

EVERTEC, Inc.
Form 10-Q
November 06, 2014
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

or

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 001-35872

EVERTEC, Inc.

(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

Puerto Rico
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

66-0783622
(I.R.S. employer
identification number)

Cupey Center Building, Road 176, Kilometer 1.3,

San Juan, Puerto Rico
(Address of principal executive offices)

00926
(Zip Code)

(787) 759-9999

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

At October 31, 2014, there were 77,972,633 outstanding shares of common stock of EVERTEC, Inc.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of, and subject to the protection of, the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as believes, expects, may, estimates, will, should, plans or anticipates negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy. Readers are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and may involve significant risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may vary materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Among the factors that significantly impact our business and could impact our business in the future are:

our reliance on our relationship with Popular, Inc. (Popular) for a significant portion of our revenue and with Banco Popular de Puerto Rico (Banco Popular), Popular s principal banking subsidiary, to grow our Merchant Acquiring business;

our ability to renew our client contracts on terms favorable to us;

the effectiveness of our risk management procedures;

our dependence on our processing systems, technology infrastructure, security systems and fraudulent payment detection systems, as well as on our personnel and certain third parties with whom we do business;

the risk that our technology infrastructure and systems may experience breakdowns or fail to prevent security breaches or fraudulent transfers;0020

our ability to develop, install and adopt new software, technology and computing systems;

a decreased client base due to consolidations and failures in the financial services industry;

the credit risk of our merchant clients, for which we may also be liable;

the continuing market position of the ATH network despite competition and potential shifts in consumer payment preferences;

our dependence on credit card associations, including any adverse changes in credit card association or network rules or fees;

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regulatory limitations on our activities due to our relationship with Popular and our role as a service provider to financial institutions;

changes in the regulatory environment and changes in international, legal, political, administrative or economic conditions;

the geographical concentration of our business in Puerto Rico;

operating an international business in multiple regions with potential political and economic instability, including Latin America;

operating in countries and with counterparties that put us at risk of violating U.S. sanctions laws;

our ability to execute our geographic expansion and acquisition strategies;

our ability to protect our intellectual property rights against infringement and to defend ourselves against claims of infringement brought by third parties;

our ability to recruit and retain the qualified personnel necessary to operate our business;

our ability to comply with U.S. federal, state, local and foreign regulatory requirements;

evolving industry standards and adverse changes in global economic, political and other conditions;

our high level of indebtedness and restrictions contained in our debt agreements, including the senior secured credit facilities, as well as debt that could be incurred in the future;

our ability to generate sufficient cash to service our indebtedness and to generate future profits; and

other factors discussed in this Report, including in the section entitled "Risk Factors."

These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements. The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to update any of the forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements except as required by the federal securities laws.

Investors should refer to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 Form 10-K") for a discussion of factors that could cause events to differ from those suggested by the forward-looking statements, including factors set forth in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

Condition and Results of Operations .

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. (Unaudited) Consolidated Balance Sheets****(Dollar amounts in thousands, except for share information)**

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 29,226	\$ 22,485
Restricted cash	6,126	5,433
Accounts receivable, net	68,969	68,434
Deferred tax asset	3,378	2,537
Prepaid expenses and other assets	21,880	17,524
Total current assets	129,579	116,413
Investment in equity investee	11,492	10,639
Property and equipment, net	29,482	33,240
Goodwill	369,304	373,119
Other intangible assets, net	338,248	367,780
Other long-term assets	12,335	18,162
Total assets	\$ 890,440	\$ 919,353
Liabilities and stockholders equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accrued liabilities	\$ 26,023	\$ 26,571
Accounts payable	14,748	18,630
Unearned income	8,866	5,595
Income tax payable	1,945	259
Current portion of long-term debt	19,000	19,000
Short-term borrowings	8,000	51,200
Deferred tax liability, net	350	543
Total current liabilities	78,932	121,798
Long-term debt	652,102	665,680
Long-term deferred tax liability, net	20,308	20,212
Other long-term liabilities	238	333
Total liabilities	751,580	808,023
Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Stockholders equity		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01; 2,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	787	783

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Common stock, par value \$0.01; 206,000,000 shares authorized; 78,672,101 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013-78,286,465)

Additional paid-in capital	83,296	80,718
Accumulated earnings	60,924	29,403
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(6,147)	426
Total stockholders' equity	138,860	111,330
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 890,440	\$ 919,353

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. (Unaudited) Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)****(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share information)**

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues				
Merchant Acquiring, net	\$ 19,227	\$ 18,211	\$ 58,345	\$ 53,835
Payment Processing (from affiliates: \$7,192, \$7,338, \$21,599 and \$21,846)	25,611	24,731	77,019	73,128
Business Solutions (from affiliates: \$33,688, \$33,500, \$101,289 and \$102,996)	43,804	44,472	131,609	136,965
Total revenues	88,642	87,414	266,973	263,928
Operating costs and expenses				
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below	38,625	38,903	115,109	121,176
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7,104	8,990	25,629	30,477
Depreciation and amortization	16,453	17,657	49,457	53,074
Total operating costs and expenses	62,182	65,550	190,195	204,727
Income from operations	26,460	21,864	76,778	59,201
Non-operating (expenses) income				
Interest income	91	54	245	147
Interest expense	(6,370)	(6,403)	(19,780)	(31,414)
Earnings of equity method investment	241	198	905	823
Other income (expenses):				
Loss on extinguishment of debt				(58,464)
Termination of consulting agreements				(16,718)
Other income (expenses)	(249)	448	2,127	(1,838)
Total other income (expenses)	(249)	448	2,127	(77,020)
Total non-operating (expenses) income	(6,287)	(5,703)	(16,503)	(107,464)
Income (loss) before income taxes	20,173	16,161	60,275	(48,263)
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,082	1,358	5,205	(3,603)
Net income (loss)	19,091	14,803	55,070	(44,660)

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Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax of \$4, \$11, \$57 and \$29 Foreign currency translation adjustments	378	(210)	(6,573)	1,750
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 19,469	\$ 14,593	\$ 48,497	\$ (42,910)
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.70	\$ (0.57)
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.70	\$ (0.57)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. (Unaudited) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders Equity****(Dollar amounts in thousands, except share information)**

	Number of Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders Equity
Balance at December 31, 2013	78,286,465	\$ 783	\$ 80,718	\$ 29,403	\$ 426	\$ 111,330
Share-based compensation recognized			1,314			1,314
Tax windfall benefit on exercises of stock options			1,937			1,937
Stock options exercised, net of cashless exercise	385,636	4	(694)			(690)
Dividend ⁽¹⁾			21			21
Net income				55,070		55,070
Cash dividends declared on common stock				(23,549)		(23,549)
Other comprehensive loss					(6,573)	(6,573)
Balance at September 30, 2014	78,672,101	\$ 787	\$ 83,296	\$ 60,924	\$ (6,147)	\$ 138,860

(1) Related to dividend declared in 2012 and accrued upon vesting of stock options. Such options were forfeited during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. (Unaudited) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****(Dollar amounts in thousands)**

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ 55,070	\$ (44,660)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	49,457	53,074
Amortization of debt issue costs and premium and accretion of discount	2,315	3,136
Write-off of debt issue costs, premium and discount accounted as loss on extinguishment		16,555
Provision for doubtful accounts and sundry losses	1,102	954
Deferred tax benefit	(1,486)	(6,723)
Share-based compensation	1,314	5,719
Unrealized loss (gain) of indemnification assets	459	(21)
Loss on disposition of property and equipment and other intangibles	23	30
Earnings of equity method investment	(905)	(823)
Dividend received from equity method investment	326	500
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Accounts receivable, net	309	9,035
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(4,283)	(2,591)
Other long-term assets	2,497	(1,928)
(Decrease) increase in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(7,357)	(18,485)
Income tax payable	1,686	(2,713)
Unearned income	3,271	2,625
Total adjustments	48,728	58,344
Net cash provided by operating activities	103,798	13,684
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net increase in restricted cash	(693)	(157)
Intangible assets acquired	(9,100)	(9,591)
Property and equipment acquired	(7,463)	(7,380)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	44	16
Net cash used in investing activities	(17,212)	(17,112)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from initial public offering, net of offering costs of \$12,567		112,369
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		700,000
	(1,004)	(16,704)

