WEX Inc. Form 10-Q May 10, 2018 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10–Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-32426

WEX INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 01–0526993 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 01–0526993 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

97 Darling Avenue, South Portland, Maine 04106 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(207) 773-8171

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S–T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b–2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b–2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of May 3, 2018 was 43,082,580.

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Unless otherwise indicated or required by the context, the terms "we," "us," "our," "WEX," or the "Company," in this Quarterly Report on Form 10–Q mean WEX Inc. and all of its subsidiaries that are consolidated under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for statements that are forward-looking and are not statements of historical facts. This Quarterly Report includes forward-looking statements including, but not limited to, statements about management's plan and goals. Any statements in this Quarterly Report that are not statements of historical facts are forward-looking statements. When used in this Quarterly Report, the words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "project" and similar expressions a identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such words.

Forward-looking statements relate to our future plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and are not historical facts and accordingly involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results or performance to be materially different from future results or performance expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. The following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report and in oral statements made by our authorized officers:

the effects of general economic conditions on fueling patterns as well as payment and transaction processing activity;

the impact of foreign currency exchange rates on the Company's operations, revenue and income;

changes in interest rates;

the impact of fluctuations in fuel prices;

the effects of the Company's business expansion and acquisition efforts;

potential adverse changes to business or employee relationships, including those resulting from the completion of an acquisition;

competitive responses to any acquisitions;

uncertainty of the expected financial performance of the combined operations following completion of an acquisition;

the ability to successfully integrate the Company's acquisitions;

the ability to realize anticipated synergies and cost savings;

unexpected costs, charges or expenses resulting from an acquisition;

the failure of corporate investments to result in anticipated strategic value;

the impact and size of credit losses;

the impact of changes to the Company's credit standards;

breaches of the Company's technology systems or those of our third-party service providers and any resulting negative impact on our reputation, liabilities or relationships with customers or merchants;

the Company's failure to maintain or renew key agreements;

failure to expand the Company's technological capabilities and service offerings as rapidly as the Company's competitors;

failure to successfully implement the Company's information technology strategies and capabilities in connection with its technology outsourcing and insourcing arrangements and any resulting cost associated with that failure; the actions of regulatory bodies, including banking and securities regulators, or possible changes in banking or financial regulations impacting the Company's industrial bank, the Company as the corporate parent or other subsidiaries or affiliates;

the impact of the Company's outstanding notes on its operations;

the impact of increased leverage on the Company's operations, results or borrowing capacity generally, and as a result of acquisitions specifically;

the incurrence of impairment charges if our assessment of the fair value of certain of our reporting units changes;

the uncertainties of litigation; as well as

other risks and uncertainties identified in Item 1A of our annual report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 1, 2018.

Our forward-looking statements and these factors do not reflect the potential future impact of any alliance, merger, acquisition, disposition or stock repurchases. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of the initial filing of this Quarterly Report and undue reliance should not be placed on these statements. We disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

The acronyms and abbreviations identified below are used in this Quarterly Report, including the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto. The following is provided to aid the reader and provide a reference point when reviewing this Quarterly Report.

2016 Credit Agreement Credit agreement entered into on July 1, 2016 by and among the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, as borrowers, WEX Card Holding Australia Pty Ltd., as designated borrower, and

Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent on behalf of the lenders, as amended.

2017 Tax Act 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

A non-GAAP measure that adjusts net income attributable to shareholders to exclude unrealized

Adjusted Net gains and losses on derivatives, net foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses, lncome or ANI acquisition-related intangible amortization, other acquisition and divestiture related items,

stock-based compensation, restructuring and other costs, debt restructuring and debt issuance cost amortization, adjustments attributed to our non-controlling interest and certain tax related items. A non-GAAP measure that adjusts operating income to exclude specified items that the Company's management excludes in evaluating segment performance, including acquisition and divestiture

Segment adjusted operating income

related expenses and adjustments including the amortization of purchased intangibles, the expense associated with stock-based compensation, restructuring and other costs, debt restructuring costs and unallocated corporate expenses.

AOC Solutions and one of its affiliate companies, 3Delta Systems, Inc.

ASU 2014–09 Accounting Standards Update No. 2014–09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)

Accounting Standards Update No. 2016–01 Financial Instruments – Overall (Subtopic 825–10):

ASU 2016–01 Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASU 2016–02 Accounting Standards Update No. 2016–02 Leases (Topic 842)

ASU 2016–09 Accounting Standards Update No. 2016–09 Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718):

Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting

ASU 2016–13 Accounting Standards Update No. 2016–13 Financial Instruments–Credit Losses (Topic 326):

Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments

ASU 2016–18 Accounting Standards Update No. 2016–18 Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash

ASU 2017–07 Accounting Standards Update 2017–07 Compensation-Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving

the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost

Australian

Securitization Southern Cross WEX 2015–1 Trust, a bankruptcy-remote subsidiary consolidated by the Company

Subsidiary

Company WEX Inc. and all entities included in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

A non-GAAP measure that adjusts income before income taxes to exclude interest, depreciation and

amortization

Electronic Funds Source, LLC, a provider of customized corporate payment solutions for fleet and corporate customers with a focus on the large and mid-sized over-the-road fleets. On July 1, 2016, the Company acquired WP Mustang Topco LLC, the indirect parent of Electronic Funds Source,

LLC and Warburg Pincus Private Equity XI (Lexington), LLC, an affiliated entity, from investment

funds affiliated with Warburg Pincus LLC

European Fleet business

European commercial fleet card portfolio acquired from ExxonMobil

European Securitization

EFS

Gorham Trade Finance B.V., a bankruptcy-remote subsidiary consolidated by the Company

Subsidiary

FASB Financial Accounting Standards Board FDIC Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States

The Notes were issued pursuant to an indenture dated as of January 30, 2013 among the Company, Indenture

the guarantors listed therein, and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee

NYSE New York Stock Exchange

\$400 million notes with a 4.75% fixed rate, issued on January 30, 2013 Notes

Over-the-road Typically heavy trucks traveling long distances

Payment

solutions Total amount paid by customers for transactions

purchase volume

Payment

processing Funded payment transactions where the Company maintains the receivable for total purchase

transactions

SaaS Software-as-a-service

SEC Securities and Exchange Commission

Total fleet Total of transaction processing and payment processing transactions of our Fleet Solutions segment

transactions Transaction

Unfunded payment transactions where the Company is the processor and only has receivables for

processing the processing fee

transactions

WEX WEX Inc.

WEX Health Evolution1 and Benaissance, collectively

PART I

Item 1. Financial Statements.

WEX INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands, except per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2018	2017
Revenues		
Payment processing revenue	\$168,454	\$136,378
Account servicing revenue	78,704	61,539
Finance fee revenue	49,682	43,372
Other revenue	57,989	50,068
Total revenues	354,829	291,357
Cost of services		
Processing costs	79,640	64,334
Service fees	12,326	17,600
Provision for credit losses	13,990	12,231
Operating interest	8,485	4,893
Depreciation and amortization	20,450	17,384
Total cost of services	134,891	116,442
General and administrative	55,309	42,151
Sales and marketing	56,541	40,158
Depreciation and amortization	29,726	31,854
Operating income	78,362	60,752
Financing interest expense	(27,337)	(27,148)
Net foreign currency gain	390	8,442
Net unrealized gains on interest rate swap agreements	13,508	1,565
Income before income taxes	64,923	43,611
Income taxes	15,589	14,535
Net income	49,334	29,076
Less: Net income (loss) from non-controlling interest	701	(325)
Net income attributable to shareholders	\$48,633	\$29,401
Net income attributable to WEX Inc. per share:		
Basic	\$1.13	\$0.69
Diluted	\$1.12	\$0.68
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	43,049	42,871
Diluted	43,450	43,119
See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financia	ıl statements	

See Note 1, Basis of Presentation, for further details on our change in presentation to a functional income statement.

