

GOLD FIELDS LTD

Form 6-K

September 05, 2013

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

**Report of Foreign Private Issuer**

**Pursuant to Rules 13a-16 or 15d-16 under**

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Dated 22 August 2013

Commission File Number: 001-31318

**GOLD FIELDS LIMITED**

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

150 Helen Rd.

Sandown, Sandton 2196

South Africa

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F

Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

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Gold Fields Results |

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**Q2 2013 results in line with guidance**

**JOHANNESBURG. 22 August 2013**, Gold Fields Limited (NYSE & JSE: GFI) today announced a net loss from continuing operations for the June 2013 quarter of US\$129 million compared with earnings of US\$27 million in the March 2013 quarter and US\$105 million in the June 2012 quarter. In Rand terms the net loss for the June 2013 quarter of R1,169 million compared with earnings of R236 million in the March 2013 quarter and R837 million in the June 2012 quarter.

Statement by Nick Holland, Chief Executive Officer of Gold Fields:

**SAFETY**

It is with deep regret that we report that one of our colleagues was fatally injured after a fall of ground accident at a destress section at South Deep during the quarter. This was after a period of 3,923,208 shifts and 805 days without a fatality at South Deep. Following this incident the practice of manual support-drilling in the hanging wall of destress sections has been stopped and a new standard implemented Group-wide whereby all drilling is now remotely operated. Elsewhere, Cerro Corona maintained its record of being lost time injury free since September 2011 and Damang achieved a full year without a lost time injury. Work place injuries of any nature are unacceptable and the safety of our people is not negotiable. We will not mine if we cannot mine safely.

**FINANCIAL RESULTS**

Gold Fields today reported a net loss from continuing operations of US\$129 million (R1,169 million) or US\$0.18 per share (159 SA cents per share) for the second quarter, largely resulting from non-recurring items of US\$143 million (R1,318 million), of which US\$127 million (R1,160 million) relates to impairment charges at Tarkwa and Damang. The impairment was driven by the recent decision to curtail all heap leach activities at Tarkwa and a revaluation of the ore stockpiles at Damang, given the lower gold prices prevailing. Another contributing factor to the quarterly loss was the lower revenue resulting from a decline in production and the lower average quarterly US dollar gold price achieved.

- Attributable gold equivalent production decreased by 5 per cent from 477,000 ounces in the March quarter to

451,000

ounces in the June quarter, mainly due to the illegal strike action at Tarkwa and Damang;

- The average quarterly US dollar gold price achieved decreased by 16 per cent from US\$1,625 per ounce in the March

quarter to US\$1,372 per ounce in the June quarter;

- Revenue declined by 21 per cent from US\$805 million (R7,159 million) to US\$637 million (R6,038 million); and

- Net operating costs decreased by 1 per cent from US\$401 million (R3,566 million) in the March quarter to US\$397 million

(R3,737 million) in the June quarter.

## **OPERATIONAL RESULTS AND GUIDANCE**

Q2 F2013

F2013

F2013

Actual

Original Guidance

Updated Guidance

Production (000 ounces)

451

1,825 – 1,900

1,825 – 1,900

Cash costs (US\$/oz)

857

860

830

Notional cash expenditure (NCE) (US\$/oz)

1,239

1,360

1,240

Group production for the quarter at 451,000 ounces and for the year to date at 928,000 ounces, is supportive of our production guidance for the year at 1.825 million ounces to 1.900 million ounces, which we reaffirm.

As a consequence of the restructuring, rationalisation and aggressive cost cutting implemented since the beginning of the year,

further capital and operating cost savings of approximately US\$200 million, are expected for the full year 2013. This includes

US\$50 million forecast to be saved on project capital. As a result of these savings, the cash cost and NCE guidance for the

Highlights

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Gold production down 5 per cent to 451,000 equivalent attributable ounces, as anticipated

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Total cash cost of US\$857 per ounce and NCE of US\$1,239 per ounce

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Loss of US\$129 million incurred in the quarter due to impairments and the lower gold price

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All-in sustaining costs of US\$1,416 per ounce and  
total all-in cost of US\$1,572 per ounce

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year given in February 2013 has been reduced by approximately US\$30 per ounce and US\$120 per ounce, to US\$830 per ounce and US\$1,240 per ounce, respectively.

If the South Deep project, (which is a developing mine) and capitalised project costs are excluded from these figures, then cash costs are forecast at US\$790 per ounce and NCE at US\$1,110 per ounce; this indicates that the Group's core operations are sustainable at current spot prices. The actual NCE of US\$1,266 per ounce for the six months to June 2013 was lower than guidance for the full year of US\$1,360 per ounce. NCE for the six months to December is forecast at US\$1,180 per ounce. In addition, exploration costs and Far Southeast (FSE) project costs are forecast to be US\$30 million lower than previously estimated.

The Group's All-in sustaining costs (AISC) increased from US\$1,303 per ounce (R372,509 per kilogram) in the March quarter to US\$1,416 per ounce (R428,392 per kilogram) in the June quarter. All-in costs (AIC) increased from US\$1,476 per ounce (R421,735 per kilogram) to US\$1,572 per ounce (R475,577 per kilogram). These costs were determined in accordance with the new World Gold Council standard issued on 27 June 2013. Lower production and inventory impairments were the main reasons for the increase in costs, as previously mentioned (refer to page 7 for detail).

Excluding the impact of the once-off impairments, the Group's AISC and AIC for the June quarter declined by two percent from US\$1,416 per ounce (R428,392 per kilogram) to US\$1,280 per ounce (R387,271 per kilogram) and by three per cent from US\$1,572 per ounce (R475,577 per kilogram) to US\$1,436 per ounce (R434,456 per kilogram) respectively.

At US\$1,280 per ounce (R387,271 per kilogram) for the June quarter the normalised AISC was two per cent lower than the US\$1,308 per ounce (R344,315 per kilogram) achieved for the full year 2012. This reflects the initial results of the Group's cost reduction programme and curtailment of marginal production.

Due to the significant decline in the gold price, the Group has made a loss for the quarter. Management and the Board are also concerned about gold price volatility in the short-term. As a result, the Gold Fields Board has deemed it prudent not to declare an interim dividend.

**AGGRESSIVE COST CUTTING TO POSITION GOLD FIELDS FOR A LOWER GOLD PRICE ENVIRONMENT**

Commencing with the 2012 Group-wide portfolio review aimed at achieving sustainable free cash flow generation, and the

subsequent restructuring and rationalisation which commenced in late 2012, we have taken and are continuing to take a series of steps to reduce costs without negatively impacting underground development and surface stripping at the operations. This proactive stance on costs allowed us to respond effectively to the volatility in prices during the June quarter, which added impetus and greater urgency to the restructuring and rationalisation process.

While much work is still required to reposition the cost base of the company, considerable progress has been made with the following interventions:

- The reduction of marginal mining in the Group commenced with the closure of the marginal heap leach operation at St Ives in Australia; the withdrawal from mining the low grade Main and Rajah ore bodies at Agnew, also in Australia; and the closure of the South Heap leach operations at Tarkwa in Ghana. All of these measures have had a positive impact on the costs of these operations. Further reductions in marginal mining are planned at the various operations as discussed below;
- Restructuring and rightsizing of all operational and regional structures as well as the corporate office and the growth and international projects unit (GIP). This was accompanied by the introduction of a fit-for-purpose, low-cost, operating model and structure with full operational responsibility and accountability in capable and appropriately resourced regions. The number of employees, including contractors, world-wide has reduced by five per cent from 19,400 after the unbundling of Sibanye to 18,400 currently. Full time employees in the Group now number 9,900. The smaller corporate office, which has reduced its staff numbers from 110 to 56 people, is now narrowly focused on the Group functions of strategy, capital, growth, stakeholders, policies and standards, as well as compliance and reporting;
- Corporate costs are now estimated at US\$10 per ounce;
- Rationalisation and prioritisation of all capital expenditure and, where appropriate, the deferral of expenditure in a manner that will not compromise the future integrity of the operations and ore bodies. Capital expenditure for the year is forecast at US\$790 million compared with the previous guidance of US\$970 million;
- The Group's greenfields exploration budget has been reduced from US\$130 million in 2012 to US\$80 million for 2013 and our scarce resources refocused on smaller, higher grade, less capital intensive projects, with only the most promising targets being advanced;
- Near mine exploration expenditure has been cut from US\$65 million in 2012 to approximately US\$28 million in 2013;

- The Tarkwa Expansion Phase 6 (TEP6) and both the Cerro Corona Oxides and Sulphides projects have been cancelled due to inadequate returns at current prices and due to capital rationing;
- The burn-rate on all of the advanced stage international growth projects has been reduced significantly from US\$128 million to US\$84 million in 2013 as we prioritised spend. As a consequence of the rationalisation of our portfolio, certain projects have been earmarked for disposal. These include the Arctic Platinum Project (APP) in Finland, the Woodjam project in Canada and the Talas Copper/Gold project in Kyrgyzstan. The longer-term viability of our remaining projects is being reassessed in light of current low prices; and
- Part of the rationalisation of our operations is based upon the assumption of a US\$1,300 per ounce gold price for our 2013 Resource and Reserve declaration instead of the US\$1,500 per ounce used in 2012. This change will also flow through into the 2014 operational plans and further reduce marginal mining and focus on improving margins.

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## OPERATIONAL HEALTH CHECK AND ROAD MAP

### GHANA

In the West Africa region the Tarkwa and Damang mines were affected by industrial action early in the June quarter, which resulted in a combined loss of approximately 21,700 ounces. Following significant interventions the situation at both mines has returned to normal.

#### **Tarkwa**

Tarkwa's gold production for the quarter was 139,200 ounces compared with 170,100 in the previous quarter. The lower production was due to the illegal strike action and a temporary reduction in grade.

Tarkwa continues to be a world-class ore-body. Lower gold prices have necessitated a rationalisation of the operation by further reducing marginal production. Accordingly it has been decided to close the North heap leach operations by the end of 2013.

Heap leach recoveries have been steadily declining over the years and are now at around 55 per cent compared with recoveries in the CIL plant of 96 per cent. In our view the opportunity loss arising from the difference in recoveries cannot be ignored, particularly at lower gold prices. It was also decided not to advance the TEP6 project which had been under consideration for the past year as a possible solution for the treatment of the increasingly harder ore encountered as the open pits become deeper and recoveries from the heap leach operations decline. The decision not to proceed with the project was motivated by inadequate returns and capital rationing.

As a consequence, Tarkwa's annual production profile is expected to be between 525,000 ounces and 550,000 ounces initially.

Early indications are that the cost profile should improve as a result of higher recoveries but more work is being done to quantify the impact. Further rationalisation opportunities at the mine are under review.

#### **Damang**

Damang's managed gold production for the June quarter was 31,800 ounces compared with 43,300 ounces in the March quarter. As with Tarkwa, this was as a result of the industrial action, as well as the premature closure of the original Damang Pit due to safety concerns.

The existing Damang mine has effectively come to the end of its life following the withdrawal from the original Damang pit during the quarter. The mine is incurring losses and is cash negative due to inadequate volumes of high grade ore to feed the CIL plant, compounded by reduced availability of the plant due to its age. The plant is 17 years old, which is beyond its original



anticipated life. Nonetheless, Damang has a large reserve base of four million ounces and a resource of eight million ounces. A dedicated project team has been assembled to determine if there are economic means to extract all or part of the remaining four million ounces. A decision on the future of Damang is expected by February 2014, which might include placing the mine on care and maintenance. In the interim, aggressive steps are being implemented to improve volumes, grade and plant availability in the short term, as a means of containing cash outflows.

## **AUSTRALIA**

### **St Ives**

St Ives produced 97,700 ounces of gold in the June quarter compared with 102,000 ounces in the March quarter. This reduction was mainly due to a planned maintenance closure of the Lefroy mill.

Significant operational restructuring has already taken place at St Ives and the operation is viable as is evidenced by the strong operating results. While St Ives is now securely positioned in the lowest cost quartile in Australia, further cost reductions and revenue enhancing measures are under review.

### **Agnew**

At Agnew, gold production increased to 53,000 ounces from 43,700 ounces in the March quarter mainly due to higher grade and improved throughput as a result of increased tonnes treated from the Songvang open pit stockpiles.

The successful implementation of the fit-for-purpose, low-cost, operating model and structure focussed on sustainable cash generation, has set Agnew up to be a good asset in our portfolio for some years to come. Agnew is now one of the lowest cost producers in the Group and near the bottom of the lowest cost quartile in Australia. Our challenge is to maintain this excellent performance.

## **PERU**

### **Cerro Corona**

In the South America region Cerro Corona produced 70,000 gold equivalent ounces compared with 76,900 gold equivalent ounces in the March quarter. This decrease was mainly due to an expected decrease in gold and copper grades, in line with those published in the 2012 Reserve declaration, partially offset by an increase in gold and copper recoveries.

Cerro Corona is the lowest cost producer in the Group and one of the lowest cost producers in the industry. We believe that we can maintain this cost position for many years into the future.

Due to inadequate returns and capital rationing, it was decided not to advance the Sulphide Expansion project and the Oxides project at Cerro Corona. Instead of constructing a separate treatment facility for the existing oxide stockpiles,

technologies are being tested that may make it possible to treat the Oxide material through the existing Sulphide circuits, if recovery rates are acceptable.

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**SOUTH AFRICA**

**South Deep**

In the South Africa region the South Deep project increased its production by 23 per cent from 63,000 ounces (1,959 kilograms)

in the March quarter to 77,800 ounces (2,420 kilograms) in the June quarter. Noteworthy was a 23 per cent increase in total

tonnes milled to a record 640,000 tonnes, a 51 per cent quarter-on-quarter improvement in development, as well as a 39 per

cent improvement in distress mining, all of which are important for the project's production build-up. This performance is

evidence of the successful implementation of the new operating model which launched in November 2012.

Despite these notable improvements, the slower production build-up, along with the slower than anticipated build-up in distress

mining, is unlikely to place the mine in a position to achieve its previous target of 700,000 ounces of annual production during

2016. In addition, the underground yield and mine call factor have been negatively impacted by logistical constraints which have

resulted in a delay in moving the long-hole stoping tonnages from the working place to the shaft. Long-hole stoping currently

comprises 30 per cent of mining volumes. The mine has thus recently adopted a new blasting protocol in the long-hole stopes

as the previous protocol has generated excessive tonnes per blast which could not effectively be removed. The new protocol

allows for more frequent blasting and cleaning of lesser tonnes per blast to alleviate the current cleaning and movement

constraints. A comprehensive review is underway to determine the most realistic future production profile for this mine. Once

this is completed a reassessment of the capital and cost base will follow. Our view is that a rationalisation of the cost base at

South Deep is required, given that the production build-up is likely to take longer and due to the lower gold price. We aim to

provide further information on this review process by the end of the year.

If the current low gold price environment persists for a protracted period of time, it is unlikely that the South Deep project in its

current configuration will achieve break-even by the end of this year as previously estimated.

**EXPLORATION AND INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PROJECTS**

With the announcement of the Group's March quarter 2013 results on 10 May 2013, we reported that the Group's growth

activities were being significantly refocused, in line with the Group's free cash flow objectives and the outcome of the Portfolio

Review announced on 14 February 2013. This process continued unabated during the second quarter, with a significant focus

on the lowering of the burn-rate on all of the advanced stage international growth projects.

A prioritisation process has commenced on the project portfolio with a view to ranking our projects and determining which

should continue to be advanced and which should be exited. This will allow the Group to concentrate on those assets

which best fit the company's objectives, have the best economic returns and are in jurisdictions considered attractive.

Accordingly, Gold Fields has appointed CIBC to explore strategic alternatives, including the possibility of a disposal, for the Arctic Platinum project in Finland, while Jefferies International has been appointed to do the same for the Talas Copper Gold project in Kyrgyzstan. The Woodjam project in British Columbia, Canada, has also been earmarked for possible disposal.

At the Yanfolila project in Mali the de-risking programme continues according to plan. Government approval for the exploitation permit is expected during the September 2013 quarter and a decision on the future of the project is expected by early 2014.

At the Chucapaca project in Peru conceptual studies for different mining scenarios, including a smaller underground operation, as well as metallurgical test work and capital estimates to support these scenarios, are ongoing. This work is expected to be completed by the end of the year after which a decision will be made on the project's future.

At the FSE project in the Philippines the project reached a significant milestone when the indigenous elders of the community voted in favour of the Free Prior Informed Consent (FPIC) for the project by an 84 per cent margin. The FPIC process is expected to be finalised by the end of September 2013 with the signing of a memorandum of agreement with the communities. Thereafter the focus will shift to securing the Financial Technical Assistance Agreement (FTAA), which will enable Gold Fields to exercise its option to acquire an additional 20 per cent of the project, raising its stake to 60 per cent. Work is underway to determine the viability of a smaller, less capital intensive starter operation with a shorter timeline to production. This could entail a long-hole open stoping operation focusing initially on the higher grade portion of the ore body. This study is expected to take at least until June 2014.

#### **CONCLUSION**

While we remain positive on the medium term outlook for the gold price, we are concentrating our attention and efforts on current prices. We remain focused on cash generation rather than ounces for the sake of ounces, as is evidenced by our ongoing reduction of marginal mining and aggressive cost reductions. The objective is to retain the integrity of our operations and to position the Group for profitability at current spot gold prices.

Stock data  
NYSE – (GFI)  
Number of shares in issue  
Range – Quarter  
US\$4.70 – US\$7.70  
– at end June 2013  
736,562,241

Average Volume – Quarter

5,579,904 shares/day

– average for the quarter

735,823,756

JSE Limited – (GFI)

Free Float

100 per cent

Range – Quarter

ZAR53.33 – ZAR71.93

ADR Ratio

1:1

Average Volume – Quarter

4,511,307 shares/day

Bloomberg/Reuters GFISJ/GFLJ.J

## Gold Fields Results I

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UNITED STATES DOLLARS

Continuing Operations

Key statistics

SOUTH AFRICAN RAND

Six months to

Quarter

Quarter

Six months to

Restated\*

June

2012

**June****2013**

Restated\*

June

2012

March

2013

**June****2013****June****2013**

March

2013

Restated\*

June

2012

**June****2013**

Restated\*

June

2012

1,001

**928**503                      477                      **451**

oz (000)

Gold produced\*

kg

**14,040**14,825                      15,642                      **28,865**

31,133

759

**838**760                      819                      **857**

\$/oz

Total cash cost

R/kg

**259,405**234,036                      196,926                      **246,401**

193,167			
1,295			
<b>1,266</b>			
1,332	1,291	<b>1,239</b>	
\$/oz			
Notional cash expenditure			
R/kg			
<b>374,704</b>			
369,050	345,116	<b>372,355</b>	
329,755			
22,394			
<b>18,329</b>			
11,049	9,535	<b>8,794</b>	
000	Tonnes	milled/treated	000
<b>8,794</b>			
9,535	11,049	<b>18,329</b>	
22,394			
1,630			
<b>1,503</b>			
1,582	1,625	<b>1,372</b>	
\$/oz		Revenue	R/kg
<b>418,108</b>			
464,549	409,857	<b>442,082</b>	
414,956			
36			
<b>44</b>			
37	42	<b>45</b>	
\$/tonne		Operating costs	R/tonne
<b>425</b>			
375	295	<b>399</b>	
288			
922			
<b>644</b>			
431	404	<b>240</b>	
\$m		Operating profit	Rm
<b>2,301</b>			
3,593	3,487	<b>5,894</b>	
7,301			
54			
<b>45</b>			
52	50	<b>38</b>	
%		Operating margin	%
<b>38</b>			
50	52	<b>45</b>	
54			
21			
<b>16</b>			
16	21	<b>10</b>	
%		NCE margin	%
<b>10</b>			
21	16	<b>16</b>	

21			
1,227			
<b>1,358</b>			
1,308	1,303	<b>1,416</b>	
\$/oz	All-in sustaining costs#		R/kg
<b>428,392</b>			
372,509	338,862	<b>399,460</b>	
318,019			
1,449			
<b>1,522</b>			
1,539	1,476	<b>1,572</b>	
\$/oz	Total all-in cost#		R/kg
<b>475,577</b>			
421,735	398,826	<b>447,809</b>	
375,476			
154			
<b>(102)</b>			
105	27		
<b>(129)</b>			
\$m	Net (loss)/earnings		
Rm			
<b>(1,169)</b>			
236	837		
<b>(934)</b>			
1,218			
21			
<b>(14)</b>			
15	4		
<b>(18)</b>			
US c.p.s.			
Net (loss)/earnings			
SA c.p.s.			
<b>(159)</b>			
32	114		
<b>(127)</b>			
168			
165			
<b>(57)</b>			
114	28		
<b>(84)</b>			
\$m	Headline (loss)/earnings		Rm
<b>(763)</b>			
246	911		
<b>(517)</b>			
1,308			
23			
<b>(8)</b>			
18	4		
<b>(12)</b>			
US c.p.s.			
Headline (loss)/earnings			



SA c.p.s.			
<b>(105)</b>			
34	125	<b>(71)</b>	
181			
178			
<b>32</b>			
118	68		
<b>(36)</b>			
\$m	Normalised (loss)/earnings		Rm
<b>(312)</b>			
608	941	<b>296</b>	
1,406			
24			
<b>4</b>			
15	9		
<b>(5)</b>			
US c.p.s.			
Normalised (loss)/earnings			
SA c.p.s.			
<b>(43)</b>			
83	129	<b>40</b>	
194			
*			

*All of the key statistics given above are managed figures, except for gold produced which is attributable equivalent production.*

#

*As per the new World Gold Council Standard issued on 27 June 2013.*

*All operations are wholly owned except for Tarkwa and Damang in Ghana (90.0 per cent) and Cerro Corona in Peru (98.6 per cent).*

*Gold produced (and sales) throughout this report includes copper gold equivalents of approximately 7 per cent of Group production.*

*Figures may not add as they are rounded independently.*

*The June 2012 quarter and six months to June 2012 have been restated due to the adoption of IFRIC20.*

Certain forward looking statements

Certain statements in this document constitute “forward looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933

and Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the company to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include among others: economic, business and political conditions in South Africa, Ghana, Australia, Peru and elsewhere; the ability to achieve anticipated efficiencies and other cost savings in connection with past and future acquisitions, exploration and development activities; decreases in the market price of gold and/or copper; hazards associated with underground and surface gold mining; labour disruptions; availability terms and deployment of capital or credit; changes in government regulations, particularly environmental regulations; and new legislation affecting mining and mineral

rights; changes in exchange rates; currency devaluations; inflation and other macro-economic factors, industrial action, temporary stoppages of mines for safety and unplanned maintenance reasons; and the impact of the AIDS crisis in South Africa. These forward looking statements speak only as of the date of this document.

The company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

### **Results for the Group (continuing operations)**

#### **Safety**

We regret to report that a fatal injury occurred at our South Deep operation during the quarter due to a fall of ground in a distress end whilst drilling in a hanging wall to provide support. All hand held drilling has since been stopped and drilling is now mechanised and operated remotely. This ended a run of 805 days and 3,923,208 shifts without a fatality at South Deep. The Group's fatality injury frequency rate therefore regressed from zero in the March quarter to 0.09 in the June quarter.

Cerro Corona continued to report zero lost time injuries (LTI's) and has done so since September 2011. Damang has also achieved a full year without reporting any LTI's.

### **Quarter ended 30 June 2013 compared with quarter ended 31 March 2013**

#### **Revenue**

Attributable equivalent gold production from continuing operations decreased by 5 per cent from 477,000 ounces in the March quarter to 451,000 ounces in the June quarter mainly due to the illegal strike at Tarkwa and Damang, partially offset by an increase in production at South Deep.

At the South Africa region, production at South Deep, increased by 23 per cent from 63,000 ounces (1,959 kilograms) to 77,800 ounces (2,420 kilograms).

Attributable gold production at the West African operations decreased by 20 per cent from 192,100 ounces to 153,900 ounces. Attributable equivalent gold production at Cerro Corona in Peru, decreased by 9 per cent from 75,800 ounces to 69,000 ounces. At the Australian operations, gold production increased by 4 per cent from 145,700 ounces to 150,800 ounces.

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At the South Africa region, production at South Deep, increased by 23 per cent from 63,000 ounces (1,959 kilograms) to 77,800 ounces (2,420 kilograms), mainly due to a full quarter's production in the current quarter with the extended Christmas break having affected the March quarter.

