# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST INC Form S-11/A

November 10, 2004

As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 10, 2004

Registration No. 333-118860

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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PRE-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO
FORM S-11
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in governing instruments)

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2901 Butterfield Road
Oak Brook, Illinois 60523
(Address of principal executive offices)

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Robert H. Baum, Esq.
Vice Chairman, Executive Vice President and General Counsel
The Inland Group, Inc.
2901 Butterfield Road
Oak Brook, Illinois 60523
(630) 218-8000

(Name, address, including zip code and telephone number, including area code of agent for service)

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With a copy to:
David J. Kaufman, Esq.
Duane Morris LLP
227 West Monroe Street
Suite 3400
Chicago, Illinois 60606
(312) 499-6700

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after the registration statement becomes effective.

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If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and

list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\ / \ /$ 

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. / /

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule  $462\,(d)$  under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. / /

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, check the following box.  $/\ /$ 

#### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amo Regist
Common Stock, \$.001 par value Common Stock, \$.001 par value(1)	250,000,000	\$ 10.00 9.50	\$ 2,500,000,000 190,000,000	\$ \$

(1) Represents shares is suable pursuant to the registrant's distribution reinvestment program.

\*Previously paid.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8 (a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8 (a), MAY DETERMINE.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

[INLAND WESTERN LOGO]

PROSPECTUS 270,000,000 shares of common stock

\$10.00 per share: Minimum Initial Purchase - 300 shares (100 shares for Tax-Exempt Entities)

We are a real estate investment trust or a REIT. We were formed in 2003 to acquire and manage properties which are located primarily in states west of the Mississippi River. As of October 7, 2004, we owned 69 properties which have an aggregate gross leasable area of approximately 13 million square feet. No public market currently exists for our shares of common stock and our shares cannot be readily sold.

We are offering 250,000,000 shares to investors who meet our suitability standards; and up to 20,000,000 shares to participants in our reinvestment plan (at \$9.50 per share). The common stock will be issued in book entry form only.

The managing dealer of the offering, Inland Securities Corporation, is our affiliate. The managing dealer is not required to sell any specific number or dollar amount of shares but will use its best efforts to sell 250,000,000 of our shares. Your subscription payments will be placed in an escrow account held by the escrow agent, LaSalle Bank National Association, and will be held in trust for your benefit, pending release to us. Subscription proceeds are expected to be released to us as subscriptions are accepted. This offering will end no later than [?], 2005, unless we elect to extend it to a date no later than [?], 2006 in states that permit us to make this extension.

INVESTING IN OUR COMPANY INVOLVES A HIGH DEGREE OF RISK. SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 12 FOR A DISCUSSION OF THE MATERIAL RISK FACTORS WHICH SHOULD BE CONSIDERED IN CONNECTION WITH YOUR INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK. THESE RISKS INCLUDE:

- our common stock is not currently listed or traded on an exchange and cannot be readily sold (and sales by stockholders may be made at a loss);
- we have no ownership in our advisor and the advisor is owned by our sponsor or their affiliates;
- our advisor and its affiliates will receive substantial fees, including participation in proceeds from the sale, refinancing or liquidation of our assets;
- our advisor, property managers and two of our directors are subject to conflicts of interest as a result of their affiliation with The Inland Group;
- there are limits on ownership, transferability and redemption of shares;
- risks that the incentive structure of fees payable to our advisor and its affiliates may encourage our advisor to make investments that have greater risks to generate higher fees; and
- although we anticipate that aggregate borrowings will not exceed 55% of the combined fair market value of our properties, our charter imposes a limitation on our borrowings of less than 300% of net assets and there are risks associated with a high amount of leverage.

The use of forecasts in this offering is prohibited. Any representations to the contrary and any predictions, written or oral, as to the amount or certainty of any present or future cash benefit or tax consequence which may flow from an investment in this program is not permitted. Any stockholder loss of capital will be limited to the amount of their investment. You should purchase these securities only if you can afford a complete loss of your investment.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Per Share Max. C

Public offering price, primary shares (1)	Ş	10.00	Ş	\$2 <b>,</b> 50
Public offering price, distribution reinvestment program	\$	9.50	\$	19
Selling commissions (1)	\$	1.05	\$	26
Proceeds, before expenses, to us	\$	8.95	\$	2,42

(1) The selling commission only applies to sales of primary shares and is composed of a 7.5% selling commission (7.0% of which is reallowable), 2.5% marketing allowance and .5% due diligence expense allowance.

The date of this Prospectus is [?], 2004.

#### FOR RESIDENTS OF MICHIGAN ONLY:

A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER & INDUSTRY SERVICES, MICHIGAN OFFICE OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE SERVICES. THE DEPARTMENT HAS NOT UNDERTAKEN TO PASS UPON THE VALUE OF THESE SECURITIES NOR TO MAKE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS AS TO THEIR PURCHASE.

THE USE OF THIS PROSPECTUS IS CONDITIONED UPON ITS CONTAINING ALL MATERIAL FACTS AND THAT ALL STATEMENTS CONTAINED THEREIN ARE TRUE AND CAN BE SUBSTANTIATED. THE DEPARTMENT HAS NOT PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

NO BROKER-DEALER, SALESMAN, AGENT OR ANY OTHER PERSON HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING HEREBY MADE OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR EFFECTIVE LITERATURE.

THIS IS A BEST EFFORTS OFFERING, AND WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO ACCEPT OR REJECT ANY SUBSCRIPTION AND WILL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE SUBSCRIBER OF ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION. THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THIS OFFERING WILL ALL BE SOLD. THERE ARE NO ASSURANCES AS TO WHAT SIZE WE MAY REACH.

THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT OUR OPERATIONS WILL BE PROFITABLE OR THAT LOSSES WILL NOT OCCUR.

IT IS NOT OUR POLICY TO REDEEM OUR STOCK (EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN THIS OFFERING).

ANY REPRESENTATIONS CONTRARY TO ANY OF THE FOREGOING SHOULD BE REPORTED FORTHWITH TO THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE SERVICE AT 611 West Ottawa Street, 2nd Floor Ottawa Building, P.O. Box 30701, Lansing, MI 48909-8201, or Telephone (877) 999-6442.

#### WHO MAY INVEST

In order to purchase shares, you must:

- Meet the financial suitability standards, and
- Purchase a minimum number of shares.

### SUITABILITY STANDARDS

Because an investment in our common stock is risky and is a long-term investment, it is suitable for you only if you have adequate financial means, you have no immediate need for liquidity in your investment and you can bear the complete loss of your investment.

We have established financial suitability standards for investors who purchase shares of our common stock. In addition, residents of some states must

meet higher suitability standards under state law. These standards require you to meet the applicable criteria below. In determining your net worth, do not include your home, home furnishings or your automobile. INVESTORS WITH INVESTMENT DISCRETION

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OVER ASSETS OF AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN COVERED BY ERISA SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW THE INFORMATION IN THE SECTION ENTITLED, "ERISA CONSIDERATIONS."

#### GENERAL STANDARDS FOR ALL INVESTORS

- Minimum net worth of at least \$150,000; or
- Minimum annual gross income of at least \$45,000 and net worth of at least \$45,000.

#### Standards for Maine Residents

- Minimum net worth of \$200,000, or
- Minimum annual gross income of \$50,000 and a minimum net worth of \$50,000.

Standards for Arizona, California, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Oregon or Tennessee Residents

- Minimum net worth of \$225,000, or
- Minimum annual gross income of \$60,000 and a minimum net worth of \$60,000.

Standards for Kansas, Missouri, Ohio and Pennsylvania Residents

In addition to meeting the general standards for all investors, your investment may not exceed 10% of your liquid net worth.

In the case of sales to fiduciary accounts, these minimum standards must be met by the beneficiary, the fiduciary account, or by the donor or grantor who directly or indirectly supplies the funds to purchase the common stock if the donor or the grantor is the fiduciary. INVESTORS WITH INVESTMENT DISCRETION OVER ASSETS OF AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN COVERED UNDER ERISA SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW THE INFORMATION ENTITLED "ERISA CONSIDERATIONS."

In the case of gifts to minors, the suitability standards must be met by the custodian account or by the donor.

#### MINIMUM PURCHASE

Subject to the restrictions imposed by state law, we will sell shares of our common stock only to investors who initially purchase a minimum of 300 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$3,000, or tax-exempt entities which purchase a minimum of 100 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$1,000. For investors living in Iowa, the minimum investment for IRAs will be 300 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$3,000, and for investors living in Minnesota, the minimum investment for IRAs and qualified plan accounts will be 200 shares of common stock for a total purchase price of \$2,000. Tax-exempt entities are generally any investor that is exempt from federal income taxation, including:

- a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, IRA or other employee benefit

plan which satisfies the requirements for qualification under Section 401(a), 414(d) or 414(e) of the Internal Revenue Code;

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- a pension, profit-sharing, retirement, IRA or other employee benefit plan which meets the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- trusts that are otherwise exempt under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- a voluntary employees' beneficiary association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- an IRA which meets the requirements of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The term "plan" includes plans subject to Title I of ERISA, other employee benefit plans and IRAs subject to the prohibited transaction provisions of Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code, governmental or church plans that are exempt from ERISA and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code, but that may be subject to state law requirements, or other employee benefit plans.

Subject to any restrictions imposed by state law, subsequent additional investments by current investors require a minimum investment of \$25. This limitation does not apply to the purchase of shares through the dividend reinvestment provision.

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	Is an investment in us appropriate for you?
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RISK	FACTORS
	Our common stock is not currently listed on an exchange or trading market and cannot be read
	The price of our common stock is subjective and may not bear any relationship to what a stock receive if it was sold
	You do not know what real properties and other assets we may acquire in the future, and must advisor, our board and officers to select them and stockholders will not participate in
	Competition with third parties in acquiring properties will reduce our profitability and the investment
	We will compete with real estate investment programs sponsored by companies affiliated with acquisition of properties and for the time and services of personnel
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	We plan to incur mortgage indebtedness and other borrowings, which may reduce the funds available distribution, may increase the risk of loss since defaults may result in foreclosure are include cross-collateralization or cross-default provisions that increase the risk that property may be affected by a default
	If we have insufficient working capital reserves, we will have to obtain financing from other
	The types of properties which we intend to acquire and the area in which we may acquire retalimited
	The aggregate amount we may borrow is limited under our articles of incorporation
	Because of the way we are organized, we would be a difficult takeover target. This could deposit our stock and inhibit a management change
	Your investment return may be reduced if we are required to register as an investment company Investment Company Act
	There are many factors which can affect distributions to stockholders
	Our derivative financial instruments used to hedge against interest rate fluctuations could returns on your investment
	We could issue more shares in the future, which could reduce the market price of our outstar
	Our share repurchase program is limited to 5% of the weighted average number of shares of outstanding during the prior calendar year and may be changed or terminated by us, then potential liquidity of your investment

Stockholders have limited control over changes in our policies
If we invest in joint ventures, the objectives of our partners may conflict with our objecti
If we sell properties by providing financing to purchasers, we will bear the risk of default
Delays in acquisitions of properties may have an adverse effect
We may not be able to immediately invest proceeds in real estate, which will harm your return
We depend on our board of directors, advisor and property managers and losing those relation negatively affect our operations
There are conflicts of interest between us and our affiliates
We cannot predict the amounts of compensation to be paid to our advisor and our other affili
The managing dealer has not made an independent review of us or the prospectus

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Our rights and the rights of our stockholders to take action against our directors and office advisor are limited
The business of our advisor and our property managers may be acquired by us without further stockholders
Your percentage of ownership may become diluted if we issue new shares of stock
There are inherent risks with real estate investments
Adverse economic conditions in our primary geographic region and in the market for retail sp reduce our income and distributions to you
Rising expenses could reduce cash flow and funds available for future acquisitions
If our tenants are unable to make rental payments, if their rental payments are reduced, or a lease, our financial condition and ability to pay distributions will be adversely aff
Our financial condition and ability to make distributions may be adversely affected by the binsolvency, a downturn in the business, or a lease termination of a tenant that occupie the retail center or an anchor tenant
If a tenant claims bankruptcy, we may be unable to collect balances due under relevant lease
We may incur additional costs in acquiring or re-leasing retail properties
Our properties will be subject to competition for tenants and customers
Our properties will face competition which may affect tenants' ability to pay rent and the a to us and in turn affect the cash available for distributions and the amount of distrib
We may be restricted from re-leasing space
We may be unable to sell a property if or when we decide to do so
If we suffer losses that are not covered by insurance or that are in excess of insurance cov

lose invested capital and anticipated profits.....

Terrorist attacks, such as the attacks that occurred in New York and Washington, D.C. on Sep

	nd other acts of violence or war may affect the markets in which we operate, our operate of itability
	state related taxes may increase and if these increases are not passed on to tenants, educed
	e from our properties depends on the amount of our tenants' retail revenue, making us eneral economic downturns and other conditions affecting the retail industry
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	sts of compliance with environmental laws and other governmental laws and regulations ffect our income and the cash available for any distributions
	sts associated with complying with the Americans with Disabilities Act may affect cashistributions
If a sa	ale or leaseback transaction is recharacterized, our financial condition could be adve
_	incur additional costs in acquiring newly constructed properties which may adversely vailable for distributions to you
	vestments in unimproved real property may result in additional cost to us to comply we estrictions or environmental regulations
pı	action and development activities will expose us to risks such as cost overruns, carry rojects under construction or development, availability and costs of materials and laborations and government regulation
	acquire or finance properties with lock-out provisions which may prohibit us from second require us to maintain specified debt levels for a period of years on some properties.
Your in	nvestment has various federal income tax risks
	fail to maintain our REIT status, our dividends will not be deductible to us and our subject to taxation
You may	y have tax liability on distributions you elect to reinvest in common stock
	inion of Duane Morris LLP regarding our status as a REIT does not guarantee our abilit
Even RI	EITS are subject to federal and state income taxes
An inve	estment in our common stock may not be suitable for every employee benefit plan
	nual statement of value that we will be sending to stockholders subject to ERISA and the lan stockholders is only an estimate and may not reflect the actual value of our share
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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights all of the material information in this prospectus. Because this is a summary, it does not contain all the information that may be important to you. You should read this entire prospectus and its appendices carefully before you decide to invest in our shares of common stock.

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.

We are a Maryland corporation formed in March 2003 and we operate as a real estate investment trust, or a REIT, for federal and state income tax purposes. Our company owns all of our assets, either directly or indirectly.

Our principal executive offices are located at 2901 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 and our telephone number is (630) 218-8000.

#### THE TYPES OF REAL ESTATE THAT WE MAY ACQUIRE AND MANAGE

Our advisor is experienced in acquiring and managing real estate, particularly retail focused shopping centers. We acquire and manage a diversified (by geographical location and by type and size of retail centers) portfolio of real estate primarily improved for use as retail establishments, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. Our portfolio does and will consist predominantly of grocery and discount store anchored retail, including net lease retail. We may acquire certain mixed use properties that may include lodging, office and/or multi-family residential if they are part of a retail center. And, we may also acquire other types of retail shopping centers, such as enclosed malls, outlet malls and power centers. We also anticipate acquiring real estate improved with other commercial facilities which provide goods and services as well as double or triple net leased properties, which are either commercial or retail, including properties acquired in sale and leaseback transactions. A triple-net leased property is one which is leased to a tenant who is responsible for the base rent and all costs and expenses associated with their occupancy,

including property taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance.

The geographic focus of our portfolio continues to be western U.S. markets; yet, at the present time, we believe that properties available for sale east of the Mississippi River are offering more favorable investment returns. Our objective continues to be to acquire properties primarily for income as distinguished from primarily for capital gain. As a result, many of our recently acquired properties are located in eastern U.S. markets. However, over the long-term, we expect the portfolio to consist of properties located primarily west of the Mississippi River. Where feasible, we will endeavor to acquire multiple properties within the same major metropolitan markets where the acquisitions result in efficient property management operations with the potential to achieve market dominance.

We do not intend to invest in real estate properties that are primarily:

- farms;
- health care facilities;
- industrial properties;
- leisure home sites;
- manufacturing facilities;
- mining properties;
- ranches;
- single-family residential properties;
- timberlands; or
- unimproved properties not intended to be developed (vacant land).

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Subject to compliance with the applicable requirements under the federal income tax laws, we may also undertake construction and development activities and render services in connection with such activities.

OUR SPONSOR, OUR ADVISOR AND THE INLAND GROUP

Our sponsor is Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, which is owned by The Inland Group, Inc. The Inland Group, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates, is a fully-integrated group of legally and financially separate companies that have been engaged in diverse facets of real estate for over 35 years providing property management, leasing, marketing, acquisition, disposition, development, redevelopment, syndication, renovation, construction, finance and other related services. Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., is a wholly owned subsidiary of our sponsor and is our advisor. Inland Securities Corporation, another affiliate of The Inland Group, is the managing dealer of this offering. Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC, our property managers, are entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of The Inland Group. The principal executive offices of The Inland Group, our sponsor, and our advisor are located at 2901 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 and their telephone number is (630) 218-8000. The principal executive offices of our property managers are located at 2907 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 and their telephone number is (630) 218-8000.

The following organizational chart depicts the services that affiliates or our sponsor will render to us and our organizational structure.

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The following organizational chart depicts the services that affiliates or our sponsor will render to us and our organizational structure.

## ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

	Daniel L. Goodwin*		Robert Baum		Cosenza*		Robert D. Parks*	
					========	=======	=======	
Inland Northwest Management Corp.	Inland Southwest Management Corp.	Inland Western Management Corp.	Inland Pacific Management Corp.				 THE 	
				======				
				<b></b>				
Inl	and Holdco M	anagement LI	uC		nd Services p, Inc. E	state Invest	nd Real ment Corpor sponsor)	
Inland US Management LLC (property manager)	Inland Southwest Property Management LLC (property manager)		Inland Pacific Property Management LLC (property manager)	Ins Man	Risk and urance agement ces, Inc.			
         		         	 ==    		 		       	
     	 		Inland Securiti Corporation		s Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Ind (our advisor)		nland Partn Property S Corporati	
	-	Insurance Services			======             Inland Real   Estate   Sales, Inc.	Inland Rea Estate Developmen	- l Inla t Es	

1	1	I	1		<b>I</b>
	1			1	
	1	Real	Estate	1	
	1	Sales	s Services		
Property Management and	1				
Related Services	1	I			/
	1	1			/
I	1	I			/
I	1	I			/
1					
	Securities Sales	Organization,	Con	struction and	Pr
1	1	Advisory and Real	1	Development	Acq
	1	Estate Services	1	Services	Se
	1	I	1	1	
	1	I	1	1	
I	1	I			

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. We are principally owned by public investors. Ownership is represented by shares

Solid lines indicate 100% ownership. Broken lines indicate service.

 $^{\star}$  The four indicated individuals control The Inland Group, Inc. and own substantially all of its stock.

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Investment in shares of our common stock involves risks. If we are unable to effectively manage the impact of these risks, we may not meet our investment objectives and, therefore, you may lose some or all of your investment. The following is a summary of the material risks which we believe are most relevant to an investment in the shares. These risks are generally listed in the order of priority.

- our common stock is not currently listed or traded on an exchange and cannot be readily sold (and sales by stockholders may be made at a loss);
- although we anticipate that aggregate borrowings will not exceed 55% of the combined fair market value of our properties, our charter imposes a limitation on our borrowings of less than 300% of net assets and there are risks associated with a high amount of leverage;
- we have no ownership in our advisor and the advisor is owned by our sponsor or their affiliates;
- our advisor and its affiliates will receive substantial fees, including participation in proceeds from the sale, refinancing or liquidation of our assets;
- our advisor, property managers and two of our directors are subject to conflicts of interest as a result of their affiliation with The Inland Group, including conflicts of interest relating to:
  - the negotiation of the terms of the advisor and property management agreements;
  - the allocation of their time between us and their other business ventures;

- decisions whether to acquire and dispose of properties;
- the purchase and sale of properties to or from the advisor and our affiliates; and
- the allocation of investment opportunities between us and their other business ventures.
- we may make distributions that include a return of principal for federal tax purposes;
- there are limits on ownership, transferability and redemption of shares;
- our investment policies and strategies may be changed without stockholder consent;
- our investments will lack geographic diversification; and
- risks that incentive structure of fees payable to our advisor and its affiliates may encourage our advisor to make investments that have greater risks to generate higher fees.

#### CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST EXIST BETWEEN US AND SOME OF OUR AFFILIATES, INCLUDING OUR ADVISOR. THESE AFFILIATES INCLUDE INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION, INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. AND INLAND REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE CORPORATION. INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION IS A PUBLICLY TRADED REIT THAT IS SELF-ADMINISTERED AND IS NO LONGER AFFILIATED WITH THE INLAND GROUP. INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION PURCHASES SHOPPING CENTERS LOCATED IN THE MIDWEST. INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. IS AFFILIATED WITH THE INLAND GROUP. INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. GENERALLY PURCHASES SHOPPING CENTERS LOCATED EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER. INLAND REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE CORPORATION IS A SUBSIDIARY OF INLAND REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT CORPORATION. INLAND REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE CORPORATION PROVIDES REPLACEMENT PROPERTIES FOR PEOPLE WISHING TO COMPLETE AN IRS SECTION 1031 REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE. Midwest Real Estate Equities, Inc. is not a subsidiary of The Inland

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Group, Inc or its affiliates but does have some of the same shareholders as The Inland Group, Inc. Midwest Real Estate Equities buys, manages and sells commercial and multi-family property.

## Some of these conflicts include:

- competition for the time and services of personnel that work for us and our affiliates, including such persons as Daniel L. Goodwin, Robert H. Baum, G. Joseph Cosenza, Robert D. Parks, Thomas P. McGuinness, Roberta S. Matlin and Brenda G. Gujral, which may limit the amount of time these people may spend on our business matters;
- substantial compensation payable by us to Inland Securities
  Corporation, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services,
  Inc., Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and
  Inland Pacific Management LLC for their various services which may not
  be on market terms and is payable, in most cases, whether or not our
  stockholders receive distributions;
- competition for properties, although our affiliates are governed by the Property Acquisition Service Agreement which, with certain limitations, gives us a right of first refusal for certain properties

west of the Mississippi River; and

- the possibility that we may do business with entities that have pre-existing relationships with our affiliates which may result in a conflict between our business and the ongoing business relationships our affiliates have with each other.

Conflicts of interest may also arise in connection with the potential sale or refinancing of our properties or the enforcement of agreements.

We have an option to acquire or consolidate into us the business conducted by our advisor and/or our property managers for shares of common stock.

COMPENSATION TO BE PAID TO OUR ADVISOR AND AFFILIATES

We pay our advisor and affiliates substantial fees for managing our business.

We will also pay the advisor and other affiliates of our sponsor a number of other fees for services or expense reimbursements during our offering, operational and liquidation stage.

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Set forth below is a tabular summary of fees and compensation payable to our advisor and other affiliates.

Type of Compensation

Nonsubordinated payments:

Offering stage:

Selling commissions

7.5% of the sale price for each share Estimated maximum: \$187,500,000. Through June 30, 2004, we have incurred \$77,907,763 in selling commissions in connection with our initial public offering. In our initial public offering, we intend to sell 250,000,000 shares of our common stock at \$10.00 per share.

Marketing contribution and due diligence allowance

3.0% of the gross offering proceeds
Through June 30, 2004, we have incurred
\$10,546,604 in marketing contributions and
due diligence expense allowance in
connection with our initial public
offering. The actual amount of marketing
contribution and due diligence expense
allowance in connection with this offering
will depend on the number of shares sold.
If there are no special sales, and we sell
the maximum number of shares offered,
approximately \$75,000,000 will be paid for
the marketing contribution and the due
diligence expense allowance.

Reimbursable expenses and other expenses of issuance

Estimated amount: \$14,684,000. Through June 30, 2004, we have incurred \$666,107 of reimbursable expenses to our advisor in connection with our initial public

offering. In addition, in connection with our initial public offering, as of December 31, 2003, our advisor had advanced an aggregate of approximately \$1,763,306 for the payment of offering expenses to non-affiliated third parties, all of which has been repaid. Our sponsor has not advanced any reimbursable expenses in connection with this offering. We may reimburse up to \$14,684,000 for offering expenses advanced if we sell the maximum number of shares offered.

If the offering is not successful, then our sponsor will be solely responsible for the offering expenses to the extent it has not been reimbursed.

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Acquisition stage:

Acquisition expenses

We will reimburse Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc. for costs incurred, on our behalf, in connection with the acquisition of properties. We will pay an amount, estimated to be up to 0.5% of the total of (1) the gross offering proceeds from the sale of 250,000,000 shares and (2) the gross proceeds from the sale of up to 20,000,000 shares pursuant to the distribution reinvestment programs. The acquisition expenses for any particular property will not exceed 6% of the gross purchase price of the property.

Operational stage:

Property management fee
This fee terminates upon a business combination with our property managers.

4.5% of the gross income from the properties. (cannot exceed 90% of the fee which would be payable to an unrelated third party). We will pay the fee for services in connection with the rental, leasing, operation and management of the properties. For the year ended December 31, 2003, and the six months ended June 30, 2004, we have incurred and paid property management fees of \$16,627 and \$1,154,272, of which \$16,627 and \$1,154,272 were retained by Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC. Actual amounts we will incur in the future cannot be determined at the present time.

Loan servicing fee and mortgage brokerage fee

0.08% of the total principal amount of the loans being serviced for each full year, up to the first \$100 million and a lesser percentage on a sliding scale thereafter. For the year ended December 31, 2003, and

the six months ended June 30, 2004, we have incurred and paid \$328 and \$21,276 to Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation. For the year ended December 31, 2003, and the six months ended June 30, 2004, we have incurred and paid \$59,523 and \$1,122,042 to Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation.

Reimbursable expenses relating to administrative services

The compensation and reimbursements to our advisor and its affiliates will be approved by a majority of our directors. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time. These may include cost of goods and services and non-supervisory services performed directly for us by independent parties.

#### Liquidation stage:

Property disposition fee

Lesser of 3% of sales price or 50% of the This fee terminates upon a business customary commission which would be paid combination with our advisor. to a third party. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time.

Subordinated payments:

Operational stage:

As of June 30, 2004, we have not paid or accrued any advisor asset management fees. Actual amounts we will incur in the future cannot be determined at the present time.

Advisor asset management fee combination with our advisor.

Not more than 1% per annum of our average This fee terminates upon a business assets; subordinated to a non-cumulative, non-compounded return, equal to 6% per annum. Actual amounts cannot be determined at the present time. We will pay the fee for services in connection with our day-to-day operations, including administering our bookkeeping and accounting functions, services as our consultant in connection with policy decisions made by our board, managing our properties or causing them to be managed by another party and providing other services as our board deems appropriate.

Liquidation stage:

Incentive advisory fee combination with the Advisor.

After our stockholders have first received This fee terminates upon a business a 10% cumulative, non-compounded return and a return of their net investment, an incentive advisory fee equal to 15% on net proceeds from the sale of a property will be paid to our advisor.

PRIMARY BUSINESS OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGIES

Our primary business objective is to enhance the performance and value of our properties through active management. Key elements of our strategy are:

#### Acquisitions:

- To selectively acquire real properties that are diversified types and well-located.
- To selectively acquire properties on an all-cash basis if necessary to provide us with a competitive advantage over potential purchasers who must secure financing. We may, however, acquire properties subject to existing indebtedness if we believe this is in our best interest. We may acquire properties free and clear of permanent mortgage debt by paying the entire purchase price of each property in cash or for shares, interests in entities that own one or more of our properties or a combination of these. However, as of the date of this prospectus, we had not paid the purchase price of any properties using shares or interests in entities that will own our properties.

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To diversify geographically within the states west of the Mississippi by acquiring properties primarily located in major metropolitan areas to minimize the potential adverse impact of economic downturns in local markets.

#### Operations:

- We intend to continue to actively manage costs and minimize operating expenses by centralizing all management, leasing, marketing, financing, accounting, renovation and data processing activities.
- We intend to improve rental income and cash flow by aggressively marketing rentable space.
- We intend to continue to emphasize regular maintenance and periodic renovation to meet the needs of tenants and to maximize long-term returns.
- We intend to continue to maintain a diversified tenant base at our retail centers, consisting primarily of retail tenants providing consumer goods and services.

#### TERMS OF THE OFFERING

If we sell the maximum amount of shares under the offering, we will have sold a total of 500,020,000 shares, assuming that we sell all of the 250,000,000 shares offered in our initial public offering which began September 2003. These numbers do not include shares issued upon exercise of options granted and which may be granted under our independent director stock option plan, nor do they include shares issued pursuant to our existing distribution reinvestment program.

We are offering a maximum of 250,000,000 shares on a best efforts basis through the managing dealer at \$10.00 per share, subject to discounts in some cases. An offering on a best efforts basis is one in which the securities dealers participating in the offering are under no obligation to purchase any of the securities being offered and, therefore, no specified number of securities are guaranteed to be sold and no specified amount of money is guaranteed to be raised from the offering.

We are also offering up to 20,000,000 shares at a purchase price of \$9.50 per share to stockholders who elect to participate in our distribution

reinvestment program.

The offering price of our shares is subjective and was determined by our board of directors. Our board of directors determined the offering price based upon the offering price in our initial public offering in September 2003, the offering price of earlier REITs organized by our sponsor, the range of other REITs that do not have a public trading market and the recommendation of the managing dealer based on its consultations with likely soliciting dealers.

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#### IS AN INVESTMENT IN US APPROPRIATE FOR YOU?

An investment in us might be appropriate as part of your investment portfolio if:

- You are looking for regular distributions. We intend to pay regular monthly distributions to our domestic stockholders and regular quarterly distributions to our foreign stockholders. We have paid regular distributions to our domestic and foreign stockholders for the past nine months and the past three quarters. The maximum time that you should have to wait to receive the first distribution is 45 days from the date in which we accept your subscription.
- You are looking for a hedge against inflation. We have, and intend to continue to hedge against inflation by entering into leases with tenants which provide for scheduled rent escalations or participation in the growth of tenant sales. This is designed to provide increased distributions and capital appreciation.
- You are looking for capital preservation and appreciation. We intend to acquire, a portfolio of diverse properties, usually on an all cash basis, that are well located. After acquiring these properties, we may finance them, but we anticipate that aggregate borrowings secured by our properties will not exceed 55% of their combined fair market value. Currently, our aggregate borrowings secured by our properties is approximately 55% of their combined fair market value.

WE CANNOT GUARANTEE THAT WE WILL ACHIEVE THESE OBJECTIVES.

#### DISTRIBUTIONS

We have and intend to continue to pay regular monthly distributions to our domestic stockholders and regular quarterly distributions to our foreign stockholders. The maximum time that you should have to wait to receive the first distribution is 45 days from the date in which we accept your subscription.

In order to maintain our REIT status under federal income tax laws, we intend to distribute at least 90% of our taxable income to our stockholders. For federal income tax purposes only, we may make distributions that include a return of principal or an amount in excess of 95% of cash available to us.

#### REAL PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

As of October 7, 2004, our real estate portfolio was comprised of 69 properties containing approximately 13 million square feet of gross leasable area. The 69 properties consist of 34 retail shopping centers, 16 neighborhood and community shopping center properties, 11 single-user retail facilities, five joint venture retail shopping centers that we have operating control, two commercial properties, and one project under development, located in 24 states.

SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

We have instituted a share repurchase program. Our share repurchase program provides eligible stockholders with limited interim liquidity by enabling them to sell shares back to us. The prices at which shares may be sold back to us will be one year from the purchase date at \$9.25 per share; two years from the purchase date at \$9.50 per share; three years from the purchase date at \$9.75 per share; and four years from the purchase date at the greater of \$10.00 per share or a price equal to ten times our "funds available for distribution" per weighted average share outstanding for the prior calendar year. We may terminate, reduce or otherwise change the above share repurchase program.

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#### ESTIMATED USE OF PROCEEDS

The amounts listed in the table below represent our current estimates concerning the use of the offering proceeds. Since these are estimates, they may not accurately reflect the actual receipt or application of the offering proceeds. The amounts set forth below assume:

- we sell the maximum of 250,000,000 shares in this offering at \$10 per share; and
- we sell the maximum of 20,000,000 shares in our distribution reinvestment program at \$9.50 per share.

We have not given effect to any special sales or volume discounts which could reduce selling commissions.

	MAXIMUM OFFE (INCLUDING SHARES SO DISTRIBUTION REINVEST	
	AMOUNT	
Gross proceeds	\$ 2,690,000,000	
Less expenses: Selling commissions	187,500,000 62,500,000 12,500,000	
Organization and offering	14,684,000	
Total expenses	277,184,000	
Gross amount available	2,412,816,000	
Acquisition expenses	13,450,000 26,900,000	
Net cash available	\$ 2,372,466,000	

We will pay the managing dealer cash selling commissions of up to 7.5% on

all of the 250,000,000 shares of common stock sold on a best-efforts basis. No selling commission is paid on shares sold through our distribution reinvestment program.

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#### RISK FACTORS

An investment in our shares involves significant risks and therefore is suitable only for those persons who understand those risks and the consequences of their investment and who are able to bear the risk of loss of their entire investment. You should consider the following material risks in addition to other information set forth elsewhere in this prospectus before making your investment decisions.

OUR COMMON STOCK IS NOT CURRENTLY LISTED ON AN EXCHANGE OR TRADING MARKET AND CANNOT BE READILY SOLD. There is currently no public trading market for the shares and we cannot assure you that one will develop. We may never list the shares for trading on a national stock exchange or include the shares for quotation on a national market system. The absence of an active public market for our shares could impair your ability to sell our stock at a profit or at all. By September 15, 2008 our board of directors will determine whether it is in our best interests to apply to have the shares listed on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system if we meet the applicable listing requirements at that time.

THE PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK IS SUBJECTIVE AND MAY NOT BEAR ANY RELATIONSHIP TO WHAT A STOCKHOLDER COULD RECEIVE IF IT WAS SOLD. Our board of directors determined the offering price of our shares of common stock based on the following factors:

- the offering price of our common stock in our initial public offering in September 2003;
- the offering price of the earlier REITs organized by our sponsor;
- the range of offering prices of other REITs that do not have a public trading market; and
- the recommendation of the managing dealer based on its consultations with likely soliciting dealers.

However, the offering price of our shares of common stock may not be the same as the price at which the shares may trade if they were listed on an exchange or actively traded by brokers, nor of the proceeds that a stockholder may receive if we were liquidated or dissolved. As such, any sales may be made at a loss.

YOU DO NOT KNOW WHAT REAL PROPERTIES AND OTHER ASSETS WE MAY ACQUIRE IN THE FUTURE, AND MUST RELY ON OUR ADVISOR, OUR BOARD AND OFFICERS TO SELECT THEM AND STOCKHOLDERS WILL NOT PARTICIPATE IN THESE DECISIONS. We intend to acquire commercial retail properties. Although we have already acquired 69 properties, and we are considering acquiring others, no information is available as to the identification, location, operating histories, lease terms or other relevant economic and financial data of any other properties or other assets we may purchase in the future. As a result, you must rely on us to locate and acquire additional suitable investment properties. In addition, our board of directors may approve future equity offerings or obtain financing, the proceeds of which may be invested in additional properties; therefore, you will not have an opportunity to evaluate all of the properties that will be in our portfolio. Stockholders will not participate in evaluating these investment opportunities.

Nonetheless, you will be unable to evaluate the manner in which we invest the proceeds of this offering or the economic merit of particular properties prior to their acquisition. This prospectus only describes the parameters we will use to acquire additional real properties and other assets.

COMPETITION WITH THIRD PARTIES IN ACQUIRING PROPERTIES WILL REDUCE OUR PROFITABILITY AND THE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT. We compete with many other entities engaged in real estate investment activities, many of which have greater resources than we do. Larger REITs may enjoy significant competitive advantages that result from, among other things, a lower cost of capital and enhanced

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operating efficiencies. In addition, the number of entities and the amount of funds competing for suitable investment properties may increase. This will result in increased demand for these assets and therefore increased prices paid for them. If we pay higher prices for properties, our profitability is reduced and you will experience a lower return on your investment.

WE WILL COMPETE WITH REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT PROGRAMS SPONSORED BY COMPANIES AFFILIATED WITH US FOR THE ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES AND FOR THE TIME AND SERVICES OF PERSONNEL. Affiliated companies have previously sponsored other REITs, private real estate equity programs and private placement mortgage and note programs, and affiliated companies in the future may sponsor other real estate investment programs. These affiliated companies include Inland Real Estate Corporation, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation and other entities to be formed by The Inland Group, Inc. We will compete with these existing and future real estate investment programs for the acquisition of properties of a type suitable for our investment, for the time and services of personnel of our advisor and affiliates of our advisor in connection with our operation and the management of our assets, and for obtaining and retaining investors for our common stock. We will generally be acquiring properties that are located primarily west of the Mississippi River and single user net lease properties located anywhere in the United States and therefore our geographic diversity may be limited.

WE PLAN TO INCUR MORTGAGE INDEBTEDNESS AND OTHER BORROWINGS, WHICH MAY REDUCE THE FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTION, MAY INCREASE THE RISK OF LOSS SINCE DEFAULTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE AND MORTGAGES MAY INCLUDE CROSS-COLLATERALIZATION OR CROSS-DEFAULT PROVISIONS THAT INCREASE THE RISK THAT MORE THAN ONE PROPERTY MAY BE AFFECTED BY A DEFAULT. We may, in some instances, use either existing financing or borrow new funds to acquire properties. We intend to incur or increase our mortgage debt by obtaining loans secured by selected or all of the real properties to obtain funds to acquire additional real properties. We may also borrow funds if necessary to satisfy the requirement that we distribute to stockholders as dividends at least 90% of our annual REIT taxable income, or otherwise as is necessary or advisable to assure that we maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. Currently, our aggregate borrowings secured by our properties is approximately 55% of their combined fair market value.

We may incur mortgage debt on a particular real property if we believe the property's projected cash flow is sufficient to service the mortgage debt. However, if there is a shortfall in cash flow, then the amount available for distributions to stockholders may be affected. In addition, incurring mortgage debt increases the risk of loss since defaults on indebtedness secured by properties may result in foreclosure actions initiated by lenders and our loss of the property securing the loan which is in default. For tax purposes, a foreclosure of any of our properties would be treated as a sale of the property for a purchase price equal to the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the

mortgage. If the outstanding balance of the debt secured by the mortgage exceeds our basis in the property, we would recognize taxable income on foreclosure, but would not receive any cash proceeds. We may give full or partial guarantees to lenders of mortgage debt to the entity that owns our properties. In such cases, we will be responsible to the lender for satisfaction of the debt if it is not paid by such entity. If any mortgages contain cross-collateralization or cross-default provisions, there is a risk that more than one real property may be affected by a default.

If mortgage debt is unavailable at reasonable rates, we will not be able to place financing on the properties, which could reduce distributions per share. If we place mortgage debt on the properties, we run the risk of being unable to refinance the properties when the loans come due, or of being unable to refinance on favorable terms. If interest rates are higher when the properties are refinanced, our net income could be reduced, which would reduce cash available for distribution to stockholders and may prevent us from raising capital by issuing more stock and may prevent us from borrowing more money.

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IF WE HAVE INSUFFICIENT WORKING CAPITAL RESERVES, WE WILL HAVE TO OBTAIN FINANCING FROM OTHER SOURCES. We have established working capital reserves which we believe are adequate to cover our cash needs. However, if these reserves are insufficient to meet our cash needs, we may have to obtain financing from either affiliated or unaffiliated sources to fund our cash requirements. We cannot assure you that sufficient financing will be available or, if available, will be available on economically feasible terms or on terms acceptable to us. Additional borrowing for working capital purposes will increase our interest expense and therefore, our financial condition and our ability to pay distributions may be adversely affected.

THE TYPES OF PROPERTIES WHICH WE INTEND TO ACQUIRE AND THE AREA IN WHICH WE MAY ACQUIRE RETAIL CENTERS IS LIMITED. We primarily acquire and manage retail centers. We intend to acquire retail centers primarily in the states west of the Mississippi River. Adverse economic conditions affecting that area could adversely affect our profitability to a greater degree than if we had diversified our investments to include other types of real estate over a larger geographic region.

THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT WE MAY BORROW IS LIMITED UNDER OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION. Our articles of incorporation limit the aggregate amount we may borrow, secured and unsecured, to 300% of our net assets, absent a satisfactory showing that a higher level is appropriate. Currently, our aggregate borrowings are approximately 164% of our net assets. That limitation could have adverse consequences on our business, including:

- freezing our ability to purchase properties;
- causing us to lose our REIT status if borrowing was necessary to distribute the required minimum amount of cash to our stockholders for us to qualify as a REIT;
- causing operational problems if there are cash flow shortfalls for working capital purposes; and
- resulting in the loss of a property if, for example, financing was necessary to cure a default on a mortgage.

In order to change this limitation, we must obtain approval by a majority of our independent directors and by a majority of our stockholders. There will be a delay before approval can be obtained, if it can be obtained at all. It is

possible that even if the required approval is obtained, it may not be obtained in sufficient time to avoid the adverse consequences of not having the additional funding when it is needed.

