ICONIX BRAND GROUP, INC. Form 10-Q May 07, 2013

United States

Securities and Exchange Commission

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2013

OR

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Transition Period From _______ to _______.

Commission file number 0-10593

ICONIX BRAND GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

11-2481903 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

1450 Broadway, New York, NY (Address of principal executive offices)

10018 (Zip Code)

(212) 730-0030

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer

receivated files

Non - accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of Common Stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$.001 Par Value 57,022,203 shares as of May 1, 2013.

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except par value)

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(unaudited)	
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash (including restricted cash of \$61,534 in 2013 and \$16,362 in 2012)	\$ 376,273	\$ 255,034
Accounts receivable	112,706	85,249
Deferred income tax assets	3,496	3,497
Other assets current	25,532	22,571
Total Current Assets	518,007	366,351
Property and equipment:		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	19,849	19,734
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(10,258)	(9,644)
	9,591	10,090
Other Assets:		
Other assets	22,174	24,082
Trademarks and other intangibles, net	1,962,196	1,769,508
Deferred financing costs, net	20,531	21,250
Investments and joint ventures	64,640	64,770
Goodwill	230,766	225,687
	2,300,307	2,105,297
Total Assets	\$ 2,827,905	\$ 2,481,738
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 43,743	\$ 33,405
Deferred revenue	32,416	9,055
Current portion of long-term debt	52,000	52,000
Other liabilities current	6,150	6,150
Total Current Liabilities	134,309	100,610
Deferred income tax liability	215,860	206,912
Long-term debt, less current maturities	1,171,707	859,718
Deferred revenue	1,320	4,898
Other liabilities	9,763	9,760
Total Liabilities	1,532,959	1,181,898

Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders Equity		
Common stock, \$.001 par value shares authorized 150,000; shares issued 76,748 and 76,549, respectively	77	77
Additional paid-in capital	870,921	815,935
Retained earnings	564,018	529,829
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(11,434)	
Less: Treasury stock 16,704 and 9,941 shares at cost, respectively	(320,698)	(159,690)
Total Iconix Brand Group, Inc. Stockholders Equity	1,102,884	1,186,151
Non-controlling interest	192,062	113,689
Total Stockholders Equity	1,294,946	1,299,840
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Equity	\$ 2,827,905	\$ 2,481,738

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Income Statements

(in thousands, except earnings per share data)

	Thr	ee Months En	ided l	March 31, 2012
Licensing and other revenue	\$	105,062	\$	88,451
Selling, general and administrative expenses		38,826		30,899
Operating income		66,236		57,552
Other (income) expenses:				
Interest expense		14,195		13,720
Interest and other income		(328)		(592)
Equity earnings on joint ventures		(1,936)		(1,298)
Other expenses - net		11,931		11,830
Income before income taxes		54,305		45,722
Provision for income taxes		15,031		14,843
Net income	\$	39,274	\$	30,879
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	5,085	\$	3,280
Net income attributable to Iconix Brand Group, Inc.	\$	34,189	\$	27,599
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$	0.53	\$	0.38
Dasic	φ	0.55	φ	0.36
Diluted	\$	0.51	\$	0.37
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic		64,208		72,302
Diluted		66,692		74,605

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(in thousands)

	Thr	ee Months En	ded l	March 31, 2012
Net income	\$	39,274	\$	30,879
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation		(11,434)		
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge				483
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(11,434)		483
Comprehensive income	\$	27,840	\$	31,362
Less: comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest		5,085		3,280
Comprehensive income attributable to Iconix Brand Group, Inc.	\$	22,755	\$	28,082

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders Equity

Three Months Ended March 31, 2013

(in thousands)

					Accumulated Other			
	Commor Shares	Stock Amount	Additional Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock	-Controlling Interest	Total
Balance at January 1, 2013	76,549	\$ 77	\$ 815,935	\$ 529,829	\$	\$ (159,690)	\$ 113,689	\$ 1,299,840
Shares issued on exercise of stock options and warrants	71		122					122
Shares issued on vesting of restricted stock	128							
Compensation expense in connection with restricted stock			1.005					1 005
and stock options			1,895					1,895
Cost of shares repurchased on vesting of restricted stock and								
exercise of stock options						(2,086)		(2,086)
Shares repurchased on the open market						(158,922)		(158,922)
Equity portion of convertible notes			49,931					49,931
Net cost of hedge on convertible notes			3,038					3,038
Net income				34,189			5,085	39,274
Foreign currency translation					(11,434)			(11,434)
Distributions to joint ventures							(212)	(212)
Non-controlling interest of acquired companies							73,500	73,500
Balance at March 31, 2013	76,748	\$ 77	\$ 870,921	\$ 564,018	\$ (11,434)	\$ (320,698)	\$ 192,062	\$ 1,294,946

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

Cash flavos provided by operating activities	Three Mon March 31, 2013	oths Ended March 31, 2012
Cash flows provided by operating activities: Net income	¢ 20.274	¢ 20.970
Adjustments to reconcile net income from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 39,274	\$ 30,879
Depreciation of property and equipment	615	638
Amortization of trademarks and other intangibles	1,874	1,458
Amortization of deferred financing costs	832	531
Amortization of convertible notes discount	3,614	7,370
Stock-based compensation expense	1,895	2,598
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,100	300
Earnings on equity investments in joint ventures	(1,936)	(1,298)
Deferred income tax provision	7,001	1,943
	,,,,,,	2,5 12
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of business acquisitions:	(07.000)	(7.006)
Accounts receivable	(27,233)	(7,086)
Other assets current	(1,484)	5,149
Other assets Deferred revenue	1,866	5,703
	13,981	725
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,111	3,337
Net cash provided by operating activities	53,510	52,247
Cash flows used in investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(117)	(238)
Acquisition of interest in Buffalo	(76,500)	
Acquisition of Lee Cooper	(66,667)	
Net distributions (to) from equity partners	1,890	(4,396)
Additional investments in joint ventures	(37)	
Proceeds from sale of trademarks	7,300	1,490
Additions to trademarks	(81)	(253)
Net cash used in investing activities	(134,212)	(3,397)
Cash flows provided (used in) by financing activities: Proceeds from long-term debt		
Proceeds from sale of warrants	392,000 57,707	
Payment for purchase of convertible note hedge	(84,106)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	122	693
Payment of long-term debt	(2,500)	(9,455)
Acquisition of interest in MG Icon	(2,500)	(4,000)
Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements		769
Shares repurchased on open market	(158,922)	(35,662)
Deferred financing costs	(113)	(55,002)
Shares repurchased on vesting of restricted stock and stock option exercises	(2,086)	(651)
Restricted cash current	(45,172)	(12,823)
Restricted cash non-current	(13,172)	7,220
Net cash provided (used in) by financing activities	156,930	(53,964)

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(161)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	76,067	(5,114)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	238,672	167,717
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 314,739	\$ 162,603
Balance of restricted cash current	61,534	26,894
Total cash and cash equivalents including current restricted cash, end of period	\$ 376,273	\$ 189,497

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

	Three Month	ns Ended March 31,
	2013	2012
Cash paid during the period:		
Income taxes	\$ 3,740	\$ 228
Interest	\$ 1,093	\$ 2,247

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

(dollars are in thousands (unless otherwise noted) except per share data)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management of Iconix Brand Group, Inc. (the Company , we , us , or our), all adjustments (consisting primarily of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2013 (Current Quarter) are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full fiscal year.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period s presentation.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 (FY 2012).

2. Trademarks and Other Intangibles, net

Trademarks and other intangibles, net consist of the following:

		March	31, 2013	Decembe	er 31, 2012
	Estimated	Gross		Gross	
(000 s omitted)	Lives in Years	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization
Indefinite life trademarks and copyrights	Indefinite	\$ 1,940,671	\$	\$ 1,750,201	\$
Definite life trademarks	10-15	19,603	8,441	19,603	8,077
Non-compete agreements	2-15	940	39	10,475	10,475
Licensing agreements	1-9	23,788	14,326	20,636	12,855
		\$ 1,985,002	\$ 22,806	\$ 1,800,915	\$ 31,407
Trademarks and other intangibles, net			\$ 1,962,196		\$ 1,769,508

In February 2013, the Company completed its acquisition of a 51% controlling interest in the Buffalo brand, which increased its indefinite life trademarks by \$142.6 million and its licensing agreements by \$2.4 million. In February 2013, the Company also completed the acquisition of Lee Cooper which increased its indefinite life trademarks by \$69.3 million and its licensing agreements by \$0.9 million. See Note 3 for further explanation of these transactions.

Amortization expense for intangible assets for the Current Quarter and for the three months ended March 31, 2012 (the Prior Year Quarter) was \$1.9 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. The trademarks of Candie s, Bongo, Joe Boxer, Rampage, Mudd, London Fog, Mossimo, Ocean Pacific, Danskin, Rocawear, Cannon, Royal Velvet, Fieldcrest, Charisma, Starter, Waverly, Ecko, Zoo York, Peanuts, Ed Hardy, Sharper Image, Umbro, Modern Amusement, Buffalo, and Lee Cooper have been determined to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with ASC Topic 350, no amortization has been recorded in the Company s consolidated income statements. Instead, each of these intangible assets are tested for impairment at least annually on an individual basis as separate single units of accounting, with any related impairment charge recorded to the income statement at the time of determining such impairment. Consistent with ASC Topic 350, there was no impairment of the indefinite-lived trademarks in the Current Quarter or the Prior Year Quarter. Consistent with ASC Topic 360, there was no impairment of the definite-lived trademarks in the Current Quarter or the Prior Year Quarter.

3. Acquisitions, Investments and Joint Ventures

Lee Cooper

On February 20, 2013, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Iconix Luxembourg Holdings SARL, acquired the Lee Cooper brand for approximately \$72.7 million, which was funded entirely from cash on the balance sheet. Founded in 1908, Lee Cooper is an iconic British denim brand that has expanded into multiple lifestyle categories including men s and women s casual wear, footwear and accessories.

The following table is a reconciliation of cash paid to sellers:

(000 s omitted)	
Cash paid to sellers by Iconix Brand Group, Inc.	\$ 72,735
Trademarks	\$ 69,250
License agreements	850
Goodwill	1,058
Working capital	1,577

\$72,735

The Lee Cooper trademark has been determined by management to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with ASC Topic 350, no amortization is being recorded in the Company s consolidated income statements. The goodwill and trademarks are subject to a test for impairment on an annual basis. The \$1.1 million of goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes. The licensing contracts are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining contractual periods of approximately 1 to 9 years.

Acquisition costs related to this transaction were approximately \$0.5 million and are reflected in the Company sunaudited condensed consolidated income statement for the Current Quarter. Unaudited proforma financial information is not required as the acquisition is not material.

Buffalo Brand Joint Venture

On February 1, 2013, Iconix CA Holdings, LLC (ICA Holdings), a Delaware limited liability company and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, formed a joint venture with Buffalo International ULC (BII). The name of the joint venture is 1724982 Alberta ULC (the Alberta ULC), an Alberta, Canada unlimited liability company. The Company, through ICA Holdings, paid \$76.5 million, which was funded entirely from cash on the balance sheet, in exchange for a 51% controlling ownership of the Alberta ULC which consists of a combination of equity and a promissory note. BII owns the remaining 49% interest in the Alberta ULC. The Alberta ULC owns the intellectual property rights, licenses and other assets relating principally to the Buffalo David Bitton brand (the Buffalo brand). Concurrently, the Alberta ULC and BII entered into a license agreement pursuant to which the Alberta ULC licensed the Buffalo brand to BII as licensee in certain categories and geographies. Additionally, ICA Holdings and BII entered into a shareholder agreement with respect to the Alberta ULC. Approximately \$1.0 million in costs associated with this transaction have been expensed in the Current Quarter, and is reflected in selling, general and administrative expenses in the unaudited condensed consolidated income statement. Unaudited pro forma financial information is not required as the acquisition is not material.