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Statutory minimum withholding taxes paid on cashless exercises of stock options			
Debt issuance costs			(12,077)
Net decrease in short-term borrowing	(42,000)		(22,663)
Proceeds from short-term borrowing for purchase of equipment			1,800
Repayment of short-term borrowing for purchase of equipment	(1,200)		
Dividends paid	(23,547)		(8,192)
Tax windfall benefits on exercises of stock options	1,937		1,627
Issuance of common stock, net	314		91
Repayment of other financing agreement	(95)		(224)
Repayment of long-term debt	(14,250)		(750,273)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(79,845)		5,754
Net increase in cash		6,741	2,326
Cash at beginning of the period		22,485	25,634
Cash at end of the period		\$ 29,226	\$ 27,960
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:			
Dividend declared not received from equity method investment		\$ 326	\$ 500
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(6,573)		1,750
Trade payable due to vendor related to software acquired			2,903

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

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EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 The Company and Basis of Presentation

The Company

EVERTEC, Inc. (formerly known as Carib Latam Holdings, Inc.) and its subsidiaries (collectively the Company, or EVERTEC) is the leading full-service transaction processing business in Latin America and the Caribbean. The Company is based in Puerto Rico and provides a broad range of merchant acquiring, payment processing and business process management services across 19 countries in the region. EVERTEC owns and operates the ATH network, one of the leading automated teller machine (ATM) and personal identification number (PIN) debit networks in Latin America. In addition, EVERTEC provides a comprehensive suite of services for core bank processing, cash processing and technology outsourcing in the regions the Company serves. EVERTEC serves a broad and diversified customer base of leading financial institutions, merchants, corporations and government agencies with mission-critical technology solutions that are essential to their operations, enabling them to issue, process and accept transactions securely. Management believes that the Company s business is well-positioned to continue to expand across the fast-growing Latin American region.

On April 13, 2012, EVERTEC was formed in order to act as the new parent company of EVERTEC Intermediate Holdings, LLC (formerly known as Carib Holdings, LLC and Carib Holdings, Inc., hereinafter Holdings) and its subsidiaries, including EVERTEC Group, LLC (formerly known as EVERTEC, LLC and EVERTEC, Inc., hereinafter EVERTEC Group). The Company s subsidiaries include Holdings, EVERTEC Group, EVERTEC Dominicana SAS, EVERTEC Panamá, S.A., EVERTEC Costa Rica, S.A. (EVERTEC CR), EVERTEC Guatemala, S.A. and EVERTEC México Servicios de Procesamiento, S.A. de C.V.

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of EVERTEC have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted from these statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC and, accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2013, included in the Company s 2013 Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements, prepared in accordance with GAAP, contain all adjustments, all of which are normal and recurring in nature, necessary for a fair presentation. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the September 30, 2013 unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes to conform with the presentation in 2014.

Stock Repurchase Plan

On September 24, 2014, the Company announced that the Board of Directors (the Board) had approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the purchase of up to \$75 million of the Company's common stock over the next 12 months. Under the stock repurchase program, the Company may repurchase its common stock from time to time, in amounts, at prices, and at such times as the Company deems appropriate, subject to market conditions and other considerations. The Company's repurchases may be executed using open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, accelerated share repurchase programs or other transactions, any of which may be enacted immediately following the Board's approval of the stock repurchase program. The Company intends to fund repurchases under the stock repurchase program from cash on hand and available borrowings under its existing credit facility, as necessary. The stock repurchase program does not obligate the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares and may be suspended or terminated at any time without prior notice. For the period ended September 30, 2014, the Company did not repurchase any shares under this program.

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 2 Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) has issued the following accounting pronouncements and guidance relevant to the Company's operations:

In August 2014, the FASB issued updated guidance relating to disclosures for uncertainties about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. The amendments require management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles that are currently in U.S. auditing standards. Specifically, the amendments (1) provide a definition of the term *substantial doubt*, (2) require an evaluation every reporting period including interim periods, (3) provide principles for considering the mitigating effect of management's plans, (4) require certain disclosures when substantial doubt is alleviated as a result of consideration of management's plans, (5) require an express statement and other disclosures when substantial doubt is not alleviated, and (6) require an assessment for a period of one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). The amendments in this Update are effective for annual reporting periods ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The Company does not expect this guidance to have an impact on the financial statements when adopted.

Note 3 Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consists of the following:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Useful life in years	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Buildings	30	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,726
Data processing equipment	3 - 5	73,199	68,273
Furniture and equipment	3 - 20	8,200	6,385
Leasehold improvements	5 - 10	2,896	2,880
		85,895	79,264
Less - accumulated depreciation and amortization		(57,832)	(47,555)
Depreciable assets, net		28,063	31,709
Land		1,419	1,531
Property and equipment, net		\$ 29,482	\$ 33,240

Depreciation and amortization expense related to property and equipment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 amounted to \$3.8 million and \$11.5 million, respectively, compared to \$4.1 million and \$12.2 million, respectively, for the same periods in 2013.

Note 4 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, allocated by reportable segments, were as follows (See Note 12):

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Merchant Acquiring, net	Payment Processing	Business Solutions	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 138,121	\$ 187,622	\$ 47,376	\$ 373,119
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(2,906)	(909)	(3,815)
Balance at September 30, 2014	\$ 138,121	\$ 184,716	\$ 46,467	\$ 369,304

Goodwill is tested for impairment at least annually, or more often if events or circumstances indicate there may be impairment, using the qualitative assessment option or step zero process. Using this process, the Company first assesses whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount.

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**

During the third quarter of 2014, the Company completed the qualitative assessment described above and determined that there were no impairment losses to be recognized during the period. There were no triggering events or changes in circumstances that subsequent to the impairment test would have required an additional impairment evaluation. As part of the Company's qualitative assessment, EVERTEC considered the results for the 2011 impairment test (which indicated that the fair value of each reporting unit was in excess of 30% of its carrying amount) as well as current market conditions and changes in the carrying amount of the Company's reporting units that occurred subsequent to the 2011 impairment test.

The carrying amount of other intangible assets at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		September 30, 2014		
	Useful life in years	Gross amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	14	\$ 312,811	\$ (89,909)	\$ 222,902
Trademark	10 - 15	39,950	(13,856)	26,094
Software packages	3 - 10	129,249	(81,459)	47,790
Non-compete agreement	15	56,539	(15,077)	41,462
Other intangible assets, net		\$ 538,549	\$ (200,301)	\$ 338,248

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		December 31, 2013		
	Useful life in years	Gross amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Customer relationships	14	\$ 314,036	\$ (73,180)	\$ 240,856
Trademark	10 - 15	39,950	(11,258)	28,692
Software packages	3 - 10	119,598	(65,655)	53,943
Non-compete agreement	15	56,539	(12,250)	44,289
Other intangible assets, net		\$ 530,123	\$ (162,343)	\$ 367,780

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded amortization expense related to other intangibles of \$12.7 million and \$37.9 million, respectively, compared to \$13.6 million and \$40.9 million for the corresponding 2013 periods.

The estimated amortization expense of the balances outstanding at September 30, 2014 for the next five years is as follows:

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Remaining 2014	\$ 12,358
2015	46,588
2016	36,228
2017	33,237
2018	31,377
2019	30,609

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 5 Debt and Short-Term Borrowings**

Total debt as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was as follows:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Senior Secured Credit Facility (Term A) due on April 17, 2018 paying interest at a variable interest rate (London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus applicable margin ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾)	\$ 280,968	\$ 292,153
Senior Secured Credit Facility (Term B) due on April 17, 2020 paying interest at a variable interest rate (LIBOR plus applicable margin ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾)	390,134	392,527
Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility expiring on April 17, 2018 paying interest at a variable interest rate	8,000	50,000
Other short-term borrowing		1,200
Total debt	\$ 679,102	\$ 735,880

(1) Applicable margin of 2.50% at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

(2) Subject to a minimum rate (LIBOR floor) of 0.75% plus applicable margin of 2.75% at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

(3) Includes unamortized discount.

On April 17, 2013, EVERTEC Group entered into a credit agreement (the 2013 Credit Agreement) governing the senior secured credit facilities, consisting of a \$300.0 million term loan A facility (the Term A Loan) which matures on April 17, 2018, a \$400.0 million term loan B facility (the Term B Loan) which matures on April 17, 2020 and a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility which matures on April 17, 2018.

Term A Loan

As of September 30, 2014, the unpaid principal balance of the Term A Loan was \$281.3 million. The Term A Loan requires principal payments on the last business day of each quarter equal to (a) 1.250% of the original principal amount commencing on September 30, 2013 through June 30, 2016; (b) 1.875% of the original principal amount from September 30, 2016 through June 30, 2017; (c) 2.50% of the original principal amount from September 30, 2017 through March 31, 2018; and (d) the remaining outstanding principal amount on the maturity of the Term A Loan on April 17, 2018. Interest is based on EVERTEC Group's first lien secured net leverage ratio and payable at a rate equal

to, at the Company's option, either (a) LIBOR plus an applicable margin ranging from 2.00% to 2.50%, or (b) Base Rate, as defined in the 2013 Credit Agreement, plus an applicable margin ranging from 1.00% to 1.50%. Term A Loan has no LIBOR or Base Rate minimum or floor.

