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## AMERICAN COMMERCE SOLUTIONS

## Form 10QSB

July 15, 2004
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSIONWASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB
\{X\} QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended May 31, 2004
\{ \}TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$

Commission file number: 33-98682

American Commerce Solutions, Inc.
(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

05-0460102
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

1400 Chamber Dr., Bartow, Florida 33830 (Address of principal executive offices)
(863) 533-0326
(Issuer's telephone number)
N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and
(2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
\{X\} YES \{ \} NO

There were $147,373,824$ shares of the Registrant's $\$ .002$ par value common stock outstanding as of May 31, 2004.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one): Yes \{ \} No \{X\}

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AMERICAN COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS<br>AMERICAN COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>AS OF MAY 31, 2004 AND FOR THE<br>THREE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31, 2004 AND 2003 (UNAUDITED)

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American Commerce Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries
    Consolidated Balance Sheet
    May 31, 2004
    (UNAUDITED)
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Assets

Current assets:

| Cash | 46,293 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance of $\$ 4,977$ | 83,468 |
| Accounts receivable, factored | 46,683 |
| Inventories | 122,511 |
| Other receivables | 123,494 |
| Other current assets | 54,751 |


| Prepaid loan costs |  | 17,671 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other receivables |  | 264,376 |
| Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization |  | 165,722 |
| Real property held for resale |  | 243,150 |
| Total other assets |  | 690,919 |
|  | \$ | 6,295,194 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Bank overdraft: | \$ | 15,918 |
| Current portion of notes payable |  | 565,219 |
| Accounts payable |  | 490,471 |
| Accrued expenses |  | 62,833 |
| Accrued interest |  | 194,239 |
| Due to stockholders |  | 286,674 |
| Deferred revenue |  | 32,101 |
| Total current liabilities |  | ,647,455 |

Stockholders' equity:

Preferred stock, total
authorized 5,000,000
shares:
Series A, cumulative and
convertible; \$.001 par
value;
600 shares authorized; 102
shares issued and
outstanding; liquidating
preference of $\$ 376,125$

Series B, cumulative and
convertible; \$.001 par
value;
3,950 shares authorized;
3,944 shares issued and outstanding; liquidating
preference of\$3,944,617

| authorized; <br> 147,895,824 shares <br> issued; 147,373,824 shares <br> outstanding |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Common stock payable | 120,809 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 17,444,996 |
| Stock subscription receivable | $(10,000)$ |
| Treasury stock, at cost | $(265,526)$ |
| Accumulated deficit | $(13,904,572)$ |
| Loan costs from issuance of common stock | $(162,892)$ |
| Total stockholders' equity | 3,518,610 |

Three Months Ended
20042003
Cost of Goods Sold

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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> American Commerce Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (UNAUDITED)

|  | Three Months Ended <br> May <br> OPERATING ACTIVITIES |
| :--- | :---: |
| Net Loss <br> Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash <br> (used) <br> provided by operating activities: <br> Depreciation and amortization | 2004 |

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| Stock issued for services |  | 3,400 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Options issued to consultants and employees | 30,600 | 40,900 |
| Decrease (increase) in: |  |  |
| Accounts receivables | 36,925 | 63,002 |
| Inventory | $(12,116)$ | $(4,511)$ |
| Other assets | 36,066 | $(1,912)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in: |  |  |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 61,353 | 138,089 |
| Deferred income | 14,435 | $(25,662)$ |
| Total adjustments | 263,056 | 328,728 |
| Net cash (used) provided by operating activities | $(78,454)$ | 77,468 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
| Decrease in other receivables | $(24,949)$ | $(2,163)$ |
| Acquisition of property and equipment | $(54,331)$ | $(6,149)$ |
| Net cash used by investing activities | $(79,280)$ | $(8,312)$ |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in bank overdraft | 15,918 | $(8,172)$ |
| Increase in due to stockholders | 27,950 |  |
| Decrease in due from factor | 8,974 |  |
| Proceeds from notes payable and long-term debt | 20,500 | 36,092 |
| Principal payments on notes payable and capital leases | $(85,647)$ | $(95,138)$ |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants | 136,969 | 5,000 |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities | 124,664 | $(62,218)$ |
| NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH | $(33,070)$ | 6,938 |
| CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 79,363 | 14,483 |
| CASH, END OF PERIOD | 46,293 | \$ 21,421 |

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION
AND NONCASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Cash paid during the period for interest $\quad$ 25,361 46,706
During the three months ended May 31, 2004, the Company increased notes payable by $\$ 7,105$ for an accrual of interest.