WEX INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three M	Ionths Ended March 31,			
	2018		2017		
Net income	\$	49,334	\$	29,076	
Changes in investment					
securities, net of tax			3		
expense of \$1					
Foreign currency	1,935		16,620		
translation	1,933		10,020		
Comprehensive income	e 51,269		45,699		
Less: Comprehensive					
income (loss)	991		(283)
attributable to	<i>))</i> 1		(203		,
non-controlling interes	t				
Comprehensive income	e				
attributable to WEX	\$	50,278	\$	45,982	
Inc.					

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

WEX INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except per share data)

(unaudited)

(unaudited)	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$373,169	\$508,072
Restricted cash	26,716	18,866
Accounts receivable (net of allowances of \$31,443 in 2018 and \$30,207 in 2017)	2,770,399	2,517,980
Securitized accounts receivable, restricted	170,327	150,235
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	80,598	69,413
Total current assets	3,421,209	3,264,566
Property, equipment and capitalized software (net of accumulated depreciation of \$279,693 in 2018 and \$264,928 in 2017)	162,968	163,908
Goodwill	1,876,922	1,876,132
Other intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$427,812 in 2018 and \$392,827 in 2017)	1,119,768	1,154,047
Investment securities	23,049	23,358
Deferred income taxes, net	6,914	7,752
Other assets	144,790	253,088
Total assets	\$6,755,620	\$6,742,851
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Accounts payable	\$947,317	\$811,362
Accrued expenses	298,179	315,346
Short-term deposits	778,858	986,989
Short-term debt, net	300,710	397,218
Other current liabilities	31,825	24,795
Total current liabilities	2,356,889	2,535,710
Long-term debt, net	2,132,283	2,027,752
Long-term deposits	330,043	306,865
Deferred income taxes, net	132,442	119,283
Other liabilities	33,774	32,683
Total liabilities	4,985,431	5,022,293
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Stockholders' Equity		
Common Stock \$0.01 par value; 175,000 shares authorized; 47,500 shares issued in 2018 and 47,352 in 2017; 43,072 shares outstanding in 2018 and 43,022 in 2017	475	473
Additional paid-in capital	567,038	569,319
Retained earnings	1,453,957	1,404,683
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(89,150)	(90,795)
Treasury stock at cost; 4,428 shares in 2018 and 2017	(172,342)	(172,342)
Total WEX Inc. stockholders' equity	1,759,978	1,711,338
Non-controlling interest	10,211	9,220
Total stockholders' equity	1,770,189	1,720,558
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$6,755,620	\$6,742,851
See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.		

See Note 1, Basis of Presentation, for further details on our change in presentation to a classified balance sheet.

WEX INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Commo Stock I Shares		Additional Paid-In Capi nt			Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Non-Contro Interest	Total lling Stockholders [†] Equity
Balance at December 31, 2016	47,173	\$ 472	\$ 547,627	\$ (122,839)	\$(172,342)	\$1,244,271	\$ 8,558	\$1,505,747
Cumulative-effect adjustment ¹	_		_	_		_	263	_	263
Balance at January 1, 2017	47,173	472	547,627	(122,839)	(172,342)	1,244,534	8,558	1,506,010
Stock issued	154	1	72			_			73
Share repurchases for tax withholdings	_	_	(9,021)	_		_	_	_	(9,021)
Stock-based compensation expense		_	6,457	_		_	_	_	6,457
Changes in investment securities, net of tax expense of \$1	<u> </u>	_	_	3		_	_	_	3
Foreign currency translation	_	_	_	16,578		_	_	42	16,620
Net income (loss)	_	_		_		_	29,401	(325)	29,076
Balance at March 31, 2017	47,327	\$ 473	\$ 545,135	\$ (106,258)	\$(172,342)	\$1,273,935	\$ 8,275	\$1,549,218
Balance at December 31, 2017	47,352	\$ 473	\$ 569,319	\$ (90,795)	\$(172,342)	\$1,404,683	\$ 9,220	\$1,720,558
Cumulative–effect adjustment ²	_	_	_	_		_	641	_	641
Balance at January 1, 2018	47,352	\$ 473	\$ 569,319	\$ (90,795)	\$(172,342)	\$1,405,324	\$ 9,220	\$1,721,199
Stock issued	148	2	574	_		_	_		576
Share repurchases for tax withholdings	_	_	(11,810)	_		_	_	_	(11,810)
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	8,955	_		_	_	_	8,955
Foreign currency translation	_	_	_	1,645		_	_	290	1,935
Net income		_	_	_		_	48,633	701	49,334
Balance at March 31, 2018	47,500	\$ 475	\$ 567,038	\$ (89,150)	\$(172,342)	\$1,453,957	\$ 10,211	\$1,770,189

¹ Includes the impact of modified retrospective transition as part of the Company's adoption of ASU 2016–09 to recognize previously disallowed excess tax benefits that increased a net operating loss.

² Includes the impact of modified retrospective adoption of Topic 606.

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

WEX INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Mor March 31,		
	2018	2017	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$49,334	\$29,076	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Net unrealized gain	(10,790)	(2,991)	
Stock-based compensation	8,955	6,457	
Depreciation and amortization	50,176	49,238	
Debt restructuring and debt issuance cost amortization	3,676	1,954	
Provision for deferred taxes	12,705	10,517	
Provision for credit losses	13,990	12,231	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable and securitized receivables	(273,124)	(194,859)	
Prepaid expenses and other current and other long-term assets	117,069	(1,024)	
Accounts payable	133,716	60,650	
Accrued expenses	(17,404)	(32,547)	
Income taxes	92	685	
Other current and other long-term liabilities	(3,152)	(331)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	85,243	(60,944)	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property, equipment and capitalized software	(14,770)	(21,693)	
Purchase of equity investment	(2,307)) —	
Purchases of investment securities	(121)	(114)	
Maturities of investment securities	72	229	
Net cash used for investing activities	(17,126)	(21,578)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repurchase of share-based awards to satisfy tax withholdings	(11,810)	(9,020)	
Proceeds from stock option exercises	576	72	
Net change in deposits		(78,392)	
Net activity on other debt		(19,010)	
Borrowings on revolving credit facility		1,237,606	
Repayments of revolving credit facility		(1,035,026)	
Borrowings on term loans	153,000		
Repayments on term loans		(8,688)	
Debt issuance costs	(2,907)) —	
Net change in securitized debt	19,402	3,354	
Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(192,593)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		2,926	
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(127,053)		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period (a)	526,938	213,342	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period (a)	\$399,885	\$224,642	

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities

Capital expenditures incurred but not paid

\$4,801 \$4,352

(a) The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets to amounts reported within our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:

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	Three Mo Ended Ma	
	2018	2017
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$508,072	\$190,930
Restricted cash at beginning of period	18,866	22,412
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	526,938	213,342
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	373,169	203,995
Restricted cash at end of period	26,716	20,647
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$399,885	\$224,642
See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statemen	ts.	