Term B Loan

As of September 30, 2014, the unpaid principal balance of the Term B Loan was \$395.0 million. The Term B Loan requires principal payments on the last business day of each quarter equal to 0.250% of the original principal amount commencing on September 30, 2013 and the remaining outstanding principal amount on the maturity of the Term B Loan on April 17, 2020. Interest is based on EVERTEC Group's first lien secured net leverage ratio and payable at a rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) LIBOR plus an applicable margin ranging from 2.50% to 2.75%, or (b) Base Rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 1.50% to 1.75%. The LIBOR and Base Rate are subject to floors of 0.75% and 1.75%, respectively.

Revolving Credit Facility

The revolving credit facility has an available balance up to \$100.0 million, with an interest rate on loans calculated the same as the applicable Term A Loan rate. The facility matures on April 17, 2018 and has a commitment fee payable one business day after the last business day of each quarter calculated based on the daily unused commitment during the preceding quarter. The commitment fee for the unused portion of this facility ranges from 0.125% to 0.375% and is based on EVERTEC Group's first lien secured net leverage ratio.

The senior secured credit facilities contain various restrictive covenants. The Term A Loan and the revolving credit facility (subject to certain exceptions) require us to maintain on a quarterly basis a specified maximum senior secured leverage ratio of up to 6.60 to 1.00 as defined in the 2013 Credit Agreement (total first lien secured debt to adjusted EBITDA). In addition, the 2013 Credit Agreement,

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among other things: (a) limits our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, incur liens, pay dividends or make certain other restricted payments and enter into certain transactions with affiliates; (b) restricts our ability to enter into agreements that would limit the ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or make certain payments to us; and (c) places restrictions on our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to merge or consolidate with any other person or sell, assign, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets. As of September 30, 2014, the Company was in compliance with the applicable restrictive covenants under the 2013 Credit Agreement.

Note 6 Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements*Recurring Fair Value Measurements*

Fair value measurement provisions establish a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. These provisions describe three levels of input that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The Company uses observable inputs when available. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices when available. If market prices are not available, the Company may employ internally-developed models that mostly use market-based inputs including yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, and credit curves, among others. The Company limits valuation adjustments to those deemed necessary to ensure that the financial instrument's fair value adequately represents the price that would be received or paid in the marketplace. Valuation adjustments may include consideration of counterparty credit quality and liquidity as well as other criteria. The estimated fair value amounts are subjective in nature and may involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment for certain financial instruments. Changes in the underlying assumptions used in estimating fair value could affect the results. The fair value measurement levels are not indicative of risk of investment.

The following table summarizes fair value measurements by level at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
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September 30, 2014

Financial assets:

Indemnification assets:

Software cost reimbursement	\$	\$	\$ 1,632	\$ 1,632
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December 31, 2013

Financial assets:

Indemnification assets:

Software cost reimbursement	\$	\$	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,586
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The fair value of financial instruments is the amount at which an asset or obligation could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced liquidation sale. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on the type of financial instrument and relevant market information. Many of these estimates involve various assumptions and may vary significantly from amounts that could be realized in actual transactions.

For those financial instruments with no quoted market prices available, fair values have been estimated using present value calculations or other valuation techniques, as well as management's best judgment with respect to current economic conditions, including discount rates and estimates of future cash flows.

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Indemnification assets include the present value of the expected future cash flows of certain expense reimbursement agreements with Popular. These contracts have termination dates up to September 2015 and were entered into in connection with the merger transaction completed on September 30, 2010 (the Merger). Management prepared estimates of the expected reimbursements to be received from Popular until the termination of the contracts, discounted the estimated future cash flows and recorded the indemnification assets as of the Merger closing date. Payments received during the quarters reduced the indemnification asset balance. The remaining balance was adjusted to reflect its fair value as of September 30, 2014, therefore resulting in a net unrealized loss of approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and a net unrealized gain of approximately \$2,000 and \$21,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, which are reflected within the other expenses caption in the unaudited consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss). The current portion of the indemnification assets is included within accounts receivable, net, and the other long-term portion is included within other long-term assets in the accompanying unaudited consolidated balance sheets.

The unobservable inputs related to the Company's indemnification assets as of September 30, 2014 using the discounted cash flow model include the discount rate of 5.53% and the projected cash flows of \$1.6 million.

For indemnification assets a significant increase or decrease in market rates or cash flows could result in a significant change to the fair value. Also, the credit rating and/or the non-performance credit risk of Popular, which is subjective in nature, also could increase or decrease the sensitivity of the fair value of these assets.

The following table presents the carrying value, as applicable, and estimated fair values for financial instruments at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial assets:				
Indemnification assets:				
Software cost reimbursement	\$ 1,632	\$ 1,632	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,586
Financial liabilities:				
Senior secured term loan A	\$ 280,968	\$ 276,913	\$ 292,153	\$ 284,091
Senior secured term loan B	390,134	387,922	392,527	387,055

The fair value of the senior secured term loans at September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were obtained using prices supplied by third party service providers. Their pricing is based on various inputs such as: market quotes, recent trading activity in a non-active market or imputed prices. The pricing inputs also may include the use of an algorithm that could take into account movement in the general high-yield market, among other variants.

The senior secured term loans, which are not measured at fair value in the balance sheets, if measured, could be categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The following table provides a summary of the change in fair value of the Company's Level 3 assets:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Indemnification assets:				
Beginning balance	\$ 2,114	\$ 4,540	\$ 3,586	\$ 6,099
Payments received	(196)	(369)	(1,495)	(1,947)
Unrealized gain (loss) recognized in other expenses	(286)	2	(459)	21
Ending balance	\$ 1,632	\$ 4,173	\$ 1,632	\$ 4,173

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 7 Share-based Compensation**

The following table summarizes stock options activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

	Shares	Weighted-average exercise prices
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	1,285,536	\$ 4.77
Granted	100,000	24.01
Forfeited	31,164	1.30
Exercised	452,999	2.09
Outstanding at September 30, 2014	901,373	\$ 8.36
Exercisable at September 30, 2014	23,374	\$ 1.30

Management uses the fair value method of recording stock-based compensation as described in the guidance for stock compensation in ASC topic 718.

The following table summarizes nonvested restricted shares activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

Nonvested restricted shares	Shares	Weighted-average grant date fair value
Nonvested at December 31, 2013	9,133	\$ 24.64
Vested	9,133	24.64
Granted	11,942	23.03
Nonvested at September 30, 2014	11,942	\$ 23.03

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 the Company recognized compensation expense of \$0.6 million and \$1.3 million, respectively and for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recognized \$0.2 million and \$5.7 million of share-based compensation expense, respectively. As of September 30, 2014, there was \$1.6 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options, which is expected to be recognized over the next 2 years. In addition, for the same period, there was approximately \$0.2 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested shares of restricted stock. That cost is expected to be fully recognized in eight months.

Note 8 Income Tax

The components of income tax expense (benefit) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 consisted of the following:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current tax provision	\$ 2,138	\$ 1,830	\$ 6,691	\$ 3,120
Deferred tax benefit	(1,056)	(472)	(1,486)	(6,723)
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 1,082	\$ 1,358	\$ 5,205	\$ (3,603)

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Company conducts operations in Puerto Rico and certain countries in Latin America. As a result, the income tax expense includes the effect of taxes paid to the Puerto Rico government as well as foreign jurisdictions. The following table presents the components of income tax expense (benefit) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and its segregation based on location of operations:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current tax provision (benefit)				
Puerto Rico	\$ 1,687	\$ 1,456	\$ 3,047	\$ 1,712
United States	(923)	24	(508)	453
Foreign countries	1,374	350	4,152	955
Total current tax provision (benefit)	\$ 2,138	\$ 1,830	\$ 6,691	\$ 3,120
Deferred tax benefit				
Puerto Rico	\$ (518)	\$ (422)	\$ 314	\$ (6,378)
United States	(138)	(1)	(141)	(3)
Foreign countries	(400)	(49)	(1,659)	(342)
Total deferred tax benefit	\$ (1,056)	\$ (472)	\$ (1,486)	\$ (6,723)

Taxes payable to foreign countries by EVERTEC's subsidiaries will be paid by such subsidiary and the corresponding liability and expense will be presented in EVERTEC's consolidated financial statements.