The following table is a reconciliation of cash paid to sellers and the fair value of the sellers non-controlling interest:

Cash paid to sellers	\$ 76,500
Fair value of 49% non-controlling interest to sellers	73,500
	\$ 150,000

The estimated fair value of the assets acquired is allocated as follows:

Trademarks	\$ 142,600
License agreements	2,400
Non-compete agreement	940
Goodwill	4,060
	\$ 150,000

ASC Topic 810 affirms that consolidation is appropriate when one entity has a controlling financial interest in another entity. The Company owns a 51% membership interest in the Alberta ULC compared to the minority owner s 49% membership interest. Further, the Company believes that the voting and veto rights of the minority shareholder are merely protective in nature and do not provide them with substantive participating rights in the Alberta ULC. As such, the Alberta ULC is subject to consolidation with the Company, which is reflected in the Company s financial statements as of March 31, 2013.

In accordance with ASC Topic 810, the Company recognizes the non-controlling interest of Alberta ULC as equity in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent sequity. As such, for the Current Quarter, the amount of net income attributable to the non-controlling interest is approximately \$1.8 million and has been included in net income attributable to non-controlling interest in the unaudited condensed consolidated income statement.

The Buffalo brand trademark has been determined by management to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with ASC Topic 350, no amortization is being recorded in the Company s consolidated income statements. The goodwill and trademarks are subject to a test for impairment on an annual basis. The \$4.1 million of goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes. The licensing contracts are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining contractual periods of approximately 1 to 5 years.

At March 31, 2013, the impact of consolidating Alberta ULC on the Company s unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet has increased current assets by \$4.2 million, non-current assets by \$149.9 million, current liabilities by \$0.4 million and total liabilities by \$0.4 million.

Umbro

On November 30, 2012, the Company completed its acquisition from NIKE, Inc., an Oregon corporation (Parent) through its direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, Umbro International Limited, a company incorporated in England (Seller) and Nike Global Services Pte. Ltd. a company incorporated in Singapore (the International Subsidiary), of all of Parent s, Seller s and International Subsidiary s intellectual property rights and licenses and certain other related assets relating principally or exclusively to the Umbro brand name pursuant to an asset purchase agreement entered into on October 24, 2012 among the Company, Umbro IP Holdings LLC (US Buyer), Iconix Luxembourg Holdings SARL, a Société à responsabilité limitée registered in The Grand Duchy of Luxembourg (Global Buyer), Seller, International Subsidiary and Parent.

In accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement, at the closing, the Company paid the Seller \$225.0 million in cash, of which approximately \$6.8 million was released from an escrow account entered into at the time the asset purchase agreement was signed.

Iconix Lifestyle India Private Limited

In May 2012, the Company contributed substantially all rights to its wholly-owned and controlled brands in India to Imaginative Brand Developers Private Limited, now known as Iconix Lifestyle India Private Limited (Iconix India), a then newly formed subsidiary of the Company. Shortly thereafter, Reliance Brands Limited (Reliance), an affiliate of the Reliance Group, purchased a 50% interest in Iconix India for \$6.0 million. Reliance paid \$2.0 million upon the closing of the transaction and committed to pay an additional \$4.0 million over the 48-month period following closing. As a result of this transaction, the Company recorded a gain of \$5.6 million, which was included in licensing and other revenue in FY 2012. As of March 31, 2013, of the \$4.0 million remaining due to the Company from Reliance, \$1.0 million is included in other assets—current and \$3.0 million is included in other assets on the unaudited consolidated balance sheet. Additionally, pursuant to the terms of the transaction, the Company and Reliance each agreed to contribute 100 million rupees (approximately \$2.0 million) to Iconix India as working capital, of which 25 million rupees (approximately \$0.5 million) was contributed at closing with the balance to be contributed based on the capital requirements of Iconix India as agreed upon by the Company and Reliance.

At inception, the Company determined, in accordance with ASC 810, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and Reliance, that Iconix India is not a variable interest entity and not subject to consolidation. The Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

Modern Amusement

On December 27, 2012, the Company entered into an interest purchase and management agreement with Dirty Bird Productions, Inc., a California corporation, in which the Company effectively purchased a 51% interest in the Modern Amusement trademarks and related assets for \$5.0 million, which was funded entirely from cash on the balance sheet. To acquire its 51% interest in the trademark, the Company formed a new joint venture company, Icon Modern Amusement LLC (Icon MA), a Delaware limited liability company.

ASC Topic 810 affirms that consolidation is appropriate when one entity has a controlling financial interest in another entity. The Company owns a 51% membership interest in Icon MA compared to the minority owner s 49% membership interest. Further, the Company believes that the voting and veto rights of the minority shareholder are merely protective in nature and do not provide them with substantive participating rights in Icon MA. As such, Icon MA is subject to consolidation with the Company, which is reflected in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Scion

Scion is a brand management and licensing company formed by the Company with Shawn Jay-Z Carter in March 2007 to buy, create and develop brands across a spectrum of consumer product categories. On November 7, 2007, Scion, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Artful Holdings LLC, purchased Artful Dodger, an urban apparel brand for a purchase price of \$15.0 million.

At inception, the Company determined that it would consolidate Scion since, under ASC Topic 810, it is the primary beneficiary of the variable interest entity.

In March 2009, the Company, through its investment in Scion, effectively acquired a 16.6% interest in one of its licensees, Roc Apparel Group LLC (RAG) for \$1. The Company has determined that this entity is a variable interest entity as defined by ASC Topic 810, however, the Company is not the primary beneficiary of this entity. The investment in this entity is accounted for under the cost method of accounting. As part of the transaction, the Company and its Scion partner each contributed approximately \$2.1 million to Scion, totaling approximately \$4.1 million, which was deposited as cash collateral under the terms of RAG s financing agreements. In June 2010, approximately \$3.3 million of the collateral was released to Scion and distributed to the Scion members equally; as of December 31, 2011 the remaining \$0.8 million was included in short-term restricted cash on the Company s consolidated balance sheet. In January 2012, the Company and its Scion partner each contributed \$1.1 million, totaling \$2.2 million, to Scion, which was deposited as additional cash collateral under the new terms of RAG s financing agreements. In January 2013, the Company contributed an additional \$2.6 million to the cash collateral pool under RAG s financing agreements. The aggregate \$5.6 million of cash collateral, which is owned by Scion, is included as short-term restricted cash in the Company s unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2013.

In May 2012, Scion, through a newly formed subsidiary, Scion BBC LLC, purchased a 50% interest in BBC Ice Cream, LLC, owner of the Billionaire Boys Club and Ice Cream brands for approximately \$3.5 million. The purchase price for the transaction was funded by the Company through a cash contribution to Scion. In addition, pursuant to the terms of an amendment to the Scion operating agreement, signed in March 2012, the Company has agreed to commit an additional \$6.5 million to Scion to fund investments and acquisitions mutually agreed upon by the Company and its Scion partner, Jay-Z.

In accordance with ASC Topic 810, the Company recognizes the non-controlling interest of Scion as equity in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent s equity.

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the carrying value of the consolidated assets that are collateral for the variable interest entity s obligations total \$10.3 million and \$10.6 million, respectively, which is comprised of the Artful Dodger trademark.

Iconix China

In September 2008, the Company and Novel Fashions Holdings Limited (Novel) formed a joint venture (Iconix China) to develop and market the Company s brands in the People s Republic of China, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan (the China Territory). Pursuant to the terms of this transaction, the Company contributed to Iconix China substantially all rights to its brands in the China Territory and committed to contribute \$5.0 million, and Novel committed to contribute \$20 million to Iconix China. Upon closing of the transaction, the Company contributed \$2.0 million and Novel contributed \$8.0 million. In September 2009, the parties amended the terms of the transaction to eliminate the obligation of the Company to make any additional contributions and to reduce Novel s remaining contribution commitment to \$9.0 million, \$4.0 million of which was contributed in July 2010, \$3.0 million of which was contributed in May 2011, and \$2.0 million of which was contributed in June 2012.

In December 2012, China Outfitters Holdings Limited (China Outfitters), a Hong Kong company and joint venture partner with Iconix China for the London Fog brand, purchased the Artful Dodger and Zoo York brands for the China Territory from Iconix China. As a result of this transaction, Iconix China recorded a net gain of approximately \$7.4 million, representing the difference of the \$8.0 million received from China Outfitters and the cost basis of \$0.6 million for the Artful Dodger and Zoo York trademarks in the China Territory. The Company s 50% share of the net gain of \$7.4 million recognized by Iconix China in this transaction, amounting to approximately \$3.7 million, is included in equity earnings on joint ventures in the Company s consolidated income statement for FY 2012.

In December 2011, China Outfitters, completed an initial public offering on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. As a result of this public offering, Iconix China s investment in its joint venture with China Outfitters, which had a cost basis of approximately \$2.6 million, was replaced with common stock of the newly formed public company, China Outfitters, the fair value of which was approximately \$15.3 million, and in accordance with ASC Topic 845 a net gain of approximately \$12.7 million was recognized by Iconix China at the time of the public offering to reflect the exchange of the original investment for the fair value of the China Outfitters common stock received through the public offering. The Company s 50% share of the net gain of \$12.7 million recognized by Iconix China in this transaction, amounting to approximately \$6.4 million, is included in equity earnings on joint ventures in the Company s consolidated income statement for FY 2011.

As of March 31, 2013, the Company has not received any income distributions from Iconix China.

At inception, the Company determined that, in accordance with ASC Topic 810, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and Novel, Iconix China is a variable interest entity and not subject to consolidation, as, under ASC Topic 810, the Company is not the primary beneficiary of Iconix China. The Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

Iconix Latin America

In December 2008, the Company contributed substantially all rights to its brands in Mexico, Central America, South America, and the Caribbean (the Latin America Territory) to Iconix Latin America LLC (Iconix Latin America), a then newly formed subsidiary of the Company. On December 29, 2008, New Brands America LLC (New Brands), an affiliate of the Falic Group, purchased a 50% interest in Iconix Latin America. In consideration for its 50% interest in Iconix Latin America, New Brands agreed to pay \$6.0 million to the Company. New Brands paid \$1.0 million upon closing of this transaction and committed to pay an additional \$5.0 million over the 30-month period following closing. As of December 31, 2011 this obligation was paid in full.

During FY 2011, the Company contributed to Iconix Latin America its share of the rights to revenues from IPH Unltd (see below) from the exploitation of the Ecko brands in the Latin America Territory. Also in FY 2011, the Company contributed to Iconix Latin America its rights to the Ed Hardy brands for the Latin America Territory.

During FY 2012, the Company contributed to Iconix Latin America the rights to the Zoo York and Sharper Image brands for the Latin America Territory. In aggregate consideration for these contributions, New Brands agreed to pay an aggregate of approximately \$5.7 million to the Company. As of March 31, 2013, the balance owed to the Company under this obligation is approximately \$3.0 million, \$1.2 million of which is included in other assets - current and \$1.8 million of which is included in other assets on the Company s unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Company has recorded the consideration associated with these transactions as other liabilities, which will be recognized over a period of three years.

Based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and New Brands, Iconix Latin America is not subject to consolidation. This conclusion was based on the Company s determination that the entity met the criteria to be considered a business, and therefore was not subject to consolidation due to the business scope exception of ASC Topic 810. As such, the Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

Hardy Way

In May 2009, the Company acquired a 50% interest in Hardy Way, the owner of the Ed Hardy brands and trademarks, for \$17.0 million, comprised of \$9.0 million in cash and 588,688 shares of the Company s common stock valued at \$8.0 million as of the closing. In addition, the sellers of the 50% interest received an additional \$1.0 million in shares of the Company s common stock pursuant to an earn-out based on royalties received by Hardy Way for 2009.