At the West Africa region, lost production due to industrial action amounted to approximately 21,700 ounces. Managed gold production at Tarkwa decreased by 18 per cent from 170,100 ounces to 139,200 ounces, mainly due to industrial action and lower grade fed to the CIL plant arising from a temporary reduction in mining grade. At Damang, managed gold production decreased by 27 per cent from 43,300 ounces to 31,800 ounces due to a decrease in mining grade and yield exacerbated by a decrease in throughput due to the premature closure of the original Damang pit, as well as the industrial action.

At the South America region, total managed gold equivalent production at Cerro Corona decreased as expected by 9 per cent from 76,900 equivalent ounces in the March quarter to 70,000 equivalent ounces in the June quarter. This decrease in production was mainly due to a decrease in gold and copper grades, partially offset by an increase in gold and copper recoveries.

At the Australasia region, St Ives' gold production decreased as expected by 4 per cent from 102,000 ounces to 97,700 ounces mainly due to reduced throughput at the Lefroy mill following a planned maintenance closure during the June quarter. At Agnew, gold production increased by 21 per cent from 43,700 ounces to 53,000 ounces mainly due to higher grade and increased throughput at the Kim underground mine as well as increased tonnes treated from Songvang open pit stockpiles.

The average quarterly US dollar gold price achieved by the Group decreased by 16 per cent from US\$1,625 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,372 per ounce in the June quarter. The average rand gold price decreased by 10 per cent from R464,549 per kilogram to R418,108 per kilogram, while the average Australian dollar gold price decreased by 8 per cent from A\$1,572 per ounce to A\$1,452 per ounce. The average US dollar/Rand exchange rate weakened by 6 per cent from R8.89 in the March quarter to R9.41 in the June quarter. The average Rand/Australian dollar exchange rate weakened by 2 per cent from R9.22 to R9.42. The average Australian/US dollar exchange rate weakened by 4 per cent from A\$1.00 = US\$1.04 to A\$1.00 = US\$1.00.

As a result of the above mentioned factors, revenue decreased by 21 per cent from US\$805 million (R7,159 million) in the March quarter to US\$637 million (R6,038 million) in the June quarter.

## Operating costs

Net operating costs decreased by 1 per cent from US\$401 million (R3,566 million) in the March quarter to US\$397 million (R3,737 million) in the June quarter. Total cash cost increased by 5 per cent from US\$819 per ounce (R234,036 per kilogram) to US\$857 per ounce (R259,405 per kilogram) due to the lower production partially offset by the decrease in net operating costs.

At the South Africa region, net operating costs at South Deep increased by 17 per cent from R679 million (US\$76 million) to R797 million (US\$85 million) and total cash cost decreased by 4 per cent from R339,969 per kilogram (US\$1,189 per ounce) to R325,701 per kilogram (US\$1,077 per ounce) due to the increase in production.

At the West Africa region, net operating costs decreased by 4 per cent from US\$169 million (R1,500 million) to US\$162 million (R1,525 million). This decrease in net operating costs was due to the lower production at both Tarkwa and Damang partially offset by a draw-down of inventory at Damang in the June quarter compared with a build-up in the March quarter. Total cash cost at the West African operations increased by 18 per cent from US\$810 per ounce to US\$953 per ounce due to the decrease in production partially offset by the decrease in net operating costs.

At Cerro Corona in South America, net operating costs decreased by 21 per cent from US\$38 million (R333 million) to US\$30 million (R283 million), mainly due to a decrease in the statutory workers participation in profits and a gold-in-process credit to costs due to an increase in sulphide ore stockpiles linked to more ore mined than processed. Total cash cost decreased by 10 per cent from US\$560 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$503 per ounce in the June quarter due to the decrease in net operating costs, partially offset by the lower gold equivalent ounces sold.

At the Australasia region, net operating costs increased by 5 per cent from A\$114 million (US\$119 million) to A\$120 million (US\$120 million). At St Ives, the increase in costs was due to the increase in open pit ore production. At Agnew, the higher costs were due to increased processing costs and a draw-down of inventory in the June quarter compared with a build-up in the March quarter. Total cash cost for the region increased by 2 per cent from A\$773 per ounce (US\$802 per ounce) to A\$787 per ounce (US\$788 per ounce) mainly due to the increased costs, partially offset by the increase in production.

## Operating margin

Operating profit for the Group decreased by 41 per cent from US\$404 million (R3,593 million) in the March quarter to US\$240 million (R2,301 million) in the June quarter due to the decrease in revenue.

The Group's operating margin decreased from 50 per cent in the March quarter to 38 per cent in the June quarter.

### **Amortisation**

Amortisation for the Group increased by 4 per cent from US\$137 million (R1,214 million) in the March quarter to US\$143 million (R1,345 million) in the June quarter, mainly due to the increased production at South Deep which attracts a higher amortisation charge per ounce produced than the other operations in the Group.

### **Other**

Net interest paid for the Group increased from US\$10 million (R92 million) in the March quarter to US\$14 million (R128 million) in the June quarter. In the June quarter interest paid of US\$22 million (R203 million) was partially offset by interest received of US\$3 million (R25 million) and interest capitalised of US\$5 million (R50 million). In the March quarter interest paid of US\$19 million (R165 million) was partially offset by interest received of US\$2 million (R22 million) and interest capitalised of US\$7 million (R51 million).

The loss on share of results of associates after taxation for the Group decreased from US\$9 million (R81 million) in the March quarter to US\$5 million (R50 million) in the June quarter. This decrease reflects the deliberate reduction in expenditure on the ongoing study and evaluation costs at the Far Southeast project (FSE), pending the granting of the FTAA by the Philippines government.

The gain on foreign exchange of US\$13 million (R116 million) in the June quarter compared with US\$nil million (R1 million) in the March quarter. The gains and losses on foreign exchange related to the conversion of offshore cash holdings into their functional currencies, as well as exchange gains and losses on inter-company loans.

The loss on financial instruments of US\$4 million (R37 million) in the June quarter compared with US\$nil million (R1 million) in the March quarter. The loss in the June quarter mainly related to the South Deep US dollar hedge which was entered into in the current quarter (refer to page 22 for detail).

Share-based payments for the Group decreased from US\$13 million (R117 million) in the March quarter to US\$12 million (R117 million) in the June quarter.

Other costs for the Group decreased from US\$9 million (R84 million) in the March quarter to US\$8 million (R77 million) in the June quarter.

### **Exploration**

Exploration expenditure decreased from US\$24 million (R211 million)

in the March quarter to US\$22 million (R203 million) in the June quarter. Refer to the Growth and International projects section on page 14 for more detail on exploration activities.

**Feasibility and evaluation costs**

Feasibility and evaluation costs, which include Corporate development and strategic project costs as well as related general office costs in the various countries in which the Group conducts feasibility and evaluation studies, decreased from US\$13 million (R118 million) in the March quarter to US\$12 million (R110 million) in the June quarter.

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Refer to the Growth and International projects section on page 14 for more detail.

### **Non-recurring items**

Non-recurring expenses increased from US\$44 million (R390 million) in the March quarter to US\$143 million (R1,318 million) in the June quarter. The non-recurring expenses in the June quarter included mainly US\$8 million (R76 million) relating to business process re-engineering and restructuring costs across the Group and US\$127 million (R1,160 million) relating to impairment costs at Tarkwa and Damang.

As a result of the lower gold price the Tarkwa North heap leach inventory of 43,000 ounces has a net realisable value lower than cost. Accordingly it has been decided to effect a full write-off of the accounting value of US\$43 million (R392 million).

Further write-downs of assets are explained as follows: At Tarkwa a decision has been made to stop the North heap leach operations by the end of 2013. It is anticipated that, although stacking of fresh material will cease, rinsing of the existing heaps will continue through all, or part of 2014. In addition, stacking at the South heap leach ceased at the end of 2012. A decision has also been taken not to construct a new CIL plant at this time (TEP6 project) due to inadequate returns. The future Tarkwa operation, post 2013, will be constituted of a CIL plant processing 12 million tonnes per annum sourced from the required mine feed which is likely to be lower than current levels, reflecting the downsized operation.

As a consequence of these key strategic decisions made during the June quarter, certain assets at the North and South heap leach facilities, predominantly crushing circuits and associated equipment will no longer be deployed either independently or in conjunction with TEP6. Given the imminent cessation of Heap leach activities in their entirety, all associated Heap leach assets have been impaired to a net recoverable value of US\$22 million, necessitating a write-down of US\$68 million (R611 million). Also due to the recent sharp decline in the gold price, run of mill stockpiles at Damang of US\$16 million (R147 million) have been fully written off.

The non-recurring expenses in the March quarter included US\$5 million (R47 million) relating to business process re-engineering and restructuring costs mainly at South Deep and Tarkwa, as well as US\$36 million (R323 million) relating to costs incurred on the unbundling of Sibanye. The unbundling costs included US\$24 million (R209 million) which related to the refinancing of facilities in terms of the unbundling requirements.

## **Royalties**

Government royalties for the Group decreased from US\$28 million (R247 million) in the March quarter to US\$19 million (R178 million) in the June quarter mainly due to the lower revenue received on which royalties are calculated.

## **Taxation**

Taxation for the Group decreased from US\$83 million (R733 million) in the March quarter to US\$7 million (R90 million) in the June quarter, in line with the lower profit before taxation.

## **Earnings**

The net loss attributable to owners of the parent amounted to US\$129 million (R1,169 million) or US\$0.18 per share (159 SA cents per share) in the June quarter, compared with net earnings of US\$27 million (R236 million) or US\$0.04 per share (32 SA cents per share) in the March quarter.

Headline losses amounted to US\$84 million (R763 million) or US\$0.12 per share (105 SA cents per share) in the June quarter, compared with headline earnings of US\$28 million (R246 million) or US\$0.04 per share (34 SA cents per share) in the March quarter.

Normalised losses amounted to US\$36 million (R312 million) or US\$0.05 per share (43 SA cents per share) in the June quarter, compared with normalised earnings of US\$68 million (R608 million) or US\$0.09 per share (83 SA cents per share) in the March quarter. The normalised losses in the June quarter was mainly due to the lower gold price, lower gold sold and the negative gold price adjustment of US\$13 million related to previous and current concentrate shipments at Cerro Corona.

## **Cash flow**

Cash outflow from operating activities of US\$42 million (R382 million) in the June quarter compared with an inflow of US\$200 million (R1,857 million) for continuing operations in the March quarter. The cash outflow in the June quarter was mainly due to lower profit and an investment in working capital of US\$57 million (R505 million) due to larger creditor payments in the June quarter compared with the March quarter.

No dividends were paid in the June quarter compared with US\$62 million (R565 million) paid in the March quarter which included US\$61 million (R558 million) paid to owners of the parent and US\$1 million (R7 million) paid to non-controlling interest holders at La Cima.

Cash outflow from investing activities for continuing operations decreased from US\$257 million (R2,285 million) in the March quarter



to US\$188 million (R1,779 million) in the June quarter. Capital expenditure decreased from US\$244 million (R2,173 million) in the March quarter to US\$187 million (R1,776 million) in the June quarter.

In the South Africa region at South Deep, capital expenditure increased from R551 million (US\$62 million) in the March quarter to R571 million (US\$61 million) in the June quarter. The majority of this expenditure was on development, ventilation shaft deepening and infrastructure costs required in the build-up to full production.

At the West Africa region, capital expenditure decreased from US\$99 million in the March quarter to US\$56 million in the June quarter. Tarkwa decreased from US\$84 million to US\$40 million with expenditure on pre-stripping, additional mining fleet and the water treatment plants. Capital expenditure at Damang increased from US\$15 million to US\$16 million with the majority of the expenditure on pre-stripping and various process plant upgrades.

In South America, at Cerro Corona, capital expenditure increased from US\$14 million in the March quarter to US\$16 million in the June quarter with the majority of the expenditure on the construction of the tailings storage facility.

At the Australasia region, capital expenditure decreased from A\$55 million in the March quarter to A\$47 million in the June quarter. At St Ives, capital expenditure decreased from A\$46 million to A\$34 million, with decreased expenditure on development at Bellerophon and Mars open pit mines as well as lower expenditure on acquisition of open pit fleet during the June quarter. Capital expenditure in the June quarter on the transition to owner mining amounted to A\$4 million compared with A\$8 million in the March quarter, bringing the total expenditure to date on the project to A\$66 million, with a forecast of A\$90 million to finalise the project by 2014. At Agnew, capital expenditure increased from A\$10 million to A\$13 million. The expenditure at Agnew was mostly on the development of Kim underground mine.

Net cash inflow from financing activities for continuing operations increased from US\$116 million (R1,073 million) in the March quarter to US\$131 million (R1,283 million) in the June quarter and comprised a net inflow of South African and offshore loans received and repaid.

The net cash outflow for the Group for continuing operations increased from US\$3 million (R80 million) in the March quarter to US\$99 million (outflow R878 million) in the June quarter. After accounting for a negative translation adjustment of US\$27 million (positive R96 million) on offshore cash balances, the cash outflow for the June quarter was US\$126 million (R782 million). The cash balance decreased from US\$569 million (R5,276 million) at the end of March to US\$443 million (R4,494 million) at the end of June.

#### **All-in sustaining and total all-in cost**

The World Gold Council has worked closely with its member companies to develop definitions for “all-in sustaining costs” and “all-in costs”. These non-GAAP measures are intended to provide further transparency into the costs associated with producing and selling an ounce of gold. The new standard was released by the World Gold Council on 27 June 2013. It is expected that these new metrics will be helpful to investors, governments, local communities and other stakeholders in understanding the economics of gold mining. The “all-in sustaining costs” is an extension of existing “cash cost” metrics and

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incorporates costs related to sustaining current production. The “all-in costs” include additional costs which relate to the growth of the Group.

Gold Fields adopted and implemented these metrics as from the June 2013 quarter. All-in sustaining costs and all-in costs are reported on a per ounce and a per kilogram basis – refer to the detailed table on page 28 and page 29 of this report.

The Group all-in sustaining costs increased from US\$1,303 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,416 per ounce in the June quarter due to the decrease in gold sold, inventory impairments at Tarkwa and Damang as well as lower by-product credits at Cerro Corona. This was partially offset by lower capital expenditure at almost all the operations. Total all-in costs increased from US\$1,476 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,572 per ounce in the June quarter for the same reasons as all-in sustaining costs. If non-recurring inventory impairments are excluded, then all-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost for the Group would have been US\$1,280 per ounce and US\$1,436 per ounce in the June quarter respectively.

In the South Africa region, at South Deep, all-in sustaining cost per kilogram decreased from R520,938 per kilogram (US\$1,823 per ounce) to R471,288 per kilogram (US\$1,558 per ounce) due to the increase in gold sold partially offset by higher operating costs. The all-in costs decreased from R636,045 per kilogram (US\$2,225 per ounce) to R573,110 per kilogram (US\$1,894 per ounce) due to the higher gold sold, partially offset by the higher operating costs and the higher non sustaining capital expenditure.

At the West Africa region, all-in sustaining cost and total all-in cost per ounce increased from US\$1,358 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,712 per ounce in the June quarter due to the lower gold sold, inventory impairments of US\$59 million at Tarkwa and Damang and the higher draw-down of gold-in-process partially offset by the lower capital expenditure. If inventory impairments are excluded, then all-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost for the West Africa region would have been US\$1,368 per ounce in the June quarter.

At the South America region, all-in sustaining cost and total all-in cost per ounce increased from US\$150 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$587 per ounce in the June quarter mainly due to the decrease in by-product credits and the decrease in gold sold, partially offset by the decrease in operating costs and the increase in concentrate stock.

At the Australasia region, all-in sustaining cost and total all-in cost per ounce decreased from A\$1,217 per ounce (US\$1,263 per ounce) in the March quarter to A\$1,150 per ounce (US\$1,151 per ounce) in the June quarter mainly due to the lower capital expenditure and increased gold sold, partially offset by the higher operating costs.

### **Notional cash expenditure (NCE)**

Notional cash expenditure is defined as operating costs (including general and administration expenses) plus capital expenditure, which includes near-mine exploration and growth capital. NCE is reported on a per equivalent kilogram and per equivalent ounce basis – refer to the detailed table on page 30 of this report.

Revenue less NCE reflects the free cash flow available to pay taxation, state royalties, interest, greenfields exploration, feasibility and evaluation costs and dividends.

The NCE margin is defined as the difference between revenue per ounce and NCE per ounce expressed as a percentage.

The Group NCE, which includes capitalised project costs, decreased from US\$1,291 per ounce (R369,050 per kilogram) to US\$1,239 per ounce (R374,704 per kilogram) as a result of the lower capital expenditure and lower operating costs partly offset by the lower production. The NCE margin for the Group decreased from 21 per cent to 10 per cent due mainly to the decline in the gold price.

NCE excluding capitalised project costs, decreased from US\$1,271 per ounce (R363,188 per kilogram) in the March quarter to US\$1,227 per ounce (R372,199 per kilogram) in the June quarter due to lower costs and capital expenditure partially offset by the lower production. The NCE margin excluding capitalised project costs decreased from 22 per cent to 11 per cent.

The Group NCE for capital projects decreased from US\$21 per ounce (R5,863 per kilogram) in the March quarter to US\$12 per ounce (R3,521 per kilogram) in the June quarter. Actual expenditure for the June quarter, all of which is capitalised, at both Chucapaca (51 per cent) and APP amounted to US\$3 million (R25 million) and US\$2 million (R21 million) respectively. In addition, US\$1 million (R7 million) was spent at the Salares Norte project in Chile, in addition to exploration expenditure on this project which is expensed.

In the South Africa region, at South Deep NCE per ounce decreased from R627,514 per kilogram (US\$2,195 per ounce) to R566,194 per kilogram (US\$1,871 per ounce) due to the increase in production partially offset by higher costs and capital expenditure. The NCE margin improved from negative 33 per cent to negative 30 per cent due to the lower NCE partially offset by the lower gold price received.

At the West Africa region, NCE per ounce decreased from US\$1,237 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,207 per ounce in the June quarter due to the lower costs and capital expenditure partially offset by the lower production. The NCE margin decreased from 24 per cent to 15 per cent in the June quarter due to the lower gold price received

partially offset by the lower NCE.

At the South America region, NCE per ounce increased from US\$728 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$781 per ounce in the June quarter due to the decrease in production and increase in capital expenditure partially offset by the decrease in operating costs. The NCE margin at Cerro Corona decreased from 54 per cent to 23 per cent due to the lower gold price received and the higher NCE.

At the Australasia region, NCE per ounce decreased from A\$1,163 per ounce (US\$1,206 per ounce) in the March quarter to A\$1,122 per ounce (US\$1,123 per ounce) in the June quarter due to higher production and lower capital expenditure partially offset by the increase in costs. The NCE margin decreased from 26 per cent to 22 per cent due to the lower gold price received partially offset by the lower NCE.

### **Balance sheet**

Net debt (long-term loans plus the current portion of long-term loans less cash and deposits) increased from US\$1,263 million (R10,820 million) at the end of December 2012 to US\$1,656 million (R16,812 million) at the end of June 2013.

### **Operational review**

#### **Cost and revenue optimisation initiatives through Business Process Re-engineering (BPR)**

The BPR process continues to review all operational production processes and associated cost structures from the stope to the mill. New business blueprints and appropriate organisational structures continue to be assessed to support sustainable gold output at an NCE margin of 20 per cent in the short to-medium term and 25 per cent in the long-term.

#### **South Africa region**

##### **South Deep**

South Deep is planning to establish best practice Business Improvement (BI) capabilities internally during the September 2013 quarter, integrated with the Group's requirements, to support continuous business improvements on the mine. This BI capability will use systematic improvement methodologies such as Six Sigma, Lean and Theory of Constraints. BI will remain as a standard business process and function after ramp-up of the mine has been completed.

In order to gain early traction on business improvement, the first project was initiated prior to the set-up of the BI function. The Destress Cycle Blueprint project will run from June 2013 to August 2013, and will take a three-step approach to improvements in the destress mining cycle:

- Developing blueprints (at detailed activity input level) for the crush pillar distress mining cycle for the whole mine, creating distinct blueprints where applicable and producing graphical displays of these blueprints;
- Implementing and using systems of measuring and reporting variances of actuals to blueprint and plan; and
- Implementing skills-transfer teams in the pilot area to coach line supervision and teams, to monitor and improve variances between actuals and blueprint with best practices.

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Improvements as a result of this blueprint project will enter realisation stage from the September 2013 quarter.

The South Deep Business Improvement team is planning to complete its setup during the September 2013 quarter and to support other significant improvement projects from the December 2013 quarter onwards.

Progress against the Mine Health and Safety Council (MHSC) milestone, that no machine or piece of equipment such as pneumatic development rock drills, pneumatic stope rock drills, hydropower rock drills and drill rigs, fans and winches may generate a sound pressure level in excess of 110dB (A) after December 2013, is ongoing. The number of measurements expressed as a percentage of noise measurements of machinery and equipment emitting noise in excess of 110dB (A) decreased from 3.2 per cent in the March quarter to 2.8 per cent in the June quarter. Silencing of equipment is ongoing, with continued focus on defective silencers on equipment. The percentage of employees exposed to >85dB (A) decreased from 56.7 per cent in the March quarter compared with 52.4 per cent in the June quarter. This measurement is without ear protection, which is currently provided and almost universally used.

The Group continues to pursue best practice in the area of dust control in accordance with the MHSC. In order to improve upon dust exposure targets, the following core initiatives are ongoing:

- Real time dust monitoring;
- Foggers/water mist spray systems at dust sources;
- Dust allaying at internal tips;
- Installation of water blasts in all working areas; and
- Footwall dust allaying.

### **West Africa region**

#### **Tarkwa**

BPR initiatives are ongoing. The major BPR projects for 2013 include:

- Extending life of heavy mining equipment, including tyre life, through improved haul road conditions;
- Increasing CIL throughput through the installation of a tipper car on the North heap leach crusher conveyor to supplement the CIL feed rate. The current circuit is limited by the feeding equipment capacity into the primary crusher. The cross over from the North heap leach crusher will assist in maintaining and increasing the ore stockpile levels for feeding into the primary crusher and increase the CIL milling rate from 1,460 tonnes per hour to 1,500 tonnes per hour. On an annualised basis this equates to an increase in the milling rate from 11.9 million tonnes per annum to

12.3 million tonnes per annum;

- Acceleration of waste strip through the implementation of a larger sized load and haul fleet. The improved flexibility is also designed to ensure a continuous ore supply to the plant. This project has the potential to increase the annual mining volume by an estimated 10 per cent; and
- The purchase of an additional front end loader to improve loader availability in the optimisation of crusher throughput from ore rehandled from the ROM-pad.

The tipper car on the North heap leach crusher conveyor to supplement the CIL feed rate was commissioned in May 2013. Since inception of the haul road improvement campaign, average tyre-life has increased from 4,250 hours to 5,200 hours in the June quarter.

### **Damang**

BPR initiatives are ongoing. The major BPR projects for 2013 include:

- Continued savings from owner mining and maintenance initiatives implemented in early 2011;
- Optimisation of the plant circuit to achieve the maximum recovery rate of 89 per cent under current blend conditions which include:

- Installation and commissioning of the intensive leach reactor (ILR) which was completed in the December 2012 quarter.

The unit is performing as expected with higher recovery rates being achieved on the gravity concentrate. The ILR replaced the Gemini shaking table used for treating gravity concentrate from the Knelson concentrators. The use of intensive cyanidation as applied in the ILR unit increased the recovery of gold from gravity concentrate from 70 per cent (using a gravity shaking table) up to 98 per cent. This reduced the circulation of gold into the circuit from gravity concentrate tailings and improved overall plant gold recovery;

- Commissioning of the pre-leach thickener (PLT) project to improve control of the circuit water balance and optimise gravity circuit feed rates was completed in July 2013. The inclusion of the PLT allows for the operation of the second gravity concentrator, and at the same time improving leach feed density control;
  - An additional CIL leach tank to take the number of leach tanks from 7 to 8, is being added to the circuit to improve the residence time and recoveries and circuit reliability, planned for the end of the September 2013 quarter; and
  - Other smaller plant circuit optimisation projects, including oxygen addition optimisation, are planned for 2013.

