XYRATEX LTD Form 6-K October 17, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

October 17, 2013 Commission File Number: 001-35766

XYRATEX LTD

(Translation of registrant s name into English)

Langstone Road,

Havant PO9 1SA United Kingdom

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F: x Form 20-F "Form 40-F".

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): "

Xyratex Ltd is incorporating by reference the information set forth in this Form 6-K into its registration statements on Form S-8 (File No. 333-184997), Form S-8 (File No. 333-18570), Form S-8 (File No. 333-125244), Form S-8 (File No. 333-125238), Form S-8 (File No. 333-116811), Form S-8 (File No. 333-116809) and Form S-8 (File No. 333-116808).

NEWS RELEASE

Havant, UK October 17, 2013 Xyratex Ltd (Nasdaq: XRTX) today released the following financial information for the third quarter of its 2013 fiscal year, ended August 31, 2013:

- Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
- Unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This section contains forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and other factors include those listed under Risk Factors and elsewhere in our Annual Report on Form 20-F as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as may, will, should, expects, intends, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, predicts, potential, continue, or the negative of these terms or other completerminology. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

Overview

We are a leading provider of data storage technology including modular solutions for the enterprise data storage industry and hard disk drive capital equipment. We report our operations in two product segments: Enterprise Data Storage Solutions and Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Capital Equipment.

Our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products are primarily HDD based storage subsystems and solutions, which we sell to Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) and providers of High Performance Computing (HPC) equipment. Our HDD Capital Equipment products consist of HDD manufacturing process equipment, which we sell directly to manufacturers of HDDs and their component suppliers. We form long-term strategic relationships with our customers and we support them through our operations in North America, Asia and Europe. In our 2012 fiscal year, sales to our top six customers accounted for 88% of our revenues with sales to NetApp, Dell and IBM accounting for 38%, 19% and 15% of our revenues respectively. Our top seven customers in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 accounted for 92% of our revenues with sales to IBM, NetApp, Dell, Seagate and HP accounting for 25%, 20%, 12%, 11% and 10% of our revenues, respectively. We had 29 customers that individually contributed more than \$0.5 million to revenues in our 2012 fiscal year.

As well as our manufacturing and operational capability, our revenues are highly dependent on our research and development efforts. We enter into joint development projects with our key customers and suppliers in order to research and introduce new technologies and products.

Revenues

Revenues from sales of products in both of our segments are impacted by underlying increases in the amount of digitally stored information. Our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions revenues are primarily dependent on the worldwide enterprise data storage market, the market share of our OEM customer base, particularly that of key customers, and changes in that customer base. Our HDD Capital Equipment revenues are specifically affected by changes in shipped volume and increases in the individual storage capacity of disk drives. Revenues from these products are subject to significant fluctuations, particularly from quarter to quarter, as they are dependent on the capital investment decisions and installation schedules of our customers.

We experienced a decline in revenue in 2012 for our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products, primarily due to specific customer factors. Commencing in 2009 we enabled NetApp, which was then our largest customer, to source a proportion of the products we supply under license from a contract manufacturer. This proportion was set at a maximum of 50% in our 2012 fiscal year, 75% in our 2013 fiscal year and 100% in our 2014 fiscal year. We are also being impacted by other changes in our customer base with reductions in revenue due to certain customer programs moving to in-house solutions. In 2013, these reductions have been offset in part by revenue from the introduction of a number of new products and programs including a growth in revenue from our new HPC data storage solution. In the second half of our 2012 fiscal year our revenues were also impacted by a decline in the underlying market, but we believe this market has begun to stabilize in 2013. We expect our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions revenues will continue to be lower in our 2013 fiscal year when compared to our 2012 fiscal year due primarily to the change in our customer base. Over the longer term, our revenues from our major customers will significantly depend on our ability to continue to develop and manufacture products that compete well with products provided by contract manufacturers and these customers own development efforts.

Demand for our HDD Capital Equipment products has been negatively impacted by changes in the underlying market for disk drives, such as a reduction in demand for laptop drives, as well as customer specific factors including the acquisitions by Seagate and Western Digital of the disk drive operations of Samsung and Hitachi, respectively. We

estimate that revenue in our 2012 fiscal year included approximately \$50 million arising from the replacement of equipment damaged in the October 2011 Thailand floods. The demand for these products declined significantly after July 2012, reflecting continued uncertainty in the underlying demand for HDDs, partly due to weak demand in the global economy, although in 2013 we have been seeing improved demand for products supporting 3.5 inch disk drives and HDD technology changes.

Foreign Exchange Rate Fluctuations

The functional currency for all our operations is U.S. dollars and the majority of our revenues and cost of revenues are denominated in U.S. dollars. A significant proportion (approximately \$77 million in our 2012 fiscal year) of our non-U.S. dollar operating expenses relates to payroll and other expenses of our U.K. operations. To a lesser extent we are also exposed to movements in the Malaysian ringgit relative to the U.S. dollar due to our operations in Malaysia. We manage these exchange rate exposures through the use of forward foreign currency exchange contracts. By using these derivative instruments, increases or decreases in our U.K. pound and Malaysian ringgit operating expenses resulting from changes in the U.S. dollar to U.K. pound and Malaysian ringgit exchange rates are partially offset by realized gains and losses on the derivative instruments.

Historically there have been periods of significant volatility in the exchange rate between the U.K. pound and the U.S. dollar. We have hedged the majority of our exposure to this exchange rate movement for approximately one year ahead and we are particularly impacted by the movement in average annual exchange rates. The average value of the U.K. pound relative to the U.S. dollar did not move significantly from 2011 to 2012 and therefore our 2013 expenses have not been significantly impacted by changes in exchange rates.

Gross Profit

Our gross profit margins change primarily as a result of fluctuations in our product and customer mix. Our gross margins also change as a result of changes to product pricing, provisions for obsolescence, manufacturing volumes and costs of components.

Cost Reduction Exercise

Based on demand expectations for HDD Capital Equipment products in 2013 and beyond, as well as an anticipated further reduction in demand for Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products, we took action during our 2012 fiscal year to reduce expenses supporting these products in our 2013 fiscal year. These actions resulted in restructuring costs of \$4.1 million during the second half of our 2012 fiscal year. Approximately \$2 million of this amount related to manufacturing overheads, a reduction in which will lessen the impact of lower sales on gross margin. The remaining element of the program is expected to result in a reduction of approximately \$17 million in annual operating expenses. We are undertaking further cost reduction actions in our 2013 fiscal year including the transfer of our North America manufacturing base from California, United States to Mexico and reducing operating expenses relating to Enterprise Data Storage Solutions. We recorded restructuring costs of \$2.8 million in our 2013 fiscal year to date, in connection with these actions. The total impact of the 2012 and 2013 exercises on operating expenses in our 2013 fiscal year has been broadly offset by increased expenses supporting HPC and other related markets including development of software applications and sales and field support.