As of September 30, 2014, the gross deferred tax asset amounted to \$10.6 million and the gross deferred tax liability amounted to \$27.9 million, compared with \$13.5 million and \$31.7 million as of December 31, 2013. At September 30, 2014, the recorded value of the Company's net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards was \$7.9 million. The recorded value of the NOL carryforwards is approximately \$6.3 million lower than the total NOL carryforwards available because of a windfall tax benefit. The windfall tax benefit is available to offset future taxable income and is considered an off-balance sheet item until the deduction reduces taxes payable. This windfall tax benefit results from tax deductions that were in excess of previously recorded compensation expense because the fair value of stock options at the time they were granted differed from their fair value when they were exercised. The total gross NOL carryforwards available, including the windfall benefit, amounted to \$47.0 million as of September 30, 2014.

There are no open uncertain tax positions as of September 30, 2014.

Note 9 Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

The reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the income (loss) per common share is as follows:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net income (loss)	\$ 19,091	\$ 14,803	\$ 55,070	\$ (44,660)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	78,666,241	81,905,566	78,485,109	77,890,406
Weighted average potential dilutive common shares ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	550,683	956,972	708,343	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - assuming dilution	79,216,924	82,862,538	79,193,452	77,890,406
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.70	\$ (0.57)
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.70	\$ (0.57)

- (1) Potential common shares consist of common stock issuable under the assumed exercise of stock options and restricted stock awards using the treasury stock method.
- (2) For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, 2,784,779 potential common shares consisting of common stock under the assumed exercise of stock options and restricted stock awards using the treasury stock method were not included in the computation of the diluted net income (loss) per share since their inclusion would have an antidilutive effect.

On February 12, 2014, our Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock, which was paid on March 14, 2014 to stockholders of record as of February 25, 2014. On May 7, 2014, the Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock, which was paid on June 6, 2014 to stockholders of record as of May 19, 2014. On August 6, 2014, the Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock, which was paid on September 5, 2014 to stockholders of record as of August 18, 2014.

Table of Contents**EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements****Note 10 Commitments and Contingencies**

Certain lease agreements contain provisions for future rent increases. The total amount of rental payments due over the lease term is being charged to rent expense on the straight-line method over the term of the lease. The difference between rent expense recorded and the amount paid is recorded as a deferred rent obligation. Total deferred rent obligation as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 amounted to \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, and is included within the accounts receivable, net caption in the accompanying unaudited consolidated balance sheets.

Rent expense of office facilities and real estate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 amounted to \$2.0 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, compared to \$1.7 million and \$5.7 million for the corresponding 2013 periods. Rent expense for telecommunications and other equipment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 amounted to \$1.5 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, compared to \$1.8 million and \$5.3 million for the corresponding 2013 periods.

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may enter into commercial commitments. As of September 30, 2014, EVERTEC has an outstanding letter of credit of \$1.1 million with a maturity of less than three months.

EVERTEC is a defendant in a number of legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Based on the opinion of legal counsel and other factors, management believes that the final disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the business, results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows of the Company. The Company has identified certain claims as a result of which a loss may be incurred, but in the aggregate the loss would be minimal. For other claims regarding which proceedings are in an initial phase, the Company is unable to estimate the range of possible loss but at this time believes that any loss related to such claims will not be material.

Note 11 Related Party Transactions

The following table presents the Company's transactions with related parties for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Total revenues ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$ 40,958	\$ 40,920	\$ 123,128	\$ 125,087
Cost of revenues	\$ 68	\$ 1,570	\$ 687	\$ 6,680
Rent and other fees ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$ 1,999	\$ 1,636	\$ 6,000	\$ 31,708

Interest earned from and charged by affiliate

Interest income	\$	48	\$	25	\$	150	\$	67
Interest expense ⁽⁵⁾	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,471

- (1) Total revenues from Popular as a percentage of revenues were 46%, 46%, 45% and 47% for each of the periods presented above.
- (2) Includes revenues generated from investee accounted for under the equity method of \$0.6 million and \$2.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and \$0.6 million and \$2.3 million for the corresponding 2013 periods.
- (3) Includes management fees to equity sponsors amounting to \$20.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Management fees paid during 2013 include \$16.7 million resulting from the termination of the Consulting Agreements as explained below. It also includes \$5.9 million paid to Popular in connection with the redemption premium on the senior notes during the first half of 2013.
- (4) For the periods presented above, \$2.0 million, \$1.6 million, \$6.0 million and \$9.1 million were recorded as selling, general and administrative expenses, and \$22.6 million was recorded as non-operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.
- (5) Interest expense relates to interest accrued on the senior secured term loan and senior notes held by Popular. As a result of the debt refinancing and the redemption of the senior notes in April 2013, Popular's participation in such debt was extinguished.

On April 17, 2013, EVERTEC entered into a termination agreement with Holdings, EVERTEC Group and Popular and a termination agreement with Holdings, EVERTEC Group and Apollo Management VII, L.P. in connection with our initial public offering in April 2013 (the Termination Agreements). The Termination Agreements terminated the consulting agreements (the Consulting Agreements), each dated September 30, 2010, entered into by Holdings and EVERTEC Group with each of Popular and Apollo Management, pursuant to which Holdings and EVERTEC Group received certain advisory services from each of Popular and Apollo Management. The Consulting Agreements were terminated in their entirety upon payment of termination fees of approximately \$8.5

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million to Apollo Management and \$8.2 million to Popular, in each case, plus any unreimbursed expenses payable in accordance with the terms of the Termination Agreements.

At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, EVERTEC had the following balances arising from transactions with related parties:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Cash and restricted cash deposits in affiliated bank	\$ 18,827	\$ 13,933
Indemnification assets from Popular reimbursement ⁽¹⁾		
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,632	\$ 1,900
Other long-term assets	\$	\$ 1,686
Other due/to from affiliate		
Accounts receivable	\$ 17,717	\$ 18,799
Prepaid expenses and other assets	\$ 1,147	\$ 216
Accounts payable ⁽²⁾	\$ 5,907	\$ 8,886
Unearned income	\$ 7,485	\$ 4,100
Other long-term liabilities ⁽²⁾	\$ 109	\$ 333

⁽¹⁾ Recorded in connection with reimbursements from Popular regarding certain software license fees.

⁽²⁾ Includes an account payable of \$0.2 million and a long-term liability of \$0.3 million for both September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, related to the unvested portion of stock options as a result of the equitable adjustment approved by our Board of Directors on December 18, 2012 that will be payable to executive officers and employees upon vesting of stock options.

At September 30, 2014, EVERTEC Group has a credit facility with Popular for \$3.6 million, on behalf of EVERTEC CR, under which a letter of credit of a similar amount was issued.

Note 12 Segment Information

The Company operates in three business segments: Merchant Acquiring, Payment Processing and Business Solutions.

The Merchant Acquiring segment consists of revenue from services that allow merchants to accept electronic methods of payment. In the Merchant Acquiring segment, revenue includes a discount fee (generally a percentage of the transaction value) and membership fees charged to merchants, debit network fees and rental fees from point of sales (POS) devices and other equipment, net of credit card interchange and assessment fees charged by credit cards associations (such as VISA or MasterCard) or payment networks.

Payment Processing segment revenue comprises income related to providing financial institutions access to the ATH network and other card networks, including related services such as authorization, processing, management and recording of ATM and POS transactions, and ATM management and monitoring. Payment Processing revenue also includes income from card processing services for debit or credit issuers such as credit and debit card processing, authorization and settlement, and fraud monitoring and control services, payment processing services (such as payment and billing products for merchants, businesses and financial institutions) and electronic benefit transfer (EBT), which principally consists of services to the government of Puerto Rico for the delivery of benefits to participants.

For ATH network and processing services, revenue is driven mainly by the number of transactions processed. Revenue is derived mainly from network fees, transaction switching and processing fees, and the leasing of POS devices. For card issuer processing, revenue is mostly dependent upon the number of cardholder accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, the number of cards embossed and other processing services. For EBT services, revenue is derived mainly from the number of beneficiaries on file.

The Business Solutions segment consists of revenue from a full suite of business process management solutions in various product areas, such as core bank processing, network hosting and management, IT professional services, business process outsourcing, item processing, cash processing, and fulfillment. Core bank processing and network services revenues are derived in part from a recurrent fee and from fees based on the number of accounts on file (i.e.; savings or checking accounts, loans, etc.) or computer resources utilized. Revenue from other processing services within the Business Solutions segment is generally volume-based and depend on factors such as the number of accounts processed. In addition, EVERTEC is a reseller of hardware and software products and these resale transactions are generally one-time transactions.