On April 26, 2011, Hardy Way acquired substantially all of the licensing rights to the Ed Hardy brands and trademarks from its licensee, Nervous Tattoo, Inc. (NT) pursuant to an asset purchase agreement by and among Hardy Way, NT and Audigier Brand Management Group, LLC (ABMG, and together with NT, the Sellers). Immediately prior to the closing of the transactions contemplated by the asset purchase agreement, the Company contributed \$62.0 million to Hardy Way, thereby increasing the Company sownership interests in Hardy Way from 50% to 85% of the outstanding membership interests. As a result of this transaction, the Company recorded a non-cash pre-tax re-measurement gain of approximately \$21.5 million, representing the increase in fair value of its original 50% investment in Hardy Way. This re-measurement gain is included in interest and other income in the year ended December 31, 2011 (FY 2011). Hardy Way paid \$55.0 million in cash for the assets described above. In addition, the Sellers were entitled to receive up to an additional \$7.0 million in cash pursuant to an earn-out based on royalties received by Hardy Way through June 30, 2013, which Hardy Way prepaid to the Sellers in an escrow account. The Company has accounted for this contingent consideration in accordance with ASC Topic 805. Further, as part of this transaction, the Sellers, as a licensee of Hardy Way for various men s and women s apparel categories, prepaid royalties to Hardy Way in the amount of \$7.0 million, representing guaranteed minimum royalties for two years.

Prior to the April 26, 2011 transaction described above, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and Hardy Way, Hardy Way was not subject to consolidation. This conclusion was based on the Company s determination that the entity met the criteria to be considered a business, and therefore was not subject to consolidation due to the business scope exception of ASC Topic 810. As such, the Company had recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

In accordance with ASC Topic 810, the Company recognizes the non-controlling interest of Hardy Way as equity in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent sequity.

On December 23, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement with NT to terminate the above mentioned license, and as such all prepaid royalties were recognized as earned and are included in the Company s consolidated income statement for FY 2011. As part of this agreement, \$2.0 million of the original \$7.0 million contingent consideration was released back to the Company and the contingency provision relating to the remaining \$5.0 million was amended and considered earned by NT. In accordance with ASC Topic 810, the \$2.0 million of contingent consideration released back to the Company is included in the Company s consolidated income statement for FY 2011. During the first quarter of FY 2012, the Company signed a new licensee to replace the core categories covered by the terminated NT license.

The Ed Hardy trademarks have been determined by management to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with ASC Topic 350, no amortization is being recorded in the Company sunaudited condensed consolidated income statements. The goodwill and trademarks are subject to a test for impairment on an annual basis. The \$18.8 million of goodwill resulting from the April 2011 transaction is deductible for income tax purposes.

IPH Unltd

In October 2009, the Company consummated, through a newly formed subsidiary, IPH Unltd, a transaction with the sellers of the Ecko portfolio of brands, including Ecko and Zoo York (the Ecko Assets), pursuant to which the sellers sold and/or contributed the Ecko Assets to IPH Unltd in exchange for a 49% membership interest in IPH Unltd and \$63.5 million in cash which had been contributed to IPH Unltd by the Company. As a result of this transaction, the Company owns a 51% controlling membership interest in IPH Unltd. In addition, as part of this transaction, IPH

Unltd borrowed \$90.0 million from a third party to repay certain indebtedness of the sellers.

On July 27, 2011 the Company, through its newly formed wholly owned subsidiary ZY Holdings LLC (ZY Holdings), acquired the Zoo York trademark and related assets from IPH Unltd for a net purchase price of \$18.0 million, effectively increasing its ownership in the Zoo York assets from 51% to 100%. In accordance with ASC Topic 810, no gain was recognized on this transaction as the Company retained a controlling interest in the Zoo York assets before and after the increase in its ownership interest.

ASC Topic 810 affirms that consolidation is appropriate when one entity has a controlling financial interest in another entity. The Company owns a 51% membership interest in IPH Unltd compared to the minority owner s 49% membership interest. Further, the Company believes that the voting and veto rights of the minority shareholder are merely protective in nature and do not provide them with substantive participating rights in IPH Unltd. As such, IPH Unltd is subject to consolidation with the Company, which is reflected in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

In accordance with ASC Topic 810, the Company recognizes the non-controlling interest of IPH Unltd as equity in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent s equity.

The Ecko and Zoo York trademarks have been determined by management to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with ASC Topic 350, no amortization is being recorded in the Company s consolidated income statements. The goodwill and trademarks are subject to a test for impairment on an annual basis. The \$0.7 million of goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes. The licensing contracts are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining contractual periods of approximately 1 to 9 years.

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the carrying value of the consolidated assets that are collateral for the variable interest entity s obligations total \$183.1 million and \$183.4 million, respectively, which is comprised primarily of trademarks and license agreements. The assets of the Company are not available to the variable interest entity s creditors.

Iconix Europe

In December 2009, the Company contributed substantially all rights to its brands in the European Territory (defined as all member states and candidate states of the European Union and certain other European countries) to Iconix Europe LLC, a then newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (Iconix Europe). Also in December 2009 and shortly after the formation of Iconix Europe, an investment group led by The Licensing Company and Albion Equity Partners LLC purchased a 50% interest in Iconix Europe through Brand Investments Vehicles Group 3 Limited (BIV), to assist the Company in developing, exploiting, marketing and licensing the Company s brands in the European Territory. In consideration for its 50% interest in Iconix Europe, BIV agreed to pay \$4.0 million, of which \$3.0 million was paid upon

closing of this transaction in December 2009 and the remaining \$1.0 million of which was paid in January 2011. As a result of this transaction, the Company recognized a gain of approximately \$7.0 million for 2009 which is included in licensing and other revenue on the consolidated income statement in 2009. Pursuant to the terms of the Iconix Europe operating agreement and subject to certain conditions, the Company is entitled to recognize a preferred profit distribution from Iconix Europe of at least \$6.0 million, after which all profits and losses are recognized 50/50 in accordance with each principal s membership interest percentage.

At inception, the Company determined, in accordance with ASC 810, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and BIV, that Iconix Europe is not a variable interest entity and not subject to consolidation. The Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

MG Icon

In March 2010, the Company acquired a 50% interest in MG Icon, the owner of the Material Girl and Truth or Dare brands and trademarks and other rights associated with the artist, performer and celebrity known as Madonna, from Purim LLC (Purim) for \$20.0 million, \$4.0 million of which was paid at closing and another \$8.0 million of which was paid through September 30, 2012. In connection with the launch of Truth or Dare brand and based on certain qualitative criteria, Purim is entitled to an additional \$3.0 million, \$1.0 million of which was paid in March 2012, with the remaining amount to be paid in \$1.0 million installments in 2013 and 2014. In addition, Purim may be entitled to receive additional consideration based on certain qualitative criteria. As of March 31, 2013, of the remaining \$10.0 million owed to Purim, \$5.0 million is included in other current liabilities and \$5.0 million is included in other liabilities on the Company s unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

At inception, the Company determined, in accordance with ASC Topic 810, based on the corporate structure, voting rights and contributions of the Company and Purim, MG Icon is a variable interest entity and not subject to consolidation, as, under ASC Topic 810, the Company is not the primary beneficiary of MG Icon. The Company has recorded its investment under the equity method of accounting.

Pursuant to the terms of the MG Icon operating agreement and subject to certain conditions, the Company is entitled to recognize a preferred profit distribution from MG Icon of at least \$23.0 million, after which all profits and losses are recognized 50/50 in accordance with each principal s membership interest percentage.

Peanuts Holdings

On June 3, 2010 (the Peanuts Closing Date), the Company consummated an interest purchase agreement with United Feature Syndicate, Inc (UFS) and The E.W. Scripps Company (the Parent) (Parent and UFS, collectively, the Sellers), pursuant to which it purchased all of the issued and outstanding interests (Interests) of Peanuts Worldwide, a then newly formed Delaware limited liability company, to which, prior to the closing of this acquisition, copyrights and trademarks associated with the Peanuts characters and certain other assets were contributed by UFS. On the Peanuts Closing Date, the Company also assigned its right to buy all of the Interests to Peanuts Holdings, a newly formed Delaware limited liability company and joint venture owned 80% by Icon Entertainment LLC (IE), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and 20% by Beagle Scout LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (Beagle) owned by certain Schulz family trusts.

Further, on the Closing Date, IE and Beagle entered into an operating agreement with respect to Peanuts Holdings (the Peanuts Operating Agreement). Pursuant to the Peanuts Operating Agreement, the Company, through IE, and Beagle made capital contributions of \$141.0 million and \$34.0 million, respectively, in connection with the acquisition of Peanuts Worldwide. The Interests were then purchased for \$172.1 million in cash, as adjusted for acquired working capital.

In connection with the Peanuts Operating Agreement, the Company through IE, loaned \$17.5 million to Beagle (the Beagle Note), the proceeds of which were used to fund Beagle s capital contribution to Peanuts Holdings in connection with the acquisition of Peanuts Worldwide. The Beagle Note bears interest at 6% per annum, with minimum principal payable in equal annual installments of approximately \$2.2 million on June 3, with any remaining unpaid principal balance and accrued interest to be due on June 3, 2015, the Beagle Note maturity date. Principal may be prepaid at any time. The Beagle Note is secured by the membership interest in Peanuts Holdings owned by Beagle. As of March 31, 2013, the current portion of approximately \$2.2 million is included in other assets - current in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet and the long term portion of \$7.3 million is included in other assets.

ASC Topic 810 affirms that consolidation is appropriate when one entity has a controlling financial interest in another entity. The Company owns an 80% membership interest in Peanuts Holdings, compared to the non-controlling owner s 20% membership interest. As such, Peanuts Holdings is subject to consolidation with the Company, which is reflected in the Company s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2013.

In accordance with ASC Topic 810, the Company recognizes the non-controlling interest of Peanuts Holdings as equity in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent sequity.

The Peanuts trademarks and copyrights have been determined by management to have an indefinite useful life and accordingly, consistent with ASC Topic 350, no amortization is being recorded in the Company s unaudited condensed consolidated income statements. The goodwill and trademarks are subject to a test for impairment on an annual basis. The \$17.7 million of goodwill is deductible for income tax purposes.

The licensing agreements are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining contractual periods of approximately 1 to 5 years.

4. Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820 Fair Value Measurements , which the Company adopted on January 1, 2008, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurement. While ASC 820 does not require any new fair value measurements in its application to other accounting pronouncements, it does emphasize that a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, ASC 820 established the following fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs) and (2) the reporting entity s own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs):

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets
- Level 2: Other inputs that are observable directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or market-corroborated inputs
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data and which requires the owner of the assets or liabilities to develop its own assumptions about how market participants would price these assets or liabilities

The valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

- (A) Market approach Uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities
- (B) Income approach Uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to a single present amount based on current market expectations about those future amounts, including present value techniques, option-pricing models and excess earnings method
- (C) Cost approach Based on the amount that would currently be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost)

To determine the fair value of certain financial instruments, the Company relies on Level 2 inputs generated by market transactions of similar instruments where available, and Level 3 inputs using an income approach when Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are not available. The Company s assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the valuation of financial assets and financial liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy.

Hedge Instruments

On March 26, 2011, the Company purchased hedge instruments from JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A. (JPMC) to mitigate the income statement risk and cash flow risk of revenue and receivables from licenses denominated in Japanese Yen. These hedge instruments are foreign exchange forward contracts that set the foreign exchange rate from Japanese Yen to U.S. Dollars for the Company s forecasted Japanese Yen denominated revenue (Income Statement Hedge) and receivable (Balance Sheet Hedge). Based on management s assessment, the Income Statement Hedge qualified for hedge accounting under ASC Topic 815. On a quarterly basis, the value of the Income Statement Hedge was adjusted to reflect its current fair value, with any adjustment flowing through other comprehensive income. The fair value of this instrument was obtained by comparing the characteristics of the Income Statement Hedge with similarly traded instruments, and was therefore classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. As of March 31, 2013 the Company had no other hedge instruments other than the 2.50% Convertible Note Hedges and 1.50% Convertible Note Hedges (see Note 5).