Share Repurchase Plan, Dividends

We announced in March 2011 that we would recommence the share repurchase plan initially approved during the first quarter of 2008 and increased the maximum value of shares that may be repurchased. According to the revised terms of the plan, we may repurchase up to an additional \$50 million of the outstanding shares following April 30, 2011. As of November 30, 2012, we had 27.0 million shares outstanding, having repurchased 3.6 million shares in our 2011 fiscal year at an aggregate cost of \$32.3 million and 1.2 million shares in our 2012 fiscal year at an aggregate cost of \$13.6 million. These amounts have been deducted from Additional Paid in Capital. We did not repurchase any shares during the nine months ended August 31, 2013.

Cash dividends declared in our 2012 fiscal year amounted to an aggregate of \$0.29 per share and totaled \$8.0 million. In December 2012, we declared and paid a one-time, special cash dividend of \$54.3 million or \$2.00 per share and a quarterly dividend of \$2.0 million or \$0.075 per share. In the second quarter of our 2013 fiscal year we declared and paid a quarterly dividend of \$2.0 million or \$0.075 per share. In the third quarter, we declared and paid a quarterly dividend of \$2.0 million or \$0.075 per share. In October 2013, we announced a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.075 per share, which will be payable in November 2013, for a total of approximately \$2.1 million.

Provision for Income Taxes

Our Malaysian operations benefit from a beneficial tax status which has provided us with a zero tax rate on substantially all of our income arising in Malaysia. The beneficial tax status relating to Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products was granted in February 2009 and ends in 2017. The beneficial tax status relating to HDD Capital Equipment products was granted in 2006 and ended in May 2012. We are seeking to obtain future incentives to extend the beneficial arrangements for both product groups and would expect the result of this application to be determined during our 2013 fiscal year. We have recorded a deferred tax asset of \$2.2 million related to our Malaysia operations on the basis that the beneficial tax status will not be renewed. If the incentive is renewed, the recording of this asset will be reversed and a tax expense of this amount will be recorded. The continuing beneficial tax status is also subject to us meeting certain requirements. Of the \$2.2 million deferred tax asset recorded in 2012, \$1.5 million relates to the 2011 fiscal year which we determined should have been recognized in our 2011 financial statements. We also determined that this amount was not material relative to our 2011 fiscal year or our 2012 fiscal year and therefore we corrected this error as an adjustment in our 2012 fiscal year.

We have significant loss carryforwards and other deferred tax assets in the United Kingdom and as a result we have not been required to make any significant U.K. tax payments in recent fiscal years. As of November 30, 2012, we retained a deferred tax asset of \$15.3 million related to loss carryforwards and other timing differences in the United Kingdom. We recorded a U.K. tax loss in our 2012 fiscal year primarily as a result of the beneficial U.K. research and development tax credit regime. We determined that we should not record a valuation allowance in relation to these assets at November 30, 2012. The key factors we took into account in concluding that it was more likely than not that we would be able to realize this asset were: the company is not in a multi-year cumulative loss position; management forecasts for the next several years indicate utilization of the asset; the fact that U.K. loss carryforwards have no time limit; past experience of utilization and predicted growth in underlying demand for data storage. If we do not achieve management forecasts there is a reasonable possibility that a valuation allowance will need to be recorded in future periods. As of November 30, 2012, we retained a deferred tax asset of \$6.6 million related to loss carryforwards and other timing differences in the United States.

In the United Kingdom and the United States, we benefit from research and development tax credits.

In July 2013, the U.K. government introduced new rules which have resulted in existing research and development tax credits being replaced by a research and development incentive calculated on a similar basis. This new incentive is treated as a government grant and is deducted from research and development expenses. The effective date of these new rules was April 1, 2013 and we have recorded a deduction from expense of \$2.1 million for the five months ended August 31, 2013. This change in rule will have the effect of increasing U.K. taxable income or reducing U.K. tax losses in periods after April 1, 2013.

Results from Continuing Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, selected operating data as a percentage of revenues.

	Three Mor Ended Augu		Nine Months Ended August 31,			
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Cost of revenues	79.1	81.5	79.3	82.4		
Gross profit	20.9	18.5	20.7	17.6		

Operating expenses:				
Research and development	10.9	9.2	11.7	8.6
Selling, general and administrative	7.6	6.2	8.1	5.7
Amortization of intangible assets	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
Restructuring	0.5		0.4	
Operating income	1.8	2.9	0.1	3.0
Net income	1.1	2.8	0.0	2.9
Segment gross profit as a percentage of segment revenues:				
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions	18.2	15.4	18.2	16.4
HDD Capital Equipment	28.9	32.3	30.9	26.1

Three Months Ended August 31, 2013 Compared to the Three Months Ended August 31, 2012

The following is a tabular presentation of our results of operations for the three months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended August 31, 2012. Following the table is a discussion and analysis of our business and results of operations for such periods.

	Three Months										
		Ended A	ugust 3		Increase/(Decrease)						
		2013			Amount	%					
		()	U.S. do	s)							
Revenues:											
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions	\$	160,973	\$	223,380	\$	(62,407)	(27.9)				
HDD Capital Equipment		56,309		52,290		4,019	7.7				
Total revenues		217,282		275,670		(58,388)	(21.2)				
Cost of revenues		171,783		224,653		(52,870)	(23.5)				
Gross profit:											
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions		29,323		34,370		(5,047)	(14.7)				
HDD Capital Equipment		16,264		16,872		(608)	(3.6)				
Non cash equity compensation		(88)		(225)		137					
Total gross profit		45,499		51,017		(5,518)	(10.8)				
Operating expenses:											
Research and development		23,610		25,308		(1,698)	(6.7)				
Selling, general and administrative		16,418		17,192		(774)	(4.5)				
Restructuring		1,073				1,073					
Amortization of intangible assets		557		617		(60)					
Operating income		3,841		7,900		(4,059)					
Interest income, net		80		283		(203)					
Provision for income taxes		1,571		437		1,134					
Net income	\$	2,350	\$	7,746	\$	(5,396)					

Revenues

The 21.2% decrease in our revenues in the three months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended August 31, 2012 was primarily attributable to decreased sales of our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products.

Revenues from sales of our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products decreased by \$62.4 million, or 27.9%, in the three months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended August 31, 2012. This resulted primarily from a reduction in revenues from certain of our major customers related to changes in their sourcing, as described in the overview, including a \$59 million decrease in revenues from our previous largest customer, NetApp, as described in the overview, and a reduction of revenue of \$31 million from Dell. We believe that demand from these and other customers was also reduced due to weakness in the enterprise storage market. This was partially offset by increased sales related to the introduction of new products and programs.