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The Company's business segments are organized based on the nature of products and services. The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews their individual financial information to assess performance and to allocate resources.

The following tables set forth information about the Company's operations by its three business segments for the periods indicated:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Merchant Acquiring, net	Payment Processing	Business Solutions	Other	Total
Three months ended September 30, 2014					
Revenues	19,227	32,255	43,805	(6,645) ⁽¹⁾	88,642
Income from operations	8,518	14,707	12,696	(9,461) ⁽²⁾	26,460
Three months ended September 30, 2013					
Revenues	18,211	32,342	44,472	(7,611) ⁽¹⁾	87,414
Income from operations	8,568	14,056	11,282	(12,042) ⁽²⁾	21,864

(1) Represents the elimination of intersegment revenues for services provided by the Payment Processing segment to the Merchant Acquiring segment, and other miscellaneous intersegment revenues.

(2) Primarily represents non-operating depreciation and amortization expenses generated as a result of the Merger and certain non-recurring fees and expenses.

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Merchant Acquiring, net	Payment Processing	Business Solutions	Other	Total
Nine months ended September 30, 2014					
Revenues	58,345	96,915	131,609	(19,896) ⁽¹⁾	266,973
Income from operations	25,700	44,738	36,232	(29,892) ⁽²⁾	76,778
Nine months ended September 30, 2013					
Revenues	53,835	92,168	136,965	(19,040) ⁽¹⁾	263,928
Income from operations	25,963	38,536	30,600	(35,898) ⁽²⁾	59,201

(1) Represents the elimination of intersegment revenues for services provided by the Payment Processing segment to the Merchant Acquiring segment, and other miscellaneous intersegment revenues.

(2) Primarily represents non-operating depreciation and amortization expenses generated as a result of the Merger and certain non-recurring fees and expenses.

The reconciliation of income from operations to consolidated net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Segment income from operations				
Merchant Acquiring	\$ 8,518	\$ 8,568	\$ 25,700	\$ 25,963
Payment Processing	14,707	14,056	44,738	38,536
Business Solutions	12,696	11,282	36,232	30,600
Total segment income from operations	35,921	33,906	106,670	95,099
Merger related depreciation and amortization and other unallocated expenses ⁽¹⁾	(9,461)	(12,042)	(29,892)	(35,898)
Income from operations	\$ 26,460	\$ 21,864	\$ 76,778	\$ 59,201
Interest expense, net	(6,279)	(6,349)	(19,535)	(31,267)
Earnings of equity method investment	241	198	905	823
Other income (expenses)	(249)	448	2,127	(77,020)
Income tax (expense) benefit	(1,082)	(1,358)	(5,205)	3,603
Net income (loss)	\$ 19,091	\$ 14,803	\$ 55,070	\$ (44,660)

- ⁽¹⁾ Primarily represents non-operating depreciation and amortization expenses generated as a result of the Merger and certain non-recurring fees and expenses.

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EVERTEC, Inc. Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 13 Subsequent Events

On November 5, 2014, the Board declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share on the Company's outstanding shares of common stock. The Board anticipates declaring this dividend in future quarters on a regular basis, however future declarations of dividends are subject to Board approval and may be adjusted as business needs or market conditions change. The cash dividend of \$0.10 per share will be paid on December 5, 2014 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on November 17, 2014.

The Company performed an evaluation of all other events occurring subsequent to September 30, 2014, Management has determined that there are no additional events occurring in this period that require disclosure in or adjustment to the accompanying unaudited financial statements.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) covers: (i) the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively; and (ii) the financial condition as of September 30, 2014. You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K (the 2013 Form 10-K) and with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere herein. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. See Forward-Looking Statements for a discussion of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions associated with these statements.

Except as otherwise indicated or unless the context otherwise requires, (a) the terms EVERTEC, we, us, our, our Company and the Company refer to EVERTEC, Inc. and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, (b) the term Holdings refers to EVERTEC Intermediate Holdings, LLC, but not any of its subsidiaries and (c) the term EVERTEC Group refers to EVERTEC Group, LLC and its predecessor entities and their subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, including the operations of its predecessor entities prior to the Merger (as defined below). EVERTEC Inc.'s subsidiaries include Holdings, EVERTEC Group, EVERTEC Dominicana, SAS, EVERTEC Panamá, S.A., EVERTEC Costa Rica, S.A. (EVERTEC CR), EVERTEC Guatemala, S.A. and EVERTEC México Servicios de Procesamiento, S.A. de C.V. Neither EVERTEC nor Holdings conducts any operations other than with respect to its indirect or direct ownership of EVERTEC Group.

Executive Summary

EVERTEC is the leading full-service transaction processing business in Latin America, providing a broad range of merchant acquiring, payment processing and business process management services. According to the July 2014 Nilson Report, we are the largest merchant acquirer in the Caribbean and Central America and one of the largest in Latin America, based on total number of transactions. We serve 19 countries in the region from our base in Puerto Rico. We manage a system of electronic payment networks that process more than 2.1 billion transactions annually, and offer a comprehensive suite of services for core bank processing, cash processing and technology outsourcing. In addition, we own and operate the ATH network, one of the leading personal identification number (PIN) debit networks in Latin America. We serve a diversified customer base of leading financial institutions, merchants, corporations and government agencies with mission-critical technology solutions that enable them to issue, process and accept transactions securely. We believe our business is well-positioned to continue to expand across the fast-growing Latin American region.

We are differentiated, in part, by our diversified business model, which enables us to provide our varied customer base with a broad range of transaction-processing services from a single source across numerous channels and geographic markets. We believe this single-source capability provides several competitive advantages that will enable us to continue to penetrate our existing customer base with complementary new services, win new customers, develop new sales channels and enter new markets. We believe these competitive advantages include:

Our ability to provide in one package a range of services that traditionally had to be sourced from different vendors;

Our ability to serve customers with disparate operations in several geographies with a single integrated technology solution that enables them to manage their business as one enterprise; and

Our ability to capture and analyze data across the transaction processing value chain and use that data to provide value-added services that are differentiated from those offered by pure-play vendors that serve only one portion of the transaction processing value chain (such as only merchant acquiring or payment processing).

Our broad suite of services spans the entire transaction processing value chain and includes a range of front-end customer-facing solutions such as the electronic capture and authorization of transactions at the point-of-sale, as well as back-end support services such as the clearing and settlement of transactions and account reconciliation for card issuers. These include: (i) merchant acquiring services, which enable point of sales (POS) and e-commerce merchants to accept and process electronic methods of payment such as debit, credit, prepaid and electronic benefit transfer (EBT) cards; (ii) payment processing services, which enable financial institutions and other issuers to manage, support and facilitate the processing for credit, debit, prepaid, automated teller machines (ATM) and EBT card programs; and (iii) business process management solutions, which provide mission-critical technology solutions such as core bank processing, as well as IT outsourcing and cash management services to financial institutions, corporations and governments. We provide these services through a highly scalable, end-to-end technology platform that we manage and operate in-house and that generates significant operating efficiencies that enable us to maximize profitability.

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We sell and distribute our services mainly through a proprietary direct sales force with strong customer relationships. We are also building a variety of indirect sales channels that enable us to leverage the distribution capabilities of partners in adjacent markets, including value-added resellers. Also, we continue to pursue joint ventures and merchant acquiring alliances.

We benefit from an attractive business model, the hallmarks of which are recurring revenue, scalability, significant operating margins and low capital expenditure requirements. Our revenue is recurring in nature because of the mission-critical and embedded nature of the services we provide, the high switching costs associated with these services and the multi-year contracts we negotiate with our customers. Our business model enables us to continue to grow our business organically without significant additional capital expenditures.

Corporate Background

EVERTEC, Inc. (formerly known as Carib Latam Holdings, Inc.) is a Puerto Rico corporation organized in April 2012. Our main operating subsidiary, EVERTEC Group, LLC (formerly known as EVERTEC, LLC and EVERTEC, Inc., hereinafter EVERTEC Group), was organized in Puerto Rico in 1988. EVERTEC Group was formerly a wholly-owned subsidiary of Popular. On September 30, 2010, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger (as amended, the Merger Agreement), AP Carib Holdings, Ltd. (Apollo) acquired a 51% indirect ownership interest in EVERTEC Group as part of a merger (the Merger) and EVERTEC Group became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Holdings.