Financial Instruments

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the fair values of cash, receivables and accounts payable approximated their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of the note receivable from New Brands (see Note 3) approximates its \$3.0 million carrying value; the fair value of the note receivable due from the purchasers of the Canadian trademark for Joe Boxer approximates its \$3.0 million carrying value; the fair value of the note payable to Purim LLC (see Note 3) approximates its \$10.0 million carrying value; and the fair value of the Beagle Note (see Note 3) approximates its \$9.5 million carrying value. The estimated fair values of other financial instruments subject to fair value disclosures, determined based on broker quotes or quoted market prices or rates for the same or similar instruments and the related carrying amounts are as follows:

	March 31	1, 2013	December 3	31, 2012	
(000 s omitted)	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$ 1,223,707	\$ 1,451,790	\$ 911,711	\$ 979,827	

Financial instruments expose the Company to counterparty credit risk for nonperformance and to market risk for changes in interest. The Company manages exposure to counterparty credit risk through specific minimum credit standards, diversification of counterparties and procedures to monitor the amount of credit exposure. The Company s financial instrument counterparties are investment or commercial banks with significant experience with such instruments.

Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities

On January 1, 2009, the Company adopted the provisions of ASC Topic 820 with respect to its non-financial assets and liabilities requiring non-recurring adjustments to fair value using a market participant approach. The Company uses a discounted cash flow model with Level 3 inputs to measure the fair value of its non-financial assets and liabilities. The Company also adopted the provisions of ASC 820 as it relates to purchase accounting for its acquisitions. The Company has goodwill, which is tested for impairment at least annually, as required by ASC Topic 350. Further, in accordance with ASC Topic 350, the Company s indefinite-lived trademarks are tested for impairment at least annually, on an individual basis as separate single units of accounting. Similarly, consistent with ASC Topic 360 as it relates to accounting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, the Company assesses whether or not there is impairment of the Company s definite-lived trademarks. There was no impairment, and therefore no write-down, of any of the Company s long-lived assets during the Current Quarter or Prior Year Quarter.

5. Debt Arrangements

The Company s net carrying amount of debt is comprised of the following:

(000 s omitted)	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Senior Secured Notes	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000
1.50% Convertible Notes	311,538	
2.50% Convertible Notes	257,669	254,718
Ecko Note	54,500	57,000
Total	\$ 1,223,707	\$ 911,718

Senior Secured Notes

On November 29, 2012 (the SSN Closing Date), Icon Brand Holdings, Icon DE Intermediate Holdings LLC, Icon DE Holdings LLC and Icon NY Holdings LLC, each a limited-purpose, bankruptcy remote, wholly-owned direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company, (collectively, the Co-Issuers) issued \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of Series 2012-1 4.229% Senior Secured Notes, Class A-2 (the Senior Secured Notes) in an offering exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Simultaneously with the issuance of the Senior Secured Notes, the Co-Issuers also entered into a revolving financing facility of Series 2012-1 Variable Funding Senior Notes, Class A-1 (the Variable Funding Notes), which allows for the funding of up to \$100 million of Variable Funding Notes and certain other credit instruments, including letters of credit. The Variable Funding Notes were issued under the Indenture and allow for drawings on a revolving basis. Drawings and certain additional terms related to the Variable Funding Notes are governed by the Class A-1 Note Purchase Agreement dated November 29, 2012 (the Variable Funding Note Purchase Agreement), among the Co-Issuers, Iconix, as manager, certain conduit investors, financial institutions and funding agents, and Barclays Bank PLC, as provider of letters of credit, as swingline lender and as administrative agent. The Variable Funding Notes will be governed, in part, by the Variable Funding Note Purchase Agreement and by certain generally applicable terms contained in the Indenture. Interest on the Variable Funding Notes will be payable at per annum rates equal to the CP Rate, Base Rate or Eurodollar Rate, as defined in the Variable Funding Note Purchase Agreement.

As of March 31, 2013, no amounts under the Variable Funding Notes have been drawn. There is a commitment fee on the unused portion of the Variable Funding Notes facility of 0.5% per annum. It is anticipated that any outstanding principal of and interest on the Variable Funding Notes will be repaid in full on or prior to January 2018. Following the anticipated repayment date, additional interest will accrue on the Variable Funding Notes equal to 5% per annum. The Variable Funding Notes and other credit instruments issued under the Variable Funding Note Purchase Agreement are secured by the collateral described below.

The Senior Secured Notes and the Variable Funding Notes are referred to collectively as the Notes. The Notes were issued in a securitization transaction pursuant to which substantially all of Iconix s United States and Canadian revenue-generating assets (the Securitized Assets), consisting principally of its intellectual property and license agreements for the use of its intellectual property, were transferred to and are currently held by the Co-Issuers. The Securitized Assets do not include revenue generating assets of (x) the Iconix subsidiary that owns the Badgley Mischka trademark or the Iconix subsidiaries that own Iconix s other brands outside of the United States and Canada or (y) joint ventures in which Iconix and certain of its subsidiaries have investments and which own the Artful Dodger, Billionaire Boys Club and Ecko Unltd trademarks.

The Notes were issued under a base indenture and related supplemental indenture (collectively, the Indenture) among the Co-Issuers and Citibank, N.A., as trustee (in such capacity, the Trustee) and securities intermediary. The Indenture will allow the Co-Issuers to issue additional series of notes in the future subject to certain conditions.

While the Notes are outstanding, payments of interest are required to be made on the Senior Secured Notes on a quarterly basis. To the extent funds are available, principal payments in the amount of \$10.5 million are required to be made on the Senior Secured Notes on a quarterly basis.

The legal final maturity date of the Senior Secured Notes is in January of 2043, but it is anticipated that, unless earlier prepaid to the extent permitted under the Indenture, the Senior Secured Notes will be repaid in January of 2020. If the Co-Issuers have not repaid or refinanced the Senior Secured Notes prior to the anticipated repayment date, additional interest will accrue on the Senior Secured Notes equal to the greater of (A) 5% per annum and (B) a per annum interest rate equal to the excess, if any, by which the sum of (i) the yield to maturity (adjusted to a quarterly bond-equivalent basis), on the anticipated repayment date of the United States treasury security having a term closest to 10 years plus

(ii) 5% plus (iii) 3.4% exceeds the original interest rate. The Senior Secured Notes rank pari passu with the Variable Funding Notes.

Pursuant to the Indenture, the Notes are the joint and several obligations of the Co-Issuers only. The Notes are secured under the Indenture by a security interest in substantially all of the assets of the Co-Issuers (the Collateral), which includes, among other things, (i) intellectual property assets, including the U.S. and Canadian registered and applied for trademarks for the following brands and other related IP assets: Candie s, Bongo, Joe Boxer (excluding Canadian trademarks, none of which are owned by Iconix), Rampage, Mudd, London Fog (other than the trademark for outerwear products sold in the United States), Mossimo, Ocean Pacific and OP, Danskin and Danskin Now, Rocawear, Starter, Waverly, Fieldcrest, Royal Velvet, Cannon, Charisma, and Sharper Image; (ii) the rights (including the rights to receive payments) and obligations under all license agreements for use of those trademarks; (iii) the following equity interests in the following joint ventures: an 85% interest in Hardy Way LLC which owns the Ed Hardy brand, a 50% interest in MG Icon LLC which owns the Material Girl and Truth or Dare brands, a 100% interest in ZY Holdings LLC which owns the Zoo York brand, and an 80% interest in Peanuts Holdings LLC which owns the Peanuts brand and characters; and (iv) certain cash accounts established under the Indenture.

If the Company contributes a newly organized, limited purpose, bankruptcy remote entity (each an Additional IP Holder and, together with the Co-Issuers, the Securitization Entities) to Icon Brand Holdings LLC or Icon DE Intermediate Holdings LLC, that Additional IP Holder will enter into a guarantee and collateral agreement in a form provided for in the Base Indenture pursuant to which such Additional IP Holder will guarantee the obligations of the Co-Issuers in respect of any Notes issued under the Base Indenture and the other related documents and pledge substantially all of its assets to secure those guarantee obligations pursuant to a guarantee and collateral agreement.

Neither the Company nor any subsidiary of the Company, other than the Securitization Entities, will guarantee or in any way be liable for the obligations of the Co-Issuers under the Indenture or the Notes.

The Notes are subject to a series of covenants and restrictions customary for transactions of this type, including (i) that the Co-Issuers maintain specified reserve accounts to be used to make required payments in respect of the Notes, (ii) provisions relating to optional and mandatory prepayments, including mandatory prepayments in the event of a change of control (as defined in the Series 2012-1 Supplement) and the related payment of specified amounts, including specified make-whole payments in the case of the Senior Secured Notes under certain circumstances, (iii) certain indemnification payments in the event, among other things, the transfers of the assets pledged as collateral for the Notes are in stated ways defective or ineffective and (iv) covenants relating to recordkeeping, access to information and similar matters.

The Notes are also subject to customary rapid amortization events provided for in the Indenture, including events tied to (i) the failure to maintain a stated debt service coverage ratio, which tests the amount of net cash flow generated by the assets of the Co-Issuers against the amount of debt service obligations of the Co-Issuers (including any commitment fees and letter of credit fees with respect to the Variable Funding Notes, due and payable accrued interest, and due and payable scheduled principal payments on the Senior Secured Notes), (ii) certain manager termination events, (iii) the occurrence of an event of default and (iv) the failure to repay or refinance the Notes on the scheduled maturity date. If a rapid amortization event were to occur, Icon DE Intermediate Holdings LLC and Icon Brand Holdings LLC would be restricted from declaring or paying distributions on any of its limited liability company interests.

The Company used approximately \$150.4 million of the proceeds received from the issuance of the Senior Secured Notes to repay amounts outstanding under its revolving credit facility (see below) and approximately \$20.9 million to pay the costs associated with this securitized financing transaction. In addition approximately \$218.3 million of the proceeds from the Senior Secured Notes were used for the Company s purchase of the Umbro brand.

As of March 31, 2013, the total principal balance of the Notes is \$600.0 million, of which \$42.0 million is included in the current portion of long-term debt on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

1.50% Convertible Notes

On March 18, 2013, the Company completed the issuance of \$400.0 million principal amount of the Company s 1.50% convertible senior subordinated notes due March 15, 2018 (1.50% Convertible Notes) in a private offering to certain institutional investors. The net proceeds received by the Company from the offering, excluding the net cost of hedges and sale of warrants (described below) and including transaction fees, were approximately \$391.0 million.

The 1.50% Convertible Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 1.50%, payable semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on September 15, 2013. However, the Company recognizes an effective interest rate of 6.50% on the carrying amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes. The effective rate is based on the rate for a similar instrument that does not have a conversion feature. The 1.50% Convertible Notes will be convertible into cash and, if applicable, shares of the Company s common stock based on a conversion rate of 32.4052 shares of the Company s common stock, subject to customary adjustments, per \$1,000 principal amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes (which is equal to an initial conversion price of approximately \$30.86 per share) only under the following circumstances: (1) during any fiscal quarter beginning after December 15, 2017 (and only during such fiscal quarter), if the closing price of the Company s common stock for at least 20 trading days in the 30 consecutive trading days ending on and including the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter is more than 130% of the conversion price per share, which is \$1,000 divided by the then applicable conversion rate; (2) during the five consecutive business day period immediately following any five consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes for each day of that period was less than 98% of the product of (a) the closing price of the Company s common stock for each day in that period and (b) the conversion rate per \$1,000 principal amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes; (3) if specified distributions to holders of the Company's common stock are made, as set forth in the indenture governing the 1.50% Convertible Notes (1.50% Indenture); (4) if a change of control or other fundamental change, each as defined in the 1.50% Indenture, occurs; (5) if the Company chooses to redeem the 1.50% Convertible Notes upon the occurrence of a specified accounting change, as defined in the 1.50% Indenture; and (6) during the last month prior to maturity of the 1.50% Convertible Notes. If the holders of the 1.50% Convertible Notes exercise the conversion provisions under the circumstances set forth, the Company will need to remit the lower of the principal balance of the 1.50% Convertible Notes or their conversion value to the holders in cash. As such, the Company would be required to classify the entire amount outstanding of the 1.50% Convertible Notes as a current liability in the following quarter. The evaluation of the classification of amounts outstanding associated with the 1.50% Convertible Notes will occur every quarter.

