

Lazard Ltd  
Form 10-Q  
August 01, 2016  
Table of Contents

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

001-32492

(Commission File Number)

**LAZARD LTD**

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Bermuda**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation  
or Organization)

**98-0437848**  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**Clarendon House**

**2 Church Street**

**Hamilton HM11, Bermuda**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**Registrant's telephone number: (441) 295-1422**

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of July 22, 2016, there were 129,766,091 shares of the Registrant's Class A common stock outstanding (including 5,545,541 shares held by subsidiaries).

**Table of Contents**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

*When we use the terms "Lazard", "we", "us", "our" and "the Company", we mean Lazard Ltd, a company incorporated under the laws of Bermuda, and its subsidiaries, including Lazard Group LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Lazard Group"), that is the current holding company for our businesses. Lazard Ltd's primary operating asset is its indirect ownership as of June 30, 2016 of all of the common membership interests in Lazard Group and its controlling interest in Lazard Group.*

	<b>Page</b>
<b><u>Part I. Financial Information</u></b>	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	1
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	41
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	76
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	76
<b><u>Part II. Other Information</u></b>	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	77
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	77
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	77
<u>Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	79
<u>Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	79
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	79
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	80
<b><u>Signatures</u></b>	83

**Table of Contents**

**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

	<b>Page</b>
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015</u>	2
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015</u>	4
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015</u>	5
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015</u>	6
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015</u>	7
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	9

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION****JUNE 30, 2016 AND DECEMBER 31, 2015****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data)**

	<b>June 30, 2016</b>	<b>December 31, 2015</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 646,454	\$ 1,132,083
Deposits with banks and short-term investments	667,313	389,861
Cash deposited with clearing organizations and other segregated cash	33,522	34,948
Receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$13,569 and \$12,882 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively):		
Fees	402,986	423,817
Customers and other	92,330	73,396
	495,316	497,213
Investments	491,346	541,911
Property (net of accumulated amortization and depreciation of \$282,732 and \$265,506 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively)	201,929	207,165
Goodwill and other intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$58,534 and \$57,561 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively)	328,181	326,976
Deferred tax assets	1,123,369	1,130,595
Other assets	228,191	217,022
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 4,215,621</b>	<b>\$ 4,477,774</b>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION****JUNE 30, 2016 AND DECEMBER 31, 2015****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data)**

	<b>June 30, 2016</b>	<b>December 31, 2015</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Liabilities:		
Deposits and other customer payables	\$ 721,171	\$ 506,665
Accrued compensation and benefits	270,468	570,409
Senior debt	990,111	989,358
Tax receivable agreement obligation	513,623	523,962
Deferred tax liabilities	10,046	11,104
Capital lease obligations	8,391	9,028
Other liabilities	497,467	499,942
Total Liabilities	3,011,277	3,110,468
Commitments and contingencies		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Preferred stock, par value \$.01 per share; 15,000,000 shares authorized:		
Series A - 7,921 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015		
Series B - no shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock:		
Class A, par value \$.01 per share (500,000,000 shares authorized; 129,766,091 shares issued at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, including shares held by subsidiaries as indicated below)	1,298	1,298
Additional paid-in-capital	569,154	600,034
Retained earnings	998,132	1,123,728
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(237,030)	(234,356)
	1,331,554	1,490,704
Class A common stock held by subsidiaries, at cost (5,210,619 and 4,253,381 shares at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively)	(185,353)	(177,249)
Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders Equity	1,146,201	1,313,455
Noncontrolling interests	58,143	53,851
Total Stockholders Equity	1,204,344	1,367,306
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	\$ 4,215,621	\$ 4,477,774

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****FOR THE THREE MONTH AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data)**

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>REVENUE</b>				
Investment banking and other advisory fees	\$286,609	\$ 314,277	\$ 551,752	\$ 615,649
Asset management fees	241,397	268,754	475,128	530,709
Interest income	1,168	1,362	2,540	2,291
Other	17,468	36,196	27,338	65,825
Total revenue	546,642	620,589	1,056,758	1,214,474
Interest expense	11,962	11,497	23,860	27,633
Net revenue	534,680	609,092	1,032,898	1,186,841
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>				
Compensation and benefits	308,310	336,719	605,520	665,221
Occupancy and equipment	27,163	27,272	54,170	54,611
Marketing and business development	23,877	18,324	43,565	37,514
Technology and information services	24,296	23,034	47,227	45,927
Professional services	11,245	13,883	21,007	25,342
Fund administration and outsourced services	15,895	17,493	29,330	33,641
Amortization of intangible assets related to acquisitions	330	1,857	974	2,890
Provision pursuant to tax receivable agreement		961,948		968,483
Other	10,328	9,938	19,492	79,925
Total operating expenses	421,444	1,410,468	821,285	1,913,554
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	113,236	(801,376)	211,613	(726,713)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	31,872	(1,176,531)	59,526	(1,164,514)
<b>NET INCOME</b>	81,364	375,155	152,087	437,801
<b>LESS - NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS</b>	1,007	1,042	4,907	7,735
<b>NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO LAZARD LTD</b>	\$ 80,357	\$ 374,113	\$ 147,180	\$ 430,066
<b>ATTRIBUTABLE TO LAZARD LTD CLASS A COMMON STOCKHOLDERS:</b>				
<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING:</b>				
Basic	125,461,948	126,212,645	125,751,195	124,934,167

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Diluted	132,341,522	132,806,045	132,616,403	133,270,996
<b>NET INCOME PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK:</b>				
Basic	\$0.64	\$2.96	\$1.17	\$3.44
Diluted	\$0.61	\$2.82	\$1.11	\$3.23
<b>DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK</b>				
	\$0.38	\$0.35	\$1.93	\$1.65

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.



Table of Contents**LAZARD LTD****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****FOR THE THREE MONTH AND SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands)**

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>NET INCOME</b>	\$ 81,364	\$ 375,155	\$ 152,087	\$ 437,801
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX:</b>				
Currency translation adjustments (including a tax benefit of \$1,723 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and \$2,869 for the six months ended June 30, 2016)	(16,104)	11,791	(4,365)	(22,342)
Employee benefit plans:				
Actuarial loss (net of tax benefit of \$228 and \$8,121 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$298 and \$8,006 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively)	(475)	(14,836)	(616)	(14,617)
Adjustment for items reclassified to earnings (net of tax expense of \$403 and \$538 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$796 and \$1,101 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively)	1,121	1,190	2,307	2,376
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, NET OF TAX</b>	(15,458)	(1,855)	(2,674)	(34,583)
<b>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	65,906	373,300	149,413	403,218
<b>LESS - COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS</b>	1,007	1,042	4,907	7,735
<b>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO LAZARD LTD</b>	\$ 64,899	\$ 372,258	\$ 144,506	\$ 395,483

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands)**

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income	\$ 152,087	\$ 437,801
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization of property	16,630	15,900
Amortization of deferred expenses and share-based incentive compensation	199,217	171,397
Amortization of intangible assets related to acquisitions	974	2,890
Deferred tax provision (benefit)	25,159	(1,195,319)
Provision pursuant to tax receivable agreement		968,483
Loss on extinguishment of debt		60,219
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		(24,388)
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Deposits with banks and short-term investments	(271,010)	(95,877)
Cash deposited with clearing organizations and other segregated cash	1,697	8,438
Receivables-net	120	39,023
Investments	51,342	52,674
Other assets	(52,586)	(97,621)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Deposits and other payables	207,503	81,574
Accrued compensation and benefits and other liabilities	(312,862)	(213,892)
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,271	211,302
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Additions to property	(11,118)	(13,438)
Disposals of property	159	336
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,959)	(13,102)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from:		
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	93	57
Issuance of senior debt, net of expenses		396,272
Excess tax benefits from share-based incentive compensation	2,340	9,516
Other financing activities	8,004	
Payments for:		
Senior debt		(509,098)
Capital lease obligations	(835)	(1,019)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(708)	(11,940)
Payments under tax receivable agreement	(10,086)	
Purchase of Class A common stock	(194,729)	(117,733)
Class A common stock dividends	(242,085)	(202,635)
Settlement of vested share-based incentive compensation	(54,164)	(102,634)
Other financing activities	(2,327)	(1,624)
Net cash used in financing activities	(494,497)	(540,838)

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<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH</b>	1,556	(22,770)
<b>NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	(485,629)	(365,408)
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS January 1</b>	1,132,083	1,066,580
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS June 30</b>	\$ 646,454	\$ 701,172

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

## LAZARD LTD

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands)

	Series A Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-In- Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax	Class A Common Stock Held By Subsidiaries		Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$				Shares	\$			
<b>Balance January 1, 2015</b>	<b>7,921</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>129,766,091</b>	<b>\$ 1,298</b>	<b>\$ 702,800</b>	<b>\$ 464,655</b>	<b>\$ (200,766)</b>	<b>7,450,745</b>	<b>\$ (261,243)</b>	<b>\$ 706,744</b>	<b>\$ 63,313</b>	<b>\$ 770,057</b>
Comprehensive income (loss):												
Net income						430,066				430,066	7,735	437,801
Other comprehensive loss - net of tax							(34,583)			(34,583)		(34,583)
Amortization of share-based incentive compensation					122,793					122,793		122,793
Dividend-equivalents					26,461	(28,085)				(1,624)		(1,624)
Class A common stock dividends						(202,635)				(202,635)		(202,635)
Purchase of Class A common stock								2,306,694	(117,733)	(117,733)		(117,733)
Delivery of Class A common stock in connection with share-based incentive compensation and related tax benefit of \$9,495					(323,588)			(6,051,262)	230,449	(93,139)		(93,139)
Business acquisitions and related equity transactions:												
Class A common stock issuable (including related amortization)					315					315		315
Delivery of Class A common stock					(1,327)			(27,316)	1,327			
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net											(11,883)	(11,883)
<b>Balance June 30, 2015</b>	<b>7,921</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>129,766,091</b>	<b>\$ 1,298</b>	<b>\$ 527,454</b>	<b>\$ 664,001</b>	<b>\$ (235,349)</b>	<b>3,678,861</b>	<b>\$ (147,200)</b>	<b>\$ 810,204</b>	<b>\$ 59,165</b>	<b>\$ 869,369</b>

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

## LAZARD LTD

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(UNAUDITED)

(dollars in thousands)

	Series A Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-In- Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax	Class A Common Stock Held By Subsidiaries		Total Lazard Ltd Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$				Shares	\$			
Balance January 1, 2016	7,921	\$	129,766,091	\$1,298	\$600,034	\$1,123,728	\$(234,356)	4,253,381	\$(177,249)	\$1,313,455	\$53,851	\$1,367,306
Comprehensive income:						147,180				147,180	4,907	152,087
Net income						147,180				147,180	4,907	152,087
Other comprehensive loss -												
of tax							(2,674)			(2,674)		(2,674)
Amortization of												
share-based incentive												
compensation					155,325					155,325		155,325
Dividend-equivalents					28,364	(30,691)				(2,327)		(2,327)
Issuance of Class A common stock												
Warrants												
Exercise of Class A												
common stock								5,646,092	(194,729)	(194,729)		(194,729)
Conversion of Class A												
common stock in												
connection with												
share-based incentive												
compensation and related												
benefit of \$7,090					(203,406)			(3,889,417)	156,332	(47,074)		(47,074)
Business acquisitions and												
related equity transactions:												
Issuance of Class A												
common stock and related												
benefit of \$11,126					(19,167)			(799,437)	30,293	11,126		11,126
Contributions to												
noncontrolling interests, net											(615)	(615)
Change					8,004					8,004		8,004
Balance June 30, 2016	7,921	\$	129,766,091	\$1,298	\$569,154	\$ 998,132	\$(237,030)	5,210,619	\$(185,353)	\$1,146,201	\$58,143	\$1,204,344

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

**1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

***Organization***

Lazard Ltd, a Bermuda holding company, and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as Lazard Ltd, Lazard, we or the Company), including Lazard Ltd's indirect investment in Lazard Group LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (collectively referred to, together with its subsidiaries, as Lazard Group), is one of the world's preeminent financial advisory and asset management firms and has long specialized in crafting solutions to the complex financial and strategic challenges of our clients. We serve a diverse set of clients around the world, including corporations, governments, institutions, partnerships and individuals.

Lazard Ltd indirectly held 100% of all outstanding Lazard Group common membership interests as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. Lazard Ltd, through its control of the managing members of Lazard Group, controls Lazard Group, which is governed by an Amended and Restated Operating Agreement dated as of October 26, 2015 (the Operating Agreement).

Lazard Ltd's primary operating asset is its indirect ownership of the common membership interests of, and managing member interests in, Lazard Group, whose principal operating activities are included in two business segments:

Financial Advisory, which offers corporate, partnership, institutional, government, sovereign and individual clients across the globe a wide array of financial advisory services regarding mergers and acquisitions (M&A) and other strategic matters, restructurings, capital structure, capital raising, corporate preparedness and various other financial matters, and

Asset Management, which offers a broad range of global investment solutions and investment management services in equity and fixed income strategies, alternative investments and private equity funds to corporations, public funds, sovereign entities, endowments and foundations, labor funds, financial intermediaries and private clients.

In addition, we record selected other activities in our Corporate segment, including management of cash, investments, deferred tax assets, outstanding indebtedness and assets and liabilities associated with Lazard Group's Paris-based subsidiary Lazard Frères Banque SA (LFB).

LFB, as a registered bank, is engaged primarily in commercial and private banking services for clients and funds managed by Lazard Frères Gestion SAS (LFG) and other clients, investment banking activities, including participation in underwritten offerings of securities in France, and asset-liability management.

***Basis of Presentation***

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Lazard Ltd have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) regarding interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Lazard Ltd's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the Form 10-K). The accompanying December 31, 2015 unaudited condensed consolidated statement of financial condition data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements, but does not include all disclosures





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**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

required by U.S. GAAP for annual financial statement purposes. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented.

Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts that are reported in the financial statements and the accompanying disclosures. For example, discretionary compensation and benefits expense for interim periods is accrued based on the year-to-date amount of revenue earned, and an assumed annual ratio of compensation and benefits expense to revenue, with the applicable amounts adjusted for certain items. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions that Lazard may undertake in the future, actual results may differ materially from the estimates.

The consolidated results of operations for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 are not indicative of the results to be expected for any future interim or annual period.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include Lazard Ltd, Lazard Group and Lazard Group's principal operating subsidiaries: Lazard Frères & Co. LLC (LFNY), a New York limited liability company, along with its subsidiaries, including Lazard Asset Management LLC and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as LAM); the French limited liability companies Compagnie Financière Lazard Frères SAS (CFLF) along with its subsidiaries, LFB and LFG, and Maison Lazard SAS and its subsidiaries; and Lazard & Co., Limited (LCL), through Lazard & Co., Holdings Limited (LCH), an English private limited company, together with their jointly owned affiliates and subsidiaries.

The Company's policy is to consolidate entities in which it has a controlling financial interest. The Company consolidates:

Voting interest entities (VOEs) where the Company holds a majority of the voting interest in such VOEs and,

Variable interest entities (VIEs) where the Company is the primary beneficiary having the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of, or receive benefits from, the VIE that could be potentially significant to the VIE.

When the Company does not have a controlling interest in an entity, but exerts significant influence over such entity's operating and financial decisions, the Company applies the equity method of accounting in which it records in earnings its share of earnings or losses of the entity. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation, primarily as a result of the adoption of the current guidance on classification of debt issuance costs and the impact of such guidance on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

**2. RECENT ACCOUNTING DEVELOPMENTS**

*Revenue from Contracts with Customers* In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) issued comprehensive new revenue recognition guidance. The guidance requires a company to



**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

recognize revenue when it transfers promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those services and requires enhanced disclosures. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is not permitted. On July 9, 2015, the FASB approved the deferral of the effective date of the new revenue guidance by one year to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption being permitted for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. During 2016, the FASB issued additional clarifications for certain aspects of the new revenue recognition guidance. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance.

*Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis* In February 2015, the FASB issued updated guidance for the consolidation of certain legal entities. The updated guidance eliminates the deferral of certain consolidation standards for entities considered to be investment companies and modifies the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are VIEs or VOs. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this guidance using the modified retrospective method with an effective adoption date of January 1, 2016. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

*Interest Imputation of Interest* In April 2015, the FASB issued updated guidance which requires a company to classify debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The new guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted and is to be applied on a retrospective basis. The adoption of this guidance by the Company in the first quarter of 2016 resulted in a reclassification as of December 31, 2015 of \$8,992 from other assets to senior debt on our condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

*Intangibles Goodwill and Other Internal-Use Software: Customers Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement* In April 2015, the FASB issued updated guidance providing clarification on whether a cloud computing arrangement that contains a software license should be accounted for as internal-use software. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this guidance by the Company in the first quarter of 2016 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

*Fair Value Measurement* In May 2015, the FASB issued updated guidance for the classification and disclosure of certain investments using the net asset value ( NAV ) as a practical expedient to measure the fair value of the investment. The guidance removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using NAV as a practical expedient. The new guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The new guidance is to be applied on a retrospective basis. The Company elected to early adopt this guidance in the quarter ended September 30, 2015 and has removed investments that are measured at NAV as a practical expedient from the fair value hierarchy in all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

*Leases* In February 2016, the FASB issued updated guidance for leases. The guidance requires a lessee to (i) recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, in the statement of financial condition, (ii) recognize a single lease cost, calculated so that the cost of the lease is allocated over the lease term on a generally straight-line basis, and (iii) classify all cash payments

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

within operating activities in the statement of cash flows. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The new guidance is to be applied on a modified retrospective basis. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance.

*Compensation Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting* In March 2016, the FASB issued new guidance regarding equity-based incentive compensation. The new guidance includes several amendments which affect various aspects of the accounting for equity-based incentive compensation transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance.

*Financial Instruments Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* In June 2016, the FASB issued new guidance regarding the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments. The new guidance replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in the current guidance with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to determine credit loss estimates. The new guidance is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019 with early adoption permitted for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the new guidance.

**3. RECEIVABLES**

The Company's receivables represent fee receivables, amounts due from customers and other receivables.

Receivables are stated net of an estimated allowance for doubtful accounts, for past due amounts and for specific accounts deemed uncollectible, which may include situations where a fee is in dispute. Activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Beginning Balance	\$11,230	\$ 18,459	\$12,882	\$ 23,540
Bad debt expense, net of recoveries	2,065	2,061	2,579	3,293
Charge-offs, foreign currency translation and other adjustments	274	551	(1,892)	(5,762)
Ending Balance	\$13,569	\$ 21,071	\$13,569	\$ 21,071

Bad debt expense, net of recoveries is included in investment banking and other advisory fees on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had receivables past due or deemed uncollectible of \$19,839 and \$19,923, respectively.

Of the Company's fee receivables at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, \$82,244 and \$81,774, respectively, represented interest-bearing financing receivables. Based upon our historical loss experience, the credit quality of the counterparties, and the lack of past due or uncollectible amounts, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts required at those dates related to such receivables.

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The aggregate carrying amount of our non-interest bearing receivables of \$413,072 and \$415,439 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, approximates fair value.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)****4. INVESTMENTS**

The Company's investments and securities sold, not yet purchased, consist of the following at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Interest-bearing deposits	\$ 463	\$ 54,885
Debt	30,631	535
Equities	48,968	44,834
Funds:		
Alternative investments (a)	50,233	67,600
Debt (a)	75,463	67,134
Equity (a)	171,252	197,787
Private equity	105,561	100,219
	402,509	432,740
Equity method	8,775	8,917
Total investments	491,346	541,911
Less:		
Interest-bearing deposits	463	54,885
Equity method	8,775	8,917
Investments, at fair value	\$482,108	\$ 478,109
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value (included in other liabilities )	\$ 33,791	\$ 3,239

(a) Interests in alternative investment funds, debt funds and equity funds include investments with fair values of \$15,834, \$38,350 and \$131,204, respectively, at June 30, 2016 and \$10,996, \$31,598 and \$156,081, respectively, at December 31, 2015, held in order to satisfy the Company's liability upon vesting of previously granted Lazard Fund Interests ( LFI ) and other similar deferred compensation arrangements. LFI represent grants by the Company to eligible employees of actual or notional interests in a number of Lazard-managed funds, subject to service-based vesting conditions (see Notes 6 and 12).

Interest-bearing deposits have original maturities of greater than three months but equal to or less than one year and are carried at cost that approximates fair value due to their short-term maturities.

Investments in debt securities and securities sold, not yet purchased (included in other liabilities ) at June 30, 2016 primarily consist of convertible debt securities.

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Equities primarily consist of seed investments invested in marketable equity securities of large-, mid- and small-cap domestic, international and global companies held within separately managed accounts related to our Asset Management business.

Alternative investment funds primarily consist of interests in various Lazard-managed hedge funds, funds of funds and mutual funds.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

Debt funds primarily consist of seed investments in funds related to our Asset Management business that invest in debt securities, amounts related to LFI discussed above and an investment in a Lazard-managed debt fund.

Equity funds primarily consist of seed investments in funds related to our Asset Management business that invest in equity securities, and amounts related to LFI discussed above.

Private equity investments include those owned by Lazard and those consolidated but not owned by Lazard. Private equity investments owned by Lazard are primarily comprised of investments in private equity funds. Such investments primarily include (i) Edgewater Growth Capital Partners III, L.P. ( EGCP III ), a fund primarily making equity and buyout investments in middle market companies, (ii) until the fourth quarter of 2015, Lazard Australia Corporate Opportunities Fund 2 ( COF2 ), an Australian fund targeting Australian mid-market investments, (iii) a mezzanine fund, which invests in mezzanine debt of a diversified selection of small- to mid-cap European companies, and (iv) a fund targeting significant noncontrolling-stake investments in established private companies. The Company disposed of its private equity business in Australia in the second quarter of 2015 in a transaction with the management of the disposed business. Revenue of \$24,388 relating to the disposal of the business primarily represents the realization of carried interest at fair value and is included in revenue-other on the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015.