### **Australasia region**

#### **St Ives**

BPR initiatives are ongoing. The major BPR projects for 2013 include:



- Renegotiation of major site contracts resulted in a 27 per cent reduction in the Cave Rocks development contract rates and a 30 per cent reduction in surface haulage costs. Benefits are expected from the September 2013 quarter. Expected annualised savings are approximately A\$14 million;
- Continued roll-out of the management operating system (MOS): Operating centres have now been established across all operating units to improve the effectiveness of daily production meetings and to discuss key productivity metrics for the previous 24 hours. Short and medium-term planning and execution processes are being refined and standardised across open pits and underground mines as the primary means to improve operating stability and predictability;
- Completion of the installation of personal protective equipment (PPE) dispensing machines. Anticipated savings are approximately A\$600,000 per annum; and
- The project to reduce operational damage to heavy mining equipment in the underground mines has resulted in a 27 per cent decrease in downtime hours and a 48 per cent decrease in damage incidents year to date.

### **Agnew**

BPR initiatives are ongoing. The major BPR projects for 2013 include:

- Running of two mills as opposed to one, supplementing Kim ore with remnant Songvang ore to maintain throughput at 130 tonnes per hour or 87 per cent use of capacity as well as toll treating to recover some additional costs. Currently approximately 1 million tonne of the 1.2 million tonne capacity is being utilised;
- A shotcrete/fibrecrete trial for support replacing the more standard meshing and bolting methods of ground support. The trial was completed and a final report is being generated. Early indications are that cost benefits and productivity improvements may exceed the original estimates;
- Trialing the use of emulsion instead of ANFO: ANFO and emulsion are explosives used in the blasting process. ANFO is a mix of Ammonium Nitrate (94%) and fuel oil (6%) and has a solid consistency. Emulsion is a blend of Ammonium Nitrate and a mix of fuel oil, wax and other ingredients; giving it a more paste like consistency. It has up to 48 per cent more explosive power than ANFO. Results from the trial indicate around 10 per cent reduction in dilution. This has significant cost and capacity benefits through the whole mining process. The improvements are a consequence of the ability to control explosive density and power when using emulsion. Other positive features associated with emulsion are that it is waterproof and does not dissolve in wet conditions (ANFO is water absorbent) and as the charge up hose required for the delivery of emulsion into the blast holes is much smaller than the hose required for ANFO, there are less hole blockages

and drill holes are consistently fully charged; and

- The new development contract continues to be monitored to ensure savings are being realised. Renegotiated rates on the new development contract are 12 per cent lower than those in the expired contract. The new development contract commenced in March 2013.

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| Gold Fields Results  
**South Africa region**

**South Deep project**

**June**

**2013**

March

2013

Gold produced

- 000'oz

**77.8**

63.0

-

kg

**2,420**

1,959

Yield - underground

- g/t

**4.8**

4.8

- combined

- g/t

**3.8**

3.8

All-in sustaining costs

- R/kg

**471,288**

520,938

-

US\$/oz

**1,558**

1,823

Total all-in cost

- R/kg

**573,110**

636,045

-

US\$/oz

**1,894**

2,225

Total cash cost

- R/kg

**325,701**

339,969

-

US\$/oz

**1,077**

1,189

Notional cash expenditure

- R/kg

**566,194**

627,514

-

US\$/oz

**1,871**

2,195

NCE margin

- %

**(30)**

(33)

Gold production increased by 23 per cent from 63,000 ounces (1,959 kilograms) in the March quarter to 77,800 ounces (2,420 kilograms) in the June quarter.

Total tonnes milled, which included 127,000 tonnes of off-reef development compared with 83,700 tonnes included in the March quarter, increased by 23 per cent from 520,000 tonnes to 640,000 tonnes. Underground reef yield remained similar at 4.8 grams per tonne.

Development increased by 51 per cent from 2,414 metres in the March quarter to 3,653 metres in the June quarter. The new mine capital development in phase one, sub 95 level, increased from 492 metres to 783 metres. Vertical development increased from 124 metres to 166 metres. Development in the current mine areas above 95 level increased from 1,798 metres to 2,704 metres.

Destress mining increased by 39 per cent from 10,122 square metres in the March quarter to 14,082 square metres in the June quarter. Destress levels improved consistently during the quarter.

Operating costs increased by 17 per cent from R679 million (US\$76 million) in the March quarter to R797 million (US\$85 million) in the June quarter. This was mainly due to the build-up in production and an increase in electricity cost as a result of one month's winter tariff included in the June quarter. Total cash cost decreased from R339,969 per kilogram (US\$1,189 per ounce) to R325,701 per kilogram (US\$1,077 per ounce) due to the increase in gold sold.

Operating profit increased by 5 per cent from R243 million (US\$27 million) in the March quarter to R254 million (US\$27 million) in the June quarter as a result of the higher gold production, partially offset by the lower gold price received and higher operating costs.

Capital expenditure increased in rand terms from R551 million (US\$62 million) to R571 million (US\$61 million) due to increased new mine development. The majority of the expenditure was on development, the ventilation shaft deepening and infrastructure projects, the metallurgical plant expansion, trackless equipment, the full plant tailings backfill plant, refrigeration plant upgrades and high density

accommodation.

Notional cash expenditure decreased by 10 per cent from R627,514 per kilogram (US\$2,195 per ounce) in the March quarter to R566,194 per kilogram (US\$1,871 per ounce) in the June quarter as a result of the higher gold production. The NCE margin improved from negative 33 per cent to negative 30 per cent as a result of the lower NCE, partially offset by the lower gold price received.

All-in sustaining cost per kilogram decreased from R520,938 per kilogram (US\$1,823 per ounce) to R471,288 per kilogram (US\$1,558 per ounce) due to the increase in gold sold partially offset by higher operating costs. The all-in costs per kilogram decreased from R636,045 per kilogram (US\$2,225 per ounce) to R573,110 per kilogram (US\$1,894 per ounce) due to the higher gold sold, partially offset by the higher operating costs.

## West Africa region

### Ghana

#### Tarkwa

#### June

#### 2013

March

2013

Gold produced

- 000'oz

**139.2**

170.1

Yield - heap leach

- g/t

**0.5**

0.5

- CIL plant

- g/t

**1.3**

1.4

- combined

- g/t

**1.0**

1.1

All-in sustaining costs

- US\$/oz

**1,592**

1,389

Total all-in cost

- US\$/oz

**1,592**

1,389

Total cash cost

- US\$/oz

**915**

805

Notional cash expenditure

- US\$/oz

**1,123**

1,217

NCE margin

- %

**21**

25

Gold production decreased by 18 per cent from 170,100 ounces in the March quarter to 139,200 ounces in the June quarter due to reduced tonnage processed and a reduction in CIL grade. The reduced tonnage was mainly linked to industrial action which comprised a six day illegal strike and, once employees had returned to work, “go-slow” action which adversely impacted production for the quarter.

Total tonnes mined, including capital stripping, decreased from 37.4 million tonnes in the March quarter to 29.3 million tonnes in the June quarter. Ore tonnes mined decreased from 4.8 million tonnes to 4.4 million tonnes. Operational waste tonnes mined decreased from 16.3 million tonnes to 14.6 million tonnes and capital waste tonnes mined decreased from 16.3 million tonnes in the March quarter to 10.3 million tonnes in the June quarter. Head grade decreased from 1.23 grams per tonne in the March quarter to 1.17 grams per tonne in the June quarter, mainly due to a decrease in tonnes mined from the high grade Teberebie pit. The strip ratio decreased from 6.7 to 5.6.

The CIL plant throughput decreased from 2.98 million tonnes in the March quarter to 2.71 million tonnes in the June quarter. Realised yield from the CIL plant decreased from 1.38 grams per tonne to 1.29 grams per tonne due to a decline in the head grade delivered to the plant. The head grade decline can largely be attributed to re-handled material from stockpiles being used to mitigate the shortfall of ore from the pits. The CIL plant produced 112,500 ounces in the June quarter compared with 132,100 ounces in the March quarter.

The South heap leach operation recovered 2,100 ounces from rinsing operations in the June quarter compared with 5,800 ounces produced in the March quarter. Feed to the North heap leach section decreased from 2.03 million tonnes in the March quarter to 1.64 million tonnes in the June quarter. Yield at 0.47 grams per tonne in the June quarter was lower than the 0.49 grams per tonne realised in the March quarter. Gold production from the North heap leach operation decreased from 32,200 ounces produced in the March quarter to 24,600 ounces in the June quarter.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, decreased from US\$135 million (R1,196 million) in the March quarter to US\$126

million (R1,189 million) in the June quarter due to the lower production levels. Total cash cost increased from US\$805 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$915 per ounce in the June quarter due to the decrease in gold sold, partially offset by the lower operating cost.

Operating profit decreased from US\$143 million (R1,269 million) in the March quarter to US\$71 million (R682 million) in the June quarter as a result of the lower revenue, partially offset by lower net operating costs.

Capital expenditure decreased from US\$84 million (R747 million) in the March quarter to US\$40 million (R388 million) in the June quarter. Capital expenditure on mining fleet, pre-stripping and the water treatment plant was US\$23 million, US\$8 million and US\$7 million respectively lower than the March quarter, due to deliberate cut-back as a result of the lower gold price.

Notional cash expenditure decreased from US\$1,217 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,123 per ounce in the June quarter due to the decrease in capital expenditure and operating cost, partially offset by the lower production. The NCE margin decreased from 25 per cent to 21 per cent as a result of the lower gold price received, partially offset by the lower NCE.

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All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost per ounce increased from US\$1,389 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,592 per ounce in the June quarter due to the inventory impairments of US\$43 million and the lower gold sold, partially offset by the lower operating costs and capital expenditure. If inventory impairments are excluded, then all-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost for Tarkwa would have been US\$1,284 per ounce in the June quarter.

**Damang****June****2013**

March

2013

Gold produced

- 000'oz

**31.8**

43.3

Yield

-

g/t

**1.1**

1.4

All-in sustaining costs

- US\$/oz

**2,241**

1,240

Total all-in cost

- US\$/oz

**2,241**

1,240

Total cash cost

- US\$/oz

**1,123**

830

Notional cash expenditure

- US\$/oz

**1,576**

1,317

NCE margin

- %

**(11)**

19

Gold production decreased by 27 per cent from 43,300 ounces in the March quarter to 31,800 ounces in the June quarter due to lower yield and lower throughput at the process plant. The lower throughput was mainly linked to industrial action, comprising a six day illegal strike and, once employees had returned to work, "go-slow" action which adversely impacted production for the quarter, together with the premature closure of the original Damang pit.



Total tonnes mined, including capital stripping, decreased from 7.4 million tonnes in the March quarter to 6.5 million tonnes in the June quarter. Ore mined decreased from 1.3 million tonnes to 0.6 million tonnes due to the suspension of mining operations in the Damang pit cutback for safety reasons and the effect of the industrial action. Operational waste tonnes mined decreased from 3.1 million tonnes in the March quarter to 2.2 million tonnes in the June quarter while capital waste tonnes mined increased from 3.0 million tonnes to 3.7 million tonnes. The strip ratio increased from 4.6 to 9.9. Mining operations are focusing on exposing the ore in the Juno pit and Huni saddle after the suspension of mining operations in the Damang pit cutback. With the safety related closing of the Damang Pit cut-back area, mining moved into the Saddle area which requires significantly higher waste stripping before sufficient ore volumes can be produced. This combined with stopping the ore supply from the Damang cut-back, pushed the strip ratio up to abnormally high levels.

Tonnes processed decreased from 0.96 million tonnes in the March quarter to 0.92 million tonnes in the June quarter. The plant is still processing below its capacity of 5 million tonnes per annum – at a current annualised rate of 3.8 million tonnes – and will only increase its run rate once maintenance and upgrades to optimise the mill feed size and crushing rate, aimed at eliminating constraints, are fully commissioned. These improvements are planned to be completed in the second half of 2014. Once fully commissioned it is expected that the plant will maintain a throughput rate of approximately 4.9 million tonnes per annum.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased from US\$34 million (R304 million) to US\$36 million (R336 million) due to a draw-down of inventory in the June quarter compared with a build-up in the March quarter. Total cash cost increased from US\$830 per ounce to US\$1,123 per ounce as a result of the higher net operating costs and the lower gold sold.

Operating profit decreased from US\$37 million (R325 million) in the March quarter to US\$10 million (R97 million) in the June quarter as a result of the lower revenue and the higher net operating costs.

Capital expenditure increased from US\$15 million (R135 million) to US\$16 million (R154 million) with the majority of expenditure on waste stripping, plant infrastructure and circuit upgrade projects and tailings storage facilities.

Notional cash expenditure increased from US\$1,317 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,576 per ounce in the June quarter mainly as a result of the lower gold production. The NCE margin decreased from 19 per cent to negative 11 per cent due to the higher NCE and the lower gold price.

The all-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost per ounce increased from US\$1,240 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$2,241 per ounce in the June quarter due to the inventory impairments of US\$16 million, the gold-in-process charge in the June quarter compared with a credit to cost in the March quarter, the increased capital expenditure, as well as the lower gold sold. If inventory impairments are excluded, then all-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost for Damang would have been US\$1,734 per ounce in the June quarter.

### South America region

#### Peru

#### Cerro Corona

#### June

#### 2013

March

2013

Gold produced

- 000'oz

**37.0**

40.8

Copper produced

- tonnes

**6,577**

7,429

Total equivalent gold produced

- 000' eqoz

**70.0**

76.9

Total equivalent gold sold

- 000' eqoz

**64.7**

73.3

Yield - gold

- g/t

**0.75**

0.81

- copper

- %

**0.43**

0.48

- combined

- g/t

**1.37**

1.47

All-in sustaining costs

- US\$/oz

**587**

150

Total all-in cost

- US\$/oz

**587**

150

Total cash cost

- US\$/eqoz

**503**

560

Notional cash expenditure

- US\$/eqoz

**781**

728

NCE margin

- %

**22**

54

Gold price\*

- US\$/oz

**1,444**

1,637

Copper price\*

- US\$/t

**7,218**

7,949

\* Average daily spot price for the period used to calculate total equivalent gold ounces produced.

Gold production decreased by 9 per cent from 40,800 ounces produced in the March quarter to 37,000 ounces in the June quarter. Copper production decreased by 11 per cent from 7,429 tonnes to 6,577 tonnes. Equivalent gold production decreased by 9 per cent from 76,900 ounces in the March quarter to 70,000 ounces in the June quarter mainly due to a decrease in gold and copper head grades treated. Gold head grade decreased from 1.18 grams per tonne to 1.08 grams per tonne and copper head grade decreased from 0.56 per cent to 0.50 per cent. The effects of the lower head grades were partially offset by an increase in gold and copper recoveries. Gold recoveries increased from 68.7 per cent to 69.8 per cent and copper recoveries increased from 84.8 per cent to 85.3 per cent. The lower head grades were in line with the mine plan.

In the June quarter, concentrate with a payable content of 33,711 ounces of gold was sold at an average price of US\$1,392 per ounce and 6,072 tonnes of copper was sold at an average price of US\$6,424 per tonne, net of treatment and refining charges. This compared with 39,324 ounces of gold sold at an average price of US\$1,602 per ounce and 7,025 tonnes of copper sold at an average price of US\$7,157 per tonne in the March quarter. Total equivalent gold sales amounted to 64,700 ounces in the June quarter compared with 73,300 in the March quarter, due to timing of shipments.

Tonnes mined increased by 16 per cent from 3.70 million tonnes in the March quarter to 4.31 million tonnes in the June quarter. Ore

mined decreased by 6 per cent from 2.34 million tonnes to 2.19 million tonnes. The strip ratio increased from 0.58 to 0.96 due to a delay in the mining sequence as a result of the rainy season in the March quarter, with less waste mined in the March quarter compared with the June quarter.

Ore processed decreased from 1.62 million tonnes to 1.59 million tonnes mainly due to a scheduled plant shutdown to repair a ball mill grouting. Gold yield decreased from 0.81 grams per tonne to 0.75 grams per tonne and copper yield decreased from 0.48 per cent to 0.43 per cent due to lower head grades of material treated.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, decreased from US\$38 million (R333 million) in the March quarter to US\$30 million (R283 million) in the June quarter. The lower cost was mainly due to a decrease in workers participation resulting from lower revenue and an increase in concentrate stocks. Total cash cost decreased from US\$560 per equivalent ounce to US\$503 per equivalent ounce, mainly due to the lower net operating costs.

Operating profit decreased from US\$79 million (R698 million) in the March quarter to US\$35 million (R339 million) in the June quarter; mainly due to lower revenue. The substantial decrease in revenue

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from the March quarter to the June quarter was due to a negative gold price adjustment of approximately US\$13 million in the June quarter that related to gold shipped in the March quarter but only settled in the June quarter. As a result, the realised average gold price decreased from US\$1,582 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$1,001 per ounce in the June quarter. The net gold price received was below spot due to the negative price adjustment relating to sales accounted for in the previous quarter, as indicated above.

Capital expenditure increased from US\$14 million (R122 million) in the March quarter to US\$16 million (R146 million) in the June quarter, with the majority of the expenditure on the tailings storage facility.

Notional cash expenditure increased from US\$728 per equivalent ounce in the March quarter to US\$781 per equivalent ounce in the June quarter mainly due to lower equivalent ounces produced and increased capital expenditure. The NCE margin decreased from 54 per cent in the March quarter to 22 per cent in the June quarter as a result of the higher NCE and lower gold and copper prices received.

The all-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost per ounce increased from US\$150 per ounce in the March quarter to US\$587 per ounce in the June quarter mainly due to the decrease in by-product credits and gold sold partially offset by the decrease in net operating costs.

**Australasia region****St Ives****June****2013**

March

2013

Gold produced

- 000'oz

**97.7**

102.0

Yield - underground

- g/t

**4.3**

4.6

- combined

- g/t

**2.8**

2.6

All-in sustaining costs

- A\$/oz

**1,276**

1,335

-

US\$/oz

**1,278**

1,385

Total all-in cost

- A\$/oz

**1,276**

1,335

-

US\$/oz

**1,278**

1,385

Total cash cost

- A\$/oz

**878**

814

-

US\$/oz

**879**

844

Notional cash expenditure

- A\$/oz

**1,255**

1,258

-

US\$/oz

**1,256**

1,305

NCE margin

- %

**13**

20

Gold production decreased by 4 per cent from 102,000 ounces in the March quarter to 97,700 ounces in the June quarter due to reduced tonnes processed at the Lefroy mill following a planned two-week maintenance closure to undertake a major mill motor service.

At the underground operations, ore mined decreased by 3 per cent from 555,000 tonnes in the March quarter to 540,000 tonnes in the June quarter. The average grade of ore mined decreased from 5.1 grams per tonne to 4.4 grams per tonne due to lower grade areas mined, in accordance with the mining schedule.

At the open pit operations, total ore tonnes mined increased from 242,000 tonnes at 1.2 grams per tonne in the March quarter to 624,000 tonnes at 1.3 grams per tonne in the June quarter. Operational waste tonnes mined increased from 0.9 million tonnes to 2.0 million tonnes, while capital waste tonnes mined decreased from 1.7 million tonnes in the March quarter to 0.9 million tonnes in the June quarter. Pre-stripping of the Bellerophon and Mars pits was completed during the quarter, with ore delivery from these pits increasing production levels. Pre-stripping of the Paddy's pit is

scheduled for completion during the September quarter.

Throughput at the Lefroy mill decreased from 1.23 million tonnes to 1.07 million tonnes due to a two-week planned maintenance shut. Yield increased from 2.5 grams per tonne to 2.8 grams per tonne, reflecting increased availability of fresh ore from the Bellerophon and Mars pits. Gold production from the Lefroy plant decreased from 97,100 ounces to 95,500 ounces. Following on from the cessation of stacking activities at the end 2012, irrigation of the existing heap leach pad continued, and a further 2,200 ounces were recovered during the June quarter compared with 4,900 ounces recovered in the March quarter.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased from A\$85 million (US\$88 million) in the March quarter to A\$87 million (US\$86 million) in the June quarter. Total cash cost increased from A\$814 per ounce (US\$844 per ounce) to A\$878 per ounce (US\$879 per ounce) due to the increased net operating costs and the lower gold sold.

Operating profit decreased from A\$76 million (US\$79 million) in the March quarter to A\$55 million (US\$55 million) in the June quarter due to the lower revenue impacted principally by the lower price and higher net operating costs.

Capital expenditure decreased from A\$46 million (US\$48 million) to A\$34 million (US\$34 million) with reduced capital spend at the Bellerophon and Mars pits, which have moved from pre-stripping to production phase, and lower expenditure on the acquisition of open pit fleet during the quarter.

Notional cash expenditure decreased from A\$1,258 per ounce (US\$1,305 per ounce) in the March quarter to A\$1,255 per ounce (US\$1,256 per ounce) in the June quarter due to the lower capital expenditure partially offset by the lower production. The NCE margin decreased from 20 per cent to 13 per cent due to the lower gold price received.

All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost per ounce decreased from A\$1,335 per ounce (US\$1,385 per ounce) in the March quarter to A\$1,276 per ounce (US\$1,278 per ounce) in the June quarter mainly due to the lower capital expenditure, partially offset by the higher operating costs and lower gold sold.

**Agnew**

**June**

**2013**

March

2013

Gold produced

- 000'oz

<b>53.0</b>
43.7
Yield - underground
- g/t
<b>9.8</b>
8.1
- combined
- g/t
<b>7.6</b>
7.6
All-in sustaining costs
- A\$/oz
<b>916</b>
945
-
US\$/oz
<b>918</b>
981
Total all-in cost
- A\$/oz
<b>916</b>
945
-
US\$/oz
<b>918</b>
981
Total cash cost
- A\$/oz
<b>619</b>
680
-
US\$/oz
<b>619</b>
705
Notional cash expenditure
- A\$/oz
<b>878</b>
940
-
US\$/oz
<b>879</b>
975
NCE margin
- %
<b>40</b>
40

Gold production increased by 21 per cent from 43,700 ounces in the March quarter to 53,000 ounces in the June quarter mainly as a result of increased throughput.



Ore mined from underground decreased by 8 per cent from 173,000 tonnes to 160,000 tonnes but head grade improved from 9.3 grams per tonne to 10.5 grams per tonne in the June quarter. All the tonnes mined were from the high grade Kim Lode in accordance with the high margin strategy adopted at Agnew for 2013.

Tonnes processed increased from 180,000 tonnes in the March quarter to 218,000 tonnes in the June quarter and included 58,000 tonnes of Songvang surface stockpile material compared with 7,000 tonnes of Songvang stockpiles processed in the March quarter. The combined yield was similar at 7.6 grams per tonne.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased from A\$30 million (US\$31 million) in the March quarter to A\$34 million (US\$34 million) in the June quarter. The increase was mainly due to increased processing costs as a result of processing Songvang ore and the cost attributed to the draw-down of surface stockpiles. Total cash cost decreased from A\$680 per ounce (US\$705 per ounce) in the March quarter to A\$619 per ounce (US\$619 per ounce) in the June quarter due to the increased gold sold, partially offset by the higher net operating costs.

Operating profit increased from A\$39 million (US\$41 million) in the March quarter to A\$43 million (US\$44 million) in the June quarter due to increased gold sold partially offset by the lower gold price and the higher net operating costs.

Capital expenditure increased from A\$10 million (US\$10 million) in the March quarter to A\$13 million (US\$13 million) in the June quarter. Capital expenditure included A\$10 million (US\$13 million) of underground development.

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Notional cash expenditure decreased from A\$940 per ounce (US\$975 per ounce) in the March quarter to A\$878 per ounce (US\$879 per ounce) in the June quarter due to the increased production. The NCE margin was similar at 40 per cent with the lower NCE offsetting the lower gold price.

All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost per ounce decreased from A\$945 per ounce (US\$981 per ounce) in the March quarter to A\$916 per ounce (US\$918 per ounce) in the June quarter mainly due to increased gold sold, partially offset by the higher capital expenditure and operating costs.

### **Quarter ended 30 June 2013 compared with quarter ended 30 June 2012**

Group attributable equivalent gold production decreased by 10 per cent from 502,900 ounces for the June 2012 quarter to 451,000 ounces for the June 2013 quarter.

At the South Africa region, gold production at South Deep was similar at 77,800 ounces (2,420 kilograms).