BECAUSE OF THE WAY WE ARE ORGANIZED, WE WOULD BE A DIFFICULT TAKEOVER TARGET. THIS COULD DEPRESS THE PRICE OF OUR STOCK AND INHIBIT A MANAGEMENT CHANGE. Provisions which may have an anti-takeover effect and inhibit a change in our management include:

THERE ARE OWNERSHIP LIMITS AND RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY AND OWNERSHIP IN OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION. In order for us to qualify as a REIT, no more than 50% of the outstanding shares of our stock may be beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals at any time during the last half of each taxable year. To assure that we will not fail to qualify as a REIT under this test, our articles of incorporation provide that, subject to some exceptions, no person may beneficially own more than 9.8% of our common stock.

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#### This restriction may:

- have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock; or
- compel a stockholder who had acquired more than 9.8% of our stock to dispose of the additional shares and, as a result, to forfeit the benefits of owning the additional shares.
- OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION PERMIT OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO ISSUE PREFERRED STOCK WITH TERMS THAT MAY DISCOURAGE A THIRD PARTY FROM ACQUIRING US. Our articles of incorporation permit our board of directors to issue, without stockholder approval, up to 10 million shares of preferred stock. The board may classify or reclassify any unissued preferred stock and establish preferences, conversion or other rights, voting power, restrictions, limitations as to dividends and other distributions, qualifications, or terms or conditions of redemption, of any preferred stock. Thus, our board could authorize, without the approval by our stockholders, the issuance of preferred stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium for holders of our common stock.
- MARYLAND LAW MAY DISCOURAGE A THIRD PARTY FROM ACQUIRING US. Maryland law restricts mergers and other business combinations between us and an interested stockholder. Under the Maryland Business Combination Act, an anti-takeover statute, for a period of five years after the most recent acquisition of stock by an interested stockholder, we may not engage in any merger or other business combination with that interested stockholder or any affiliate of that interested stockholder. After the five-year period, any merger or other business combination must be approved by our board of directors and by at least 80% of all the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of our voting stock and two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of our voting stock other than the interested stockholder with whom the business combination is

to be effected. The votes cited in the previous sentence would not apply if, among other things, the stockholders of the company receive in the business combination a minimum consideration for their common stock equal to the highest price paid by the interested stockholder for its common stock. However, as permitted by the Maryland Busienss Combination Act, our articles of incorporation provide that the business combination provisions of Maryland law do not apply to any business combination involving us and our affiliates. As a result, the five-year prohibition and the super-majority stockholder vote requirements will not apply to any business combinations between us and our affiliates. The Maryland Business Combination Act could have the effect of discouraging offers from third parties to acquire us and of increasing the difficulty of successfully completing a business combination. See "Description of Securities - Provisions of Maryland Law and our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws."

MARYLAND LAW ALSO LIMITS THE ABILITY OF A THIRD PARTY TO BUY A LARGE STAKE IN US AND EXERCISE VOTING POWER IN ELECTING DIRECTORS. Maryland law provides a second anti-takeover statute, its Control Share Acquisition Act, which provides that "control shares" of a Maryland corporation acquired in a "control share acquisition" have no voting rights except to the extent approved by the corporation's disinterested stockholders by a vote of two-thirds of the

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votes entitled to be cast on the matter; shares of stock owned by interested stockholders, that is, by the acquirer, by officers or by directors who are employees of the corporation, are not entitled to be cast on the matter. "Control shares" are voting shares of stock which would entitle the acquirer to exercise voting power in electing directors within specified ranges of voting power. Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained stockholder approval. A "control share acquisition" means the acquisition of control shares. The control share acquisition statute does not apply (i) to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction or (ii) to acquisitions approved or exempted by the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation. As permitted by the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act, our bylaws exempt our affiliates from the Maryland control share acquisition statute. This statute could have the effect of discouraging offers from third parties to acquire us and increasing the difficulty of successfully completing this type of offer by anyone other than our affiliates or any of their affiliates. See "Description of Securities - Provisions of Maryland Law and our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws - Control Share Acquisition."

YOUR INVESTMENT RETURN MAY BE REDUCED IF WE ARE REQUIRED TO REGISTER AS AN INVESTMENT COMPANY UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT. We are not registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. If we were obligated to register as an investment company, we would have to comply with a variety of substantive requirements under the Investment Company Act. These requirements include:

- limitations on capital structure;
- restrictions on specified investments;
- prohibitions on transactions with affiliates; and

 compliance with reporting, record keeping, voting, proxy disclosure and other rules and regulations that would significantly change our operations.

In order to maintain our exemption from regulation under the Investment Company Act of 1940, we must engage primarily in the business of buying real estate, and these investments must be made within a year after the offering ends. If we are unable to invest a significant portion of the proceeds of this offering in properties within one year of the termination of the offering, we may avoid being required to register as an investment company by temporarily investing any unused proceeds in government securities with low returns. This would reduce the cash available for distribution to investors and possibly lower your returns.

To maintain compliance with the Investment Company Act exemption, we may be unable to sell assets we would otherwise want to sell and may need to sell assets we would otherwise wish to retain. In addition, we may have to acquire additional income or loss generating assets that we might not otherwise have acquired or may have to forgo opportunities to acquire interests in companies that we would otherwise want to acquire and would be important to our strategy.

If we were required to register as an investment company but failed to do so, we would be prohibited from engaging in our business, and criminal and civil actions could be brought against us. In addition, our contracts would be unenforceable unless a court were to require enforcement, and a court could appoint a receiver to take control of us and liquidate our business.

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THERE ARE MANY FACTORS WHICH CAN AFFECT DISTRIBUTIONS TO STOCKHOLDERS. Distributions will be based principally on cash available from our properties, real estate securities, and other investments. The amount of cash available for distributions will be affected by many factors, such as our ability to buy properties as offering proceeds become available, the yields on securities of other REITs which we invest in, and our operating expense levels, as well as many other variables. Actual cash available for distributions may vary substantially from estimates. We can give no assurance that we will be able to pay or maintain distributions or that distributions will increase over time. Nor can we give any assurance that rents from the properties will increase, that the securities we buy will increase in value or provide increased dividends over time, or that future acquisitions of real properties or our investments in securities will increase our cash available for distributions to stockholders. Our actual results may differ from the assumptions used by our board of directors in establishing the initial distribution rate to stockholders. Some of these factors are beyond our control, and a change in any one factor could adversely affect our ability to pay future distributions:

- If one or more tenants defaults or terminates their lease, there could be a decrease or cessation of rental payments which would mean less cash available for distributions.
- Cash available for distributions may be reduced if we are required to spend money to correct defects or to make improvements to properties.
- Cash available to make distributions may decrease if the assets we acquire have lower yields than expected.
- There may be a delay between the sale of the common stock and our purchase of real properties. During that time, we may invest in lower yielding short term instruments, which could result in a lower yield on your investment.

- Federal income tax laws require REITs to distribute at least 90% of their taxable income to stockholders. This limits the earnings which we may retain for corporate growth, such as property acquisition, development or expansion and makes us more dependent upon additional debt or equity financing than corporations which are not REITs. If we borrow more funds in the future, more of our operating cash will be needed to make debt payments and cash available for distributions may therefore decrease.
- In connection with future property acquisitions, we may issue additional shares of common stock or interests in other entities that own our properties. We cannot predict the number of shares of common stock, units or interests which we may issue, or the effect that these additional shares might have on cash available for distributions to you. If we issue additional shares, they could reduce the cash available for distributions to you.
- We make distributions to our stockholders to comply with the distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and to eliminate, or at least minimize, exposure to federal income taxes and the nondeductible REIT excise tax. Differences in timing between the receipt of income and the payment of expenses and the effect of required debt payments could require us to borrow funds on a short term basis to meet the distribution requirements that are necessary to achieve the tax benefits associated with qualifying as a REIT.

OUR DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS USED TO HEDGE AGAINST INTEREST RATE FLUCTUATIONS COULD REDUCE THE OVERALL RETURNS ON YOUR INVESTMENT. We may use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in interest rates on loans secured by our properties. To the extent we do, we are exposed to credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform under the

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terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes us, which creates credit risk for us. When the fair value of a derivative contract is negative, we owe the counterparty and, therefore, it does not possess credit risk.

Our hedging strategy and use of derivative financial instruments may reduce the overall returns on your investments. We have had limited experience with derivative financial instruments and [SO FAR WE HAVE RECOGNIZED LOSSES IN OUR USE OF DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS].

WE COULD ISSUE MORE SHARES IN THE FUTURE, WHICH COULD REDUCE THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR OUTSTANDING SHARES. We have the power to issue more shares of our common stock in the future. We cannot predict the effect on the market price of our outstanding common stock, if any, of future sales by us of shares of our common stock, or the availability of shares for future sales through the exercise of options granted to independent directors under our independent director stock option plan. The issuance of these additional shares, or the perception that these shares could be issued, could adversely affect the prevailing market prices, if any, for our common stock.

OUR SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM IS LIMITED TO 5% OF THE WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OF OUR STOCK OUTSTANDING DURING THE PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR AND MAY BE CHANGED OR TERMINATED BY US, THEREBY REDUCING THE POTENTIAL LIQUIDITY OF YOUR INVESTMENT. In accordance with our share repurchase program, a maximum of 5% of the weighed average number of shares of our stock outstanding during the prior

calendar year may be repurchased by us. This standard limits the number of shares we can purchase. Our board also has the ability to change or terminate, at any time, our share repurchase program. If we terminate or modify our share repurchase program or if we do not have sufficient funds available to repurchase all shares that our stockholders request to repurchase, then our stockholders' ability to liquidate their shares will be diminished.

STOCKHOLDERS HAVE LIMITED CONTROL OVER CHANGES IN OUR POLICIES. Our board of directors determines our major policies, including our investment objectives, financing, growth, debt capitalization, REIT qualification and distributions. Our board of directors may amend or revise these and other policies without a vote of the stockholders. This means that stockholders will have limited control over changes in our policies.

IF WE INVEST IN JOINT VENTURES, THE OBJECTIVES OF OUR PARTNERS MAY CONFLICT WITH OUR OBJECTIVES. We may make investments in joint ventures or other partnership arrangements between us and affiliates of our sponsor or with unaffiliated third parties. Investments in joint ventures which own real properties may involve risks otherwise not present when we purchase real properties directly. For example, our co-venturer may file for bankruptcy protection, may have economic or business interests or goals which are inconsistent with our interests or goals, or may take actions contrary to our instructions, requests, policies or objectives. Among other things, actions by a co-venturer might subject real properties owned by the joint venture to liabilities greater than those contemplated by the terms of the joint venture or other adverse consequences.

IF WE SELL PROPERTIES BY PROVIDING FINANCING TO PURCHASERS, WE WILL BEAR THE RISK OF DEFAULT BY THE PURCHASER. If we decide to sell any of our properties, we will use our best efforts to sell for cash. However, we may sell our properties by providing financing to purchasers. When we provide financing to purchasers, we will bear the risk of default by the purchaser and will be subject to remedies provided by law. There are no limitations or restrictions on our ability to take purchase money obligations. We may therefore take a purchase money obligation secured by a mortgage as part payment for the purchase price. The terms of payment to us will be affected by custom in the area where the property being sold is located and the then-prevailing economic conditions. If we receive promissory notes or other property in lieu of cash from property sales, the distribution of the proceeds of sales to our stockholders, or their reinvestment in other properties, will be delayed until the promissory notes or other property are actually

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paid, sold, refinanced or otherwise disposed of. In some cases, we may receive initial down payments in cash and other property in the year of sale in an amount less than the selling price and subsequent payments will be spread over a number of years.

DELAYS IN ACQUISITIONS OF PROPERTIES MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE EFFECT. Delays we encounter in the selection, acquisition and development of properties could adversely affect your returns and distributions on your investment. Where we acquire properties prior to the start of construction or during the early stages of construction, it will typically take several months to complete construction and rent available space. Therefore, you could suffer delays in your distributions attributable to those particular properties. In addition, it takes a certain amount of time to locate, negotiate an acceptable purchase contract, conduct due diligence and ultimately acquire a property. If we are unable to invest our offering proceeds in income producing real properties in a timely manner, this may adversely affect the funds available for distribution.

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO IMMEDIATELY INVEST PROCEEDS IN REAL ESTATE, WHICH WILL HARM YOUR RETURNS. Until we invest the proceeds of this offering in real estate investments, we may invest in short-term, highly liquid or other authorized investments. Such short-term investments are not likely to earn as high a return as we expect to earn on our real estate investments, and we cannot guarantee how long it will take us to fully invest the proceeds of this offering in real estate investments. If we are unable to locate and close on real estate investments promptly, or in a manner consistent with the capital we raise, the funds available for your distributions could be reduced.

WE DEPEND ON OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS, ADVISOR AND PROPERTY MANAGERS AND LOSING THOSE RELATIONSHIPS COULD NEGATIVELY AFFECT OUR OPERATIONS. Our board of directors has supervisory control over all aspects of our operations. Our ability to achieve our investment objectives will depend to a large extent on the board's ability to oversee, and the quality of, the management provided by the advisor, the property managers, their affiliates and employees for day-to-day operations. Therefore, we depend heavily on the ability of the advisor and its affiliates to retain the services of each of its executive officers and key employees. However, none of these individuals has an employment agreement with the advisor or its affiliates. The loss of any of these individuals could have a material adverse effect on us. These individuals include Daniel L. Goodwin, Robert H. Baum, G. Joseph Cosenza, Robert D. Parks, Thomas P. McGuinness, Roberta S. Matlin and Brenda G. Gujral.

Our advisor must reimburse us for certain operational stage expenses exceeding 15% of the gross offering proceeds. If the advisor's net worth or cash flow is not sufficient to cover these expenses, we will not be reimbursed.

THERE ARE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST BETWEEN US AND OUR AFFILIATES. Our operation and management may be influenced or affected by conflicts of interest arising out of our relationship with our affiliates. Our advisor and its affiliates are or will be engaged in other activities that will result in potential conflicts of interest with the services that the advisor and affiliates will provide to us. Those affiliates could take actions that are more favorable to other entities than to us. The resolution of conflicts in favor of other entities could have a negative impact on our financial performance. These affiliates include Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., our advisor, Inland Real Estate Corporation, Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation and entities to be formed by The Inland Group, Inc. Inland Real Estate Corporation is a publicly traded REIT that is self-administered and is no longer affiliated with The Inland Group. Inland Real Estate Corporation generally purchases shopping centers located in the Midwest. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. is affiliated with The Inland Group, Inc. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. purchases shopping centers located east of the Mississippi River. Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation is a subsidiary of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation provides replacement properties for

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people wishing to complete an IRS Section 1031 real estate exchange. Our advisor receives fees based on the book value including acquired intangibles of the properties under management. Specific conflicts of interest between us and our affiliates include:

- WE MAY ACQUIRE PROPERTIES FROM AFFILIATES OF OUR SPONSOR IN
TRANSACTIONS IN WHICH THE PRICE WILL NOT BE THE RESULT OF ARM'S LENGTH
NEGOTIATIONS. The prices we pay to affiliates of our sponsor for our
properties will be equal to the prices paid by them, plus the costs
incurred by them relating to the acquisition and financing of the
properties. These prices will not be the subject of arm's length

negotiations, which could mean that the acquisitions may be on terms less favorable to us than those negotiated in an arm's-length transaction. The result of these transactions could cause us to pay more for particular properties than we would have in an arm's length transaction and therefore, adversely affect our cash flow and our ability to pay your distributions.

- WE MAY PURCHASE REAL PROPERTIES FROM PERSONS WITH WHOM OUR ADVISOR OR ITS AFFILIATES HAVE PRIOR BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS AND OUR INTERESTS IN THESE BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS MAY BE DIFFERENT FROM THE INTERESTS OF OUR ADVISOR OR ITS AFFILIATES IN THESE BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS. We may purchase properties from third parties who have sold properties in the past, or who may sell properties in the future, to our advisor or its affiliates. If we purchase properties from these third parties, our advisor will experience a conflict between our current interests and its interest in preserving any ongoing business relationship with these sellers. This could result in our advisor or its affiliates recommending properties that may be in the best interest of the third party seller, but not our best interest. This could adversely impact our portfolio by causing us to invest in properties that are not necessarily in our best interest.
- OUR ADVISOR AND ITS AFFILIATES RECEIVE COMMISSIONS, FEES AND OTHER COMPENSATION BASED UPON OUR INVESTMENTS AND THEREFORE OUR ADVISOR AND ITS AFFILIATES MAY RECOMMEND THAT WE MAKE INVESTMENTS IN ORDER TO INCREASE THEIR COMPENSATION. Our advisor and its affiliates receive commissions, fees and other compensation based upon our investments. They benefit by us retaining ownership of our assets and leveraging our assets, while you may be better served by sale or disposition or not leveraging the assets. In addition, our advisor's ability to receive fees and reimbursements depends on our continued investment in properties and in other assets which generate fees. Our advisor receives fees based on the book value including acquired intangibles of the properties under management. Our property managers receive fees based on the income from properties under management. Therefore, our advisor and/or property managers may recommend that we purchase properties that generate fees for our advisor and property managers, but are not necessarily the most suitable investment for our portfolio. In addition, our affiliates, who receive fees, including our advisor, may recommend that we acquire properties, which may result in our incurring substantive amounts of indebtedness. Therefore, the interest of our advisor and its affiliates in receiving fees may conflict with our ability to earn income and may result in our incurring substantive amounts of indebtedness. The resolution of this conflict of interest may adversely impact our cash flow and our ability to pay your distributions.
- OUR ADVISOR MAY HAVE CONFLICTING FIDUCIARY OBLIGATIONS IF WE ACQUIRE PROPERTIES WITH ITS AFFILIATES. Our advisor may cause us to acquire an interest in a property through a joint venture with its affiliates. In these circumstances, our advisor will have a fiduciary duty to both us and its affiliates participating in the joint venture. The resolution of this conflict of interest may cause the advisor to sacrifice our best interest in favor of the seller of the

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property and therefore, we may enter into a transaction that is not in our best interest. The resolution of this conflict of interest may negatively impact our financial performance.

- THERE IS COMPETITION FOR THE TIME AND SERVICES OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR ADVISOR MAY NOT DEDICATE THE TIME NECESSARY TO MANAGER OUR BUSINESS. We rely on our advisor and its affiliates for our daily operation and the management of our assets. Our officers and other personnel of our advisor and its affiliates have conflicts in allocating their management time, services and functions among the real estate investment programs they currently service and any future real estate investment programs or other business ventures which they may organize or serve. Those personnel could take actions that are more favorable to other entities than to us. The resolution of conflicts in favor of other entities could have a negative impact on our financial performance.
- INLAND SECURITIES CORPORATION IS PARTICIPATING AS MANAGING DEALER IN THE SALE OF THE SHARES. Inland Securities Corporation is our managing dealer of this offering and is affiliated with The Inland Group. Our managing dealer is entitled to selling commissions and reimbursement for marketing and due diligence expenses. Our managing dealer may be subject to a conflict of interest arising out of its participation in this offering and its affiliation with The Inland Group in performing its "due diligence" obligations which arise under the Securities Act of 1933. The resolution of this conflict of interest could have a negative impact on our financial performance.
- WE MAY ACQUIRE THE BUSINESS OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR PROPERTY MANAGERS WITHOUT FURTHER ACTION BY OUR STOCKHOLDERS. During the term of our agreements with our advisor and our property managers, we have the option to acquire or consolidate the business conducted by them without any consent of our stockholders, our advisor or our property managers. We may elect to exercise this right at any time after September 15, 2008. This unfettered discretion could cause us to take action that otherwise we would not be able to do, and therefore could have a negative impact on our financial performance.
- WE DO NOT HAVE ARM'S-LENGTH AGREEMENTS, WHICH COULD CONTAIN TERMS WHICH ARE NOT IN OUR BEST INTEREST. As we have noted, our agreements and arrangements with our advisor or any of its affiliates, including those relating to compensation, are not the result of arm's length negotiations. These agreements may contain terms that our not in our best interest and would not otherwise be applicable if we entered into arm's-length agreements. See "Conflicts of Interest" for a discussion of various conflicts of interest.

WE CANNOT PREDICT THE AMOUNTS OF COMPENSATION TO BE PAID TO OUR ADVISOR AND OUR OTHER AFFILIATES. Because the fees that we will pay to our advisor and our other affiliates are based on the level of our business activity, it is not possible to predict the amounts of compensation that we will be required to pay these entities. In addition, because key employees of our affiliates are given broad discretion to determine when to consummate a transaction, we rely on these key persons to dictate the level of our business activity. Fees paid to our affiliates will reduce funds available for distribution. Because we cannot predict the amount of fees due to these affiliates, we cannot predict how precisely such fees will impact our distributions.