Private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard relate to the economic interests that are owned by the management team and other investors in the Edgewater Funds ( Edgewater ).

During the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company reported in revenue-other on its condensed consolidated statements of operations net unrealized investment gains and losses pertaining to trading securities still held as of the reporting date as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net unrealized investment gains (losses)	\$ 859	\$ (3,308)	\$ 6,174	\$ (1,115)

**5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

**Fair Value Hierarchy of Investments and Certain Other Assets and Liabilities** Lazard categorizes its investments and certain other assets and liabilities recorded at fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

*Level 1.* Assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that Lazard has the ability to access.

*Level 2.* Assets and liabilities whose values are based on (i) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in an active market, or quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets, or (ii) inputs other than quoted prices that are directly observable or derived principally from, or corroborated by, market data.



*Level 3.* Assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect our

**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability. Items included in Level 3 include securities or other financial assets whose trading volume and level of activity have significantly decreased when compared with normal market activity and there is no longer sufficient frequency or volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The Company's investments in debt securities and securities sold, not yet purchased are classified as Level 1 when their respective fair values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and are classified as Level 2 when their fair values are based on inputs that generally can be corroborated by observable market data.

The fair value of equities is classified as Level 1 or Level 3 as follows: marketable equity securities are classified as Level 1 and are valued based on the last trade price on the primary exchange for that security as provided by external pricing services; equity securities in private companies are generally classified as Level 3.

The fair value of investments in alternative investment funds, debt funds and equity funds is classified as Level 1 when the fair values are primarily based on the publicly reported closing price for the fund.

The fair value of investments in private equity funds were classified as Level 3 for certain investments that were valued based on a potential transaction value as of June 30, 2015.

The fair values of derivatives entered into by the Company are classified as Level 2 and are based on the values of the related underlying assets, indices or reference rates as follows: the fair value of forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts is a function of the spot rate and the interest rate differential of the two currencies from the trade date to settlement date; the fair value of total return swaps is based on the change in fair values of the related underlying equity security, financial instrument or index and a specified notional holding; the fair value of interest rate swaps is based on the interest rate yield curve; and the fair value of derivative liabilities related to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements is based on the value of the underlying investments, adjusted for forfeitures. See Note 6.

***Investments Measured at Net Asset Value*** As a practical expedient, the Company uses NAV or its equivalent to measure the fair value of certain investments. NAV is primarily determined based on information provided by external fund administrators. The Company's investments valued at NAV as a practical expedient in (i) alternative investment funds, debt funds and equity funds are redeemable in the near term, and (ii) in private equity funds are not redeemable in the near term as a result of redemption restrictions.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

The following tables present, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the classification of (i) investments and certain other assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis within the fair value hierarchy and (ii) investments measured at NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient:

	<b>June 30, 2016</b>				
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>NAV (a)</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets:</b>					
Investments:					
Debt	\$	\$ 30,631	\$	\$	\$ 30,631
Equities	47,670		1,298		48,968
Funds:					
Alternative investments	27,379			22,854	50,233
Debt	75,457			6	75,463
Equity	171,213			39	171,252
Private equity				105,561	105,561
Derivatives		716			716
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 321,719</b>	<b>\$ 31,347</b>	<b>\$ 1,298</b>	<b>\$ 128,460</b>	<b>\$ 482,824</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Securities sold, not yet purchased	\$ 3,160	\$ 30,631	\$	\$	\$ 33,791
Derivatives		185,893			185,893
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,160</b>	<b>\$ 216,524</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 219,684</b>

	<b>December 31, 2015</b>				
	<b>Level 1</b>	<b>Level 2</b>	<b>Level 3</b>	<b>NAV (a)</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Assets:</b>					
Investments:					
Debt	\$ 535	\$	\$	\$	\$ 535
Equities	43,558		1,276		44,834
Funds:					
Alternative investments	45,135			22,465	67,600
Debt	67,128			6	67,134
Equity	197,745			42	197,787
Private equity				100,219	100,219
Derivatives		1,048			1,048
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 354,101</b>	<b>\$ 1,048</b>	<b>\$ 1,276</b>	<b>\$ 122,732</b>	<b>\$ 479,157</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>					

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Securities sold, not yet purchased	\$ 3,239	\$	\$	\$ 3,239
Derivatives		195,689		195,689
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,239</b>	<b>\$ 195,689</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 198,928</b>

- (a) Represents certain investments measured at NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient in determining fair value. In accordance with current accounting guidance, these investments have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. See Note 2 for additional information.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

The following tables provide a summary of changes in fair value of the Company's Level 3 assets for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016					Ending Balance
	Beginning Balance	Net Unrealized/ Realized Gains (Losses) Included In Revenue- Other (b)	Purchases/ Acquisitions	Sales/ Dispositions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	
Investments:						
Equities	\$ 1,301	\$ 7	\$	\$	\$ (10)	\$ 1,298
Total Level 3 Assets	\$ 1,301	\$ 7	\$	\$	\$ (10)	\$ 1,298

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016					Ending Balance
	Beginning Balance	Net Unrealized/ Realized Gains (Losses) Included In Revenue- Other (b)	Purchases/ Acquisitions	Sales/ Dispositions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	
Investments:						
Equities	\$ 1,276	\$ 10	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 1,298
Total Level 3 Assets	\$ 1,276	\$ 10	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 1,298

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 (a)					Ending Balance
	Beginning Balance	Net Unrealized/ Realized Gains (Losses) Included In Revenue- Other (b)	Purchases/ Acquisitions	Sales/ Dispositions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	
Investments:						
Equities	\$ 1,289	\$ 8	\$	\$	\$ 2	\$ 1,299
Private equity funds	22,125	142				22,267
Total Level 3 Assets	\$ 23,414	\$ 150	\$	\$	\$ 2	\$ 23,566

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Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 (a)

	Beginning Balance	Net Unrealized/ Realized Gains (Losses) Included In Revenue- Other (b)	Purchases/ Acquisitions/ Transfers (c)	Sales/ Dispositions	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Ending Balance
Investments:						
Equities	\$ 1,315	\$ 10	\$	\$	\$ (26)	\$ 1,299
Private equity funds		2,771	19,887	(391)		22,267
Total Level 3 Assets	\$ 1,315	\$ 2,781	\$ 19,887	\$ (391)	\$ (26)	\$ 23,566

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

- (a) The tables for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015 reflect the retrospective application of new disclosure guidance adopted by the Company for investments using NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient when measuring fair value. See Note 2.
- (b) Earnings for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015 include net unrealized gains of \$2, \$5, \$150 and \$2,781, respectively.
- (c) Certain investments that were valued at NAV as of December 31, 2014 of \$19,255 were transferred to Level 3 from the NAV category in the six months ended June 30, 2015 as these investments were valued based on potential transaction value as of June 30, 2015. There were no transfers between any of the Level 1, 2 and 3 categories in the fair value measurement hierarchy during the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

The following tables present, at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, certain investments that are valued using NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient in determining fair value:

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	% of Fair Value Not Redeemable	June 30, 2016 Estimated Liquidation Period of Investments Not Redeemable			Investments Redeemable Redemption Frequency	Redeemable Notice Period
				% Next 5 Years	% 5-10 Years	% Thereafter		
Alternative investment funds:								
Hedge funds	\$21,806	\$	NA	NA	NA	NA	(a)	<30-60 days
Funds of funds	469		NA	NA	NA	NA	(b)	<30-90 days
Other	579		NA	NA	NA	NA	(c)	<30-60 days
Debt funds	6		NA	NA	NA	NA	(d)	30 days
Equity funds	39		NA	NA	NA	NA	(e)	<30-90 days
Private equity funds:								
Equity growth	72,187	9,183(f)	100%	16%	38%	46%	NA	NA
Mezzanine debt	33,374		100%			100%	NA	NA
Total	\$ 128,460	\$ 9,183						

- (a) weekly (44%), monthly (46%) and quarterly (10%)
- (b) monthly (98%) and quarterly (2%)
- (c) daily (4%) and monthly (96%)
- (d) daily (100%)
- (e) daily (19%), monthly (52%) and quarterly (29%)
- (f)

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Unfunded commitments to private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard of \$6,890 are excluded. Such commitments are required to be funded by capital contributions from noncontrolling interest holders.



**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	% of Fair Value Not Redeemable	December 31, 2015 Estimated Liquidation Period of Investments Not Redeemable			Investments Redeemable	
				% Next 5 Years	% 5-10 Years	% Thereafter	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Alternative investment funds:								
Hedge funds	\$ 20,410	\$	NA	NA	NA	NA	(a)	<30-60 days
Funds of funds	465		NA	NA	NA	NA	(b)	<30-90 days
Other	1,590		NA	NA	NA	NA	(c)	<30-60 days
Debt funds	6		NA	NA	NA	NA	(d)	30 days
Equity funds	42		NA	NA	NA	NA	(e)	<30-90 days
Private equity funds:								
Equity growth	67,895	10,242(f)	100%	18%	39%	43%	NA	NA
Mezzanine debt	32,324		100%			100%	NA	NA
Total	\$ 122,732	\$ 10,242						

(a) weekly (23%), monthly (69%) and quarterly (8%)

(b) monthly (98%) and quarterly (2%)

(c) daily (20%) and monthly (80%)

(d) daily (100%)

(e) daily (18%), monthly (54%) and quarterly (28%)

(f) Unfunded commitments to private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard of \$5,501 are excluded. Such commitments are required to be funded by capital contributions from noncontrolling interest holders.

**Investment Capital Funding Commitments** At June 30, 2016, the Company's maximum unfunded commitments for capital contributions to investment funds primarily arose from commitments to EGCP III, which amounted to \$8,613, through the earlier of October 12, 2016 (*i.e.*, the end of the investment period) for investments and/or expenses (with a portion of the undrawn amount of such commitments as of that date remaining committed until October 12, 2023 in respect of follow-on investments and/or fund expenses) or the liquidation of the fund.

**6. DERIVATIVES**

The Company enters into forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts, interest rate swaps, interest rate futures, total return swap contracts on various equity and debt indices and other derivative contracts to economically hedge exposures to fluctuations in currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity and debt prices. The Company reports its derivative instruments separately as assets and liabilities unless a legal right of set-off exists under a master netting agreement enforceable by law. The Company's derivative instruments are recorded at their fair value, and are included in other assets and other liabilities on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. Gains and losses on the Company's derivative instruments not designated as economic hedging instruments are included in interest income and interest expense, respectively, or revenue-other, depending on the nature of the underlying item, in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

In addition to the derivative instruments described above, the Company records derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, the fair value of which is based on the value of the underlying investments, adjusted for estimated forfeitures, and is included in accrued compensation and benefits in the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. Changes in the fair value of the derivative liabilities are included in compensation and benefits in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, the impact of which equally offsets the changes in the fair value of investments which are currently expected to be delivered upon settlement of LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, which are reported in revenue-other in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The tables below present the fair values of the Company's derivative instruments reported within other assets and other liabilities and the fair values of the Company's derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements reported within accrued compensation and benefits (see Note 12) on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of financial condition as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
<b>Derivative Assets:</b>		
Forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts	\$ 663	\$ 1,015
Total return swaps and other (a)	53	33
	\$ 716	\$ 1,048
<b>Derivative Liabilities:</b>		
Forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts	\$ 1,911	\$ 1,584
Total return swaps and other (a)	6,853	531
LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements	177,129	193,574
	\$ 185,893	\$ 195,689

(a) For total return swaps, amounts represent the netting of gross derivative assets and liabilities of \$327 and \$7,127 as of June 30, 2016, respectively, and \$460 and \$958 as of December 31, 2015, respectively, for contracts with the same counterparty under legally enforceable master netting agreements. Such amounts are recorded net in other assets, with receivables for net cash collateral under such contracts of \$10,996 and \$9,636 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

Net gains (losses) with respect to derivative instruments (predominantly reflected in revenue-other) and the Company's derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements (included in compensation and benefits expense) as reflected on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, were as follows:

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	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Forward foreign currency exchange rate contracts	\$ 446	\$ (4,023)	\$ (6,854)	\$ 11,377
LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements	(312)	1,894	2,202	(2,242)
Total return swaps and other	(763)	(16)	(1,462)	(3,184)
Total	\$ (629)	\$ (2,145)	\$ (6,114)	\$ 5,951

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)****7. PROPERTY**

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, property consists of the following:

	Estimated Depreciable Life in Years	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Buildings	33	\$139,890	\$ 137,181
Leasehold improvements	3-20	167,494	167,838
Furniture and equipment	3-10	163,725	160,553
Construction in progress		13,552	7,099
<b>Total</b>		<b>484,661</b>	<b>472,671</b>
Less - Accumulated depreciation and amortization		282,732	265,506
<b>Property</b>		<b>\$201,929</b>	<b>\$ 207,165</b>

**8. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

The components of goodwill and other intangible assets at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 are presented below:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Goodwill	\$322,939	\$ 320,761
Other intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization)	5,242	6,215
	<b>\$328,181</b>	<b>\$ 326,976</b>

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, goodwill of \$258,398 and \$256,220, respectively, was attributable to the Company's Financial Advisory segment and, at each such respective date, \$64,541 of goodwill was attributable to the Company's Asset Management segment.

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Balance, January 1	\$320,761	\$ 335,402
Foreign currency translation adjustments	2,178	(8,580)

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Balance, June 30	\$322,939	\$ 326,822
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All changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are attributable to the Company's Financial Advisory segment.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

The gross cost and accumulated amortization of other intangible assets as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, by major intangible asset category, are as follows:

	June 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
	Gross Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Performance fees	\$ 30,740	\$25,506	\$5,234	\$ 30,740	\$ 25,192	\$ 5,548
Management fees, customer relationships and non-compete agreements	33,036	33,028	8	33,036	32,369	667
	\$ 63,776	\$58,534	\$5,242	\$ 63,776	\$ 57,561	\$ 6,215

Amortization expense of intangible assets for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 was \$330 and \$974, respectively, and for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015 was \$1,857 and \$2,890, respectively. Estimated future amortization expense is as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Amortization Expense (a)
2016 (July 1 through December 31)	\$ 4,693
2017	549
Total amortization expense	\$ 5,242

(a) Approximately 47% of intangible asset amortization is attributable to a noncontrolling interest.

**9. SENIOR DEBT**

Senior debt is comprised of the following as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	Initial Principal Amount	Maturity Date	Annual Interest Rate(b)	Outstanding as of,					
				June 30, 2016 Principal	June 30, 2016 Unamortized Debt Costs	June 30, 2016 Carrying Value	December 31, 2015 Principal	December 31, 2015 Unamortized Debt Costs	December 31, 2015 Carrying Value
Lazard Group 2017 Senior Notes (a)	600,000	6/15/17	6.85%	\$ 98,350	\$ 105	\$ 98,245	\$ 98,350	\$ 159	\$ 98,191

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Lazard Group 2020 Senior Notes	500,000	11/14/20	4.25%	500,000	4,030	495,970	500,000	4,491	495,509
Lazard Group 2025 Senior Notes (a)	400,000	2/13/25	3.75%	400,000	4,104	395,896	400,000	4,342	395,658
Total				\$ 998,350	\$ 8,239	\$ 990,111	\$ 998,350	\$ 8,992	\$ 989,358

- (a) During February 2015, Lazard Group completed an offering of \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.75% senior notes due 2025 (the 2025 Notes ). Lazard Group also issued a notice to redeem \$450,000 of Lazard Group s 6.85% senior notes due June 15, 2017 (the 2017 Notes ) in February 2015. Interest on the 2025 Notes is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning September 1, 2015. Lazard Group used the net proceeds of the 2025 Notes, together with cash on hand, to redeem or otherwise retire \$450,000 of the 2017 Notes, which, including the recognition of unamortized issuance

**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

costs, resulted in a loss on debt extinguishment of \$60,219. Such loss on debt extinguishment was recorded in operating expenses other on the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the six month period ended June 30, 2015.

(b) The effective interest rates of the 2017 Notes, Lazard Group's 4.25% senior notes due November 14, 2020 (the 2020 Notes) and the 2025 Notes are 6.96%, 4.43% and 3.87%, respectively.

The table, as of December 31, 2015, reflects the retrospective application of new guidance adopted by the Company for debt issuance costs. See Note 2.

On September 25, 2015, Lazard Group entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement for a five-year \$150,000 senior revolving credit facility with a group of lenders (the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement), which expires in September 2020. The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement amended and restated the previous credit agreement dated September 25, 2012. Borrowings under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement generally will bear interest at LIBOR plus an applicable margin for specific interest periods determined based on Lazard Group's highest credit rating from an internationally recognized credit agency. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, no amounts were outstanding under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement.

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, the indenture and the supplemental indentures relating to Lazard Group's senior notes contain certain covenants, events of default and other customary provisions, including a customary make-whole provision in the event of early redemption, where applicable. As of June 30, 2016, the Company was in compliance with such provisions. All of the Company's senior debt obligations are unsecured.

As of June 30, 2016, the Company had approximately \$215,000 in unused lines of credit available to it, including the credit facility provided under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, and unused lines of credit available to LFB of approximately \$11,000 (at June 30, 2016 exchange rates) and Edgewater of \$52,000. The unused lines of credit available to Edgewater are guaranteed by certain Edgewater private equity funds and can be drawn upon only by the applicable general partner, fund, or individual portfolio companies for the benefit of the applicable funds and individual portfolio companies of such funds. In addition, LFB has access to the Eurosystem Covered Bond Purchase Program of the Banque de France.

The Company's senior debt at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is carried at historical amounts. At those dates, the fair value of such senior debt was approximately \$1,037,000 and \$994,000, respectively. The fair value of the Company's senior debt is based on market quotations. The Company's senior debt would be categorized within Level 2 of the hierarchy of fair value measurements if carried at fair value.

**10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**Leases** The Company has various leases and other contractual commitments arising in the ordinary course of business.

**Guarantees** In the normal course of business, LFB provides indemnifications to third parties to protect them in the event of non-performance by its clients. At June 30, 2016, LFB had \$5,394 of such indemnifications and held \$5,337 of collateral/counter-guarantees to secure these commitments. The Company believes the likelihood of loss with respect to these indemnities is remote. Accordingly, no liability is recorded in the condensed consolidated statement of financial condition.

**Certain Business Transactions** On July 15, 2009, the Company established a private equity business with Edgewater. Edgewater manages funds primarily focused on buy-out and growth equity investments in middle





**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

market companies. The acquisition was structured as a purchase by Lazard Group of interests in a holding company that in turn owns interests in the general partner and management company entities of the current Edgewater private equity funds (the "Edgewater Acquisition"). Following the Edgewater Acquisition, Edgewater's leadership team retained a substantial economic interest in such entities.

The aggregate fair value of the consideration recognized by the Company at the acquisition date was \$61,624. Such consideration consisted of (i) a one-time cash payment, (ii) 1,142,857 shares of Class A common stock (the "Initial Shares") and (iii) up to 1,142,857 additional shares of Class A common stock (the "Earnout Shares") that are subject to earnout criteria and payable over time. The Earnout Shares will be issued only if certain performance thresholds are met. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, 114,285 and 913,722 shares, respectively, are issuable on a contingent basis, and 2,171,429 and 1,371,992 shares, respectively, have been earned because applicable performance thresholds have been satisfied. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, 2,171,429 and 1,371,992, respectively, of the earned shares have been settled.

**Contingent Consideration Relating To Other Business Acquisitions** For a business acquired in 2012, at December 31, 2012, 170,988 shares of Class A common stock (including dividend equivalent shares) were issuable on a non-contingent basis. Such shares were delivered in the first quarter of 2013. During the second quarter of 2015, the achievement of certain performance thresholds related to the acquired business were satisfied, resulting in the issuance of 27,316 shares of Class A common stock.

**Other Commitments** The Company has various other contractual commitments arising in the ordinary course of business. In addition, from time to time, each of LFB and LFNy may enter into underwriting commitments in which it will participate as an underwriter. At June 30, 2016, LFB and LFNy had no such underwriting commitments.

See Notes 5 and 13 for information regarding commitments relating to investment capital funding commitments and obligations to fund our pension plans, respectively.

In the opinion of management, the fulfillment of the commitments described herein will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's condensed consolidated financial position or results of operations.

**Legal** The Company is involved from time to time in judicial, regulatory and arbitration proceedings and inquiries concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of our businesses, including proceedings initiated by former employees alleging wrongful termination. The Company reviews such matters on a case-by-case basis and establishes any required accrual if a loss is probable and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company experiences significant variation in its revenue and earnings on a quarterly basis. Accordingly, the results of any pending matter or matters could be significant when compared to the Company's earnings in any particular fiscal quarter. The Company believes, however, based on currently available information, that the results of any pending matters, in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on its business or financial condition.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)****11. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY**

**Share Repurchase Program** During the six month period ended June 30, 2016 and since 2013, the Board of Directors of Lazard authorized the repurchase of Class A common stock as set forth in the table below.