Upon conversion, a holder will receive an amount in cash equal to the lesser of (a) the principal amount of the 1.50% Convertible Note or (b) the conversion value, determined in the manner set forth in the 1.50% Indenture. If the conversion value exceeds the principal amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes on the conversion date, the Company will also deliver, at its election, cash or the Company s common stock or a combination of cash and the Company s common stock for the conversion value in excess of the principal amount. In the event of a change of control or other fundamental change, the holders of the 1.50% Convertible Notes may require the Company to purchase all or a portion of their 1.50% Convertible Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. If a specified accounting change occurs, the Company may, at its option, redeem the 1.50% Convertible Notes in whole for cash, at a price equal to 102% of the principal amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Holders of the 1.50% Convertible Notes who convert their 1.50% Convertible Notes in connection with a fundamental change or in connection with a redemption upon the occurrence of a specified accounting change may be entitled to a make-whole premium in the form of an increase in the conversion rate.

Pursuant to guidance issued under ASC Topic 815, the 1.50% Convertible Notes are accounted for as convertible debt in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet and the embedded conversion option in the 1.50% Convertible Notes has not been accounted for as a separate derivative. For a discussion of the effects of the 1.50% Convertible Notes and the 1.50% Convertible Notes Hedges and Sold

Warrants defined and discussed below on earnings per share, see Note 7.

As of March 31, 2013 the amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes accounted for as a liability was approximately \$311.5 million and is reflected on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as follows:

	March 31,
(000 s omitted)	2013
Equity component carrying amount	\$ 49,931
Unamortized discount	88,462
Net debt carrying amount	311,538

For the Current Quarter, the Company recorded additional non-cash interest expense of approximately \$0.6 million, representing the difference between the stated interest rate on the 1.50% Convertible Notes and the rate for a similar instrument that does not have a conversion feature.

For the Current Quarter, cash interest expense relating to the 1.50% Convertible Notes was approximately \$0.2 million.

The Convertible Notes do not provide for any financial covenants.

At closing, the Company used a portion of the proceeds from the 1.50% Convertible Notes to repurchase 2,964,000 shares of its common stock in a private transaction with a third party for \$69.0 million. See note 6 for further information on our stock repurchase program.

In connection with the sale of the 1.50% Convertible Notes, the Company entered into hedges for the 1.50% Convertible Notes (1.50% Convertible Note Hedges) with respect to its common stock with one entity (the 1.50% Counterparty). Pursuant to the agreements governing these 1.50% Convertible Note Hedges, the Company purchased call options (the 1.50% Purchased Call Options) from the 1.50% Counterparty covering up to approximately 12,962,080 million shares of the Company s common stock. These 1.50% Convertible Note Hedges are designed to offset the Company s exposure to potential dilution upon conversion of the 1.50% Convertible Notes in the event that the market value per share of the Company s common stock at the time of exercise is greater than the strike price of the 1.50% Purchased Call

Options (which strike price corresponds to the initial conversion price of the 1.50% Convertible Notes and is simultaneously subject to certain customary adjustments). On March 13, 2013, the Company paid an aggregate amount of approximately \$84.1million of the proceeds from the sale of the 1.50% Convertible Notes for the 1.50% Purchased Call Options, of which \$29.4 million was included in the balance of deferred income tax assets at March 13, 2013 and is being recognized over the term of the 1.50% Convertible Notes. As of March 31, 2013, the balance of deferred income tax assets related to this transaction was approximately \$29.2 million.

The Company also entered into separate warrant transactions with the 1.50% Counterparty whereby the Company, pursuant to the agreements governing these warrant transactions, sold to the 1.50% Counterparty warrants (the 1.50% Sold Warrants) to acquire up to 12,962,080 million shares of the Company s common stock at a strike price of \$35.5173 per share of the Company s common stock. The 1.50% Sold Warrants will become exercisable on June 18, 2018 and will expire by September 1, 2018. The Company received aggregate proceeds of approximately \$57.7 million from the sale of the 1.50% Sold Warrants on March 13, 2013.

Pursuant to guidance issued under ASC Topic 815 Derivatives and Hedging as it relates to accounting for derivative financial instruments indexed to, and potentially settled in, a company s own stock, the 1.50% Convertible Note Hedge and the proceeds received from the issuance of the 1.50% Sold Warrants were recorded as a charge and an increase, respectively, in additional paid-in capital in stockholders equity as separate equity transactions. As a result of these transactions, the Company recorded a net increase to additional paid-in-capital of \$3.0 million in March 2013.

The Company has evaluated the impact of adopting guidance issued under ASC Topic 815 regarding embedded features as it relates to the 1.50% Sold Warrants, and has determined it had no impact on the Company s results of operations and financial position through March 31, 2013, and will have no impact on the Company s results of operations and financial position in future fiscal periods.

As the 1.50% Convertible Note Hedge transactions and the warrant transactions were separate transactions entered into by the Company with the 1.50% Counterparty, they are not part of the terms of the 1.50% Convertible Notes and will not affect the holders rights under the 1.50% Convertible Notes. In addition, holders of the 1.50% Convertible Notes will not have any rights with respect to the 1.50% Purchased Call Options or the 1.50% Sold Warrants.

If the market value per share of the Company s common stock at the time of conversion of the 1.50% Convertible Notes is above the strike price of the 1.50% Purchased Call Options, the 1.50% Purchased Call Options entitle the Company to receive from the 1.50% Counterparties net shares of the Company s common stock, cash or a combination of shares of the Company s common stock and cash, depending on the consideration paid on the underlying 1.50% Convertible Notes, based on the excess of the then current market price of the Company s common stock over the strike price of the 1.50% Purchased Call Options. Additionally, if the market price of the Company s common stock at the time of exercise of the 1.50% Sold Warrants exceeds the strike price of the 1.50% Sold Warrants, the Company will owe the 1.50% Counterparty net shares of the Company s common stock or cash, not offset by the 1.50% Purchased Call Options, in an amount based on the excess of the then current market price of the Company s common stock over the strike price of the 1.50% Sold Warrants.

These transactions will generally have the effect of increasing the conversion price of the 1.50% Convertible Notes to \$35.5173 per share of the Company s common stock, representing a 52.5% percent premium based on the last reported sale price of the Company s common stock of \$23.29 per share on March 12, 2013.

Moreover, in connection with the warrant transactions with the 1.50% Counterparty, to the extent that the price of the Company s common stock exceeds the strike price of the 1.50% Sold Warrants, the warrant transactions could have a dilutive effect on the Company s earnings per share.

2.50% Convertible Notes

On May 23, 2011, the Company completed the issuance of \$300.0 million principal amount of the Company s 2.50% convertible senior subordinated notes due June 2016 (2.50% Convertible Notes) in a private offering to certain institutional investors. The net proceeds received by the Company from the offering, excluding the net cost of hedges and sale of warrants (described below) and including transaction fees, were approximately \$291.6 million.

The 2.50% Convertible Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 2.50%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning December 1, 2011. However, the Company recognizes an effective interest rate of 7.25% on the carrying amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes. The effective rate is based on the rate for a similar instrument that does not have a conversion feature. The 2.50% Convertible Notes will be convertible into cash and, if applicable, shares of the Company s common stock based on a conversion rate of 32.5169 shares of the Company s common stock, subject to customary adjustments, per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes (which is equal to an initial conversion price of approximately \$30.75 per share) only under the following circumstances: (1) during any fiscal quarter beginning after June 30, 2011 (and only during such fiscal quarter), if the closing price of the Company s common stock for at least 20 trading days in the 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter is more than 130% of the

conversion price per share, which is \$1,000 divided by the then applicable conversion rate; (2) during the five business day period immediately following any five consecutive trading day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes for each day of that period was less than 98% of the product of (a) the closing price of the Company's common stock for each day in that period and (b) the conversion rate per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes; (3) if specified distributions to holders of the Company's common stock are made, as set forth in the indenture governing the 2.50% Convertible Notes (2.50% Indenture); (4) if a change of control or other fundamental change, each as defined in the 2.50% Indenture, occurs; (5) if the Company chooses to redeem the 2.50% Convertible Notes upon the occurrence of a specified accounting change, as defined in the 2.50% Indenture; and (6) during the last month prior to maturity of the 2.50% Convertible Notes. If the holders of the 2.50% Convertible Notes exercise the conversion provisions under the circumstances set forth, the Company will need to remit the lower of the principal balance of the 2.50% Convertible Notes or their conversion value to the holders in cash. As such, the Company would be required to classify the entire amount outstanding of the 2.50% Convertible Notes will occur every quarter. The evaluation of the classification of amounts outstanding associated with the 2.50% Convertible Notes will occur every quarter.

Upon conversion, a holder will receive an amount in cash equal to the lesser of (a) the principal amount of the 2.50% Convertible Note or (b) the conversion value, determined in the manner set forth in the 2.50% Indenture. If the conversion value exceeds the principal amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes on the conversion date, the Company will also deliver, at its election, cash or the Company s common stock or a combination of cash and the Company s common stock for the conversion value in excess of the principal amount. In the event of a change of control or other fundamental change, the holders of the 2.50% Convertible Notes may require the Company to purchase all or a portion of their 2.50% Convertible Notes at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. If a specified accounting change occurs, the Company may, at its option, redeem the 2.50% Convertible Notes in whole for cash, at a price equal to 102% of the principal amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. Holders of the 2.50% Convertible Notes who convert their 2.50% Convertible Notes in connection with a fundamental change or in connection with a redemption upon the occurrence of a specified accounting change may be entitled to a make-whole premium in the form of an increase in the conversion rate.

Pursuant to guidance issued under ASC Topic 815, the 2.50% Convertible Notes are accounted for as convertible debt in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and the embedded conversion option in the 2.50% Convertible Notes has not been accounted for as a separate derivative. For a discussion of the effects of the 2.50% Convertible Notes and the 2.50% Convertible Notes Hedges and Sold Warrants defined and discussed below on earnings per share, see Note 7.

As of March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes accounted for as a liability was approximately \$257.7 million and \$254.7 million, respectively, and is reflected on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
(000 s omitted)	2013	2012
Equity component carrying amount	\$ 35,996	\$ 35,996
Unamortized discount	42,331	45,282
Net debt carrying amount	257,669	254,718

For the Current Quarter, the Company recorded additional non-cash interest expense of approximately \$2.6 million, representing the difference between the stated interest rate on the 2.50% Convertible Notes and the rate for a similar instrument that does not have a conversion feature, as compared to \$2.5 million in the Prior Year Quarter.

For the Current Quarter, cash interest expense relating to the 2.50% Convertible Notes was approximately \$1.9 million, as compared to \$1.9 million in the Prior Year Quarter.

The Convertible Notes do not provide for any financial covenants.

In connection with the sale of the 2.50% Convertible Notes, the Company entered into hedges for the 2.50% Convertible Notes (2.50% Convertible Note Hedges) with respect to its common stock with two entities (the 2.50% Counterparties). Pursuant to the agreements governing these 2.50% Convertible Note Hedges, the Company purchased call options (the 2.50% Purchased Call Options) from the 2.50% Counterparties covering up to approximately 9.8 million shares of the Company s common stock. These 2.50% Convertible Note Hedges are designed to offset the Company s exposure to potential dilution upon conversion of the 2.50% Convertible Notes in the event that the market value per share of the Company s common stock at the time of exercise is greater than the strike price of the 2.50% Purchased Call Options (which strike price corresponds to the initial conversion price of the 2.50% Convertible Notes and is simultaneously subject to certain customary adjustments). On May 23, 2011, the Company paid an aggregate amount of approximately \$58.7 million of the proceeds from the sale of the 2.50% Convertible Notes for the 2.50% Purchased Call Options, of which \$20.6 million was included in the balance of deferred income tax assets at May 23, 2011 and is being recognized over the term of the 2.50% Convertible Notes. As of March 31, 2013, the balance of deferred income tax assets related to this transaction was approximately \$13.1 million.