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THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
                        STATEMENTS.
        American Commerce Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries
            Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
            As of May 31, 2004 and for the
        Three Months Ended May 31, 2004 and 2003
            (UNAUDITED)
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## 1. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

American Commerce Solutions, Inc. was incorporated in Rhode Island in 1991 under the name Jaque Dubois, Inc., and was re-incorporated in Delaware in 1994. In July 1995, Jaque Dubois, Inc. changed its name to JD American Workwear, Inc. In December 2000, the stockholders voted at the annual stockholders meeting to change the name of JD American Workwear, Inc. to American Commerce Solutions, Inc. (the "Company").

The Company is primarily a holding company with two wholly owned subsidiaries; International Machine and Welding, Inc. is engaged in the machining and fabrication of parts used in industry, and parts sales and service for heavy construction equipment; Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc., which was acquired on October 11, 2003 from a related party, manufactures motorcycle trailers with fiberglass bodies.

## 2. STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

At May 31, 2004, the Company has two stock-based employee compensation plans, all of which have been approved by the shareholders. The Company accounts for those plans under the recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and related Interpretations. The Company recognized $\$ 30,600$ and $\$ 27,000$ for the three month periods ended May 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively, in stock-based employee compensation cost which is reflected in net loss. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation , to stock-based employee compensation.

|  | Three Months Ended <br> May <br> 31, | 2004 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Net Loss as reported | 2003 |  |

## 3. GOING CONCERN

The Company has incurred substantial operating losses since inception and has used approximately $\$ 78,500$ of cash in operations for the three months ended May 31, 2004 . The Company recorded losses from continuing operations of $\$ 341,510$ and $\$ 251,260$ for the three months ended May 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Current liabilities exceed current assets by $\$ 1,170,255$ at May 31, 2004 . Additionally, the Company is in default on several notes payable. The ability of the company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to reverse negative operating trends, raise additional capital, and obtain debt financing.

Management has revised its business strategy to include expansion into other lines of business through the acquisition of other companies in exchange for the Company's stock. Management is currently negotiating new debt financing, the proceeds from which would be used to settle outstanding debts at more favorable terms, to finance operations, and to complete additional business acquisitions. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise capital, obtain debt financing, or improve operating results sufficiently to continue as a going concern.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

## 4. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of (a) the results of operations for the three month periods ended May 31 , 2004 and 2003 , (b) the financial position at May 31, 2004, and (c) cash flows for the three month periods ended May 31 , 2004 and 2003, have been made.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes are presented as permitted by Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, certain information and note disclosures normally included in condensed financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted. The accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes of the Company for the fiscal year ended February 29, 2004. The results of operations for the three month period ended May 31 , 2004 are not necessarily indicative of those to be expected for the entire year.

## 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, FACTORED

During the three months ended May 31, 2004, the Company factored receivables of approximately $\$ 330,600$. In connection with the factoring agreement, the Company incurred fees of approximately $\$ 15,400$ during the three months ended May 31, 2004. As of May 31, 2004 , certain vendors had remitted $\$ 14,395$ to the Company on factored receivables, the Company recorded this amount as due to the factor and it is included in accrued expenses on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Any and all of the Company $s$ indebtedness and obligations to the Factoring Company is guaranteed by two stockholders and collateralized by the Company s inventory and fixed assets.

## 6. COMMON STOCK AND STOCK OPTIONS

During the three month period ended May 31, 2004 the Company did not issue any shares of common stock for services, however, during the three months ended May 31, 2003 , the Company issued 75,000 shares of common stock for $\$ 3,000$ of services.

Stock-based compensation to non-employees is valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. During the three month period ended May 31, 2004 there were no options issued to non-employees. During the three months ended May 31, 2003, the Company received $\$ 5,400$ when 442,600 options to purchase common stock were issued to and exercised by consultants. Total compensation recognized in conjunction with the issuance was approximately $\$ 13,900$ and is included in consulting expense. The Company also received $\$ 2,831$ when an additional 117, 600 options to purchase common stock were exercised.

During the period ended May 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company granted 6,800,000 and 6,000,000 options, respectively, to employees in conjunction with the Employee Stock Incentive Plan, all of which were exercised immediately.

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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable segments during 2004; manufacturing and fiberglass. During 2003, the Company only had one reportable segment. Although both of these segments are in the manufacturing industry, they provide different types of products and services and each segment is subject to different marketing, production and technology strategies. Therefore, for the three months ended May 31, 2004 the Company has included segment reporting.