Revenues from sales of our HDD Capital Equipment products increased by \$4.0 million due to a \$24 million increase in sales of drive processing systems partially offset by a \$20 million decline in sales of drive component products. Revenues from our HDD Capital Equipment products are subject to significant fluctuations from quarter to quarter, as they are dependent on the capital investment decisions and installation schedules of our customers.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

The decrease in cost of revenues and gross profit in the three months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended August 31, 2012 was primarily due to lower Enterprise Data Storage Solutions revenues. As a percentage of revenues, our gross profit was 20.9% for the three months ended August 31, 2013 compared to 18.5% for the three months ended August 31, 2012. This higher percentage gross profit was attributable to increased gross margins in the Enterprise Data Storage Solutions segment.

The gross margin for our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products increased to 18.2% in the three months ended August 31, 2013 from 15.4% in the three months ended August 31, 2012. Gross margin increased primarily due a more favorable customer and product mix, with NetApp comprising a smaller percentage of our total revenues than in the prior year period.

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The gross margin for HDD Capital Equipment products decreased to 28.9% in the three months ended August 31, 2013, from 32.3% in the three months ended August 31, 2012. This decrease resulted primarily from the change in product mix described above in Revenues.

In measuring the performance of our business segments from period to period without variations caused by special or unusual items, we focus on gross profit by product group, which excludes non-cash equity compensation expense of approximately \$0.1 million for the three month period ended August 31, 2013 and \$0.2 million for the three month period ended August 31, 2012. See Note 12 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for a description of our segments and how we measure segment performance.

Research and Development

The \$1.7 million, or 6.7% decrease in research and development expense in the three months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended August 31, 2012 resulted primarily from a new \$2.1 million U.K. research and development incentive. Of this amount \$1.3 million related to research and development expenditure in the three months ended August 31, 2013. The decrease was partially offset by increased expense related to Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products, including those supporting the HPC and related markets.

Selling, General and Administrative

The \$0.8 million, or 4.5%, decrease in selling, general and administrative expense in the three months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended August 31, 2012 resulted primarily from a \$0.5 million decrease in equity compensation expense related to employee resignations.

Restructuring Costs

As described in the overview, as a result of actual and forecasted reductions in demand for our HDD Capital Equipment and Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products, we carried out cost reduction programs in both of our 2012 and 2013 fiscal years. The 2013 program has resulted in total restructuring costs of \$1.1 million in the three months ended August 31, 2013, consisting of the cost of staff reductions. We incurred restructuring costs related to the 2012 program only in the fourth quarter of our 2012 fiscal year.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes in the three months ended August 31, 2013 of \$1.6 million includes a provision of \$2.1 million relating to the effect on the deferred tax asset of a reduction in the U.K corporation tax rate from 23% to 20%, effective from April 1, 2015. This was offset by a benefit resulting from a change in the estimate of our effective tax rate for the year ending November 30, 2013. The provision for income taxes in the three months ended August 31, 2012 was based on our estimate of the effective tax rate using a forecast of income before taxes for the year ended November 30, 2012.

Net Income

The reduction of net income to \$2.4 million for the three months ended August 31, 2013, compared to \$7.7 million for the three months ended August 31, 2012, was primarily related to the decrease in revenues in the Enterprise Data Storage Solutions segment.

Nine Months Ended August 31, 2013 Compared to the Nine Months Ended August 31, 2012

The following is a tabular presentation of our results of operations for the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the nine months ended August 31, 2012. Following the table is a discussion and analysis of our business and results of operations for such periods.

	Nine I Ended A	Months August)		
	2013		2012		Amount	%
		(U.S. d	ollars in thousands	s)		
Revenues:						
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions	\$ 506,861	\$	773,908	\$	(267,047)	(34.5)
HDD Capital Equipment	122,203		119,544		2,659	2.2
Total revenues	629,064		893,452		(264,388)	(29.6)
Cost of revenues	499,098		736,121		(237,023)	(32.2)
Gross profit:						
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions	92,317		126,839		(34,522)	(27.2)
HDD Capital Equipment	37,797		31,177		6,620	21.2
Non cash equity compensation	(148)		(685)		537	
Total gross profit	129,966		157,331		(27,365)	(17.4)
Operating expenses:						
Research and development	73,805		77,231		(3,426)	(4.4)
Selling, general and administrative	51,133		50,925		208	0.4
Restructuring	2,815				2,815	
Amortization of intangible assets	1,605		2,537		(932)	
Operating income	608		26,638		(26,030)	
Interest income, net	207		623		(416)	
Provision for income taxes	655		1,658		(1,003)	
Net income	\$ 160	\$	25,603	\$	(25,443)	

Revenues

The 29.6% decrease in our revenues in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the nine months ended August 31, 2012 was primarily attributable to decreased sales of our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products.

Revenues from sales of our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products decreased by \$267.0 million, or 34.5% in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the nine months ended August 31, 2012. This resulted primarily from a reduction in revenues from certain of our major customers related to changes in their sourcing, as described in the overview, including a \$227 million decrease in revenues from our previous largest customer, NetApp, and a reduction of revenue of \$114 million from Dell. We believe that demand from these and other customers was also reduced due to weakness in the enterprise storage market. This was partially offset by increased sales related to the introduction of new products and programs including an increase of \$30 million in sales of our new HPC products.

Revenues from sales of our HDD Capital Equipment products increased by \$2.7 million due to a \$4 million increase in sales of drive component products partially offset by a \$1 million decline in sales of drive processing systems. Revenues from our HDD Capital Equipment products are subject to significant fluctuations from quarter to quarter, as they are dependent on the capital investment decisions and installation schedules of our customers.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

The decrease in cost of revenues and gross profit in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the nine months ended August 31, 2012 was primarily due to lower Enterprise Data Storage Solutions revenues. As a percentage of revenues, our gross profit was 20.7% for the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to 17.6% for the nine months ended August 31, 2012. This higher percentage gross profit was attributable to increased gross margins in both the Enterprise Data Storage Solutions and the HDD Capital Equipment segments.

The gross margin for our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products increased to 18.2% in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 from 16.4% in the nine months ended August 31, 2012. Gross margin increased primarily due a more favorable customer and product mix, with NetApp comprising a smaller percentage of our total revenues than in the prior year period, partially offset by a decrease in gross margin of 1.3% due to the effect of fixed costs relative to lower sales volumes.

The gross margin for HDD Capital Equipment products increased to 30.9% in the nine months ended August 31, 2013, from 26.1% in the nine months ended August 31, 2012. This increase resulted primarily from a number of changes in product mix, as well as an increase in gross margin of 1.5% due to the effect of reduced operating overheads.

In measuring the performance of our business segments from period to period without variations caused by special or unusual items, we focus on gross profit by product group, which excludes non-cash equity compensation expense of \$0.1 million for the nine month period ended August 31, 2013 and \$0.7 million for the nine month period ended August 31, 2012. See Note 12 to our condensed consolidated financial statements for a description of our segments and how we measure segment performance.