WEX INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10–Q and Rule 10–01 of Regulation S–X. Accordingly, they do not include all information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed with the SEC on March 1, 2018. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, including normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results for any future periods or the year ending December 31, 2018.

The Company rounds amounts in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements to thousands and calculates all per-share data from underlying whole-dollar amounts. Thus, certain amounts may not foot, crossfoot or recalculate based on reported numbers due to rounding.

Changes to Prior Year Financial Statement Presentation

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company modified the presentation of the balance sheets and statements of income and changed how we allocate certain costs to our segments. These changes enhance the information reported to the users of our financial statements.

The Company now classifies assets and liabilities as current and non-current within our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as defined according to the normal twelve month operating cycle of our business. Prior period amounts have been recast to conform with this presentation. As a result of this change, total assets and total liabilities have increased by approximately \$3.7 million compared to what was reported within our Annual Report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2017 due to a gross-up of interest rate swap arrangements to reflect their corresponding short and long-term portions. See Note 11, Fair Value, for more information on the fair value of our interest rate swap arrangements.

Additionally, the Company has modified the presentation of certain line items in its unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. Under the new presentation, costs of services are segregated from other operating expenses. Operating expenses have been reclassified into functional categories in order to provide additional detail into the underlying drivers of changes in operating expenses and align presentation with industry practice. The revised presentation did not result in a change to previously reported revenues, operating income, income before income taxes or net income.

Effective with the change in financial statement presentation noted above, the Company now reports expenses in the categories noted below. No changes have been made to non-operating expenses.

Cost of Services

Processing costs - The Company's processing costs consist of expenses related to processing transactions, servicing customers and merchants, cost of goods sold related to hardware and other product sales.

Service fees - The Company incurs costs from third-party networks utilized to deliver payment solutions.

Additionally, other third-parties are utilized in performing services directly related to generating revenue. With the adoption of Topic 606 effective January 1, 2018, certain network fees paid to third-party networks are no longer recorded as service fees and are now presented as a reduction of revenues.

Provision for credit losses - Changes in the reserve for credit loss are the result of changes in management's estimate of the losses in the Company's outstanding portfolio of receivables, including losses from fraud.

Operating interest - The Company incurs interest expense on the operating debt obtained to provide liquidity for its short-term receivables.

•

Depreciation and amortization - The Company has identified those tangible and intangible assets directly associated with providing a service that generates revenue and records the depreciation and amortization associated with those assets under this category. Such assets include processing platforms and related infrastructure, acquired developed technology intangible assets, and other similar asset types.

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

Other Operating Expenses

General and administrative - General and administrative includes compensation and related expenses for the executive, finance and accounting, other information technology, human resources, legal and other corporate functions. Also included are corporate facilities expenses, certain third-party professional service fees and other corporate expenses.

Sales and marketing - The Company's sales and marketing expenses relate primarily to compensation, benefits, sales commissions and related expenses for sales, marketing and other related activities. With the adoption of Topic 606 effective January 1, 2018, certain payments to partners are now classified as sales and marketing expenses. Depreciation and amortization - The depreciation and amortization associated with tangible and intangible assets, that are not considered to be directly associated with providing a service that generates revenue, are recorded as other operating expenses. Such assets include corporate facilities and information technology assets and acquired intangible assets other than those included in cost of services.

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The following table provides a brief description of accounting pronouncements adopted during the quarter and recent accounting pronouncements that could have a material effect on our financial statements:

Standard Description

Adopted During the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018

ASU

This standard supersedes most 2014–09 existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP. The new revenue recognition standard requires methods of adoption: full entities to recognize revenue for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled modified retrospective in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, the standard requires disclosure of the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

Date/Method of Adoption

The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2018. The guidance permits two retrospective approach, which requires an entity to restate each Resource Group have issued prior period that is reported in the financial statements and approach, which requires a cumulative adjustment to retained earnings as of the effective date, without restatement of prior period amounts. The Company adopted the standard using the modified retrospective method, applied to those contracts which were not completed as of January 1, 2018.

Effect on financial statements or other significant matters

The Company's revenue from discount and interchange, transaction processing and certain fees is within the scope of Topic 606. FASB and its Transition clarifications on various aspects of ASU 2014-09. There were three primary impacts to the Company resulting from the adoption of Topic 606, which are described below.

Certain amounts paid to partners in our Fleet Solutions and Travel and Corporate Solutions segments have been determined to fall under the "cost to obtain a contract" guidance. As a result, these amounts, which were previously presented as a reduction of revenues, are now reflected within sales and marketing on our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. This change increased both reported revenues and expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2018 by approximately \$14.9 million.

Network fees paid by all three of our segments, but primarily by our **Travel and Corporate Solutions** segment, are now presented as a reduction of revenues in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. Prior to January 1, 2018, these amounts were included within service fees.

This change reduced both reported revenues and expenses by approximately \$5.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

Certain costs to obtain a contract, such as sales commissions, are to be capitalized and amortized over the life of the customer relationship, with a practical expedient available for contracts under one year in duration. The vast majority of the Company's commissions will continue to be expensed as incurred.

As of January 1, 2018, we recorded \$0.6 million cumulative-effect adjustment, net of the associated tax effect, related to the deferral of capitalizable costs to obtain a contract within our Health and Employee Benefit Solutions segment. These commissions are amortized to sales and marketing expense over a useful life that considers the contract term, our commission policy, renewal experience and the transfer of services to which the asset relates.

ASU 2017–07 of certain of its components. Under the guidance, companies are required to present the service cost component in the same income statement line item(s) as other employee compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. The other components of net benefit cost will be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component and outside the subtotal of operating income, if one is presented. Additionally, only the service cost component will be eligible for capitalization under the new guidance.

This standard changes the

presentation of net benefit pension costs by requiring the disaggregation

The Company adopted ASU 2017–07 effective January 1, 2018.

The adoption did not have a material impact on our results of operations, cash flows or consolidated financial position.

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

ASU 2016-18

This standard clarifies the classification and presentation of restricted cash in the statement of cash flows. The statement of cash flows must explain the change during the period in the total of cash and cash equivalents and amounts described as restricted cash or cash equivalents.

The Company retrospectively adopted ASU 2016–18 effective January 1, 2018.

This retrospective adoption resulted in including restricted cash in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash when reconciling the beginning of year and end of year amounts presented on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

A reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash as reported within our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets is included within our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

ASU 2016-01

This standard requires equity investments, except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting, or those that result in consolidation of the investee, to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income.

The Company adopted ASU 2016-01 effective January 1, 2018.

All gains and losses on investment securities are now reflected as non-operating income within our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. The adoption did not have a material impact on our results of operations, balance sheet or cash flows.

Not Yet Adopted as of March 31, 2018 ASU 2016-02 Leases (Topic 842)

This standard increases transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Certain qualitative and quantitative disclosures are required.

for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods related disclosures. within that reporting period.

When transitioning, the standard requires leases to be recognized and

The standard is effective The Company is evaluating the impact the standard will have on the consolidated financial statements and

measured at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach.

ASU 2016-13 Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments

This standard requires financial assets measured at amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. The measurement of expected credit losses will be based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that impact the collectability of the reported amount.

for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods related disclosures. within those fiscal years.