For the three months ended May 31, 2004, information regarding operations by segment are as follows:

|  | Manufacturing |  | Fiberglass |  | Other |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue | \$ | 535,564 | \$ | 116,782 |  |  | \$ | 632,346 |
| Interest Expense | \$ | 24,994 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 10,560 | \$ | 35,554 |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ | 81,629 | \$ | 13,991 | \$ | 173 | \$ | 95,793 |
| Net (loss) | \$ | $(63,959)$ | \$ | $(41,411)$ | \$ | $(236,140)$ | \$ | $(341,510)$ |
| Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation | \$ | 4,950,074 | \$ | 174,011 | \$ | 2,990 | \$ | 5,127,075 |
| Segment assets | \$ | 5,542,456 | \$ | 388,106 | \$ | 364,632 | \$ | 6,295,194 |

Segment 1, manufacturing, consists of International Machine and Welding, Inc. and derives its revenues from machining operations, sale of parts and service. Segment 2, fiberglass, consists of Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc. and derives its revenues from the manufacture, sale and service of fiberglass trailers.

## 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On June 7, 2004, American Commerce Solutions, Inc. entered into an agreement to acquire $100 \%$ of the capital stock of Crystal Clear Entertainment, Inc. ( CCE ) and its subsidiaries for a combination of common and preferred stock to be valued at the total of the book value of Crystal Clear Entertainment, Inc. plus the value of the assets of CCE s subsidiaries and 60\% of the net profit projected for all CCE contracts. The final purchase price has not yet been determined. Based upon information currently available to management, we believe that this transaction will not be considered the purchase of a "significant subsidiary" as defined in Regulation $S-B$ Rule 210.01.

Effective July 1, 2004, American Commerce Solutions, Inc. entered into negotiations to acquire $100 \%$ of the assets of Affordable Fiberglass Group (AFG) for a combination of debt forgiveness, common and preferred stock equivalent to the total appraised value of the assets. The appraised value of the assets is in the process of being determined and based upon information currently available to management, we believe that this will not be a "significant subsidiary" as defined in Regulation S-B Rule 210.01.

## 9. SEASONALITY

The diversity of operations in the Manufacturing Segment protects it from seasonal trends except in the sales of agricultural processing where the majority of the revenue is generated while the processors await the next harvest.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION \& ANALYSIS

This FILING contains forward-looking statements. The words "anticipated," "believe," "expect," "plan,"
"intend," "seek," "estimate," "project," "will,"
"could," "may," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements include, among others, information regarding future operations, future capital expenditures, and future net cash flow. Such statements reflect the Company's current views with respect to future events and financial performance and involve risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, general economic and business conditions, changes in foreign, political, social, and economic conditions, regulatory

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initiatives and compliance with governmental regulations, the ability to achieve further market penetration and additional customers, and various other matters, many of which are beyond the company's control.

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties occur, or should underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may vary materially and adversely from those anticipated, believed, estimated, or otherwise indicated. Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements made in this FILING are qualified by these cautionarystatements and there can be no assurance of the actual results or developments.
The Company cautions readers that in addition to important factors described elsewhere, the following important facts, among others, sometimes have affected, and in the future could affect, the Company's actual results, and could cause the Company's actual results during 2004 and beyond, to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by, or on behalf of, the Company. This Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation presents a review of the consolidated operating results and financial condition of the Company for the three month periods ended May 31 , 2004 and 2003. This discussion and analysis is intended to assist in understanding the financial condition and results of operation of the Company and its subsidiaries. This section should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company owns two subsidiaries that operated in the manufacturing segment and the fiberglass segment during the three months ended May 31, 2004 and one subsidiary that operated in the manufacturing segment during three months ended May 31, 2003. To facilitate the readers understanding of the Company's financial performance, this discussion and analysis is presented on a segment basis

## MANUFACTURING SUBSIDIARY

The manufacturing subsidiary, International Machine and Welding, Inc., generates its revenues from three divisions. Division 1 provides specialized machining and repair services to heavy industry and original equipment manufacturers. Division 2 provides repair and rebuild services on heavy equipment used in construction and mining as well as sales of used equipment. Division 3 provides parts sales for heavy equipment directly to the customer. The primary market of this segment is the majority of central and south Florida with parts sales expanding its market internationally. The current operations can be significantly expanded using the 38,000 square foot structure owned by International Machine and Welding, Inc.