Research and Development

The \$3.4 million, or 4.4%, decrease in research and development expense in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the nine months ended August 31, 2012 resulted primarily from a \$2.1 million U.K. research and development incentive, as well as a \$1.4 million decrease in equity compensation expense related to employee resignations, and a reduction in expenses related to HDD Capital Equipment in connection with the cost reduction

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exercises described in the overview. These decreases were partially offset by increased expense related to Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products, including those supporting the HPC and related markets.
Selling, General and Administrative
Selling, general and administrative expense did not change significantly in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to the nine months ended August 31, 2012. The slight increase of \$0.2 million, or 0.4%, primarily related to increased sales and marketing expense associated with HPC products, which was partially offset by a \$1.2 million decrease in equity compensation expense related to employee resignations.
Restructuring Costs
As described in the overview, as a result of actual and forecasted reductions in demand for our HDD Capital Equipment and Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products, we carried out cost reduction programs in both of our 2012 and 2013 fiscal years. The 2013 program has resulted in total restructuring costs of \$2.8 million in the nine months ended August 31, 2013, consisting of the cost of staff reductions. We incurred restructuring costs related to the 2012 program only in the fourth quarter of our 2012 fiscal year.
Provision for Income Taxes
The provision for income taxes in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 of \$0.7 million includes a provision of \$2.1 million relating to the effect on the deferred tax asset of a reduction in the U.K. corporation tax rate from 23% to 20%, effective from April 1, 2015. This is offset by a benefit of \$0.7 million relating to the recognition of a deferred tax asset for U.S. research and development tax credits and a benefit of \$0.8 million resulting from finalization of U.K. research and development credits for the 2010 fiscal year and the conclusion of enquiries by the U.K. tax authorities into certain aspects of the Company s 2010 U.K. tax return.
The provision for income taxes in the nine months ended August 31, 2012 primarily related to our estimate of the effective tax rate based on a forecast of income before taxes for the year ending November 30, 2012. The provision also included an expense of \$1.2 million due to the effect of the change to the U.K. tax rate from 25% to 23% offset by a \$1.5 million benefit from the recognition of a deferred tax asset for our Malaysian operations as described in the overview and a benefit of \$0.8 million following the submission of our 2011 U.S. tax return.
Net Income
The most significant contributor towards the recording of net income of \$0.2 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2013 compared to a net income of \$25.6 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2012, was the decrease in revenues in the Enterprise Data Storage Solutions

segment. This was partially offset by the gross margin benefit of a change in product mix in the HDD Capital Equipment segment.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following discussion and analysis of our results of operations include certain non-GAAP financial measures as identified in the reconciliation below. The intention in providing these non-GAAP measures is to provide supplemental information regarding our operational performance while recognizing that they have material limitations and that they should only be referred to, with reference to, and not considered to be a substitute for, or superior to, the corresponding GAAP measure. The financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the comparable GAAP measures should be carefully evaluated. The non-GAAP financial measures used by us may be calculated differently from, and therefore may not be comparable to, similarly titled measures used by other companies.

We believe that the provision of these non-GAAP financial measures is useful to investors and investment analysts because it enables comparison to our historical operating results, those of competitors and other industry participants and also provides transparency to the measures used by management in operational and financial decision making. In relation to the specific items excluded: (a) intangible assets represent costs incurred by the acquired business prior to acquisition, are not cash costs and will not be replaced when the assets are fully amortized and therefore the exclusion of these costs provides management and investors with better visibility of the costs required to generate revenue over time; (b) equity compensation expense is non-cash in nature and is outside the control of management during the period in which the expense is incurred; (c) the exclusion of the related tax effects of excluding items (a) and (b) is necessary to show the effect on net income of the change in tax expense that would have been recorded if these items had not been incurred; (d) the recognition of the Malaysia deferred tax asset relates to the non-renewal of certain tax incentive arrangements in 2012, is non-recurring and will reverse if the incentive arrangements are renewed and (e)

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the impact of the reduction in U.K. tax rates is non-cash and not comparable across periods or with other companies due to the existence of a significant U.K. related deferred tax asset which is expected to reduce over time.

Included in the table below is a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures as provided above.

	Three Mor	nths Ei	nded		Nine Months Ended August 31,					
	2013	2012 (U.S. dollars in thousands amounts			2013	2012				
Summary Reconciliation of GAAP Net Income To Non-GAAP Net Income										
GAAP net income	\$ 2,350	\$	7,746	\$	160	\$	25,603			
Amortization of intangibles	557		617		1,605		2,537			
Equity compensation	1,226		1,203		1,898		5,048			
Tax effect of non-GAAP adjustments	(357)		(482)		(753)		(1,924)			
Effect of changes in tax rates	2,104		1,239		2,104		1,239			
Malaysia deferred tax asset recognized							(1,489)			
Non-GAAP net income	\$ 5,880	\$	10,323	\$	5,014	\$	31,014			
Diluted Earnings Per Share (GAAP)	\$ 0.08	\$	0.28	\$	0.01	\$	0.90			
Diluted Earnings Per Share (non-GAAP)	\$ 0.21	\$	0.37	\$	0.18	\$	1.09			
Weighted average common shares (in thousands), used in computing diluted										
net earnings per share:	27,876		27,764		27,855		28,423			

On a non-GAAP basis, net income decreased from \$10.3 million for the three months ended August 31, 2012 to \$5.9 million for the three months ended August 31, 2013 and diluted earnings per share decreased from \$0.37 per share to \$0.21 per share. These changes were a result of the same factors described above in the section

Three Months Ended August 31, 2013 Compared to the Three Months Ended August 31, 2012.

On a non-GAAP basis, net income decreased from \$31.0 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2012 to \$5.0 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2013 and diluted earnings per share decreased from \$1.09 per share to \$0.18 per share. These changes were a result of the same factors described above in the section

Nine Months Ended August 31, 2013 Compared to the Nine Months Ended August 31, 2012.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We finance our operations primarily through cash balances and cash flow from operations.

Cash flows

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$36.6 million in the nine months ended August 31, 2013, compared to \$6.1 million in the nine months ended August 31, 2012.

Cash provided by operating activities of \$36.6 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2013 resulted primarily from a decrease in working capital of \$22.4 million. In addition, the net income after excluding non-cash charges contributed \$14.2 million to cash provided by operating activities. The decrease in working capital primarily related to a decrease in inventory of \$22.1 million, a decrease in accounts receivable of \$5.3 million, and an increase in accounts payable of \$5.3 million. These were partially offset by a decrease in deferred revenue of \$5.1 million. The decreases in accounts receivable and inventory resulted from a reduction in sales. The increase in accounts payable resulted from the timing of inventory reductions in both our 2012 and 2013 fiscal years. The decrease in deferred revenue related to revenue being recognized for an HPC installation and Capital Equipment products.