The Company also entered into separate warrant transactions with the 2.50% Counterparties whereby the Company, pursuant to the agreements governing these warrant transactions, sold to the 2.50% Counterparties warrants (the 2.50% Sold Warrants) to acquire up to 9.76 million shares of the Company s common stock at a strike price of \$40.6175 per share of the Company s common stock. The 2.50% Sold Warrants will become exercisable on September 1, 2016 and will expire by the end of 2016. The Company received aggregate proceeds of approximately \$28.8 million from the sale of the 2.50% Sold Warrants on May 23, 2011.

Pursuant to guidance issued under ASC Topic 815 Derivatives and Hedging as it relates to accounting for derivative financial instruments indexed to, and potentially settled in, a company s own stock, the 2.50% Convertible Note Hedge and the proceeds received from the issuance of the 2.50% Sold Warrants were recorded as a charge and an increase, respectively, in additional paid-in capital in stockholders equity as separate equity transactions. As a result of these transactions, the Company recorded a net reduction to additional paid-in-capital of \$9.4 million in May 2011.

The Company has evaluated the impact of adopting guidance issued under ASC Topic 815 regarding embedded features as it relates to the 2.50% Sold Warrants, and has determined it had no impact on the Company s results of operations and financial position through March 31, 2013, and will have no impact on the Company s results of operations and financial position in future fiscal periods.

As the 2.50% Convertible Note Hedge transactions and the warrant transactions were separate transactions entered into by the Company with the 2.50% Counterparties, they are not part of the terms of the 2.50% Convertible Notes and will not affect the holders rights under the 2.50% Convertible Notes. In addition, holders of the 2.50% Convertible Notes will not have any rights with respect to the 2.50% Purchased Call Options or the 2.50% Sold Warrants.

If the market value per share of the Company s common stock at the time of conversion of the 2.50% Convertible Notes is above the strike price of the 2.50% Purchased Call Options, the 2.50% Purchased Call Options entitle the Company to receive from the 2.50% Counterparties net shares of the Company s common stock, cash or a combination of shares of the Company s common stock and cash, depending on the consideration paid on the underlying 2.50% Convertible Notes, based on the excess of the then current market price of the Company s common stock over the strike price of the 2.50% Purchased Call Options. Additionally, if the market price of the Company s common stock at the time of exercise of the 2.50% Sold Warrants exceeds the strike price of the 2.50% Sold Warrants, the Company will owe the 2.50% Counterparties net

shares of the Company s common stock or cash, not offset by the 2.50% Purchased Call Options, in an amount based on the excess of the then current market price of the Company s common stock over the strike price of the 2.50% Sold Warrants.

These transactions will generally have the effect of increasing the conversion price of the 2.50% Convertible Notes to \$40.6175 per share of the Company s common stock, representing a 75% percent premium based on the last reported sale price of the Company s common stock of \$23.21 per share on May 17, 2011.

Moreover, in connection with the warrant transactions with the 2.50% Counterparties, to the extent that the price of the Company s common stock exceeds the strike price of the 2.50% Sold Warrants, the warrant transactions could have a dilutive effect on the Company s earnings per share.

Ecko Note

In connection with the Ecko transaction, IPH Unltd issued a promissory note (Ecko Note) to a third party creditor (LF Centennial Limited, an affiliate of Li & Fung USA) for \$90.0 million. IPH Unltd s obligations under the Ecko Note are secured by the Ecko portfolio of trademarks and related intellectual property assets and the Zoo York trademarks and related intellectual property assets owned by ZY Holdings (see Note 3), and are further guaranteed personally by the minority owner of IPH Unltd, with no recourse to the Company other than the interest of ZY Holdings in the Zoo York trademarks and related intellectual property assets. Amounts outstanding under the Ecko Note bear interest at 7.50% per annum, with minimum principal payable in equal quarterly installments of \$2.5 million, with any remaining unpaid principal balance and accrued interest to be due on June 30, 2014, the Ecko Note maturity date. The Ecko Note may be prepaid without penalty, and would be applied to the scheduled quarterly principal payments in the order of their maturity. On July 27, 2011, in connection with the Company s purchase of the Zoo York trademark and related assets (see Note 3), IPH Unltd paid \$3.0 million in principal to the holder of the Ecko Note. As of March 31, 2013, the total principal balance of the Ecko Note is \$54.5 million, of which \$10.0 million is included in the current portion of long-term debt on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Debt Maturities

As of March 31, 2013, the Company s debt maturities on a calendar year basis are as follows:

		April 1 through					
		cember 31,					
(000 s omitted)	Total	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Thereafter
Senior Secured	\$ 600,000	\$ 31,500	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000	\$ 400,500
1.50% Convertible Notes ⁽¹⁾	311,538						311,538
2.50% Convertible Notes ⁽²⁾	257,669				257,669		
Ecko Note	54,500	7,500	47,000				
Total	\$ 1,223,707	\$ 39,000	\$ 89,000	\$ 42,000	\$ 299,669	\$ 42,000	\$ 712,038

- (1) Reflects the net debt carrying amount of the 1.50% Convertible Notes in the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2013, in accordance with accounting for convertible notes. The principal amount owed to the holders of the 1.50% Convertible Notes is \$400.0 million.
- (2) Reflects the net debt carrying amount of the 2.50% Convertible Notes in the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2013, in accordance with accounting for convertible notes. The principal amount owed to the holders of the 2.50% Convertible Notes is \$300.0 million.

6. Stockholders Equity

Stock Repurchase Program

On October 27, 2011, the Company announced that its Board of Directors had authorized the repurchase of up to \$200 million of the Company s common stock over a period of approximately three years (the 2011 Program). The 2011 Program replaced any prior plan or authorization. The 2011 Program did not obligate the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares and could be suspended at any time at management s discretion. During the Current Quarter, the Company repurchased 2,375,220 shares under the 2011 Program for approximately \$55.5 million. During the Prior Year Quarter, the Company repurchased 2,051,654 shares under the 2011 Program for approximately \$35.7 million. As of February 27, 2013, the Company had repurchased the full \$200 million authorized under the 2011 Program.

On February 15, 2013, the Company s Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase up to \$300 million of its common stock over a three year period (the 2013 Program). This plan is in addition to the 2011 Program the Company announced in October 2011 to repurchase \$200 million, which was fully expended as of February 27, 2013 (as mentioned above). During the Current Quarter, the Company repurchased 4,337,346 shares under the Program for approximately \$103.4 million. As of March 31, 2013, \$196.6 million remained available for repurchase under the Program.

2009 Equity Incentive Plan

On August 13, 2009, the Company s stockholders approved the Company s 2009 Equity Incentive Plan (2009 Plan). The 2009 Plan authorizes the granting of common stock options or other stock-based awards covering up to 3,000,000 shares of the Company s common stock. All employees, directors, consultants and advisors of the Company, including those of the Company s subsidiaries, are eligible to be granted non-qualified stock options and other stock-based awards (as defined) under the 2009 Plan, and employees are also eligible to be granted incentive stock options (as defined) under the 2009 Plan. No new awards may be granted under the Plan after August 13, 2019.

On August 15, 2012, the Company s stockholders approved the Company s Amended and Restated 2009 Plan (Amended and Restated 2009 Plan), which, among other items and matters, increased the shares available under the 2009 Plan by an additional 4,000,000 shares to a total of 7,000,000 shares issuable under the Amended and Restated 2009 Plan and extended the 2009 Plan termination date through August 15, 2022.

Shares Reserved for Issuance

At March 31, 2013, 3,596,934 common shares were reserved for issuance under the Amended and Restated 2009 Plan. At March 31, 2013 there were no common shares available for issuance under any previous Company plan.

Stock Options and Warrants

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company s employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management s opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options.

The fair value for these options and warrants for all years was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

Expected Volatility	30 - 50%
Expected Dividend Yield	0%
Expected Life (Term)	3-7 years
Risk-Free Interest Rate	3.00-4.7
	5%

The options and warrants that the Company granted under its plans expire at various times, either five or ten years from the date of grant, depending on the particular grant.

There was no compensation expense related to stock option grants or warrant grants for the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter.

Summaries of the Company s stock options, warrants (other than warrants issued related to our 1.50% Convertible Notes and 2.50% Convertible Notes) and performance related options activity, and related information for the Current Quarter are as follows:

Options	Options	_	ed-Average eise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2013	1,444,150	\$	5.90
Granted			
Canceled			
Exercised	(70,823)		1.72
Expired/Forfeited			
Outstanding at March 31, 2013	1,373,327	\$	6.12
Exercisable at March 31, 2013	1,373,327	\$	6.12

Warrants	Warrants	_	ted-Average cise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2013	190,000	\$	19.80
Granted			
Canceled			
Exercised			
Expired/Forfeited			
Outstanding at March 31, 2013	190,000	\$	19.80
Exercisable at March 31, 2013	190,000	\$	19.80

All warrants issued in connection with acquisitions are recorded at fair market value using the Black-Scholes model and are recorded as part of purchase accounting. Certain warrants are exercised using the cashless method.

The Company values other warrants issued to non-employees at the commitment date at the fair market value of the instruments issued, a measure which is more readily available than the fair market value of services rendered, using the Black-Scholes model. The fair market value of the instruments issued is expensed over the vesting period.

Restricted stock

Compensation cost for restricted stock is measured as the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the Company s stock at the date the common stock is issued over the amount the employee must pay to acquire the stock (which is generally zero). The compensation cost, net of projected forfeitures, is recognized over the period between the issue date and the date any restrictions lapse, with compensation cost for grants with a graded vesting schedule recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of the award as if the award was, in substance, multiple awards. The restrictions do not affect voting and dividend rights.

The following tables summarize information about unvested restricted stock transactions:

	Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value	
Non-vested, January 1, 2013	2,612,000	\$	18.56
Granted	233,666		21.60
Vested	(50,329)		16.52
Forfeited/Canceled			
Non-vested, March 31, 2013	2,795,337	\$	18.85

Compensation expense related to restricted stock grants for the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter was approximately \$1.9 million and \$2.6 million, respectively. An additional amount of \$12.4 million is expected to be expensed over a period of approximately four years. During the Current Quarter and the Prior Year Quarter, the Company withheld shares valued at \$2.1 million, and \$0.2 million, respectively, of its restricted common stock in connection with net share settlement of restricted stock grants and option exercises.

7. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share includes no dilution and is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect, in periods in which they have a dilutive effect, the effect of restricted stock-based awards and common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options and warrants. The difference between basic and diluted weighted-average common shares results from the assumption that all dilutive stock options outstanding were exercised and all convertible notes have been converted into common stock.

As of March 31, 2013, of the total potentially dilutive shares related to restricted stock-based awards, stock options and warrants, approximately 1.4 million were anti-dilutive, compared to 0.1 million as of March 31, 2012.

As of March 31, 2013, none of the performance related restricted stock-based awards issued in connection with the Company s employment agreement with its chairman, chief executive officer and president were anti-dilutive.

Warrants issued in connection with the Company s 1.50% Convertible Notes financing and 2.50% Convertible Notes financing were anti-dilutive and therefore not included in this calculation. Portions of the 1.50% Convertible Notes and the 2.50% Convertible Notes that would be subject to conversion to common stock were anti-dilutive as of March 31, 2013 and therefore not included in this calculation.

A reconciliation of weighted average shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share follows:

	For the Three	For the Three Months	
	End	Ended	
	March	n 31,	
	(unaud	lited)	
(000 s omitted)	2013	2012	
Basic	64,208	72,302	
Effect of exercise of stock options	1,066	1,008	
Effect of contingent common stock issuance		144	
Effect of assumed vesting of restricted stock	1,418	1,151	
Diluted	66,692	74,605	

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Normal Course litigation

From time to time, the Company is also made a party to litigation incurred in the normal course of business. While any litigation has an element of uncertainty, the Company believes that the final outcome of any of these routine matters will not have a material effect on the Company s financial position or future liquidity.