<b>Date</b>	<b>Repurchase Authorization</b>	<b>Expiration</b>
October, 2013	\$ 100,000	December 31, 2015
April, 2014	\$ 200,000	December 31, 2015
February, 2015	\$ 150,000	December 31, 2016
January, 2016	\$ 200,000	December 31, 2017
April, 2016	\$ 113,182	December 31, 2017

The Company expects that the share repurchase program will primarily be used to offset a portion of the shares that have been or will be issued under the Lazard Ltd 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (the 2008 Plan ) and the Lazard Ltd 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the 2005 Plan ). Pursuant to the share repurchase program, purchases have been made in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. The rate at which the Company purchases shares in connection with the share repurchase program may vary from quarter to quarter due to a variety of factors. Purchases with respect to such program are set forth in the table below:

	<b>Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Per Share</b>
<b>Six Months Ended June 30:</b>		
2015	2,306,694	\$ 51.04
2016	5,646,092	\$ 34.49

During the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, certain of our executive officers received Class A common stock in connection with the vesting of previously-granted deferred equity incentive awards. The vesting of such equity awards gave rise to a tax payable by the executive officers, and, consistent with our past practice, the Company purchased shares of Class A common stock from the executive officers equal in value to the estimated amount of such tax. In addition, during the three month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company purchased shares of Class A common stock from an executive officer. The aggregate value of all such purchases during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was approximately \$4,900 and \$17,700, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016, a total of \$224,614 of share repurchase authorization remained available under the Company's share repurchase program, which will expire on December 31, 2017.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company had in place trading plans under Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to which it effected stock repurchases in the open market.

**Preferred Stock** Lazard Ltd has 15,000,000 authorized shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, inclusive of its Series A and Series B preferred stock. Series A and Series B preferred shares were issued in connection with certain prior year business acquisitions and are each non-participating securities convertible into Class A common stock, and have no voting or dividend rights. As of both June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, 7,921 shares of Series A preferred stock were outstanding, and no shares of Series B preferred stock were



**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

outstanding. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, no shares of Series A preferred stock were convertible into shares of Class A common stock on a contingent or a non-contingent basis.

**Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax ( AOCI )** The tables below reflect the balances of each component of AOCI at June 30, 2016 and 2015 and activity during the six month periods then ended:

	<b>Currency Translation Adjustments</b>	<b>Employee Benefit Plans</b>	<b>Total AOCI</b>	<b>Amount Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests</b>	<b>Total Lazard Ltd AOCI</b>
Balance, January 1, 2016	\$ (97,284)	\$ (137,073)	\$ (234,357)	\$ (1)	\$ (234,356)
Activity January 1 to June 30, 2016:					
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(4,365)	(616)	(4,981)		(4,981)
Adjustments for items reclassified to earnings, net of tax		2,307	2,307		2,307
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	(4,365)	1,691	(2,674)		(2,674)
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ (101,649)	\$ (135,382)	\$ (237,031)	\$ (1)	\$ (237,030)

	<b>Currency Translation Adjustments</b>	<b>Employee Benefit Plans</b>	<b>Total AOCI</b>	<b>Amount Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests</b>	<b>Total Lazard Ltd AOCI</b>
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$ (46,102)	\$ (154,665)	\$ (200,767)	\$ (1)	\$ (200,766)
Activity January 1 to June 30, 2015:					
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(22,342)	(14,617)	(36,959)		(36,959)
Adjustments for items reclassified to earnings, net of tax		2,376	2,376		2,376
Net other comprehensive loss	(22,342)	(12,241)	(34,583)		(34,583)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ (68,444)	\$ (166,906)	\$ (235,350)	\$ (1)	\$ (235,349)

The table below reflects adjustments for items reclassified out of AOCI, by component, for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Amortization relating to employee benefit plans (a)	\$ 1,524	\$ 1,728	\$ 3,103	\$ 3,477
Less related income taxes	403	538	796	1,101
Total reclassifications, net of tax	\$ 1,121	\$ 1,190	\$ 2,307	\$ 2,376

- (a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost (see Note 13). Such amounts are included in compensation and benefits expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

**Noncontrolling Interests** Noncontrolling interests principally represent interests held in Edgewater's management vehicles that the Company is deemed to control, but does not own.

The tables below summarize net income attributable to noncontrolling interests for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and noncontrolling interests as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements:

	Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Edgewater	\$ 1,007	\$ 1,041	\$ 4,907	\$ 7,734
Other		1		1
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,007</b>	<b>\$ 1,042</b>	<b>\$ 4,907</b>	<b>\$ 7,735</b>

	Noncontrolling Interests As Of	
	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Edgewater	\$ 57,425	\$ 53,132
Other	718	719
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 58,143</b>	<b>\$ 53,851</b>

**Dividends Declared, July 27, 2016** On July 27, 2016, the Board of Directors of Lazard declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.38 per share on our Class A common stock, payable on August 19, 2016, to stockholders of record on August 8, 2016.

**12. INCENTIVE PLANS****Share-Based Incentive Plan Awards**

A description of Lazard Ltd's 2008 Plan and 2005 Plan and activity with respect thereto during the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 is presented below.

**Shares Available Under the 2008 Plan and 2005 Plan**

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The 2008 Plan authorizes the issuance of shares of Class A common stock pursuant to the grant or exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units ( RSUs ) and other equity-based awards. Under the 2008 Plan, the maximum number of shares available is based on a formula that limits the aggregate number of shares that may, at any time, be subject to awards that are considered outstanding under the 2008 Plan to 30% of the then-outstanding shares of Class A common stock.

The 2005 Plan authorized the issuance of up to 25,000,000 shares of Class A common stock pursuant to the grant or exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights, RSUs and other equity-based awards. Each RSU or similar award granted under the 2005 Plan represents a contingent right to receive one share of Class A common



**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

stock, at no cost to the recipient. The fair value of such awards is generally determined based on the closing market price of Class A common stock at the date of grant. The 2005 Plan expired in the second quarter of 2015, although unvested awards granted under the 2005 Plan remain outstanding and continue to be subject to its terms.

The following reflects the amortization expense recorded with respect to share-based incentive plans within compensation and benefits expense (with respect to RSUs, performance-based restricted stock units ( PRSUs ) and restricted stock awards) and professional services expense (with respect to deferred stock units ( DSUs )) within the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Share-based incentive awards:				
RSUs	\$40,564	\$ 32,263	\$94,972	\$ 91,334
PRSUs	10,335	8,414	27,024	14,612
Restricted Stock	8,342	2,830	31,818	15,453
DSUs	1,446	1,363	1,511	1,394
Total	\$60,687	\$ 44,870	\$155,325	\$ 122,793

The ultimate amount of compensation and benefits expense relating to share-based awards is dependent upon the actual number of shares of Class A common stock that vest. The Company periodically assesses the forfeiture rates used for such estimates, including as a result of any applicable performance conditions. A change in estimated forfeiture rates results in a cumulative adjustment to previously recorded compensation and benefits expense and also would cause the aggregate amount of compensation expense recognized in future periods to differ from the estimated unrecognized compensation expense described below.

For purposes of calculating diluted net income per share, RSUs, DSUs and restricted stock awards are included in the diluted weighted average shares of Class A common stock outstanding using the treasury stock method. PRSUs are included in the diluted weighted average shares of Class A common stock outstanding to the extent the performance conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, also using the treasury stock method.

The Company's share-based incentive plans and awards are described below.

***RSUs and DSUs***

RSUs generally require future service as a condition for the delivery of the underlying shares of Class A common stock (unless the recipient is then eligible for retirement under the Company's retirement policy) and convert into shares of Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis after the stipulated vesting periods. PRSUs, which are RSUs that are also subject to service-based vesting conditions, have additional performance conditions, and are described below. The grant date fair value of the RSUs, net of an estimated forfeiture rate, is amortized over the vesting periods or requisite service periods (generally one-third after two years, and the remaining two-thirds after the third year), and is adjusted for actual forfeitures over such period.



**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

RSUs generally include a dividend participation right that provides that during vesting periods each RSU is attributed additional RSUs (or fractions thereof) equivalent to any dividends paid on Class A common stock during such period. During the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, issuances of RSUs pertaining to such dividend participation rights and respective charges to retained earnings, net of estimated forfeitures (with corresponding credits to additional paid-in-capital), consisted of the following:

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Number of RSUs issued	841,433	529,616
Charges to retained earnings, net of estimated forfeitures	\$ 28,364	\$ 26,461

Non-executive members of the Board of Directors ( Non-Executive Directors ) receive approximately 55% of their annual compensation for service on the Board of Directors and its committees in the form of DSUs, which resulted in 38,771 and 23,961 DSUs granted in connection with annual compensation during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Their remaining compensation is payable in cash, which they may elect to receive in the form of additional DSUs under the Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan described below. DSUs are convertible into shares of Class A common stock at the time of cessation of service to the Board of Directors and, for purposes of calculating diluted net income per share, are included in the diluted weighted average shares of Class A common stock outstanding using the treasury stock method. DSUs include a cash dividend participation right equivalent to any ordinary quarterly dividends paid on Class A common stock.

The Company's Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan permits the Non-Executive Directors to elect to receive additional DSUs in lieu of some or all of their cash fees. The number of DSUs granted to a Non-Executive Director pursuant to this election will equal the value of cash fees that the applicable Non-Executive Director has elected to forego pursuant to such election, divided by the market value of a share of Class A common stock on the date immediately preceding the date of the grant. During the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, 4,467 and 1,183 DSUs, respectively, had been granted pursuant to such Plan.

DSU awards are expensed at their fair value on their date of grant, inclusive of amounts related to the Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

The following is a summary of activity relating to RSUs and DSUs during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	RSUs		DSUs	
	Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Balance, January 1, 2016	9,599,658	\$ 44.06	312,670	\$ 35.98
Granted (including 841,433 RSUs relating to dividend participation)	6,486,463	\$ 34.47	43,238	\$ 34.95
Forfeited	(94,692)	\$ 40.75		
Vested	(4,233,894)	\$ 39.10	(84,759)	\$ 35.30
<b>Balance, June 30, 2016</b>	<b>11,757,535</b>	<b>\$ 40.58</b>	<b>271,149</b>	<b>\$ 36.02</b>
Balance, January 1, 2015	13,529,116	\$ 35.19	286,227	\$ 34.21
Granted (including 529,616 RSUs relating to dividend participation)	3,982,135	\$ 48.83	25,144	\$ 55.45
Forfeited	(397,637)	\$ 43.04		
Vested	(6,873,352)	\$ 30.79		
<b>Balance, June 30, 2015</b>	<b>10,240,262</b>	<b>\$ 43.14</b>	<b>311,371</b>	<b>\$ 35.92</b>

In connection with RSUs that vested during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company satisfied its minimum statutory tax withholding requirements in lieu of delivering 1,382,153 and 1,895,301 shares of Class A common stock during such respective six month periods. Accordingly, 2,851,741 and 4,978,051 shares of Class A common stock held by the Company were delivered during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016, estimated unrecognized RSU compensation expense was approximately \$211,443, with such expense expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.0 years subsequent to June 30, 2016.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)****Restricted Stock**

The following is a summary of activity related to shares of restricted Class A common stock associated with compensation arrangements during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	<b>Restricted Shares</b>	<b>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value</b>
Balance, January 1, 2016	713,738	\$ 47.12
Granted	1,795,258	\$ 36.78
Forfeited	(30,412)	\$ 39.96
Vested	(729,457)	\$ 36.72
<b>Balance, June 30, 2016</b>	<b>1,749,127</b>	<b>\$ 40.96</b>
Balance, January 1, 2015	729,827	\$ 38.63
Granted	576,886	\$ 50.88
Forfeited	(44,769)	\$ 50.23
Vested	(501,298)	\$ 39.19
<b>Balance, June 30, 2015</b>	<b>760,646</b>	<b>\$ 46.87</b>

In connection with shares of restricted Class A common stock that vested during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company satisfied its minimum statutory tax withholding requirements in lieu of delivering 129,389 and 92,500 shares of Class A common stock during such respective six month periods. Accordingly, 600,068 and 408,798 shares of Class A common stock held by the Company were delivered during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The restricted stock awards include a cash dividend participation right equivalent to dividends paid on Class A common stock during the period, which will vest concurrently with the underlying restricted stock award. At June 30, 2016, estimated unrecognized restricted stock expense was approximately \$45,100, with such expense to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 1.1 years subsequent to June 30, 2016.

**PRSU**s

PRSU are subject to both performance-based and service-based vesting conditions. The number of shares of Class A common stock that a recipient will receive upon vesting of a PRSU will be calculated by reference to certain performance metrics that relate to the Company's performance over a three-year period. The target number of shares of Class A common stock subject to each PRSU is one; however, based on the achievement of the performance criteria, the number of shares of Class A common stock that may be received in connection with each PRSU generally can range from zero to two times the target number. PRSU will vest on a single date three years following the date of the grant, provided the applicable service and performance conditions are satisfied. However, PRSU granted in 2013 vested 33% in March 2015 and 67% in March 2016. In addition, the performance metrics applicable to each PRSU will be evaluated on an annual basis at the end of each fiscal year during the performance period and, if the Company has achieved a threshold level of performance with respect to the fiscal year, 25% of the

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target number of shares of Class A common stock subject to each PRSU will no longer be at risk of forfeiture based on the achievement of performance criteria. PRSUs include dividend participation rights that provide that during vesting periods the target number of PRSUs (or, following the

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

relevant performance period, the actual number of shares of Class A common stock that are no longer subject to performance conditions) receive dividend equivalents at the same rate that dividends are paid on Class A common stock during such period. These dividend equivalents are credited as RSUs that are not subject to the performance-based vesting criteria but are otherwise subject to the same restrictions as the underlying PRSUs to which they relate.

The following is a summary of activity relating to PRSUs during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	PRSUs	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Balance, January 1, 2016	1,019,038	\$ 44.49
Granted (a)	627,956	\$ 32.91
Vested	(417,018)	\$ 38.43
Balance, June 30, 2016	1,229,976	\$ 40.63
Balance, January 1, 2015	1,347,148	\$ 37.79
Granted (a)	368,389	\$ 52.85
Vested	(696,499)	\$ 35.96
Balance, June 30, 2015	1,019,038	\$ 44.49

(a) Represents PRSU awards granted during the relevant year at the target payout level.

In connection with PRSUs that vested during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Company satisfied its minimum statutory tax withholding requirements in lieu of delivering 64,169 and 32,086 shares of Class A common stock during such respective six month periods. Accordingly, 352,849 and 664,413 shares of Class A common stock held by the Company were delivered during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Compensation expense recognized for PRSU awards is determined by multiplying the number of shares of Class A common stock underlying such awards that, based on the Company's estimate, are considered probable of vesting, by the grant date fair value. As of June 30, 2016, the total estimated unrecognized compensation expense was approximately \$19,783, and the Company expects to amortize such expense over a weighted-average period of approximately 0.8 years subsequent to June 30, 2016.

***LFI and Other Similar Deferred Compensation Arrangements***

Commencing in February 2011, the Company granted LFI to eligible employees. In connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, which generally require future service as a condition for vesting, the Company recorded a prepaid compensation asset and a corresponding compensation liability on the grant date based upon the fair value of the award. The prepaid asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the applicable vesting periods or requisite service periods (which are generally similar to the comparable periods for RSUs), and is charged to compensation and benefits expense within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of operations. LFI and

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similar deferred compensation arrangements that do not require future service are expensed immediately. The related compensation liability is accounted for at fair value as a derivative



**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

liability, which contemplates the impact of estimated forfeitures, and is adjusted for changes in fair value primarily related to changes in value of the underlying investments.

The following is a summary of activity relating to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements during the six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	<b>Prepaid Compensation Asset</b>	<b>Compensation Liability</b>
Balance, January 1, 2016	\$ 75,703	\$ 193,574
Granted	51,871	51,871
Settled		(68,628)
Forfeited	(704)	(1,228)
Amortization	(37,890)	
Change in fair value related to:		
Decrease in fair value of underlying investments		(2,202)
Adjustment for estimated forfeitures		3,385
Other	(873)	357
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 88,107	\$ 177,129
	<b>Prepaid Compensation Asset</b>	<b>Compensation Liability</b>
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$ 73,278	\$ 207,306
Granted	89,817	89,817
Settled		(92,893)
Forfeited	(3,259)	(6,290)
Amortization	(44,522)	
Change in fair value related to:		
Increase in fair value of underlying investments		2,242
Adjustment for estimated forfeitures		3,433
Other	176	(1,552)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 115,490	\$ 202,063

The amortization of the prepaid compensation asset will generally be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 0.9 years subsequent to June 30, 2016.

The following is a summary of the impact of LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements on compensation and benefits expense within the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Amortization, net of forfeitures	\$ 19,852	\$ 18,260	\$ 40,751	\$ 44,924
Change in the fair value of underlying investments	312	(1,894)	(2,202)	2,242
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 20,164</b>	<b>\$ 16,366</b>	<b>\$ 38,549</b>	<b>\$ 47,166</b>

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)****13. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS**

The Company provides retirement and other post-retirement benefits to certain of its employees through defined benefit pension plans (the pension plans) and, in the U.S., a partially funded contributory post-retirement plan covering qualifying U.S. employees (the medical plan and together with the pension plans, the post-retirement plans). The Company also offers defined contribution plans to its employees. The post-retirement plans generally provide benefits to participants based on average levels of compensation. Expenses related to the Company's employee benefit plans are included in compensation and benefits expense on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

**Employer Contributions to Pension Plans** The Company's funding policy for its U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans is to fund when required or when applicable upon an agreement with the plans' trustees (the Trustees). Management also evaluates from time to time whether to make voluntary contributions to the plans.

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit cost (credit) related to the Company's post-retirement plans for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Pension Plans		Medical Plan	
	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Credit):</b>				
Service cost	\$ 314	\$ 353	\$ 2	\$ 5
Interest cost	5,246	6,153	38	41
Expected return on plan assets	(7,233)	(7,019)		
Amortization of:				
Prior service cost	604	591		
Net actuarial loss (gain)	1,012	1,137	(92)	
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	\$ (57)	\$ 1,215	\$ (52)	\$ 46

	Pension Plans		Medical Plan	
	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Credit):</b>				
Service cost	\$ 621	\$ 713	\$ 6	\$ 13
Interest cost	10,459	12,259	83	90
Expected return on plan assets	(14,399)	(14,090)		
Amortization of:				
Prior service cost	1,194	1,194		
Net actuarial loss (gain)	2,001	2,283	(92)	
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)	\$ (124)	\$ 2,359	\$ (3)	\$ 103

**14. INCOME TAXES**

Lazard Ltd, through its subsidiaries, is subject to U.S. federal income taxes on all of its U.S. operating income, as well as on the portion of non-U.S. income attributable to its U.S. subsidiaries. Outside the U.S., Lazard Group operates principally through subsidiary corporations that are subject to local income taxes in foreign jurisdictions. Lazard Group is also subject to New York City Unincorporated Business Tax ( UBT ) attributable to its operations apportioned to New York City.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

The Company recorded income tax provisions (benefits) of \$31,872 and \$59,526 for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016, respectively, and \$(1,176,531) and \$(1,164,514) for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, respectively, representing effective tax rates of 28.1%, 28.1%, 146.8% and 160.2%, respectively. The difference between the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35.0% and the effective tax rates reflected above principally relates to (i) taxes payable to foreign jurisdictions that are not offset against U.S. income taxes, (ii) foreign source income (loss) not subject to U.S. income taxes (including interest on intercompany financings), (iii) change in the U.S. federal valuation allowance affecting the provision for income taxes, and (iv) U.S. state and local taxes (primarily UBT), which are incremental to the U.S. federal statutory tax rate.

As of December 31, 2014, the Company had a valuation allowance on substantially all of our deferred tax assets. Certain of our tax-paying entities at which we have historically recorded significant valuation allowances were profitable on a cumulative basis for the three year periods ended June 30, 2015. In assessing our valuation allowance as of June 30, 2015, we considered all available information, including the magnitude of recent and current operating results, the relatively long duration of statutory carryforward periods, our historical experience utilizing tax attributes prior to their expiration dates, the historical volatility of operating results of these entities and our assessment regarding the sustainability of their profitability. At that time, we concluded that there was a sufficient history of sustained profitability at these entities that it was more likely than not that these entities would be able to realize deferred tax assets. Accordingly, during the period ended June 30, 2015, we released substantially all of the valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets held by these entities.

As a result, during the year ended December 31, 2015, we recorded a deferred tax benefit of approximately \$878,000, including \$821,000 recorded in the second quarter of 2015. In addition, we also recorded (i) in the second quarter of 2015, a separate deferred tax benefit of approximately \$378,000 that reflected the tax deductibility of payments under the tax receivable agreement and (ii) in the third quarter of 2015, a deferred tax expense of approximately \$161,000 relating to the reduction of a deferred tax asset as a result of the partial extinguishment of our tax receivable agreement obligation. See Note 16 for more information regarding our accrual under the tax receivable agreement in the second quarter of 2015 and the partial extinguishment of our tax receivable agreement obligation in the third quarter of 2015.

Substantially all of Lazard's operations outside the U.S. are conducted in pass-through entities for U.S. income tax purposes. The Company provides for U.S. income taxes on a current basis for those earnings. The repatriation of prior earnings attributable to non-pass-through entities would not result in the recognition of a material amount of additional U.S. income taxes.

**15. NET INCOME PER SHARE OF CLASS A COMMON STOCK**

The Company's basic and diluted net income per share calculations for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are computed as described below.

***Basic Net Income Per Share***

*Numerator* utilizes net income attributable to Lazard Ltd for the respective periods, plus applicable adjustments to such net income associated with the inclusion of shares of Class A common stock issuable on a non-contingent basis.

**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

*Denominator* utilizes the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding for the respective periods, plus applicable adjustments to such shares associated with shares of Class A common stock issuable on a non-contingent basis.