Days sales outstanding were 53 at August 31, 2013 compared to 45 at November 30, 2012, primarily due to a change in customer mix. Inventory turns were 4.7 at August 31, 2013 compared to 5.3 at November 30, 2012 due primarily to supporting of a change of manufacturing location and the impact of certain customer products being at an end of life stage.

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Cash provided by operating activities of \$6.1 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2012 resulted from net income after excluding net non-cash charges of \$47.1 million, offset by an increase in working capital of \$41.0 million. The increase in working capital primarily related to an increase in inventory of \$44.9 million and a decrease in accounts payable of \$63.8 million. These were partially offset by a decrease in accounts receivable of \$57.5 million. The changes in accounts payable and receivable resulted from the reduction in revenues. The increase in inventory related to a change in the supply model of HDDs, resulting from supply constraints, increased orders for HDD capital equipment products, a reduction in demand in the three months ended August 31, 2012 and delays in recognition of revenue for certain customer installations. In addition cash was provided by a \$16.7 million increase in deferred revenue related to the increase in customer orders and revenue deferrals for capital equipment products. Additionally, cash was used due to a \$5.4 million decrease in employee compensation and benefits payable, primarily related to the payment of annual employee bonuses.

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2013 amounted to \$14.2 million. This amount included \$12.9 million related to capital expenditure and \$1.4 million for the purchase of an intangible asset. Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2012 amounted to \$15.1 million. This amount included \$11.6 million related to capital expenditure. The remaining balance of \$3.5 million related to the final payment for a patent cross license.

Our capital expenditures relate primarily to purchases of equipment such as tooling, production lines and test equipment. Capital expenditures in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 included \$0.8 million on facilities to expand operations in Mexico. We would generally expect our capital expenditures to generally change in line with our revenues.

Net cash used in our financing activities was \$60.2 million in the nine months ended August 31, 2013, consisting of dividends paid to our shareholders, including a one-time special cash dividend of \$2.00 per share amounting to \$54.3 million. Net cash used in our financing activities was \$20.4 million in the nine months ended August 31, 2012, primarily consisting of \$13.6 million relating to the repurchase of shares under our share repurchase plan as described in the overview and \$7.5 million of dividends paid to our shareholders.

Liquidity

As of August 31, 2013, our principal source of liquidity consisted of cash and cash equivalents of \$79.4 million. Our cash and cash equivalents are denominated primarily in U.S. dollars and held in variable interest liquidity funds and bank deposits. Our future financing requirements will depend on many factors, but are particularly affected by our ability to generate profits, changes in revenues and associated working capital requirements, changes in the payment terms with our major customers and suppliers and quarterly fluctuations in our revenues. Additionally, our cash flow could be significantly affected by any acquisitions we might choose to make. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements at least through the next 12 months.

Accounting Policies

Critical Accounting Policies

Our critical accounting policies are set out in our Annual Report on Form 20-F as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 21, 2013. By critical accounting policies we mean policies that are both important to the portrayal of our financial condition and

financial results and require critical management judgments and estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. Although we believe that our judgments and estimates are appropriate, actual future results may differ from our estimates.

XYRATEX LTD

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

August 31,

November 30,

		2013	- 1	2012
		(US dollars an thousa		ts in
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,416	\$	117,174
Accounts receivable, net		127,580		132,917
Inventories		149,525		171,605
Prepaid expenses		5,233		3,134
Deferred income taxes		205		228
Other current assets		7,831		7,121
Total current assets		369,790		432,179
Property, plant and equipment, net		41,076		40,194
Intangible assets, net		14,725		14,975
Deferred income taxes		25,977		23,929
Total assets	\$	451,568	\$	511,277
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	87,393	\$	82,125
Employee compensation and benefits payable Deferred revenue		16,637 13,390		17,961 18,521
Income taxes payable		938		369
Other accrued liabilities		18,713		17,767
Total current liabilities		137,071		136,743
Long-term debt		137,071		150,745
Total liabilities	\$	137,071	\$	136,743
	_			
Shareholders equity				
Common shares (in thousands), par value \$0.01 per share 70,000 authorized, 27,558 and				
27,024 issued and outstanding	\$	276	\$	270
Additional paid-in capital		313,887		354,593
Accumulated other comprehensive income (deficit)		(1,060)		863
Accumulated income		1,394		18,808
Total shareholders equity		314,497		374,534
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$	451,568	\$	511,277

XYRATEX LTD UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		Three Months Ended,				Nine Months Ended,					
		August 31, 2013		August 31, 2012		August 31, 2013 per share amounts)	August 31, 2012				
Revenues	\$	217,282	\$	275,670	\$	629,064	\$	893,452			
Cost of revenues		171,783		224,653		499,098		736,121			
Gross profit		45,499		51,017		129,966		157,331			
Operating expenses:											
Research and development		23,610		25,308		73,805		77,231			
Selling, general and administrative		16,418		17,192		51,133		50,925			
Restructuring costs		1,073				2,815					
Amortization of intangible assets		557		617		1,605		2,537			
Total operating expenses		41,658		43,117		129,358		130,693			
Operating income		3,841		7,900		608		26,638			
Interest income, net		80		283		207		623			
Income before income taxes		3,921		8,183		815		27,261			
Provision for income taxes		1,571		437		655		1,658			
Net income	\$	2,350	\$	7,746	\$	160	\$	25,603			
Net earnings per share:											
Basic	\$	0.09	\$	0.29	\$	0.01	\$	0.93			
Diluted	\$	0.08	\$	0.28	\$	0.01	\$	0.90			
Weighted average common shares (in											
thousands), used in computing net earnings											
per share:											
Basic		27,558		27,171		27,439		27,674			
Diluted		27,876		27,764		27,855		28,423			
		_1,010		_,,,,,,,		_,,,,,,		20,120			
Cash dividends declared per share	\$	0.08	\$	0.08	\$	2.23	\$	0.22			
Comprehensive income:											
Net income	\$	2,350	\$	7,746	\$	160	\$	25,603			
Unrealized gain (loss) on forward foreign		_,	7	.,							
currency contract		(259)		885		(2,308)		627			
Reclassification of loss into net income		183		374		385		710			
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	2,274	\$	9,005	\$	(1,763)	\$	26,940			

XYRATEX LTD

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(US dollars and amounts, in thousands)