9. Related Party Transactions

The Candie s Foundation

The Candie s Foundation, a charitable foundation founded by Neil Cole for the purpose of raising national awareness about the consequences of teenage pregnancy, owed the Company \$0.6 million and \$0.6 million at March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The Candie s Foundation intends to pay-off the entire borrowing from the Company during 2013, although additional advances will be made as and when necessary.

Travel

The Company recorded expenses of \$39 for the Current Quarter for the hire and use of aircraft solely for business purposes owned by a company in which the Company s chairman, chief executive officer and president is the sole owner. There were no such expenses in the Prior Year Quarter. Management believes that all transactions were made on terms and conditions no less favorable than those available in the marketplace from unrelated parties.

10. Segment and Geographic Data

The Company has one reportable segment, licensing and commission revenue generated from its brands. The geographic regions consist of the United States and Other (which principally represents Canada, Japan and Europe). Revenues attributed to each region are based on the location in which licensees are located.

The net revenues by type of license and information by geographic region are as follows:

	For the three mon	ths	
	ended		
	March 31,	March 31,	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
(000 s omitted)	2013 2	2012	
Licensing and other revenue by category:			

Direct-to-retail license	\$ 40,845	\$ 42,473
Wholesale license	58,881	40,780
Entertainment and other	5,336	5,198
	\$ 105,062	\$ 88,451
Licensing and other revenue by geographic region:		
United States	\$ 74,856	\$ 73,814
Japan	6,177	6,357
Other ⁽¹⁾	24,029	8,280
	\$ 105.062	\$ 88.451

⁽¹⁾ No single country represented 10% of the Company s revenues in the periods presented in this table.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Executive Summary. We are a brand management company engaged in licensing, marketing and providing trend direction for a diversified and growing consumer brand portfolio. Our brands are sold across every major segment of retail distribution, from luxury to mass. As of March 31, 2013, we owned the following iconic consumer brands: Candie s, Bongo, Badgley Mischka, Joe Boxer, Rampage, Mudd, London Fog, Mossimo, Ocean Pacific/OP, Danskin/Danskin Now, Rocawear, Cannon, Royal Velvet, Fieldcrest, Charisma, Starter, Waverly, Zoo York, Sharper Image, Umbro and Lee Cooper. In addition, Scion LLC, a joint venture in which we have a 50% controlling investment, owns the Artful Dodger brand and has investments in the BBC and Ice Cream brands; Hardy Way, a joint venture in which we have an 85% controlling investment, owns the Ed Hardy brands (see Note 3 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements); IPH Unltd, a joint venture in which we have a 51% controlling investment, owns the Material Girl and Truth or Dare brands; Peanuts Holdings, a joint venture in which we have an 80% controlling investment, owns, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Peanuts Worldwide, the Peanuts brands and characters; Icon Modern Amusement, a joint venture in which we have a 51% controlling investment, owns the Buffalo brand. We license our brands worldwide through over 1,000 direct-to-retail and wholesale licenses for use across a wide range of product categories, including sportswear, fashion accessories, footwear, entertainment, home products and décor, and beauty and fragrance. Our business model allows us to focus on our core competencies of marketing and managing brands without many of the risks and investment requirements associated with a more traditional operating company.

Our licensing agreements with leading retail and wholesale licensees throughout the world provide us with a predictable stream of guaranteed minimum royalties.

Our growth strategy is focused on increasing licensing revenue from our existing portfolio of brands through the addition of new product categories, expanding the retail penetration of our existing brands and optimizing the sales of our licensees. We will also seek to continue the international expansion of our brands by partnering with leading licensees and/or joint venture partners throughout the world. In addition, we believe we will continue to acquire iconic consumer brands with applicability to a wide range of merchandise categories and an ability to further diversify our brand portfolio.

Results of Operations

The Current Quarter compared to the Prior Year Quarter

Licensing and Other Revenue. Licensing and other revenue for the Current Quarter totaled \$105.1 million, a 19% increase as compared to \$88.5 million for the Prior Year Quarter. After excluding revenue in the Current Quarter totaling approximately \$18.6 million for which there is no comparable revenue in the Prior Year Quarter (i.e. the acquisition of Umbro in November 2012; the acquisition of Buffalo in February 2013, and the acquisition of Lee Cooper in February 2013 see Note 3 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for descriptions of these transactions), the resulting decrease in comparable revenue was primarily related to our brands at Wal-Mart (ie. OP, Danskin and Starter), partially offset by gains in our Mudd, Rampage and Bongo brands.

Operating Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses, herein referred to as SG&A, totaled \$38.8 million for the Current Quarter compared to \$30.9 million for the Prior Year Quarter. After excluding SG&A totaling \$4.8 million (which includes transaction costs of approximately \$1.5 million) in the Current Quarter for which there is no comparable SG&A in the Prior Year Quarter (i.e. the acquisition of Umbro in November 2012; the acquisition of Buffalo in February 2013, and the acquisition of Lee Cooper in February 2013 — see Note 3 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for descriptions of these transactions), comparable SG&A increased approximately \$3.1 million. This increase in comparable SG&A was primarily driven by approximately \$2.0 million of professional fees incurred in connection with an unconsummated transaction, and an increase in advertising expense of approximately \$1.2 million.

Operating Income. Operating income for the Current Quarter increased to \$66.2 million, or approximately 63% of total revenue, compared to \$57.6 million or approximately 65% of total revenue in the Prior Year Quarter.

Other Expenses Net. Other expenses net changed by approximately \$0.1 million from approximately \$11.8 million of other expenses net in the Prior Year Quarter to approximately \$11.9 million of other expenses net in the Current Quarter. Interest expense increased approximately \$0.5 million for the following reasons: (i) interest related to our Senior Secured Notes (issued November 2012) was approximately \$6.3 million, for which there is no comparable expense in the Prior Year Quarter, and (ii) interest related to our 1.50% Convertible Notes (issued March 2013) was approximately \$0.9 million, for which there is no comparable expense in the Prior Year Quarter; partially offset by: (i) interest expense related to our 1.875% Convertible Notes (repaid and retired in June 2012) was \$5.9 million, and (ii) interest expense related to our Asset-Backed Notes (repaid and extinguished in November 2012) was \$0.9 million, for which there is no comparable expense in the Current Quarter.

Provision for Income Taxes. The effective income tax rate for the Current Quarter is approximately 27.7% resulting in a \$15.0 million income tax expense, as compared to an effective income tax rate of 32.5% in the Prior Year Quarter which resulted in the \$14.8 million income tax expense. The decrease in our effective tax rate primarily relates to a greater portion of our income being generated and permanently reinvested in countries outside the U.S. that have lower statutory rates than the U.S.

Net Income. Our net income was approximately \$39.3 million in the Current Quarter, compared to net income of approximately \$30.9 million in the Prior Year Quarter, as a result of the factors discussed above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity

Our principal capital requirements have been to fund acquisitions, working capital needs and, to a lesser extent, share repurchases and capital expenditures. We have historically relied on internally generated funds to finance our operations and our primary source of capital needs for acquisition has been the issuance of debt and equity securities. At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, our cash totaled \$376.3 million and \$255.0 million, respectively, including short-term restricted cash of \$61.5 million and \$16.4 million, respectively.

In March 2013, we issued our 1.50% Convertible Notes, the proceeds of which (including transaction fees) were approximately \$391.0 million. In connection with this transaction, we entered into the 1.50% Convertible Note Hedges and sold the 1.50% Convertible Note Warrants, the net cost of which was \$26.4 million. Further, in connection with this offering, we entered into a private transaction whereby we repurchased 2,964,000 shares of our common stock from a third party for \$69.0 million.

We believe that cash from future operations and our currently available cash will be sufficient to satisfy our anticipated working capital requirements for the foreseeable future. We intend to continue financing future brand acquisitions through a combination of cash from operations, bank financing and the issuance of additional equity and/or debt securities. See Note 5 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of certain prior financings consummated by us.

Changes in Working Capital

At March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the working capital ratio (current assets to current liabilities) was 3.86 to 1 and 3.64 to 1, respectively. Commentary on components of our cash flows for the Current Quarter as compared to the Prior Year Quarter is set forth below:

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities increased approximately \$1.3 million, from \$52.2 million in the Prior Year Quarter to \$53.5 million in the Current Quarter. This increase is partially due to an increase in net income of approximately \$8.4 million from \$30.9 million in the Prior Year Quarter to approximately \$39.3 million in the Current Quarter for the reasons discussed above, as well as an increase in deferred revenue primarily due to both the timing of certain payments received from licensees in the Current Quarter, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable primarily driven by our most recent acquisitions (i.e. Umbro, Buffalo and Lee Cooper).

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities in the Current Quarter increased approximately \$130.8 million, from \$3.4 million in the Prior Year Quarter to \$134.2 million in the Current Quarter. This increase is primarily due to our acquisition of a 51% controlling interest in the Buffalo brand for \$76.5 million, and our acquisition of the Lee Cooper brand for \$66.7 million (excluding working capital acquired). This increase was partially offset by (i) proceeds of \$7.3 million related to the sale of the London Fog outerwear category to one of our London Fog licensees in the Current Quarter versus proceeds of approximately \$1.5 million in the Prior Year Quarter for our sale of the Ed Hardy and Zoo York trademarks to Iconix Latin America, and (ii) an increase of \$6.3 million in net distributions from equity partners, from \$4.4 million in net distributions to equity partners in the Prior Year Quarter to \$1.9 million in net distributions from equity partners in the Current Quarter.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities increased \$210.9 million, from \$54.0 million of net cash used in financing activities in the Prior Year Quarter to net cash provided by financing activities of \$156.9 million in the Current Quarter. The main driver of this net increase of cash provided by financing activities of \$210.9 million was as a result of aggregate net cash received of \$365.6 million from our 1.50% Convertible Notes offering, net of the cost of hedges and sale of warrants related to this offering. This was partially offset by (i) an increase in shares on the open market, from \$35.7 million in the Prior Year Quarter to \$158.9 million in the Current Quarter as part of a stock repurchase plan, and (ii) an increase in our current restricted stock, from \$12.8 in the Prior Year Quarter to \$45.2 million in the Current Quarter, which is directly related to the reserve accounts for the Senior Secured Notes which did not exist in the Prior Year Quarter.

Other Matters

New Accounting Standards

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment. ASU 2012-02 simplifies the guidance for testing the decline in the realizable value (impairment) of indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill by allowing an organization the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative impairment test. An organization electing to perform a qualitative assessment is no longer required to calculate the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset unless the organization determines, based on a qualitative assessment, that it is more likely than not that the asset is impaired. The amendments in this update are effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-02 will not have a material impact on our results of operations or our financial position.

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-04, Technical Corrections and Improvements. ASU 2012-04 contains amendments to clarify the ASC, correct unintended application of guidance, or make minor improvements to the ASC that are not expected to have a significant effect on current accounting practice or create a significant administrative cost to most entities. Additionally, the amendments are intended to make the ASC easier to understand and the fair value measurement guidance easier to apply by eliminating inconsistencies and providing needed clarifications. The amendments that do not have transition guidance were effective upon issuance. The amendments that are subject to the transition guidance will be effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2012-04 will not have a material impact on our results of operations or our financial position.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to report the effect of significant reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income on the respective line items in net income if the amount being reclassified is required to be reclassified in its entirety to net income. For other amounts that are not required to be reclassified in their entirety to net income in the same reporting period, an entity is

required to cross-reference other disclosures that provide additional detail about those amounts. The amendments do not change the current requirements for reporting net income or other comprehensive income in financial statements. For public entities, the amendments are effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012.

Critical Accounting Policies

Several of our accounting policies involve management judgments and estimates that could be significant. The policies with the greatest potential effect on our consolidated results of operations and financial position include the estimate of reserves to provide for collectability of accounts receivable. We estimate collectability considering historical, current and anticipated trends of our licensees related to deductions taken by customers and markdowns provided to retail customers to effectively flow goods through the retail channels, and the possibility of non-collection due to the financial position of our licensees and their retail customers. Due to our licensing model, we do not have any inventory risk and have reduced our operating risks, and can reasonably forecast revenues and plan expenditures based upon guaranteed royalty minimums and sales projections provided by our retail and other licensees.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We review all significant estimates affecting the financial statements on a recurring basis and record the effect of any adjustments when necessary.