The standard is effective The Company is evaluating the impact the standard will have on the consolidated financial statements and

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

3. Revenue

The Company adopted Topic 606 on January 1, 2018, utilizing the modified retrospective method. See Note 2, Recent Accounting Pronouncements, for further information regarding the adoption impact. Under the modified retrospective method, prior period comparable financial information continues to be presented under the guidance of ASC 605, Revenue Recognition. Please see the Company's Annual Report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for our accounting policies applied to revenue recognition prior to adoption of Topic 606.

Topic 606 does not apply to rights or obligations associated with financial instruments, including the Company's finance fee and interest income from banking relationships and cardholders, certain other fees associated with cardholder arrangements and commissions paid related to such agreements, which continue to be within the scope of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 310, Receivables ("Topic 310").

The vast majority of the Company's Topic 606 revenue is derived from stand-ready obligations to provide payment processing, transaction processing and SaaS services and support. Revenue is recognized based on the value of services transferred to date using a time elapsed output method. Point-in-time revenue recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2018 was not material.

We disaggregate our revenue from contracts with customers by service-type for each of our segments, as we believe it best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of our revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors

The following table disaggregates our consolidated revenue:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2018				
(In thousands)	Fleet Solutions	Travel and Corporate Solutions	Health and Employee Benefit Solutions	Total	
Topic 606 revenues					
Payment processing revenue	\$106,978	\$ 44,777	\$ 16,699	\$168,454	
Account servicing revenue	8,466	9,469	27,025	44,960	
Other revenue	17,042	1,117	8,142	26,301	
Total Topic 606 revenues	\$132,486	\$ 55,363	\$ 51,866	\$239,715	
Topic 310 revenues					
Account servicing revenue	\$33,744	_		\$33,744	
Finance fee revenue	43,604	259	5,819	49,682	
Other revenue	20,531	11,157		31,688	
Total Topic 310 revenues	\$97,879	\$ 11,416	\$ 5,819	\$115,114	
Total revenues	\$230,365	\$ 66,779	\$ 57,685	\$354,829	

Payment Processing Revenue

Payment processing revenue consists primarily of interchange income. Interchange income is a fee paid by a merchant bank ("merchant") to the card-issuing bank (generally the Company) in exchange for the Company facilitating and processing transactions with cardholders. Interchange fees are set by the card network. WEX processes transactions through both closed-loop and open-loop networks.

Our Fleet Solutions segment interchange income primarily relates to revenue earned on transactions processed through the Company's proprietary closed-loop fuel networks. In closed-loop network arrangements, written contracts are entered into between the Company and merchants, which determine the interchange fee charged on transactions. The Company extends short-term credit to the fleet cardholder and pays the merchant the purchase price for the

cardholder's transaction, less the interchange fees the Company retains. The Company collects the total purchase price from the fleet cardholder. In Europe, interchange income is specifically derived from the difference between the negotiated price of fuel from the supplier and the agreed upon price paid by fleet cardholders.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
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Interchange income in our Travel and Corporate Solutions and Health and Employee Benefit Solutions segments relates to revenue earned on transactions processed through open-loop networks. In open-loop network arrangements, there are several intermediaries involved between the merchant and the cardholder and written contracts between all parties involved in the process do not exist. Rather, the transaction is governed by the rates determined by the payment network at the point-of-sale. This framework dictates the interchange rate, the risk of loss, dispute procedures and timing of payment. For these transactions, there is an implied contract between the Company and the merchant.

In our Travel and Corporate Solutions segment, the Company remits payment to the card network for the purchase price of the cardholder transaction, less the interchange fees the Company earns. The Company collects the total purchase price from the cardholder.

In our Health and Employee Benefit Solutions segment, funding of transactions and collections from cardholders is performed by third-party sponsor banks, who remit a portion of the interchange fee to us.

The Company has determined that the merchant is the customer as it relates to interchange income regardless of the type of network through which transactions are processed. The Company's primary performance obligation to merchants is a stand-ready commitment to provide payment and transaction processing services as the merchant requires, which is satisfied over time in daily increments. Since the timing and quantity of transactions to be processed by us is not determinable, the total consideration is determined to be variable consideration. The variable consideration for our payment and transaction processing service is usage-based and therefore it specifically relates to our efforts to satisfy our obligation. The variability is satisfied each day the service is provided to the customer. We directly ascribe variable fees to the distinct day of service to which it relates, and we consider the services performed each day in order to ascribe the appropriate amount of total fees to that day. Therefore, we measure interchange income on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day.

In determining the amount of consideration received related to payment and transaction processing services provided, the Company assessed other intermediaries involved in the processing of transactions, including merchant acquirers, card networks, sponsor banks and third-party payment processors, and assessed whether the Company controls such services performed by other intermediaries according to principal-agent guidance in Topic 606. Based on this assessment, the Company determined that WEX does not control the services performed by merchant acquirers, card networks and sponsor banks as each of these parties is the primary obligor for their portion of payment and transaction processing services performed. Therefore interchange income is recognized net of any fees owed to these intermediaries. The Company determined that services performed by third-party payment processors are controlled by WEX as the Company is responsible for directing how the third-party payment processor authorizes and processes transactions on the Company's behalf. Therefore, such fees paid to third-party payment processors are recorded as service fees within cost of services.

Additionally, the Company enters into contracts with certain large customers or strategic cardholders that provide for fee rebates tied to performance milestones. The Company considered whether such fee rebates constitute consideration payable to a customer or other parties that purchase services from the customer per Topic 606. If so, such fee rebates are recorded as a reduction in payment processing revenue in the same period that related interchange income is recognized. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, such variable consideration totaled approximately \$198.5 million. Fee rebates made to certain other partners were determined to be costs to obtain a contract, and are recorded as sales and marketing expenses.

Account Servicing Revenue

In our Fleet Solutions segment, account servicing revenue is primarily comprised of monthly fees charged to cardholders based on the number of vehicles serviced. These fees are primarily in return for providing monthly vehicle data reports and are recognized on a monthly basis as the service is provided. Such revenue is outside of the scope of Topic 606, and continues to be accounted for under Topic 310.

In our Travel and Corporate Solutions segment, account servicing reflects revenues earned from our accounts receivable and accounts payable SaaS platforms obtained as part of our recent AOC acquisition.

In our Health and Employee Benefit Solutions segment, we also recognize account servicing fees for the per-participant per-month fee charged per consumer on our SaaS healthcare technology platform. Customers including health plans, third-party administrators, financial institutions and payroll companies typically enter into three to five year contracts, which contain significant termination penalties. Our primary performance obligation is a stand-ready commitment to provide SaaS services and support which is satisfied over time in a series of daily increments. Revenue is recognized based on an output method based using days elapsed to measure progress as the Company transfers control evenly over each monthly subscription period.

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

Finance Fee Revenue

The Company earns revenue on overdue accounts, which is recognized as revenue at the time the fees are assessed. The finance fee is calculated using the greater of a minimum charge or a stated late fee rate multiplied by the outstanding balance that is subject to a late fee charge. On occasion, these fees are waived to maintain customer goodwill. The established reserve for such waived amounts is estimated and offset against the late fee revenue recognized. The Company engages in factoring, which is the purchase of accounts receivable from a third-party at a discount. Revenue earned in this transaction is recorded in finance fees. The Company also recognizes finance fee revenue earned on the Company's foreign salary advance product. All finance fees listed above are within the scope of Topic 310 and are recognized at the time of assessment.