FIBERGLASS SUBSIDIARY

Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc., which was acquired on October 11, 2003 from a related party, manufactures motorcycle trailers with fiberglass bodies. These trailers are sold both on the retail and dealer levels. The Company also provides non warranty repairs, modification of existing Chariot Trailers.

COMPARISON OF THE RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MAY 31, 2004 AND 2003

General

The Company's consolidated net sales increased to $\$ 652,346$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2004 , an increase of $\$ 183,696$ or $39 \%$ from $\$ 468,650$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2003 . This increase was primarily due to the acquisition of Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc. which contributed $\$ 116,782$ to net sales.

Gross profit for the consolidated operations increased to $\$ 229,894$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2004 from $\$ 177,241$ for the three months ended May 31,2003 . Gross profit as a percentage of sales was $35 \%$ and $38 \%$ for the three month periods ended May 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decrease in gross profit was due to a lower gross profit margin related to Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc.

Consolidated interest expense for the three months ended May 31,2004 was $\$ 35,554$ as compared to $\$ 47,380$ for same period in 2003. The overall decrease in interest expense was due to the Company reducing the amount of outstanding debt by approximately $17 \%$ and to the more favorable terms of the debt that was renegotiated in the prior year.

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Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to $\$ 554,832$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2004 as compared to $\$ 388,166$ for the three months ended May 31, 2003, an increase of $\$ 166,666$ or $43 \%$. The increase was primarily due to the acquisition of Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc. in October 2003 which increased selling, general and administrative expenses by approximately $\$ 69,000$, signing an employee leasing agreement in August 2003 and incurring fees of approximately $\$ 21,000$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2004, use of a factoring service beginning in April 2003 which led to a full quarter s fees in 2004 or approximately $\$ 7,000$ increase in fees, an increase in salaries of approximately $\$ 11,600$ for the three months ended May 2004 and a new consulting agreement signed in 2004 which accounted for approximately $\$ 30,000$ of expense.

The Company incurred a net consolidated loss of $\$ 341,510$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2004 compared to a loss of $\$ 251,260$ for the three months ended May 31, 2003. The increase in the consolidated net loss is primarily due to the acquisition of Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc. and the overall increase in selling, general and administrative expenses. As a result of the continued losses, the Independent Auditors have questioned the Company's continuation as a going concern.
Manufacturing Subsidiary
The manufacturing operation, International Machine and Welding, Inc. provided net sales of $\$ 535,564$ for the three months ended May 31, 2004 compared to $\$ 468,650$ for the three months ended May 31, 2003. The machining operations provided $\$ 171,167$ or $32 \%$ of net sales with parts and service providing $\$ 364,396$ or $68 \%$ of net sales for the three months ended May 31, 2004 as compared to machining operations contributing $\$ 156,696$ or $33 \%$ of net sales with parts and service providing $\$ 311,954$ or $67 \%$ of net sales for the three months ended May 31, 2003. The overall increase in net sales is due to slower sales for the three months ended May 31 , 2003 as compared to the three months ended May 31, 2004.

Gross profit from the International Machine and Welding, Inc. was $\$ 203,125$ for the three months ended May 31, 2004 compared to $\$ 177,241$ for the same period in 2003 providing gross profit margins of $38 \%$ for both periods.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for International Machine and Welding, Inc. were $\$ 242$, 781 for the three months ended May 31, 2004 compared to $\$ 194,237$ for the three months ended May 31, 2003. The increase in expenses is due to the Company leasing employees and incurring fees of approximately $\$ 21,000$ in 2004, using a factoring company for accounts receivable for the entire quarter in 2004 and incurring additional fees of approximately $\$ 7,000$ over the same period in 2003 and an overall increase in salaries of approximately $\$ 11,600$ in 2004 .

Interest expense was $\$ 24,994$ for the three months ended May 31,2004 compared to $\$ 32$, 929 for the same period ended 2003. The decrease in interest expense is due to the Company continuing to pay off its notes payable obligations and to the decrease in debt due to the renegotiation in the prior year, and thereby incurring less interest each year.

The Company does not have discrete financial information on each of the three manufacturing divisions, nor does the Company make decisions on the divisions separately; therefore they are not reported as segments.

Fiberglass Subsidiary
The fiberglass manufacturing operation, Chariot Manufacturing Company, Inc. was acquired during the third quarter of fiscal year 2004 and provided net sales of $\$ 116,782$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2004 .