	Number of Common Shares	Par value	Additional paid in capital	Accumulated income	c	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Total
Balances as of November 30,							
2011	27,568	\$ 276	\$ 361,070	\$ 9,165	\$	(1,337)	\$ 369,174
Issuance of common shares	655	6	655				\$ 661
Repurchase of common shares	(1,199)	(12)	(13,588)				\$ (13,600)
Non-cash equity compensation			5,048				\$ 5,048
Net income				25,603			\$ 25,603
Other comprehensive income						627	\$ 627
Reclassification of other							
comprehensive loss						710	\$ 710
Dividends to shareholders				(5,983)			\$ (5,983)
Balances as of August 31, 2012	27,024	\$ 270	\$ 353,185	\$ 28,785	\$	0	\$ 382,240

	Number of Common Shares	Par value	Additional paid in capital	Accumulated income	c	Accumulated other omprehensive income (loss)	Total
Balances as of November 30,							
2012	27,024	\$ 270	\$ 354,593	\$ 18,808	\$	863	\$ 374,534
Issuance of common shares	534	6	(6)				\$ 0
Non-cash equity compensation			1,898				\$ 1,898
Net income				160			\$ 160
Other comprehensive loss						(2,308)	\$ (2,308)
Reclassification of other							
comprehensive loss						385	\$ 385
Dividends to shareholders			(42,598)	(17,574)			\$ (60,172)
Balances as of August 31, 2013	27,558	\$ 276	\$ 313,887	\$ 1,394	\$	(1,060)	\$ 314,497

XYRATEX LTD

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Month August 31, 2013	s Ende	ed, August 31, 2012	
	(US dollars in			
Cash flows from operating activities:			,	
Net income	\$ 160	\$	25,603	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	11,998		12,528	
Amortization of intangible assets	1,605		2,537	
Non-cash equity compensation	1,898		5,048	
Loss on sale of assets			1,183	
Deferred income taxes	(1,414)		171	
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of impact of acquisitions and divestitures:				
Accounts receivable	5,337		57,537	
Inventories	22,080		(44,928)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(3,960)		2,395	
Accounts payable	5,268		(63,823)	
Employee compensation and benefits payable	(1,324)		(5,395)	
Deferred revenue	(5,131)		16,658	
Income taxes payable	569		178	
Other accrued liabilities	(437)		(3,634)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	36,649		6,058	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investments in property, plant and equipment	(12,880)		(11,568)	
Payment for acquisition of intangible assets	(1,355)		(3,500)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(14,235)		(15,068)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of shares			661	
Repurchase of shares			(13,600)	
Dividends to shareholders	(60,172)		(7,504)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(60,172)		(20,443)	
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(37,758)		(29,453)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	117,174		132,630	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 79,416	\$	103,177	

XYRATEX LTD

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(US dollars and amounts in thousands, except per share data, unless otherwise stated)

1. The Company and its Operations

Xyratex Ltd together with its subsidiaries (the Company) is a leading provider of data storage technology with principal operations in the United Kingdom (U.K.), North America and Malaysia. We report our business in two product groups: Enterprise Data Storage Solutions and Hard Disk Drive (HDD) Capital Equipment. Our Enterprise Data Storage Solutions products are primarily HDD based data storage subsystems and solutions which we supply to Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) and providers of High Performance Computing equipment. Our HDD Capital Equipment products consist of HDD manufacturing process equipment, which we sell directly to manufacturers of HDDs and their component suppliers.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S.).

These condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited but include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) that the Company s management considers necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position as of such dates and the operating results and cash flows for those periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. have been condensed or omitted. In addition, the results of operations for the interim periods may not necessarily be indicative of the operating results that may be incurred for the entire year.

The November 30, 2012 balance sheet was derived from audited consolidated financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. However, the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Form 20-F as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 21, 2013.

3. Equity Compensation Plans

The following table summarizes equity compensation expense related to share-based awards:

	Three months ended			Nine months ended			led
					August		August
	August 51, 2013		August 31, 2012		31, 2013		31, 2012
Equity compensation:							
Cost of revenues	\$ 88	\$	225	\$	148	\$	685
Research and development	330		403		409		1,778
Selling, general and administrative	808		575		1,341		2,585
Total equity compensation	1,226		1,203		1,898		5,048
Related income tax benefit	\$ 245	\$	301	\$	380	\$	1,262

The Company s share based awards primarily consist of Restricted Stock Units (RSUs). The Company also operates an Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP) for U.S. employees and a Sharesave option plan (Sharesave Plan) for U.K. employees. As of August 31, 2013, there were 3,825 shares authorized for future grants under all share plans.

Restricted Stock Units

RSUs generally require that shares be awarded over four years from the date of grant, subject to continued service. The vesting of these units is also generally subject to the achievement of certain performance conditions in the year of grant. The holders of RSUs do not hold rights to dividends or dividend equivalents. Equity compensation expense relating to RSUs totaling \$1,363 has been recorded in the nine months ended August 31, 2013. RSUs granted, vested, canceled and forfeited are summarized as follows:

		Weighted- Average Grant Date	Weighted- Average Remaining	Aggregate Intrinsic	
	RSU	Fair Value	Contractual Term (years)	Value	
Non-vested RSUs at November 30, 2012	1,836	\$ 14.03	1.6		
Granted	144	\$ 10.79			
Vested	(533)	11.74			
Cancelled/forfeited	(788)	16.07			
Non-vested RSUs at August 31, 2013	659	12.74	1.1		
Non-vested RSUs expected to vest at August 31, 2013	617		1.0	\$ 6,281	

Share Option Activity

The Company has four plans under which employees have been granted options to purchase Xyratex Ltd shares. Options granted and canceled or forfeited under these share option plans are summarized as follows:

	Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	
Outstanding at November 30, 2012	444	\$ 14.14			
Granted	250	10.84			
Canceled/forfeited	(174)	10.16			
Outstanding at August 31, 2013	520	\$ 12.83	4.6	\$	2

On May 10, 2013, 250 options were granted with an exercise price of \$10.84. These options vest over four years and lapse after ten years. All other options outstanding at August 31, 2013 are exercisable.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan and Sharesave Plan

In the nine months ended August 31, 2013, employees contributed an aggregate of approximately \$339 to awards granted under the ESPP and Sharesave Plan. No shares were issued under the Sharesave Plan or the ESPP in the nine months ended August 31, 2013.

4. Net Earnings per Share

Basic net earnings per share for the three and nine month periods ended August 31, 2013 and August 31, 2012 is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares. Diluted net earnings per share gives effect to all potentially dilutive common share equivalents outstanding during the period as set out in the table below.