***Diluted Net Income Per Share***

*Numerator* utilizes net income attributable to Lazard Ltd for the respective periods as in the basic net income per share calculation described above, plus, to the extent applicable and dilutive, (i) changes in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests resulting from assumed Class A common stock issuances in connection with share-based incentive compensation and (ii) income tax related to (i) above.

*Denominator* utilizes the weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding for the respective periods as in the basic net income per share calculation described above, plus, to the extent dilutive, the incremental number of shares of Class A common stock required to settle share-based incentive compensation.

The calculations of the Company's basic and diluted net income per share and weighted average shares outstanding for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are presented below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net income attributable to Lazard Ltd - basic	\$80,357	\$ 374,113	\$147,180	\$ 430,066
Net income attributable to Lazard Ltd - diluted	\$80,357	\$ 374,113	\$147,180	\$ 430,066
Weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding	125,389,937	126,140,634	125,679,184	124,862,156
Add - adjustment for shares of Class A common stock issuable on a non-contingent basis	72,011	72,011	72,011	72,011
Weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding - basic	125,461,948	126,212,645	125,751,195	124,934,167
Add - dilutive effect, as applicable, of:				
Weighted average number of incremental shares of Class A common stock issuable from share-based incentive compensation	6,879,574	6,593,400	6,865,208	8,336,829
Weighted average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding - diluted	132,341,522	132,806,045	132,616,403	133,270,996
Net income attributable to Lazard Ltd per share of Class A common stock:				
Basic	\$0.64	\$2.96	\$1.17	\$3.44
Diluted	\$0.61	\$2.82	\$1.11	\$3.23



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**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

**16. RELATED PARTIES**

***Sponsored Funds***

The Company serves as an investment advisor for certain affiliated investment companies and fund entities and receives management fees and, for the alternative investment funds, performance fees for providing such services. Investment advisory fees relating to such services were \$124,794 and \$243,704 for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016, respectively, and \$140,275 and \$275,621 for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and are included in asset management fees on the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Of such amounts, \$49,762 and \$42,002 remained as a receivable at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and is included in fees receivable on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

***Tax Receivable Agreement***

The Second Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2015 (the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement), between Lazard and LTBP Trust, a Delaware statutory trust (the Trust), provides for the payment by our subsidiaries to the Trust of (i) approximately 45% (following

the July 2015 purchase described below) of the amount of cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax or franchise tax that we actually realize as a result of certain increases in tax basis and of certain other tax benefits related to the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, and (ii) an amount that we currently expect will approximate 85% of the cash tax savings that may arise from tax benefits attributable to payments under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. Our subsidiaries expect to benefit from the balance of cash savings, if any, in income tax that our subsidiaries realize. Any amount paid by our subsidiaries to the Trust will generally be distributed to the owners of the Trust, including our executive officers, in proportion to their beneficial interests in the Trust.

For purposes of the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, cash savings in income and franchise tax will be computed by comparing our subsidiaries' actual income and franchise tax liability to the amount of such taxes that our subsidiaries would have been required to pay had there been no increase in the tax basis of certain tangible and intangible assets of Lazard Group attributable to our subsidiaries' interest in Lazard Group and had our subsidiaries not entered into the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. The term of the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement will continue until approximately 2033 or, if earlier, until all relevant tax benefits have been utilized or expired.

As described in Note 14, during the period ended June 30, 2015, we released substantially all of our valuation allowance against deferred tax assets. As a result, we accrued a corresponding liability of \$961,948 during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 for amounts relating to the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement at that time.

The amount of the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement liability is an undiscounted amount based upon currently enacted tax laws, the current structure of the Company and various assumptions regarding potential future operating profitability. The assumptions reflected in the estimate involve significant judgment. As such, the actual amount and timing of payments under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement could differ materially from our estimates. Any changes in the amount of the estimated liability would be recorded as a non-compensation expense in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Adjustments, if necessary, to the related deferred tax assets would be recorded through the provision (benefit) for income taxes.



**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

In July 2015, we purchased approximately 47% of the then-outstanding beneficial interests in the Trust from certain owners of the Trust for \$42,222 in cash, which resulted in the automatic cancellation of such beneficial interests and the extinguishment of a significant portion of our payment obligations under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement. The extinguishment of these payment obligations resulted in a pre-tax gain of \$420,792 recorded in provision pursuant to tax receivable agreement on the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2015. In addition, the extinguishment of these payment obligations resulted in a reduction of the tax benefits that would have been attributable to the actual payments and, accordingly, we recorded a deferred tax expense of approximately \$161,000 on the consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2015.

For the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, the Company recorded a provision pursuant to tax receivable agreement on the condensed consolidated statements of operations of \$961,948 and \$968,483, respectively. The cumulative liability relating to our obligations under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was \$513,623 and \$523,962, respectively, and is recorded in tax receivable agreement obligation on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition. The balance at June 30, 2016 reflects a payment made under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement in the first quarter of 2016 of \$10,086.

**Other**

See Note 11 for information regarding related party transactions pertaining to shares repurchased from certain of our executive officers.

**17. REGULATORY AUTHORITIES**

LFNY is a U.S. registered broker-dealer and is subject to the net capital requirements of Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Under the basic method permitted by this rule, the minimum required net capital, as defined, is a specified fixed percentage ( $6\frac{2}{3}\%$ ) of total aggregate indebtedness recorded in LFNY's Financial and Operational Combined Uniform Single ( FOCUS ) report filed with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ( FINRA ), or \$100, whichever is greater. In addition, the ratio of aggregate indebtedness (as defined) to net capital may not exceed 15:1. At June 30, 2016, LFNY's regulatory net capital was \$74,673, which exceeded the minimum requirement by \$71,156. LFNY's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 0.71:1 as of June 30, 2016.

Certain U.K. subsidiaries of the Company, including LCL, Lazard Fund Managers Limited and Lazard Asset Management Limited (collectively, the U.K. Subsidiaries ) are regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. At June 30, 2016, the aggregate regulatory net capital of the U.K. Subsidiaries was \$131,369, which exceeded the minimum requirement by \$115,629.

CFLF, under which asset management and commercial banking activities are carried out in France, is subject to regulation by the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution ( ACPR ) for its banking activities conducted through its subsidiary, LFB. The investment services activities of the Paris group, exercised through LFB and other subsidiaries of CFLF, primarily LFG (asset management), also are subject to regulation and supervision by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers. At June 30, 2016, the consolidated regulatory net capital of CFLF was \$132,672, which exceeded the minimum requirement set for regulatory capital levels by \$88,184. In addition, pursuant to the consolidated supervision rules in the European Union, LFB, in particular, as a French credit institution, is required to be supervised by a regulatory body, either in the U.S. or in the European Union.

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**Table of Contents**

**LAZARD LTD**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**(UNAUDITED)**

**(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

During the third quarter of 2013, the Company and the ACPR agreed on terms for the consolidated supervision of LFB and certain other non-Financial Advisory European subsidiaries of the Company (referred to herein, on a combined basis, as the combined European regulated group ) under such rules. Under this supervision, the combined European regulated group is required to comply with minimum requirements for regulatory net capital to be reported on a quarterly basis and satisfy periodic financial and other reporting obligations. At March 31, 2016, the regulatory net capital of the combined European regulated group was \$175,874, which exceeded the minimum requirement set for regulatory capital levels by \$102,363. Additionally, the combined European regulated group, together with our European Financial Advisory entities, is required to perform an annual risk assessment and provide certain other information on a periodic basis, including financial reports and information relating to financial performance, balance sheet data and capital structure.

Certain other U.S. and non-U.S. subsidiaries are subject to various capital adequacy requirements promulgated by various regulatory and exchange authorities in the countries in which they operate. At June 30, 2016, for those subsidiaries with regulatory capital requirements, their aggregate net capital was \$103,005, which exceeded the minimum required capital by \$77,533.

At June 30, 2016, each of these subsidiaries individually was in compliance with its regulatory capital requirements.

Any new or expanded rules and regulations that may be adopted in countries in which we operate (including regulations that have not yet been proposed) could affect us in other ways.

**18. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Company's reportable segments offer different products and services and are managed separately as different levels and types of expertise are required to effectively manage the segments' transactions. Each segment is reviewed to determine the allocation of resources and to assess its performance. The Company's principal operating activities are included in its Financial Advisory and Asset Management business segments as described in Note 1. In addition, as described in Note 1 above, the Company records selected other activities in its Corporate segment.

The Company's segment information for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 is prepared using the following methodology:

Revenue and expenses directly associated with each segment are included in determining operating income.

Expenses not directly associated with specific segments are allocated based on the most relevant measures applicable, including headcount, square footage and other factors.

Segment assets are based on those directly associated with each segment, and include an allocation of certain assets relating to various segments, based on the most relevant measures applicable, including headcount, square footage and other factors.

The Company allocates investment gains and losses, interest income and interest expense among the various segments based on the segment in which the underlying asset or liability is reported.



**Table of Contents****LAZARD LTD****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(UNAUDITED)****(dollars in thousands, except for per share data, unless otherwise noted)**

Each segment's operating expenses include (i) compensation and benefits expenses incurred directly in support of the businesses and (ii) other operating expenses, which include directly incurred expenses for occupancy and equipment, marketing and business development, technology and information services, professional services, fund administration and outsourced services and indirect support costs (including compensation and other operating expenses related thereto) for administrative services. Such administrative services include, but are not limited to, accounting, tax, human resources, legal, facilities management and senior management activities.

Management evaluates segment results based on net revenue and operating income (loss) and believes that the following information provides a reasonable representation of each segment's contribution with respect to net revenue, operating income (loss) and total assets:

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>Financial Advisory</b>	Net Revenue	\$ 286,965	\$ 316,384	\$ 552,979	\$ 617,903
	Operating Expenses	233,727	253,221	460,805	496,156
	Operating Income	\$ 53,238	\$ 63,163	\$ 92,174	\$ 121,747
<b>Asset Management</b>	Net Revenue	\$ 254,126	\$ 305,838	\$ 499,885	\$ 585,645
	Operating Expenses	182,702	193,791	357,863	375,583
	Operating Income	\$ 71,424	\$ 112,047	\$ 142,022	\$ 210,062
<b>Corporate</b>	Net Revenue	\$ (6,411)	\$ (13,130)	\$ (19,966)	\$ (16,707)
	Operating Expenses (a)	5,015	963,456	2,617	1,041,815
	Operating Loss	\$ (11,426)	\$ (976,586)	\$ (22,583)	\$ (1,058,522)
<b>Total</b>	Net Revenue	\$ 534,680	\$ 609,092	\$ 1,032,898	\$ 1,186,841
	Operating Expenses	421,444	1,410,468	821,285	1,913,554
	Operating Income	\$ 113,236	\$ (801,376)	\$ 211,613	\$ (726,713)
				<b>As Of</b>	
				<b>June 30,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
				<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>					
Financial Advisory				\$ 732,462	\$ 763,374
Asset Management				583,487	640,034

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Corporate (b)	2,899,672	3,074,366
Total (b)	\$ 4,215,621	\$ 4,477,774

- (a) Operating expenses include \$961,948 and \$968,483 in the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, respectively, recorded for the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement. See Note 16 for information regarding the tax receivable agreement obligation.
- (b) As of December 31, 2015, reflects the retrospective application of new disclosure guidance adopted by the Company for debt issuance costs. See Note 2.

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## **Table of Contents**

### **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

*The following discussion should be read in conjunction with Lazard Ltd's condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Form 10-Q"), as well as Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (the "Form 10-K"). All references to 2016, 2015, second quarter, first half or the period refer to, as the context requires, the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.*

#### **Forward-Looking Statements and Certain Factors that May Affect Our Business**

Management has included in Parts I and II of this Form 10-Q, including in its MD&A, statements that are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as may, might, will, should, could, would, expect, plan, anticipate, believe, estimate, predict, potential, target, goal or continue, and the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us, may include projections of our future financial performance based on our growth strategies, business plans and initiatives and anticipated trends in our business. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from the results, level of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, those discussed in our Form 10-K, in our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 and in this Form 10-Q under the caption "Risk Factors," including the following:

a decline in general economic conditions or global or regional financial markets;

a decline in our revenues, for example due to a decline in overall mergers and acquisitions ("M&A") activity, our share of the M&A market or our assets under management ("AUM");

losses caused by financial or other problems experienced by third parties;

losses due to unidentified or unanticipated risks;

a lack of liquidity, *i.e.*, ready access to funds, for use in our businesses; and

competitive pressure on our businesses and on our ability to retain and attract employees at current compensation levels.

These risks and uncertainties are not exhaustive. Other sections of the Form 10-K, our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 and this Form 10-Q describe additional factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for our management to predict all risks and uncertainties, nor can management assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, level of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We are under no duty to update any of these forward-looking statements after the date of this Form 10-Q to conform our prior statements to actual results or revised expectations and we do not intend to do so.

Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

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financial goals, including the ratio of awarded compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue;

**Table of Contents**

ability to deploy surplus cash through dividends, share repurchases and debt repurchases;

ability to offset stockholder dilution through share repurchases;

possible or assumed future results of operations and operating cash flows;

strategies and investment policies;

financing plans and the availability of short-term borrowing;

competitive position;

future acquisitions, including the consideration to be paid and the timing of consummation;

potential growth opportunities available to our businesses;

recruitment and retention of our managing directors and employees;

potential levels of compensation expense, including awarded compensation and benefits expense and adjusted compensation and benefits expense, and non-compensation expense;

potential operating performance, achievements, productivity improvements, efficiency and cost reduction efforts;

likelihood of success and impact of litigation;

expected tax rates, including effective tax rates;

changes in interest and tax rates;

availability of certain tax benefits, including certain potential deductions;

potential impact of certain events or circumstances on our financial statements;

changes in foreign currency exchange rates;



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expectations with respect to the economy, the securities markets, the market for mergers, acquisitions and strategic advisory and restructuring activity, the market for asset management activity and other macroeconomic and industry trends;

effects of competition on our business; and

impact of future legislation and regulation on our business.

The Company is committed to providing timely and accurate information to the investing public, consistent with our legal and regulatory obligations. To that end, the Company uses its websites to convey information about our businesses, including the anticipated release of quarterly financial results, quarterly financial, statistical and business-related information, and the posting of updates of AUM in various mutual funds, hedge funds and other investment products managed by Lazard Asset Management LLC (together with its subsidiaries, LAM ) and Lazard Frères Gestion SAS ( LFG ). Investors can link to Lazard Ltd, Lazard Group and their operating company websites through <http://www.lazard.com>. Our websites and the information contained therein or connected thereto shall not be deemed to be incorporated into this Form 10-Q.

### **Business Summary**

Lazard is one of the world's preeminent financial advisory and asset management firms. We have long specialized in crafting solutions to the complex financial and strategic challenges of a diverse set of clients around the world, including corporations, governments, institutions, partnerships and individuals. Founded in 1848 in New Orleans, we currently operate from 42 cities in key business and financial centers across 27 countries throughout North America, Europe, Asia, Australia, the Middle East, and Central and South America.

Our primary business purpose is to serve our clients. Our deep roots in business centers around the world form a global network of relationships with key decision-makers in corporations, governments and investing institutions. This network is both a competitive strength and a powerful resource for Lazard and our clients. As a firm that competes on the quality of our advice, we have two fundamental assets: our people and our reputation.

**Table of Contents**

We operate in cyclical businesses across multiple geographies, industries and asset classes. In recent years, we have expanded our geographic reach, bolstered our industry expertise and continued to build in growth areas. Companies, government bodies and investors seek independent advice with a geographic perspective, deep understanding of capital structure, informed research and knowledge of global economic conditions. We believe that our business model as an independent advisor will continue to create opportunities for us to attract new clients and key personnel.

Our principal sources of revenue are derived from activities in the following business segments:

Financial Advisory, which offers corporate, partnership, institutional, government, sovereign and individual clients across the globe a wide array of financial advisory services regarding M&A and other strategic matters, restructurings, capital structure, capital raising, corporate preparedness and various other financial matters, and

Asset Management, which offers a broad range of global investment solutions and investment management services in equity and fixed income strategies, alternative investments and private equity funds to corporations, public funds, sovereign entities, endowments and foundations, labor funds, financial intermediaries and private clients.

In addition, we record selected other activities in our Corporate segment, including management of cash, investments, deferred tax assets, outstanding indebtedness and assets and liabilities associated with Lazard Group's Paris-based subsidiary, Lazard Frères Banque SA ( LFB ).

LFB, as a registered bank, is engaged primarily in commercial and private banking services for clients and funds managed by LFG and other clients, investment banking activities, including participation in underwritten offerings of securities in France, and asset-liability management.

Our consolidated net revenue was derived from the following segments:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Financial Advisory	54%	52%	54%	52%
Asset Management	47	50	48	49
Corporate	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

We also invest our own capital from time to time, generally alongside capital of qualified institutional and individual investors in alternative investments or private equity investments, and, since 2005, we have engaged in a number of alternative investments and private equity activities, including, historically, investments through (i) the Edgewater Funds ( Edgewater ), our Chicago-based private equity firm (see Note 10 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements), (ii) a mezzanine fund, which invests in mezzanine debt of a diversified selection of small-to mid-cap European companies and (iii) a fund targeting significant noncontrolling-stake investments in established private companies. We also make investments to seed our Asset Management strategies.

**Business Environment and Outlook**

Economic and global financial market conditions can materially affect our financial performance. As described above, our principal sources of revenue are derived from activities in our Financial Advisory and Asset Management business segments. As our Financial Advisory revenues are primarily dependent on the successful completion of merger, acquisition, restructuring, capital raising or similar transactions, and our Asset

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**Table of Contents**

Management revenues are primarily driven by the levels of AUM, weak economic and global financial market conditions can result in a challenging business environment for M&A and capital-raising activity as well as our Asset Management business, but may provide opportunities for our restructuring business.

Equity market indices for developed markets at June 30, 2016 generally decreased as compared to such indices at June 30, 2015. Emerging markets equity indices at June 30, 2016 decreased as compared to June 30, 2015, but increased in the first half of 2016 compared to December 31, 2015. In the global M&A markets during the first half of 2016, the value and number of all completed M&A transactions decreased as compared to the same period in the prior year, as did the subset of such transactions involving values greater than \$500 million. During the same time, the value and number of all announced M&A transactions, including the subset of such transactions involving values greater than \$500 million, also decreased. During the first half of 2016, global restructuring activity, as measured by the number of corporate defaults, increased as compared to the first half of 2015, primarily due to a higher level of defaults in the commodity sector.

In the first half of 2016, volatile market conditions continued. On an ongoing basis, volatile conditions may persist, and regional macroeconomic and geopolitical factors, including the United Kingdom's vote to leave the European Union, may impact our business. However, corporate cash balances remain high, and interest rates remain low for companies with strong credit ratings. Although market volatility may continue and may affect our business in 2016, the longer-term trends appear to remain favorable for both of our businesses.

Our outlook with respect to our Financial Advisory and Asset Management businesses is described below.

***Financial Advisory*** The fundamentals for continued M&A activity appear to remain in place. Demand continues for expert, independent strategic advice that can be levered across geographies and our range of advisory capabilities. The global scale and breadth of our Financial Advisory business allows us to advise on large, complex cross-border transactions across a variety of industries. In addition, we believe our businesses throughout the emerging markets position us for growth in these markets, while enhancing our relationships with, and the services that we can provide to, clients in other economies.

***Asset Management*** In the short to intermediate term, we expect most investor demand will come from defined benefit and defined contribution plans in the developed economies because of their sheer scope and size. Over the longer term, we expect an increasing share of our AUM to come from the developing economies in Asia, Latin America and the Middle East, as their retirement systems evolve and individual wealth is increasingly deployed in the financial markets. Our global footprint is already well established in the developed economies and we expect our business in the developing economies will continue to expand. Given our globally diversified platform and our ability to provide investment solutions for a global mix of clients, we believe we are positioned to benefit from growth that may occur in the asset management industry. In recent years, we have expanded the global footprint of our Asset Management business by opening offices in Singapore, Dubai and Dublin. We are continually developing and seeding new investment strategies that extend our existing platforms. Recent examples of growth initiatives include the following investment strategies: European Long/Short Equity, various Quantitative Equity strategies and Middle East North African Equities.

We operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge continuously, and it is not possible for our management to predict all risks and uncertainties, nor can we assess the impact of all potentially applicable factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. See Item 1A, Risk Factors in our Form 10-K, our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 and this Form 10-Q. Furthermore, net income and revenue in any period may not be indicative of full-year results or the results of any other period and may vary significantly from year to year and quarter to quarter.

**Table of Contents**

Overall, we continue to focus on the development of our business, including the generation of stable revenue growth, earnings growth and shareholder returns, the prudent management of our costs and expenses, the efficient use of our assets and the return of capital to our shareholders.

Certain data with respect to our Financial Advisory and Asset Management businesses is included below.

**Financial Advisory**

As reflected in the following table, which sets forth global M&A industry statistics, the value and number of all completed transactions, including completed transactions with values greater than \$500 million, decreased in the first half of 2016 as compared to 2015. With respect to announced M&A transactions, the value and number of all transactions, including announced transactions with values greater than \$500 million, also decreased in the first half of 2016 as compared to 2015.