Other Revenue

Other revenue includes transaction processing revenue, professional and marketing services and the sales of telematics hardware, all of which is within scope of Topic 606. Revenue is recognized when control of the services is transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those services. In addition, international settlement fees and certain other cardholder fees (e.g. replacement card fees) are included in other revenue. These cardholder fees are within the scope of Topic 310 and are recognized upon completion of the related service.

Contract Balances

The Company's contract assets consist of upfront payments made to customers under long-term contracts and are recorded upon payment or when due. These payments reduce revenue recognition in future periods, as the resulting asset is amortized against revenue as the Company performs its obligations under these arrangements.

The Company's contract liabilities, which consist of upfront payments received from customers, are recorded as contract liabilities upon receipt or when due, and may require deferral of revenue recognition to a future period until the Company performs its obligations under these arrangements.

The following table provides information about these contract assets and liabilities from contracts with customers. Our contract assets and liabilities are reported in a net position on a contract-by-contract basis at the end of each reporting period.

(In thousands)

		March
Contract balance	Location on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets	31,
		2018
Receivables ¹	Accounts receivable, net	\$19,379
Contract assets	Prepaid expenses and other current assets and Other assets	\$53,363
Contract liabilities	Other current liabilities	\$23,841

¹ The majority of the Company's receivables, excluded from the table above, are either due from cardholders, who have not been deemed our customer as it relates to interchange income, or from revenues earned outside of the scope of ASC Topic 606.

Impairment losses recognized on our receivables and contract assets were immaterial for the three months ended March 31, 2018. In the three months ended March 31, 2018, revenue recognized related to contract liabilities as of December 31, 2017 was immaterial.

Remaining Performance Obligations

The Company's unsatisfied, or partially unsatisfied performance obligations as of March 31, 2018 represent the remaining minimum monthly fees on a portion of contracts across the lines of business and contractually obligated professional services yet to be provided by the Company. It is not indicative of the Company's future revenue, as it relates to an insignificant portion of the Company's operations. As allowed by Topic 606, the Company has elected to

exclude from this disclosure the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected duration of one year or less.

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

The following table includes revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to remaining performance obligations at the end of the reporting period.

(In thousands) 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Thereafter Total Minimum monthly fees¹ \$34,432 \$30,814 \$17,565 \$9,719 \$5,744 \$ 267 \$98,541 Professional services² 12,840 2,363 — — — — — — 15,203 Total remaining performance obligations \$47,272 \$33,177 \$17,565 \$9,719 \$5,744 \$ 267 \$113,744

4. Business Acquisition

AOC

Effective October 18, 2017, the Company acquired certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of AOC Solutions and one of its affiliate companies, 3Delta Systems, Inc. (collectively "AOC"), an industry leader in commercial payments technology. The acquisition of AOC, a longstanding technology provider for our virtual card product, will broaden our capabilities, increase our pool of employees with payments platform expertise and allow us to evolve with the needs of our customers and partners through the use of AOC's payments processing technology platforms.

The Company purchased AOC for \$129.8 million, which was funded with cash on hand and through borrowings under the 2016 Credit Agreement. The Company records adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed throughout the measurement period, which may be up to one year from the acquisition date. The Company has obtained information to assist in determining the fair values of certain assets acquired and liabilities assumed since the acquisition, resulting primarily in the recording of other intangible assets and goodwill. Goodwill is calculated as the consideration in excess of net assets recognized and represents the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired that could not be individually identified and separately recognized, including synergies derived from the acquisition. The goodwill and intangible assets recorded from this business combination were assigned to our Travel and Corporate Solutions segment.

The Company has not finalized the purchase accounting and is currently evaluating the tax basis and the allocation of book basis to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in this business combination. Specifically, the Company is still reviewing the valuation as well as performing procedures to verify the completeness and accuracy of the data used in the independent valuation for intangible assets identified in the table below. Additionally, we are assessing the value of acquired in-process research and development software. The preliminary estimates could change significantly upon completion of this evaluation. The goodwill recognized in this business combination will be deductible for income tax purposes.

¹ The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations represents the minimum monthly fees on certain service contracts, which contain substantive termination penalties that require the counterparty to pay the Company for the aggregate remaining minimum monthly fees upon an early termination for convenience.

² Includes software development projects and other services sold subsequent to the core offerings, to which the customer is contractually obligated.

WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

The following is a summary of the preliminary allocation of the purchase price to the assets and liabilities acquired:

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	
(In thousands)	As Reported December	Measurement Period	As Reported,
	31, 2017	Adjustments	March 31, 2018
m . i . i . i	*	Φ.	
Total consideration	\$129,828	\$ —	\$129,828
Less:			_
Cash	15,546		15,546
Accounts receivable	4,171	_	4,171
Property and equipment	2,530	(1,329)	1,201
Customer relationships (a)	15,000	200	15,200
Developed technologies (b)	24,100		24,100
Trademarks and trade names $^{(c)}$	1,460	10	1,470
Other liabilities	(685)	(449)	(1,134)
Recorded goodwill	\$67,706	\$ 1,568	\$69,274

- (a) Weighted average life 9.0 years.
- (b) Weighted average life 3.4 years.
- (c) Weighted average life 4.3 years.
- (a) (b) (c) The weighted average life of these amortized intangible assets is 5.5 years.

Since the acquisition date, the operations of AOC contributed net revenues of approximately \$6.7 million and net loss before taxes of approximately \$0.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2017. No pro forma information has been included in these financial statements as the operations of AOC for the period that they were not part of the Company are not material to the Company's revenues, net income and earnings per share.

5. Accounts Receivable

In general, the Company's trade receivables provide for payment terms of 30 days or less. Receivables not paid within the terms of the agreement are generally subject to late fees based upon the outstanding receivable balance. The Company extends revolving credit to certain small fleets. These accounts are also subject to late fees, and balances that are not paid in full are subject to interest charges based on the revolving balance. The Company had approximately \$14.1 million and \$12.2 million in receivables with revolving credit balances as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The receivables portfolio consists of a large group of homogeneous smaller balances across a wide range of industries, which are collectively evaluated for impairment. No one third-party receivable represented 10 percent or more of the outstanding receivables balance at March 31, 2018 or December 31, 2017. The following table presents the outstanding balance of trade accounts receivable that are less than 30 and 60 days past due, in each case, as a percentage of total trade accounts receivable:

 March December

 Delinquency Status
 31, 31, 2018

 29 days or less past due
 96 % 95 %

 59 days or less past due
 98 % 97 %

Reserves for Accounts Receivable

Receivables are generally written off when they are 150 days past due or upon declaration of bankruptcy of the customer. The reserve for credit losses is calculated by an analytic model that also takes into account other factors, such as the actual charge-offs for the preceding reporting periods, expected charge-offs and recoveries for the

subsequent reporting periods, a review of past due accounts receivable balances, changes in payment patterns, known fraudulent activity in the portfolio, as well as leading economic and market indicators.

WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

The following table presents changes in the accounts receivable allowances:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
(In thousands)	2018	2017
Balance, beginning of year	\$30,207	\$20,092
Provision for credit losses	13,990	12,231
Charges to other accounts ¹	4,442	2,939
Charge-offs	(19,221)	(13,369)
Recoveries of amounts previously charged-off	1,926	928
Currency translation	99	745
Balance, end of period	\$31,443	\$23,566

¹ The Company earns revenue by assessing monthly finance fees on accounts with overdue balances. These fees are recognized as revenue at the time the fees are assessed. The finance fee is calculated using the greater of a minimum charge or a stated late fee rate multiplied by the outstanding balance that is subject to a late fee charge. On occasion, these fees are waived to maintain relationship goodwill. Charges to other accounts represents the offset against the late fee revenue recognized when the Company establishes a reserve for such waived amounts.

6. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and vested deferred stock units outstanding during the year. The computation of diluted earnings per share is similar to the computation of basic earnings per share, except that the denominator is increased for the assumed exercise of dilutive options, the assumed issuance of unvested restricted stock units and deferred stock units, and unvested performance-based restricted stock units for which the performance condition has been met as of the date of determination using the treasury stock method unless the effect is anti-dilutive. The treasury stock method assumes that proceeds, including cash received from the exercise of employee stock options and the average unrecognized compensation expense for unvested share-based compensation awards, would be used to purchase the Company's common stock at the average market price during the period.

The following table summarizes net income attributable to shareholders and reconciles basic and diluted shares outstanding used in the earnings per share computations:

	Three Months		
	Ended March 31,		
(In thousands)	2018 2017		
Net income attributable to shareholders	\$48,633 \$29,401		

Weighted average common shares outstanding – Basic 43,049 42,871 Dilutive impact of share-based compensation awards 401 248 Weighted average common shares outstanding – Diluted 43,450 43,119

For the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, an immaterial number of outstanding share-based compensation awards were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect of including these awards would be anti-dilutive.

7. Derivative Instruments

The Company is exposed to certain market risks relating to its ongoing business operations. From time to time, the Company enters into derivative instrument arrangements to manage various risks including interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and commodity price risk.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements

During 2016 and 2017, we entered into five interest rate swap contracts. Collectively, these derivative contracts are intended to fix the future interest payments associated with \$1.3 billion of our variable rate borrowings at between 0.896% and 2.212%. At March 31, 2018, we had variable-rate borrowings of \$1.7 billion under our 2016 Credit Agreement.

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

The notional amounts, fixed and variable interest rates and maturities of the interest rate swap agreements are as follows:

	Tranche A	Tranche B	Tranche C	Tranche D	Tranche E
Notional amount at inception (in thousands)	\$300,000	\$200,000	\$400,000	\$150,000	\$250,000
Amortization	N/A	N/A	5% annually	N/A	N/A
Maturity date	12/30/2022	12/30/2022	12/31/2020	12/31/2020	12/31/2018
Fixed interest rate	2.204%	2.212%	1.108%	1.125%	0.896%

The following table presents information on the location and amounts of interest rate swap gains and losses:

(In thousands)		Three M Ended M	onths Iarch 31,
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income ¹	2018	2017
Interest rate swap agreements – unrealized	Net unrealized gains on interest rate swap	\$13,508	\$1.565
portion	agreements	Ψ15,500	Ψ1,505
Interest rate swap agreements – realized portion	Financing interest income (expense)	\$313	\$(543)

¹ The Company has not elected hedge accounting treatment.

See Note 11, Fair Value, for more information regarding the valuation of the Company's interest rate swaps. Foreign Currency Exchange Program

The Company utilizes a limited foreign currency exchange hedging program, entering into short-term foreign currency swaps to convert the foreign currency exposures of certain foreign currency denominated intercompany loans and investments to the base currency. The Company will continue to monitor its foreign currency exposure for discrete items and may, from time to time, hedge certain foreign currency transactions.

The following table summarizes the contracts related to the Company's foreign currency swaps, which settle in the base currency at various dates within 5 days after quarter-end:

Aggregate Notional

Amount

March 31,

(In thousands) 2018 2017

Australian dollar A\$5,000 A\$18,000

The amount of gains and losses associated with foreign currency swaps were not material for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017.

8. Deposits and Borrowed Federal Funds

WEX Bank has issued certificates of deposit with maturities ranging from six months to three years, with interest rates ranging from 1.15% to 2.55% as of March 31, 2018 and from 1.00% to 2.15% as of December 31, 2017. WEX Bank may issue brokered deposits, subject to FDIC rules governing minimum financial ratios, which include risk-based asset and capital requirements. As of March 31, 2018, all brokered deposits were in denominations of \$250 thousand or less, corresponding to FDIC deposit insurance limits.

The Company requires deposits from certain customers as collateral for credit that has been extended. These deposits are generally non-interest bearing. Interest-bearing money market deposits are issued in denominations of \$250 thousand or less, and pay interest at variable rates based on LIBOR or the Federal Funds rate. Money market deposits may be withdrawn by the holder at any time, although notification may be required and the monthly number of transactions is limited. Interest-bearing money market deposits and customer deposits are classified as short-term deposits on our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

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WEX INC

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(unaudited)

The following table presents the composition of deposits:

(In thousands)	March 31,	Decembe	er
(In thousands)		31, 2017	
Interest-bearing money market deposits	\$258,204	\$285,899)
Customer deposits	69,531	70,211	
Certificates of deposit with maturities within 1 year (a)	451,123	630,879	
Short-term deposits	778,858	986,989	
Certificates of deposit with maturities greater than 1 year and less than 5 years (a)	330,043	306,865	
Total deposits	\$1,108,901	\$1,293,8	54
Weighted average cost of funds on certificates of deposit outstanding	1.79	% 1.51	%
Weighted average cost of interest-bearing money market deposits	1.80	% 1.49	%

⁽a) Certificates of deposit are classified as short-term or long-term within our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets based on maturity date.

Sources of Funds

WEX Bank participates in the Insured Cash Sweep ("ICS") service offered by Promontory Interfinancial Network, which allows WEX Bank to purchase brokered money market demand accounts and demand deposit accounts in an amount not to exceed \$125.0 million. At March 31, 2018, the Company has made no such purchases.

Borrowed Federal Funds

WEX Bank borrows from lines of credit on a federal funds rate basis to supplement the financing of its accounts receivable. There were no borrowings against these lines of credit as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. As of March 31, 2018, the Company's federal funds available lines of credit was \$275.0 million. Effective April 1, 2018, these available lines of credit were reduced to \$150.0 million.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

9. Financing and Other Debt

The following table summarizes the Company's total outstanding debt:

(In thousands)	March 31,	December	
(In thousands)	2018	31, 2017	
Revolving line-of-credit facility under 2016 Credit Agreement (a)	\$1,000	\$136,535	
Term loans under 2016 Credit Agreement (a)	1,746,799	1,602,875	
Notes outstanding (a)	400,000	400,000	
Securitized debt	145,587	126,901	
Participation debt	166,361	184,990	
WEX Latin America debt	9,377	9,747	
Total gross debt	\$2,469,124	\$2,461,048	
Current portion of gross debt	\$308,638	\$404,233	
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs	(7,928)	(7,015)	
Short-term debt, net	\$300,710	\$397,218	
Long-term gross debt	\$2,160,486	\$2,056,815	
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs	(28,203)	\$(29,063)	
Long-term debt, net	\$2,132,283	\$2,027,752	
Supplemental information under 2016 Credit Agreement:			
Letters of credit (b)	\$52,600	\$27,500	
Borrowing capacity	\$516,400	\$405,965	

⁽a) See Note 11, Fair Value, for more information regarding the Company's 2016 Credit Agreement and notes outstanding.