On April 17, 2012, EVERTEC Group was converted from a Puerto Rico corporation to a Puerto Rico limited liability company (the Conversion) for the purpose of improving its consolidated tax efficiency by taking advantage of changes to the Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the PR Code), that permit limited liability companies to be treated as partnerships that are pass-through entities for Puerto Rico tax purposes. Concurrent with the Conversion, Holdings, which is our direct subsidiary, was also converted from a Puerto Rico corporation to a Puerto Rico limited liability company. Prior to these conversions, EVERTEC, Inc. was formed in order to act as the new parent company of Holdings and its subsidiaries, including EVERTEC Group. The transactions described above in this paragraph are collectively referred to as the Reorganization.

Separation From and Key Relationship with Popular

Prior to the Merger on September 30, 2010, EVERTEC Group was 100% owned by Popular, the largest financial institution in the Caribbean, and operated substantially as an independent entity within Popular. After the consummation of the Merger, Popular retained an indirect ownership interest in EVERTEC Group and remains our largest customer. In connection with, and upon consummation of the Merger, EVERTEC Group entered into a 15-year Master Services Agreement (the MSA), and several related agreements with Popular. Under the terms of the MSA, Popular agreed to continue to use EVERTEC services on an ongoing and exclusive basis, for the duration of the agreement, on commercial terms consistent with those of our historical relationship. Additionally, Popular granted us a right of first refusal on the development of certain new financial technology products and services for the duration of the MSA.

Factors and Trends Affecting the Results of Our Operations

The ongoing migration from cash and paper methods of payment to electronic payments continues to benefit the transaction processing industry globally. We believe that the penetration of electronic payments in the markets in which we operate is significantly lower relative to the U.S. market, and that this ongoing shift will continue to generate substantial growth opportunities for our business. For example, currently the adoption of banking products,

including electronic payments, in the Latin American region is lower relative to the more mature U.S. and European markets. We believe that the unbanked and underbanked population in our markets will continue to shrink, therefore driving incremental penetration and growth of electronic payments in Puerto Rico and other Latin American regions. We also benefit from the trend for financial institutions and government agencies to outsource technology systems and processes. Many medium- and small-size institutions in the Latin American markets in which we operate have outdated computer systems and updating these IT legacy systems is financially and logistically challenging. We believe that our technology and business outsourcing solutions cater to the evolving needs of the financial institution customer base we target, providing integrated, open, flexible, customer-centric and efficient IT products and services.

Our results of operations may be affected by regulatory changes that will occur as the payments industry has come under increased scrutiny from lawmakers and regulators.

Finally, our financial condition and results of operations are, in part, dependent on the economic and general conditions of the geographies in which we operate.

Table of Contents**Overview of Results of Operations**

The following briefly describes the components of revenue and expenses as presented in the unaudited consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss). Descriptions of the revenue recognition policies are detailed in Note 1 of the Notes to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in our 2013 Form 10-K.

Merchant Acquiring, net. Merchant Acquiring revenue consists of income from services that allow merchants to accept electronic methods of payment. Our standard merchant contract has an initial term of one or three years, with automatic one-year renewal periods. In the Merchant Acquiring segment, sources of revenue include a discount fee (generally a percentage of the sales amount of a credit or debit card transaction value) and membership fees charged to merchants, debit network fees and rental income from POS devices and other equipment, net of credit card interchange and assessment fees charged by credit card associations (such as VISA or MasterCard) or payment networks.

Merchant Acquiring accounted for \$19.2 million, or 21.7% of total revenues, and \$8.5 million or 23.7% of total segment income from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared with \$18.2 million, or 20.8%, of total revenues and \$8.6 million, or 25.3% of total segment income from operations for the comparable period in 2013. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our Merchant Acquiring business accounted for \$58.3 million, or 21.9% of total revenues and \$25.7 million or 24.1% of total segment income from operations compared with \$53.8 million, or 20.4%, of total revenues and \$26.0 million, or 27.3%, of total segment income from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Payment Processing. Payment Processing revenue comprises income related to providing financial institutions access to the ATH network and other card networks, including related services such as authorization, processing, management and recording of ATM and POS transactions, and ATM management and monitoring. Payment Processing revenue also includes income from card processing services for debit or credit issuers, such as credit and debit card processing, authorization and settlement and fraud monitoring and control services; payment processing services such as payment and billing products for merchants, businesses and financial institutions; and EBT, which principally consists of services to the Puerto Rico government for the delivery of government benefits to participants. Payment products include electronic check processing, automated clearing house (ACH), lockbox, interactive voice response and web-based payments through personalized websites, among others.

We generally enter into one to five year contracts with our private payment processing clients and one year contracts with our government payment processing clients. For ATH network and processing services, revenue is driven mainly by the number of transactions processed. Revenue is derived mainly from network fees, transaction switching and processing fees, and leasing of POS devices. For card issuer processing, revenue is dependent mostly upon the number of cardholder accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, the number of cards embossed and other processing services. For EBT services, revenue is derived mainly from the number of beneficiaries on file.

Payment Processing accounted for \$25.6 million, or 28.9%, of total revenues and \$14.7 million, or 40.9%, of total segment income from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared with \$24.7 million, or 28.3%, of total revenues and \$14.1 million, or 41.5%, of total segment income from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our Payment Processing business accounted for \$77.0 million, or 28.8%, of total revenues and \$44.7 million, or 41.9%, of total segment income from operations, compared with \$73.1 million, or 27.7%, of total revenues and \$38.5 million, or 40.5%, of total segment income from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Business Solutions. Business Solutions revenue consists of income from a full suite of business process management solutions including core bank processing, network hosting and management, IT consulting services, business process outsourcing, item and cash processing, and fulfillment. We generally enter into one to five year contracts with our private Business Solutions clients and one year contracts with our government Business Solutions clients.

In addition, we are a reseller of hardware and software products; these resale transactions are generally one-time transactions. Revenue from sales of hardware or software products is recognized once the following four criteria are met: (i) evidence of an agreement exists, (ii) delivery and acceptance has occurred or services have been rendered, (iii) the selling price is fixed or determinable, and (iv) collection of the selling price is reasonably assured or probable, as applicable.

Business Solutions accounted for \$43.8 million, or 49.4%, of total revenues and \$12.7 million, or 35.3%, of total segment income from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2014, compared with \$44.5 million, or 50.9%, of total revenues and \$11.3 million, or 33.3%, of total segment income from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, Business Solutions accounted for \$131.6 million, or 49.3%, of total revenues and \$36.2 million, or 34.0%, of total segment income from operations, compared with \$137.0 million, or 51.9%, of total revenues and \$30.6 million, or 32.2%, of total segment income from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

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Cost of revenues. This caption includes the costs directly associated with providing services to customers, as well as, product and software sales, including software licensing and maintenance costs; telecommunications costs; personnel and infrastructure costs to develop and maintain applications, operate computer networks and provide associated customer support; and other operating expenses.

Selling, general and administrative. This caption consists mainly of salaries, wages and related expenses paid to sales personnel, administrative employees and management, advertising and promotional costs, audit and legal fees, and other selling expenses.

Depreciation and amortization. This caption consists of our depreciation and amortization expense. Following the completion of the Merger, our depreciation and amortization expense increased as a result of the purchase price allocation adjustments to reflect the fair market value and revised useful life assigned to property and equipment and intangible assets in connection with the Merger.

Results of Operations

The following tables set forth certain consolidated financial information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. The following tables and discussion should be read in conjunction with the information contained in our unaudited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Comparison of the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

The following tables present the components of our unaudited consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) by business segment and the change in those amounts for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

Revenues

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Merchant Acquiring, net	\$ 19,227	\$ 18,211	\$ 1,016	6%
Payment Processing	25,611	24,731	880	4%
Business Solutions	43,804	44,472	(668)	-2%
Total revenues	\$ 88,642	\$ 87,414	\$ 1,229	1%

Total revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased by \$1.2 million or 1% compared with the corresponding 2013 period.

Merchant Acquiring revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased by \$1.0 million or 6% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The revenue growth was due mainly to an increase in transaction volumes.

Payment Processing revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$0.9 million or 4% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. Revenue growth was driven mainly by an increase in our card products business

resulting from new customer additions and more accounts on file in our Latin America operations and an increase in our POS network and processing transactions.

Business Solutions revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$0.7 million or 2% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The decline was driven by a \$1.1 million decrease in hardware sales.

Table of Contents*Operating costs and expenses*

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below	\$ 38,625	\$ 38,903	\$ (278)	-1%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7,104	8,990	(1,886)	-21%
Depreciation and amortization	16,453	17,657	(1,204)	-7%
Total operating costs and expenses	\$ 62,182	\$ 65,550	\$ (3,368)	-5%

Total operating costs and expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$3.4 million or 5% compared with the corresponding 2013 period.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$1.9 million or 21% as compared with the corresponding 2013 period. This decrease was due primarily to one-time costs incurred during the third quarter of 2013 related to the secondary offering of common stock.