		Number of common shares					
		Three mont	hs ended	Nine month	s ended		
		August 31,		August 31,			
		August 31, 2013	2012	2013	August 31, 2012		
Total weighted average common shares	basic	27,558	27,171	27,439	27,674		
Dilutive effect of share options			2		31		
Dilutive effect of restricted stock units		318	591	416	718		
Total weighted average common shares	diluted	27, 876	27,764	27,855	28,423		

Number of options and other share based awards excluded from the calculation because the effect would be anti-dilutive

5. Equity and Dividends

Repurchase of Common Shares

The Company announced in March 2011 that it would recommence the share repurchase plan initially approved during the first quarter of 2008 and increased the maximum value of shares that may be repurchased. According to the revised terms of the plan, the Company may repurchase up to an additional \$50,000 of the outstanding shares following April 30, 2011. Under the plan the Company repurchased 3,602 shares at an aggregate cost of \$32,291 in the year ended November 30, 2011 and 1,199 shares at an aggregate cost of \$13,600 in the year ended November 30, 2012. No shares were repurchased in the nine months ended August 31, 2013.

Dividends

In the year ended November 30, 2012 the Company declared four dividends totaling \$0.29 per common share, or \$8,017 in the aggregate.

On December 17, 2012, the Company declared a one-time, special cash dividend of \$2.00 per common share and an accelerated quarterly dividend of \$0.075 per common share. These dividends, which totaled \$56,031, were paid on December 31, 2012 to shareholders of record as of December 27, 2012.

On December 17, 2012, the Board of Directors also adopted a shareholder rights plan pursuant to which the Board of Directors declared a dividend distribution of one preferred share purchase right on each outstanding common share of the Company. The rights are not currently exercisable, are currently attached to and trade with the common shares and will expire on December 17, 2013. The rights are designed to assure that all of the Company s shareholders receive fair and equal treatment in the event of any proposed takeover and to guard against partial tender offers, open market accumulations and other abusive or coercive tactics to gain control of the Company without paying all shareholders a control premium. The rights will cause substantial dilution to a person or group that acquires 15% or more of the common shares on terms not approved by the Board of Directors.

On April 4, 2013, the Company declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.075 per common share. The dividend totaling \$2,074 was paid on May 2, 2013 to shareholders of record as of April 18, 2013.

On July 1, 2013, the Company declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.075 per common share. The dividend totaling \$2,074 was paid on July 30, 2013 to shareholders of record as of July 15, 2013.

6. Financial Instruments

The Company s principal financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Company also enters into derivatives in order to manage currency risks arising from the Company s operations. The Company does not hold financial instruments for trading purposes.

Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts

Over 90% of the Company s revenues are denominated in the U.S. dollar, whereas certain expenses are incurred in U.K. pounds and Malaysian ringgits. Therefore, the Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk which creates volatility in income and cash flows from period to period. In part, the Company manages this exposure through entering into forward foreign exchange contracts to reduce the volatility of income and cash flows associated with this risk. The Company designated all of its forward foreign currency contracts as qualifying for cash flow hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of these instruments are deferred and recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) until the hedged transactions affect earnings, at which time the deferred gains and losses on the forward foreign currency contracts are recognized in the income statement. The Company enters into these foreign exchange contracts to hedge a portion of its

forecasted foreign currency denominated expense in the normal course of business and accordingly, they are not speculative in nature. The counterparty to the foreign currency contracts is an international bank. Such contracts are for two years or less at inception.

The following table summarizes the foreign currency derivative contract activity during the period:

Number of contracts

At November 30, 2012	34
Matured during the period	(26)
New contracts entered into during the period	28
At August 31, 2013	36

The fair value of derivative instruments and their location in the consolidated balance sheet as of August 31, 2013 and November 30, 2012 were as follows:

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments	Balance Sheet Location		August 31, 2013	November 30, 2012
Asset derivatives	Other current assets	\$		\$ 1,313
Liability derivatives	Other current liabilities	\$	1,154	\$

The effect of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges on the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the nine months ended August 31, 2013 was as follows:

Derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships	Gain (Loss) Recognized (1)		Gain (Loss) Reclassified (2)		
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	(2,308)	\$	385	

⁽¹⁾ Amount recognized in AOCI (effective portion) net of tax of \$714.

Unrealized gains and losses reported in AOCI will be reclassified to earnings as the forecast expenditures for which the foreign exchange contracts have been entered into arise. It is estimated that all of the unrealized amounts in respect of foreign exchange contracts are expected to be reclassified to earnings during the next 14 months.

The following table shows derivatives existing as of August 31, 2013 and November 30, 2012:

Derivatives between U.K. pound and U.S. dollar	A	August 31, 2013	November 30, 2012
Nominal value of forward exchange contracts and options	\$	45,390	50,232
Fair value of contracts asset (liability)	\$	(49)	932
Average rate of contract	\$	1.56	1.57
Period end rate	\$	1.55	1.60

Derivatives between Malaysian ringgit and U.S. dollar	 ust 31, 013	November 30, 2012
Nominal value of forward exchange contracts and options	\$ 18,000 \$	18,000
Fair value of contracts asset (liability)	\$ (1,105) \$	381
Average rate of contract	\$ 0.32 \$	0.32
Period end rate	\$ 0.31 \$	0.33

Fair values

The carrying values of all financial instruments, including forward foreign exchange contracts, approximate their fair values. Assets and liabilities required to be carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

⁽²⁾ Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income (effective portion) located in expense net of tax of \$96.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The following table presents the Company s assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of August 31, 2013 and November 30, 2012 aggregated by the level in the fair-value hierarchy within which those measurements fall:

	August 31, 2013			Novemb	er 30, 2	2012	
		Significant					Significant
				Other			Other
				Observable			Observable
				Inputs			Inputs
		Total (Level 2)		(Level 2)	Total		(Level 2)
Foreign currency forward contracts asset							
(liability) position	\$	(1,154)	\$	(1,154) \$	1,313	\$	1,313

The Company s forward foreign exchange contracts and options are measured on a recurring basis based on foreign currency spot rates and forward rates quoted by banks (level 2 criteria) and are marked-to-market each period with gains and losses on these contracts recorded in Other Comprehensive Income with the offsetting amount for unsettled positions being included in either other current assets or other accrued liabilities in the balance sheet.

7. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and accounts receivable. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments with high-credit quality financial institutions. Cash deposits are generally placed with either two or three institutions and such deposits generally exceed governmentally insured limits. Concentrations of credit risk, with respect to accounts receivable, exist to the extent of amounts presented in the financial statements. Four customers, each with balances greater than 10% of total accounts receivable, represented 81% of the total accounts receivable balance at August 31, 2013 and three customers represented 60% of the total accounts receivable balance at November 30, 2012. Generally, the Company does not require collateral or other security to support customer receivables. The Company performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers and maintains an allowance for potential credit losses based on historical experience and other information available to management. Losses to date have been within management as expectations.

During the nine months ended August 31, 2013 revenues from five customers represented 78% of total revenues and during the nine months ended August 31, 2012, revenues from three customers represented 75% of total revenues. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of revenues in either period.