THE MANAGING DEALER HAS NOT MADE AN INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF US OR THE PROSPECTUS. The managing dealer, Inland Securities Corporation, is one of our affiliates and will not make an independent review of us or the offering. Accordingly, you do not have the benefit of an independent review of the terms of this offering. Further, the due diligence investigation of us by the managing dealer, also an affiliate, cannot be considered to be an independent review and, therefore, may not be as meaningful as a

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review conducted by an unaffiliated broker-dealer or investment banker. In addition, a substantial portion of the proceeds of the offering will be paid to the managing dealer for managing the offering, including cash selling commissions, a marketing contribution and a due diligence expense allowance.

OUR RIGHTS AND THE RIGHTS OF OUR STOCKHOLDERS TO TAKE ACTION AGAINST OUR DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS AND THE ADVISOR ARE LIMITED. Maryland law provides that a director has no liability in the capacity as a director if he performs his duties in good faith, in a manner he reasonably believes to be in our best interests, and with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances. Maryland law also provides that an act by a director of a Maryland corporation is presumed to satisfy the standards of the preceding sentence. Additionally, our articles of incorporation limit the liability of our directors and officers to us and to our stockholders for monetary damages to the maximum extent permitted under Maryland law. Our articles of incorporation, in the case of our directors, officers, employees and agents, and the advisory agreement, in the case of the advisor, require us to indemnify our directors, officers, employees and agents and the advisor for actions taken by them in good faith and without negligence or misconduct. Moreover, we have entered into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and some of our executive officers. As a result, we and our stockholders may have more limited rights against our directors, officers, employees and agents, and the advisor than might otherwise exist under common law. In addition, we may be obligated to fund the defense costs incurred by our directors, officers, employees and agents or the advisor in some cases. See "Limitation of Liability and Indemnification of Directors, Officers and Our Advisors."

THE BUSINESS OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR PROPERTY MANAGERS MAY BE ACQUIRED BY US WITHOUT FURTHER ACTION OF OUR STOCKHOLDERS. During the term of our agreements with our advisor and our property managers, we have the option to cause the business conducted by our advisor and/or our property managers (including all of their assets) to be acquired by or consolidated into us, without any consent of our stockholders, our advisor or our property managers or their respective board of directors or stockholders or shareholders in certain instances. We may elect to exercise this right as soon as any time after September 15, 2008. Our decision to exercise this right will be determined by a vote of a majority of our directors not otherwise interested in the transaction (including a majority of our independent directors). Our advisor and our property managers and/or their respective stockholders and shareholders will receive in connection with such an acquisition and in exchange for the transfer of all of the stock or assets of our advisor and/or our property managers, as the case may be, and for terminating their contractual relationships with us and the release or waiver of all their fees payable under the provisions of those contractual arrangements until their stated termination, but not paid, a determinable number of our shares. We will be obligated to pay any fees accrued under such contractual arrangements for services rendered through the closing of such acquisitions. In the event such an acquisition transaction is structured as a purchase of assets by us or a share exchange in which we are the acquiring corporation, our articles of incorporation and Maryland law will permit us to enter into and to consummate such a transaction without obtaining the approval of our stockholders. We do not presently intend to seek such stockholder approval if it is not then required by Maryland law or our articles of incorporation. Any such transaction will occur, if at all, only if our board of directors obtains a fairness opinion from a recognized financial advisor or institution providing valuation services to the effect that the consideration to be paid therefore is fair, from a financial point of view, to our stockholders. As a result, our stockholders will not have a right to vote on a decision to acquire the advisor or property managers and such transaction could dilute your holdings.

YOUR PERCENTAGE OF OWNERSHIP MAY BECOME DILUTED IF WE ISSUE NEW SHARES OF STOCK. Stockholders have no rights to buy additional shares of stock in the event we issue new shares of stock, known as preemptive rights. We may issue common stock, convertible debt or preferred stock in a subsequent public offering or a private placement, upon exercise of options, or to sellers of properties we directly or indirectly acquire instead of, or in addition to, cash consideration. Investors purchasing

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common stock in this offering who do not participate in any future stock issues will experience dilution in the percentage of the issued and outstanding stock they own. Your investment will not be diluted as a result of any future stock issues if we sell any subsequently issued common stock for cash or property having a value of not less than \$10 per share. Options to purchase common stock to be issued to independent directors under our independent director stock option plan, and/or convertible securities, if any, likely will be exercised or converted at a time when we seek to obtain needed capital through a new offering of our securities and on terms more favorable than those provided by the offered securities. As long as options on convertible securities remain unexercised or unconverted, the terms on which we could raise additional capital may be adversely affected, increasing the likelihood of your ownership percentage being diluted.

THERE ARE INHERENT RISKS WITH REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS. All real property investments are subject to some degree of risk. Equity real estate investments cannot be quickly converted to cash. This limits our ability to promptly vary our portfolio in response to changing economic, financial and investment conditions. Real property investments are also subject to adverse changes in general economic conditions or local conditions which reduce the demand for rental space. Other factors also affect real estate values, including:

- possible federal, state or local regulations and controls affecting rents, prices of goods, fuel and energy consumption and prices, water and environmental restrictions;
- increasing labor and material costs; and
- the attractiveness of the property to tenants in the neighborhood.

The yields available from equity investments in real estate depend in large part on the amount of rental income earned, as well as property operating expenses and other costs we incur. If our properties do not generate revenues sufficient to meet operating expenses, we may have to borrow amounts to cover fixed costs, and our cash available for distributions may be adversely affected.

Prior investment programs of our sponsor experienced mortgage defaults and restructuring of debt. The principal real estate related adverse effects experienced by prior investment programs sponsored by The Inland Group and its affiliates were mortgage defaults and restructuring of debt.

ADVERSE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN OUR PRIMARY GEOGRAPHIC REGION AND IN THE MARKET FOR RETAIL SPACE COULD REDUCE OUR INCOME AND DISTRIBUTIONS TO YOU. We intend to acquire properties that will be located primarily in states west of the Mississippi River in the United States. Our properties will primarily be used as retail establishments, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. The economic performance of our properties could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. Our performance is therefore linked to economic conditions in areas where we have acquired or intend to acquire properties and in the market for retail space generally. Therefore, to the extent that there are

adverse economic conditions in an area and in the market for retail space generally that impact the market rents for retail space, such conditions could result in a reduction of our income and cash available for distributions and thus affect the amount of distributions we can make to you.

In addition, we intend to predominantly own and operate grocery and discount anchored retail centers. To the extent that the investing public has a negative perception of the retail sector, the value of our common stock may be negatively impacted, thereby resulting in the shares trading (if at all) at a discount below the inherent value of our assets as a whole.

RISING EXPENSES COULD REDUCE CASH FLOW AND FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE ACQUISITIONS. Our properties and any properties we buy in the future are and will be subject to operating risks common to

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real estate in general, any or all of which may negatively affect us. If any property is not fully occupied or if rents are being paid in an amount that is insufficient to cover operating expenses, we could be required to expend funds with respect to that property for operating expenses. The properties will be subject to increases in tax rates, utility costs, operating expenses, insurance costs, repairs and maintenance and administrative expenses.

While some of our properties may be leased on a triple-net-lease basis or require the tenants to pay a portion of such expenses, renewals of leases or future leases may not be negotiated on that basis, in which event we will have to pay those costs. If we are unable to lease properties on a triple-net-lease basis or on a basis requiring the tenants to pay all or some of such expenses, or if tenants fail to pay required tax, utility and other impositions, we could be required to pay those costs which could adversely affect funds available for future acquisitions or cash available for distributions.

IF OUR TENANTS ARE UNABLE TO MAKE RENTAL PAYMENTS, IF THEIR RENTAL PAYMENTS ARE REDUCED, OR IF THEY TERMINATE A LEASE, OUR FINANCIAL CONDITION AND ABILITY TO PAY DISTRIBUTIONS WILL BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED. We are subject to the risk that tenants, as well as lease guarantors, if any, may be unable to make their lease payments or may decline to extend a lease upon its expiration. A default by a tenant, the failure of a guarantor to fulfill its obligations or other premature termination of a lease, or a tenant's election not to extend a lease upon its expiration, could have an adverse effect on our financial condition and our ability to pay distributions.

OUR FINANCIAL CONDITION AND ABILITY TO MAKE DISTRIBUTIONS MAY BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY THE BANKRUPTCY OR INSOLVENCY, A DOWNTURN IN THE BUSINESS, OR A LEASE TERMINATION OF A TENANT THAT OCCUPIES A LARGE AREA OF THE RETAIL CENTER OR AN ANCHOR TENANT. Generally, any tenant occupying a large portion of the gross leasable area of a retail center, a tenant of any of the triple-net single-user retail properties outside the primary geographical area of investment, commonly referred to as an anchor tenant, or a tenant that is an anchor tenant at more than one retail center, may become insolvent, may suffer a downturn in business, or may decide not to renew its lease. Any of these events would result in a reduction or cessation in rental payments to us and would adversely affect our financial condition. A lease termination by an anchor tenant could result in lease terminations or reductions in rent by other tenants whose leases permit cancellation or rent reduction if an anchor tenant's lease is terminated. In certain properties where there are large tenants, other tenants may require that if certain large tenants or "shadow" tenants discontinue operations, a right of termination or reduced rent may exist. In such event, we may be unable to re-lease the vacated space. Similarly, the leases of some anchor tenants may permit the anchor tenant to transfer its lease to another retailer. The transfer

to a new anchor tenant could cause customer traffic in the retail center to decrease and thereby reduce the income generated by that retail center. A transfer lease to a new anchor tenant could also allow other tenants to make reduced rental payments or to terminate their leases at the retail center. If we are unable to re-lease the vacated space to a new anchor tenant, we may incur additional expenses in order to re-model the space to be able to re-lease the space to more than one tenant.

IF A TENANT CLAIMS BANKRUPTCY, WE MAY BE UNABLE TO COLLECT BALANCES DUE UNDER RELEVANT LEASES. Any or all of the tenants, or a guarantor of a tenant's lease obligations, could be subject to a bankruptcy proceeding pursuant to Title 11 of the bankruptcy laws of the United States. Such a bankruptcy filing would bar all efforts by us to collect pre-bankruptcy debts from these entities or their properties, unless we receive an enabling order from the bankruptcy court. Post-bankruptcy debts would be paid currently. If a lease is assumed, all pre-bankruptcy balances owing under it must be paid in full. If a lease is rejected by a tenant in bankruptcy, we would have a general unsecured claim for damages. If a lease is rejected, it is unlikely we would receive any payments from the tenant because our claim is capped at the rent reserved under the lease, without acceleration, for the greater of one year or 15% of the remaining term of the lease, but not greater than three years, plus rent already due but unpaid. This claim could be

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paid only in the event funds were available, and then only in the same percentage as that realized on other unsecured claims.

A tenant or lease guarantor bankruptcy could delay efforts to collect past due balances under the relevant leases, and could ultimately preclude full collection of these sums. Such an event could cause a decrease or cessation of rental payments which would mean a reduction in our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to you. In the event of a bankruptcy, we cannot assure you that the tenant or its trustee will assume our lease. If a given lease, or guaranty of a lease, is not assumed, our cash flow and the amounts available for distributions to you may be adversely affected.

WE MAY INCUR ADDITIONAL COSTS IN ACQUIRING OR RE-LEASING RETAIL PROPERTIES. Some of the properties we may acquire may be designed or built primarily for a particular tenant or a specific type of use. If a tenant fails to renew its lease or defaults on its lease obligations, we may not be able to readily market the property to a new tenant without substantial capital improvements or remodeling, which may adversely affect our results of operation and financial condition.

OUR PROPERTIES WILL BE SUBJECT TO COMPETITION FOR TENANTS AND CUSTOMERS. We have and intend to continue to acquire properties located in developed areas. Therefore, there are and will undoubtedly be numerous other retail properties within the market area of each of our properties which will compete with our properties and which will compete with us for tenants. The number of competitive properties could have a material effect on our ability to rent space at our properties and the amount of rents charged. We could be adversely affected if additional competitive properties are built in locations competitive with our properties, causing increased competition for customer traffic and creditworthy tenants. This could result in decreased cash flow from tenants and may require us to make capital improvements to properties which we would not have otherwise made, thus affecting cash available for distributions, and the amount available for distributions to you.

OUR PROPERTIES WILL FACE COMPETITION WHICH MAY AFFECT TENANTS' ABILITY TO PAY RENT AND THE AMOUNT OF RENT PAID TO US AND IN TURN AFFECT THE CASH AVAILABLE

FOR DISTRIBUTIONS AND THE AMOUNT OF DISTRIBUTIONS. Each of our properties will be subject to competition from similar retail centers within their respective market areas. Other retail centers within the market area of our properties will compete with our properties for customers affecting their cash flows and thus affecting their ability to pay rent. In addition, some of our tenant rent payments may be based on the amount of sales revenue generated by them. If these tenants experience competition, the amount of their rent may decrease and our cash flow will decrease.

WE MAY BE RESTRICTED FROM RE-LEASING SPACE. In many cases, tenant leases will contain provisions giving the tenant the exclusive right to sell particular types of merchandise or provide specific types of services within the particular retail center, or limit the ability of other tenants to sell such merchandise or provide such services. When re-leasing space after a vacancy is required, these provisions may limit the number and types of prospective tenants for the vacant space. The failure to re-lease or to re-lease on satisfactory terms could result in a reduction of net income, funds from operations and cash available for distributions and thus affect the amount of distributions to you.

WE MAY BE UNABLE TO SELL A PROPERTY IF OR WHEN WE DECIDE TO DO SO. The real estate market is affected by many factors, such as general economic conditions, availability of financing, interest rates and other factors, including supply and demand, that are beyond our control. We cannot predict whether we will be able to sell any property for the price or on the terms set by us, or whether any price or other terms offered by a prospective purchaser would be acceptable to us. We cannot predict the length of time needed to find a willing purchaser and to close the sale of a property.

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We may be required to expend funds to correct defects or to make improvements before a property can be sold. We cannot assure you that we will have funds available to correct such defects or to make such improvements.

In acquiring a property, we may agree to restrictions that prohibit the sale of that property for a period of time or impose other restrictions, such as a limitation on the amount of debt that can be placed or repaid on that property. These provisions would restrict our ability to sell a property.

IF WE SUFFER LOSSES THAT ARE NOT COVERED BY INSURANCE OR THAT ARE IN EXCESS OF INSURANCE COVERAGE, WE COULD LOSE INVESTED CAPITAL AND ANTICIPATED PROFITS. Each tenant is responsible for insuring its goods and premises and, in some circumstances, may be required to reimburse us for a share of the cost of acquiring comprehensive insurance for the property, including casualty, liability, fire and extended coverage customarily obtained for similar properties in amounts which our advisor determines are sufficient to cover reasonably foreseeable losses. Tenants of single-user properties leased on a triple-net-lease basis typically are required to pay all insurance costs associated with those properties. Material losses may occur in excess of insurance proceeds with respect to any property as insurance may not have sufficient resources to fund the losses. However, there are types of losses, generally of a catastrophic nature, such as losses due to wars, acts of terrorism, earthquakes, floods, hurricanes, pollution or environmental matters, which are either uninsurable or not economically insurable, or may be insured subject to limitations, such as large deductibles or copayments. Insurance risks associated with potential terrorism acts could sharply increase the premium we pay for coverage against property and casualty claims. Additionally, mortgage lenders in some cases have begun to insist that specific coverage against terrorism be purchased by commercial property owners as a condition for providing mortgage loans. It is uncertain whether such insurance policies will be available, or available at reasonable cost, which could inhibit our ability

to finance or refinance our potential properties. In such instances, we may be required to provide other financial support, either through financial assurances or self-insurance, to cover potential losses. We cannot assure you that will have adequate coverage for such losses. The Terrorism Risk Insurance Act of 2002 is designed for a sharing of terrorism losses between insurance companies and the federal government. We cannot be certain how this act will impact us or what additional cost to us, if any, could result. If such an event occurred to, or caused the destruction of, one or more of our properties, we could lose both our invested capital and anticipated profits from such property.

TERRORIST ATTACKS, SUCH AS THE ATTACKS THAT OCCURRED IN NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON, D.C. ON SEPTEMBER 11, 2001, AND OTHER ACTS OF VIOLENCE OR WAR MAY AFFECT THE MARKETS IN WHICH WE OPERATE, OUR OPERATIONS AND OUR PROFITABILITY. Terrorist attacks may negatively affect our operations and your investment in our common shares. We cannot assure you that there will not be further terrorist attacks against the United States or United States businesses. Properties we may acquire may be located in areas that may be susceptible to attack, which may make these properties more likely to be viewed as terrorist targets than similar, less recognizable properties. These attacks or armed conflicts may directly impact the value of our properties through damage, destruction, loss or increased security costs. We may obtain terrorism insurance as required by our lenders. The terrorism insurance that we obtain may not be sufficient to cover loss for damages to our properties as a result of terrorist attacks. In addition, certain losses resulting from these types of events are uninsurable and others would not be covered by our current terrorism insurance. Additional terrorism insurance may not be available at a reasonable price or at all.

The United States' armed conflict in Iraq and continued efforts against terrorism could have a further impact on our tenants. The consequences of any armed conflict and efforts against terrorism are unpredictable, and we may not be able to foresee events that could have an adverse effect on our business or your investment.

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More generally, any of these events could result in increased volatility in or damage to the United States and worldwide financial markets and economy. They also could result in an economic uncertainty in the United States or abroad. Our revenues will be dependent upon payment of rent by retailers, which may be particularly vulnerable to uncertainty in the local economy. Adverse economic conditions could affect the ability of our tenants to pay rent, which could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition, as well as our ability to pay distributions to stockholders.

REAL ESTATE RELATED TAXES MAY INCREASE AND IF THESE INCREASES ARE NOT PASSED ON TO TENANTS, OUR INCOME WILL BE REDUCED. Some local real property tax assessors may seek to reassess some of our properties as a result of our acquisition of the property. Generally, from time to time our property taxes increase as property values or assessment rates change or for other reasons deemed relevant by the assessors. An increase in the assessed valuation of a property for real estate tax purposes will result in an increase in the related real estate taxes on that property. Although some tenant leases may permit us to pass through such tax increases to the tenants for payment, there is no assurance that renewal leases or future leases will be negotiated on the same basis. Increases not passed through to tenants will adversely affect our income, cash available for distributions, and the amount of distributions to you.

REVENUE FROM OUR PROPERTIES DEPENDS ON THE AMOUNT OF OUR TENANTS' RETAIL REVENUE, MAKING US VULNERABLE TO GENERAL ECONOMIC DOWNTURNS AND OTHER CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE RETAIL INDUSTRY. Some of our leases may provide for base rent plus contractual base rent increases. Some of our leases may also include a

percentage rent clause for additional rent above the base amount based upon a specified percentage of the sales our tenants generate.

Under those leases which contain percentage rent clauses, our revenue from tenants may increase as the sales of our tenants increase. Generally, retailers face declining revenues during downturns in the economy. As a result, the portion of our revenue which we derive from percentage rent leases could decline upon a general economic downturn.

THE COSTS OF COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS AND OTHER GOVERNMENTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR INCOME AND THE CASH AVAILABLE FOR ANY DISTRIBUTIONS. All real property and the operations conducted on real property are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and human health and safety. These laws and regulations generally govern wastewater discharges, air emissions, the operation and removal of underground and above-ground storage tanks, the use, storage, treatment, transportation and disposal of solid and hazardous materials, and the remediation of contamination associated with disposals. Some of these laws and regulations may impose joint and several liability on tenants, owners or operators for the costs of investigation or remediation of contaminated properties, regardless of fault or the legality of the original disposal. Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner, developer or operator of real estate may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances at, on, under, or in its property. The costs of removal or remediation could be substantial. In addition, the presence of such substances, or the failure to properly remediate such substances, may adversely affect our ability to sell or rent such property or to use such property as collateral for future borrowing.

Some of these laws and regulations have been amended so as to require compliance with new or more stringent standards as of future dates. Compliance with new or more stringent laws or regulations, stricter interpretation of existing laws or the future discovery of environmental contamination may require material expenditures by us. We cannot assure that future laws, ordinances or regulations will not impose any material environmental liability, or that the current environmental condition of our properties will not be affected by the operations of the tenants, by the existing condition of the land, by operations in the

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vicinity of the properties, such as the presence of underground storage tanks, or by the activities of unrelated third parties.