2016 Credit Agreement

The 2016 Credit Agreement provides for tranche A and tranche B term loan facilities in amounts equal to \$455.0 million and \$1,335.0 million respectively, and a \$570.0 million secured revolving credit facility, with a sublimit for letters of credit and swingline loans. Under the 2016 Credit Agreement, amounts due under the revolving credit facility and the tranche A term loan facility mature in July 2021, while amounts due under the tranche B term loan facility mature in July 2023. Prior to maturity, amounts borrowed under the credit facility will be reduced by mandatory quarterly payments of \$5.7 million and \$3.4 million for tranche A and tranche B term loan facilities, respectively.

On January 17, 2018, the Company repriced the secured term loans under the 2016 Credit Agreement, which reduced the applicable interest rate margin for the Company's tranche B term loan facility by 50 basis points for both LIBOR borrowings and base rate borrowings and increased the outstanding amounts on these tranche B term loans from \$1,182.0 million to \$1,335.0 million. In addition, the repricing made certain other changes to the 2016 Credit Agreement, including increasing the maximum consolidated leverage ratio for both the period of December 31, 2018 through September 30, 2019, and upon the occurrence of an acquisition meeting certain specified criteria, permitting the incurrence of unsecured indebtedness as long as the Company is in pro forma compliance with the financial covenants, resetting the six month soft call period for a repricing of the tranche B term loans and resetting and amending the test for incremental loans. Following the repricing, the applicable interest rate margin for the tranche B term loans was set at 2.3% for LIBOR borrowings and 1.25% for base rate borrowings.

⁽b) Collateral for lease agreements, virtual card and fuel payment processing activity at the Company's foreign subsidiaries

After giving effect to the January 2018 repricing, amounts outstanding under the 2016 Credit Agreement bear interest at a rate equal to, at the Company's option, (a) the Eurocurrency Rate, as defined in the 2016 Credit Agreement, plus a margin of between 1.75% to 3.25% (2.25% at March 31, 2018) with respect to the revolving credit facility, between 1.75% to 2.75% (2.00% at March 31, 2018) with respect to the tranche A term loan facility, and 2.25% with respect to the tranche B term loan facility (with the Eurocurrency Rate subject to a 0.00% floor), in each case, based on the consolidated leverage ratio or (b) the highest of (i) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (ii) the prime rate announced by Bank of America, and (iii) the Eurocurrency Rate plus 1.00%, in each case plus a margin of 0.75% to 2.25% (1.25% at March 31, 2018) with respect to the revolving credit facility, 0.75% to

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(unaudited)

1.75% (1.00% at March 31, 2018) with respect to the tranche A term loan facility and 1.75% with respect to the tranche B term loan facility, with the margin determined in the case of the revolving credit facility and the tranche A term loan facility based on the consolidated leverage ratio. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, amounts outstanding under the 2016 Credit Agreement bore a weighted average effective interest rate of 4.1 percent and 4.2 percent, respectively.

The Company accounted for the January 2018 repricing as both a debt extinguishment and debt modification by evaluating the refinancing on a creditor by creditor basis. The Company recorded a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$1.1 million related to the write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs and incurred general and administrative expenses of \$3.0 million related to third-party costs associated with the modified debt. The loss on extinguishment and third-party costs are reflected as financing interest expense and service fees, respectively, within our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, the Company incurred and capitalized \$2.9 million of new debt issuance costs related to the repricing.

The Company maintains interest rate swap agreements to manage the interest rate risk associated with its outstanding variable-interest rate borrowings under the 2016 Credit Agreement. See Note 7, Derivative Instruments, for further discussion.

Debt Covenants

As more fully described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10–K for the year ended December 31, 2017, the 2016 Credit Agreement and the Indenture contain covenants that limit the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries, including its restricted subsidiaries and, in certain limited circumstances, WEX Bank and the Company's other regulated subsidiaries, to (i) incur additional debt, (ii) pay dividends or make other distributions on, redeem or repurchase capital stock, or make investments or other restricted payments, (iii) enter into transactions with affiliates, (iv) dispose of assets or issue stock of restricted subsidiaries or regulated subsidiaries, (v) create liens on assets, or (vi) effect a consolidation or merger or sell all, or substantially all, of the Company's assets. As of March 31, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all material covenants of its 2016 Credit Agreement and the Indenture. Notes Outstanding

As of both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had \$400.0 million of 4.75% fixed-rate senior notes outstanding, which will mature on February 1, 2023. Interest is payable semiannually in arrears on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing on August 1, 2013.

Australian Securitization Facility

The Company has entered into a one year securitized debt agreement with the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd expiring April 2018. Subsequent to March 31, 2018, this agreement was extended through April 2019. Under the terms of the agreement, each month, on a revolving basis, the Company sells certain of its Australian receivables to the Company's Australian Securitization Subsidiary. The Australian Securitization Subsidiary, in turn, uses the receivables as collateral to issue asset-backed commercial paper ("securitized debt") for approximately 85 percent of the securitized receivables. The amount collected on the securitized receivables is restricted to pay the securitized debt and is not available for general corporate purposes.

The Company pays a variable interest rate on the outstanding balance of the securitized debt, based on the Australian Bank Bill Rate plus an applicable margin. The interest rate was 2.68% and 2.53% as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The Company had \$90.4 million and \$90.0 million of securitized debt under this facility as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

WEX Latin America Securitization Facility

During the second quarter of 2017, WEX Latin America entered into a securitized debt agreement to sell certain unsecured receivables associated with our salary payment card product to an investment fund managed by an unrelated third-party financial institution. Under the terms of the agreement, the investment fund's purchase price incorporates a discount relative to the face value of the transferred receivables.

This securitization arrangement does not meet the derecognition conditions and accordingly WEX Latin America continues to report the transferred receivables in our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets with no change in the basis of accounting. Additionally, we recognize the cash proceeds received from the investment fund and record offsetting securitized debt in our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

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During the three months ended March 31, 2018, WEX Latin America paid \$2.3 million in exchange for a non-controlling equity investment in the securitization facility. This equity investment is recorded within other assets in our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company had \$31.6 million and \$19.0 million of securitized debt under this facility as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. During the three months ending March 31, 2018, the Company recognized approximately \$2.1 million of operating interest under this financing arrangement. European Securitization Facility

On April 7, 2016, the Company entered into a five-year securitized debt agreement with the Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company sells certain of its receivables from selected European countries to its European Securitization Subsidiary. The European Securitization Subsidiary, in turn, uses the receivables as collateral to issue securitized debt. The amount collected on the securitized receivables is restricted to pay the securitized debt and is not available for general corporate purposes. The amounts of receivables to be securitized under this agreement will be determined by management on a monthly basis. The interest rate was 0.30 percent and 1.11 percent as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The Company had \$23.5 million and \$17.9 million of securitized debt under this facility as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Participation Debt

WEX Bank maintains agreements with third-party banks to fund customer balances that exceed WEX Bank's lending limit to an individual customer. Associated unsecured borrowings carry a variable interest rate of 1 month to 3 month LIBOR plus a margin of 225 basis points. The balance of the debt was approximately \$166.4 million and \$185.0 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The balance will fluctuate on a daily basis based on customer funding needs. The commitment will mature in amounts of \$85.0 million and \$50.0 million on May 30, 2018 and December 31, 2021, respectively, with the remaining \$31.4 million maturing on demand.