8. Intangible Assets

Identified Intangible Assets

	August 31, 2013	November 30, 2012
Existing technology	\$ 700	\$ 700
Patents and core technology	10,000	10,000
In process research and development	2,100	2,100
Software	2,500	1,200
	15,300	14,000
Accumulated amortization	(7,730)	(6,125)
	\$ 7,570	\$ 7,875

During the nine months ended August 31, 2013 the Company acquired certain open source software code and related assets for a cash purchase price of \$1,300. The Company has determined that this amount should be recorded as developed software.

9. Inventories

	August 31, 2013	November 30, 2012
Finished goods	\$ 41,303	\$ 30,456
Work in progress	23,792	33,202
Raw materials	84,430	107,947

\$ 149,525 \$ 171,605

10. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes for the three and nine month periods ended August 31, 2013 was based on an effective tax rate of 9%. The difference between this rate and the UK statutory rate of 20% was primarily related to income tax exemptions for the Company s Malaysian operations and research and development tax credits. Forecasts of income exclude significant unusual and extraordinary items that are separately included in the tax charge.

Included in the income tax provision of \$655 in the nine months ended August 31, 2013 is an expense of \$2,104 relating to the effect on the deferred tax asset of a reduction in the U.K corporation tax rate from 23% to 20%, effective from April 1, 2015. This is offset by exceptional benefits totaling \$1,449. These include a benefit of \$750 relating to the recognition of a deferred tax asset for U.S. research and development tax credits following The American Taxpayer Relief Act signed into law on January 2, 2013 which extended these benefits retroactively. The remainder of the exceptional benefit results from finalization of U.K. research and development credits for the 2010 fiscal year and the conclusion of enquiries by the U.K. tax authorities into certain aspects of the Company s 2010 U.K. tax return.

The provision for income taxes for the three and nine month periods ended August 31, 2012 is based on an effective tax rate of 12%. The difference between this rate and the U.K. statutory rate of 23% is primarily related to income tax exemptions for the Company s Malaysian operations and research and development tax credits. Forecasts of income exclude significant unusual and

extraordinary items that are separately included in the tax charge.

Included in the income tax expense of \$1,658 in the nine months ended August 31, 2012, is a benefit of \$1,489 resulting from the recognition of a deferred tax asset for the Company s Malaysian operations and a benefit of \$802 resulting from the filing of the Company s 2011 U.S. tax return. These have been offset by an expense of \$1,239 relating to the effect on the deferred tax asset of a reduction in the U.K corporation tax rate from 25% to 24%, effective from April 1, 2012 and 23%, effective from April 1, 2013.

Deferred tax assets totaling \$21,879 at August 31, 2013 include an amount of approximately \$14,000 related to loss carryforwards and other timing differences in the United Kingdom. The Company has not recorded a valuation allowance against this balance because it believes it is more likely than not that the asset will be realized. The Company continues to assess the reduction in forecasted customer demand and the related impact on future operating results of the Company and therefore the ability to generate sufficient income to utilize loss carryforwards. It is reasonably possible that the Company will determine that a valuation allowance against part, or all, of this asset is required if forecast income deteriorates below management expectations.

The Malaysian deferred tax asset has been recorded due to the assumption that certain timing differences will reverse following the expiry of specific tax incentives. A renewal of the tax incentives has been applied for and if granted this asset will reverse as a tax expense. This amount relates to the 2011 fiscal year and the Company determined that this amount should have been recognized in its 2011 financial statements. The Company also determined that this amount was not material relative to the year ended November 30, 2011 and to estimated income for the year ended November 30, 2012 and therefore corrected this error as an adjustment in the nine months ended August 31, 2012.

In July 2013 the U.K. government introduced new rules which have resulted in existing research and development tax credits being replaced by a research and development incentive calculated on a similar basis. This new incentive is treated as a government grant and is deducted from research and development expenses. The effective date of these new rules was April 1, 2013 and we have recorded a deduction from expense of \$2.1 million for the five months ended August 31, 2013. This change in rule will have the effect of increasing U.K. taxable income or reducing U.K. tax losses in periods after April 1, 2013.

11. Product Warranty Liability

The Company generally offers warranties between one and three years. Estimated future warranty obligations related to product sales are charged to operations in the period in which the related revenue is recognized. These estimates are based on historical warranty experience and other relevant information of which the Company is aware. The following table provides the changes in the product warranty accrual for the nine months ended August 31, 2013:

	Amount of liability		
Balance at November 30, 2012	\$ 4,006		
Accruals for warranties issued during the period	1,260		
Settlements made during the period	(1,920)		
Balance at August 31, 2013	\$ 3,346		

12. Segment Information

The Company reports its operations in two product segments: Enterprise Data Storage Solutions and HDD Capital Equipment.
Description of the Company s segments:
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions. HDD based storage subsystems and solutions which are sold to OEMs and providers of High Performance Computing equipment.
HDD Capital Equipment. HDD manufacturing process equipment, which is sold directly to manufacturers of HDDs and their component suppliers.
Segment revenue and profit. The following tables reflect the results of the Company s reportable segments under the Company s management reporting system. These results are not necessarily a depiction that is in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and in particular does not include equity compensation expense. The performance of each segment is generally measured based on gross profit before non-cash equity compensation
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	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended				
		August 31, 2013		August 31, 2012		August 31, 2013		August 31, 2012
Revenues:								
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions	\$	160,973	\$	223,380	\$	506,861	\$	773,908
HDD Capital Equipment	\$	56,309	\$	52,290	\$	122,203	\$	119,544
Total Segments	\$	217,282	\$	275,670	\$	629,064	\$	893,452
Gross profit:								
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions	\$	29,323	\$	34,370	\$	92,317	\$	126,839
HDD Capital Equipment	\$	16,264	\$	16,872	\$	37,797	\$	31,177
Total Segments	\$	45,587	\$	51,242	\$	130,114	\$	158,016
Equity Compensation (note 3)	\$	(88)	\$	(225)	\$	(148)	\$	(685)
Total	\$	45,499	\$	51,017	\$	129,966	\$	157,331
Depreciation and amortization:								
Enterprise Data Storage Solutions	\$	2,646	\$	2,436	\$	7,813	\$	7,107
HDD Capital Equipment	\$	857	\$	1,346	\$	2,269	\$	4,749
Total Segments	\$	3,503	\$	3,782	\$	10,082	\$	11,856
Corporate	\$	1,027	\$	1,071	\$	3,520	\$	3,210
Total	\$	4,530	\$	4,853	\$	13,602	\$	15,066

Total segments revenue represents total revenues as reported by the Company for all periods presented. Gross profit above represents gross profit as reported by the Company for all periods presented. Income before income taxes as reported by the Company for all periods presented also includes total operating expenses and net interest income. The chief operating decision maker does not review asset information by segment and therefore no segment asset information is presented.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

XYRATEX LTD (Registrant)

Date: October 17, 2013 By: /s/ Richard Pearce

Name: Richard Pearce Title: Chief Financial Officer

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