These laws typically allow liens to be placed on the affected property. In addition, there are various local, state and federal fire, health, life-safety and similar regulations which we may be required to comply with, and be subject to liability in the form of fines or damages for noncompliance.

State and federal laws in this area are constantly evolving, and we intend to monitor these laws and take commercially reasonable steps to protect ourselves from the impact of these laws, including obtaining environmental assessments of each property acquired. We cannot assure that such assessments will reveal all environmental liabilities or that a prior owner of a property did not create a material environmental condition not known to us. We cannot predict what other environmental legislation or regulations will be enacted in the future, how existing or future laws or regulations will be administered or interpreted, or what environmental conditions may be found to exist in the future. We cannot assure that our business, assets, results of operations, liquidity or financial condition will not be adversely affected by these laws, which may adversely affect cash available for distributions, and the amount of

distributions to you.

OUR COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH COMPLYING WITH THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT MAY AFFECT CASH AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTIONS. Our properties will be subject to the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Under the Disabilities Act, all places of public accommodation are required to comply with federal requirements related to access and use by disabled persons. The Disabilities Act has separate compliance requirements for "public accommodations" and "commercial facilities" that generally requires that buildings and services, including restaurants and retail stores, be made accessible and available to people with disabilities. The Disabilities Act's requirements could require removal of access barriers and could result in the imposition of injunctive relief, monetary penalties, or, in some cases, an award of damages. We will attempt to acquire properties which comply with the Disabilities Act or place the burden on the seller or other third party, such as a tenant, to ensure compliance with the Disabilities Act. However, we cannot assure that we will be able to acquire properties or allocate responsibilities in this manner. If we cannot, our funds used for Disabilities Act compliance may affect cash available for distributions and the amount of distributions to you.

IF A SALE OR LEASEBACK TRANSACTION IS RECHARACTERIZED, OUR FINANCIAL CONDITION COULD BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED. We may enter into sale and leaseback transactions, where we would purchase a property and then lease the same property back to the person from whom we purchased it. In the event of the bankruptcy of a tenant, a transaction structured as a sale and leaseback may be recharacterized as either a financing or a joint venture, either of which outcomes could adversely affect our business.

If the sale and leaseback were recharacterized as a financing, we might not be considered the owner of the property, and as a result would have the status of a creditor in relation to the tenant. In that event, we would no longer have the right to sell or encumber our ownership interest in the property. Instead, we would have a claim against the tenant for the amounts owed under the lease, with the claim arguably secured by the property. The tenant/debtor might have the ability to propose a plan restructuring the term, interest rate and amortization schedule of its outstanding balance. If confirmed by the bankruptcy court, we could be bound by the new terms, and prevented from foreclosing our lien on the property. These outcomes could adversely affect our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to you.

If the sale and leaseback were recharacterized as a joint venture, we and our lessee could be treated as co-venturers with regard to the property. As a result, we could be held liable, under some circumstances, for debts incurred by the lessee relating to the property. The imposition of liability on us could adversely affect our cash flow and the amount available for distributions to our stockholders.

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WE MAY INCUR ADDITIONAL COSTS IN ACQUIRING NEWLY CONSTRUCTED PROPERTIES WHICH MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT CASH AVAILABLE FOR DISTRIBUTIONS TO YOU. We have and intend to continue to primarily acquire existing or newly constructed properties. We may purchase properties that are subject to completion of construction and development. The builder's failure to perform may result in tenants terminating leases. These actions may increase our costs or necessitate legal action by us to rescind our purchase of a property, to compel performance, or to sue for damages. Any such legal action may result in increased costs to us.

OUR INVESTMENTS IN UNIMPROVED REAL PROPERTY MAY RESULT IN ADDITIONAL COST TO US TO COMPLY WITH RE-ZONING RESTRICTIONS OR ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS. We may

invest up to 10% of our assets in unimproved real property. Investments in unimproved properties are subject to the risks of real estate investments in general. They are also subject to risks and uncertainties associated with re-zoning the land for higher use or development and environmental concerns of governmental entities and/or community groups. We do not intend to invest in any unimproved property which is not intended to be developed.

CONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES WILL EXPOSE US TO RISKS SUCH AS COST OVERRUNS, CARRYING COSTS OF PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION OR DEVELOPMENT, AVAILABILITY AND COSTS OF MATERIALS AND LABOR, WEATHER CONDITIONS AND GOVERNMENT REGULATION. Should we elect to engage in construction and development activities, in accordance with current pronouncements of the Internal Revenue Service, we intend to have our employees only perform oversight and review functions. These functions may include selecting sites, reviewing construction and tenant improvement design proposals, negotiating and contracting for feasibility studies, supervising compliance with local, state or federal laws and regulations, negotiating contracts, oversight of construction, accounting and obtaining financing. We will retain an independent general contractor to perform the actual physical construction work on tenant improvements or the installation of heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems. These activities will expose us to risks inherent in construction and development, including cost overruns, carrying costs of projects under construction or development, availability and costs of materials and labor, adverse weather conditions and governmental regulation.

WE MAY ACQUIRE OR FINANCE PROPERTIES WITH LOCK-OUT PROVISIONS WHICH MAY PROHIBIT US FROM SELLING A PROPERTY, OR MAY REQUIRE US TO MAINTAIN SPECIFIED DEBT LEVELS FOR A PERIOD OF YEARS ON SOME PROPERTIES. Lock out provisions could materially restrict us from selling or otherwise disposing of or refinancing properties. These provisions would affect our ability to turn our investments into cash and thus affect cash available for distributions to you. Lock out provisions may prohibit us from reducing the outstanding indebtedness with respect to any properties, refinancing such indebtedness on a nonrecourse basis at maturity, or increasing the amount of indebtedness with respect to such properties.

Lock out provisions could impair our ability to take actions during the lock-out period that would otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders and, therefore, may have an adverse impact on the value of the shares, relative to the value that would result if the lock-out provisions did not exist. In particular, lock out provisions could preclude us from participating in major transactions that could result in a disposition of our assets or a change in control even though that disposition or change in control might be in the best interests of our stockholders.

YOUR INVESTMENT HAS VARIOUS FEDERAL INCOME TAX RISKS. Although the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code relevant to your investment are generally described in the section of the prospectus titled "Federal Income Tax Considerations," we strongly urge you to consult your own tax advisor concerning the effects of federal, state and local income tax law on an investment and on your individual tax situation.

IF WE FAIL TO MAINTAIN OUR REIT STATUS, OUR DIVIDENDS WILL NOT BE DEDUCTIBLE TO US AND OUR INCOME WILL BE SUBJECT TO TAXATION. We have qualified as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of

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1986, as amended, which affords us significant tax advantages. The requirements for this qualification, however, are complex. If we fail to continue to meet these requirements, our dividends will not be deductible to us and we will have

to pay a corporate level tax on our income. This would substantially reduce our cash available to pay distributions and your yield on your investment. In addition, tax liability might cause us to borrow funds, liquidate some of our investments or take other steps which could negatively affect our operating results. Moreover, if our REIT status is terminated because of our failure to meet a technical REIT test, we would be disqualified from electing treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year in which REIT status is lost.

YOU MAY HAVE TAX LIABILITY ON DISTRIBUTIONS YOU ELECT TO REINVEST IN COMMON STOCK. If you participate in our distribution reinvestment program, you will be deemed to have received, and for income tax purposes will be taxed on, the amount reinvested in common stock. As a result, unless you are a tax-exempt entity, you may have to use funds from other sources to pay your tax liability on the value of the common stock received.

THE OPINION OF DUANE MORRIS LLP REGARDING OUR STATUS AS A REIT DOES NOT GUARANTEE OUR ABILITY TO REMAIN A REIT. Our legal counsel, Duane Morris LLP, will render its opinion that we qualify as a REIT, based upon our representations as to the manner in which are owned, invest in assets, and operate, among other things. Our qualification as a REIT depends upon our ability to meet, through investments, actual operating results, distributions, and satisfaction of specific stockholder rules, the various tests imposed by the Internal Revenue Code. Duane Morris LLP will not review these operating results or compliance with the qualification standards. This means that we cannot assure you that we will satisfy the REIT requirements in the future. Also, this opinion represents Duane Morris LLP's legal judgment based on the law in effect as of the date of this prospectus and is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service, and could be subject to modification or withdrawal based on future legislative, judicial or administrative changes to the federal income tax laws, any of which could be applied retroactively.

EVEN REITS ARE SUBJECT TO FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES. Even if we qualify and maintain our status as a REIT, we may become subject to federal income taxes and related state taxes. For example, if we have net income from a "prohibited transaction," such income will be subject to a 100% tax. We may not be able to make sufficient distributions to avoid excise taxes applicable to REITs. We may also decide to retain income we earn from the sale or other disposition of our property and pay income tax directly on such income. In that event, our stockholders would be treated as if they earned that income and paid the tax on it directly. However, stockholders that are tax-exempt, such as charities or qualified pension plans, would have no benefit from their deemed payment of such tax liability. In addition, we may also be subject to state and local taxes on our income or property, either directly or at the level of the operating partnership or at the level of the other companies through which we indirectly own our assets. We cannot assure you that we will be able to continue to satisfy the REIT requirements.

IN VIEW OF THE COMPLEXITY OF THE TAX ASPECTS OF THE OFFERING, PARTICULARLY IN LIGHT OF THE FACT THAT SOME OF THE TAX ASPECTS OF THE OFFERING WILL NOT BE THE SAME FOR ALL INVESTORS, PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO THEIR OWN TAX SITUATION PRIOR TO AN INVESTMENT IN SHARES OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

AN INVESTMENT IN OUR COMMON STOCK MAY NOT BE SUITABLE FOR EVERY EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN. When considering an investment in our common stock, an individual with investment discretion over assets of any pension plan, profit-sharing plan, retirement plan, IRA or other employee benefit plan covered by ERISA should consider whether the investment satisfies the fiduciary requirements of ERISA and other applicable laws. In particular, attention should be paid to the diversification requirements of Section 404(a)(1)(C) of ERISA in light of all the facts and circumstances, including the portion of the plan's portfolio of

which the investment will be a part. All plan investors should also consider whether

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the investment is prudent and meets plan liquidity requirements as there may be only a limited market in which to sell or otherwise dispose of our common stock, and whether the investment is permissible under the plan's governing instrument. We have not, and will not, evaluate whether an investment in our common stock is suitable for any particular plan. Rather, we will accept entities as stockholders if an entity otherwise meets the suitability standards.

THE ANNUAL STATEMENT OF VALUE THAT WE WILL BE SENDING TO STOCKHOLDERS SUBJECT TO ERISA AND TO CERTAIN OTHER PLAN STOCKHOLDERS IS ONLY AN ESTIMATE AND MAY NOT REFLECT THE ACTUAL VALUE OF OUR SHARES. The annual statement of value will report the value of each common stock based as of the close of our fiscal year. No independent appraisals will be obtained and the value will be based upon an estimated amount we determine would be received if our properties and other assets were sold as of the close of our fiscal year and if such proceeds, together with our other funds, were distributed pursuant to a liquidation. However, the net asset value of each share of common stock will be deemed to be \$10 during this offering and for the first three years following the termination of this offering. Because this is only an estimate, we may subsequently revise any annual valuation that is provided. We cannot assure that:

- a value included in the annual statement could actually be realized by us or by our stockholders upon liquidation;
- stockholders could realize that value if they were to attempt to sell their common stock; or
- an annual statement of value would comply with any reporting and disclosure or annual valuation requirements under ERISA or other applicable law. We will stop providing annual statements of value if the common stock becomes listed for trading on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system.

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### CAUTIONING NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus includes forward-looking statements that reflect management's expectations and projections about our future results, performance, prospects and opportunities. We have attempted to identify these forward-looking statements by using words such as "may," "will," "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "intends," "expects," "estimates," "could" or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to us and are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things, and are detailed on the previous pages:

- our common stock is not currently listed or traded on an exchange and cannot be readily sold;
- although we anticipate that aggregate borrowings will not exceed 55% of the combined fair market value of our properties, our charter imposes a limitation on our borrowings of less than 300% of net assets and there are risks associated with a high amount of leverage;

- we have no ownership in our advisor and the advisor is owned by our sponsor or their affiliates;
- our advisor and its affiliates will receive substantial fees, including participation in proceeds from the sales, refinancing or liquidation of our assets;
- our advisor, property managers and two of our directors are subject to conflicts of interest as a result of their affiliation with The Inland Group, including conflicts of interest relating to:
  - the negotiation of the terms of the advisors and property management agreements;
  - the allocation of their time between us and their other business ventures;
  - decisions whether to acquire and dispose of properties
  - the purchase and sale of properties to or from the advisor and our affiliates; and
  - the allocation of investment opportunities between us and their other business ventures.
- we may make distributions that include a return of principal for federal tax purposes;
- there are limits on ownership, transferability and redemption of shares;
- our investment policies and strategies may be changed without stockholder consent;
- our investments may lack geographic diversification; and
- risks that incentive structure of fees payable to our advisor and its affiliates may encourage our advisor to make investments that have greater risks to generate higher fees.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as otherwise required by federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-

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looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason after the date of this prospectus.

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#### HOW WE OPERATE

We operate as a REIT for federal and state income tax purposes. Our sponsor is Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. Our sponsor was instrumental in our organization.

We contract with Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. for its services as our advisor. Our advisor has the responsibility for our

day-to-day operations and the management of our assets.

In addition to the services of our advisor, we contract with Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC for their services as our property managers. Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC provide the day-to-day property management services for all of our properties.

Our sponsor, Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, is owned by The Inland Group, Inc. Our advisor Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., is owned by our sponsor, and thus is indirectly controlled by The Inland Group. In addition, our property managers, Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC, are owned by individuals who are affiliates of the Inland Group.

The Inland Group, together with its subsidiaries and affiliates, is a fully-integrated group of legally and financially separate companies that have been engaged in diverse facets of real estate for over 35 years providing the following and other related services:

Property management Leasing
Marketing Acquisition
Disposition Development
Redevelopment Syndication
Renovation Construction
Finance Other related services

The following organizational chart depicts the services that affiliates or our sponsor will render to us and our organizational structure.

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The following organizational chart depicts the services that affiliates or our sponsor will render to us and our organizational structure.

#### ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Da	niel L. Goodwin*		bert H. Baum*	G. Joseph Cosenza*
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Inland Northwest Management Corp.	Inland Southwest Management Corp.	Inland Western Management Corp.	Inland Pacific Management Corp.	
	Inland Holdo	o Management LLC		

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Inland US  Management  LLC (property manager)	Inland Southwest Property Management LLC (property manager)	Inland Pacific Property Management LLC (property manager)	
Property	Management and Related S	Services	
			THE INLAND GROU
The Inland Services Group, Inc.		Inland Real Estate Investment Corpo (our sponsor)	oration
Inland Risk and Insurance Management Services, Inc.	Inland Securities Corporation	Inland Western Retail Estate Advisory Service:	
   		   <del></del> 	
       Insurance Services		Inland Real   Estate   Sales, Inc.	Inland Real Inland Re Estate Acquisiti Development Corporation
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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We are principally owned by public investors. Ownership is represented by shares of

 $^{\star}$  The four indicated individuals control The Inland Group, Inc. and own substantially all of its stock.

Solid lines indicate 100% ownership. Broken lines indicate service.

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#### CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

We are subject to conflicts of interest arising out of our relationship with our sponsor, our advisor and their affiliates. All of our agreements and arrangements with our advisor and its affiliates, including those relating to compensation, are not the result of arm's length negotiations. Some of the conflicts inherent in our transactions with our advisor and its affiliates, and the limitations on our advisor adopted to address these conflicts, are described below. Our advisor and its affiliates will try to balance our interests with their own. However, to the extent that our advisor or its affiliates take actions that are more favorable to other entities than to us, these actions could have a negative impact on our financial performance and, consequently, on distributions to you and the value of our stock. In addition, our directors and officers and security holders may engage for their own account in business activities of the types conducted or to be conducted by us and our subsidiaries.

THERE MAY BE CONFLICTING INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES AMONG AFFILIATES OF OUR ADVISOR AND THE INLAND GROUP. Affiliates of our advisor and The Inland Group have sponsored multiple previous investment programs. Our sponsor may also sponsor other programs which may have investment objectives similar to ours. Therefore, our sponsor, our advisor and their affiliates could face conflicts of interest in determining which investment programs will have the first opportunity to acquire real properties and other assets as they become available.

In order to address this situation, we have an agreement with our advisor, some of its affiliates, and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., another REIT sponsored by our sponsor. This agreement gives us the right to purchase property in our primary geographic area of investment, which includes the states west of the Mississippi River, placed under contract by our advisor or any of its affiliates, if we are able to close the purchase within 60 days. Similarly, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. has the first opportunity to purchase properties in its primary geographical area of investment, which is located in states east of the Mississippi.

IN THE SITUATION INVOLVING SINGLE USER NET LEASED RETAIL PROPERTY LOCATED ANYWHERE WITHIN THE UNITED STATES, AND BOTH OF US HAVE FUNDS AVAILABLE TO MAKE THE PURCHASE, THE PROSPECTIVE PROPERTY WILL FIRST BE OFFERED TO INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. DOES NOT PURCHASE THE PROSPECTIVE PROPERTY, IT WILL THEN BE OFFERED TO US.

Factors which may be considered in connection with evaluating the

suitability of the prospective property or other asset for investment by a particular investment program include:

- the effect of the acquisition on the diversification of each program's portfolio;
- the amount of funds available for investment;
- cash flow; and
- the estimated income tax effects of the purchase and subsequent disposition.

We currently focus on purchase of properties in the states west of the Mississippi River which is outside Inland Retail Real Estate Trust Inc.'s primary geographic area of investment. We have acquired and will continue to acquire properties east of the Mississippi River. However, if any conflicts do arise, they will be resolved as provided in the agreement with our advisor discussed above.

All actions taken by our advisor or its affiliates which present potential conflicts with us will be APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF OUR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS.

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WE MAY ACQUIRE PROPERTIES FROM AFFILIATES OF OUR SPONSOR. The prices we pay to affiliates of our sponsor for these properties will be equal to the prices paid by them, plus the costs incurred by them relating to the acquisition and financing of the properties. These prices will not be the subject of arm's length negotiations, which could mean that the acquisitions may be on terms less favorable to us than those negotiated in an arm's-length transaction. However, our articles of incorporation provide that the purchase price of any property acquired from an affiliate may not exceed its fair market value as determined by a competent independent appraiser. In addition, the price must be approved by a majority of our directors who have no financial interest in the transaction. If the price to us exceeds the cost paid by our affiliate, there must be substantial justification for the excess cost.

WE MAY PURCHASE REAL PROPERTIES FROM PERSONS WITH WHOM AFFILIATES OF OUR ADVISOR HAVE PRIOR BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS. We may purchase properties from third parties who have sold properties in the past, or who may sell properties in the future, to our advisor or its affiliates. If we purchase properties from these third parties, our advisor will experience a conflict between our current interests and its interest in preserving any ongoing business relationship with these sellers. Nevertheless, our advisor has a fiduciary obligation to us.

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES ARE BEING PROVIDED BY COMPANIES OWNED PRINCIPALLY BY AFFILIATES OF THE INLAND GROUP. Our property managers, which are owned principally by individuals who are our affiliates, provide property management services to us pursuant to management services agreements which we can terminate only in the event of gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the property managers. However, our property management services agreements provide that we pay our property managers a monthly management fee of no greater than 90% of the fee which would be payable to an unrelated third party providing such services. In addition, the advisor and the property managers believe that the property managers have sufficient personnel and other required resources to discharge all responsibilities to us.

OUR ADVISOR AND ITS AFFILIATES RECEIVE COMMISSIONS, FEES AND OTHER COMPENSATION BASED UPON OUR INVESTMENTS. We believe that the compensation we will pay to our advisor and its affiliates is no more than what we would pay for

similar services performed by independent firms. Some compensation is payable whether or not there is cash available to make distributions to our stockholders. To the extent this occurs, our advisor and its affiliates benefit from us retaining ownership of our assets and leveraging our assets, while our stockholders may be better served by sale or disposition or not leveraging the assets. In addition, the advisor's ability to receive fees and reimbursements depends on our continued investment in properties and in other assets which generate fees. Our advisor received fees based on the book value including acquired intangibles of the properties under management. Our property managers receive fees based on the income from properties under management. Therefore, our advisor and/or property managers may recommend that we purchase properties that generate fees for our advisor and property managers, but are not necessarily the most suitable investment for our portfolio. In addition, our affiliates, who receive fees, including our advisor, may recommend that we acquire properties, which may result in our incurring substantive amounts of indebtedness. Therefore, the interest of the advisor and its affiliates in receiving fees may conflict with the interest of our stockholders in earning income on their investment in our common stock. Our advisor and its affiliates recognize that they have a fiduciary duty to us and our stockholders, and have represented to us that their actions and decisions will be made in the manner most favorable to us and our stockholders.