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$1.2 million or 7% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The decrease is related primarily to lower amortization of software packages that became fully depreciated.

Income from operations

The following table presents income from operations by reportable segments.

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Segment income from operations				
Merchant Acquiring, net	\$ 8,518	\$ 8,568	\$ (50)	-1%
Payment Processing	14,707	14,056	651	5%
Business Solutions	12,696	11,282	1,414	13%
Total segment income from operations	35,921	33,906	2,015	6%
Merger related depreciation and amortization and other unallocated expenses ⁽¹⁾	(9,461)	(12,042)	2,581	21%
Income from operations	\$ 26,460	\$ 21,864	\$ 4,597	21%

⁽¹⁾ Primarily represents non-operating depreciation and amortization expenses generated as a result of the Merger and certain non-recurring fees and expenses.

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Income from operations for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$4.6 million or 21% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The increase in income from operations was the result of the aforementioned factors affecting our revenues and operating costs and expenses.

See Note 12 of the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information on the Company's reportable segments and for a reconciliation of income from operations to net income (loss).

Table of Contents*Non-operating (expenses) income*

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Non-operating (expenses) income				
Interest income	\$ 91	\$ 54	\$ 37	68%
Interest expense	(6,370)	(6,403)	33	1%
Earnings of equity method investment	241	198	43	22%
Other income (expense)	(249)	448	(697)	101%
Total non-operating (expenses) income	\$ (6,287)	\$ (5,703)	\$ (585)	-10%

Total non-operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$0.6 million compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The increase is mostly driven by adjustments made to our software indemnification assets as a result of certain maintenance contract cancellations during the period.

Income tax expense (benefit)

Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2014 amounted to \$1.1 million compared with an income tax expense of \$1.4 million in the prior year period.

See Note 8 of the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding income taxes.

Comparison of the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

The following tables present the components of our unaudited consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) by business segment and the change in those amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

Revenues

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Merchant Acquiring, net	\$ 58,345	\$ 53,835	\$ 4,510	8%
Payment Processing	77,019	73,128	3,891	5%
Business Solutions	131,609	136,965	(5,356)	-4%
Total revenues	\$ 266,974	\$ 263,928	\$ 3,046	1%

Total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$3.0 million or 1% compared with the corresponding 2013 period.

Merchant Acquiring revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$4.5 million or 8% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The revenue growth was primarily the result of an increase in transaction volumes.

Payment Processing revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$3.9 million or 5% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. Revenue growth was driven mainly by an increase in our card products business resulting from higher accounts on file due to new customer additions in our Latin America operations and by an increase in ATH and POS network and processing transactions.

Business Solutions revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$5.4 million or 4% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The decrease is almost entirely attributable to a decline in hardware and software sales of \$7.4 million, partially offset by an increase in demand for core banking and other services.

Table of Contents*Operating costs and expenses*

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Cost of revenues, exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below	\$ 115,109	\$ 121,176	\$ (6,067)	-5%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	25,629	30,477	(4,848)	-16%
Depreciation and amortization	49,457	53,074	(3,617)	-7%
Total operating costs and expenses	\$ 190,195	\$ 204,727	\$ (14,532)	-7%

Total operating costs and expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$14.5 million or 7% compared with the corresponding 2013 period.

Cost of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$6.1 million or 5% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The decrease was due mainly to lower cost of sales incurred as a result of the aforementioned decrease in hardware and software sales.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$4.8 million or 16% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The decrease was due mainly to the impact in the prior year of a \$3.1 million non-cash charge taken in connection with the vesting of all Tranche B and C stock options and to \$1.6 million of one-time expenses related to the secondary offering completed in the third quarter of 2013.

Depreciation and amortization expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$3.6 million or 7% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The decrease resulted from lower amortization of software packages that became fully depreciated.

Income from operations

The following table presents income from operations by reportable segments.

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Segment income from operations				
Merchant Acquiring, net	\$ 25,700	\$ 25,963	\$ (263)	-1%
Payment Processing	44,738	38,536	6,202	16%
Business Solutions	36,232	30,600	5,632	18%
Total segment income from operations	106,670	95,099	11,571	12%
Merger related depreciation and amortization and other unallocated expenses ⁽¹⁾	(29,892)	(35,898)	6,006	17%
Income from operations	\$ 76,778	\$ 59,201	\$ 17,577	30%

(1) Primarily represents non-operating depreciation and amortization expenses generated as a result of the Merger and certain non-recurring fees and expenses.

Income from operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased \$17.6 million or 30% compared with the corresponding 2013 period. The increase in income from operations was the result of the aforementioned factors affecting revenues and operating costs and expenses.

See Note 12 of the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information on the Company's reportable segments and for a reconciliation of income from operations to net income (loss).

Table of Contents*Non-operating (expenses) income*

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Variance	
Non-operating (expenses) income				
Interest income	\$ 245	\$ 147	\$ 98	67%
Interest expense	(19,780)	(31,414)	11,634	37%
Earnings of equity method investment	905	823	82	10%
Other income (expense)	2,127	(77,020)	79,147	103%
Total non-operating (expenses) income	\$ (16,503)	\$ (107,464)	\$ 90,961	85%

Total non-operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 decreased \$91.0 million compared with the corresponding 2013 period. Non-operating expenses in 2013 were driven mainly by a \$58.5 million charge related to the extinguishment of debt and a \$16.7 million expense related to the termination of our Consulting Agreements with Apollo and Popular, coupled with a decrease in interest expense of \$11.6 million as a result of the debt refinancing transaction completed during the second quarter of 2013.

Income tax expense (benefit)

Income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 amounted to \$5.2 million compared with an income tax benefit of \$3.6 million for the corresponding 2013 period. The income tax expense for 2014 is a result of taxable income, while the prior year tax benefit was attributable to a taxable loss as a result of higher non-operating expenses related to the aforementioned extinguishment of debt, the termination of the Consulting Agreements and the vesting of all Tranche B and C stock options.

See Note 8 of the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding income taxes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal source of liquidity is cash generated from operations, and our primary liquidity requirements are the funding of capital expenditures and working capital needs. We also have a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility, of which \$92.0 million was available as of September 30, 2014.

At September 30, 2014, we had cash of \$29.2 million, of which \$16.4 million resides in our subsidiaries located outside of Puerto Rico for purposes of (i) funding the respective subsidiary's current business operations and (ii) funding potential future investment outside of Puerto Rico. We intend to indefinitely reinvest these funds outside of Puerto Rico, and based on our liquidity forecast, we will not need to repatriate this cash to fund the Puerto Rico operations or to meet debt-service obligations. However, if in the future we determine that we no longer need to maintain such cash balances within our foreign subsidiaries, we may elect to distribute such cash to the Company in Puerto Rico. Distributions from the foreign subsidiaries to Puerto Rico may be subject to tax withholding and other tax consequences.

Our primary use of cash is for operating expenses, working capital requirements, capital expenditures, dividend payments and debt service. In addition, we may use cash for share repurchases pursuant to the \$75 million stock

repurchase program announced on September 24, 2014. We intend to fund repurchases from cash on hand and available borrowings under the revolving credit facility. No repurchases were made for the period ended September 30, 2014.

Based on our current level of operations, we believe our cash flows from operations and the available senior secured revolving credit facility will be adequate to meet our liquidity needs for the next twelve months. However, our ability to fund future operating expenses, dividend payments and capital expenditures and our ability to make scheduled payments of interest, to pay principal on or refinance our indebtedness and to satisfy any other of our present or future debt obligations will depend on our future operating performance, which will be affected by general economic, financial and other factors beyond our control.

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<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 103,798	\$ 13,684
Cash used in investing activities	(17,212)	(17,112)
Cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(79,845)	5,754
Increase in cash	\$ 6,741	\$ 2,326

Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$103.8 million compared with \$13.7 million for the corresponding 2013 period. The increase of \$90.1 million was driven by higher income from operations in 2014, while prior year includes cash used to pay certain amounts related to the redemption of the senior notes and the extinguishment of debt of \$41.9 million, and a \$16.7 million payment related to the termination of the Consulting Agreements with Popular and Apollo.

Net cash used in investing activities is mostly related to purchases of property and equipment and intangible assets.

