 120,862,000		
09/01/08 - 09/30/08	_	_		_\$ 120,862,000		
Total	431,758	\$ 21.19	431,758	\$ 120,862,000		

(1) All share repurchases were made in open market transactions pursuant to the publicly announced repurchase program summarized in Note 2.

(2) On March 19, 2008, we announced that our board of directors had approved a share repurchase program that authorizes us to purchase up to \$150.0 million in the aggregate of our common stock. Purchases may be made from time to time using a variety of methods, which may include open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or block trades, or by any combination of such methods, in accordance with applicable insider trading and other securities laws and regulations. The size, scope and timing of any purchases will be based on business, market and other conditions and factors, including price, regulatory and contractual requirements or consents, and capital availability. The repurchase program does not obligate us to acquire any particular amount of common stock, does not have an expiration date, and may be suspended, modified or discontinued at any time at our discretion without 44

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prior notice. We did not have any repurchase plan or program that expired during the third quarter of 2008, nor have we determined to terminate the current plan.

Item 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index immediately following the signature page hereto, which Exhibit Index is incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BROOKDALE SENIOR LIVING INC.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Mark W. Ohlendorf

Name: Mark W. Ohlendorf

Title: Co-President and Chief Financial

Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting

Officer)

Date: November 6, 2008

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on
	Form 10-Q filed on August 14, 2006).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 20, 2007).
4.1	Form of Certificate for common stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Amendment No. 3) (No. 333-127372) filed on November 7, 2005).
4.2	Stockholders Agreement, dated as of November 28, 2005, by and among Brookdale Senior Living Inc., FIT-ALT Investor LLC, Fortress Brookdale Acquisition LLC, Fortress Investment Trust II and Health Partners (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 31, 2006).
4.3	Amendment No. 1 to Stockholders Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2006, by and among Brookdale Senior Living Inc., FIT-ALT Investor LLC, Fortress Registered Investment Trust, Fortress Brookdale Investment Fund LLC, FRIT Holdings LLC, and FIT Holdings LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 14, 2006).
10.1	Third Amendment, effective as of October 27, 2008, to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of November 15, 2006, among Brookdale Senior Living Inc., the several lenders parties thereto, and Bank of America, N.A., as successor administrative agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 31, 2008).
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.