While we will not make loans to our advisor or its affiliates, we may borrow money from them for various purposes, including funding working capital requirements. If we do, the terms, such as the interest rate, security, fees and other charges, will be at least as favorable to us as those which would be charged by unaffiliated lending institutions in the same locality on comparable loans. Any money borrowed from an affiliate of The Inland Group is expected to be repaid within 180 days.

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Our advisor and its affiliates may do business with others who do business with us, although presently there are no instances of this. However, our advisor or its affiliates may not receive rebates or participate in any reciprocal business arrangements which would have the effect of circumventing our agreement with our advisor.

OUR ADVISOR MAY HAVE CONFLICTING FIDUCIARY OBLIGATIONS IF WE ACQUIRE PROPERTIES WITH ITS AFFILIATES. Our advisor may cause us to acquire an interest in a property through a joint venture with its affiliates. In these circumstances, our advisor will have a fiduciary duty to both us and its affiliates participating in the joint venture. In order to minimize the conflict between these fiduciary duties, the advisory agreement provides guidelines for investments in joint ventures with affiliates. In addition, our articles of incorporation require a majority of our disinterested directors to determine that the transaction is fair and reasonable to us and is on terms and conditions no less favorable than from unaffiliated third parties entering into the venture.

THERE IS COMPETITION FOR THE TIME AND SERVICES OF OUR ADVISOR. We rely on our advisor and its affiliates for our daily operation and the management of our assets. Personnel of our advisor and its affiliates have conflicts in allocating their management time, services and functions among the real estate investment programs they currently service and any future real estate investment programs or other business ventures which they may organize or serve. Our advisor and its affiliates believe they have enough staff to perform their responsibilities in connection with all of the real estate programs and other business ventures in which they are involved.

INLAND SECURITIES CORPORATION IS PARTICIPATING AS MANAGING DEALER IN THE

SALE OF THE SHARES. Inland Securities Corporation is the managing dealer of the offering and is affiliated with The Inland Group. The managing dealer is entitled to selling commissions and reimbursement for marketing and due diligence expenses. The managing dealer may be subject to a conflict of interest arising out of its participation in this offering and its affiliation with The Inland Group in performing its "due diligence" obligations which arise under the Securities Act of 1933. However, the managing dealer believes it has and will continue to properly perform these "due diligence" activities.

WE MAY ACQUIRE THE BUSINESS OF OUR ADVISOR AND OUR PROPERTY MANAGERS WITHOUT FURTHER ACTION BY OUR STOCKHOLDERS. During the term of our agreements with our advisor and our property managers, we have the option to acquire or consolidate the business conducted by them without any consent of our stockholders, our advisor or our property managers. We may elect to exercise this right at any time after September 15, 2008. Before this date, we need the consent of the advisor and the property managers to exercise this right. Our decision to exercise this right will be determined by a vote of a majority of our disinterested directors. Our advisor and our property managers and their shareholders will receive shares of our common stock in the acquisition. The transaction will occur, if at all, only if the board of directors obtains a fairness opinion from a recognized financial valuation service provider to the effect that the consideration to be paid is fair, from a financial point of view, to our stockholders. We will be obligated to pay any fees accrued under any contractual arrangements we have with the advisor and/or the property managers for services rendered through the closing of such acquisitions.

WE DO NOT HAVE ARM'S-LENGTH AGREEMENTS. As we have noted, our agreements and arrangements with our advisor or any of its affiliates, including those relating to compensation, are not the result of arm's length negotiations, but we believe these agreements and arrangements approximate the terms of arm's length transactions.

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#### COMPENSATION TABLE

The compensation arrangements between us and our advisor, The Inland Group and its affiliates, were not determined by arm's-length negotiations. See "Conflicts of Interest." The following table discloses the compensation which we may pay our advisor and its affiliates. In those instances in which there are maximum amounts or ceilings on the compensation which may be received, our advisor and its affiliates may not recover any excess amounts for those services by reclassifying them under a different compensation or fee category.

We define net income as total revenues less expenses other than additions to reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. When we use the term "net income" for purposes of calculating some expenses and fees, it excludes the gain from the sale of our assets. This definition of net income is prescribed by the Statement of Policy Regarding REITs adopted by the North American Securities Administrators Association, Inc., or NASAA; but it is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, because depreciation and other non-cash reserves are not deducted in determining net income under the NASAA REIT Statement. Excluding depreciation will result in not reimbursing our advisor for a non-cash expenditure and not excluding the gain from the sale of our assets could result in greater net income on which the 25% reimbursement to our advisor is allowed.

#### NONSUBORDINATED PAYMENTS

The following aggregate amounts of compensation, allowances and fees we may pay to our advisor and its affiliates are not subordinated to the returns on net

investments that we are required to pay to our stockholders.

#### TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION

#### OFFERING STAGE

managing dealer and dealers

Selling commissions payable to the managing dealer and dealers We will pay a selling commission of 7.5% of the sale price for each share (and reallow 7%), designated by the managing dealers subject to reduction for special sales under referred to as soliciting dealers. the circumstances as described in the "Plan of Distribution - Compensation - We Will Pay For the Sale of Our Shares."

> We will permit the managing dealer and its respective officers and employees and certain of its affiliates to purchase shares net of sales commissions and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance or for \$8.95 per share; however, any subsequent purchases of shares by any such persons are limited to a maximum discount of 5%.

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### TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION \_\_\_\_\_

certain of their respective affiliates who request and are entitled to purchase shares net of selling commissions may make an initial purchase of shares net of sales commissions or for \$9.30 per share; however, any subsequent purchases of shares by any such persons are limited to a maximum discount of 5%.

Also, soliciting dealers and their respective officers and employees and

Marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance paid to the managing dealer and soliciting dealers.

We will pay an amount equal to 2.5% of the gross offering proceeds to the managing dealer, all or a portion of which may be passed on to soliciting dealers, in lieu of reimbursement of specific expenses associated with marketing. We may pay an additional 0.5% of the gross offering proceeds to the managing dealer, which may be passed on to the soliciting dealers, for due diligence expenses. We will not pay the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance in connection with any special sales, except those receiving volume

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discounts and those described in "Plan of Distribution - Volume Discounts."

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TYPE	OF	COMPENSATION	AND
		RECIPIENT	

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION

Reimbursable expenses and other We expect to incur the following expenses in expenses of issuance and connection with this offering: Securi distribution Commission

connection with this offering:

Securities and Exchange Commission registration

\$ 340,823 Fee NASD filing fee \$ 30,500 Printing and mailing expenses \$ 4,250,000 Blue Sky fees and \$ 136,000 expenses \$ 900,000 Legal fees and expenses Accounting fees and \$ 650,000 expenses Advertising and sales \$ 5,500,000 literature Transfer Agent fees \$ 800,000 \$ 500,000 Data processing fees Bank fees and other administrative expenses \$ 200,000

If the aggregate of all offering expenses, including selling commissions, the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance, exceeds 15% of the gross offering proceeds, of if the aggregate of all offering expenses, excluding the selling expenses, exceeds 5.5% of the gross offering proceeds, our advisor or its affiliates will promptly pay the excess and we will have no liability for these expenses at any time afterward.

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# TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION

Acquisition expenses paid to our advisor's affiliates, Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc. and The Inland Real Estate Group, Inc.

We will pay an amount, estimated to be up to 0.5% of the total of (1) the gross offering proceeds from the sale of 250,000,000 shares, (2) the gross proceeds from the sale of up to 20,000,000 shares pursuant to the distribution reinvestment programs. The acquisition expenses for any particular property will not exceed 6% of the gross purchase price of the property.

We may \$13,45 reimbu expens of shathe 20 pursua reinve

However, if we request additional services, the compensation will be provided on separate agreed-upon terms and the rate will be approved by a majority of disinterested directors, including a majority of the disinterested independent directors, as fair and reasonable for us.

Howeve cannot presen

Interest expenses paid to our advisor and Inland Mortgage Corporation in connection with loans.

We may borrow money from our advisor and its affiliates in order to acquire properties. In such instances, we will pay our advisor and its affiliates interest at prevailing market rates.

The ac depend borrow amount at the

#### OPERATIONAL STAGE

Property management fee paid to our property managers, Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC. We will pay the fee for services in connection with the rental, leasing, operation and management of the properties.

We will pay a monthly fee of 4.5% of the gross income from the properties. We will also pay a monthly fee for any extra services equal to no more than 90% of that which would be payable to an unrelated party providing the services. The property managers may subcontract their duties for a fee that may be less than the fee provided for in the management services agreements.

For th 31, 20 ended incurr manage and \$1 16,627 retain Manage Southw Inland If we of our proper proper cease. will i depend

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#### TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION

in connection with our day-to-day operations, including making strategic decisions, performing day-to-day operations that include accounting, investment advisory services, risk management services and tax reduction services and providing other services as our board deems appropriate.

Advisors asset management fee. We will pay our advisor an asset management We will pay the fee for services fee after our stockholders have first received a 6% annual return.

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independent parties.

Reimbursable expenses to our advisor. These may include advisor. The compensation and reimbursements costs of goods and services, administrative services and of our directors and a majority of our non-supervisory services independent directors as fair and reasonable performed directly for us by

depend operat cannot presen

of the Inland Risk and Insurance Management Services for insurance coverage.

charges us \$50 per hour for assistance in obtaining insurance coverage. Any commissions they receive are credited against this hourly rate. We believe this hourly rate is approximately 90% of the rate charged by unaffiliated third parties. The compensation to this company will be approved by a majority of our directors and a majority of our independent directors as fair and reasonable for us.

The ac depend operat cannot presen

We will compensate the Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation and Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation for purchase, sale and servicing of mortgages

Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation charges us .03% per year on the first billion dollars of mortgages serviced and .01% thereafter. Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation charges us .02% of the principal amount of each loan placed. The compensation to these companies will be approved by a majority of our directors and a majority of our independent directors as fair and reasonable for us.

For th 31, 20 ended incurr \$21,27 Servic the ye 2003, ended incurr and \$1 Mortga Corpor amount future result

> theref determ time.

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#### TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPTENT

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION

#### LIQUIDATION STAGE

Sales Corp.

Property disposition fee payable We may pay a property disposition fee to our to our advisor's affiliates, advisor and its affiliates if we sell any of our real property in an amount equal to the and Inland Partnership Property lesser of:

- 1. 3% of the contract sales price of the property; or
- 2. 50% of the customary commission which would be paid to a third party broker for the sale of a comparable property.

The amount paid, when added to the sums paid to unaffiliated parties, will not exceed either the customary commission or an amount equal to 6% of the contracted for sales price. Payment of such fees will be made only if the advisor provides a substantial service in connection with the sale of the property. See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement."

# SUBORDINATED PAYMENTS

We may pay the following additional fees to our advisor after returns on net investment have been paid to the stockholders:

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

OPERATIONAL STAGE

Advisor asset management fee payable to our advisor.

We pay an annual advisor asset management fee The according to the second received the second received the second received the second received received the second received received the second received average assets means the average of the total book value including acquired intangibles of our real estate assets plus the total value of our loans receivables secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. We will compute our average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month during the quarter for which we are calculating the fee. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the following amounts if any:

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#### TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION

- (1) the amounts by which our total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of:
  - 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year, or
  - 25% of our net income for that fiscal year.
- (2) plus an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% annual return on the net investment of stockholders. Items such as organization and offering

expenses, property expenses, interest payments, taxes, non-cash expenditures, the incentive advisory fee and acquisition expenses are excluded from the definition of total operating expenses.

See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement" for an explanation of circumstances where the excess amount specified in clause (1) may not need to be reimbursed.

### LIQUIDATION STAGE

our advisor.

Incentive advisory fee payable to We will pay to the advisor an amount equal to 15% of the net proceeds from the sale of a property after the stockholders have first received:

- (1)a cumulative non-compounded return equal to 10% a year on their net investment;
- their net investment.

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# COMPENSATION TO OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

We expect to pay the following to our directors (as our officers are not paid directly by us):

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#### TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

#### METHOD OF COMPENSATION

Independent directors receive

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Director fees

an annual fee of \$5,000 (increased to \$10,000 effective October 1, 2004) and a fee of \$500 for attending each meeting of the board or one of its committees in person and \$350 for attending a meeting via the telephone. Our officers who are also our directors do not receive director fees.

Stock options to independent directors

Each independent director receives

- an initial option to purchase 3,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$8.95 per share, when they become an independent director, subject to some conditions; and
- each year on the date of the stockholders' annual meeting, an additional option to purchase 500 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the then fair market value per share. For additional information on this option plan, see "Management --Independent Director Stock Option Plan."

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#### ESTIMATED USE OF PROCEEDS

The amounts listed in the table below represent our current estimates concerning the use of the offering proceeds. Since these are estimates, they may not accurately reflect the actual receipt or application of the offering proceeds. The amounts assume:

- we sell the maximum of 250,000,000 shares in this offering at \$10 per share; and
- we sell the maximum of 20,000,000 shares in our distribution reinvestment program at \$9.50 per share.

Under this scenario we have not given effect to any special sales or volume

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discounts which could reduce selling commissions.

	(INCLUDING SHARES SOLI DISTRIBUTION REINVESTME
	AMOUNT
Gross proceeds	\$ 2,690,000,000
Less expenses:  Selling commissions  Marketing allowance  Due diligence expense allowance	187,500,000 62,500,000 12,500,000
Organization and offering	13,307,000
Total expenses	275,807,000
Gross amount available	2,414,193,000
Acquisition expenses	13,450,000 26,900,000
Net cash available	\$ 2,373,843,000
	=======================================

We will pay the managing dealer cash selling commissions of up to 7.5% on all of the 250,000,000 shares of common stock sold on a best efforts basis. No selling commission is paid on shares sold through our distribution reinvestment program.

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#### PRIOR PERFORMANCE OF OUR AFFILIATES

#### PRIOR INVESTMENT PROGRAMS

During the 10-year period ending June 30, 2004, The Inland Group and its affiliates have sponsored two other REITs and 25 real estate exchange private placements, which altogether have raised more than \$3,093,000,000 from over 75,000 investors. During that period, Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., the other REITs, have raised over \$2,959,000,000 from over 75,000 investors. Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. have investment objectives and policies similar to ours and have invested principally in shopping centers that provide sales of convenience goods and personal services to neighboring communities in the Midwest and Southeast areas. However, Inland Real Estate Corporation is now a self-administered REIT and is no longer affiliated with The Inland Group. Our investment objectives and policies are similar to those of several of the other prior investment programs sponsored by our affiliates which have owned and operated retail properties. However, the vast majority of the other investment programs sponsored by our affiliates were dissimilar from our operation in that the prior programs owned apartment properties, pre-development land and whole or partial interests in mortgage loans.

MAXIMUM OFFERI

The information in this section and in the Prior Performance Tables included in this prospectus as APPENDIX A shows relevant summary information concerning real estate programs sponsored by our affiliates. The purpose is to provide information on the prior performance of these programs so that you may evaluate the experience of the affiliated companies in sponsoring similar programs. The following discussion is intended to briefly summarize the objectives and performance of the prior programs and to disclose any material adverse business developments sustained by them. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance.

#### SUMMARY INFORMATION

The table below provides summarized information concerning prior programs sponsored by our affiliates for the 10-year period ending June 30, 2004, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the introductory discussion above and the detailed information appearing in the Prior Performance Tables in APPENDIX A of this prospectus. YOU SHOULD NOT CONSTRUE INCLUSION OF THE SUCCEEDING TABLES AS IMPLYING IN ANY MANNER THAT WE WILL HAVE RESULTS COMPARABLE TO THOSE REFLECTED IN THE TABLES BECAUSE THE YIELD AND CASH AVAILABLE AND OTHER FACTORS COULD BE SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT FOR OUR PROPERTIES. YOU SHOULD NOTE THAT BY ACQUIRING OUR SHARES, YOU WILL NOT BE ACQUIRING ANY INTERESTS IN ANY PRIOR PROGRAMS.

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	INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. REIT PROGRAM AS OF JUNE 30, 2004	INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION REIT PROGRAM AS OF JUNE 30, 2004
Number of programs sponsored	1	1
Aggregate amount raised from investors	\$ 2,262,634,000	696,827,000
Approximate aggregate number of	7 2,202,034,000	030,027,000
investors	59,000	16,000
Number of properties purchased	271	146
Aggregate cost of properties	\$ 4,016,367,000	1,276,000,000
Number of mortgages/notes	0	0
Principal amount of mortgages/notes	\$ 0	0
Principal of properties (based on cost)		
that were:		
Commercial		
Retail	90.00%	86.00%
Single-user retail net-lease	10.00%	14.00%
Nursing homes	0.00%	0.00%
Offices	0.00%	0.00%
Industrial	0.00%	0.00%
Health clubs	0.00%	0.00%
Mini-storage	0.00%	0.00%
Total commercial	100.00%	100.00%
Multi-family residential	0.00%	0.00% 0.00%
Land	0.00%	0.00%
Percentage of properties (based on cost) that were: Newly constructed (within a year of		
acquisition)	36.00%	40.00%

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Existing construction	64.00%	60.00%
Number of properties sold in whole or in part	0	8
Number of properties exchanged	0	0

Of the programs included in the above table, Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. have investment objectives similar to ours. Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. represent approximately 97% of the aggregate amount raised from investors, approximately 99% of the aggregate number of investors, approximately 95% of the properties purchased, and approximately 95% of the aggregate cost of the properties.

During the three years prior to June 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation purchased 24 commercial properties and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. purchased 249 commercial properties. Upon written request, you may obtain, without charge, a copy of Table VI filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in Part II of our prospectus. The table provides more information about these acquisitions.

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#### PUBLICLY REGISTERED REITS

Inland Real Estate Corporation. Through a total of four public offerings, the last of which was completed in 1999, Inland Real Estate Corporation sold a total of 51,642,397 shares of common stock. In addition, as of June 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation issued 13,937,881 shares of common stock through its distribution reinvestment program. As of June 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation repurchased 5,256,435 shares of common stock through its share repurchase program for an aggregate amount of \$49,159,202. As a result, Inland Real Estate Corporation has realized total gross offering proceeds of approximately \$696,827,000 as of June 30, 2004. On June 9, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation listed its shares on the New York Stock Exchange and began trading under the ticker "IRC".

Inland Real Estate Corporation's objective is to purchase shopping centers that provide convenience goods, personal services, wearing apparel and hardware and appliances located within an approximate 400-mile radius of its headquarters in Oak Brook, Illinois, and to provide, at a minimum, cash distributions on a quarterly basis and a hedge against inflation through capital appreciation. It may also acquire single-user retail properties throughout the United States. As of June 30, 2004, the properties owned by Inland Real Estate Corporation were generating sufficient cash flow to cover operating expenses plus pay an annual cash distribution of \$0.94 per share paid monthly.

As of June 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation owned 138 properties for a total investment of approximately \$1,276,000,000. These properties were purchased with proceeds received from the above described offerings of shares of its common stock and financings. As of June 30, 2004, Inland Real Estate Corporation financed approximately \$642,783,000 on its properties and had \$110,000,000 outstanding through an unsecured line of credit.

On July 1, 2000, Inland Real Estate Corporation became a self-administered REIT by completing its acquisition of Inland Real Estate Advisory Service, Inc., its advisor, and Inland Commercial Property Management, Inc., its property manager. The acquisition was accomplished by merging its advisor and its property manager into two wholly owned subsidiaries of Inland Real Estate

Corporation. As a result of the merger, Inland Real Estate Corporation issued to our sponsor, the sole shareholder of the advisor, and The Inland Property Management Group, Inc., the sole shareholder of its property manager, an aggregate of 6,181,818 shares of Inland Real Estate Corporation's common stock at \$11 per share, or approximately 9.008% of its common stock.

Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Through a total of three public offerings, the last of which was completed in 2003, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. sold a total of 213,699,534 shares of its common stock. In addition, as of June 30, 2004, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. issud 16,028,707 shares through its distribution reinvestment program, and has repurchased a total of 2,246,611 shares through the share reinvestment program. As a result, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust Inc. has realized total gross offering proceeds of approximately \$2,262,634,000 as of June 30, 2004.

Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.'s objective is to purchase shopping centers east of the Mississippi River in addition to single-user retail properties in locations throughout the United States, and to provide regular cash distributions and a hedge against inflation through capital appreciation. As of June 30, 2004, the properties owned by Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. were generating sufficient cash flow to cover operating expenses plus pay an annual cash distribution of \$.83 per share per annum paid monthly.