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		% Incr / (Decr)	June 30,		% Incr / (Decr)
	2016	2015		2016	2015	
	(\$ in billions)					
<b>Completed M&amp;A Transactions:</b>						
All deals:						
Value	\$ 843	\$ 1,077	(22)%	\$ 1,720	\$ 1,979	(13)%
Number	8,011	10,265	(22)%	17,341	20,446	(15)%
Deals Greater than \$500 million:						
Value	\$ 663	\$ 835	(21)%	\$ 1,338	\$ 1,530	(13)%
Number	242	312	(22)%	492	594	(17)%
<b>Announced M&amp;A Transactions:</b>						
All deals:						
Value	\$ 954	\$ 1,176	(19)%	\$ 1,715	\$ 2,087	(18)%
Number	8,905	10,547	(16)%	18,727	20,853	(10)%
Deals Greater than \$500 million:						
Value	\$ 720	\$ 904	(20)%	\$ 1,258	\$ 1,604	(22)%
Number	310	324	(4)%	563	599	(6)%

Source: Dealogic as of July 6, 2016.

Global restructuring activity during the first half of 2016, as measured by the number of corporate defaults, increased as compared to the first half of 2015. The number of defaulting issuers increased to 88 in the first half of 2016, according to Moody's Investors Service, Inc., as compared to 38 in the first half of 2015, primarily due to a higher level of defaults in the commodity sector.

Net revenue trends in Financial Advisory for M&A and Other Advisory and Restructuring are generally correlated to the level of completed industry-wide M&A transactions and restructuring transactions occurring subsequent to corporate debt defaults, respectively. However, deviations from this relationship can occur in any given year for a number of reasons. For instance, our results can diverge from industry-wide activity where there are material variances from the level of industry-wide M&A activity in a particular market where Lazard has significant market share, or regarding the relative number of our advisory engagements with respect to larger-sized transactions, and where we are involved in non-public or sovereign advisory assignments. For example, our M&A and Other Advisory revenue, which includes Sovereign and Capital Structure Advisory revenue, decreased 22% in 2016 as compared to 2015. The industry statistics for global M&A transactions described above reflect a 13% and 15% decrease in the value and number, respectively, of all completed transactions in the first half of 2016 as compared to 2015. For M&A deals with values greater than \$500 million, the value and number of completed transactions in the first half of 2016 decreased 13% and 17%, respectively, as compared to 2015.



**Table of Contents****Asset Management**

The percentage change in major equity market indices at June 30, 2016, as compared to such indices at March 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, and at June 30, 2015, is shown in the table below.

	March 31, 2016	Percentage Changes June 30, 2016 vs. December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
MSCI World Index	0%	(1)%	(5)%
Euro Stoxx	(5)%	(12)%	(16)%
MSCI Emerging Market	0%	5%	(14)%
S&P 500	2%	3%	2%

The fees that we receive for providing investment management and advisory services are primarily driven by the level of AUM and the nature of the AUM product mix. Accordingly, market movements, foreign currency exchange rate volatility and changes in our AUM product mix will impact the level of revenues we receive from our Asset Management business when comparing periodic results. A substantial portion of our AUM is invested in equities. Movements in AUM during the period generally reflect the changes in equity market indices. Our AUM at June 30, 2016 increased 3% versus AUM at December 31, 2015, primarily due to foreign exchange and market appreciation. Average AUM for the first half of 2016 decreased 6% as compared to average AUM in the first half of 2015.

**Financial Statement Overview****Net Revenue**

The majority of Lazard's Financial Advisory net revenue historically has been earned from the successful completion of M&A transactions, strategic advisory matters, restructuring and capital structure advisory services, capital raising and similar transactions. The main drivers of Financial Advisory net revenue are overall M&A activity, the level of corporate debt defaults and the environment for capital raising activities, particularly in the industries and geographic markets in which Lazard focuses. In some client engagements, often those involving financially distressed companies, revenue is earned in the form of retainers and similar fees that are contractually agreed upon with each client for each assignment and are not necessarily linked to the completion of a transaction. In addition, Lazard also earns fees from providing strategic advice to clients, with such fees not being dependent on a specific transaction, and may also earn fees in connection with public and private securities offerings. Significant fluctuations in Financial Advisory net revenue can occur over the course of any given year, because a significant portion of such net revenue is earned upon the successful completion of a transaction, restructuring or capital raising activity, the timing of which is uncertain and is not subject to Lazard's control.

Lazard's Asset Management segment principally includes LAM, LFG and Edgewater. Asset Management net revenue is derived from fees for investment management and advisory services provided to clients. As noted above, the main driver of Asset Management net revenue is the level and product mix of AUM, which is generally influenced by the performance of the global equity markets and, to a lesser extent, fixed income markets as well as Lazard's investment performance, which impacts its ability to successfully attract and retain assets. As a result, fluctuations (including timing thereof) in financial markets and client asset inflows and outflows have a direct effect on Asset Management net revenue and operating income. Asset Management fees are generally based on the level of AUM measured daily, monthly or quarterly, and an increase or reduction in AUM, due to market price fluctuations, currency fluctuations, changes in product mix, or net client asset flows will result in a corresponding increase or decrease in management fees. The majority of our investment advisory contracts are generally terminable at any time or on notice of 30 days or less. Institutional and individual clients, and firms with which we have strategic alliances, can terminate their relationship with us, reduce the aggregate amount of AUM or shift their funds to other types of accounts with different rate structures for a number of

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## **Table of Contents**

reasons, including investment performance, changes in prevailing interest rates and financial market performance. In addition, as Lazard's AUM includes significant amounts of assets that are denominated in currencies other than U.S. Dollars, changes in the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to foreign currencies will impact the value of Lazard's AUM. Fees vary with the type of assets managed and the vehicle in which they are managed, with higher fees earned on equity assets and alternative investment funds, such as hedge funds and private equity funds, and lower fees earned on fixed income and cash management products.

The Company earns performance-based incentive fees on various investment products, including traditional products and alternative investment funds, such as hedge funds and private equity funds.

For hedge funds, incentive fees are calculated based on a specified percentage of a fund's net appreciation, in some cases in excess of established benchmarks or thresholds. The Company records incentive fees on traditional products and hedge funds at the end of the relevant performance measurement period, when potential uncertainties regarding the ultimate realizable amounts have been determined. The incentive fee measurement period is generally an annual period (unless an account terminates or a redemption occurs during the year). The incentive fees received at the end of the measurement period are not subject to reversal or payback. Incentive fees on hedge funds are often subject to loss carryforward provisions in which losses incurred by the hedge funds in any year are applied against certain gains realized by the hedge funds in future periods before any incentive fees can be earned.

For private equity funds, incentive fees may be earned in the form of a carried interest if profits arising from realized investments exceed a specified threshold. Typically, such carried interest is ultimately calculated on a whole-fund basis and, therefore, clawback of carried interest during the life of the fund can occur. As a result, incentive fees earned on our private equity funds are not recognized until potential uncertainties regarding the ultimate realizable amounts have been determined, including any potential for clawback.

Corporate segment net revenue consists primarily of investment gains and losses on the Company's seed investments related to our Asset Management business, principal investments in private equity funds and equity method investments, net of hedging activities, as well as gains and losses on investments held in connection with Lazard Fund Interests (LFI) and interest income and interest expense. Corporate net revenue also can fluctuate due to changes in the fair value of investments classified as trading, as well as due to changes in interest and currency exchange rates and in the levels of cash, investments and indebtedness.

Although Corporate segment net revenue during 2016 is not significant compared to Lazard's net revenue, total assets in the Corporate segment represented 69% of Lazard's consolidated total assets as of June 30, 2016, which are attributable to cash and cash equivalents, investments in debt and equity securities, interests in alternative investment, debt, equity and private equity funds, deferred tax assets and certain assets associated with LFB.

### ***Operating Expenses***

The majority of Lazard's operating expenses relate to compensation and benefits for managing directors and employees. Our compensation and benefits expense includes (i) salaries and benefits, (ii) amortization of the relevant portion of previously granted deferred incentive compensation awards, including (a) share-based incentive compensation under the Lazard Ltd 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (the 2008 Plan) and the Lazard Ltd 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the 2005 Plan), which expired in the second quarter of 2015, and (b) LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements (see Note 12 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements), (iii) a provision for discretionary or guaranteed cash bonuses and profit pools and (iv) when applicable, severance payments. Compensation expense in any given period is dependent on many factors, including general economic and market conditions, our actual and forecasted operating and financial performance, staffing levels, estimated forfeiture rates, competitive pay conditions and the nature of revenues earned, as well as the mix between current and deferred compensation.

**Table of Contents**

For interim periods, we use adjusted compensation and benefits expense and the ratio of adjusted compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue, both non-U.S. GAAP measures, for comparison of compensation and benefits expense between periods. For the reconciliations and calculations with respect to adjusted compensation and benefits expense and related ratios to operating revenue, see the table under Consolidated Results of Operations below.

We believe that awarded compensation and benefits expense and the ratio of awarded compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue, both non-U.S. GAAP measures, are the most appropriate measures to assess the annual cost of compensation and provide the most meaningful basis for comparison of compensation and benefits expense between present, historical and future years. Awarded compensation and benefits expense for a given year is calculated using adjusted compensation and benefits expense, also a non-U.S. GAAP measure, as modified by the following items:

We deduct amortization expense recorded for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ( U.S. GAAP ) purposes in the fiscal year associated with deferred incentive compensation awards;

We add incentive compensation with respect to the fiscal year, which is comprised of:

- (i) the deferred incentive compensation awards granted in the year-end compensation process with respect to the fiscal year (*e.g.* deferred incentive compensation awards granted in 2016 related to the 2015 year-end compensation process), including Performance-based restricted stock unit ( PRSU ) awards (based on the target payout level);
- (ii) the portion of investments in people (*e.g.* sign-on bonuses or retention awards) and other special deferred incentive compensation awards that is applicable to the fiscal year the award becomes effective; and
- (iii) amounts in excess of the target payout level for PRSU awards at the end of their respective performance periods; and

We reduce the amounts in (i), (ii) and (iii) above by an estimate of future forfeitures with respect to such awards; and

We adjust for year-end foreign exchange fluctuations.

Compensation and benefits expense is the largest component of our operating expenses. We seek to maintain discipline with respect to compensation, including the rate at which we award deferred compensation. Our goal is to attain a ratio of awarded compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue and a ratio of adjusted compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue over the cycle in the mid-to-high-50s percentage range, which compares to 55.8% and 55.4%, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2015. While we have implemented initiatives that we believe will assist us in attaining a ratio within this range, there can be no guarantee that such a ratio will be attained or that our policies or initiatives will not change in the future. We may benefit from pressure on compensation costs within the financial services industry in future periods; however, increased competition for senior professionals, changes in the macroeconomic environment or the financial markets generally, lower operating revenue resulting from, for example, a decrease in M&A activity, our share of the M&A market or our AUM levels, changes in the mix of revenues from our businesses or various other factors could prevent us from attaining this goal.

Our operating expenses also include non-compensation expense, which includes costs for occupancy and equipment, marketing and business development, technology and information services, professional services, fund administration and outsourced services and other expenses. In 2015, non-compensation expense also included the expenses related to the redemption of a significant portion of the Company's 6.85% senior notes due 2017 (the 2017 Notes ) (see Note 9 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).



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## **Table of Contents**

We believe that adjusted non-compensation expense, a non-U.S. GAAP measure, provides a more meaningful basis for assessing our operating results. For calculations with respect to adjusted non-compensation expense, see the table under Consolidated Results of Operations below.

Our operating expenses also include our provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement and the amortization of intangible assets related to acquisitions. For all periods, the amortization of intangible assets related to acquisitions pertains primarily to the acquisition of Edgewater.

### ***Provision for Income Taxes***

Lazard Ltd, through its subsidiaries, is subject to U.S. federal income taxes on all of its U.S. operating income, as well as on the portion of non-U.S. income attributable to its U.S. subsidiaries. Outside the U.S., Lazard Group operates principally through subsidiary corporations that are subject to local income taxes in foreign jurisdictions. Lazard Group is also subject to Unincorporated Business Tax (UBT) attributable to its operations apportioned to New York City (see Note 14 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information).

In the second quarter of 2015, we released substantially all of our valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets. When we are able to use the deferred tax assets in future periods to reduce our income taxes, we will be required to pay a significant portion of the tax savings pursuant to our tax receivable agreement. We therefore also recognized a related liability under the tax receivable agreement. In addition, in the third quarter of 2015, we purchased a portion of our obligation relating to the tax receivable agreement, which had the effect of reducing such liability.

See Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates Income Taxes below and Notes 14 and 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding income taxes, our deferred tax assets, the valuation allowance release in 2015 and the tax receivable agreement obligation.

### ***Noncontrolling Interests***

Noncontrolling interests primarily consist of amounts related to Edgewater's management vehicles that the Company is deemed to control but not own. See Note 11 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the Company's noncontrolling interests.

### **Consolidated Results of Operations**

Lazard's condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. Dollars. Many of our non-U.S. subsidiaries have a functional currency (*i.e.*, the currency in which operational activities are primarily conducted) that is other than the U.S. Dollar, generally the currency of the country in which the subsidiaries are domiciled. Such subsidiaries' assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars using exchange rates as of the respective balance sheet date, while revenue and expenses are translated at average exchange rates during the respective periods based on the daily closing exchange rates. Adjustments that result from translating amounts from a subsidiary's functional currency are reported as a component of stockholders' equity. Foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses on transactions in non-functional currencies are included in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

A portion of our net revenue is derived from transactions that are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Since the middle of 2014, the value of the U.S. dollar has strengthened against many other major currencies. As a result, net revenue for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 was negatively impacted in comparison to the prior year period. The majority of the negative impact was offset by the positive impact of the exchange rate movements on our operating expenses denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar.

**Table of Contents**

The condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Selected financial data from the Company's reported condensed consolidated results of operations is set forth below, followed by a more detailed discussion of both the consolidated and business segment results.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$ in thousands)			
<b>Net Revenue</b>	\$ 534,680	\$ 609,092	\$ 1,032,898	\$ 1,186,841
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>				
Compensation and benefits	308,310	336,719	605,520	665,221
Non-compensation	112,804	109,944	214,791	276,960
Amortization of intangible assets related to acquisitions	330	1,857	974	2,890
Provision pursuant to tax receivable agreement		961,948		968,483
Total operating expenses	421,444	1,410,468	821,285	1,913,554
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	113,236	(801,376)	211,613	(726,713)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	31,872	(1,176,531)	59,526	(1,164,514)
<b>Net Income</b>	81,364	375,155	152,087	437,801
<b>Less Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests</b>	1,007	1,042	4,907	7,735
<b>Net Income Attributable to Lazard Ltd</b>	\$ 80,357	\$ 374,113	\$ 147,180	\$ 430,066
<b>Operating Income (Loss), as a % of net revenue</b>	21.2%	(131.6)%	20.5%	(61.2)%

The tables below describe the components of operating revenue, adjusted compensation and benefits expense, adjusted non-compensation expense, earnings from operations and related key ratios, which are non-U.S. GAAP measures used by the Company to manage its business. We believe such non-U.S. GAAP measures provide the most meaningful basis for comparison between present, historical and future periods, as described above.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$ in thousands)			
<b>Operating Revenue:</b>				
Net revenue	\$ 534,680	\$ 609,092	\$ 1,032,898	\$ 1,186,841
<b>Adjustments:</b>				
Interest expense (a)	11,337	11,436	22,883	27,513
Revenue related to noncontrolling interests (b)	(3,398)	(3,588)	(9,610)	(12,322)
Private equity revenue adjustment (c)		(12,203)		(12,203)
(Gains) losses on investments pertaining to LFI (d)	(312)	1,894	2,202	(2,242)
Operating revenue	\$ 542,307	\$ 606,631	\$ 1,048,373	\$ 1,187,587

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- (a) Interest expense (excluding interest expense incurred by LFB) is added back in determining operating revenue because such expense relates to corporate financing activities and is not considered to be a cost directly related to the revenue of our business.
- (b) Revenue related to the consolidation of noncontrolling interests is excluded from operating revenue because the Company has no economic interest in such amount.
- (c) The Company disposed of its private equity business in Australia in the second quarter of 2015 in a transaction with the management team of the disposed business. Revenue of \$24,388 relating to the disposal

**Table of Contents**

of the business (which primarily represents the realization of carried interest at fair value) is adjusted for the recognition of an obligation of \$12,203 with the management of the disposed business, which obligation was previously recognized for U.S. GAAP.

- (d) Represents changes in the fair value of investments held in connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements for which a corresponding equal amount is excluded from compensation and benefits expense.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
(\$ in thousands)				
<b>Adjusted Compensation and Benefits Expense:</b>				
Total compensation and benefits expense	\$ 308,310	\$ 336,719	\$ 605,520	\$ 665,221
Adjustments:				
Noncontrolling interests (a)	(1,594)	(1,184)	(3,346)	(2,401)
(Charges) credits pertaining to LFI (b)	(312)	1,894	2,202	(2,242)
Adjusted compensation and benefits expense	\$ 306,404	\$ 337,429	\$ 604,376	\$ 660,578
Adjusted compensation and benefits expense, as a % of operating revenue	56.5%	55.6%	57.6%	55.6%

- (a) Expenses related to the consolidation of noncontrolling interests are excluded because Lazard has no economic interest in such amounts.  
 (b) Represents changes in fair value of the compensation liability recorded in connection with LFI and other similar deferred incentive compensation awards for which a corresponding equal amount is excluded from operating revenue.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
(\$ in thousands)				
<b>Adjusted Non-Compensation Expense:</b>				
Total non-compensation expense	\$ 112,804	\$ 109,944	\$ 214,791	\$ 276,960
Adjustments:				
Noncontrolling interests (a)	(637)	(352)	(1,035)	(715)
Charges pertaining to senior debt refinancing (b)				(60,219)
Adjusted non-compensation expense	\$ 112,167	\$ 109,592	\$ 213,756	\$ 216,026
Adjusted non-compensation expense, as a % of operating revenue	20.7%	18.1%	20.4%	18.2%

- (a) Expenses related to the consolidation of noncontrolling interests are excluded because the Company has no economic interest in such amounts.  
 (b) Charges pertaining to the redemption of a significant portion of the Company's 2017 Notes are excluded because of the non-operating nature of such transactions. See Liquidity and Capital Resources Financing Activities.

**Table of Contents**

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2016	June 30, 2015	2016	June 30, 2015
(\$ in thousands)				
<b>Earnings From Operations:</b>				
Operating revenue	\$ 542,307	\$ 606,631	\$ 1,048,373	\$ 1,187,587
Deduct:				
Adjusted compensation and benefits expense	(306,404)	(337,429)	(604,376)	(660,578)
Adjusted non-compensation expense	(112,167)	(109,592)	(213,756)	(216,026)
Earnings from operations	\$ 123,736	\$ 159,610	\$ 230,241	\$ 310,983
Earnings from operations, as a % of operating revenue	22.8%	26.3%	22.0%	26.2%

Headcount information is set forth below:

	June 30, 2016	As Of December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
<b>Headcount:</b>			
Managing Directors:			
Financial Advisory	146	139	145
Asset Management	93	90	90
Corporate	20	18	17
Total Managing Directors	259	247	252
Other Employees:			
Business segment professionals	1,236	1,173	1,147
All other professionals and support staff	1,210	1,190	1,169
Total	2,705	2,610	2,568

**Operating Results**

The Company's quarterly revenue and profits can fluctuate materially depending on the number, size and timing of completed transactions on which it advised, as well as seasonality, the performance of equity markets and other factors. Accordingly, the revenue and profits in any particular quarter may not be indicative of future results. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015**

The Company reported net income attributable to Lazard Ltd of \$80 million, as compared to net income of \$374 million in the 2015 period. The changes in the Company's operating results during these periods are described below.

Net revenue decreased \$74 million, or 12%, with operating revenue decreasing \$64 million, or 11%, as compared to the 2015 period. Fee revenue from investment banking and other advisory activities decreased \$28 million, or 9%, primarily due to decreases in M&A and Other Advisory fees. The decrease in M&A and Other Advisory fee revenue primarily reflected a lower average transaction value with respect to completed transactions as compared to the 2015 period. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in Restructuring revenue, which generally reflected a higher level of activity in the U.S. energy sector in the 2016 period. Asset management fees, including incentive fees, decreased \$27 million, or 10%, as compared to the 2015 period, due to a decrease in average AUM, a change in the mix of AUM and a decrease in incentive fees relating to traditional investment



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**Table of Contents**

products. In the aggregate, interest income, other revenue and interest expense decreased \$19 million as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a \$24 million gain in 2015 on the disposal of the Company's Australian private equity business (which relates primarily to the realization of carried interest at fair value), partially offset by an increase in gains in the 2016 period attributable to investments held in connection with LFI.

Compensation and benefits expense decreased \$28 million, or 8%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a decrease in discretionary compensation associated with decreased operating revenue.

Adjusted compensation and benefits expense (which excludes certain items and which we believe allows for improved comparability between periods, as described above) was \$306 million, a decrease of \$31 million, or 9%, as compared to \$337 million in the 2015 period. The ratio of adjusted compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue was 56.5% for the 2016 period, as compared to 55.6% for the 2015 period and 55.4% for full-year 2015. Adjusted compensation and benefits expense in the 2016 period generally reflected lower operating revenue in the 2016 period.

Non-compensation expense increased \$3 million, or 3%, as compared to the 2015 period. Adjusted non-compensation expense, which excludes non-compensation costs relating to noncontrolling interests, increased \$3 million, or 2%, as compared to the 2015 period. The ratio of adjusted non-compensation expense to operating revenue was 20.7%, as compared to 18.1% in the 2015 period.

Amortization of intangible assets decreased \$2 million as compared to the 2015 period.

Operating income increased \$915 million as compared to the 2015 period, which included the impact of the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement. As a result of the possible utilization of certain deferred tax assets that are subject to the tax receivable agreement, the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement in the 2015 period was \$962 million (see Note 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information).