Gross profit from Chariot was $\$ 26,769$ for the fiscal year ended February 29 , 2004 providing a gross profit margin of $23 \%$.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were $\$ 68,416$ for the three months ended May 31 , 2004 .

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

During the three months ended May 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company (used) provided net cash from operating activities of $(\$ 78,454)$ and $\$ 77,468$, respectively. This increase in cash used by operating activities is primarily due to a higher net loss in 2004 and an smaller increase in the balance of accounts payable for the three months ended May 31, 2004 as compared to the same period in 2003.

During the three months ended May 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company (used) cash for investing activities of $(\$ 79,280)$ and $(\$ 8,312)$, respectively. The increase in net cash used for investing activities is primarily

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due to the acquisition of property and equipment and the decrease in other receivables during 2004.

During the three months ended May 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company provided (used) cash from financing activities of $\$ 124,664$ and $(\$ 62,218)$, respectively. The increase in net cash provided from financing activities is due to the proceeds from the exercise of options, the increase in due from stockholders and the decrease in the amount due from the factoring company during 2004.

Cash flows from operations and loans or the sale of equity provided for working capital needs and principal payments on long-term debt through May 31, 2004. As of May 31, 2004, working capital was (\$1,170,255). To the extent that the cash flows from operations are insufficient to finance the Company's anticipated growth, or its other liquidity and capital requirements during the next twelve months, the Company will seek additional financing from alternative sources including bank loans or other bank financing arrangements, other debt financing, the sale of equity securities (including those issuable pursuant to the exercise of outstanding warrants and options), or other financing arrangements. However, there can be no assurance that any such financing will be available and, if available, that it will be available on terms favorable or acceptable to the Company.

Management has revised its business strategy to include expansion into other lines of business through the acquisition of other companies in exchange for the Company's stock. Although management has reduced debt, new financing to finance operations and to complete additional business acquisitions is still being sought. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise capital, obtain debt financing, or improve operating results sufficiently to continue as a going concern.
On June 7, 2004, American Commerce Solutions, Inc. entered into an agreement to acquire 100\% of the capital stock of Crystal Clear Entertainment, Inc. ( CCE ) and its subsidiaries for a combination of common and preferred stock to be valued at the total of the book value of Crystal Clear Entertainment, Inc. plus the value of the assets of CCE s subsidiaries and 60\% of the net profit projected for all CCE contracts. The final purchase price has not yet been determined. Based upon information currently available to management, we believe that this transaction will not be considered the purchase of a "significant subsidiary" as defined in Regulation S-B Rule 210.01.

Effective July 1, 2004, American Commerce Solutions, Inc. entered into negotiations to acquire $100 \%$ of the assets of Affordable Fiberglass Group (AFG) for a combination of debt forgiveness, common and preferred stock equivalent to the total appraised value of the assets. The appraised value of the assets is in the process of being determined and based upon information currently available to management, we believe that this will not be a "significant subsidiary" as defined in Regulation S-B Rule 210.01.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES
The Company has prepared the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The preparation of consolidated unaudited financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated unaudited financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company reviews its estimates, including but not limited to, recoverability of long-lived assets, recoverability of prepaid expenses and allowance for doubtful accounts, on a regular basis and makes adjustments based on historical experiences and existing and expected future conditions. These evaluations are performed and adjustments are made as information is available. Management believes that these estimates are reasonable; however, actual results could differ from these estimates.

We believe that the following critical policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in preparation of our consolidated unaudited financial statements.

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. We base our estimate on an analysis of the company s prior collection experience, customer credit worthiness, and current economic trends. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, additional allowances may be required.

We value our inventories at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a standard cost basis that approximates the first-in, first-out method; market is determined based on net realizable value. We write down inventory balances for estimated obsolescence or unmarketable inventory equal to the difference between the cost of the inventory and the estimated market value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those projected by management, additional inventory write-downs may be required.

We value our property and equipment at cost. Amortization and depreciation are calculated using the

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straight-line and accelerated methods of accounting over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and renewals are capitalized. When property and equipment are sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset account and related accumulated depreciation account are relieved, and any gain or loss is included in operations.

Fair value estimates used in preparation of the consolidated unaudited financial statements are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management. The respective carrying value of certain on-balance-sheet financial instruments approximated their fair values. These financial
instruments include cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses. Fair values were assumed to approximate carrying values for these financial instruments since they are short-term in nature and their carrying amounts approximate fair values or they are receivable or payable on demand. The fair value of the Company s notes payable is estimated based upon the quoted market prices for the same or similar issues or on the current rates offered to the Company for debt of the same remaining maturities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the consolidated unaudited financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized as income in the period that included the enactment date.

ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES
a Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our Management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operations of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of May 31, 2004. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the material information required to be included in our Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ) reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms relating to American Commerce Solutions, Inc., including our consolidated subsidiaries, and was made known to them by others within those entities, particularly during the period when this report was being prepared.
b Changes in internal controls over financial reporting.
In addition, there were no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting that could significantly affect these controls during the three months ended May 31, 2004. We have not identified any significant deficiency or material weaknesses in our internal controls, and therefore there were no corrective actions taken.

Certification by each Director and executive officer has been executed.

EXHIBITS

Exhibits included herewith are:
31.1 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer dated July 15, 2004
31.2 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer dated July 15, 2004

32 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section
906 of the Sarbaenes-Oxley Act of 2002

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

During the three month period ended May 31, 2004, there was no modification of any instruments defining the rights of holders of the Company's common stock and no limitation or qualification of the rights evidenced by the Company's common stock as a result of the issuance of any other class of securities or the modification thereof.

On March 3, 2004, 5,300,000 shares of common stock were issued to employees in conversion of options at $85 \%$ of fair value on the date the options were issued (\$0.03).

On May 24, 2004, 1,500,000 shares of common stock were issued to employees in conversion of options at $85 \%$ of fair value on the date the options were issued (\$0.03).

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

The Company has defaulted on a total of $\$ 629,623$ of notes payable. The amount of principal payments in arrears was $\$ 436,542$, with an additional amount of $\$ 193,081$ of interest due at May 31 , 2004 . These defaults are the result of a failure to pay in accordance with the terms agreed.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

During the three month period ended May 31, 2004 , the Company did not submit any matters to a vote of its security holders.

ITEM 5. OTHER MATTERS

None

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(a) Exhibits None
(b) Reports on Form 8-K:

The Company filed Form 8-K on June 7, 2004 to disclose the acquisition of Crystal Clear Entertainment, Inc. and its subsidiary Elite Distribution, Inc. for a combination of common and preferred stock for a total of the aggregate appraised value of Crystal Clear Entertainment, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Approximately $20 \%$ of the aggregate value is to be issued in common shares which will also include a 5\% brokerage commission owed by American Commerce Solutions, Inc., and the remaining value will be issued in shares of Series $D$ Preferred Stock.

The assets consist of various artist contracts for recording, promotion and distribution, live music venue rental contracts, music and video rental distribution agreements and inventory of pre-recorded music and movie videos.

The value of the assets of Crystal Clear Entertainment, Inc. and its subsidiaries is being determined by the valuation of qualified appraisers,

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using historic sales data and industry standards to determine if any impairment to the cost of the inventory will be required. The values of the additional assets are at book cost due to current nature of the assets and their recent purchase. The valuation of these assets is expected to be non-material. The final valuation is expected to be assigned during June 2004 simultaneously with the completion of the inventory appraisal. Financial information will be filed in a timely fashion and the contractual agreement will be filed with the appropriate 10QSB.

The Company filed a Form 8-K on July 8, 2004 , to announce the acquisition of the $100 \%$ of the assets of Affordable Fiberglass Group (AFG) for a combination of debt forgiveness, common and preferred stock for a total of the aggregate appraised value of the assets. No more than $20 \%$ of the aggregate value is to be issued in restricted common shares with the remaining value being issued in shares of Series D Preferred Stock. The Company will also pay a 5\% brokerage commission, which may be paid in cash or stock at the broker s discretion.

The assets consist of various tooling and equipment, molds, plugs, drawings, receivables, leases, contracts and inventory related to fiberglass production of cars, boats, trailers, toppers and various other products.

The value of the assets of $A F G$ is being determined by the valuation of qualified evaluators using industry standards and is expected to be completed by August 15, 2004. The appraised value of the assets is in the process of being determined and is not expected to be a significant subsidiary, as defined in Regulation $S-B$ Rule 210.01.
(c) S-8 Filings included by reference
(d) Employee Stock Option Plan and Non Employee Directors and Consultants Retainer Plan for 2003 included by reference

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In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AMERICAN COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC.

Date: July 15, 2004 By: /s/ Daniel L. Hefner<br>Daniel L. Hefner, President<br>Date: July 15, 2004 By: /s/ Frank D. Puissegur<br>Frank D. Puissegur, CFO and Chief Accounting Officer