At the West Africa operations, total managed gold production decreased by 20 per cent from 214,500 ounces for the June 2012 quarter to 171,000 ounces for the June 2013 quarter. At Tarkwa, gold production decreased by 21 per cent from 176,300 ounces to 139,200 ounces mainly due to cessation of crushing operations at the South heap leach facility at the end of December, lower head grade and the industrial action at the beginning of the June 2013 quarter. At Damang, gold production decreased by 17 per cent from 38,200 ounces to 31,800 ounces mainly due to lower yield following on from the closure of the original Damang pit, and due to lower throughput as well as the industrial action at the beginning of the June 2013 quarter.

In South America, gold equivalent production at Cerro Corona decreased by 18 per cent from 84,900 ounces to 70,000 ounces due to expected lower gold and copper grades and lower throughput.

At the Australasia operations, gold production increased by 2 per cent from 148,400 ounces for the June 2012 quarter to 150,800 ounces for the June 2013 quarter. At St Ives, gold production decreased by 12 per cent from 111,200 ounces to 97,700 ounces mainly due to cessation of crushing and stacking at the heap leach facility, lower grade open pit material mined and processed and a two week plant closure for planned maintenance. At Agnew gold production increased by 42 per cent from 37,200 ounces to 53,000 ounces, in line with the strategy to only mine the high grade Kim ore body.

### **Income statement**

Revenue decreased by 23 per cent from US\$823 million (R6,653 million) to US\$637 million (R6,038 million) and the average gold price decreased by 13 per cent from US\$1,582 per ounce for the June 2012 quarter to US\$1,372 per ounce for the June 2013 quarter. In rand terms the gold price increased by 2 per cent from R409,857 per kilogram to R418,108 per kilogram due to the weaker rand. The average Rand/US dollar exchange rate of R9.41 for the June 2013 quarter was 17 per cent weaker than the average of R8.06 for the June 2012 quarter, while the Rand/Australian dollar weakened by 15 per cent from A\$1 = R8.16 to A\$1 = R9.42. The average Australian/US dollar exchange rate strengthened by 1 per cent from A\$1.00 = US\$1.01 for the June 2012 quarter to A\$1.00 = US\$1.00 for the June 2013 quarter.

Net operating costs increased by 1 per cent in dollar terms from US\$392 million (R3,166 million) to US\$397 million (R3,737 million). Total cash cost for the Group increased by 13 per cent from US\$760 per ounce (R196,926 per kilogram) to US\$857 per ounce (R259,405 per kilogram) due to the lower production and the higher net operating costs.

At the South Africa region, at South Deep, net operating costs increased by 33 per cent from R599 million (US\$74 million) for the June 2012 quarter to R797 million (US\$85 million) for the June 2013 quarter. This was due to annual wage increases, an increase in employees, a 16 per cent electricity tariff increase, increased maintenance costs and normal inflationary increases. Total cash cost increased by 33 per cent from R244,215 per kilogram (US\$942 per ounce) to R325,701 per kilogram (US\$1,077 per ounce) as a result of the higher operating costs.

At the West Africa operations, net operating costs increased by 4 per cent from US\$156 million for the June 2012 quarter to US\$162 million for the June 2013 quarter. At Tarkwa, net operating costs increased by 11 per cent from US\$114 million to US\$126 million mainly due to annual wage increases, increased fuel costs and an inventory credit in the June 2012 quarter of US\$9 million compared with a draw-down of US\$10 million in the June 2013 quarter. At Damang, net operating costs decreased by 14 per cent from US\$42 million to US\$36 million due to the lower production, partially offset by annual wage increases. Total cash cost for the region increased by 29 per cent from US\$739 per ounce to US\$953 per ounce due to the lower production and increased costs.

At Cerro Corona in South America, net operating costs decreased by 14 per cent from US\$35 million to US\$30 million mainly due to a decrease in statutory workers participation in profits due to lower profits, as well as an increased build-up of inventory in the June 2013 quarter. Total cash cost increased by 4 per cent from US\$482 per ounce to US\$503 per ounce mainly due to the lower equivalent gold sales partially offset by the lower costs.

At the Australasia operations, net operating costs decreased by 5 per cent from A\$126 million for the June 2012 quarter to A\$120 million for the June 2013 quarter. At St Ives, net operating costs decreased by 5 per cent from A\$92 million to A\$87 million mainly due to a reduction in open pit tonnes mined, partially offset by an increase in underground tonnes mined, and as a result of the closure of the heap leach facility in the December 2012 quarter. At Agnew, net operating costs decreased by 3 per cent from A\$35 million to A\$34 million due to cost saving initiatives arising from mining only the Kim ore body. Total cash cost for the region decreased by 6 per cent from A\$836 per ounce to A\$787 per ounce due to the increase in production and the decrease in costs.

Operating profit decreased from US\$431 million (R3,487 million) to US\$240 million (R2,301 million) as a result of the above.

Net interest paid increased from US\$9 million (R74 million) to US\$14 million (R128 million) due to an increase in borrowings.

Exploration expenditure decreased from US\$23 million (R190 million) to US\$22 million (R203 million).

Feasibility and evaluation costs decreased from US\$15 million (R120 million) to US\$12 million (R110 million) due to decreased activity.

Non-recurring costs of US\$143 million (R1,318 million) for the June 2013 quarter compared with US\$15 million (R119 million) for the June 2012 quarter. The non-recurring expenses in the June 2013 quarter included US\$8 million (R76 million) relating to business process re-engineering and restructuring costs across the Group and US\$127 million (R1,160 million) relating to impairment costs at Tarkwa and Damang, as discussed in more detail earlier.

Government royalties of US\$19 million (R178 million) in the June 2013 quarter compared with US\$28 million (R223 million) in the June 2012 quarter as a result of lower revenue.

Taxation decreased from US\$80 million (R670 million) for the June 2012 quarter to US\$7 million (R90 million) for the June 2013 quarter as a result of lower profit before taxation.

Net losses attributable to owners of the parent amounted to US\$129 million (R1,169 million) for the June 2013 quarter compared with net earnings of US\$105 million (R837 million) for the June 2012 quarter.

Normalised losses of US\$36 million (R312 million) for the June 2013 quarter compared with normalised earnings of US\$118 million (R941 million) for the June 2012 quarter.

## **Cash flow**

Cash outflow from operating activities for continuing operations of US\$42 million (R382 million) for the June 2013 quarter compared with a cash inflow of US\$229 million (R1,870 million) for the June 2012 quarter due to lower operating profits as a result of the lower gold price.

Cash outflows from investing activities for continuing operations decreased from US\$312 million (R2,505 million) to US\$188 million (R1,779 million).

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Capital expenditure decreased from US\$310 million (R2,495 million) in the June 2012 quarter to US\$187 million (R1,776 million) in the June 2013 quarter. At the South Africa region, capital expenditure at South Deep decreased from R643 million (US\$80 million) to R571 million (US\$61 million). At the West Africa region, capital expenditure decreased from US\$85 million to US\$56 million mainly at Tarkwa due to a decrease in mining fleet and capital waste strip. In South America, at Cerro Corona, capital expenditure decreased from US\$21 million to US\$16 million. At the Australasia region, capital expenditure decreased from A\$93 million (US\$97 million) to A\$47 million (US\$47 million) mainly at St Ives due to lower expenditure on the construction of the tailings storage facility and mine development.

Net cash inflow from financing activities for continuing operations increased from US\$46 million (R371 million) for the June 2012 quarter to US\$131 million (R1,283 million) for the June 2013 quarter and related to long term and short term loans received and repaid.

The net cash outflow for continuing operations increased from US\$36 million (R266 million) in the June 2012 quarter to US\$99 million (R878 million) in the June 2013 quarter. After accounting for a negative translation adjustment of US\$27 million (positive R96 million), the cash outflow for June 2013 was US\$126 million (R782 million). The cash balance at the end of June 2013 was US\$443 million (R4,494 million) compared with US\$795 million (R6,669 million) at the end of June 2012.

**Growth and international projects**

Gold Fields has a diverse growth portfolio with exploration and advanced projects in all of its operating regions. Gold Fields growth vision is to deliver sustainable and high-quality gold production through disciplined project development. The focus is on growing reserves per share and quality of production with a view to optimising free cash flow per ounce.

**Chucapaca**

At the Chucapaca project in southern Peru, conceptual studies of different mining scenarios (open pit, selective underground and a combined open pit – underground scenario) are underway. Metallurgical test work is ongoing to support these mining scenarios. New resource models have been developed for the underground option and capital costs are being updated for the various scenarios. The conceptual studies are planned to be concluded in the September 2013 quarter.

**Far Southeast**

All underground drilling activities required to date have been

completed and the drilling contractors have de-mobilised as a result.

The Far Southeast (FSE) project has reached a milestone with the indigenous elders of the community voting 84 per cent in favour of the FPIC (Free Prior Informed Consent) for the project. The FPIC is expected to be formalised through a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with the community by the end of September 2013. The MOA is a key requirement prior to securing an FTAA (Financial Technical Assistance Agreement), which enables Gold Fields to exercise its option to acquire an additional 20 per cent to increase its stake in FSE to 60 per cent.

### **Arctic Platinum**

Gold Fields appointed CIBC as an advisor to explore strategic options for the Arctic Platinum project in Finland. All metallurgical testing has been completed and baseline work for the ESIA (Environmental and Social Impact Study) continues according to plan. The project team plans to conduct a specific mine optimisation process in the September 2013 quarter, to evaluate possible enhancement of the business case.

### **Yanfolila**

At the Yanfolila project in Mali, the de-risking programme continues according to plan. However, additional studies into improvement of the production schedule have been added to the scope, which will lead to completion of the programme in the December 2013 quarter. The project expects to receive government approval for the exploitation permit in the September 2013 quarter.

### **Greenfields exploration**

The greenfields exploration portfolio comprises one advanced drilling project, ten initial drilling projects and six target definition projects in Peru, Chile, Mali, Ethiopia, Canada, USA, Australia and the Philippines. During the quarter 22,572 metres were drilled on greenfields projects compared with 34,888 metres in the March 2013 quarter and 53,635 metres in the June 2012 quarter. After the recent portfolio review and implementation of the new corporate strategy, greenfields exploration will focus on lower capital and higher margin gold targets. As a result decisions were taken during the quarter to sell two advanced drilling projects, the Woodjam project in Canada and the Talas project in Kyrgyzstan. We have also decided to discontinue work on five initial drilling projects while two new initial drilling projects have commenced.

### **Africa**

As a result of a full data review of the Kangare project in Mali, five priority one target areas were highlighted for further work and follow-up drilling commenced in the June 2013 quarter. Final due diligence

has been completed for the Kouroufing project in western Mali and an option agreement was signed at the end of June 2013. A 3,000 metre drilling programme will commence after the rainy season to test two robust gold targets which have been defined by soil geochemical anomalies and artisanal workings. In Ethiopia, a 4,000 metre phase 2 drilling programme commenced in July 2013 to follow up positive phase 1 drilling results at the Ashashire target and to test the Rader Ridge target at the Asosa project in the western part of the country.

The Asosa project is a joint venture with Benzu Resources Limited. Exploration completed to date has defined a number of promising targets at the Asosa project which comprises about 750 square kilometres of an emerging gold belt.

### **North America**

At the Woodjam joint venture project in British Columbia, Canada, new mineral resource estimates were completed on three of the porphyry copper-gold centres during the June 2013 quarter and the decision was made to dispose of the project. A sales process commenced in May 2013. Along the Cadillac-Larder Lake Break in the Ontario, Canada, further drilling was put on hold at the Larder Lake project during the September quarter to allow time to re-model the existing gold resources defined by historic drilling at the Cheminis and Bear Lake zones. Target definition work is underway on the nearby Lincoln-Nippising project, also in Ontario, and a joint venture agreement was signed with Yorbeau Resources Incorporated on the Rouyn project in Quebec, Canada where drilling is expected to start in the September 2013 quarter. A joint venture agreement was also signed with Colorado Resources Limited on the Oro project in the Yukon Territory, Canada and drilling commenced in July.

### **South America**

The advanced drilling programme for the 2012-2013 field season concluded at the Salares Norte project in Chile in the June 2013 quarter and all field personnel were de-mobilised for the Andean winter. Resource modeling, metallurgical test work and other studies are in progress and drilling is planned to resume in the December 2013 quarter. Initial drilling programmes were also completed on three targets within the nearby Chile Recon project. As a result of the change in corporate strategy, it was decided to withdraw from the Taguas joint venture project and close down the exploration activities in Argentina.

### **Australasia**

Gold Fields appointed Jefferies International as an advisor to explore strategic options for the Talas copper-gold project in Kyrgyzstan. In the East Lachlan Region of New South Wales, Australia, exploration activities were suspended on the Blayney joint venture project and



target definition work commenced at the Cheesemans Creek joint venture project. At the Guinaoang project in the Philippines, the diamond drilling programme commenced in the June 2013 quarter.

**Near mine exploration**

Gold Fields completed 45,041 metres of drilling on near mine projects adjacent to its international operations in the June quarter.

The main focus of diamond, reverse circulation and air core drilling was at St Ives in Western Australia. Infill Reverse Circulation (RC)

Gold Fields Results I

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drilling was completed at Invincible North. This is planned to form the basis of an indicated resource estimation during the September 2013 quarter. In addition, deeper diamond drilling was completed at Invincible North which is expected to enable a maiden underground inferred resource estimation. Invincible North extension RC drilling was completed on 80 metre spaced lines with encouraging results, with geological interpretation and resource modeling to be completed in the September 2013 quarter. Drilling recommenced at the Waroonga North target at Agnew, Western Australia during June 2013.

**Corporate**

**Talas copper gold project**

On 24 May 2013 Gold Fields announced that its wholly owned subsidiary, Gold Fields Orogen Holding BVI Ltd, appointed Jefferies International as exclusive financial advisor to assist with a review of potential strategic alternatives in relation to the Talas Copper Gold Project in Kyrgyzstan.

The strategic review will examine and consider opportunities available to the company with the objective of further enhancing shareholder value. The strategic review will not necessarily result in any specific strategic or financial transaction and no timetable has been set for its completion. Gold Fields will keep shareholders updated on the strategic review process and any material developments.

As of 31 December 2012, the Talas Copper Gold Project contained mineral resources of 1.7 billion pounds of copper and 6.7 million ounces of gold. Gold Fields also owns three neighbouring prospecting licenses in the Tien Shan gold belt covering 32,150 hectares.

**Executive appointment**

Alfred Baku was appointed as Senior Vice-President and Head of West Africa region on 30 July 2013. Mr Baku also joined the Group Executive Committee with effect 1 August 2013.

Mr Baku, was Vice-President of Operations for the West Africa region and is the first Ghanaian to head up the region. He will be based in Accra. Mr Baku is a seasoned Gold Fields employee with 19 years of mining experience. He first joined the Damang gold mine in 1997 as Production Engineer and became a member of Damang's senior management team in 2002. During his time in Australia, in 2005, he was Strategic Mine Planner at the Group's St Ives mine and Relieving Mine Manager at the Agnew mine. In October 2008 he became the first Ghanaian to be appointed as General Manager of Damang and in 2010 as General Manager of Tarkwa. In 2011 he was promoted to Vice President of both Ghanaian operations.

Mr Baku holds an MSc degree in Mining Engineering from the University of Mines and Technology in Ghana, a Statutory Mine Manager's certificate and is a member of the Australian Institute of Mining Metallurgy (AusIMM).

### **Award – Best Integrated report for 2012**

On 26 July 2013 Gold Fields' 2012 Integrated Annual Report (IAR) was awarded first place in the Ernst & Young Excellence in Integrated Reporting Awards.

The Awards are widely considered the premier awards in terms of recognising and encouraging excellence in the quality of integrated reporting to investors and other stakeholders by South Africa's top 100 JSE-listed companies and 10 largest state-owned entities. The adjudication was done by the University of Cape Town's Department of Commerce.

In its assessment Ernst & Young recommended Gold Fields' IAR, amongst others, for its "clear sense of how the various aspects of the business relate to each other" and its "excellent integration of the impact of the external environment on the performance of the business".

### **Carrying value of assets**

The Gold Fields life of mine (LoM) plans and Mineral Reserves as reported at 31 December 2012 were prepared using a US\$1,500 per ounce gold price. The planning process to prepare the new LoM plans and Mineral Reserves as at 31 December 2013 has commenced and will use a gold price of US\$1,300 per ounce.

The new LoM plans will provide updated Mineral Reserves for all mining operations and will be supported by a Competent Persons Report that provides a techno-economic appraisal of the assets that is compliant with the 2007 SAMREC Code.

Completion of this work will provide the necessary information to effectively assess the carrying value of our operations and assets against prevailing economic and market conditions at the time, which may or may not lead to impairments of the operations in respect of the assets of the operations.

### **Cash dividend**

Due to the significant decline in the gold price, the Group has made a loss for the quarter. Management and the Board are also concerned about gold price volatility in the short-term. As a result, the Gold Fields Board has deemed it prudent not to declare an interim dividend.

### **Outlook**

Attributable gold production for the year ending December 2013 is

expected to be between 1.83 million equivalent ounces and 1.90 million equivalent ounces excluding the discontinued operations, KDC and Beatrix, the same as the guidance given in February 2013. The revised guidance for total cash cost is forecast at US\$830 per ounce (R255,000 per kilogram) and NCE at US\$1,240 per ounce (R380,000 per kilogram) including US\$15 per ounce for exploration and growth projects, as discussed in more detail earlier. This compares with the original guidance for total cash cost estimated at US\$860 per ounce (R250,000 per kilogram) and NCE at US\$1,360 per ounce (R395,000 per kilogram) including US\$40 per ounce for exploration and growth projects. The revised cash cost of US\$830 per ounce is 3 per cent lower than the guidance of US\$860 per ounce given in February 2013 and the revised NCE of US\$1,240 per ounce is 9 per cent lower than the guidance of US\$1,360 per ounce given in February 2013. These revised estimates are based on an average exchange rate of R/US\$9.44 and US\$/A\$0.98 for the year.

The above is subject to safety performance which limits the impact of safety-related stoppages and the forward looking statement on pages 5 and 32.

#### **Change in reporting currency**

Following the unbundling of Sibanye Gold in February 2013, Gold Fields' production and footprint are represented by a diversified portfolio of assets (the only South African asset and production contributor being South Deep). The US dollar is now the dominant currency. Therefore the Group would like to align its reporting currency to its peer group of international gold producers who all report in US dollar.

In order to smooth the transition, the Group will still report in South African rand and US dollar for the remainder of 2013. However, the discussions will focus on US dollar and not South African rand as was past practice. From quarter one in 2014 only the US dollar will be presented.

#### **Basis of accounting**

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial information is prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, the Listings Requirements of the JSE Limited, the SAICA Financial Reporting Guides as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Reporting Pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council, as well as the requirements of the South African Companies Act.

The accounting policies and disclosure requirements used in the preparation of this report are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year except for the adoption of applicable revised and/or new standards (IFRIC 20) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

N.J. Holland  
Chief Executive Officer  
22 August 2013

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| Gold Fields Results

**Income statement****International Financial Reporting Standards Basis***Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***UNITED STATES DOLLARS****Quarter****Six months to****June****2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June****2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Revenue****637.1**

805.2            823.0

**1,442.3**

1,714.4

Operating costs, net

**(397.0)**(401.2)            (392.2)            **(798.1)**

(792.7)

-

Operating  
costs**(397.0)**(401.9)            (403.8)            **(798.9)**

(815.0)

- Gold inventory change

-

0.8            11.7            **0.8**

22.4

**Operating profit****240.1**404.0            430.8            **644.2**

921.7

Amortisation and depreciation

**(143.2)**(136.5)            (114.0)            **(279.7)**

(235.7)

**Net operating profit****96.9**267.5            316.9            **364.5**

686.2

Net interest paid		
<b>(13.6)</b>		
(10.3)	(9.1)	
<b>(23.9)</b>		
(16.9)		
Share of results of associates after taxation		
<b>(5.2)</b>		
(9.1)	(14.6)	<b>(14.3)</b>
(14.5)		
Gain/(loss) on foreign exchange		
<b>12.7</b>		
(0.1)	1.1	
<b>12.6</b>		
(7.4)		
Loss on financial instruments		
<b>(4.0)</b>		
-	(0.9)	<b>(4.0)</b>
(1.1)		
Share-based payments		
<b>(12.4)</b>		
(13.2)	(15.9)	<b>(25.6)</b>
(25.8)		
Other		
<b>(8.2)</b>		
(9.4)	(2.4)	
<b>(17.6)</b>		
(1.3)		
Exploration		
<b>(21.5)</b>		
(23.7)	(23.2)	<b>(45.2)</b>
(60.8)		
Feasibility and evaluation costs		
<b>(11.6)</b>		
(13.3)	(14.9)	<b>(24.9)</b>
(24.7)		
<b>Profit before royalties, taxation and non-recurring items</b>		
<b>33.1</b>		
188.6	237.0	<b>221.6</b>
533.5		
Non-recurring items		
<b>(142.8)</b>		
(43.8)	(14.9)	
<b>(186.6)</b>		
(20.9)		
<b>(Loss)/profit before royalties and taxation</b>		
<b>(109.7)</b>		
144.8	222.0	<b>35.0</b>
512.6		
Royalties		
<b>(18.6)</b>		
(27.8)	(27.5)	<b>(46.4)</b>

(56.8)		
<b>(Loss)/profit before taxation</b>		
<b>(128.3)</b>		
117.0	194.5	<b>(11.4)</b>
455.7		
Mining and income taxation		
<b>(7.4)</b>		
(82.5)	(80.4)	<b>(90.0)</b>
(288.7)		
-		
Normal taxation		
<b>(12.8)</b>		
(74.3)	(73.0)	<b>(87.1)</b>
(160.2)		
-		
Deferred taxation		
<b>5.4</b>		
(8.3)	(7.5)	<b>(2.9)</b>
(128.6)		
<b>Net (loss)/profit from continuing operations</b>		
<b>(135.7)</b>		
34.5	114.1	
<b>(101.4)</b>		
167.2		
<b>(Loss)/profit from discontinued operations</b>		
<b>(8.2)</b>		
*		
287.3	98.6	
<b>279.1</b>		
323.5		
Net profit from discontinued operations		
<b>(1.6)</b>		
55.1	98.6	<b>53.5</b>
323.5		
Net profit on distribution of discontinued operations		
<b>(6.6)</b>		
232.2	-	
<b>225.6</b>		
-		
<b>Net (loss)/profit</b>		
<b>(143.9)</b>		
321.8	212.6	<b>177.7</b>
490.5		
Attributable to:		
- Owners of the parent		
<b>(136.5)</b>		
313.8	203.7	<b>177.1</b>
477.5		
- Non-controlling interest		



<b>(7.4)</b>		
8.0	8.9	<b>0.6</b>
13.0		
<b>Non-recurring items:</b>		
Profit on sale of investments		
<b>0.3</b>		
-	-	
<b>0.3</b>		
-		
Profit on sale of assets		
-		
0.1	0.1	<b>0.1</b>
0.3		
Restructuring costs		
<b>(8.2)</b>		
(5.3)	(5.7)	
<b>(13.5)</b>		
(9.6)		
Impairment of stockpiles		
<b>(59.0)</b>		
-	-	
<b>(59.0)</b>		
-		
Impairment of investments and assets		
<b>(67.8)</b>		
(1.4)	(9.3)	
<b>(69.2)</b>		
(11.5)		
Other		
<b>(8.1)</b>		
(37.2)	-	
<b>(45.3)</b>		
-		
<b>Total non-recurring items</b>		
<b>(142.8)</b>		
(43.8)	(14.9)	
<b>(186.6)</b>		
(20.8)		
Taxation		
<b>45.4</b>		
1.9	1.7	
<b>47.3</b>		
2.9		
<b>Net non-recurring items after tax and non-controlling interests</b>		
<b>(97.4)</b>		
(41.8)	(13.2)	
<b>(139.3)</b>		
(17.9)		
Net (loss)/earnings from continuing operations		
<b>(128.5)</b>		
26.5	105.0	

<b>(102.0)</b>		
153.9		
Net (loss)/earnings from discontinued operations		
<b>(8.2)</b>		
287.3	98.7	
<b>279.1</b>		
323.6		
Net (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(18)</b>		
4	15	
<b>(14)</b>		
21		
Net (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
<b>(1)</b>		
39	13	<b>38</b>
45		
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(18)</b>		
4	15	
<b>(14)</b>		
21		
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
<b>(1)</b>		
39	13	<b>38</b>
45		
Headline (loss)/earnings from continuing operations		
<b>(84.2)</b>		
27.6	114.2	<b>(56.6)</b>
165.2		
Headline (loss)/earnings from discontinued operations		
<b>(1.6)</b>		
55.1	98.7	<b>53.5</b>
323.6		
Headline (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(12)</b>		
4	18	<b>(8)</b>
23		
Headline earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
-		
7	12	<b>7</b>
45		
Diluted headline (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(12)</b>		
4	18	<b>(8)</b>
23		
Diluted headline earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
-		
7	12	<b>7</b>
44		
Net (loss)/earnings excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments and non-recurring items after royalties and taxation – continuing		

operations

**(36.0)**68.3      117.6      **32.3**

177.6

Net (loss)/earnings per share excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange,  
financial instruments and non-recurring items after royalties and taxation (cents) –

continuing operations

**(5)**9          15          **4**

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South African rand/United States dollar conversion rate

**9.41**8.89      8.06      **9.15**

7.92

South African rand/Australian dollar conversion rate

**9.42**9.22      8.16      **9.31**

8.18

Gold sold – managed

oz (000)

**464**495      522      **960**

1,052

Gold price received

US\$/oz

**1,372**1,625      1,582      **1,503**

1,630

Total cash cost

US\$/oz

**857**819      760      **838**

759

*\*Due to conversion at year to date exchange rate.**Figures may not add as they are rounded independently.*

The unaudited consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended 30 June 2013 have been prepared by the

corporate accounting staff of Gold Fields Limited headed by Mrs Tzvet

Ilarionova, the Group's Financial Controller. This process was supervised by Mr Paul Schmidt, the Group's Chief

Financial Officer.