As of June 30, 2004, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. owned 271 properties for a total investment of approximately \$4,016,368,000. These properties were purchased with proceeds received from the above described offerings of shares of its common stock and financings. As of June 30, 2004, Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. financed approximately \$2,246,899,000 on its properties.

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The following table summarizes distributions for each of the publicly registered REITS through June 30,2004:

REIT PERFORMANCE
Distributions through June 30, 2004

# INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION OFFERING COMPLETED 1999

	Total Distribution (\$)	Ordinary Income (\$) *	Non-taxable Distribution (\$) **	Capital Gain Distribution (\$) ***	Average Annualized Distribution for Purchases at \$10 per Share (\$)	Average Annualiz Distribut for Purcha at \$11 p Share (\$)
1995	736,627	694,213	42,414	_	7.6	N/A
1996	3,704,943	3,093,525	611,418	_	8.1	N/A
1997	13,127,597	9,739,233	3,388,364	_	8.6	N/A
1998	35,443,213	27,015,143	8,428,070	_	8.8	7.9
1999	48,379,621	35,640,732	12,738,889	_	8.9	8.0
2000	52,964,010	40,445,730	12,518,280	_	9.0	8.1
2001	58,791,604	45,754,604	12,662,414	374,586	9.3	8.4
2002	60,090,685	41,579,944	18,315,640	195,101	9.4	8.5
2003	61,165,608	47,254,096	13,577,679	333,833	9.4	8.6

2004 30,897	,781 30,897,781	*	_	9.4	8.6
365,301	,689 282,115,001	82,283,168	903,520		

# INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. OFFERING COMPLETED 2003

Total Distribution (\$)	Ordinary Income (\$) *	Non-taxable Distribution (\$) **	Average Annualized Distribution (%)
1,396,861	318,484	1,078,377	7.2
6,615,454	3,612,577	3,002,877	7.7
17,491,342	10,538,534	6,952,808	8.0
58,061,491	36,387,136	21,674,355	8.2
160,350,811	97,571,099	62,779,712	8.3
93,266,206	93,266,206	*	8.3
337,182,165	241,694,036	95,488,129	
	Distribution (\$)  1,396,861 6,615,454 17,491,342 58,061,491 160,350,811 93,266,206	Distribution (\$) (\$) *  1,396,861 318,484 6,615,454 3,612,577 17,491,342 10,538,534 58,061,491 36,387,136 160,350,811 97,571,099 93,266,206 93,266,206	Distribution (\$) (\$) * (\$) **  1,396,861 318,484 1,078,377 6,615,454 3,612,577 3,002,877 17,491,342 10,538,534 6,952,808 58,061,491 36,387,136 21,674,355 160,350,811 97,571,099 62,779,712 93,266,206 93,266,206 *

ON JUNE 9, 2004 INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION LISTED ITS SHARES ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE AND BEGAN TRADING UNDER THE SYMBOL "IRC."

- \* The breakout between ordinary income and return of capital is finalized on an annual basis after the calendar year end.
- \*\* Represents a return of capital for federal income tax purposes.
- \*\*\* Represents a capital gain distribution for federal income tax purposes.

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#### PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

Since our inception and through June 30, 2004, our affiliates have sponsored 514 private placement limited partnerships which have raised more than \$524,201,000 from approximately 17,000 investors and invested in properties for an aggregate price of more than \$1 billion in cash and notes. Of the 522 properties purchased, 93% have been in Illinois. Approximately 90% of the funds were invested in apartment buildings, 6% in shopping centers, 2% in office buildings and 2% in other properties. Including sales to affiliates, 475 partnerships have sold their original property investments. Officers and employees of our sponsor and its affiliates invested more than \$17,000,000 in these private placement limited partnerships.

From July 1, 1995 through June 30, 2004, investors in The Inland Group private partnerships have received total distributions in excess of \$271,882,700, consisting of cash flow from partnership operations, interest earnings, sales and refinancing proceeds and cash received during the course of property exchanges.

Following a proposal by the former corporate general partner, which was an affiliate of The Inland Group, investors in 301 private partnerships voted in 1990 to make our sponsor the corporate general partner for those partnerships.

Beginning in December 1993 and continuing into the first quarter of 1994, investors in 101 private limited partnerships for which our sponsor is the general partner received letters from it informing them of the possible opportunity to sell the 66 apartment properties owned by those partnerships to a to-be-formed REIT in which affiliates of our sponsor would receive stock and cash and the limited partners would receive cash. The underwriters of this apartment REIT subsequently advised our sponsor to sell to a third party its management and general partner's interests in those remaining limited partnerships not selling their apartment properties to the apartment REIT. Those not selling their apartment properties constituted approximately 30% of the Inland-sponsored limited partnerships owning apartment buildings. The prospective third-party buyers of our sponsor's interests in the remaining partnerships, however, would make no assurance to support those partnerships financially. As a result, in a March 1994 letter, our sponsor informed investors of its decision not to go forward with the formation of the apartment REIT.

Following this decision, two investors filed a complaint in April 1994 in the Circuit Court of Cook County, Illinois, Chancery Division, purportedly on behalf of a class of other unnamed investors, alleging that our sponsor had breached its fiduciary responsibility to those investors whose partnerships would have sold apartment properties to the apartment REIT. The complaint sought an accounting of information regarding the apartment REIT matter, an unspecified amount of damages and the removal of our sponsor as general partner of the partnerships that would have participated in the sale of properties. In August 1994, the court granted our sponsor's motion to dismiss, finding that the plaintiffs lacked standing to bring the case individually. The plaintiffs were granted leave to file an amended complaint. Thereafter, in August 1994, six investors filed an amended complaint, purportedly on behalf of a class of other investors, and derivatively on behalf of six limited partnerships of which our sponsor is the general partner. The derivative counts sought damages from our sponsor for alleged breach of fiduciary duty and breach of contract, and asserted a right to an accounting. Our sponsor filed a motion to dismiss in response to the amended complaint. The suit was dismissed in March 1995 with prejudice. The plaintiffs filed an appeal in April 1996. After the parties briefed the issue, arguments were heard by the Appellate Court in February 1997. In September 1997, the Appellate Court affirmed the trial court decision in favor of our sponsor.

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Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation is the general partner of twenty-seven private limited partnerships and one public limited partnership that own interests in fifteen buildings that are net leased to Kmart. The fourteen Kmarts owned by the private limited partnerships are all cross collateralized. Relating to the Kmart bankruptcy, the status of the fifteen is as follows:

- CATEGORY 1 The leases of nine of the Kmarts are current and have been accepted by Kmart under their Chapter 11 reorganization plan.
- CATEGORY 2 Kmart assigned its designation rights in one lease to Kohl's. The lease was amended and extended for Kohl's by IREIC, the general partner on behalf of the owners and lender; and Kohl's began paying rent February 12, 2003.
- CATEGORY 3 Under Kmart's Chapter 11 reorganization plan and upon emergence from bankruptcy on April 22, 2003, Kmart has rejected the remaining four property leases, one of which is subject to a ground lease to Kimco. Kmart ceased paying rent as of May 1, 2003.

IREIC, the General Partner has agreed with the note holders who own the loan to conduct a liquidation of the 14 properties which comprise Categories 1, 2 and 3. The Category 2 property, which is leased by Kohl's, was sold on February 19, 2004. As of June 30, 2004, three of the Category 1 K-Mart properties have been sold. Offers have been received on the remaining six, five of which are under contract. One of the Category 3 properties has been sold, one is under contract and two have offers pending as of June 30, 2004.

- CATEGORY 4 - Under Kmart's Chapter 11 reorganization, Kmart rejected the lease for the property owned by the public limited partnership and ceased paying rent as of June 29, 2002. The general partner plans to either re-tenant or sell this facility.

### 1031 EXCHANGE PRIVATE PLACEMENT OFFERING PROGRAM

In March of 2001, Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation (IREX) was established as a subsidiary of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. The main objective of IREX is to provide replacement properties for people wishing to complete an IRS Section 1031 real estate exchange. Through June 30, 2004, IREX offered the sale of twenty-five properties with a total property value of \$294,474,000.

LANDINGS OF SARASOTA DBT. Inland Southern Acquisitions, Inc., a Delaware corporation and an affiliate of IREX acquired The Landings, a multi-tenant shopping center located in Sarasota, Florida in December 1997 for \$9,800,000. In August 2001, Inland Southern Acquisitions, Inc. contributed 100% of its interest in the property into Landings of Sarasota DBT, a Delaware business trust, refinanced the property with a loan of \$8,000,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, and began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,000,000, which consisted of \$8,000,000 in debt assumption and \$4,000,000 in equity investment. \$200,000 of the offering proceeds were allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in May 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

SENTRY OFFICE BUILDING, DBT, a Delaware business trust, purchased a newly constructed, single-tenant office building in Davenport, Iowa in December 2001 from Ryan Companies US Inc., a Minnesota corporation. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$7,500,000 first mortgage loan from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In January 2002, Sentry Office Building Corporation, a Delaware corporation and the initial beneficiary of the trust, began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a

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1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$11,000,000, which consisted of \$7,500,000 in debt assumption and \$3,500,000 in equity investment. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in April 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

PETS BOWIE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant retail building leased to PETSMART in Bowie, Maryland in October 2001 from PETSMART, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Northwest, N.A. The trust initially financed its acquisition of the property with a temporary loan of \$2,625,305 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, and then replaced this loan with a permanent loan of \$1,300,000 with the same lender. In May 2002, Pets Bowie Delaware Business Trust began offering all of its beneficial interests to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031

tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,900,000, which consisted of \$1,300,000 in debt assumption and \$2,600,000 in equity investment. \$90,000 of the offering proceeds obtained from the new owners was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in July 2002 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

1031 CHATTANOOGA DBT, a Delaware business trust, acquired a retail property currently leased to Eckerd in Chattanooga, Tennessee in May 2002. The trust financed the property with a loan of \$1,500,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In July 2002, 1031 Chattanooga, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of 1031 Chattanooga DBT, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,400,000, which consisted of \$1,500,000 in debt assumption and \$1,900,000 in equity investment. The offering was completed in May 2003 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

LANSING SHOPPING CENTER, DBT a Delaware business trust, purchased a newly constructed, multi-tenant retail shopping center in Lansing, Illinois in June 2002 from LaSalle Bank National Association, as trustee under trust agreement dated May 22, 2001 and known as Trust No. 127294. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$5,900,000 first mortgage loan from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In August 2002, Lansing Shopping Center, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company and the initial beneficiary of Lansing Shopping Center, DBT, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$10,900,000, which consisted of \$5,900,000 in debt assumption and \$5,000,000 in equity investment. \$80,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in September 2001 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

INLAND 220 CELEBRATION PLACE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant office building currently leased to Walt Disney World Co., a Florida corporation, in Celebration, Osceola County, Florida, in June 2002 from Walt Disney World Co. in a sale/leaseback transaction. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with an \$18,000,000 first mortgage loan from Bank of America, N.A., a national banking association. In September 2002, Inland 220 Celebration Place, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company and the initial beneficiary of Inland 220 Celebration Place Delaware Business Trust, began offering all of the beneficial interests of the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$33,800,000, which consisted of \$18,000,000 in debt assumption and \$15,800,000 in equity investment. \$50,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in September 2003 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

TAUNTON CIRCUIT DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST acquired a retail property currently leased to Circuit City in Taunton, Massachusetts in July 2002. The Trust financed the property with a first mortgage of

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\$2,800,000 from MB Financial Bank. In September 2002, Inland Taunton Circuit, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of Taunton Circuit Delaware Business Trust, offered all of its interest in the trust to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$6,550,000, which consisted of \$2,800,000 in debt assumption and \$3,750,000 in equity investment. The offering was completed in September 2002.

BROADWAY COMMONS DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST acquired a multi-tenant retail

center located in Rochester, Minnesota, in July 2002. The Trust financed the property with a first mortgage of \$8,850,000 from Parkway Bank & Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation. In October 2002, Broadway Commons, L.L.C., the initial beneficiary of Broadway Commons Delaware Business Trust, began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$17,250,000, which consisted of \$8,850,000 in debt assumption and \$8,400,000 in equity investment. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in December 2003 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

BELL PLAZA 1031, LLC. REHAB ASSOCIATES XIII, INC., an Illinois corporation and an affiliate of IREX acquired Bell Plaza, a multi-tenant shopping center in Oak Lawn, IL on August 28, 1998 for \$1,675,000. In October 2002, Rehab Associates XIII contributed 100% of its interest in the property into Bell Plaza 1031, LLC, a Delaware single member limited liability company, and then offered all of its membership interests in Bell Plaza, LLC to North Forsyth Associates, a North Carolina general partnership, which was in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$4,030,000, which consisted of \$3,140,000 in debt assumption and \$890,000 in equity investment. \$25,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in November 2002.

INLAND 210 CELEBRATION PLACE DELAWARE BUSINESS TRUST purchased a single-tenant office building, currently leased to Walt Disney World Co., a Florida corporation, in Celebration, Osceola County, Florida, in June 2002 from Walt Disney World Co. in a sale/leaseback transaction. The trust financed its acquisition of the property with a \$5,700,000 first mortgage loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In January 2003, Inland 210 Celebration Place Delaware Business Trust sold its fee simple interest in 210 Celebration Place to Old Bridge Park Celebration, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which was in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,000,000, which consisted of \$5,700,000 in debt assumption and \$6,300,000 in equity investment.

COMPUSA RETAIL BUILDING. Lombard C-USA, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant retail building leased to CompUSA, Inc. in Lombard, Illinois in January 2003 from an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$4,000,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In April 2003, Lombard C-USA, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2840 S. Highland Avenue, Lombard, DuPage County, Illinois for \$3,910,500 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$7,950,000, which consisted of \$4,000,000 in debt assumption and \$3,950,000 in equity investment. As required by the lender, Lombard C-USA, L.L.C. shall retain at least a 1% tenant in common interest, which is included in the \$3,950,000 equity investment. \$75,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in February 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

DEERE DISTRIBUTION FACILITY IN JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN. Janesville 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant, light industrial distribution center leased to Deere &

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Company, a Delaware corporation, in Janesville, Wisconsin in February 2003 from Ryan Janesville, L.L.C., a Minnesota corporation and an affiliate of Ryan Companies US, Inc. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$10,450,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In May 2003,

Janesville 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2900 Beloit Avenue, Janesville, Rock County, Wisconsin for \$9,949,500 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$20,500,000, consisted of \$10,450,000 in debt assumption and \$10,050,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Janesville 1031, L.L.C. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in January 2004 when the maximum offering was raised.

FLEET OFFICE BUILDING. Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant office building leased entirely to Fleet National Bank, a national banking association, in Providence, Rhode Island in April 2003 from Fleet National Bank in a sale/leaseback transaction. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a \$12,900,000 loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In June 2003, Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 111 Westminster Street, Providence, Providence County, Rhode Island for \$9,900,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$22,900,000, consisted of \$12,900,000 in debt assumption and \$10,000,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Westminster Office 1031, L.L.C. \$150,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in January 2004 when the maximum offering was raised.

DEERE DISTRIBUTION FACILITY IN DAVENPORT, IOWA. Davenport 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant, light industrial distribution center leased to Ouad Cities Consolidation and Distribution, Inc., an Illinois corporation, in Davenport, Iowa in April 2003 from Ryan Companies US, Inc., a Minnesota corporation. The lease is fully guaranteed by Deere & Company, a Delaware corporation. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. In August 2003, Davenport 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2900 Research Parkway, Davenport, Scott County, Iowa for \$15,543,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$28,200,000, consisted of \$12,500,000 in debt assumption and \$15,700,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Davenport 1031, L.L.C. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in April 2004 when the maximum offering was raised.

GRAND CHUTE DST, a Delaware statutory trust, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center in Grand Chute, Wisconsin in October 2002 from Continental 56 Fund Limited Partnership. The trust funded the acquisition of the property with cash from the sale of 100% of the beneficial interests in the trust to Grand Chute, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. Subsequent to the acquisition of the property, the trust obtained a \$5,678,350 loan from Bank of America, N.A. and the proceeds of the loan were distributed to Grand Chute, L.L.C. as a partial return of its capital contribution. In January 2003, Grand Chute, L.L.C. began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,048,350 which consisted of \$5,678,350 in debt assumption and \$6,370,000 in equity investment. \$478,350 of the offering proceeds was allocated to four separate property reserve accounts, three of which were required by the lender. In September 2003, certain information in the offering was amended and

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supplemented through the release of the First Supplement to Private Placement Memorandum. The offering was completed in March 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

MACON OFFICE DST, a Delaware statutory trust, purchased a single-tenant office complex in Macon, Georgia in October 2002 from UTF Macon, L.L.C. The trust funded the acquisition of the property with cash from the sale of 100% of the beneficial interests in the trust to Macon Office, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company. Subsequent to the acquisition of the property, the trust obtained a \$5,560,000 loan from Bank of America, N.A. and the proceeds of the loan were distributed to Macon Office, L.L.C. as a partial return of its capital contribution. In October 2003, Macon Office, L.L.C. began offering all of its beneficial interests in the trust to certain qualified persons seeking a cash investment, in addition to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$12,160,000 which consisted of \$5,560,000 in debt assumption and \$6,600,000 in equity investment. \$100,000 of the offering proceeds was allocated to a property reserve account. The offering was completed in March 2004 when the maximum offering amount was raised.

WHITE SETTLEMENT ROAD INVESTMENT, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, acquired a retail property currently leased to Eckerd Corporation in Fort Worth, Texas in July 2003. The LLC funded the acquisition of the property with cash from an affiliate and with a short-term loan from Parkway Bank and Trust Co., an Illinois banking corporation, in the amount of \$2,041,000. In November 2003, Fort Worth Exchange, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and initial beneficiary of White Settlement Road Investment, LLC, offered its entire membership interest in the LLC to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$2,840,000, which consisted of \$1,420,000 in debt assumption and \$1,420,000 in equity investment. The offering was completed in December 2003. Simultaneous with the completion of the offering, the short-term loan with Parkway was converted to a permanent loan and the terms of the loan documents were modified in accordance with a loan commitment from Parkway.

PLAINFIELD MARKETPLACE. Plainfield 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant shopping center located in Plainfield, IL on December 16, 2003 from Ryan Companies US, Inc., a Minnesota corporation. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc, a New York corporation. In January 2004, Plainfield 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 11840South Route 59, Plainfield, Will County, Illinois for \$12,350,250 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$24,400,000, consisted of \$11,925,000 in debt assumption and \$12,475,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Plainfield1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$21,700,000 and the total price of \$24,400,000 consists of \$950,000 acquisition fee, \$150,000 for a property reserve account, and \$1,600,000 of estimated costs and expenses.

PIER 1 RETAIL CENTER. Butterfield-Highland 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on December 30, 2003 from the beneficiary of Trust No. 2314, an unrelated third party, which trust was held by North Side Community Bank as Trustee under the Trust Agreement dated December 12, 2003. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc, a New York corporation. In March 2004, Butterfield-Highland 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the

undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2830 S. Highland Avenue, Lombard, Illinois for \$4,257,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$8,150,000, consisted of \$3,850,000 in debt assumption and \$4,300,000 in equity investment, a minimum of 1% of which is required by the lender to be retained by Butterfield-Highland 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate

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acquisition price of \$7,025,000 and the total price of \$8,150,000 consists of \$350,000 acquisition fee, \$100,000 for a property reserve account, and \$675,000 of estimated costs and expenses.

LONG RUN 1031, L.L.C. LR 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on January 27, 2003 from Ryan Lemont, L.L.C., the third party seller and developer of the property. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash and, on April 24, 2003, placed a loan on the Property in the amount of \$4,700,000 from Principal Commercial Funding, LLC. In June 2004, LR 1031, L.L.C. a Delaware limited liability company and initial beneficiary of Long Run 1031, L.L.C offered its entire membership interest in the LLC to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$4,960,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$9,660,000 consisted of \$4,700,000 in debt assumption and \$4,960,000 in equity investment. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$8,500,000 and the total price of \$9,660,000 consists of \$451,347 acquisition fee, \$50,000 for a property reserve account, and \$658,653 of estimated costs and expenses.