Earnings from operations decreased \$36 million, or 22%, as compared to the 2015 period, which excluded the impact of the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement described above, and, as a percentage of operating revenue, was 22.8%, as compared to 26.3% in the 2015 period.

The provision for income taxes reflects an effective tax rate of 28.1%, as compared to 146.8% for the 2015 period. The unusually high effective tax rate in the 2015 period was primarily driven by (i) the reduction of operating income in the 2015 period as a result of the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement described above, and (ii) the release of substantially all of our valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets in the 2015 period. See Notes 14 and 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Critical Accounting Policies Income Taxes below.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests remained substantially unchanged as compared to the 2015 period.

***Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015***

The Company reported net income attributable to Lazard Ltd of \$147 million, as compared to net income of \$430 million in the 2015 period. The changes in the Company's operating results during these periods are described below.

Net revenue decreased \$154 million, or 13%, with operating revenue decreasing \$139 million, or 12%, as compared to the 2015 period. Fee revenue from investment banking and other advisory activities decreased \$64 million, or 10%, primarily due to decreases in M&A and Other Advisory fees. The decrease in M&A and Other Advisory fee revenue primarily reflected a lower average transaction value with respect to completed transactions as compared to the 2015 period. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in Restructuring revenue, which generally reflected a higher level of activity in the U.S. energy sector in the 2016 period.

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## **Table of Contents**

Asset management fees, including incentive fees, decreased \$56 million, or 10%, as compared to the 2015 period, due to a decrease in average AUM, a change in the mix of AUM and a decrease in incentive fees relating to traditional investment products. In the aggregate, interest income, other revenue and interest expense decreased \$34 million as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a \$24 million gain in the 2015 period on the disposal of the Company's Australian private equity business (which relates primarily to the realization of carried interest at fair value) and, in the 2016 period, lower gains attributable to investments held in connection with LFI.

Compensation and benefits expense decreased \$60 million, or 9%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a decrease in discretionary compensation associated with decreased operating revenue.

Adjusted compensation and benefits expense (which excludes certain items and which we believe allows for improved comparability between periods, as described above) was \$604 million, a decrease of \$56 million, or 9%, as compared to \$661 million in the 2015 period. The ratio of adjusted compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue was 57.6% for the 2016 period, as compared to 55.6% for the 2015 period and 55.4% for full-year 2015. Adjusted compensation and benefits expense in the 2016 period generally reflected lower operating revenue in the 2016 period and seasonally high amortization expense.

Non-compensation expense decreased \$62 million, or 22%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a non-recurring charge of \$60 million related to the redemption of a significant portion of the Company's 2017 Notes in the 2015 period. Adjusted non-compensation expense, which excludes such charge, as well as non-compensation costs relating to noncontrolling interests, decreased \$2 million, or 1%, as compared to the 2015 period. The ratio of adjusted non-compensation expense to operating revenue was 20.4%, as compared to 18.2% in the 2015 period.

Amortization of intangible assets decreased \$2 million as compared to the 2015 period.

Operating income increased \$938 million as compared to the 2015 period, which included a charge relating to the redemption of a significant portion of the Company's 2017 Notes, as well as the impact of the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement. As a result of the possible utilization of certain deferred tax assets that are subject to the tax receivable agreement, the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement in the 2015 period was \$968 million (see Note 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information).

Earnings from operations decreased \$81 million, or 26%, as compared to the 2015 period, which excluded the charge related to the redemption of a significant portion of the Company's 2017 Notes, as well as the impact of the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement described above, and, as a percentage of operating revenue, was 22.0%, as compared to 26.2% in the 2015 period.

The provision for income taxes reflects an effective tax rate of 28.1%, as compared to 160.2% for the 2015 period. The unusually high effective tax rate in the 2015 period was primarily driven by (i) the reduction of operating income in the 2015 period as a result of the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement described above, and (ii) the release of substantially all of our valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets in the 2015 period. See Notes 14 and 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Critical Accounting Policies Income Taxes below.

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests decreased \$3 million, or 37%, as compared to the 2015 period.

## **Business Segments**

The following is a discussion of net revenue and operating income for the Company's segments: Financial Advisory, Asset Management and Corporate. Each segment's operating expenses include (i) compensation and benefits expenses that are incurred directly in support of the segment and (ii) other operating expenses, which include directly incurred expenses for occupancy and equipment, marketing and business development,



**Table of Contents**

technology and information services, professional services, fund administration and outsourcing, and indirect support costs (including compensation and benefits expense and other operating expenses related thereto) for administrative services. Such administrative services include, but are not limited to, accounting, tax, human resources, legal, information technology, facilities management and senior management activities. Such support costs are allocated to the relevant segments based on various statistical drivers such as revenue, headcount, square footage and other factors.

**Financial Advisory**

The following table summarizes the reported operating results attributable to the Financial Advisory segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$ in thousands)			
M&A and Other Advisory	\$ 203,403	\$ 273,150	\$ 417,994	\$ 533,954
Capital Raising	11,297	17,293	20,170	34,862
Total Strategic Advisory	214,700	290,443	438,164	568,816
Restructuring	72,265	25,941	114,815	49,087
Net Revenue	286,965	316,384	552,979	617,903
Operating Expenses	233,727	253,221	460,805	496,156
Operating Income	\$ 53,238	\$ 63,163	\$ 92,174	\$ 121,747
Operating Income, as a % of net revenue	18.6%	20.0%	16.7%	19.7%

Certain fee and transaction statistics for the Financial Advisory segment are set forth below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>Lazard Statistics:</b>				
Number of clients with fees greater than \$1 million:				
Total Financial Advisory	66	64	129	131
M&A and Other Advisory	50	41	103	111
Percentage of total Financial Advisory net revenue from top 10 clients	40%	43%	26%	29%
Number of M&A transactions completed with values greater than \$500 million (a)	20	23	37	45

(a) Source: Dealogic as of July 6, 2016.

**Table of Contents**

The geographical distribution of Financial Advisory net revenue is set forth below in percentage terms and is based on the Lazard offices that generate Financial Advisory net revenue, which are located in the U.S., Europe (primarily in the U.K., France, Italy, Spain and Germany) and the rest of the world (primarily in Australia) and therefore may not be reflective of the geography in which the clients are located.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
United States	53%	59%	59%	58%
Europe	43	29	37	34
Rest of World	4	12	4	8
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The Company's managing directors and many of its professionals have significant experience, and many of them are able to use this experience to advise on M&A, strategic advisory matters and restructuring transactions, depending on clients' needs. This flexibility allows Lazard to better match its professionals with the counter-cyclical business cycles of mergers and acquisitions and restructurings. While Lazard measures revenue by practice area, Lazard does not separately measure the costs or profitability of M&A services as compared to restructuring services. Accordingly, Lazard measures performance in its Financial Advisory segment based on overall segment operating revenue and operating income margins.

**Financial Advisory Results of Operations**

**Financial Advisory's quarterly revenue and profits can fluctuate materially depending on the number, size and timing of completed transactions on which it advised, as well as seasonality and other factors. Accordingly, the revenue and profits in any particular quarter or period may not be indicative of future results. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.**

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015**

Financial Advisory net revenue decreased \$29 million, or 9%, as compared to the 2015 period. Total Strategic Advisory net revenue, representing fees from our M&A and Other Advisory and Capital Raising businesses, decreased \$76 million, or 26%, and Restructuring revenue increased \$46 million, or 179%, as compared to the 2015 period.

M&A and Other Advisory revenue decreased \$70 million, or 26%, while Capital Raising revenue decreased \$6 million, or 35%, as compared to the 2015 period. The decrease in M&A and Other Advisory revenue primarily reflected a lower average transaction value with respect to completed transactions as compared to the 2015 period. Clients which in the aggregate represented a significant portion of our M&A and Other Advisory revenue in the 2016 period included Airbus, American Fruits & Flavors, Coca-Cola Enterprises, Skyepharma, Whiting Petroleum, WL Ross Holding Corp. and Xchanging.

Restructuring revenue in the 2016 period primarily reflected a higher level of activity in the U.S. energy sector in the 2016 period. Clients which in the aggregate represented a significant portion of our Restructuring revenue in the 2016 period included Pacific Exploration & Production, Peabody Energy, Seventy Seven Energy and Swift Energy.

Operating expenses decreased \$19 million, or 8%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a decrease in compensation and benefits expense.

**Table of Contents**

Financial Advisory operating income was \$53 million, a decrease of \$10 million, or 16%, as compared to operating income of \$63 million in the 2015 period and, as a percentage of net revenue, was 18.6%, as compared to 20.0% in the 2015 period.

**Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015**

Financial Advisory net revenue decreased \$65 million, or 11%, as compared to the 2015 period. Total Strategic Advisory net revenue, representing fees from our M&A and Other Advisory and Capital Raising businesses, decreased \$131 million, or 23%, and Restructuring revenue increased \$66 million, or 134%, as compared to the 2015 period.

M&A and Other Advisory revenue decreased \$116 million, or 22%, while Capital Raising revenue decreased \$15 million, or 42%, as compared to the 2015 period. The decrease in M&A and Other Advisory revenue primarily reflected a lower average transaction value with respect to completed transactions as compared to the 2015 period. Restructuring revenue in the 2016 period primarily reflected a higher level of activity in the U.S. energy sector in the 2016 period.

Operating expenses decreased \$35 million, or 7%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a decrease in compensation and benefits expense.

Financial Advisory operating income was \$92 million, a decrease of \$30 million, or 24%, as compared to operating income of \$122 million in the 2015 period and, as a percentage of net revenue, was 16.7%, as compared to 19.7% in the 2015 period.

**Asset Management**

The following table shows the composition of AUM for the Asset Management segment:

	June 30, 2016	As of December 31, 2015
	(\$ in millions)	
<b>AUM by Asset Class:</b>		
<b>Equity:</b>		
Emerging Markets	\$ 40,329	\$ 36,203
Global	30,483	31,407
Local	31,767	31,354
Multi-Regional	53,993	52,531
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>156,572</b>	<b>151,495</b>
<b>Fixed Income:</b>		
Emerging Markets	14,414	14,378
Global	4,302	4,132
Local	3,967	3,899
Multi-Regional	7,894	7,978
<b>Total Fixed Income</b>	<b>30,577</b>	<b>30,387</b>
<b>Alternative Investments</b>	<b>3,290</b>	<b>3,297</b>
<b>Private Equity</b>	<b>933</b>	<b>858</b>
<b>Cash Management</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>343</b>
<b>Total AUM</b>	<b>\$ 191,865</b>	<b>\$ 186,380</b>



**Table of Contents**

Total AUM at June 30, 2016 was \$192 billion, an increase of \$5 billion, or 3%, as compared to total AUM of \$186 billion at December 31, 2015, primarily due to foreign exchange and market appreciation. Average AUM for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 decreased 5% and 6% as compared to the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016, approximately 88% of our AUM was managed on behalf of institutional clients, including corporations, labor unions, public pension funds, insurance companies and banks, and through sub-advisory relationships, mutual fund sponsors, broker-dealers and registered advisors, compared to approximately 89% as of December 31, 2015, and, as of June 30, 2016, approximately 12% of our AUM was managed on behalf of individual client relationships, which are principally with family offices and individuals, compared to approximately 11% at December 31, 2015.

As of June 30, 2016, AUM with foreign currency exposure represented approximately 70% of our total AUM, as compared to 72% at December 31, 2015. AUM with foreign currency exposure generally declines in value with the strengthening of the U.S. Dollar and increases in value as the U.S. Dollar weakens, with all other factors held constant.

The following is a summary of changes in AUM by asset class for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	AUM Beginning Balance	Three Months Ended June 30, 2016					AUM Ending Balance
		Inflows (a)	Outflows (a)	Net Flows (\$ in millions)	Market Value Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Foreign Exchange Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	
Equity	\$ 155,812	\$ 8,458	\$ (7,735)	\$ 723	\$ 859	\$ (822)	\$ 156,572
Fixed Income	30,370	773	(1,085)	(312)	854	(335)	30,577
Other	4,372	152	(110)	42	363	(61)	4,716
Total	\$ 190,554	\$ 9,383	\$ (8,930)	\$ 453	\$ 2,076	\$ (1,218)	\$ 191,865

	AUM Beginning Balance	Six Months Ended June 30, 2016					AUM Ending Balance
		Inflows (a)	Outflows (a)	Net Flows (\$ in millions)	Market Value Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Foreign Exchange Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	
Equity	\$ 151,495	\$ 16,500	\$ (14,724)	\$ 1,776	\$ 1,145	\$ 2,156	\$ 156,572
Fixed Income	30,387	2,097	(3,804)	(1,707)	1,295	602	30,577
Other	4,498	594	(571)	23	245	(50)	4,716
Total	\$ 186,380	\$ 19,191	\$ (19,099)	\$ 92	\$ 2,685	\$ 2,708	\$ 191,865

- (a) Inflows in the Equity asset class were primarily attributable to the Multi-Regional, Emerging Markets and Global equity platforms, and inflows in the Fixed Income asset class were primarily attributable to the Emerging Markets and Multi-Regional platforms. Outflows in the Equity asset class were primarily attributable to the Emerging Markets, Multi-Regional and Global equity platforms, and outflows in the Fixed Income asset class were primarily attributable to the Emerging Markets platform.

**Table of Contents**

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015						
	AUM Beginning Balance	Inflows	Outflows	Net Flows (\$ in millions)	Market Value Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Foreign Exchange Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	AUM Ending Balance
Equity	\$ 162,852	\$ 7,761	\$ (6,711)	\$ 1,050	\$ 755	\$ 1,745	\$ 166,402
Fixed Income	31,722	2,365	(1,394)	971	(670)	490	32,513
Other	4,607	240	(713)	(473)	75	(38)	4,171
Total	\$ 199,181	\$ 10,366	\$ (8,818)	\$ 1,548	\$ 160	\$ 2,197	\$ 203,086

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						
	AUM Beginning Balance	Inflows	Outflows	Net Flows (\$ in millions)	Market Value Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	Foreign Exchange Appreciation/ (Depreciation)	AUM Ending Balance
Equity	\$ 160,912	\$ 13,911	\$ (13,641)	\$ 270	\$ 9,290	\$ (4,070)	\$ 166,402
Fixed Income	31,110	5,768	(2,625)	3,143	(153)	(1,587)	32,513
Other	5,081	323	(1,147)	(824)	(28)	(58)	4,171
Total	\$ 197,103	\$ 20,002	\$ (17,413)	\$ 2,589	\$ 9,109	\$ (5,715)	\$ 203,086

As of July 22, 2016, AUM was \$196.7 billion, a \$4.8 billion increase since June 30, 2016. The increase in AUM was due to market appreciation of \$5.8 billion and net inflows of \$0.3 billion, partially offset by foreign exchange depreciation of \$1.3 billion.

Average AUM for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 for each significant asset class is set forth below. Average AUM generally represents the average of the monthly ending AUM balances for the period.

Average AUM by Asset Class:	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$ in millions)			
Equity	\$ 157,315	\$ 166,336	\$ 153,801	\$ 164,039
Fixed Income	30,410	32,524	30,311	32,525
Alternative Investments	3,587	3,269	3,511	3,443
Private Equity	930	926	891	926
Cash Management	392	113	322	107
Total Average AUM	\$ 192,634	\$ 203,168	\$ 188,836	\$ 201,040

**Table of Contents**

The following table summarizes the reported operating results attributable to the Asset Management segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
(\$ in thousands)				
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Management Fees	\$238,067	\$ 258,401	\$464,517	\$ 510,488
Incentive Fees	1,184	6,978	2,990	13,261
Other Income	14,875	40,459	32,378	61,896
Net Revenue	254,126	305,838	499,885	585,645
Operating Expenses	182,702	193,791	357,863	375,583
Operating Income	\$ 71,424	\$ 112,047	\$142,022	\$ 210,062
Operating Income, as a % of net revenue	28.1%	36.6%	28.4%	35.9%

The geographical distribution of Asset Management net revenue is set forth below in percentage terms, and is based on the Lazard offices that manage and distribute the respective AUM amounts. Such geographical distribution may not be reflective of the geography of the investment products or clients.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
United States	58%	56%	59%	58%
Europe	30	26	30	28
Rest of World	12	18	11	14
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

**Asset Management Results of Operations**

Asset Management's quarterly revenue and profits in any particular quarter or period may not be indicative of future results and may fluctuate based on the performance of the equity and other capital markets. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015**

Asset Management net revenue decreased \$52 million, or 17%, as compared to the 2015 period. Management fees decreased \$20 million, or 8%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a decrease in average AUM and a change in the mix of AUM. Incentive fees decreased \$6 million, or 83%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to incentive fees related to traditional investment products. Other revenue decreased \$26 million, or 63%, as compared to the 2015 period, principally due to a \$24 million gain in 2015 on the disposal of the Company's Australian private equity business (which relates primarily to the realization of carried interest at fair value).

Operating expenses decreased \$11 million, or 6%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to decreases in (i) compensation and benefits expense related to a decrease in discretionary compensation reflecting lower operating revenue and (ii) non-compensation expense related to fund administration and outsourced services.

Asset Management operating income was \$71 million, a decrease of \$41 million, or 36%, as compared to operating income of \$112 million in the 2015 period and, as a percentage of net revenue, was 28.1%, as compared to 36.6% in the 2015 period.





**Table of Contents****Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015**

Asset Management net revenue decreased \$86 million, or 15%, as compared to the 2015 period. Management fees decreased \$46 million, or 9%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to a decrease in average AUM and a change in the mix of AUM. Incentive fees decreased \$10 million, or 77%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to incentive fees related to traditional investment products. Other revenue decreased \$30 million, or 48%, as compared to the 2015 period, principally due to a \$24 million gain in 2015 on the disposal of the Company's Australian private equity business (which relates primarily to the realization of carried interest at fair value).

Operating expenses decreased \$18 million, or 5%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to decreases in (i) compensation and benefits expense related to a decrease in discretionary compensation reflecting lower operating revenue and (ii) non-compensation expense related to fund administration and outsourced services.

Asset Management operating income was \$142 million, a decrease of \$68 million, or 32%, as compared to operating income of \$210 million in the 2015 period and, as a percentage of net revenue, was 28.4%, as compared to 35.9% in the 2015 period.

**Corporate**

The following table summarizes the reported operating results attributable to the Corporate segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	(\$ in thousands)			
Interest Income	\$ 673	\$ 663	\$ 1,505	\$ 1,418
Interest Expense	(11,787)	(11,496)	(23,656)	(27,616)
Net Interest (Expense)	(11,114)	(10,833)	(22,151)	(26,198)
Other Revenue (Expense)	4,703	(2,297)	2,185	9,491
Net Revenue (Expense)	(6,411)	(13,130)	(19,966)	(16,707)
Operating Expenses (a)	5,015	963,456	2,617	1,041,815
Operating Loss	\$ (11,426)	\$ (976,586)	\$ (22,583)	\$ (1,058,522)

(a) Includes, (i) in the six months ended June 30, 2015, \$60,219 relating to the redemption of a significant portion of the Company's 2017 Notes and (ii) in the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, \$961,948 and \$968,483, respectively, relating to the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement.

**Corporate Results of Operations**

**Corporate operating results in any particular quarter or period may not be indicative of future results and may fluctuate based on a variety of factors. Lazard management believes that annual results are the most meaningful basis for comparison among present, historical and future periods.**

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015**

Net interest expense remained substantially unchanged as compared to the 2015 period.

Other revenue increased \$7 million as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to gains attributable to investments held in connection with LFI.



## **Table of Contents**

Operating expenses decreased \$958 million as compared to the 2015 period, including, in the 2015 period, \$962 million related to the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement (see Note 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). Excluding the impact of such charge, operating expenses increased \$4 million compared to the 2015 period.

### ***Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 versus June 30, 2015***

Net interest expense decreased \$4 million, or 15%, as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to the redemption of \$450 million of the 2017 Notes and the issuance of \$400 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% senior notes due 2025 (the 2025 Notes ) in the 2015 period.

Other revenue decreased \$7 million as compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to lower gains attributable to investments held in connection with LFI.

Operating expenses decreased \$1,039 million as compared to the 2015 period, including, in the 2015 period, (i) a charge of \$60 million related to the redemption of a significant portion of the Company's 2017 Notes and (ii) \$968 million related to the provision pursuant to the tax receivable agreement (see Note 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). Excluding the impact of such charges, operating expenses decreased \$11 million compared to the 2015 period, primarily due to decreased compensation and benefits expense.

## **Cash Flows**

The Company's cash flows are influenced primarily by the timing of the receipt of Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees, the timing of distributions to shareholders, payments of incentive compensation to managing directors and employees and purchases of Class A common stock. Cash flows also were affected in the 2015 period by the redemption of \$450 million of the 2017 Notes and the issuance of the 2025 Notes. M&A and Other Advisory and Asset Management fees are generally collected within 60 days of billing, while Restructuring fee collections may extend beyond 60 days, particularly those that involve bankruptcies with court-ordered holdbacks. Fees from our Private Capital Advisory (which we historically referred to as Private Fund Advisory) activities are generally collected over a four-year period from billing and typically include an interest component.

The Company makes cash payments for, or in respect of, a significant portion of its incentive compensation during the first three months of each calendar year with respect to the prior year's results. The Company also paid a special dividend in February 2016 and February 2015.