Gold Fields Results I

**17****Income statement****International Financial Reporting Standards Basis***Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***SOUTH AFRICAN RAND****Quarter****Six months to****June****2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June****2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Revenue****6,037.9**

7,158.7      6,652.8

**13,196.6**

13,578.6

Operating costs, net

**(3,736.9)**(3,565.7)      (3,165.5)      **(7,302.6)**

(6,277.6)

-

Operating  
costs**(3,736.7)**(3,572.8)      (3,259.4)      **(7,309.5)**

(6,455.0)

- Gold inventory change

**(0.2)**7.1      93.9      **6.9**

177.4

**Operating profit****2,301.0**3,593.0      3,487.3      **5,894.0**

7,301.0

Amortisation and depreciation

**(1,345.3)**

(1,214.1)      (920.7)

**(2,559.4)**

(1,865.7)

**Net operating profit****955.7**2,378.9      2,566.6      **3,334.6**

5,435.3		
Net interest paid		
<b>(127.5)</b>		
(91.5)	(74.0)	
<b>(219.0)</b>		
(135.0)		
Share of results of associates after taxation		
<b>(50.0)</b>		
(80.8)	(115.8)	<b>(130.8)</b>
(115.1)		
Gain/(loss) on foreign exchange		
<b>115.8</b>		
(0.6)	7.5	
<b>115.2</b>		
(58.7)		
(Loss)/gain on financial instruments		
<b>(37.4)</b>		
0.4	(7.7)	
<b>(37.0)</b>		
(9.4)		
Share-based payments		
<b>(117.1)</b>		
(117.0)	(127.3)	<b>(234.1)</b>
(204.6)		
Other		
<b>(77.1)</b>		
(83.5)	(19.6)	
<b>(160.6)</b>		
(10.7)		
Exploration		
<b>(202.9)</b>		
(210.6)	(189.5)	<b>(413.5)</b>
(481.5)		
Feasibility and evaluation costs		
<b>(109.6)</b>		
(118.2)	(119.6)	<b>(227.8)</b>
(195.7)		
<b>Profit before royalties, taxation and non-recurring items</b>		
<b>349.9</b>		
1,677.1	1,920.6	<b>2,027.0</b>
4,224.6		
Non-recurring items		
<b>(1,317.6)</b>		
(389.7)	(119.2)	
<b>(1,707.3)</b>		
(165.2)		
<b>(Loss)/profit before royalties and taxation</b>		
<b>(967.7)</b>		
1,287.4	1,801.4	<b>319.7</b>
4,059.4		
Royalties		

(177.7)		
(247.1)	(222.6)	(424.8)
(450.7)		
<b>(Loss)/profit before taxation</b>		
<b>(1,145.4)</b>		
1,040.3	1,578.8	(105.1)
3,608.7		
Mining and income taxation		
<b>(89.7)</b>		
(733.4)	(669.8)	(823.1)
(2,286.9)		
-		
Normal taxation		
<b>(135.9)</b>		
(660.7)	(591.2)	(796.6)
(1,268.7)		
-		
Deferred taxation		
<b>46.2</b>		
(72.7)	(78.6)	(26.5)
(1,018.2)		
<b>Net (loss)/profit from continuing operations</b>		
<b>(1,235.1)</b>		
306.9	909.0	
<b>(928.2)</b>		
1,321.8		
<b>Net profit from discontinued operations</b>		
-		
2,553.8	815.2	
<b>2,553.8</b>		
2,562.6		
Net profit from discontinued operations		
-		
489.9	815.2	<b>489.9</b>
2,562.6		
Net profit on distribution of discontinued operations		
-		
2,063.9	-	
<b>2,063.9</b>		
-		
<b>Net (loss)/profit</b>		
<b>(1,235.1)</b>		
2,860.7	1,724.2	<b>1,625.6</b>
3,884.4		
Attributable to:		
- Owners of the parent		
<b>(1,169.4)</b>		
2,789.5	1,652.5	<b>1,620.1</b>
3,781.2		

- Non-controlling interest			
<b>(65.7)</b>			
71.2	71.7		<b>5.5</b>
103.2			
<b>Non-recurring items:</b>			
Profit on sale of investments			
<b>2.3</b>			
-	-		
<b>2.3</b>			
-			
Profit on sale of assets			
<b>0.5</b>			
0.8	0.3		<b>1.3</b>
2.0			
Restructuring costs			
<b>(76.2)</b>			
(47.2)	(45.6)		
<b>(123.4)</b>			
(76.0)			
Impairment of stockpiles			
<b>(538.7)</b>			
-	-		
<b>(538.7)</b>			
-			
Impairment of investments and assets			
<b>(621.6)</b>			
(12.8)	(73.9)		
<b>(634.4)</b>			
(91.2)			
Other			
<b>(83.9)</b>			
(330.5)	-		
<b>(414.4)</b>			
-			
<b>Total non-recurring items</b>			
<b>(1,317.6)</b>			
(389.7)	(119.2)		
<b>(1,707.3)</b>			
(165.2)			
Taxation			
<b>415.6</b>			
17.2	14.1		
<b>432.8</b>			
23.2			
<b>Net non-recurring items after tax and non-controlling interests</b>			
<b>(902.0)</b>			
(372.5)	(105.1)		
<b>(1,274.5)</b>			
(142.0)			
Net (loss)/earnings from continuing operations			
<b>(1,169.4)</b>			

235.7	837.3	
<b>(933.7)</b>		
1,218.4		
Net earnings from discontinued operations		
-		
2,553.8	815.2	
<b>2,553.8</b>		
2,562.8		
Net (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(159)</b>		
32	114	
<b>(127)</b>		
168		
Net earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
-		
349	112	<b>349</b>
353		
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(159)</b>		
32	114	
<b>(127)</b>		
166		
Diluted earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
-		
348	112	<b>348</b>
352		
Headline (loss)/earnings from continuing operations		
<b>(762.9)</b>		
245.5	911.2	
<b>(517.4)</b>		
1,308.2		
Headline earnings from discontinued operations		
-		
489.7	814.9	<b>489.7</b>
2,562.5		
Headline (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(105)</b>		
34	125	<b>(71)</b>
181		
Headline earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
-		
67	111	<b>67</b>
352		
Diluted headline (loss)/earnings per share (cents) from continuing operations		
<b>(105)</b>		
33	125	<b>(72)</b>
181		
Diluted headline earnings per share (cents) from discontinued operations		
-		
67	111	<b>67</b>
351		



Net (loss)/earnings excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments and non-recurring items after royalties and taxation – continuing operations

**(311.9)**

607.5	940.7	<b>295.6</b>
-------	-------	--------------

1,405.6

Net (loss)/earnings per share excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments and non-recurring items after royalties and taxation (cents) – continuing operations

**(43)**

83	129	<b>40</b>
----	-----	-----------

194

Gold sold – managed  
kg

**14,441**

15,410	16,232	<b>29,851</b>
--------	--------	---------------

32,723

Gold price received

R/kg

**418,108**

464,549	409,857	<b>442,082</b>
---------	---------	----------------

414,956

Total cash cost

R/kg

**259,405**

234,036	196,926	<b>246,401</b>
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193,167

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| Gold Fields Results

**Statement of comprehensive income**

**International Financial Reporting Standards Basis**

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated*

**UNITED STATES DOLLARS**

**Quarter**

**Six months to**

**June**

**2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June**

**2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Net (loss)/profit**

**(143.9)**

321.8

212.6

**177.7**

490.6

**Other comprehensive expenses net of tax**

**(369.2)**

(265.3)

(513.4)

**(634.5)**

(127.2)

Marked to market valuation of listed investments

**(5.4)**

1.5

(2.3)

**(3.9)**

6.4

Currency translation adjustments and other

**(365.1)**

(266.0)

(512.7)

**(631.1)**

(134.2)

Deferred taxation on marked to market valuation of listed investments

**1.3**

(0.8)

1.6

**0.5**

0.6

**Total comprehensive (expenses)/income**

**(513.1)**  
 56.5  
 (300.8)  
**(456.8)**  
 363.4  
 Attributable to:  
 - Owners of the parent  
**(506.7)**  
 48.4  
 (312.8)  
**(458.5)**  
 336.6  
 - Non-controlling interest

**(6.4)**  
 8.1  
 12.0  
**1.7**  
 26.8  
**(513.1)**  
 56.5  
 (300.8)  
**(456.8)**  
 363.4

**Statement of comprehensive income**  
**International Financial Reporting Standards Basis**

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated*

**SOUTH AFRICAN RAND**

**Quarter**

**Six months to**

**June**

**2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June**

**2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Net (loss)/profit**

**(1,235.1)**

2,860.7

1,724.2

**1,625.6**

3,884.4

**Other comprehensive income net of tax**

**338.2**

1,581.9

912.4

<b>1,920.1</b>
540.6
Marked to market valuation of listed investments
<b>(49.4)</b>
13.7
(17.2)
<b>(35.7)</b>
50.3
Currency translation adjustments and other
<b>376.3</b>
1,574.9
917.0
<b>1,951.2</b>
485.7
Deferred taxation on marked to market valuation of listed investments
<b>11.3</b>
(6.7)
12.6
<b>4.6</b>
4.6
<b>Total comprehensive (expenses)/income</b>
<b>(869.9)</b>
4,442.6
2,636.6
<b>3,545.7</b>
4,425.0
Attributable to:
- Owners of the parent
<b>(1,022.9)</b>
4,219.1
2,401.1
<b>3,196.2</b>
4,158.0
- Non-controlling interest
<b>126.0</b>
223.5
235.5
<b>349.5</b>
267.0
<b>(896.9)</b>
4,442.6
2,636.6
<b>3,545.7</b>
4,425.0
<b>Statement of financial position</b>
<b>International Financial Reporting Standards Basis</b>
<i>Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated</i>
<b>UNITED STATES</b>
<b>DOLLARS</b>
<b>SOUTH AFRICAN</b>
<b>RAND</b>

**June**

**2013**

Restated

December

2012

**June**

**2013**

Restated

December

2012

Property, plant and equipment

**5,810.3**

6,258.4

**58,974.8**

53,633.8

Goodwill

**439.3**

520.3

**4,458.9**

4,458.9

Non-current assets

**116.6**

106.3

**1,183.9**

910.6

Investments

**277.9**

270.5

**2,821.0**

2,318.1

Deferred taxation

**36.8**

41.6

**373.4**

356.0

Current assets

**1,146.9**

3,875.5

**11,641.7**

33,212.9

- Other current assets

**704.2**

887.3

**7,148.0**

7,604.1

- Cash and deposits

**442.7**

606.3

**4,493.7**

5,195.6

- Assets held for distribution

-  
2,381.9  
-  
20,413.2  
**Total assets**  
**7,827.8**  
11,072.6  
**79,453.7**  
94,890.3  
Shareholders' equity  
**4,448.6**  
6,191.0  
**45,154.2**  
53,056.5  
Deferred taxation  
**567.0**  
589.5  
**5,755.3**  
5,052.0  
Long-term loans  
**1,953.9**  
1,828.8  
**19,831.8**  
15,672.9  
Environmental rehabilitation provisions  
**237.5**  
248.8  
**2,410.7**  
2,131.6  
Other long-term provisions  
**10.4**  
13.9  
**105.5**  
119.0  
Current liabilities  
**610.4**  
2,200.6  
**6,196.2**  
18,858.3  
- Other current liabilities  
**465.2**  
719.3  
**4,722.2**  
6,164.1  
- Current portion of long-term loans  
**145.2**  
40.0  
**1,474.0**  
342.8  
- Liabilities held for distribution  
-

1,441.3

-

12,351.4

**Total equity and liabilities**

**7,827.8**

11,072.6

**79,453.7**

94,890.3

US dollar conversion rate/South African rand

**10.15**

8.57

South African rand/Australian dollar conversion rate

**9.36**

8.92

**Net debt**

**1,656.4**

1,262.5

**16,812.1**

10,820.1

Gold Fields Results I

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**Condensed statement of changes in equity**

**International Financial Reporting Standards Basis**

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated*

**UNITED STATES DOLLARS**

**Share capital  
and premium**

**Other  
reserves**

**Retained  
earnings**

**Non-controlling  
interest**

**Total  
equity**

**Balance as at 31 December 2012**

**4,599.9**

**(700.8)**

**2,093.2**

**210.5**

**6,202.8**

Prior year adjustment

-

-

(10.6)

(1.2)

**(11.8)**

Total comprehensive income/(expenses)

-

(635.6)

177.1

1.7

**(456.8)**

Profit for the period

-

-

177.1

0.6

**177.7**

Other comprehensive (expenses)/income

-

(635.6)

-

1.1

**(634.5)**

Dividends paid

-

-

(61.2)

(0.8)



**(62.0)**

Distribution in specie

(1,256.9)

-

-

-

**(1,256.9)**

Share-based

payments

-

30.3 - -

**30.3**

Transactions with non-controlling interest

-

-

-

(1.2)

**(1.2)**

Loans received from non-controlling interest

-

-

-

3.5

**3.5**

Exercise of employee share options

0.7

-

-

-

**0.7**

**Balance as at 30 June 2013**

**3,343.7**

**(1,306.1)**

**2,198.5**

**212.5**

**4,448.6**

**SOUTH AFRICAN RAND**

**Share capital  
and premium**

**Other  
reserves**

**Retained  
earnings**

**Non-controlling  
interest**

**Total  
equity**

**Balance as at 31 December 2012**

**31,542.3**

**3,773.2**

**16,038.0**

**1,803.9**  
**53,157.4**  
 Prior year adjustment  
 -  
 (25.0)  
 (66.3)  
 (9.6)  
**(100.9)**  
 Total comprehensive income  
 -  
 1,576.1  
 1,620.1  
 349.5  
**3,545.7**  
 Profit for the period  
 -  
 -  
 1,620.1  
 5.5  
**1,625.6**  
 Other comprehensive income  
 -  
 1,576.1  
 -  
 344.0  
**1,920.1**  
 Dividends paid  
 -  
 -  
 (557.9)  
 (7.3)  
**(565.2)**  
 Distribution in specie  
 (11,186.9)  
 -  
 -  
**(11,186.9)**  
 Share-based payments  
 -  
 277.6  
 -  
**277.6**  
 Transactions with non-controlling interest  
 -  
 -  
 (11.3)  
**(11.3)**  
 Loans received from non-controlling interest

-  
 -  
 -  
 31.6  
**31.6**  
 Exercise of employee share options  
 6.2  
 -  
 -  
 -  
**6.2**  
**Balance as at 30 June 2013**  
**20,361.6**  
**5,601.9**  
**17,033.9**  
**2,156.8**  
**45,154.2**  
**UNITED STATES DOLLARS**  
**Restated**  
**Share capital**  
**and premium**  
**Other**  
**reserves**  
**Retained**  
**earnings**  
**Non-controlling**  
**interest**  
**Total**  
**equity**  
**Balance as at 31 December 2011**  
**4,597.9**  
**(605.6)**  
**1,774.8**  
**144.5**  
**5,911.6**  
 Prior year adjustment  
 -  
 0.3  
 (20.9)  
 -  
**(20.6)**  
 Total comprehensive (expenses)/income  
 -  
 (140.9)  
 477.5  
 26.8  
**363.4**  
 Profit for the period  
 -  
 -  
 477.5

13.0  
**490.5**  
 Other comprehensive (expenses)/income  
 -  
 (140.9)  
 -  
 13.8  
**(127.1)**  
 Dividends declared  
 -  
 -  
 (221.5)  
 (2.7)  
**(224.2)**  
 Share-based  
 payments  
 -  
 42.6                      -                      -  
**42.6**  
 Transactions with non-controlling interest  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 0.1  
**0.1**  
 Loans received from non-controlling interest  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 10.0  
**10.0**  
 Exercise of employee share options  
 1.5  
 -  
 -  
 -  
**1.5**  
**Balance as at 30 June 2012**  
**4,599.4**  
**(703.6)**  
**2,009.9**  
**178.7**  
**6,084.4**  
**SOUTH AFRICAN RAND**  
**Restated**  
**Share capital**  
**and premium**  
**Other**  
**reserves**  
**Retained**  
**earnings**

**Non-controlling  
interest**

**Total  
equity**

**Balance as at 31 December 2011**

**31,526.3**

**2,065.5**

**13,295.1**

**1,174.6**

**48,061.5**

Prior year adjustment

-

(16.3)

(151.2)

-

**(167.5)**

Total comprehensive income

-

376.8

3,781.2

267.0

**4,425.0**

Profit for the period

-

-

3,781.2

103.2

**3,884.4**

Other comprehensive income

-

376.8

-

163.8

**540.6**

Dividends declared

-

-

(1,677.3)

(22.8)

**(1,700.1)**

Share-based payments

-

337.5

-

-

**337.5**

Transactions with non-controlling interest

-

-

-

0.7

**0.7**

Loans received from non-controlling interest

-

-

-

79.4

**79.4**

Exercise of employee share options

11.9

-

-

-

**11.9**

**Balance as at 30 June 2012**

**31,538.2**

**2,763.5**

**15,247.8**

**1,498.9**

**51,048.4**

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| Gold Fields Results

**Statement of cash flows****International Financial Reporting Standards Basis***Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***UNITED STATES DOLLARS****Quarter****Six months to****June****2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June****2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Cash flows from operating activities****(42.4)**230.5      513.4      **187.9**

870.0

Profit before royalties, tax and non-recurring items

**33.1**188.6      237.0      **221.6**

533.5

Non-recurring items

**(142.8)**

(43.8)      (14.9)

**(186.6)**

(20.9)

Amortisation and depreciation

**143.2**136.5      114.0      **279.7**

235.7

South Deep BEE dividend paid

**(2.2)**-      (2.5)      **(2.2)**

(2.5)

Change in working capital

**(56.6)**54.8      34.1      **(1.8)**

(14.4)

Royalties and taxation paid

**(141.1)**(135.4)      (163.5)      **(276.5)**

(272.4)

Other non-cash items

**124.0**

(1.2)	25.1	
<b>122.8</b>		
38.4		
Cash (utilised in)/generated by continuing operations		
<b>(42.4)</b>		
199.6	229.2	<b>157.0</b>
497.3		
Cash generated by discontinued operations		
-		
30.9	284.2	<b>30.9</b>
372.7		
<b>Dividends paid</b>		
-		
(62.0)		
(0.2)		
<b>(62.0)</b>		
(224.7)		
Owners of the parent		
-		
(61.2)	-	
<b>(61.2)</b>		
(221.5)		
Non-controlling interest holders		
-		
(0.8)	(0.2)	<b>(0.8)</b>
(3.2)		
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
<b>(187.5)</b>		
(311.6)		
(417.5)		
<b>(499.1)</b>		
(866.0)		
Capital expenditure – additions		
<b>(187.2)</b>		
(244.4)	(310.3)	<b>(431.6)</b>
(562.5)		
Capital expenditure – proceeds on disposal		
<b>0.1</b>		
0.1	(0.2)	<b>0.2</b>
-		
Payment to FSE		
-		
-	-	-
(110.0)		
Payment to Bezant		
-		
(10.0)	-	
<b>(10.0)</b>		
-		
La Cima non-controlling interest buy-out		
-		



-	-	-
-		
Purchase of investments		
<b>(0.9)</b>		
(1.6)	(0.7)	<b>(2.5)</b>
(0.8)		
Proceeds on disposal of investments		
<b>1.4</b>		
0.2	0.5	<b>1.6</b>
1.1		
Environmental and post-retirement health care payments		
<b>(0.9)</b>		
(1.0)	(0.9)	<b>(1.9)</b>
(2.2)		
Cash utilised in continuing operations		
<b>(187.5)</b>		
(256.8)	(311.6)	<b>(444.2)</b>
(674.5)		
Cash utilised in discontinued operations		
-		
(54.9)	(105.9)	<b>(54.9)</b>
(191.5)		
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
<b>131.4</b>		
154.8		
46.4		
<b>286.2</b>		
276.4		
Loans received		
<b>141.1</b>		
2,832.7	793.0	
<b>2,973.8</b>		
906.3		
Loans repaid		
<b>(10.0)</b>		
(2,720.8)	(752.0)	
<b>(2,730.8)</b>		
(770.0)		
Non-controlling interest holders' loans received		
-		
3.5	4.1	<b>3.5</b>
10.0		
Shares issued		
<b>0.3</b>		
0.4	1.3	<b>0.7</b>
1.5		
Cash generated by continuing operations		
<b>131.4</b>		
115.8	46.4	
<b>247.2</b>		
147.8		

Cash generated by discontinued operations

-

39.0 -

**39.0**

128.6

**Net cash (outflow)/inflow****(98.5)**11.7 142.0 **(87.0)**

55.7

Net cash outflow from continuing operations

**(98.5)**

(3.4) (36.2)

**(102.0)**

(254.1)

Net cash inflow from discontinued operations

-

15.0 178.3 **15.0**

309.8

Cash distributed on unbundling of Sibanye

-

(106.4) -

**(106.4)**

-

Translation adjustment

**(27.3)**7.6 (26.9) **(19.5)**

(4.9)

Cash at beginning of period

**568.5**655.6 679.7 **655.6**

744.0

**Cash at end of period****442.7**568.5 794.8 **442.7**

794.8

**\* Cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditure additions for****continuing operations****(229.6)**

(44.8) (81.1)

**(274.4)**

(65.2)

Gold Fields Results |

**21****Statement of cash flows****International Financial Reporting Standards Basis***Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***SOUTH AFRICAN RAND****Quarter****Six months to****June****2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June****2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Cash flows from operating activities****(382.4)**2,138.6      4,188.4      **1,756.2**

6,905.2

Profit before royalties, tax and non-recurring items

**349.9**1,677.1      1,920.6      **2,027.0**

4,224.6

Non-recurring items

**(1,317.6)**

(389.7)      (119.2)

**(1,707.3)**

(165.2)

Amortisation and depreciation

**1,345.6**

1,213.8      920.7

**2,559.4**

1,865.7

South Deep BEE dividend paid

**(20.0)**-      (20.0)      **(20.0)**

(20.0)

Change in working capital

**(504.9)**488.0      262.4      **(16.9)**

(114.7)

Royalties and taxation paid

**(1,367.7)**(1,123.3)      (1,296.3)      **(2,491.0)**

(2,157.4)