In connection with our licensing model, we have entered into various trademark license agreements that provide revenues based on minimum royalties and additional revenues based on a percentage of defined sales. Minimum royalty revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over each period, as defined, in each license agreement. Royalties exceeding the defined minimum amounts are recognized as income during the period corresponding to the licensee s sales.

In June 2001, the FASB issued guidance under ASC Topic 350 Intangibles Goodwill and Other, which changed the accounting for goodwill from an amortization method to an impairment-only approach. Upon our adoption of this guidance, on February 1, 2002, we ceased amortizing goodwill. As prescribed under this guidance, we had goodwill tested for impairment during the years FY 2012, FY 2011 and FY 2010, and no write-downs from impairments were necessary. Our tests for impairment utilize discounted cash flow models to estimate the fair values of the individual assets. Assumptions critical to our fair value estimates are as follow: (i) discount rates used to derive the present value factors used in determining the fair value of the reporting units and trademarks; (ii) royalty rates used in our trademark valuations; (iii) projected average revenue growth rates used in the reporting unit and trademark models; and (iv) projected long-term growth rates used in the derivation of terminal year values. These tests factor in economic conditions and expectations of management and may change in the future based on period-specific facts and circumstances.

Impairment losses are recognized for long-lived assets, including certain intangibles, used in operations when indicators of impairment are present and the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are not sufficient to recover the assets carrying amount. Impairment losses are measured by comparing the fair value of the assets to their carrying amount. For the years FY 2012, FY 2011 and FY 2010 there was no impairment present for these long-lived assets.

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted guidance under ASC Topic 718 Compensation - Stock Compensation, which requires companies to measure and recognize

compensation expense for all stock-based payments at fair value. Under this guidance, using the modified prospective method, compensation expense is recognized for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of, January 1, 2006. Prior to the adoption of this guidance, we accounted for our stock-based compensation plans under the recognition and measurement principles of accounting principles board, or APB, Opinion No. 25, Accounting for stock issued to employees, and related interpretations. Accordingly, the compensation cost for stock options had been measured as the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of our common stock at the date of the grant over the amount the employee must pay to acquire the stock.

We account for income taxes in accordance with guidance under ASC Topic 740 Income Taxes. Under this guidance, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax basis of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. In determining the need for a valuation allowance, management reviews both positive and negative evidence pursuant to the requirements of this guidance, including current and historical results of operations, the annual limitation on utilization of net operating loss carry forwards pursuant to Internal Revenue Code section 382, future income projections and the overall prospects of our business. Based upon management s assessment of all available evidence, including our completed transition into a licensing business, estimates of future profitability based on projected royalty revenues from our licensees, and the overall prospects of our business, management concluded that it is more likely than not that the net deferred income tax asset will be realized.

We adopted guidance under ASC Topic 740, beginning January 1, 2007, as it relates to uncertain tax positions. The implementation of this guidance did not have a significant impact on our financial position or results of operations. The total unrecognized tax benefit was \$1.1 million at the date of adoption. At December 31, 2012, the total unrecognized tax benefit was \$1.2 million. However, this unrecognized tax benefit is not recognized for accounting purposes because the related deferred tax asset has been fully reserved in prior years. We are continuing our practice of recognizing interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. There was no accrual for interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions for the year ended December 31, 2012. We file federal and state tax returns and we are generally no longer subject to tax examinations for fiscal years prior to 2008.

Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The statements that are not historical facts contained in this report are forward looking statements that involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict and many of which are beyond our control, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. These risks are detailed our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 and other SEC filings. The words believe , anticipate, expect , confident , project , provide guidance and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We limit exposure to foreign currency fluctuations by requiring the majority of our licenses to be denominated in U.S. dollars. Certain other licenses are denominated in Japanese Yen and the Euro. To mitigate interest rate risks, we have, from time to time, purchased derivative financial instruments such as forward contracts to convert certain portions of our revenue and cash received in foreign currencies to fixed exchange rates. If there were an adverse change in the exchange rate from Japanese Yen to U.S. dollars or the Euro to U.S. dollars of less than 10%, the expected effect on net income would be immaterial.

Moreover, in connection with the warrant transaction with the counterparties related to our 1.50% Convertible Notes and our 2.50% Convertible Notes, to the extent that the price of our common stock exceeds the strike price of the warrants, the warrant transaction could have a dilutive effect on our earnings per share.

The effect, if any, of these transactions and activities on the trading price of our common stock will depend in part on market conditions and cannot be ascertained at this time, but any of these activities could adversely affect the value of our common stock.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, herein referred to as the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. The purpose of disclosure controls is to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed with or submitted to the SEC under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms. Disclosure controls are also designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on this evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information required to be included in our periodic SEC filings and ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the SEC s rules and forms.

The principal executive officer and principal financial officer also conducted an evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, herein referred to as internal control, to determine whether any changes in internal control occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2013 that may have materially affected or which are reasonably likely to materially affect internal control. Based on that evaluation, there has been no change in the Company s internal control during the three months ended March 31, 2013 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control.

PART II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

See Note 9 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the risk factors disclosed in Part 1, Item 1A, Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, set forth below are certain factors that have affected, and in the future could affect, our operations or financial condition. We operate in a changing environment that involves numerous known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could impact our operations. The risks described below and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our financial condition and/or operating results.

Our existing and future debt obligations could impair our liquidity and financial condition, and in the event we are unable to meet our debt obligations we could lose title to our trademarks.

As of March 31, 2013, our consolidated balance sheet reflects debt of approximately \$1,223.7 million, including secured debt of \$654.5 million (\$600 million under the Senior Secured Notes, and \$54.5 million under the Ecko Note). In accordance with ASC 820, our 1.50% Convertible Notes and our 2.50% Convertible Notes is included in our \$1,223.7 million of consolidated debt at a net debt carrying value of \$311.5 and \$257.7 million, respectively; however, the principal amount owed to the holders of

our 1.50% Convertible Notes and 2.50% Convertible Notes is \$400.0 million (due March 2018) and \$300.0 million (due June 1, 2016), respectively. Also the Ecko Note, while consolidated on our balance sheet, is an obligation solely of the IPH Unltd joint venture, with no recourse to the Company beyond the Zoo York marks pledged as security thereunder by ZY Holdings. We may also assume or incur additional debt, including secured debt, in the future in connection with, or to fund, future acquisitions. Our debt obligations:

could impair our liquidity;

could make it more difficult for us to satisfy our other obligations;

require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to payments on our debt obligations, which reduces the availability of our cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures and other corporate requirements;

could impede us from obtaining additional financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions and general corporate purposes;

impose restrictions on us with respect to the use of our available cash, including in connection with future acquisitions;

make us more vulnerable in the event of a downturn in our business prospects and could limit our flexibility to plan for, or react to, changes in our licensing markets; and

could place us at a competitive disadvantage when compared to our competitors who have less debt.

While we believe that by virtue of the cash on our balance sheet as of March 31, 2013, our ability to draw down additional funds under a revolving financing facility consisting of variable funding notes, herein referred to as Variable Funding Notes, and the guaranteed minimum and percentage royalty payments due to us under our licenses we will generate sufficient revenues from our licensing operations to satisfy our obligations for the foreseeable future, in the event that we were to fail in the future to make any required payment under agreements governing our indebtedness or fail to comply with the financial and operating covenants contained in those agreements, we would be in default regarding that indebtedness. A debt default could significantly diminish the market value and marketability of our common stock and could result in the acceleration of the payment obligations under all or a portion of our consolidated indebtedness.

A substantial portion of our licensing revenue is concentrated with a limited number of licensees such that the loss of any of such licensees could decrease our revenue and impair our cash flows.

Our licensees with Wal-Mart, Target, Kmart/Sears and Kohl s, were our four largest direct-to-retail licensees during the Current Quarter, representing approximately 14%, 10%, 5% and 5%, respectively, of our total revenue for such period, while Li & Fung USA was our largest wholesale licensee, representing approximately 5% of our total revenue for such period. Because we are dependent on these licensees for a significant portion of our licensing revenue, if any of them were to have financial difficulties affecting their ability to make payments, or if any of these licensees decides not to renew or extend any existing agreement with us, or to significantly reduce its sales of licensed products under any of the agreement(s), our revenue and cash flows could be reduced substantially.

We have a material amount of goodwill and other intangible assets, including our trademarks, recorded on our balance sheet. As a result of changes in market conditions and declines in the estimated fair value of these assets, we may, in the future, be required to write down a portion of this goodwill and other intangible assets and such write-down would, as applicable, either decrease our net income or increase our net loss.

As of March 31, 2013, goodwill represented approximately \$230.8 million, or approximately 8% of our total consolidated assets, and trademarks and other intangible assets represented approximately \$1,962.2 million, or approximately 69% of our total consolidated assets. Under current U.S. GAAP accounting standards, goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets, including some of our trademarks, are no longer amortized, but instead are subject to impairment evaluation based on related estimated fair values, with such testing to be done at least annually. While, to date,

no impairment write-downs have been necessary, any write-down of goodwill or intangible assets resulting from future periodic evaluations would, as applicable, either decrease our net income or increase our net loss and those decreases or increases could be material.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

There have been no unregistered sales of equity securities during the Current Quarter. The following table represents information with respect to purchases of common stock made by the Company during the Current Quarter:

	Total number		werage	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly	Maximum number (or approximate dollar	
Month of purchase	of shares	naid	price per share	announced plans or programs ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	value) of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs	
January 1 January 31	232	\$	23.68	1,324,423	\$	24,923,435
February 1 February 28	44,963	\$	23.68	1,224,143	\$	295,877,887 ⁽²⁾
March 1 March 31	11,982	\$	23.44	$4,164,000^{(3)}$	\$	196,598,772
Total	57,177	\$	23.63	6,712,566	\$	196,598,772

- (1) On October 27, 2011, the Company announced that the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$200 million of the Company s common stock over a period ending October 31, 2015, herein referred to as the 2011 Program. The 2011 Program replaced any prior plan or authorization. The repurchase plan did not obligate the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares and may be suspended at any time at management s discretion. The 2011 Program was fully expended on February 27, 2013.
- (2) On February 15, 2013, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$300 million of the Company s common stock over a period ending February 15, 2016, herein referred to as the 2013 Program. The 2013 Program is in addition to the 2011 Program. The 2013 Program does not obligate the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares and may be suspended at any time at management s discretion.
- (3) Includes 2,964,000 shares repurchased from a third party in a private transaction for \$69.0 million in connection with the sale of the 1.50% Convertible Notes.
- * Amounts not purchased under the repurchase plan represent shares surrendered to the Company to pay withholding taxes due upon the vesting of restricted stock.

Item 6. Exhibits

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT
Exhibit 10.88	Confirmation of OTC Warrant Transaction, dated March 13, 2013, between the Company and Barclays Capital Inc., acting as agent for Barclays Bank PLC *
Exhibit 10.89	Confirmation of Additional OTC Warrant Transaction, dated March 13, 2013, between the Company and Barclays Capital Inc., acting as agent for Barclays Bank PLC*
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant To Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant To Rule 13a-14 or 15d-14 of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 302 Of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
Exhibit 32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
Exhibit 32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant To 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant To Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
Exhibit 101.INS	XBRL Instance Document*
Exhibit 101.SCH	XBRL Schema Document*
Exhibit 101.CAL	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document*
Exhibit 101.DEF	XBRL Definition Linkbase Document*
Exhibit 101.LAB	XBRL Label Linkbase Document*
Exhibit 101.PRE	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document*

^{*} Filed herewith.

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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Iconix Brand Group, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: May 7, 2013 /s/ Neil Cole

Neil Cole

Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 7, 2013 /s/ Warren Clamen Warren Clamen

Executive Vice President

and Chief Financial Officer