**Table of Contents****Summary of Cash Flows:**

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	(\$ in millions)	
<b>Cash Provided By (Used In):</b>		
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 152.1	\$ 437.8
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities (a)	242.0	(0.8)
Other operating activities (b)	(375.8)	(225.7)
Net cash provided by operating activities	18.3	211.3
Investing activities	(11.0)	(13.1)
Financing activities (c)	(494.5)	(540.8)
Effect of exchange rate changes	1.6	(22.8)
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(485.6)</b>	<b>(365.4)</b>
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</b>		
<b>Beginning of Period</b>	<b>1,132.1</b>	<b>1,066.6</b>
<b>End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 646.5</b>	<b>\$ 701.2</b>

(a) Consists of the following:

	<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	(\$ in millions)	
Depreciation and amortization of property	\$ 16.6	\$ 15.9
Amortization of deferred expenses and stock units	199.2	171.4
Deferred tax provision (benefit)	25.2	(1,195.3)
Amortization of intangible assets related to acquisitions	1.0	2.9
Provision pursuant to tax receivable agreement		968.5
Loss on extinguishment of debt		60.2
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		(24.4)
Total	\$ 242.0	\$ (0.8)

(b) Includes net changes in operating assets and liabilities.

(c) Consists primarily of purchases of shares of Class A common stock, tax withholdings related to the settlement of vested restricted stock units ( RSUs ), vested restricted stock awards and vested PRSUs, Class A common stock dividends and distributions to noncontrolling interest holders, and activity relating to borrowings, including, in 2015, the redemption of a majority of the Company's 2017 Notes and issuance of the 2025 Notes.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company's liquidity and capital resources are derived from operating activities, financing activities and equity offerings.

*Operating Activities*

Net revenue, operating income and cash receipts fluctuate significantly between periods. In the case of Financial Advisory, fee receipts are generally dependent upon the successful completion of client transactions, the occurrence and timing of which is irregular and not subject to Lazard's control.

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**Table of Contents**

Liquidity is significantly impacted by cash payments for, or in respect of, incentive compensation, a significant portion of which are made during the first three months of the year. As a consequence, cash on hand generally declines in the beginning of the year and gradually builds over the remainder of the year. We also pay certain tax advances during the year on behalf of our managing directors, which serve to reduce their respective incentive compensation payments. We expect this seasonal pattern of cash flow to continue.

Liquidity is also affected by the level of deposits and other customer payables, principally at LFB. To the extent that such deposits and other customer payables rise or fall, this has a corresponding impact on liquidity held at LFB, with such amounts being recorded in deposits with banks and short-term investments. In the first half of 2016, as reflected on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition, deposits with banks and short-term investments increased with a corresponding increase in deposits and other customer payables, this being due to a higher level of LFB customer-related demand deposits, primarily from clients and funds managed by LFG.

Lazard's condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. Dollars. Many of Lazard's non-U.S. subsidiaries have a functional currency (*i.e.*, the currency in which operational activities are primarily conducted) that is other than the U.S. Dollar, generally the currency of the country in which such subsidiaries are domiciled. Such subsidiaries' assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. Dollars at the respective balance sheet date exchange rates, while revenue and expenses are translated at average exchange rates during the year based on the daily closing exchange rates. Adjustments that result from translating amounts from a subsidiary's functional currency are reported as a component of stockholders' equity. Foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses on transactions in non-functional currencies are included on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

We regularly monitor our liquidity position, including cash levels, credit lines, principal investment commitments, interest and principal payments on debt, capital expenditures, dividend payments, purchases of shares of Class A common stock and matters relating to liquidity and to compliance with regulatory net capital requirements. At June 30, 2016, Lazard had approximately \$646 million of cash, with such amount including approximately \$344 million held at Lazard's operations outside the U.S. Since Lazard provides for U.S. income taxes on substantially all of its unrepatriated foreign earnings, we expect that no material amount of additional U.S. income taxes would be recognized upon receipt of dividends or distributions of such earnings from our foreign operations.

We maintain lines of credit in excess of anticipated liquidity requirements. As of June 30, 2016, Lazard had approximately \$215 million in unused lines of credit available to it, including a \$150 million, five-year, senior revolving credit facility with a group of lenders that expires in September 2020 (the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) (see Financing Activities below) and unused lines of credit available to LFB of approximately \$11 million (at June 30, 2016 exchange rates) and Edgewater of \$52 million. The unused lines of credit available to Edgewater are guaranteed by certain Edgewater private equity funds and can be drawn upon only by the applicable general partner, fund, or individual portfolio companies for the benefit of the applicable funds and individual portfolio companies of such funds. In addition, LFB has access to the Eurosystem Covered Bond Purchase Program of the Banque de France.

The Amended and Restated Credit Agreement contains customary terms and conditions, including limitations on consolidations, mergers, indebtedness and certain payments, as well as financial condition covenants relating to leverage and interest coverage ratios. Lazard Group's obligations under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement may be accelerated upon customary events of default, including non-payment of principal or interest, breaches of covenants, cross-defaults to other material debt, a change in control and specified bankruptcy events.

**Table of Contents****Financing Activities**

The table below sets forth our corporate indebtedness as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The agreements with respect to this indebtedness are discussed in more detail in our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and in our Form 10-K. The table, as of December 31, 2015, reflects the retrospective application of new disclosure guidance on debt issuance costs. See Note 2 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Senior Debt	Maturity Date	Principal	Outstanding as of				
			June 30, 2016 Unamortized Debt Costs	Carrying Value	Principal	December 31, 2015 Unamortized Debt Costs	Carrying Value
Lazard Group 2017 Senior Notes	2017	\$ 98.4	\$0.1	\$ 98.3	\$ 98.4	\$ 0.2	\$ 98.2
Lazard Group 2020 Senior Notes	2020	500.0	4.0	496.0	500.0	4.5	495.5
Lazard Group 2025 Senior Notes	2025	400.0	4.1	395.9	400.0	4.3	395.7
		\$ 998.4	\$8.2	\$ 990.2	\$ 998.4	\$ 9.0	\$ 989.4

During February 2015, Lazard Group completed an offering of the 2025 Notes. Lazard Group used the net proceeds of the 2025 Notes, together with cash on hand, to redeem or otherwise retire \$450 million of the 2017 Notes, which, including the recognition of unamortized issuance costs, resulted in a loss on debt extinguishment in connection with the redemption of such 2017 Notes of approximately \$60 million.

Lazard's annual cash flow generated from operations historically has been sufficient to enable it to meet its annual obligations. We believe that our cash flows from operating activities, along with the use of our credit lines as needed, should be sufficient for us to fund our current obligations for the next 12 months.

As long as the lenders' commitments remain in effect, any loan pursuant to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement remains outstanding and unpaid or any other amount is due to the lending bank group, the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement includes financial covenants that require that Lazard Group not permit (i) its Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) for the 12-month period ending on the last day of any fiscal quarter to be greater than 3.25 to 1.00 or (ii) its Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement) for the 12-month period ending on the last day of any fiscal quarter to be less than 3.00 to 1.00. For the 12-month period ended June 30, 2016, Lazard Group was in compliance with such ratios, with its Consolidated Leverage Ratio being 1.13 to 1.00 and its Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio being 20.50 to 1.00. In any event, no amounts were outstanding under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement as of June 30, 2016.

In addition, the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, indenture and supplemental indentures relating to Lazard Group's senior notes contain certain other covenants (none of which relate to financial condition), events of default and other customary provisions. At June 30, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all of these provisions. We may, to the extent required and subject to restrictions contained in our financing arrangements, use other financing sources, which may cause us to be subject to additional restrictions or covenants.

See Note 9 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding senior debt.

**Table of Contents****Stockholders Equity**

At June 30, 2016, total stockholders equity was \$1,204 million, as compared to \$1,367 million at December 31, 2015, including \$1,146 million and \$1,313 million attributable to Lazard Ltd on the respective dates. The net activity in stockholders equity during the six month period ended June 30, 2016 is reflected in the table below (in millions of dollars):

Stockholders Equity January 1, 2016	\$1,367
Increase (decrease) due to:	
Net income	152
Other comprehensive income	(3)
Amortization of share-based incentive compensation	155
Purchase of Class A common stock	(195)
Settlement of share-based incentive compensation (a)	(47)
Class A common stock dividends	(242)
Other net	17
Stockholders Equity June 30, 2016	\$1,204

(a) The tax withholding portion of share-based compensation is settled in cash, not shares.

The Board of Directors of Lazard has issued a series of authorizations to repurchase Class A common stock, which help offset the dilutive effect of our share-based incentive compensation plans. During a given year the Company intends to repurchase at least as many shares as it expects to ultimately issue pursuant to such compensation plans in respect of year-end incentive compensation attributable to the prior year. The rate at which the Company purchases shares in connection with this annual objective may vary from quarter to quarter due to a variety of factors. Purchases with respect to such program are set forth in the table below:

	Number of Shares	Average Price Per Share
<b>Six Months Ended June 30:</b>		
2015	2,306,694	\$ 51.04
2016	5,646,092	\$ 34.49

As of June 30, 2016, a total of \$225 million of share repurchase authorization remained available under the Company's share repurchase program, which will expire on December 31, 2017.

During the six month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company had in place trading plans under Rule 10b5-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to which it effected stock repurchases in the open market.

The Company plans to continue to deploy excess cash and may do so in a variety of ways, which may include repurchasing outstanding shares of Class A common stock, paying dividends to stockholders and repurchasing its outstanding debt.

See Notes 11 and 12 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding Lazard's stockholders equity and incentive plans, respectively.



**Table of Contents****Regulatory Capital**

We actively monitor our regulatory capital base. Our principal subsidiaries are subject to regulatory requirements in their respective jurisdictions to ensure their general financial soundness and liquidity, which require, among other things, that we comply with certain minimum capital requirements, record-keeping, reporting procedures, relationships with customers, experience and training requirements for employees and certain other requirements and procedures. These regulatory requirements may restrict the flow of funds to and from affiliates. See Note 17 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. These regulations differ in the U.S., the U.K., France and other countries in which we operate. Our capital structure is designed to provide each of our subsidiaries with capital and liquidity consistent with its business and regulatory requirements. For a discussion of regulations relating to us, see Item 1, Business Regulation included in our Form 10-K.

**Contractual Obligations**

The following table sets forth information relating to Lazard's contractual obligations as of June 30, 2016:

	Contractual Obligations Payment Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More than 5 Years
	(\$ in thousands)				
Senior debt (including interest) (a)	\$ 1,235,004	\$ 141,337	\$ 72,500	\$ 561,875	\$ 459,292
Operating leases (exclusive of \$53,902 of committed sublease income)	838,961	76,761	136,565	119,683	505,952
Capital leases (including interest)	8,768	8,682	74	12	
Investment capital funding commitments (b)	9,183	9,183			
<b>Total (c)</b>	<b>\$ 2,091,916</b>	<b>\$ 235,963</b>	<b>\$ 209,139</b>	<b>\$ 681,570</b>	<b>\$ 965,244</b>

- (a) See Note 9 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.
- (b) Unfunded commitments to private equity investments consolidated but not owned by Lazard of \$6,890 are excluded. Such commitments are required to be funded by capital contributions from noncontrolling interest holders. See Note 5 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. These amounts are generally due on demand and therefore are presented in the less than 1 year category.
- (c) The table above excludes contingent obligations, as well as any possible payments for uncertain tax positions and payments pursuant to the Company's tax receivable agreement, given the inability to make a reasonably reliable estimate of the timing of the amounts of any such payments. At June 30, 2016, a tax receivable agreement obligation of \$513,623 was recorded on the consolidated statements of financial condition. See Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates Income Taxes below. See also Notes 10, 12, 13, 14 and 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements regarding information in connection with commitments, incentive plans, employee benefit plans, income taxes and tax receivable agreement obligations, respectively.

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Management's discussion and analysis of our condensed consolidated financial condition and results of operations is based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of Lazard's condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, Lazard evaluates its estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, income taxes (including the impact on the tax receivable agreement obligation), investing activities and goodwill. Lazard bases these estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of

## **Table of Contents**

which form the basis for making judgments, including judgments regarding the carrying values of assets and liabilities, that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Lazard believes that the critical accounting policies set forth below comprise the most significant estimates and judgments used in the preparation of its condensed consolidated financial statements.

### ***Revenue Recognition***

Lazard generates substantially all of its net revenue from providing Financial Advisory and Asset Management services to clients. Lazard recognizes revenue when the following criteria are met:

there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement with a client;

the agreed-upon services have been provided;

fees are fixed or determinable; and

collection is probable.

The Company earns performance-based incentive fees on various investment products, including traditional products and alternative investment funds such as hedge funds and private equity funds. See [Financial Statement Overview](#) for a description of our revenue recognition policies on such fees.

If, in Lazard's judgment, collection of a fee is not probable, Lazard will not recognize revenue until the uncertainty is removed. We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts to provide coverage for estimated losses from our receivables. We determine the adequacy of the allowance by estimating the probability of loss based on our analysis of the client's creditworthiness and specifically reserve against exposures where we determine the receivables are impaired, which may include situations where a fee is in dispute or litigation has commenced.

With respect to fees receivable from Financial Advisory activities, such receivables are generally deemed past due when they are outstanding 60 days from the date of invoice. However, some Financial Advisory transactions include specific contractual payment terms that may vary from one month to four years (as is the case for our Private Capital Advisory fees) following the invoice date or may be subject to court approval (as is the case with restructuring assignments that include bankruptcy proceedings). In such cases, receivables are deemed past due when payment is not received by the agreed-upon contractual date or the court approval date, respectively. Financial Advisory fee receivables past due in excess of 180 days are fully provided for unless there is evidence that the balance is collectible. Asset Management fees are deemed past due and fully provided for when such receivables are outstanding 12 months after the invoice date. Notwithstanding our policy for receivables past due, we specifically reserve against exposures relating to Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees where we determine receivables are impaired.

### ***Compensation Liabilities***

Annual discretionary compensation represents a significant portion of our annual compensation and benefits expense. We allocate the estimated amount of such annual discretionary compensation to interim periods in proportion to the amount of operating revenue earned in such periods based on an assumed annual ratio of awarded compensation and benefits expense to operating revenue. See [Financial Statement Overview Operating Expenses](#) for more information on our periodic compensation and benefits expense.

### ***Income Taxes***

As part of the process of preparing our consolidated financial statements, we estimate our income taxes for each of our tax-paying entities in its respective jurisdictions. In addition to estimating actual current tax liabilities for these jurisdictions, we also must account for the tax effects of differences between the financial reporting and tax reporting of items, such as basis adjustments, compensation and benefits expense, and depreciation and



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**Table of Contents**

amortization. Differences which are temporary in nature result in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Significant judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, our deferred tax assets and liabilities, any valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets and our unrecognized tax benefits.

We recognize a deferred tax asset if it is more likely than not (defined as a likelihood of greater than 50%) that a tax benefit will be accepted by a taxing authority. The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities is based upon currently enacted tax rates in the applicable jurisdictions. At December 31, 2015, on a consolidated basis, we recorded gross deferred tax assets of approximately \$1.28 billion, with such amount partially offset by a valuation allowance of approximately \$89 million (as described below).

Subsequent to the initial recognition of deferred tax assets, we also must continually assess the likelihood that such deferred tax assets will be realized. If we determine that we may not fully derive the benefit from a deferred tax asset, we consider whether it would be appropriate to apply a valuation allowance against the applicable deferred tax asset, taking into account all available information. The ultimate realization of a deferred tax asset for a particular entity depends, among other things, on the generation of taxable income by such entity in the applicable jurisdiction.

We consider multiple possible sources of taxable income when assessing a valuation allowance against a deferred tax asset, including:

future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences;

future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards;

taxable income in prior carryback years; and

tax-planning strategies.

The assessment regarding whether a valuation allowance is required or should be adjusted also considers all available information, including the following:

nature, frequency, magnitude and duration of any past losses and current operating results;

duration of statutory carryforward periods;

historical experience with tax attributes expiring unused; and

near-term and medium-term financial outlook.

The weight we give to any particular item is, in part, dependent upon the degree to which it can be objectively verified. We give greater weight to the recent results of operations of a relevant entity. Pre-tax operating losses on a three year cumulative basis or lack of sustainable profitability are considered objectively verifiable evidence and will generally outweigh a projection of future taxable income.

Certain of our tax-paying entities have individually experienced losses on a cumulative three year basis or have not yet attained a sustained level of profitability. In addition, one of our tax paying entities has recorded a valuation allowance on all of its deferred tax assets due to the combined effect of operating losses in certain subsidiaries of that entity as well as foreign taxes that together substantially offset any U.S. tax liability. Taking into account all available information, we cannot determine that it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets held by these entities will be realized. Consequently, we have recorded valuation allowances on \$89 million of deferred tax assets held by these entities as of December 31, 2015.

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As of December 31, 2014, the Company had a valuation allowance on substantially all of our deferred tax assets at that time. Certain of our tax-paying entities at which we had historically recorded significant valuation allowances were profitable on a cumulative basis for the three year periods ended June 30, 2015. In assessing our valuation allowance as of June 30, 2015, we considered all available information, including the magnitude of recent and current operating results, the relatively long duration of statutory carryforward periods, our historical experience utilizing tax attributes prior to their expiration dates, the historical volatility of operating results of these entities and our assessment regarding the sustainability of their profitability. At that time, we concluded

**Table of Contents**

that there was a sufficient history of sustained profitability at these entities that it was more likely than not that these entities would be able to realize deferred tax assets. Accordingly, during the period ended June 30, 2015, we released substantially all of the valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets held by these entities.

As a result, during the year ended December 31, 2015, we recorded a deferred tax benefit of approximately \$878 million, including \$821 million recorded in the second quarter of 2015. We also recorded a separate deferred tax benefit of \$378 million in the second quarter of 2015 that reflected the tax deductibility of payments under the tax receivable agreement. In addition, in the third quarter of 2015, we recorded a deferred tax expense of approximately \$161 million relating to the reduction of a deferred tax asset as a result of the partial extinguishment of our tax receivable agreement obligation. See *Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement* below for more information regarding our accrual under the tax receivable agreement in the second quarter of 2015 and the partial extinguishment of our tax receivable agreement obligation in the third quarter of 2015.

As a result of the release of our valuation allowance during 2015, our effective tax rate in the 2016 period is significantly higher than our effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2014. We do not expect that this increase in our effective tax rate resulting from the reduction in the valuation allowance will impact the amount of cash income taxes we will be required to pay to taxing authorities. However, as described below, payments under the *Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement* may be required.

We record tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return based upon our estimates regarding the amount that is more likely than not to be realized or paid, including in connection with the resolution of any related appeals or other legal processes. Accordingly, we recognize liabilities for certain unrecognized tax benefits based on the amounts that are more likely than not to be settled with the relevant taxing authority. Such liabilities are evaluated periodically as new information becomes available and any changes in the amounts of such liabilities are recorded as adjustments to income tax expense. Liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits involve significant judgment and the ultimate resolution of such matters may be materially different from our estimates.

In addition to the discussion above regarding deferred tax assets and associated valuation allowances, as well as unrecognized tax benefit liability estimates, other factors affect our provision for income taxes, including changes in the geographic mix of our business, the level of our annual pre-tax income, transfer pricing and intercompany transactions.

See Item 1A, *Risk Factors* in our Form 10-K and our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 and Note 14 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to income taxes.

*Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement*

During the period ended June 30, 2015, we released substantially all of our valuation allowance against deferred tax assets. As a result, we accrued a corresponding liability during the period ended June 30, 2015 for amounts relating to the *Second Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement*, dated as of October 26, 2015 (the *Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement*), between Lazard and LTBP Trust (the *Trust*). In addition, in the third quarter of 2015, we purchased a portion of our obligation relating to the *Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement*, which had the effect of reducing such liability. See Note 16 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the *Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement*.

The amount of the *Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement* liability is an undiscounted amount based upon currently enacted tax laws, the current structure of the Company and various assumptions regarding potential future operating profitability. The assumptions reflected in the estimate involve significant judgment. As such, the actual amount and timing of payments under the *Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement* could differ materially from our estimates. Any changes in the amount of the estimated liability would be recorded as a non-compensation expense in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Adjustments, if necessary, to the related deferred tax assets would be recorded through income tax expense.

**Table of Contents**

The cumulative liability relating to our obligations under the Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement recorded as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was \$514 million and \$524 million, respectively, and is recorded in tax receivable agreement obligation on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.

**Investments**

Investments consist primarily of interest-bearing deposits, debt and equity securities, interests in alternative investment, debt, equity and private equity funds and investments accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

These investments, with the exception of interest-bearing deposits and equity method investments, are carried at fair value on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition, and any increases or decreases in the fair value of these investments are reflected in earnings. The fair value of investments is generally based upon market prices or the net asset value ( NAV ) or its equivalent for investments in funds. See Note 5 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the measurement of the fair value of investments.

Lazard is subject to market and credit risk on investments held. As such, gains and losses on investment positions held, which arise from sales or changes in the fair value of the investments, are not predictable and can cause periodic fluctuations in net income.