Other non-cash items

<b>1,132.3</b>		
(8.9)	201.5	
<b>1,123.4</b>		
304.2		
Cash (utilised in)/generated by continuing operations		
<b>(382.4)</b>		
1,857.0	1,869.7	<b>1,474.6</b>
3,937.2		
Cash generated by discontinued operations		
-		
281.6	2,318.7	<b>281.6</b>
2,968.0		
<b>Dividends paid</b>		
-		
(565.2)		
(1.9)		
<b>(565.2)</b>		
(1,703.4)		
Owners of the parent		
-		
(557.9)	-	
<b>(557.9)</b>		
(1,677.3)		
Non-controlling interest holders		
-		
(7.3)	(1.9)	<b>(7.3)</b>
(26.1)		
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
<b>(1,779.2)</b>		
(2,772.8)		
(3,356.2)		
<b>(4,552.0)</b>		
(6,819.6)		
Capital expenditure – additions		
<b>(1,776.4)</b>		
(2,172.8)	(2,494.5)	<b>(3,949.2)</b>
(4,453.7)		
Capital expenditure – proceeds on disposal		
<b>1.2</b>		
0.8	(1.5)	<b>2.0</b>
(0.1)		
Payment to FSE		
-		
-	-	-
(833.8)		
Payment to Bezant		
-		
(90.8)	-	
<b>(90.8)</b>		
-		
La Cima non-controlling interest buy-out		

-		
-	-	-
(0.1)		
Purchase of investments		
<b>(8.7)</b>		
(14.6)	(5.5)	
<b>(23.3)</b>		
(6.5)		
Proceeds on disposal of investments		
<b>12.7</b>		
1.5	4.3	
<b>14.2</b>		
8.7		
Environmental and post-retirement health care payments		
<b>(8.0)</b>		
(9.2)	(7.5)	
<b>(17.2)</b>		
(17.5)		
Cash utilised in continuing operations		
<b>(1,779.2)</b>		
(2,285.1)	(2,504.7)	<b>(4,064.3)</b>
(5,303.0)		
Cash utilised in discontinued operations		
-		
(487.7)	(851.5)	<b>(487.7)</b>
(1,516.6)		
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
<b>1,283.4</b>		
1,423.4		
371.2		
<b>2,706.8</b>		
2,115.6		
Loans received		
<b>1,382.4</b>		
25,045.6	6,232.3	
<b>26,428.0</b>		
7,091.1		
Loans repaid		
<b>(101.5)</b>		
(24,007.5)	(5,904.9)	
<b>(24,109.0)</b>		
(6,041.8)		
Non-controlling interest holders' loans received		
-		
31.6	33.6	<b>31.6</b>
79.4		
Shares issued		
<b>2.5</b>		
3.7	10.2	<b>6.2</b>
11.9		
Cash generated by continuing operations		

<b>1,283.4</b>		
1,073.4	371.2	
<b>2,356.8</b>		
1,140.6		
Cash generated by discontinued operations		
-		
350.0	-	
<b>350.0</b>		
975.0		
<b>Net cash (outflow)/inflow</b>		
<b>(878.2)</b>		
224.0	1,201.4	<b>(654.2)</b>
497.7		
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from continuing operations		
<b>(878.2)</b>		
80.1	(265.7)	<b>(798.1)</b>
(1,928.6)		
Net cash inflow from discontinued operations		
-		
143.9	1,467.2	<b>143.9</b>
2,426.4		
Cash distributed on unbundling of Sibanye		
-		
(946.1)	-	
<b>(946.1)</b>		
-		
Translation adjustment		
<b>95.8</b>		
379.7	315.3	<b>475.5</b>
121.9		
Cash at beginning of period		
<b>5,276.1</b>		
5,618.5	5,151.9	<b>5,618.5</b>
6,049.0		
<b>Cash at end of period</b>		
<b>4,493.7</b>		
5,276.1	6,668.6	<b>4,493.7</b>
6,668.6		
<b>* Cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditure additions for</b>		
<b>continuing operations</b>		
<b>(2,158.8)</b>		
(315.8)	(624.9)	
<b>(2,474.6)</b>		
(516.5)		

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| Gold Fields Results

**Reconciliation of headline earnings from continuing operations with net earnings from continuing operations****International Financial Reporting Standards Basis***Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated***UNITED STATES DOLLARS****Quarter****Year to date****June****2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June****2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Net (loss)/earnings from continuing operations****(128.5)**

26.5          105.0

**(102.0)**

153.9

Profit on sale of investments

**(0.3)**

-                  -

**(0.3)**

-

Taxation effect on sale of investments

**0.2**

-                  -

**0.2**

-

Profit on sale of assets

-

(0.1)          (0.1)          **(0.1)**

(0.3)

Taxation effect on sale of assets

-

-                  -                  -

0.1

Impairment of investments and assets

**67.8**

1.4          9.3

**69.2**

11.5

Taxation on impairment of investments and assets

**(23.4)**

(0.2) -  
**(23.6)**

-  
**Headline (loss)/earnings from continuing operations**  
**(84.2)**

27.6 114.2 **(56.6)**  
 165.2

Headline (loss)/earnings per share – cents  
**(12)**

4 18 **(8)**  
 23

Based on headline (loss)/earnings as given above divided by 735,823,756 (March 2013 – 731,207,454 and June 2012 – 728,425,816) being the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue.

**SOUTH AFRICAN RAND**

**Quarter**

**Year to date**

**June**

**2013**

March

2013

Restated

June

2012

**June**

**2013**

Restated

June

2012

**Net (loss)/earnings from continuing operations**

**(1,169.4)**

235.7 837.3

**(933.7)**

1,218.4

Profit on sale of investments

**(2.3)**

- -

**(2.3)**

-

Taxation effect on sale of investments

**1.5**

- -

**1.5**

-

Profit on sale of assets

**(0.5)**

(0.8) (0.3) **(1.3)**

(2.0)

Taxation effect on sale of assets

**0.2**

0.2 0.3 **0.4**



0.6		
Impairment of investments and assets		
<b>621.6</b>		
12.8	73.9	
<b>634.4</b>		
91.2		
Taxation on impairment of investments and assets		
<b>(214.0)</b>		
(2.4)	-	
<b>(216.4)</b>		
-		
<b>Headline (loss)/earnings from continuing operations</b>		
<b>(762.9)</b>		
245.5	911.2	
<b>(517.4)</b>		
1,308.2		
Headline (loss)/earnings per share – cents		
<b>(105)</b>		
34	125	<b>(71)</b>
181		

Based on headline (loss)/earnings as given above divided by 735,823,756 (March 2013 – 731,207,454 and June 2012 – 728,425,816) being the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue.

#### **Hedging/Derivatives**

The Group's policy is to remain unhedged to the gold price. However, hedges are sometimes undertaken on a project specific basis as follows:

- to protect cash flows at times of significant expenditure;
- for specific debt servicing requirements; and
- to safeguard the viability of higher cost operations.

Gold Fields may from time to time establish currency financial instruments to protect underlying cash flows.

#### **South Africa forward exchange contracts\***

Outstanding contracts at the end of June 2013 were as follows:

In May 2013, US\$120 million of expected gold revenue for the September and December 2013 quarters was sold forward on behalf of South Deep at an average forward rate of R9.9732, with monthly deliveries of US\$20 million starting 22 July 2013 until 21 December 2013. The mark to market value at the end of June 2013 was negative US\$3.8 million.

#### **Diesel hedge**

##### **Australia**

On 1 May 2013, St Ives Gold Mining Company (Pty) Ltd entered into a Singapore Gasoil 10PPM cash settled swap transaction contract for 7,500 barrels per month effective 1 June 2013 until 31 March 2014 at a fixed price of US\$115.00 per barrel.

At end of June 2013 the mark to market value on 67,500 barrels was positive US\$0.2 million.

\* Do not qualify for hedge accounting and will be accounted for as derivative financial instruments in the income statement.

#### **Debt maturity ladder**

**The table below shows the debt maturity profile of Gold Fields reflecting the new dollar facilities that have been negotiated for the Group post unbundling.**

*Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated*

**31 Dec 2013**

**31 Dec 2014**

**31 Dec 2015**

**1 Jan 2016**

**to**

**31 Dec 2020**

**Total**

**Uncommitted and committed loan facilities (including US\$ bond)**

US dollar million

20.0            75.0

750.0

1,709.4

**2,554.4**

Rand million

1,350.0            -            -

2,000.0

**3,350.0**

Dollar debt translated to rand

133.0

-

-

197.0

**330.0**

**Total (US\$'m)**

**153.0            75.0**

**750.0**

**1,906.4**

**2,884.4**

**Utilisation – Uncommitted and committed loan facilities (including US\$ bond)**

US dollar million

20.0            60.0

750.0

1,080.4

**1,910.4**

Rand million

865.0            -            -

1,050.0

**1,915.0**

Rand debt translated to dollar

85.2

-

-

103.5

**188.7**

**Total (US\$'m)**

**105.2            60.0**

**750.0**

**1,183.9**

**2,099.1**

*Exchange rate: US\$1 = R10.15 being the closing rate at the end of the June 2013 quarter.*

Gold Fields Results |

**23**

**Total cash cost**

**Gold Industry Standards Basis**

*Figures are in US dollar millions unless otherwise stated*

**Total Mine**

**Continuing**

**Operations**

**South**

**Africa**

**Region**

**West Africa Region**

**South**

**America**

**Region**

**Australasia Region**

**Ghana**

**Peru**

**Australia**

**South**

**Deep**

**Total Tarkwa**

**Damang**

**Cerro**

**Corona**

**Total St**

**Ives Agnew**

**Operating costs**

**(1)**

**June 2013**

**(397.0)**

**(84.9)**

**(150.0)**

**(116.2)**

**(33.8)**

**(39.1)**

**(122.9)**

**(89.2)**

**(33.7)**

**March 2013**

**(401.9)**

**(76.4)**

**(164.9)**

**(123.1)**

**(41.8)**

**(42.3)**

**(118.3)**

**(85.6)**

**(32.7)**

**Year to date**

**(798.9)**

(161.3)  
 (314.9)  
 (239.3)  
 (75.6)  
 (81.4)  
 (241.2)  
 (174.8)  
 (66.4)  
 Gold-in-process and  
**June 2013**  
**(0.6)**  
 -  
**(9.6)**  
**(8.2)**  
**(1.4)**  
**7.3**  
**1.7**  
**1.9**  
**(0.2)**  
 inventory change\*  
 March 2013  
 2.7  
 -  
 (1.2)  
 (8.2)  
 7.0  
 4.1  
 (0.2)  
 (1.5)  
 1.3  
 Year to date  
 2.1  
 -  
 (10.8)  
 (16.4)  
 5.6  
 11.4  
 1.5  
 0.4  
 1.1  
 Less:  
**June 2013**  
**(3.1)**  
**(0.3)**  
**(1.6)**  
**(1.3)**  
**(0.3)**  
**(0.2)**  
**(1.0)**  
**(0.8)**  
**(0.2)**

Rehabilitation costs

March 2013

(3.2)

(0.4)

(1.5)

(1.3)

(0.2)

(0.3)

(1.0)

(0.8)

(0.2)

Year to date

(6.3)

(0.7)

(3.1)

(2.6)

(0.5)

(0.5)

(2.0)

(1.6)

(0.4)

General and

**June 2013**

**(15.1)**

**(1.4)**

**(7.1)**

**(5.6)**

**(1.5)**

**(0.3)**

**(6.3)**

**(3.9)**

**(2.3)**

admin

March 2013

(18.0)

(1.6)

(9.2)

(7.0)

(2.2)

(1.0)

(6.2)

(4.4)

(1.9)

Year to date

(33.1)

(3.0)

(16.3)

(12.6)

(3.7)

(1.3)

(12.5)

(8.3)

(4.2)

Plus:

**June 2013**

**(18.7)**

**(0.6)**

**(12.1)**

**(9.8)**

**(2.3)**

**(1.3)**

**(4.8)**

**(3.3)**

**(1.4)**

Royalties

March 2013

(27.8)

(0.5)

(17.4)

(13.9)

(3.5)

(4.1)

(5.7)

(4.2)

(1.6)

Year to date

(46.4)

(1.1)

(29.5)

(23.7)

(5.8)

(5.4)

(10.5)

(7.5)

(3.0)

**TOTAL CASH COST**

**(2)**

**June 2013**

**(398.1)**

**(83.8)**

**(163.0)**

**(127.3)**

**(35.7)**

**(32.6)**

**(118.8)**

**(85.9)**

**(32.9)**

March 2013

(405.7)

(74.9)

(172.8)

(136.9)

(35.9)

(41.0)

(116.9)

(86.1)

(30.8)

Year to date

(803.8)

(158.7)

(335.8)

(264.2)

(71.6)

(73.5)

(235.7)

(172.0)

(63.7)

Plus:

**June 2013**

**(140.8)**

**(26.3)**

**(41.8)**

**(34.0)**

**(7.8)**

**(9.7)**

**(63.1)**

Amortisation\*

March 2013

(137.2)

(21.8)

(40.8)

(33.0)

(7.8)

(11.0)

(63.5)

Year to date

(278.0)

(48.1)

(82.6)

(67.0)

(15.6)

(20.7)

(126.6)

Rehabilitation

**June 2013**

**(3.1)**

**(0.3)**

**(1.6)**

**(1.3)**

**(0.3)**

**(0.2)**

**(1.0)**

March 2013

(3.2)  
(0.4)  
(1.5)  
(1.3)  
(0.2)  
(0.3)  
(1.0)  
Year to date  
(6.3)  
(0.7)  
(3.1)  
(2.6)  
(0.5)  
(0.5)  
(2.0)

**TOTAL PRODUCTION**

**June 2013**

**(542.0)**  
**(110.4)**  
**(206.4)**  
**(162.6)**  
**(43.8)**  
**(42.4)**  
**(182.8)**

**COST**

**(3)**  
March 2013  
(546.0)  
(97.1)  
(215.2)  
(171.3)  
(43.9)  
(52.3)  
(181.5)

Year to date

(1,088.1)  
(207.5)  
(421.5)  
(333.8)  
(87.7)  
(94.7)  
(364.3)

**Gold sold**

**June 2013**

**464.3**  
**77.8**  
**171.0**  
**139.2**  
**31.8**  
**64.7**  
**150.8**



**97.7**  
**53.0**  
– **thousand ounces**  
March 2013  
495.4  
63.0  
213.4  
170.1  
43.3  
73.3  
145.7  
102.0  
43.7  
Year to date  
959.6  
140.8  
384.4  
309.3  
75.1  
138.0  
296.5  
199.8  
96.7  
**TOTAL CASH COST**  
**June 2013**  
**857**  
**1,077**  
**953**  
**915**  
**1,123**  
**503**  
**788**  
**879**  
**619**  
– **US\$/oz**  
March 2013  
819  
1,189  
810  
805  
830  
560  
802  
844  
705  
Year to date  
838  
1,127  
874  
854  
953

533  
795  
861  
659

**TOTAL CASH COST**

**June 2013**

**259,405**  
**325,701**  
**288,453**  
**276,736**  
**339,763**  
**152,176**  
**238,283**  
**265,927**  
**187,351**

**– R/kg**

March 2013

234,036  
339,969  
231,451  
229,994  
237,166  
160,026  
229,252  
241,147  
201,472

Year to date

246,401  
331,616  
256,995  
251,333  
280,310  
156,785  
233,828  
253,225  
193,772

**TOTAL PRODUCTION**

**June 2013**

**1,167**  
**1,419**  
**1,207**  
**1,168**  
**1,378**  
**656**

**1,212**

**COST– US\$/oz**

March 2013

1,102  
1,541  
1,008  
1,006

1,015  
 714  
 1,245  
 Year to date  
 1,134  
 1,474  
 1,097  
 1,079  
 1,167  
 687  
 1,229

**TOTAL PRODUCTION**

**June 2013**

**353,191**  
**429,334**  
**364,178**  
**353,401**  
**416,750**  
**198,432**  
**366,736**

**COST– R/kg**

March 2013

315,016  
 440,480  
 288,142  
 287,677  
 289,985  
 204,125  
 355,901  
 Year to date  
 333,555  
 433,584  
 322,576  
 317,532  
 343,348  
 201,980  
 361,411

**DEFINITIONS**

*Total cash cost and Total production cost are calculated in accordance with the Gold Institute Industry standard.*

(1)

*Operating costs – All gold mining related costs before amortisation/depreciation, changes in gold inventory, taxation and non-recurring items.*

(2)

*Total cash cost – Operating costs less off-mine costs, which include general and administration costs, as detailed in the table above.*

(3)

*Total production cost – Total cash cost plus amortisation/depreciation and rehabilitation provisions, as detailed in the table above.*

*\* Adjusted for amortisation/depreciation (non-cash item) excluded from gold-in-process change.*

*Average exchange rates were US\$1 = R9.41 and US\$1 = R8.89 for the June 2013 and March 2013 quarters respectively.*



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| Gold Fields Results

**Operating and financial results**

UNITED STATES DOLLARS

Total Mine

Continuing

Operations

South

Africa

Region

West Africa Region

South

America

Region

Ghana

Peru

South

Deep

Total

Tarkwa

Damang

Cerro

Corona

**Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tonnes)

**June 2013****8,794****640****5,272****4,353****919****1,591**

March 2013

9,535

520

5,978

5,018 960

1,624

Year to date

18,329

1,160

11,250

9,371

1,879

3,215

Yield (ounces per tonne)

**June 2013****0.053****0.122****0.032****0.032****0.035****0.044**

March 2013

0.052

0.121

0.036

0.034

0.045

0.047

Year to date		
0.053		
0.121		
0.034	0.033	0.040
0.046		
Gold produced (000 ounces)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>469.5</b>		
<b>77.8</b>		
<b>171.0</b>	<b>139.2</b>	<b>31.8</b>
<b>70.0</b>		
March 2013		
499.0		
63.0		
213.4	170.1	43.3
76.9		
Year to date		
968.6		
140.8		
384.4	309.3	75.1
146.8		
Gold sold (000 ounces)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>464.3</b>		
<b>77.8</b>		
<b>171.0</b>		
<b>139.2</b>	<b>31.8</b>	
<b>64.7</b>		
March 2013		
495.4		
63.0		
213.4	170.1	43.3
73.3		
Year to date		
959.7		
140.8		
384.4	309.3	75.1
138.0		
Gold price received (dollars per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>1,372</b>		
<b>1,439</b>		
<b>1,415</b>		
<b>1,413</b>	<b>1,422</b>	
<b>1,001</b>		
March 2013		
1,625		
1,646		
1,630	1,630	1,634
1,582		

Year to date		
1,503		
1,532		
1,535	1,532	1,545
1,309		
Total cash cost (dollars per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>857</b>		
<b>1,077</b>		
<b>953</b>	<b>915</b>	
<b>1,123</b>		
<b>503</b>		
March 2013		
819		
1,189		
810	805	830
560		
Year to date		
838		
1,127		
874	854	953
533		
Notional cash expenditure (dollar per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>1,227</b>		
<b>1,871</b>		
<b>1,207</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>1,576</b>
<b>781</b>		
March 2013		
1,271		
2,195		
1,237	1,217	1,317
728		
Year to date		
1,249		
2,017		
1,224	1,175	1,426
754		
Operating costs (dollar per tonne)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>45</b>		
<b>132</b>		
<b>29</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>25</b>		
March 2013		
42		
147		
28	25	44
26		
Year to date		
44		

139		
28	26	40
25		
All-in-sustaining costs (dollar per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>1,402</b>		
<b>1,558</b>		
<b>1,712</b>	<b>1,592</b>	<b>2,241</b>
<b>587</b>		
March 2013		
1,289		
1,823		
1,358	1,389	1,240
150		
Year to date		
1,344		
1,676		
1,516	1,480	1,664
352		
All-in-costs (dollar per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>1,462</b>		
<b>1,894</b>		
<b>1,712</b>		
<b>1,592</b>	<b>2,241</b>	
<b>587</b>		
March 2013		
1,344		
2,223		
1,358	1,389	1,240
150		
Year to date		
1,401		
2,042		
1,516	1,480	1,664
352		
<b>Financial Results (\$ million)</b>		
Revenue		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>637.1</b>		
<b>111.9</b>		
<b>241.9</b>	<b>196.6</b>	<b>45.3</b>
<b>64.8</b>		
March 2013		
805.2		
103.7		
348.0	277.2	70.8
115.9		
Year to date		
1,442.2		
215.6		



589.9	473.8	116.1
180.7		
Net operating costs		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(396.9)</b>		
<b>(84.9)</b>		
<b>(161.9)</b>	<b>(126.1)</b>	<b>(35.8)</b>
<b>(29.9)</b>		
March 2013		
(401.2)		
(76.4)		
(168.7)	(134.5)	(34.2)
(37.5)		
Year to date		
(798.2)		
(161.3)		
(330.6)	(260.6)	(70.0)
(67.4)		
- Operating costs		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(397.0)</b>		
<b>(84.9)</b>		
<b>(150.0)</b>		
<b>(116.2)</b>	<b>(33.8)</b>	
<b>(39.1)</b>		
March 2013		
(401.9)		
(76.4)		
(164.9)	(123.1)	(41.8)
(42.3)		
Year to date		
(798.9)		
(161.3)		
(314.9)	(239.3)	(75.6)
(81.4)		
- Gold inventory change		
<b>June 2013</b>		
-		
-		
<b>(11.9)</b>		
<b>(9.9)</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>	
<b>9.2</b>		
March 2013		
0.8		
-		
(3.8)	(11.4)	
7.6		
4.8		
Year to date		
0.8		
-		

(15.7)	(21.3)	
5.6		
14.0		
<b>Operating profit</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>240.2</b>		
<b>27.0</b>		
<b>80.0</b>	<b>70.5</b>	<b>9.5</b>
<b>34.9</b>		
March 2013		
404.0		
27.3		
179.3	142.7	36.6
78.5		
Year to date		
644.0		
54.3		
259.3	213.2	46.1
113.3		
Amortisation of mining assets		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(141.7)</b>		
<b>(26.3)</b>		
<b>(39.7)</b>	<b>(32.5)</b>	<b>(7.2)</b>
<b>(11.6)</b>		
March 2013		
(135.2)		
(21.8)		
(38.2)	(29.8)	(8.4)
(11.8)		
Year to date		
(276.9)		
(48.1)		
(77.9)	(62.3)	(15.6)
(23.4)		
<b>Net operating profit</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>98.5</b>		
<b>0.7</b>		
<b>40.3</b>	<b>38.0</b>	<b>2.3</b>
<b>23.3</b>		
March 2013		
269.0		
5.6		
141.0	112.9	28.2
66.7		
Year to date		
367.3		
6.2		
181.4	150.9	30.5
89.9		

Other expenses

**June 2013****(19.0)****(8.7)****(5.7)**                    **(3.6)**                    **(2.1)****(4.5)**

March 2013

(14.6)

(2.4)

(6.7)                    (4.4)                    (2.4)

(3.2)

Year to date

(33.7)

(11.1)

(12.5)                    (8.0)                    (4.5)

(7.7)

**Profit before royalties and taxation****June 2013****79.5****(8.0)****34.6****34.4**                    **0.2****18.8**

March 2013

254.3

3.2

134.3                    108.5                    25.8

63.5

Year to date

333.6

(4.9)

168.9                    142.9                    26.0

82.2

Royalties, mining and income taxation

**June 2013****(22.3)****0.7****20.7****18.6**                    **2.1****(29.8)**

March 2013

(106.2)

(0.8)

(57.6)                    (46.2)                    (11.4)

(27.3)

Year to date

(128.4)

(0.1)

(37.0)                    (27.7)                    (9.3)

(57.1)

- Normal taxation

**June 2013****2.5**

-

**14.3**                      **10.1**                      **4.2****(11.8)**

March 2013

(56.4)

-

(34.1)                      (28.1)                      (6.0)

(22.3)

Year to date

(53.9)

-

(19.8)                      (18.0)                      (1.8)

(34.1)

- Royalties

**June 2013****(18.7)****(0.6)****(12.1)**                      **(9.8)**                      **(2.3)****(1.3)**

March 2013

(27.8)

(0.5)

(17.4)                      (13.9)                      (3.5)

(4.1)

Year to date

(46.4)

(1.1)

(29.5)                      (23.7)                      (5.8)

(5.4)

- Deferred taxation

**June 2013****(6.1)****1.3****18.5**                      **18.3**                      **0.2****(16.8)**

March 2013

(21.9)

(0.3)

(6.2)                      (4.3)                      (1.9)

(0.9)

Year to date

(28.1)

1.0

12.3                      14.0                      (1.7)

(17.7)