WEX Latin America Debt

WEX Latin America had debt of approximately \$9.4 million and \$9.7 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. This is comprised of credit facilities and loan arrangements related to our accounts receivable. The average interest rate was 16.2 percent and 21.2 percent as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. These borrowings are recorded in short-term debt, net on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets for the periods presented.

10. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangement

WEX Europe Services Accounts Receivable Factoring

During the first quarter of 2017, WEX Europe Services entered into a factoring arrangement with an unrelated third-party financial institution (the "Purchasing Bank") to sell certain of its accounts receivable in order to accelerate the collection of the Company's cash and reduce internal costs, thereby improving liquidity. Under this arrangement, the Purchasing Bank establishes a credit limit for each customer account. The factored receivables are without recourse to the extent that the customer balances are maintained at or below the established credit limit. For customer receivable balances in excess of the Purchasing Bank's credit limit, the Company maintains the risk of default. The Company obtained a true sale opinion from an independent attorney, which states that the factoring agreement creates a sale of receivables under local law for amounts transferred both below and above the established credit limits. Additionally, there are no indications of the Company's continuing involvement in the factored receivables. As a result, the Purchasing Bank is deemed the purchaser of these receivables and is entitled to enforce payment of these amounts from the debtor.

This factoring arrangement is accounted for as a sale and accordingly the Company records the receivables sold as a reduction of accounts receivable and proceeds as cash provided by operating activities. The Company sold approximately \$170.2 million of receivables under this arrangement during the three months ended March 31, 2018. Proceeds received are recorded net of applicable expenses, interest and commissions. The loss on factoring was \$1.1

million for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and immaterial for the three months ended March 31, 2017, and was recorded within cost of services in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of income. As of March 31, 2018, the Company had associated factoring receivables of approximately \$30.3 million, of which approximately \$0.5 million were in excess of the established credit limit. Charge-backs on

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balances in excess of the credit limit during the three months ended March 31, 2018 were insignificant. There were no charge-backs on balances in excess of the credit limit during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

11.Fair Value

The Company holds mortgage-backed securities, fixed-income securities, derivatives (see Note 7, Derivative Instruments) and certain other financial instruments that are carried at fair value. The Company determines fair value based upon quoted prices when available or through the use of alternative approaches, such as model pricing, when market quotes are not readily accessible or available. Various factors are considered in determining the fair value of the Company's obligations, including: closing exchange or over-the-counter market price quotations; time value and volatility factors underlying options and derivatives; price activity for equivalent instruments; and the Company's own credit standing.

These valuation techniques may be based upon observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions. These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3 – Instruments whose significant value drivers are unobservable.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability. We did not have any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during either of the three months ended March 31, 2018 or March 31, 2017.

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value and the related hierarchy levels:

(In thousands)	Fair Value Hierarchy	March 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets			
Municipal bonds	2	\$472	\$ 534
Asset-backed securities	2	337	345
Mortgage-backed securities	2	300	305
Fixed-income mutual fund	1	21,940	22,174
Investment securities (a)		\$23,049	\$ 23,358
Executive deferred compensation plan trust (b)	1	\$7,565	\$ 6,798
Interest rate swaps (c)	2	\$32,059	\$ 19,595
Liabilities			
Interest rate swaps (d)	2	\$4,329	\$ 5,373

⁽a) Not deemed available for current operations and have been classified as long-term assets.

⁽b) The fair value of these instruments is recorded in other assets.

⁽c) The fair value of these instruments is recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets or other assets depending on the timing of expected discounted cash flows.

⁽d) The fair value of these instruments is recorded in other current liabilities based on the timing of expected discounted cash flows.

Investment Securities

When available, the Company uses quoted market prices to determine the fair value of investment securities; such inputs are classified as Level 1 of the fair-value hierarchy. These securities primarily consist of an open-ended mutual fund which is invested in fixed-income securities and is held in order to satisfy the regulatory requirements of WEX Bank. For mortgage-backed

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and asset-backed debt securities and municipal bonds, the Company generally uses quoted prices for recent trading activity of assets with similar characteristics to the debt security or bond being valued. The securities and bonds priced using such methods are generally valued using Level 2 inputs.

Executive Deferred Compensation Plan Trust

The obligations related to the deferred compensation plan trust are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy because the fair value is determined using quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Interest Rate Swaps

The Company determines the fair value of its interest rate swaps based on the discounted cash flows of the difference between the projected fixed payments on the swaps and the implied floating payments using the current LIBOR curve, which are Level 2 inputs of the fair value hierarchy.

Notes Outstanding

The Notes outstanding had a fair value of \$402.0 million and \$410.0 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The fair value of the Notes, which is recorded in long-term debt, net, is based on market rates for the issuance of our debt and is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

2016 Credit Agreement

The Company determines the fair value of the amount outstanding under its 2016 Credit Agreement based on the market rates for the issuance of the Company's debt, which are Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy. As of both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the carrying value of the 2016 Credit Agreement approximated its fair value. 12. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate was 24.0 percent for the first quarter of 2018 as compared to 33.3 percent for the first quarter of 2017. The decline in our tax rate was primarily due to the 2017 Tax Act, which reduced the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent effective January 1, 2018.

During the fourth quarter of 2017, the Company recorded a provisional amount of one-time income tax benefit of \$60.6 million associated with the 2017 Tax Act and it has not changed at March 31, 2018. This estimate may be impacted by further analysis and future clarification and guidance regarding available tax accounting methods and elections, earnings and profits computations and state tax conformity to federal tax changes. As of March 31, 2018, we are still evaluating the effects of the Global Intangible Low Taxed Income ("GILTI") provisions as guidance and interpretations continue to emerge. However, we do not expect the impact to be material to our financial statements. We have not determined the accounting policy of either treating taxes due on future U.S. inclusions in taxable income related to GILTI as a current period expense when incurred, or factoring such amounts into the Company's measurement of its deferred taxes. However, the standard requires that we reflect the impact of the GILTI provisions as a period expense until the accounting policy is finalized. Therefore, we have included the provisional estimate of GILTI related to current year operations in our estimated annual effective tax rate and will update the impact and accounting policy as the analysis related to the GILTI provisions is completed.

Undistributed earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries of the Company amounted to \$73.4 million and \$58.7 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. These earnings are considered to be indefinitely reinvested. For the period ending March 31, 2018, except for GILTI, as indicated above, the Company did not record United States federal income tax on its share of the income of its foreign subsidiaries. Upon distribution of these earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, the Company would be subject to withholding taxes payable, where applicable, to foreign countries, and to certain state income taxes, but would have no further federal income tax liability.

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13. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business. As of the date of this filing, the current estimate of a reasonably possible loss contingency from all legal proceedings is not material to the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, cash flows or liquidity.

Commitments

Significant commitments and contingencies as of March 31, 2018 are consistent with those discussed in Note 18, Commitments and Contingencies, to the consolidated financial statements in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

14. Stock-Based Compensation

The fair value of restricted stock units, deferred stock units, performance-based restricted stock units and service-based stock options awarded during the three months ended March 31, 2018 totaled \$27.4 million, as compared to \$28.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

The fair value of restricted stock units, deferred stock units and performance-based restricted stock units is base