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$79.8 million as compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$5.8 million in the corresponding 2013 period. Cash used in financing activities in 2014 consisted of \$57.5 million in debt repayments and \$23.5 million in quarterly dividends paid. Cash provided by financing activities in 2013 consisted of proceeds from the Initial Public Offering and from the issuance of additional debt amounting to \$812.4 million, partially offset by \$771.1 million of debt repayment, \$12.1 million of debt issuance costs, \$16.7 million in taxes paid as a result of cashless exercise of stock options and \$8.2 million in dividend payments.

Capital Resources

Our principal capital expenditures are for hardware and computer software (purchased and internally developed) and additions to property and equipment. We invested approximately \$16.6 million and \$17.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Capital expenditures are expected to be funded by cash flow from operations and, if necessary, borrowings under our revolving credit facility.

Dividend Payments

We currently have a policy under which we pay a regular quarterly dividend on our common stock, subject to the declaration thereof by our Board each quarter. On February 12, 2014, our Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock, which was paid on March 14, 2014 to stockholders of record as of February 25, 2014.

On May 7, 2014, our Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock. The cash dividend of \$0.10 per share was paid on June 6, 2014 to stockholders of record as of close of business on May 19, 2014.

On August 6, 2014, our Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock. The cash dividend of \$0.10 per share was paid on September 5, 2014 to stockholders of record as of close of business on August 18, 2014.

On November 5, 2014, our Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.10 per share of common stock. The cash dividend of \$0.10 per share will be paid on December 5, 2014 to stockholders of record as of close of business on

November 17, 2014.

Financial Obligations

Senior Secured Credit Facilities

Term A Loan

As of September 30, 2014, the unpaid principal balance of the Term A Loan was \$281.3 million. The Term A Loan requires principal payments on the last business day of each quarter equal to (a) 1.250% of the original principal amount commencing on September 30, 2013 through June 30, 2016; (b) 1.875% of the original principal amount from September 30, 2016 through June 30, 2017; (c) 2.50% of the original principal amount from September 30, 2017 through March 31, 2018; and (d) the remaining outstanding principal amount on the maturity of the Term A Loan on April 17, 2018. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company made principal payments amounting to \$11.3 million on the Term A Loan. Interest is based on EVERTEC Group's first lien secured net leverage ratio and payable at a rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) LIBOR plus an applicable margin ranging from 2.00% to 2.50% or (b) Base Rate, as defined in our 2013 Credit Agreement, plus an applicable margin ranging from 1.00% to 1.50%. The Term A Loan has no LIBOR or Base Rate minimum or floor.

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Term B Loan

As of September 30, 2014, the unpaid principal balance of the Term B Loan was \$395.0 million. The Term B Loan requires principal payments on the last business day of each quarter equal to 0.250% of the original principal amount commencing on September 30, 2013 and the remaining outstanding principal amount on the maturity of the Term B Loan on April 17, 2020. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company made principal payments amounting to \$3.0 million on the Term B Loan. Interest is based on EVERTEC Group's first lien secured net leverage ratio and payable at a rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (a) LIBOR plus an applicable margin ranging from 2.50% to 2.75%, or (b) Base Rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 1.50% to 1.75%. The LIBOR and Base Rate are subject to floors of 0.75% and 1.75%, respectively.

Revolving Credit Facility

The revolving credit facility has a balance up to \$100.0 million, with an interest rate on loans calculated the same as the applicable Term A Loan rate. The facility matures on April 17, 2018 and has a commitment fee payable one business day after the last business day of each quarter calculated based on the daily unused commitment during the preceding quarter. The commitment fee for the unused portion of this facility ranges from 0.125% to 0.375% based on EVERTEC Group's first lien secured net leverage ratio. As of September 30, 2014, the outstanding balance of the revolving credit facility was \$8.0 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company made payments amounting to \$42.0 million on the revolving credit facility.

All loans may be prepaid without premium or penalty. The new senior secured credit facilities allow EVERTEC Group to obtain, on an uncommitted basis at the sole discretion of participating lenders, an incremental amount of term loan and/or revolving credit facility commitments not to exceed the greater of (i) \$200.0 million and (ii) maximum amount of debt that would not cause EVERTEC Group's pro forma first lien secured net leverage ratio to exceed 4.25 to 1.00.

The senior secured revolving credit facility is available for general corporate purposes and includes borrowing capacity available for letters of credit and for short-term borrowings referred to as swing line borrowings. All obligations under the new senior secured credit facilities are unconditionally guaranteed by Holdings and, subject to certain exceptions, each of EVERTEC Group's existing and future wholly-owned subsidiaries. All obligations under the new senior secured credit facilities, and the guarantees of those obligations, are secured by substantially all of EVERTEC Group's assets and the assets of the guarantors, subject to certain exceptions.

See Note 5 of the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information.

Other Short-Term Borrowing

In August 2013, we entered into a financing agreement in the ordinary course of business to purchase certain hardware, software and maintenance and related services in the amount of \$1.8 million to be repaid in three installments over a term of eight months. As of September 30, 2014, this other short-term borrowing had been fully repaid.

Covenant Compliance

The credit facilities contain various restrictive covenants. The Term A Loan and the revolving facility (subject to certain exceptions) require EVERTEC Group to maintain on a quarterly basis a specified maximum senior secured

leverage ratio of up to 6.60 to 1.00 as defined in the 2013 Credit Agreement (total first lien senior secured debt to Adjusted EBITDA). In addition, the 2013 Credit Agreement, among other things: (a) limits EVERTEC Group's ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, incur liens, pay dividends or make certain other restricted payments and enter into certain transactions with affiliates; (b) restricts EVERTEC Group's ability to enter into agreements that would limit the ability of its subsidiaries to pay dividends or make certain payments to its parent company; and (c) places restrictions on EVERTEC Group's ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to merge or consolidate with any other person or sell, assign, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of their assets. However, all of the covenants in these agreements are subject to significant exceptions. As of September 30, 2014, the senior secured leverage ratio was 3.53 to 1.00 and we were in compliance with the applicable restrictive covenants under the 2013 Credit Agreement.

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In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we refer to the term **Adjusted EBITDA** to mean EBITDA as so defined and calculated for purposes of determining compliance with the senior secured leverage ratio based on the financial information for the last twelve months at the end of each quarter.

Net Income Reconciliation to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income

We define **EBITDA** as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We define **Adjusted EBITDA** as EBITDA further adjusted to exclude unusual items and other adjustments described below. We define **Adjusted Net Income** as net income adjusted to exclude unusual items and other adjustments described below.

We present EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA because we consider them important supplemental measures of our performance and believe they are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies in our industry. In addition, our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is consistent with the equivalent measurements that are contained in the senior secured credit facilities in testing EVERTEC Group's compliance with covenants therein, such as the senior secured leverage ratio. We use Adjusted Net Income to measure our overall profitability because it better reflects our cash flows generation by capturing the actual cash taxes paid rather than our tax expense as calculated under GAAP and excludes the impact of the non-cash amortization and depreciation that was created as a result of the Merger. In evaluating EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses such as those excluded in calculating them. Further, our presentation of these measures should not be construed as an inference that our future operating results will not be affected by unusual or nonrecurring items.

Some of the limitations of EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income are as follows:

they do not reflect cash outlays for capital expenditures or future contractual commitments;

they do not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital;

although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not reflect cash requirements for such replacements;

in the case of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, they do not reflect interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest, or principal payments, on indebtedness;

in the case of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, they do not reflect income tax expense or the cash necessary to pay income taxes; and

other companies, including other companies in our industry, may not use EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income or may calculate EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income differently than as presented in this Report, limiting their usefulness as a comparative measure.

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Net Income per common share are not measurements of liquidity or financial performance under GAAP. You should not consider EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Net Income per common share as alternatives to cash flows from operating activities or any other performance measures determined in accordance with GAAP, as an indicator of cash flows, as a measure of liquidity or as an alternative to operating or net income determined in accordance with GAAP.

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A reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income is provided below:

<i>(Dollar amounts in thousands)</i>	Three months ended		Twelve months ended
	September 30,	Nine months ended	September 30,
	2014	September 30, 2014	2014
Net income	\$ 19,091	\$ 55,070	\$ 75,109
Income tax expense	1,082	5,205	6,818
Interest expense, net	6,279	19,535	25,893
Depreciation and amortization	16,453	49,457	66,749
EBITDA	42,905	129,267	174,569
Software maintenance reimbursement and other costs ⁽¹⁾	661	1,770	2,389
Equity income ⁽²⁾	(239)	(580)	(209)
Compensation and benefits ⁽³⁾	648	1,573	2,169
Transaction, refinancing and other non-recurring fees ⁽⁴⁾	269	2,785	4,640
Purchase accounting ⁽⁵⁾	284	459	830