**Profit before non-recurring items****June 2013****57.2****(7.3)**

<b>55.3</b>	<b>53.0</b>	<b>2.2</b>
<b>(11.0)</b>		
March 2013		
148.2		
2.4		
76.7	62.3	14.4
36.1		
Year to date		
205.2		
(5.0)		
131.9	115.2	16.6
25.1		
Non-recurring items		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(130.6)</b>		
<b>(2.2)</b>		
<b>(127.8)</b>		
<b>(112.1)</b>	<b>(15.7)</b>	
-		
March 2013		
(6.4)		
(3.7)		
(1.5)	(1.7)	0.2
(0.6)		
Year to date		
(137.1)		
(5.9)		
(129.3)	(113.8)	(15.5)
(0.6)		
<b>Net profit</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(73.4)</b>		
<b>(9.4)</b>		
<b>(72.5)</b>		
<b>(59.0)</b>	<b>(13.5)</b>	
<b>(11.0)</b>		
March 2013		
141.8		
(1.3)		
75.2	60.6	14.6
35.5		
Year to date		
68.1		
(10.8)		
2.7	1.5	1.1
24.6		
Net profit excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments and non-recurring items		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>11.9</b>		

<b>(7.9)</b>		
<b>11.4</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>(3.0)</b>
<b>(10.6)</b>		
March 2013		
147.4		
1.2		
77.0	62.2	14.8
36.1		
Year to date		
159.3		
<b>(6.7)</b>		
88.4	76.6	11.8
25.5		
<b>Capital expenditure</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(179.1)</b>		
<b>(60.7)</b>		
<b>(56.4)</b>		
<b>(40.0)</b>	<b>(16.4)</b>	
<b>(15.6)</b>		
March 2013		
(232.2)		
(61.9)		
(99.2)	(84.0)	(15.2)
(13.7)		
Year to date		
(411.3)		
(122.6)		
(155.6)	(124.0)	(31.6)
(29.3)		

*Average exchange rates were US\$1 = R9.41 and US\$1 = R8.89 for the June 2013 and March 2013 quarters respectively.*

*The Australian dollar exchange rates were A\$1 = R9.42 and A\$1 = R9.22 for the June 2013 and March 2013 quarters respectively.*

Gold Fields Results |

**25****Operating and financial results****UNITED STATES DOLLARS****Australasia Region**

#

**AUSTRALIAN DOLLARS****Australia****Australasia Region**

#

**Total St****Ives                      Agnew****Total****St Ives****Agnew****Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tonnes)

**June 2013****1,291****1,073****218****1,291                      1,073****218**

March 2013

1,413                      1,233                      180

1,413                      1,233                      180

Year to date

2,704                      2,306                      398

2,704                      2,306                      398

Yield (ounces per tonne)

**June 2013****0.117****0.091****0.243****0.117                      0.091****0.243**

March 2013

0.103                      0.083                      0.243

0.103                      0.083                      0.243

Year to date

0.110                      0.087                      0.243

0.110                      0.087                      0.243

Gold produced (000 ounces)

**June 2013****150.8****97.7****53.0****150.8                      97.7****53.0**

March 2013

145.7                      102.0                      43.7

145.7	102.0	43.7
Year to date		
296.5	199.8	96.7
296.5	199.8	96.7
Gold sold (000 ounces)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>150.8</b>		
<b>97.7</b>		
<b>53.0</b>		
<b>150.8</b>	<b>97.7</b>	
<b>53.0</b>		
March 2013		
145.7	102.0	43.7
145.7	102.0	43.7
Year to date		
296.5	199.8	96.7
296.5	199.8	96.7
Gold price received (dollars per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>1,449</b>		
<b>1,444</b>		
<b>1,457</b>		
<b>1,452</b>	<b>1,450</b>	
<b>1,456</b>		
March 2013		
1,631	1,631	1,630
1,572	1,573	1,571
Year to date		
1,538	1,539	1,535
1,511	1,513	1,509
Total cash cost (dollars per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>788</b>		
<b>879</b>		
<b>619</b>		
<b>787</b>	<b>878</b>	
<b>619</b>		
March 2013		
802	844	705
773	814	680
Year to date		
795	861	659
781	846	647
Notional cash expenditure (dollar per ounce)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>1,123</b>		
<b>1,256</b>		
<b>879</b>		
<b>1,122</b>	<b>1,255</b>	
<b>878</b>		
March 2013		



1,206	1,305	975
1,163	1,258	940
Year to date		
1,164	1,281	922
1,144	1,259	906

Operating costs (dollar per tonne)

**June 2013****95****83****155****95**                **83****155**

March 2013

84                    69

182

81                    67

175

Year to date

89                    76

167

88                    74

164

All-in-sustaining costs (dollar per ounce)

**June 2013****1,151****1,278****918****1,150**                **1,276****916**

March 2013

1,263                1,385                981

1,217                1,335                945

Year to date

1,206                1,333                946

1,185                1,309                929

All-in-costs (dollar per ounce)

**June 2013****1,151****1,278****918****1,150**                **1,276****916**

March 2013

1,263                1,385                981

1,217                1,335                945

Year to date

1,207                1,333                946

1,185                1,309                929

**Financial Results (\$ million)**

Revenue

**June 2013**

<b>218.4</b>	<b>141.1</b>	<b>77.3</b>
<b>219.0</b>	<b>141.7</b>	<b>77.3</b>

March 2013

237.6 166.4 71.2

229.1 160.5 68.7

Year to date

456.0 307.5 148.5

448.2 302.2 146.0

Net operating costs

**June 2013****(120.2) (86.4) (33.8)****(120.4) (86.5) (33.9)**

March 2013

(118.6) (87.8) (30.7)

(114.3) (84.7) (29.6)

Year to date

(238.8) (174.2) (64.6)

(234.7) (171.2) (63.5)

- Operating costs

**June 2013****(122.9) (89.2) (33.7)****(123.0) (89.2) (33.8)**

March 2013

(118.3) (85.6) (32.7)

(114.1) (82.6) (31.5)

Year to date

(241.2) (174.8) (66.4)

(237.1) (171.8) (65.3)

- Gold inventory change

**June 2013****2.7 2.8****(0.1)****2.6****2.7****(0.1)**

March 2013

(0.2) (2.2) 1.9

(0.2) (2.1) 1.9

Year to date

2.4 0.6 1.8

2.4 0.6 1.8

**Operating profit****June 2013****98.2****54.8****43.5****98.6 55.3****43.3**

March 2013

119.1 78.6 40.6

114.9 75.8 39.1

Year to date

217.2	133.4	84.0
213.5	131.	1 82.4

Amortisation of mining assets

**June 2013****(64.1)****(64.2)**

March 2013

(63.4)

(61.1)

Year to date

(127.5)

(125.3)

**Net operating profit****June 2013****34.1****34.4**

March 2013

55.7

53.8

Year to date

89.7

88.2

Other expenses

**June 2013**

-

**(0.1)**

March 2013

(2.3)

(2.2)

Year to date

(2.3)

(2.3)

**Profit before royalties and taxation****June 2013****34.1****34.3**

March 2013

53.4

51.5

Year to date

87.4

85.9

Royalties, mining and income taxation

**June 2013****(13.9)****(14.0)**

March 2013

(20.3)

(19.6)

Year to date

(34.2)

(33.6)

- Normal taxation

**June 2013**

-

-

March 2013

-

-

Year to date

-

-

- Royalties

**June 2013**

(4.8)

(4.8)

March 2013

(5.7)

(5.5)

Year to date

(10.5)

(10.3)

- Deferred taxation

**June 2013**

(9.1)

(9.2)

March 2013

(14.6)

(14.1)

Year to date

(23.7)

(23.3)

**Profit before non-recurring items**

**June 2013**

**20.3**

**20.3**

March 2013

33.0

31.9

Year to date

53.3

52.3

Non-recurring items

**June 2013**

(0.7)

(0.8)

March 2013

(0.7)

(0.6)

Year to date

(1.4)

(1.4)

**Net profit****June 2013****19.5****19.5**

March 2013

32.3

31.3

Year to date

51.8

50.9

Net profit excluding gains and losses on  
foreign exchange, financial instruments and non-  
recurring items

**June 2013****19.1****19.3**

March 2013

33.0

31.9

Year to date

52.1

51.2

**Capital expenditure****June 2013****(46.5)**                      **(33.6)**                      **(12.9)****(46.7)**                      **(33.9)**                      **(12.8)**

March 2013

(57.4)                      (47.5)                      (9.9)

(55.4)                      (45.8)                      (9.6)

Year to date

(103.9)                      (81.1)                      (22.8)

(102.1)                      (79.7)                      (22.4)

#

*As a significant portion of the acquisition price was allocated to tenements of St Ives and Agnew on endowment ounces and also as these two Australian operations are entitled to transfer and then off-set tax losses from one company to another, it is not meaningful to split the income statement below operating profit.*

*Figures may not add as they are rounded independently.*

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| Gold Fields Results

**Operating and financial results****SOUTH AFRICAN RAND****Total Mine****Continuing****Operations****South****Africa****Region****West Africa Region****South****America****Region****Ghana****Peru****South****Deep****Total Tarkwa****Damang****Cerro****Corona****Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tonnes)

**June 2013****8,794****640****5,272 4,353 919****1,591**

March 2013

9,535

520

5,978

5,018 960

1,624

Year to date

**18,329****1,160****11,250 9,371 1,879****3,215**

Yield (grams per tonne)

**June 2013****1.7****3.8****1.0****1.0 1.1****1.4**

March 2013

1.6

3.8

1.1 1.1 1.4

1.5		
Year to date		
1.6		
3.8		
1.1	1.0	1.2
1.4		
Gold produced (kilograms)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>14,604</b>		
<b>2,420</b>		
<b>5,318</b>		
<b>4,329</b>	<b>989</b>	
<b>2,176</b>		
March 2013		
15,522		
1,959		
6,639	5,291	1,348
2,391		
Year to date		
30,126		
4,379		
11,957	9,620	2,337
4,567		
Gold sold (kilograms)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>14,441</b>		
<b>2,420</b>		
<b>5,318</b>		
<b>4,329</b>	<b>989</b>	
<b>2,013</b>		
March 2013		
15,410		
1,959		
6,639	5,291	1,348
2,279		
Year to date		
29,851		
4,379		
11,957	9,620	2,337
4,292		
Gold price received (Rand per kilogram)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>418,108</b>		
<b>434,380</b>		
<b>433,246</b>		
<b>432,294</b>	<b>437,412</b>	
<b>309,290</b>		
March 2013		
464,549		
470,597		
465,989	465,753	466,914

452,172		
Year to date		
442,082		
450,582		
451,426	450,696	454,429
385,158		

Total cash cost (Rand per kilogram)

**June 2013**

**259,405**

**325,701**

**288,453**      **276,736**      **339,763**

**152,176**

March 2013

234,036

339,969

231,451      229,994      237,166

160,026

Year to date

246,401

331,616

256,995      251,333      280,310

156,785

Notional cash expenditure (Rand per kilogram)

**June 2013**

**372,199**

**566,194**

**365,160**      **339,654**      **476,679**

**236,356**

March 2013

363,188

627,514

353,683      347,912      376,335

208,072

Year to date

367,556

593,240

360,065      345,613      419,565

221,699

Operating costs (Rand per tonne)

**June 2013**

**425**

**1,246**

**268**

**252**      **348**

**232**

March 2013

375

1,305

245      218      387

232

Year to date



399		
1,273		
256	234	368
232		
All-in-sustaining costs (Rand per kilogram)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>424,063</b>		
<b>471,288</b>		
<b>518,028</b>		
<b>481,507</b>	<b>677,891</b>	
<b>177,552</b>		
March 2013		
368,358		
520,938		
388,272	396,879	354,462
42,908		
Year to date		
395,218		
493,119		
445,931	435,362	489,459
103,477		
All-in-costs (Rand per kilogram)		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>442,345</b>		
<b>573,110</b>		
<b>518,028</b>		
<b>481,507</b>	<b>677,891</b>	
<b>177,552</b>		
March 2013		
384,133		
636,045		
388,272	396,879	354,462
42,908		
Year to date		
412,201		
600,835		
445,931	435,362	489,459
103,477		
<b>Financial Results (Rand million)</b>		
Revenue		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>6,037.9</b>		
<b>1,051.2</b>		
<b>2,304.0</b>	<b>1,871.4</b>	<b>432.6</b>
<b>622.6</b>		
March 2013		
7,158.7		
921.9		
3,093.7	2,464.3	629.4
1,030.5		
Year to date		

13,196.6			
1,973.1			
5,397.7	4,335.7	1,062.0	
1,653.1			
Net operating costs			
<b>June 2013</b>			
<b>(3,736.9)</b>			
<b>(797.3)</b>	<b>(1,525.2)</b>	<b>(1,189.2)</b>	<b>(336.0)</b>
<b>(283.3)</b>			
March 2013			
(3,565.7)			
(678.8)			
(1,499.9)	(1,195.6)	(304.3)	
(333.0)			
Year to date			
(7,302.6)	(1,476.1)		
(3,025.1)	(2,384.8)	(640.3)	
(616.3)			
- Operating costs			
<b>June 2013</b>			
<b>(3,736.7)</b>			
<b>(797.3)</b>			
<b>(1,415.4)</b>			
<b>(1,095.7)</b>	<b>(319.7)</b>		
<b>(368.7)</b>			
March 2013			
(3,572.8)			
(678.8)			
(1,466.2)	(1,094.3)	(371.9)	
(376.0)			
Year to date			
(7,309.5)	(1,476.1)		
(2,881.6)	(2,190.0)	(691.6)	
(744.7)			
- Gold inventory change			
<b>June 2013</b>			
<b>(0.2)</b>			
-			
<b>(109.8)</b>			
<b>(93.5)</b>	<b>(16.3)</b>		
<b>85.4</b>			
March 2013			
7.1			
-			
(33.7)	(101.3)		
67.6			
43.0			
Year to date			
6.9			
-			
(143.5)	(194.8)		

51.3		
128.4		
<b>Operating profit</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>2,301.0</b>		
<b>253.9</b>		
<b>778.8</b>		
<b>682.2</b>	<b>96.6</b>	
<b>339.3</b>		
March 2013		
3,593.0		
243.1		
1,593.8	1,268.7	325.1
697.5		
Year to date		
5,894.0		
497.0		
2,372.6	1,950.9	421.7
1,036.8		
Amortisation of mining assets		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(1,331.4)</b>		
<b>(246.8)</b>		
<b>(372.7)</b>		
<b>(304.7)</b>	<b>(68.0)</b>	
<b>(109.1)</b>		
March 2013		
(1,201.9)		
(193.6)		
(340.0)	(265.2)	(74.8)
(104.7)		
Year to date		
(2,533.3)		
(440.4)		
(712.7)	(569.9)	(142.8)
(213.8)		
<b>Net operating profit</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>969.6</b>		
<b>7.1</b>		
<b>406.1</b>	<b>377.5</b>	<b>28.6</b>
<b>230.2</b>		
March 2013		
2,391.1		
49.5		
1,253.8	1,003.5	250.3
592.8		
Year to date		
3,360.7		
56.6		
1,659.9	1,381.0	278.9

823.0		
Other expenses		
<b>June 2013</b>		
(177.7)		
<b>(80.1)</b>		
<b>(54.9)</b>	<b>(34.6)</b>	<b>(20.3)</b>
<b>(42.1)</b>		
March 2013		
(130.2)		
(21.2)		
(59.7)	(38.7)	(21.0)
(28.6)		
Year to date		
(307.9)		
(101.3)		
(114.6)	(73.3)	(41.3)
(70.7)		
<b>Profit before royalties and taxation</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>791.9</b>		
<b>(73.0)</b>		
<b>351.2</b>		
<b>342.9</b>	<b>8.3</b>	
<b>188.1</b>		
March 2013		
2,260.9		
28.3		
1,194.1	964.8	229.3
564.2		
Year to date		
3,052.8		
(44.7)		
1,545.3	1,307.7	237.6
752.3		
Royalties, mining and income taxation		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(231.0)</b>		
<b>6.6</b>		
<b>174.0</b>		
<b>157.8</b>	<b>16.2</b>	
<b>(279.9)</b>		
March 2013		
(943.8)		
(7.4)		
(512.5)	(411.0)	(101.5)
(243.0)		
Year to date		
(1,174.8)		
(0.8)		
338.5	(253.2)	(85.3)
(522.9)		

- Normal taxation

**June 2013**

**8.6**

-

**121.9**

**85.3**

**36.6**

**(113.3)**

March 2013

(501.5)

-

(303.1)

(249.6)

(53.5)

(198.4)

Year to date

(492.9)

-

(181.2)

(164.3)

(16.9)

(311.7)

- Royalties

**June 2013**

**(177.7)**

**(5.3)**

**(115.2)**

**(93.6)**

**(21.6)**

**(12.2)**

March 2013

(247.2)

(4.6)

(154.7)

(123.2)

(31.5)

(36.8)

Year to date

(424.9)

(9.9)

(269.9)

(216.8)

(53.1)

(49.0)

- Deferred taxation

**June 2013**

**(61.9)**

**11.9**

**167.3**

**166.1**

**1.2**

**(154.4)**

March 2013

(195.1)

(2.8)

(54.7)

(38.2)

(16.5)

(7.8)

Year to date

(257.0)

9.1

112.6

127.9

(15.3)

(162.2)

**Profit before non-recurring items****June 2013****560.9****(66.4)****525.2**                      **500.7**                      **24.5****(91.8)**

March 2013

1,317.1

20.9

681.6                      553.8                      127.8

321.2

Year to date

1,878.0

(45.5)

1,206.8                      1,054.5                      152.3

229.4

Non-recurring items

**June 2013****(1,197.5)****(20.8)****(1,169.5)****(1,025.6)**                      **(143.9)**

-

March 2013

(57.3)

(32.9)

(13.4)                      (15.4)

2.0

(5.2)

Year to date

(1,254.8)

(53.7)

(1,182.9)                      (1,041.0)                      (141.9)

(5.2)

**Net profit****June 2013****(636.6)****(87.2)****(644.3)****(524.9)**                      **(119.4)****(91.8)**

March 2013

1,259.8

(12.0)

668.2                      538.4                      129.8

316.0

Year to date

623.2

(99.2)

23.9                      13.5                      10.4

224.2

Net profit excluding gains and losses on  
foreign exchange, financial instruments and  
non-recurring items

**June 2013**

146.9

(72.6)

124.6                      148.2                      (23.6)

(87.6)

March 2013

1,310.2

11.0

684.4                      552.9                      131.5

320.9

Year to date

1,457.1

(61.6)

809.0                      701.1                      107.9

233.3

**Capital expenditure****June 2013****(1,698.9)****(571.2)****(541.8)****(388.3)                      (153.5)****(146.3)**

March 2013

(2,064.6)

(550.5)

(881.9)                      (746.5)                      (135.4)

(121.5)

Year to date

(3,763.5)

(1,121.7)                      (1,423.7)                      (1,134.8)                      (288.9)

(267.8)

## Gold Fields Results |

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**Operating and financial results****SOUTH AFRICAN RAND****Australasia Region**

#

**Australia****Total**                      **St Ives****Agnew****Operating Results**

Ore milled/treated (000 tonnes)

**June 2013****1,291****1,073****218**

March 2013

1,413                      1,233                      180

Year to date

2,704                      2,306                      398

Yield (grams per tonne)

**June 2013****3.6****2.8****7.6**

March 2013

3.2                      2.6                      7.6

Year to date

3.4                      2.7                      7.6

Gold produced (kilograms)

**June 2013****4,690****3,040****1,650**

March 2013

4,533                      3,174                      1,359

Year to date

9,223                      6,214                      3,009

Gold sold (kilograms)

**June 2013****4,690****3,040****1,650**

March 2013

4,533                      3,174                      1,359

Year to date

9,223                      6,214                      3,009

Gold price received (Rand per kilogram)

**June 2013****439,254****438,914****439,879**



March 2013		
466,049	466,163	465,784
Year to date		
452,423	452,832	451,579
Total cash cost (Rand per kilogram)		

**June 2013****238,283****265,927****187,351**

March 2013		
229,252	241,147	201,472
Year to date		
233,828	253,225	193,772
Notional cash expenditure (Rand per kilogram)		

**June 2013****339,825****379,950****265,898**

March 2013		
344,694	372,936	278,734
Year to date		
342,340	376,730	271,319
Operating costs (Rand per tonne)		

**June 2013****895****781****1,456**

March 2013		
744	617	
1,614		
Year to date		
816	693	
1,527		
All-in-sustaining costs (Rand per kilogram)		

**June 2013****348,249****386,577****277,589**

March 2013		
361,018	395,831	280,415
Year to date		
354,817	391,984	278,365
All-in-costs (Rand per kilogram)		

**June 2013****348,249****386,577****277,589**

March 2013		
361,018	395,831	280,415
Year to date		
354,817	391,984	278,365

**Financial Results (Rand million)**

Revenue

**June 2013****2,060.1**                      **1,334.3**                      **725.8**

March 2013

2,112.6                      1,479.6                      633.0

Year to date

4,172.7                      2,813.9                      1,358.8

Net operating costs

**June 2013****(1,131.1)**                      **(812.9)**                      **(318.2)**

March 2013

(1,054.0)                      (780.8)                      (273.2)

Year to date

(2,185.1)                      (1,593.7)                      (591.4)

- Operating costs

**June 2013****(1,155.3)****(837.9)****(317.4)**

March 2013

(1,051.8)                      (761.3)                      (290.5)

Year to date

(2,207.1)                      (1,599.2)                      (607.9)

- Gold inventory change

**June 2013****24.2****25.0****(0.8)**

March 2013

(2.2)                      (19.5)                      17.3

Year to date

22.0                      5.5

16.5

**Operating profit****June 2013****929.0****521.4****407.6**

March 2013

1,058.6                      698.8                      359.8

Year to date

1,987.6                      1,220.2                      767.4

Amortisation of mining assets

**June 2013****(602.8)**

March 2013

(563.6)

Year to date

(1,166.4)

**Net operating profit**

**June 2013**

**326.2**

March 2013

495.0

Year to date

821.2

Other expenses

**June 2013**

**(0.6)**

March 2013

(20.7)

Year to date

(21.3)

**Profit before royalties and taxation**

**June 2013**

**325.6**

March 2013

474.3

Year to date

799.9

Royalties, mining and income taxation

**June 2013**

**(131.7)**

March 2013

(180.9)

Year to date

(312.6)

- Normal taxation

**June 2013**

-

March 2013

-

Year to date

-

- Royalties

**June 2013**

**(45.0)**

March 2013

(51.1)

Year to date

(96.1)

- Deferred taxation

**June 2013**

**(86.7)**

March 2013

(129.8)

Year to date

(216.5)

**Profit before non-recurring items**

**June 2013**

**193.9**

March 2013

293.4

Year to date

487.3

Non-recurring items

**June 2013**

**(7.2)**

March 2013

(5.8)

Year to date

(13.0)

**Net profit**

**June 2013**

**186.7**

March 2013

287.6

Year to date

474.3

Net profit excluding gains and losses on foreign exchange, financial instruments and non-recurring items

**June 2013**

**182.5**

March 2013

293.9

Year to date

476.4

**Capital expenditure**

**June 2013**

**(439.6)**

**(319.4)**

**(120.2)**

March 2013

(510.7)

(422.4)

(88.3)

Year to date

(950.3)

(741.8)

(208.5)

#

*As a significant portion of the acquisition price was allocated to tenements of St Ives and Agnew based on endowment ounces and also*

*as these two Australian operations are entitled to transfer and then off-set tax losses from one company to another, it is not meaningful*

*to split the income statement below operating profit.*

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| Gold Fields Results

**All-in-costs****Gold Industry Standards Basis***Figures are in US dollar million unless otherwise stated***Total Group****Continuing Operations****South Africa****Region****West Africa Region****Ghana****South Deep****(4)****Total Tarkwa****Damang**

Operating costs

(1)

**June 2013****(397.0)****(84.9)****(150.0)****(116.2)****(33.8)**

March 2013

(401.9)

(76.4)

(164.9)

(123.1)

(41.8)

Year

to

date

(798.9)

(161.3)

(314.9) (239.3)

(75.6)

Gold inventory change

**June 2013**

-

-

**(11.9) (9.9)****(2.0)**

March 2013

0.8

-

(3.8) (11.4)

7.6

Year

to

date

0.8

-  
 (15.7) (21.3)