Data relating to investments is set forth below:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
	(\$ in thousands)	
Seed investments by asset class:		
Equities (a)	\$ 80,687	\$ 85,419
Fixed income	16,805	15,419
Alternative investments	34,298	56,505
<b>Total seed investments</b>	<b>131,790</b>	<b>157,343</b>
Other investments owned:		
Private equity (b)	88,252	83,729
Interest-bearing deposits (c)	463	54,885
Fixed income and other (d)	59,369	21,872
<b>Total other investments owned</b>	<b>148,084</b>	<b>160,486</b>
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>279,874</b>	<b>317,829</b>
Add:		
Equity method (e)	8,775	8,917
Private equity consolidated, not owned (f)	17,309	16,490
LFI (g)	185,388	198,675
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>\$ 491,346</b>	<b>\$ 541,911</b>

**Table of Contents**

- (a) At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, seed investments in directly owned equity securities were invested as follows:

	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Percentage invested in:		
Financials	30%	33%
Consumer	30	30
Industrial	13	13
Technology	9	9
Other	18	15
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

- (b) Private equity investments include investments related to certain legacy businesses and co-investments in private equity funds managed by our Asset Management business. Co-investments owned were \$34 million and \$30 million as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.
- (c) Short to medium term interest rates generally turned negative in Europe during 2014 and remain very low in many other countries and regions throughout the world. In the normal course of asset and liability management activities, the Company attempts to minimize negative interest rates on its cash investments. Interest-bearing deposits generally provide positive yields when held to maturity, while also generally allowing immediate penalty-free withdrawal at any time (with less or no interest earned in such case).
- (d) Includes convertible debt securities of \$31 million at June 30, 2016. The market risk associated with such investments is offset by the market risk associated with an equal amount of securities sold, not yet purchased. See Notes 4 and 5 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- (e) Represents investments accounted for under the equity method of accounting.
- (f) Represents private equity investments that are consolidated but owned by noncontrolling interests, and therefore do not subject the Company to market or credit risk. The applicable noncontrolling interests are presented within stockholders equity on the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition.
- (g) Composed of investments held in connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements. The market risk associated with such investments is equally offset by the market risk associated with the derivative liability with respect to awards expected to vest. The Company is subject to market risk associated with any portion of such investments that employees may forfeit. See Risk Management Risks Related to Derivatives for risk management information relating to derivatives.

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, total investments with a fair value of \$482 million and \$478 million, respectively, included \$1 million at each such date, or less than 1%, respectively, of investments that were classified as Level 3 investments and \$128 million and \$123 million, respectively, or 27% and 26%, respectively, of investments that were classified using NAV or its equivalent as a practical expedient. See Notes 4 and 5 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding investments measured at fair value, including the levels of fair value within which such measurements of fair value fall.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company held seed investments of approximately \$132 million and \$157 million, respectively. Seed investments held in entities in which the Company maintained a controlling interest were \$33 million in nine entities as of June 30, 2016, as compared to \$60 million in twelve entities as of December 31, 2015.



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As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company did not consolidate or deconsolidate any seed investment entities. As such, 100% of the recorded balance of seed investments as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 represented the Company's economic interest in the seed investments. See "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" below for more information on the Company's policy regarding the consolidation of seed investment entities.

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## **Table of Contents**

For additional information regarding risks associated with our investments, see **Risk Management Investments** below as well as Item 1A, **Risk Factors** **Other Business Risks**. Our results of operations may be affected by fluctuations in the fair value of positions held in our investment portfolios in our Form 10-K.

### ***Assets Under Management***

AUM primarily consists of debt and equity instruments, which have a value that is readily available based on either prices quoted on a recognized exchange or prices provided by external pricing services.

Prices of equity and debt securities and other instruments that comprise our AUM are provided by well-recognized, independent, third-party vendors. Such third-party vendors rely on prices provided by external pricing services which are obtained from recognized exchanges or markets, or, for certain fixed income securities, from an evaluated bid or other similarly sourced price.

Either directly, or through our third-party vendors, we perform a variety of regular due diligence procedures on our pricing service providers. Those procedures include oversight by our internal operations group, review of the pricing service providers' internal control frameworks, review of the pricing service providers' valuation methodologies, reconciliation to client custodial account values and comparison of significant pricing differences.

### ***Goodwill***

In accordance with current accounting guidance, goodwill has an indefinite life and is tested for impairment annually, as of November 1, or more frequently if circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred. The Company performs a qualitative evaluation about whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount in lieu of actually calculating the fair value of the reporting unit. See Note 8 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding goodwill.

### ***Consolidation***

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Lazard Group and entities in which it has a controlling interest. Lazard determines whether it has a controlling interest in an entity by first evaluating whether the entity is a voting interest entity ( **VOE** ) or a variable interest entity ( **VIE** ) under U.S. GAAP.

**Voting Interest Entities.** VOEs are entities in which (i) the total equity investment at risk is sufficient to enable the entity to finance itself independently and (ii) the equity holders have the obligation to absorb losses, the right to receive residual returns and the right to make decisions about the entity's activities. Lazard is required to consolidate a VOE if it holds a majority of the voting interest in such VOE.

**Variable Interest Entities.** VIEs are entities that lack one or more of the characteristics of a VOE. If Lazard has a variable interest, or a combination of variable interests, in a VIE, it is required to analyze whether it needs to consolidate such VIE. Lazard is required to consolidate a VIE if we are the primary beneficiary having (i) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of, or receive benefits from, the VIE that could be potentially significant to the VIE.

Lazard's involvement with various entities that are VOEs or VIEs primarily arises from investment management contracts with fund entities in our Asset Management business. Lazard is not required to consolidate such entities because, with the exception of certain seed investments, as discussed below, we do not hold more than an inconsequential equity interest in such entities and we do not hold other variable interests (including our investment management agreements, which do not meet the definition of variable interests) in such entities.

Lazard makes seed investments in certain entities that are considered VOEs and often require consolidation as a result of our investment. The impact of seed investment entities that require consolidation on the condensed consolidated financial statements, including any consolidation or deconsolidation of such entities, is not material.



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**Table of Contents**

to our financial statements. Our exposure to loss from entities in which we have made seed investments is limited to the extent of our investment in, or investment commitment to, such entities. See *Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates Investments* above for more information regarding our investments.

Generally, when the Company initially invests to seed an investment entity, the Company is the majority owner of the entity. Our majority ownership in seed investment entities represents a controlling interest, except when we are the general partner in such entities and the third-party investors have the right to replace the general partner. To the extent material, we consolidate seed investment entities in which we own a controlling interest, and we would deconsolidate any such entity when we no longer have a controlling interest in such entity.

**Risk Management*****Investments***

The Company has investments in a variety of asset classes, primarily debt and equity securities, and interests in alternative investments, debt, equity and private equity funds. The Company makes investments primarily to seed strategies in our Asset Management business or to reduce exposure arising from LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements. The Company measures its net economic exposure to market and other risks arising from investments that it owns, excluding (i) investments held in connection with LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, (ii) investments in funds owned entirely by the noncontrolling interest holders of certain acquired entities and (iii) interest-bearing deposits over 90 days that allow daily withdrawals without principal penalties.

Risk sensitivities include the effects of economic hedging. For equity market price risk, investment portfolios and their corresponding hedges are beta-adjusted to the All-Country World equity index. Fair value and sensitivity measurements presented herein are based on various portfolio exposures at a particular point in time and may not be representative of future results. Risk exposures may change as a result of ongoing portfolio activities and changing market conditions, among other things.

**Equity Market Price Risk** At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's exposure to equity market price risk in its investment portfolio, which primarily relates to investments in equity securities, equity funds and hedge funds, was approximately \$112 million and \$129 million, respectively. The Company hedges market exposure arising from a significant portion of our equity investment portfolios by entering into total return swaps. The Company estimates that a hypothetical 10% adverse change in market prices would result in a net decrease of approximately \$1.8 million and \$1.8 million in the carrying value of such investments as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, including the effect of the hedging transactions.

**Interest Rate/Credit Spread Risk** At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's exposure to interest rate and credit spread risk in its investment portfolio related to investments in debt securities or funds which invest primarily in debt securities was \$50 million and \$50 million, respectively. The Company hedges market exposure arising from a portion of our debt investment portfolios by entering into total return swaps. The Company estimates that a hypothetical 100 basis point adverse change in interest rates or credit spreads would result in a decrease of approximately \$0.9 million and \$0.8 million in the carrying value of such investments as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, including the effect of the hedging transactions.

**Foreign Exchange Rate Risk** At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's exposure to foreign exchange rate risk in its investment portfolio, which primarily relates to investments in foreign currency denominated equity and debt securities, was \$56 million and \$64 million, respectively. A significant portion of the Company's foreign currency exposure related to our equity and debt investment portfolios is hedged through the aforementioned total return swaps. The Company estimates that a 10% adverse change in foreign exchange rates versus the U.S. dollar would result in a decrease of approximately \$1.3 million and \$1.0 million in the carrying value of such investments as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, including the effect of the hedging transactions.

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## **Table of Contents**

**Private Equity** The Company invests in private equity primarily as a part of its co-investment activities and in connection with certain legacy businesses. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company's exposure to changes in fair value of such investments was approximately \$88 million and \$84 million, respectively. The Company estimates that a hypothetical 10% adverse change in fair value would result in a decrease of approximately \$8.8 million and \$8.4 million in the carrying value of such investments as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

### ***Risks Related to Receivables***

We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts to provide coverage for probable losses from our receivables. We determine the adequacy of the allowance by estimating the probability of loss based on our analysis of the client's creditworthiness, among other things, and specifically provide for exposures where we determine the receivables are impaired. At June 30, 2016, total receivables amounted to \$495 million, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$14 million. As of that date, Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees, and customers and other receivables comprised 81% and 19% of total receivables, respectively. At December 31, 2015, total receivables amounted to \$497 million, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$13 million. As of that date, Financial Advisory and Asset Management fees, and customers and other receivables comprised 85% and 15% of total receivables, respectively. At both June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had receivables past due or deemed uncollectible of approximately \$20 million. See also **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates Revenue Recognition** above and Note 3 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding receivables.

LFB engages in lending activities, including commitments to extend credit (primarily for clients of LFG). At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, customer receivables included \$44 million and \$38 million of LFB loans, respectively, with such loans being fully collateralized and closely monitored for counterparty creditworthiness.

### ***Credit Concentrations***

To reduce the exposure to concentrations of credit, the Company monitors large exposures to individual counterparties.

### ***Risks Related to Derivatives***

Lazard enters into forward foreign currency exchange contracts and interest rate swaps to hedge exposures to currency exchange rates and interest rates and uses total return swap contracts on various equity and debt indices to hedge a portion of its market exposure with respect to certain seed investments related to our Asset Management business. Derivative contracts are recorded at fair value. Derivative assets amounted to \$1 million at both June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and derivative liabilities, excluding the derivative liability arising from the Company's obligation pertaining to LFI and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, amounted to \$9 million and \$2 million at such respective dates.

The Company also records derivative liabilities relating to its obligations pertaining to LFI awards and other similar deferred compensation arrangements, the fair value of which is based on the value of the underlying investments, adjusted for estimated forfeitures. Changes in the fair value of the derivative liabilities are equally offset by the changes in the fair value of investments which are expected to be delivered upon settlement of LFI awards. Derivative liabilities relating to LFI amounted to \$177 million and \$194 million at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

### ***Risks Related to Cash and Cash Equivalents and Corporate Indebtedness***

A significant portion of the Company's indebtedness has fixed interest rates, while its cash and cash equivalents generally have market interest rates. Based on account balances as of June 30, 2016, Lazard estimates that its annual operating income relating to cash and cash equivalents would increase by approximately \$6 million in the event interest rates were to increase by 1% and decrease by approximately \$6 million if rates were to decrease by 1%.

## **Table of Contents**

As of June 30, 2016, the Company's cash and cash equivalents totaled approximately \$646 million. Substantially all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents were invested in (i) highly liquid institutional money market funds (a significant majority of which were invested solely in U.S. Government or agency money market funds), (ii) in short-term interest bearing and non-interest bearing accounts at a number of leading banks throughout the world, and (iii) in short-term certificates of deposit from such banks. Cash and cash equivalents are constantly monitored. On a regular basis, management reviews its investment profile as well as the credit profile of its list of depositor banks in order to adjust any deposit or investment thresholds as necessary.

## **Operational Risk**

Operational risk is inherent in all our business and may, for example, manifest itself in the form of errors, breaches in the system of internal controls, employee misconduct, business interruptions, fraud, including fraud perpetrated by third parties, or legal actions due to operating deficiencies or noncompliance. The Company maintains a framework including policies and a system of internal controls designed to monitor and manage operational risk and provide management with timely and accurate information. Management within each of the operating companies is primarily responsible for its operational risk programs. The Company has in place business continuity and disaster recovery programs that manage its capabilities to provide services in the case of a disruption. We purchase insurance policies designed to help protect the Company against accidental loss and losses that may significantly affect our financial objectives, personnel, property or our ability to continue to meet our responsibilities to our various stakeholder groups.

## **Recent Accounting Developments**

For a discussion of recently issued accounting developments and their impact or potential impact on Lazard's consolidated financial statements, see Note 2 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk Risk Management**

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk are included under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Risk Management."

## **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are effective to ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In addition, no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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**Table of Contents**

**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

The Company is involved from time to time in judicial, regulatory and arbitration proceedings and inquiries concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of our businesses, including proceedings initiated by former employees alleging wrongful termination. The Company reviews such matters on a case-by-case basis and establishes any required accrual if a loss is probable and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company experiences significant variation in its revenue and earnings on a quarterly basis. Accordingly, the results of any pending matter or matters could be significant when compared to the Company's earnings in any particular fiscal quarter. The Company believes, however, based on currently available information, that the results of any pending matters, in the aggregate, will not have a material effect on its business or financial condition.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Except for the updated risk factors set forth below, there were no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (our Form 10-K ) and the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016.

**Uncertainty regarding the outcome of future arrangements between the European Union and the United Kingdom may adversely affect our business.**

The Company has a significant presence in many European Union countries, including the United Kingdom. On June 23, 2016, the U.K. voted in favor of a referendum to leave the European Union. At the time that the U.K. ultimately leaves the European Union, the commercial, regulatory and legal environment that would exist, and to which the Company's U.K. operations would be subject, would be impacted by the nature of arrangements that are yet to be determined between the U.K and the European Union. These arrangements are hard to predict, and uncertainty regarding their outcome may continue for a significant period of time. The Company currently does not believe that any of the potential arrangements that are likely to be agreed would have a material adverse impact on the Company's business. These potential arrangements may, however, result in certain changes in the way that we conduct our businesses, which could result in increased costs. In addition, the result of the referendum and the uncertainty it produced has impacted geopolitical perspectives and macroeconomic factors including interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and equity markets, and it has increased volatility in many of the markets in which we operate. If these conditions continue or if current conditions worsen, our businesses may be adversely affected, which may materially impact our financial position and results of operations. See Item 1A. Risk Factors Difficult market conditions can adversely affect our business in many ways, including by reducing the volume of transactions involving our Financial Advisory business and reducing the value or performance of the assets we manage in our Asset Management business, which, in each case, could materially reduce our revenue or income and adversely affect our financial position in our Form 10-K.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

**Table of Contents****Issuer Repurchases of Equity Securities**

The following table sets forth information regarding Lazard's purchases of its Class A common stock on a monthly basis during the second quarter of 2016. Share repurchases are recorded on a trade date basis.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
<b>April 1 – April 30, 2016</b>				
Share Repurchase Program (1)	1,408,054	\$36.53	1,408,054	\$284.8 million
Employee Transactions (2)	52,205	\$34.96		
<b>May 1 – May 31, 2016</b>				
Share Repurchase Program (1)	872,105	\$34.16	872,105	\$255.0 million
Employee Transactions (2)	8,143	\$33.78		
<b>June 1 – June 30, 2016</b>				
Share Repurchase Program (1)	941,362	\$32.25	941,362	\$224.6 million
Employee Transactions (2)	46,000	\$34.99		
<b>Total</b>				
Share Repurchase Program (1)	3,221,521	\$34.64	3,221,521	\$224.6 million
Employee Transactions (2)	106,348	\$34.88		

- (1) During the six months ended June 30, 2016 and since 2013, the Board of Directors of Lazard authorized the repurchase of Class A common stock as set forth in the table below.

Date	Repurchase Authorization	Expiration
October 2013	\$ 100,000	December 31, 2015
April 2014	\$ 200,000	December 31, 2015
February 2015	\$ 150,000	December 31, 2016
January 2016	\$ 200,000	December 31, 2017
April, 2016	\$ 113,182	December 31, 2017

The share repurchase program is used primarily to offset a portion of the shares that have been or will be issued under the 2008 Plan and the 2005 Plan. Purchases under the share repurchase program may be made in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. The rate at which the Company purchases shares in connection with the share repurchase program may vary from quarter to quarter due to a variety of factors. Amounts shown in this line item include repurchases of Class A common stock and exclude the shares of Class A common stock withheld by the Company to meet the minimum statutory tax withholding requirements as described below.

- (2) Under the terms of the 2008 Plan and the 2005 Plan, which expired in the second quarter of 2015, upon the vesting of RSUs, PRSUs and delivery of restricted Class A common stock, shares of Class A common stock may be withheld by the Company to meet the minimum statutory tax withholding requirements. During the three month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company satisfied such obligations in lieu of issuing (i) 54,754 shares of Class A common stock upon the vesting of 133,702 RSUs and (ii) 51,594 shares of Class A common stock upon the vesting of 102,347 shares of restricted Class A common stock.



**Table of Contents**

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**  
None.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**  
Not applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information**  
None.

**Table of Contents**

**PART IV**

**Item 6. Exhibits**

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation and Memorandum of Association of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on March 21, 2005).
- 3.2 Certificate of Incorporation in Change of Name of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on March 21, 2005).
- 3.3 Amended and Restated Bye-Laws of Lazard Ltd (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on June 16, 2005).
- 3.4 First Amendment to Amended and Restated Bye-Laws of Lazard Ltd (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 9, 2008).
- 3.5 Second Amendment to the Amended and Restated Bye-Laws of Lazard Ltd (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 30, 2010).
- 4.1 Form of Specimen Certificate for Class A common stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on April 11, 2005).
- 4.2 Indenture, dated as of May 10, 2005, by and between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York, as Trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Lazard Group LLC's Registration Statement (File No. 333-126751) on Form S-4 filed on July 21, 2005).
- 4.3 Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 21, 2007, between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on June 22, 2007).
- 4.4 Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 14, 2013, between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on November 14, 2013).
- 4.5 Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 13, 2015, between Lazard Group LLC and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on February 13, 2015).
- 4.6 Form of Senior Note (included in Exhibits 4.3, 4.4 and 4.5).
- 10.1 Amended and Restated Operating Agreement of Lazard Group LLC, dated as of October 26, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on October 28, 2015).
- 10.2 Second Amended and Restated Tax Receivable Agreement, dated as of October 26, 2015, by and among Ltd Sub A, Ltd Sub B and LTBP Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on October 28, 2015).
- 10.3 Lease, dated as of January 27, 1994, by and between Rockefeller Center Properties and Lazard Frères & Co. LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on February 11, 2005).
- 10.4 Amendment dated as of February 16, 2011, by and among RCPI Landmark Properties, L.L.C. (as the successor in interest to Rockefeller Center Properties), RCPI 30 Rock 22234849, L.L.C. and Lazard Group LLC (as the successor in interest to Lazard Frères & Co. LLC), to the Lease dated as of

**Table of Contents**

January 27, 1994, by and among Rockefeller Center Properties and Lazard Frères & Co. LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 29, 2011).

10.5 Occupational Lease, dated as of August 9, 2002, by and among Burford (Stratton) Nominee 1 Limited, Burford (Stratton) Nominee 2 Limited, Burford (Stratton) Limited, Lazard & Co., Limited and Lazard LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on February 11, 2005).

10.6\* Lazard Ltd 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Registrant's Registration Statement (File No. 333-121407) on Form S-1/A filed on May 2, 2005).

10.7\* Lazard Ltd 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Annex B to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A (File No. 001-32492) filed on March 24, 2008).

10.8\* Lazard Ltd 2016 French Sub-plan (incorporated by reference to Annex B to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A (File No. 001-32492) filed on March 10, 2016).

10.9\* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 9, 2016, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Kenneth M. Jacobs (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 27, 2016).

10.10\* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 9, 2016, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Ashish Bhutani (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 27, 2016).

10.11\* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 9, 2016, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Matthieu Bucaille (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 27, 2016).

10.12\* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 9, 2016, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Scott D. Hoffman (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 27, 2016).

10.13\* Amended and Restated Agreement relating to Retention and Noncompetition and Other Covenants, dated as of March 9, 2016, by and among the Registrant, Lazard Group LLC and Alexander F. Stern (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on April 27, 2016).

10.14\* Form of Award Letter for Annual Grant of Deferred Stock Units to Non-Executive Directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-32492) filed on September 8, 2005).

10.15\* Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Restricted Stock Units to Executive Officers under the 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.41 to the Registrant's Annual Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-K filed on March 2, 2009).

10.16\* Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Deferred Cash Award to Executive Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.42 to the Registrant's Annual Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-K filed on March 2, 2009).

10.17\* Directors' Fee Deferral Unit Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.39 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 11, 2006).

**Table of Contents**

10.18	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of September 25, 2015, among Lazard Group LLC, the Banks from time to time parties thereto, and Citibank, N.A., as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on October 28, 2015).
10.19*	Form of Agreement evidencing a grant of Lazard Fund Interests to Named Executive Officers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.55 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2013).
10.20*	Form of Agreement evidencing a February 20, 2014 grant of Performance-Based Stock Units under the 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.55 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed May 6, 2014).
10.21*	Agreement between the Company and Kenneth M. Jacobs, dated as of February 20, 2014, evidencing a grant of Performance-Based Stock Units under the 2008 Incentive Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.56 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report (File No. 001-32492) on Form 10-Q filed on May 6, 2014).
12.1	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Kenneth M. Jacobs.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Matthieu Bucaille.
32.1	Section 1350 Certification for Kenneth M. Jacobs.
32.2	Section 1350 Certification for Matthieu Bucaille.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

\* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

**Table of Contents**

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 1, 2016

LAZARD LTD

By: /s/ Matthieu Bucaille  
Name: Matthieu Bucaille  
Title: Chief Financial Officer

By: /s/ Dominick Ragone  
Name: Dominick Ragone  
Title: Chief Accounting Officer