5.6  
 Inventory write-off

**June 2013**  
**(58.9)**

-  
**(58.9) (42.8)**

**(16.1)**  
 March 2013

-  
 -

-  
 -

Year  
 to  
 date  
 (58.9)

-  
 (58.9) (42.8)

(16.1)  
 Royalties

**June 2013**  
**(18.7)**

**(0.6)**  
**(12.1) (9.8)**

**(2.3)**  
 March 2013

(27.8)  
 (0.5)

(17.4) (13.9)  
 (3.5)

Year  
 to  
 date  
 (46.4)

(1.1)  
 (29.5) (23.7)

(5.8)

Realised gains/losses on commodity hedges  
**June 2013**

-  
 -

-  
 -

March 2013  
 0.1

-  
 -

-  
 Year

to		
date		
0.1		
-		
-		
-		
Community/social responsibility costs		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(3.0)</b>		
<b>(0.2)</b>		
<b>(1.0)</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>	
<b>(0.1)</b>		
March 2013		
(2.8)		
(0.2)		
(1.5)	(1.3)	
(0.2)		
Year		
to		
date		
(5.7)		
(0.3)		
(2.5)	(2.2)	
(0.3)		
Non-cash remuneration – share-based payments		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(12.4)</b>		
<b>(1.2)</b>		
<b>(2.1)</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	
<b>(0.6)</b>		
March		
2013		
(13.2)		
(1.3)		
(2.2)	(1.6)	
(0.6)		
Year		
to		
date		
(25.6)		
(2.5)		
(4.3)	(3.1)	
(1.2)		
By-product credits		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>31.6</b>		
<b>0.4</b>		
<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	
-		
March 2013		
52.8		

0.2	
-	-
-	
Year	
to	
date	
84.4	
0.5	
0.4	0.4
-	
Rehabilitation amortisation and inflation	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>(2.4)</b>	
<b>(0.2)</b>	
<b>(0.8)</b>	<b>(0.8)</b>
-	
March 2013	
(2.5)	
(0.1)	
(0.9)	(0.9)
-	
Year	
to	
date	
(4.9)	
(0.3)	
(1.7)	(1.7)
-	
Sustaining capital expenditure	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>(152.9)</b>	
<b>(34.5)</b>	
<b>(56.4)</b>	<b>(40.0)</b>
<b>(16.4)</b>	
March	
2013	
(206.9)	
(36.6)	
(99.2)	(84.0)
(15.2)	
Year	
to	
date	
(359.8)	
(71.0)	
(155.6)	(124.0)
(31.6)	
<b>All-in sustaining costs</b>	
<b>(2)</b>	
<b>June</b>	
<b>2013</b>	



(613.6)  
 (121.2)  
 (292.8)                   (221.5)

(71.3)  
 March 2013  
 (601.3)  
 (114.8)  
 (289.9)                   (236.2)  
 (53.7)

Year to date  
 (1,214.9)  
 (236.0)  
 (582.7)                   (457.7)  
 (125.0)

**All-in sustaining costs****June 2013**

**1,416**  
**1,558**  
**1,712**                   **1,592**  
**2,241**

**– US\$/oz**

March 2013  
 1,303  
 1,823  
 1,358                   1,389  
 1,240

Year to date  
 1,358  
 1,676  
 1,516                   1,480  
 1,664

**All-in sustaining costs****June 2013**

**428,392**  
**471,288**  
**518,028**                   **481,507**  
**677,891**

**– R/kg**

March 2013  
 372,509  
 520,938  
 388,272                   396,879  
 354,462

Year  
 to  
 date  
 399,460  
 493,119  
 445,931                   435,362  
 489,459

Exploration, feasibility and evaluation costs

**June 2013****(35.9)**

-

-

-

March 2013

(43.7)

-

-

-

Year to date

(79.6)

-

-

-

Non sustaining capital expenditure

**June 2013****(31.7)****(26.2)**

-

-

March

2013

(35.7)

(25.4)

-

-

Year to date

(67.4)

(51.6)

-

-

**Total all-in cost****(3)****June****2013****(681.2)****(147.4)****(292.8) (221.5)****(71.3)**

March 2013

(680.8)

(140.2)

(289.9) (236.2)

(53.7)

Year to date

(1,362.0)

(287.6)

(582.7) (457.7)

(125.0)

**Total all-in cost**

**June 2013**

1,572	
1,894	
1,712	1,592
2,241	

– US\$/oz

March 2013

1,476	
2,225	
1,358	1,389
1,240	

Year to date

1,522	
2,042	
1,516	1,480
1,664	

**Total all-in cost****June 2013**

475,577	
573,110	
518,028	481,507
677,891	

– R/kg

March 2013

421,735	
636,045	
388,272	396,879
354,462	

Year

to	
date	
447,809	
600,835	
445,931	435,362
489,459	

489,459

**Gold only ounces sold****June 2013**

433.3	
77.8	
171.0	139.2
31.8	

– (000 ounces)

March 2013

461.4	
63.0	
213.4	170.1
43.3	

Year

to	
date	
894.7	

140.8  
384.4                    309.3  
75.1

**DEFINITIONS**

*All-in costs are calculated in accordance with the World Gold Council Industry standard.*

*(1)*

*Operating costs – As published and includes all mining and processing costs, third party refining costs, permitting costs and corporate G&A charges.*

*(2)*

*All-in sustaining costs – Include operating costs and costs detailed above, including sustaining capital expenditure based on managed gold sales.*

*(3)*

*Total All-in cost – Includes sustaining and group costs, excluding income tax, M&A activity, working capital, impairments (other than inventory impairments), financing costs, one-time severance charges and items to normalise earnings.*

*(4)*

*At South Deep R1.3 billion per annum (R325 million per quarter) of capital expenditure is deemed to be sustaining capital expenditure and the balance is non sustaining capital expenditure.*

Gold Fields Results |

**29****All-in-costs****Gold Industry Standards Basis***Figures are in US dollar million unless otherwise stated***South America****Region****Australasia Region****GIP and****Corporate****Peru****Australia****Cerro Corona****Total****St Ives****Agnew**

Operating costs

(1)

**June 2013****(39.1)****(122.9)****(89.2)****(33.7)**

-

March 2013

(42.3)

(118.3)

(85.6)

(32.7)

-

Year

to

date

(81.4)

(241.2)

(174.8)

(66.4)

Gold inventory change

**June 2013****9.2****2.7****2.8****(0.1)**

-

March 2013

4.8

(0.2)

(2.2)

1.9

-

Year

to

date

14.0

2.4

0.6

1.8	
-	
Inventory write-off	
<b>June 2013</b>	
-	
-	
-	
-	
-	
March 2013	
-	
-	
-	-
-	
Year	
to	
date	
-	
-	
-	-
-	
Royalties	
<b>June 2013</b>	
(1.3)	
(4.8)	
(3.3)	(1.5)
-	
March 2013	
(4.1)	
(5.7)	
(4.2)	(1.6)
-	
Year	
to	
date	
(5.4)	
(10.5)	
(7.5)	
(3.0)	
-	
Realised gains/losses on commodity hedges	
<b>June 2013</b>	
-	
-	
-	
-	
-	
March 2013	
-	
0.1	
0.1	-

-		
Year		
to		
date		
-		
0.1		
0.1	-	
-		
Community/social responsibility costs		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(1.8)</b>		
-		
-		
-		
-		
March 2013		
(1.1)		
-		
-	-	
-		
Year		
to		
date		
(2.9)		
-		
-		
-		
-		
Non-cash remuneration – share-based payments		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(1.3)</b>		
<b>(1.6)</b>		
<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>(0.5)</b>	
<b>(6.2)</b>		
March		
2013		
(1.4)		
(1.7)		
(1.1)	(0.5)	
(6.7)		
Year		
to		
date		
(2.7)		
(3.3)		
(2.2)	(1.0)	
(12.9)		
By-product credits		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>30.4</b>		
<b>0.4</b>		

<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>
-	
March 2013	
52.3	
0.3	
0.2	0.1
-	
Year	
to	
date	
82.7	
0.7	
0.4	
0.3	
-	
Rehabilitation amortisation and inflation	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>(0.4)</b>	
<b>(1.0)</b>	
<b>(0.8)</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>
-	
March 2013	
(0.4)	
(1.1)	
(0.9)	(0.2)
-	
Year	
to	
date	
(0.8)	
(2.1)	
(1.7)	
(0.4)	
-	
Sustaining capital expenditure	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>(15.6)</b>	
<b>(46.5)</b>	
<b>(33.6)</b>	<b>(12.9)</b>
-	
March	
2013	
(13.7)	
(57.4)	
(47.5)	(9.9)
-	
Year	
to	
date	
(29.3)	
(103.9)	



(81.1)	(22.8)
-	
<b>All-in sustaining costs</b>	
<b>(2)</b>	
<b>June</b>	
<b>2013</b>	
<b>(19.8)</b>	
<b>(173.6)</b>	
<b>(124.9)</b>	<b>(48.7)</b>
<b>(6.2)</b>	
March 2013	
(5.9)	
(184.0)	
(141.3)	(42.9)
(6.7)	
Year to date	
(25.7)	
(357.7)	
(266.2)	
(91.6)	
(12.9)	
<b>All-in sustaining costs</b>	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>587</b>	
<b>1,151</b>	
<b>1,278</b>	<b>918</b>
-	
<b>- US\$/oz</b>	
March 2013	
150	
1,263	
1,385	981
-	
Year to date	
352	
1,206	
1,332	946
-	
<b>All-in sustaining costs</b>	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>177,552</b>	
<b>348,249</b>	
<b>386,577</b>	<b>277,589</b>
-	
<b>- R/kg</b>	
March 2013	
42,908	
361,018	
395,831	280,415
-	
Year	

to	
date	
103,477	
354,817	
391,984	278,365
-	
Exploration, feasibility and evaluation costs	
<b>June 2013</b>	
-	
-	
-	-
<b>(35.9)</b>	
March 2013	
-	
-	
-	-
<b>(43.7)</b>	
Year to date	
-	
-	
-	
-	
<b>(79.6)</b>	
Non sustaining capital expenditure	
<b>June 2013</b>	
-	
-	
-	
-	
<b>(5.5)</b>	
March	
2013	
-	
-	
-	
-	
<b>(10.3)</b>	
Year to date	
-	
-	
-	
-	
<b>(15.8)</b>	
<b>Total all-in cost</b>	
<b>(3)</b>	
<b>June</b>	
<b>2013</b>	
<b>(19.8)</b>	
<b>(173.6)</b>	
<b>(124.9)</b>	<b>(48.7)</b>
<b>(47.6)</b>	

March 2013		
(5.9)		
(184.1)		
(141.3)	(42.9)	
(60.7)		
Year to date		
(25.7)		
(357.8)		
(266.2)	(91.6)	
(108.3)		
<b>Total all-in cost</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>587</b>		
<b>1,151</b>		
<b>1,278</b>	<b>918</b>	
-		
<b>- US\$/oz</b>		
March 2013		
150		
1,263		
1,385	981	
-		
Year to date		
352		
1,206		
1,332	946	
-		
<b>Total all-in cost</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>177,552</b>		
<b>348,249</b>		
<b>386,577</b>	<b>277,589</b>	
-		
<b>- R/kg</b>		
March 2013		
42,908		
361,018		
395,831	280,415	
-		
Year		
to		
date		
103,477		
354,817		
391,984	278,365	
-		
<b>Gold only ounces sold</b>		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>33.7</b>		
<b>150.8</b>		
<b>97.8</b>	<b>53.0</b>	

-  
- **(000 ounces)**  
March 2013  
39.3  
145.7  
102.0            43.7  
-  
Year  
to  
date  
73.0  
296.5  
199.8  
96.7  
-

30

| Gold Fields Results

**Capital expenditure***Figures are in US dollar millions unless otherwise stated***Total****Continuing****Operations****South****Africa****Region****West Africa Region****South****America****Region****Australasia Region****Corporate****Ghana****Peru****Australia****South****Deep****Total**            **Tarkwa****Damang****Cerro****Corona****Total**            **St Ives**            **Agnew**

Sustaining

**June 2013****(110.2)**

-

**(56.4)****(40.0)****(16.4)****(15.6)****(38.2)****(26.1)**            **(12.1)**

-

capital

March 2013

**(164.5)**

-

**(99.2)****(84.0)****(15.2)****(13.7)****(51.5)****(42.5)**            **(9.0)****(0.1)**

Year

to

date

(274.7)		
-		
(155.6)		
(124.0)		
(31.6)		
(29.3)		
(89.7)	(68.7)	(21.1)
(0.1)		
Project capital		
#		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(66.2)</b>		
<b>(60.7)</b>		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-	-	-
<b>(5.5)</b>		
March 2013		
(72.1)		
(61.9)		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-	-	-
(10.2)		
Year		
to		
date		
(138.3)		
(122.6)		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-	-	-
(15.7)		
Brownfields		
<b>June 2013</b>		
<b>(8.2)</b>		
-		
-		
-		
-		
-		
<b>(8.2)</b>	<b>(7.4)</b>	<b>(0.8)</b>
-		
exploration		

March 2013

(5.9)

-

-

-

-

-

(5.9)

(5.0) (0.9)

-

Year

to

date

(14.1)

-

-

-

-

-

(14.1) (12.4) (1.7)

-

Total capital

**June 2013**

**(184.6)**

**(60.7)**

**(56.4)**

**(40.0)**

**(16.4)**

**(15.6)**

**(46.5) (33.6) (12.9)**

**(5.5)**

expenditure

March 2013

(242.5)

(61.9)

(99.2)

(84.0)

(15.2)

(13.7)

(57.4)

(47.5) (9.9)

(10.3)

Year

to

date

(427.1)

(122.6)

(155.6)

(124.0)

(31.6)

(29.3)

(103.9)  
 (81.1) (22.8)  
 (15.8)

#

*Project capital expenditure under Corporate in the June quarter included US\$2 million (R21 million) at the Arctic Platinum project (APP), US\$3 million (R25 million) at Chucapaca being our 51 per cent share in this project and US\$1 million (R7 million) at Salares Norte and general corporate capital expenditure. This compared with expenditure during the March quarter of US\$5 million (R47 million) at APP, US\$2 million (R18 million) at Chucapaca, being our 51 per cent share in this project and US\$3 million (R26 million) at Salares Norte, together with general corporate capital expenditure. The table above only includes Gold Fields' 51 per cent share of capital expenditure in Chucapaca, resulting in total capital expenditure of US\$185 million (R1,751 million) for the June quarter compared with US\$187 million (R1,776 million) as reported in the Statement of cash flows.*

### **Notional cash expenditure**

##

*Figures are in US dollar millions unless otherwise stated*

#### **Total Group**

#### **Continuing**

#### **Operations**

#### **South**

#### **Africa**

#### **Region**

#### **West Africa Region**

#### **South**

#### **America**

#### **Region**

#### **Australasia Region**

#### **Corporate**

#### **Ghana**

#### **Peru**

#### **Australia**

#### **South**

#### **Deep**

#### **Total Tarkwa**

#### **Damang**

#### **Cerro**

#### **Corona**

#### **Total St Ives Agnew**

#### **Operating costs**

#### **June 2013**

(397.0)  
 (84.9)  
 (150.0)  
 (116.2)  
 (33.8)  
 (39.1)  
 (122.9)  
 (89.2) (33.7)

-

- US\$'m



March 2013

(401.9)  
 (76.4)  
 (164.9)  
 (123.1)  
 (41.8)  
 (42.3)  
 (118.3)  
 (85.6) (32.7)

-

Year  
 to  
 date

(798.9)  
 (161.3)  
 (314.9)  
 (239.3)  
 (75.6)  
 (81.4)  
 (241.2)  
 (174.8)  
 (66.4)

-

Capital

**June 2013**

**(184.6)**  
**(60.7)**  
**(56.4)**  
**(40.0)**  
**(16.4)**  
**(15.6)**  
**(46.5) (33.6) (12.9)**  
**(5.5)**

expenditure

March 2013

(242.5)  
 (61.9)  
 (99.2)  
 (84.0)  
 (15.2)  
 (13.7)  
 (57.4)  
 (47.5) (9.9)  
 (10.3)

- US\$m

Year to date

(427.1)  
 (122.6)  
 (155.6)  
 (124.0)  
 (31.6)

(29.3)

(103.9)

(81.1)

(22.8)

(15.8)

Notional cash

**June 2013****1,239****1,871****1,207****1,123****1,576****781****1,123**      **1,256**      **879**

-

expenditure

March 2013

1,291

2,195

1,237

1,217

1,317

728

1,206

1,305      974

-

– US\$/oz

Year to date

1,266

2,017

1,224

1,175

1,426

754

1,164      1,281      922

Notional cash

**June 2013****374,704****566,194****365,160****339,654****476,679****236,356****339,825**      **379,950**      **265,898**

-

Expenditure

March 2013

369,050

627,514

353,683

347,912

376,335		
208,072		
344,694	372,936	278,734

-

- R/kg

Year to date

372,355

593,240

360,065

345,613

419,565

221,699

342,340	376,730	271,319
---------	---------	---------

##

*Notional cash expenditure (NCE) per kilogram (ounce) = operating costs plus capital expenditure, excluding minority interest in projects, divided by gold produced.*

Gold Fields Results |

**31**

**Underground and surface**

**US dollar and metric units**

**Total Mine**

**Continuing**

**Operations**

**South**

**Africa**

**Region**

**West Africa Region**

**South**

**America**

**Region**

**Australasia Region**

**Ghana**

**Peru**

**Australia**

**South**

**Deep**

**Total Tarkwa**

**Damang**

**Cerro**

**Corona**

**Total St Ives Agnew**

**Ore milled/treated (000 tonnes)**

- underground

**June 2013**

**1,320**

**626**

-

-

-

-

**694**

**531**

**163**

March 2013

1,154

489

-

-

-

-

665

499

166

Year to date

2,474

1,115

-

-	
-	
-	
1,359	1,030
329	
- surface	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>7,474</b>	
<b>14</b>	
<b>5,272</b>	
<b>4,353</b>	
<b>919</b>	
<b>1,591</b>	
<b>597</b>	<b>542</b>
<b>55</b>	
March 2013	
8,381	
31	
5,978	
5,018	
960	
1,624	
748	734
14	
Year to date	
15,855	
45	
11,250	
9,371	
1,879	
3,215	
1,345	1,276
69	
- total	
<b>June 2013</b>	
<b>8,794</b>	
<b>640</b>	
<b>5,272</b>	
<b>4,353</b>	
<b>919</b>	
<b>1,591</b>	
<b>1,291</b>	<b>1,073</b>
<b>218</b>	
March 2013	
9,535	
520	
5,978	
5,018	
960	
1,624	
1,413	1,233

180  
Year to date  
18,329  
1,160  
11,250  
9,371  
1,879  
3,215  
2,704            2,306  
398  
**Yield (grams per tonne)**  
- underground  
**June 2013**  
**4.7**  
4.8  
-  
-  
-  
-  
**5.6            4.3**  
**9.8**  
March 2013  
4.8  
4.8  
-  
-  
-  
-  
5.5            4.6  
8.1  
Year to date  
4.8  
4.8  
-  
-  
-  
5.5            4.4  
8.9  
- surface  
**June 2013**  
**1.1**  
**0.6**  
**1.0**  
**1.0**  
**1.1**  
**1.4**  
**1.4            1.4**  
**1.1**  
March 2013  
1.2

0.5  
 1.1  
 1.1  
 1.4  
 1.5  
 1.2            1.2  
 0.9

Year to date

1.2  
 0.5  
 1.1  
 1.0  
 1.2  
 1.4  
 1.3            1.3  
 1.0

- combined

**June 2013**

**1.7**  
**3.8**  
**1.0**  
**1.0**  
**1.1**  
**1.4**  
**3.6**            **2.8**  
**7.6**

March 2013

1.6  
 3.8  
 1.1  
 1.1  
 1.4  
 1.5  
 3.2            2.6  
 7.6

Year to date

1.6  
 3.8  
 1.1  
 1.0  
 1.2  
 1.4  
 3.4            2.7  
 7.6

**Gold produced (000 ounces)**

- underground

**June 2013**

**201.5**

**77.5**

-

-

-  
 -  
**123.9**  
**72.8**  
**51.2**  
 March 2013  
 179.3  
 62.5  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 116.8  
 73.5  
 43.3  
 Year to date  
 380.8  
 140.0  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 240.7            146.3  
 94.5  
 - surface  
**June 2013**  
**268.0**  
**0.3**  
**171.0**  
**139.2**  
**31.8**  
**70.0**  
**26.8            25.0**  
**1.9**  
 March 2013  
 319.7  
 0.5  
 213.4  
 170.1  
 43.3  
 76.9  
 28.9            28.6  
 0.4  
 Year to date  
 587.8  
 0.7  
 384.4  
 309.3  
 75.1  
 146.8  
 55.8            53.5



2.2  
 - total  
**June 2013**  
**469.5**  
**77.8**  
**171.0**  
**139.2**  
**31.8**  
**70.0**  
**150.8**            **97.7**  
**53.0**

March 2013  
 499.0  
 63.0  
 213.4  
 170.1  
 43.3  
 76.9  
 145.7            102.0  
 43.7

Year to date  
 968.6  
 140.8  
 384.4  
 309.3  
 75.1  
 146.8  
 296.5            199.8  
 96.7

**Operating costs (Dollar per tonne)**

- underground

**June 2013**  
**139**  
**135**  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 -  
**142**            **125**  
**200**

March 2013  
 146  
 156  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 139            120  
 194  
 Year to date  
 142

144  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 -  
 141            123  
 197  
 - surface  
**June 2013**  
**29**  
**25**  
**29**  
**27**  
**37**  
**25**  
**40**            **42**  
**22**  
 March 2013  
 28  
 12  
 28  
 25  
 44  
 26  
 35            35  
 31  
 Year to date  
 28  
 10  
 28  
 26  
 40  
 25  
 37            38  
 24  
 - total  
**June 2013**  
**45**  
**132**  
**29**  
**27**  
**37**  
**25**  
**95**            **83**  
**155**  
 March 2013  
 42  
 147  
 28  
 25  
 44

26

84

69

182

Year to date

44

139

28

26

40

25

89

76

167

#

*June quarter includes 127,000 tonnes (March quarter included 84,000 tonnes) of waste processed from underground.*

*In order to show the yield based on ore mined, the calculation of the underground yield at South Deep only, excludes the underground waste.*

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Tel: +1 201 680 6825

e-mail: shrrelations@bnymellon.com

**Gold Fields Limited**

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Registration number 1968/004880/06

Share code: GFI

Issuer code: GOGOF

ISIN – ZAE 000018123

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**Forward looking statements**

Certain statements in this document constitute

“forward looking statements” within the meaning of

Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933 and

Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of

1934.

Such forward looking statements involve known and

unknown risks, uncertainties and other important

factors that could cause the actual results,

performance or achievements of the company to be

materially different from the future results,

performance or achievements expressed or implied

by such forward looking statements. Such risks,

uncertainties and other important factors include

among others: economic, business and political

conditions in South Africa, Ghana, Australia, Peru

and elsewhere; the ability to achieve anticipated

efficiencies and other cost savings in connection

with past and future acquisitions, exploration and

development activities; decreases in the market

price of gold and/or copper; hazards associated

with underground and surface gold mining; labour

disruptions; availability, terms and deployment of capital or credit; changes in government regulations, particularly environmental regulations and new legislation affecting mining and mineral rights; changes in exchange rates, currency devaluations, inflation and other macro-economic factors; industrial action; temporary stoppages of mines for safety and unplanned maintenance reasons; and the impact of the AIDS crisis in South Africa. These forward looking statements speak only as of the date of this document.

The company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this document or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

**Website**

[www.goldfields.co.za](http://www.goldfields.co.za)

**Listings**

JSE / NYSE / NASDAQ Dubai: GFI

NYX: GFLB

SWX: GOLI

**Directors**

CA Carolus (*Chair*) ° K Ansah

#

A R Hill ° G M Wilson ° N J Holland \* (*Chief Executive Officer*) R P Menell °

D N Murray ° P A Schmidt (*Chief Financial Officer*) D M J Ncube °

\* British

#

Ghanaian Canadian

° Independent Director

Non-independent Director

Administration and corporate information

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

GOLD FIELDS LIMITED

Dated: 22 August 2013

By: /s/ Nicholas J. Holland

Name: Nicholas J. Holland

Title: Chief Executive Officer