FORESTVILLE 1031, L.L.C. Forestville Exchange, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a single-tenant retail shopping center on November 13, 2003 from Silver Hill, L.L.C., a North Carolina limited liability company, the property's developer. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash. In May 2004, Forestville Exchange, L.L.C. a Delaware limited liability company and initial beneficiary of Forestville 1031, L.L.C offered its entire membership interest in the LLC to a qualified person in need of a replacement property to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price was \$3,900,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price, \$3,900,00000 consisted of \$1,793,630 in debt assumption and \$2,106,370 in equity investment. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$3,450,000 and the total price of \$3,900,000 consists of \$172,500 acquisition fee and \$277,500 of estimated costs and expenses.

BED BATH & BEYOND RETAIL CENTER. BBY Schaumburg 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on April 20, 2004 from the American Real Estate Holdings, L.P. a Delaware limited partnership, an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan from Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc, a New York corporation. In June 2004, BBY Schaumburg 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 905-915 East Golf Road, Schaumburg, Illinois for \$6,633,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. Total price, \$12,605,000, consisted of \$6,905,000 in debt assumption and \$5,700,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by BBY Schaumburg 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price

of \$11,655,110 and the total price of \$13,605,000 consists of \$600,000 acquisition fee, \$400,000 for property reserve accounts, and \$949,890 of estimated costs and expenses.

CROSS CREEK COMMONS SHOPPING CENTER. Cross Creek 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on February 17, 2004 from Buckley Shuler Real Estate, L.L.C., a Georgia limited liability company, an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with cash and subsequently placed a loan from bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage on the property. In March 2004, Cross Creek 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 10920-10948 Cross Creek Boulevard, Tampa, Florida for \$6,930,000 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. As of June 30, 2004 the L.L.C. had raised \$2,788,000. Total price, \$12,078,762,

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consisted of \$5,078,762 in debt assumption and \$7,000,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by Cross Creek 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$10,319,583 and the total price of \$12,078,762 consists of \$520,000 acquisition fee, \$150,000 for a property reserve account, and \$1,089,179 of estimated costs and expenses.

BJ'S SHOPPING CENTER EAST SYRACUSE, NEW YORK. BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on April 30, 2004 from the American Real Estate Holdings, L.P. a Delaware limited partnership, an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with a loan and cash. In June 2004, BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 2-4 Chevy Drive, East Syracuse, New York for \$8,365,500 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. The total price of the purchase was \$15,850,000. Total price, \$15,850,000, consisted of \$7,400,000 in debt assumption and \$8,450,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$13,500,000 and the total price of \$15,850,000 consists of \$675,000 acquisition fee, \$150,000 for a property reserve account, and \$1,525,000 of estimated costs and expenses.

BARNES & NOBLE RETAIL CENTER CLAY, NEW YORK. Clay 1031, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, purchased a multi-tenant retail shopping center on April 15, 2004 from the Clay First Associates, L.L.C., an unrelated third party. The L.L.C. financed its acquisition of the property with an assumed mortgage and note for \$3,175,000 and cash. In June 2004, Clay 1031, L.L.C. began offering 99% of the undivided tenant in common interests in the real estate and improvements thereon located at 3954-3956 Route 31, Clay, New York for \$3,930,300 in cash plus the assumption of the existing indebtedness to certain qualified persons in need of replacement properties to complete a 1031 tax-deferred exchange. Total price, \$7,145,000, consisted of \$3,175,000 in debt assumption and \$3,970,000 in equity investment, 1% of which was required by the lender to be retained by BJS Syracuse 1031, L.L.C. The difference between the real estate acquisition price of \$6,100,000 and the total price of \$7,145,000 consists of \$305,000 acquisition fee, \$100,000 for a property reserve account, and \$640,000 of estimated costs and expenses.

Sentry

The following summary table describes the fees and expenses incurred by each of our entities in our 1031 Exchange Private Placement Offering Project.

		Sentry			Lans
	Landings of	Office		1031	Shop
	Sarasota		Pets Bowie	Chattanooga	Cen
	DBT	DBT	DBT	DBT	DB
Commissions & Fees(1) Selling Commission To 3rd Party	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up to 8.5%	Up to
Reps	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%	
Offering & Organization	1.00%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs(3)					
Acquisition Fee	N/A	0.71%	0.77%	0.90%	
Bridge Financing Fees	N/A	N/A	1.49%	0.50%	
-	11.25%				
Total Load(4)	12.75%	14.23%	13.68%	14.39%	1
Asset Management Fees (5)	N/A	0.75%	1.00%	0.56%	
Property Management			Paid by		
Fees (6)	4.5%	5.0%	_	5.0%	
Backend Sales Commission			_	3.5%	
	Circuit		Bell Plaza	Inland 210 Celebration Place	Comp Reta Build
	DBT	DBT 	1031 LLC	DBT 	LL 
		Up to	Up to	Up to	U
Commissions & Fees(1)	Up to 8.0%	8.77%	9.19%	5.27%	
Selling Commission To 3rd Party	±				
Reps	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	3.81%	
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.00%	
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%	
Offering & Organization	0.50%	1.27%	1.69%	0.96%	
Mortgage Broker Fee		•			
(IMC) (2)	0.61%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Acquisition Fee & Carrying					
Costs (3)					
Acquisition Fee	0.69%	0.75%	N/A	0.89%	
Bridge Financing Fees	0.07%	0.23%	N/A	0.23%	
Total Load(4)	11.89%	12.98%	23.02%	10.52%	1
Asset Management Fees (5)					_
	0.57%	N / A		0 73%	
	0.57% 4.0%	N/A 5.0%	0.53% 5.0%	0.53% 4.5%	
Property Management Fees (6) Backend Sales Commission	0.57% 4.0% N/A	N/A 5.0% N/A	5.0% 3.5%	4.5% N/A	

Lans

		Davenport			
	Fleet	Deere			S
	Office	Distribution	Grand	Macon	
	Building	Facility	Chute	Office	I
	1031 LLC	1031 LLC	DST	DST	
	Up to	-	-	-	
Commissions & Fees(1)	8.52%	8.42%	8.82%	8.52%	
Selling Commission To 3rd Party					
Reps	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%		0.50%	0.50%	
Marketing Expenses	1.00%		1.00%		
Offering & Organization	1.02%		1.32%		
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.71%	0.50%	0.50%	
Acquisition Fee & Carrying					
Costs(3)	0 0 5 %	0 77%	0 01%	0 72%	
Acquisition Fee	0.85%	0.77%	0.84%		
Bridge Financing Fees	0.35% 14.57%		0.13%		
Total Load(4)	0.49%	13.18% 0.50%	12.96% 0.66%		
Asset Management Fees (5) Property Management Fees (6)	4.5%	4.5%	5.0%	0.66%	
Backend Sales Commission		4.5% NA	NA	4.5% NA	
Backend Sales Commission	N/A	INA	INA	NA	
	Pier 1 Retail Center 1031 LLC	Long Run 1031 LLC	Forestville 1031 LLC		
Commissions & Essa (1)	11 +- 0 720	II. + 0 270	Up to	II +- 0 70°	
Commissions & Fees(1) Selling Commission To 3rd	up to 8.73%	Up to 8.37%	8.40%	Up to 8.70%	
Party Reps	6.00%	5.84%	5.54%	6.00%	
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%		0.46%		
Marketing Expenses	1.00%		0.40%		
Offering & Organization	1.23%	1.07%	1.46%	1.20%	
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.47%	0.43%	0.55%	
Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs(3)	0.300	0.178	0.438	0.338	
Acquisition Fee	4.29%	5.31%	5.00%	5.15%	
Bridge Financing Fees	0.94%				
Total Load(4)	8.28%	22.38%	21.34%	23.13%	
Asset Management Fees (5)	0.06%	0.20%	0.00%	0.15%	
Property Management Fees (6)	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	
Backend Sales Commission	NA	NA	NA	N/A	

BJ <b>'</b> s	Barnes &
Shopping	Noble Retail
Center	Center
1031 LLC	1031 LLC

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	Up to	
Commissions & Fees(1)	8.59%	Up to 8.69%
Selling Commission To 3rd Party		
Reps	6.00%	6.00%
Due Diligence Fee	0.50%	0.50%
Marketing Expenses	1.00%	1.00%
Offering & Organization	1.09%	1.19%
Mortgage Broker Fee (IMC)(2)	0.50%	0.40%
Acquisition Fee & Carrying		
Costs(3)		
Acquisition Fee	5.00%	5.00%
Bridge Financing Fees		
Total Load(4)	26.04%	23.80%
Asset Management Fees (5)	0.12%	0.13%
Property Management Fees (6)	5.0%	5.0%
Backend Sales Commission	NA	NA

- (1) Commissions and fees are calculated as a percentage of the equity portion of each deal.
- (2) The Mortgage Broker Fee is calculated as a percentage of the debt portion of each deal.
- (3) Acquisition & Carrying Costs are calculated as a percentage of the real estate acquisition price.
- (4) The Total Load is calculated as a percentage of the equity portion of each deal. The Total Load includes the Commissions & Fees, Mortgage Broker Fee, Acquisition Fee & Carrying Costs, as well as any other non-affiliated third party expenses.
- (5) Asset Management Fees are calculated as a percentage of the value of the assets under management. However, for The Landings and Broadway Commons, which are both Master Lease deals, the Master Tenant Income is the residual cash flow from the Property after payment of the Master Lease Rent. As a result, it is not possible to accurately represent the Master Tenant Income as a percentage of the value of the assets under management.
- (6) Property Management Fees are calculated as a percentage of Gross Income from the property.

The following additional fees are the same for each deal:

Loan Servicing Fee - IMSC will be compensated with a monthly fee equal to the outstanding principal balance of the loan at the beginning of every month multiplied by 1/8% then divided by 12. This figure, however, shall never exceed \$10,000, nor be less than \$1,200 monthly.

Termination Fees - (i) MASTER LEASE: 8.333% of the last 12 Months of NOI less Rent payments for the same 12 months multiplied by the number of months remaining on the then-current term of the Master Lease and (ii) ASSET & PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS: The sum of the current monthly AM & PM fees times the number of months remaining on the term.

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The following table summarizes cash distributions to investors for each of the 1031 Exchange Private Placement Offering Projects through June 30, 2004:

## 1031 EXCHANGE PERFORMANCE DISTRIBUTIONS THROUGH JUNE 30, 2004

Name of Entity	Number of Investors	Offe: Equ: (\$	ity	Offering Completed (\$)	Distribut To Dat (\$)
Landings of Sarasota DBT	9	4,00	0,000	05/ 2002	807
Sentry Office Building DBT	7	3,50	0,000	04/ 2002	676
Pets Bowie DBT	7	2,60	0,000	07/ 2002	463
1031 Chattanooga DBT	9		0,000		317
Lansing Shopping Center DBT	5		0,000		742
Inland 220 Celebration Place DBT	35	15,80		09/ 2003	1,821
Taunton Circuit DBT	1		0,000	09/ 2002	522
Broadway Commons DBT	32	•	0,000		645
Bell Plaza 1031, LLC	1		0,000	11/ 2003	183
Inland 210 Celebration Place DBT	1		0,000	01/ 2003	762
CompUSA Retail Building, LLC	11	3,95		02/ 2004	226
Janesville Deere Distribution Facility 1031, LLC	35	10,05		01/ 2004	489
Fleet Office Building 1031, LLC	30	10,000	•		440
Davenport Deere Distribution Facility 1031, LLC Grand Chute DST	35 29	15,70 5,37	•	04/ 2004 03/ 2004	492 129
Macon Office DST	29	6,60	•	03/ 2004	245
White Settlement Road Investment, LLC	1	1,42		12/ 2003	55
Plainfield Marketplace 1031, LLC	31	12,47	•		1
Pier 1 Retail Center 1031, LLC	22	4,30	•		_
Long Run 1031, LLC	1	4,93			
Forestville 1031, LLC	1		0,000	05/ 2004	12
10100001110 1001, 1110	<u> </u>	3,30	3 <b>,</b> 000	007 2001	12
Bed, Bath & Beyond 1031, LLC	0	6,63	3,000	*	
Cross Creek Commons 1031, LLC	11	6,93	0,000	*	
BJ's Shopping Center 1031, LLC	0		5,000	*	
Barnes & Noble Retail Center 1031, LLC	0		0,000	*	
		156,69	•		9,036
Name of Entity	Distr	Annual ibution %)	Dist	Annual ribution (%)	
Landings of Sarasota DBT		8.07		8.39	
Sentry Office Building DBT		8.73		9.25	
Pets Bowie DBT		8.89		9.12	
1031 Chattanooga DBT		8.26		8.26	
Lansing Shopping Center DBT		8.29		8.96	
Inland 220 Celebration Place DBT		8.10		8.10	
Taunton Circuit DBT		8.31		8.31	
Broadway Commons DBT		8.22		8.26	
Bell Plaza 1031, LLC		14.67		16.05	
Inland 210 Celebration Place DBT		8.23		8.23	
CompUSA Retail Building, LLC		8.05		8.17	
Janesville Deere Distribution Facility 1031, LLC		7.23		7.35	
Fleet Office Building 1031, LLC		7.19		7.19	
Davenport Deere Distribution Facility 1031, LLC		7.36		7.36	

Grand Chute DST	8.48	8.49
Macon Office DST	8.20	8.20
White Settlement Road Investment,	LLC	8.34
Plainfield Marketplace 1031, LLC		7.09
Pier 1 Retail Center 1031, LLC		_
Long Run 1031, LLC		_
Forestville 1031, LLC		7.55
Bed, Bath & Beyond 1031, LLC		-
Cross Creek Commons 1031, LLC		-
BJ's Shopping Center 1031, LLC		-
Barnes & Noble Retail Center 1031,	LLC	-

\* Offering was not complete as of June 30, 2004

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#### MANAGEMENT

#### INLAND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

The Inland Group, Inc. was started by a group of Chicago schoolteachers in 1967, and incorporated the following year. The founders of The Inland Group and its affiliates are still centered in the Chicago metropolitan area. Over the past 35 years, The Inland Group and its affiliates have experienced significant growth and now make up a fully-integrated group of legally and financially separate companies that have been engaged in diverse facets of real estate providing property management, leasing, marketing, acquisition, disposition, development, redevelopment, renovation, construction, finance, investment products, and other related services. The Inland Real Estate Group of Companies (sometimes referred to as "Inland") represents the marketing name for these separate legal entities that are either subsidiaries of the same entity, affiliates of each other, share some common ownership or were previously sponsored by Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. Inland in the aggregate was ranked by Crain's Chicago Business in April 2004 as the 28th largest privately held company headquartered in the Chicago area. Among the affiliates of Inland is one of the largest property management firms in Illinois and one of the largest commercial real estate and mortgage banking firms in the Midwest.

As of June 30, 2004 Inland and its affiliates have more than 1,000 employees, own properties in 42 states, and have managed assets in excess of \$10 billion. The senior management includes executives of The Inland Group and its affiliates. Our management personnel have substantial experience in a full range of real estate services. Our top seven senior executives have an average of over 25 years experience in the real estate industry.

Our advisor and managing dealer are affiliates of Inland. The relevant skills and experience of each of the Inland affiliated companies, developed over the course of more than 35 years in business, primarily in the Chicago metropolitan area, are available to us in the conduct of our business.

As of June 30, 2004, our sponsor, Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, is the general partner of limited partnerships which own in excess of 3,455 acres of pre-development land in the Chicago area, as well as approximately 16.9 million square feet of real property in Chicago and nationwide.

Inland developed expertise in real estate financing as it bought and sold properties over the years. Inland Mortgage Corporation was incorporated in 1977. As of June 30, 2004 Inland Mortgage Corporation has originated more than \$7

billion in financing including loans to third parties and affiliated entities.

Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation and Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation were incorporated in 1990, delineating the functions and duties associated with financing. As of June 30, 2004, Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation owned an approximately \$76 million loan portfolio, and Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation serviced a loan portfolio of 558 loans exceeding \$3.7 billion.

The Inland Property Management companies are responsible for collecting rent, and leasing and maintaining the rental properties they manage.

The Inland Property Management companies managed over 54 million square feet of commercial properties in 42 states as of June 30, 2004. A substantial portion of the portfolio, approximately 14.8 million square feet, consists of properties leased on a triple-net lease basis. A triple-net lease means that the tenant operates and maintains the property and pays rent that is net of taxes, insurance, and operating

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expenses. This group also manages more than 11,500 multi-family units that are principally located in the Chicago area.

Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC, our management companies, were formed to segregate responsibility for management of our properties from Inland Property Management companies' growing management portfolio of retail properties. Our property management companies are responsible for collecting rent, leasing, and maintaining the retail properties they manage. These properties are primarily intended to be our properties in our primary geographical area of investment. Our property management companies are owned primarily by individuals who are affiliates of Inland.

Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc., another company affiliated with Inland, has extensive experience in acquiring real estate for investment. Over the years, it and its affiliates have acquired over 1,700 properties for over \$10 billion.

Inland Real Estate Development Corporation has handled the design, approval and entitlement of land parcels which have included in excess of 10,900 residential units, 11.8 million square feet of retail land and 7.6 million square feet of industrial land. They have been responsible for the land development of land for over 3,300 of those residential units, 6.7 million square feet of the retail land and all 7.6 million square feet of the industrial land. They currently handle an inventory of over 3,000 acres of prime land for development.

Inland Real Estate Sales, Inc., another affiliate of Inland, is one of the largest "mid-market" commercial brokerage specialists in the Midwest. In the last three years it has completed more than \$380 million in commercial real estate sales. Inland Real Estate Sales, Inc. has been involved in the sale of more than 2,500 multi-family units and over 3.5 million square feet of commercial property.

See also "Prior Performance of our Affiliates" and APPENDIX A - "Prior Performance Tables" for information concerning over \$2.9 billion raised from over 75,000 investors in connection with two other REITs, one other public real estate equity program, one private real estate equity program and five private placement mortgage and note programs and nine real estate exchange private placement offerings sponsored by The Inland Group affiliated companies during

the 10-year period ending June 30, 2004, and the prior performance of those programs. During the last 35 years, more than 100,000 investors were in the Inland Group's 238 completed programs as of October 7, 2004, with no investor losses of initial invested capital in any completed equity program.

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The following sets forth information with respect to the directors and principal executive officers of The Inland Group:

NAME 	AGE*	POSITION AND OFFICE WITH THE INLAND GROUP
Daniel L. Goodwin	60	Chairman, president and director
Robert H. Baum	60	Vice chairman, executive vice president - general counsel and director
G. Joseph Cosenza	60	Vice chairman and director
Robert D. Parks	60	Director

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Messrs. Goodwin, Baum, Cosenza and Parks were the founders of Inland.

DANIEL L. GOODWIN, is a founding and controlling stockholder of and the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of The Inland Group, Inc. Mr. Goodwin also serves as a director or officer of entities wholly owned or controlled by The Inland Group. In addition, Mr. Goodwin is the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Inland Bancorp, a bank holding company. He is a director of Inland Real Estate Corporation and he also oversees numerous stock market investment portfolios and is the advisor for Inland Mutual Fund Trust, a publicly traded mutual fund.

HOUSING. Mr. Goodwin is a member of the National Association of Realtors, the Illinois Association of Realtors and the Northern Illinois Commercial Association of Realtors. He is also the author of a nationally recognized real estate reference book for the management of residential properties. Mr. Goodwin serves on the Board of the Illinois State Affordable Housing Trust Fund. He served as an advisor for the Office of Housing Coordination Services of the State of Illinois, and as a member of the Seniors Housing Committee of the National Multi-Housing Council. He has served as Chairman of the DuPage County Affordable Housing Task Force. Mr. Goodwin also serves as Chairman of New Directions Affordable Housing Corporation.

EDUCATION. Mr. Goodwin obtained his Bachelor's and Master's Degrees from Illinois State universities. Following graduation, he taught for five years in the Chicago Public Schools. More recently, Mr. Goodwin has served as a member of the Board of Governors of Illinois State Colleges and Universities. He is Vice Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Benedictine University, Vice Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Springfield College and Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Northeastern Illinois University.

ROBERT H. BAUM has been with The Inland Group and has affiliates since 1968 and is one of the four original principals. Mr. Baum is vice chairman and

<sup>\*</sup>As of January 1, 2004

executive vice president-general counsel of The Inland Group. In his capacity as general counsel, Mr. Baum is responsible for the supervision of the legal activities of The Inland Group and its affiliates. This responsibility includes the supervision of The Inland Group Law Department and serving as liaison with outside counsel. Mr. Baum has served as a member of the North American Securities Administrators Association Real Estate Advisory Committee and as a member of the Securities Advisory Committee to the Secretary of State of Illinois. He is a member of the American Corporation Counsel Association and has also been a guest lecturer for the Illinois State Bar Association. Mr. Baum has been admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the

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United States, as well as the bars of several federal courts of appeals and federal district courts and the State of Illinois. He is also an Illinois licensed real estate broker. He has served as a director of American National Bank of DuPage and currently serves as a director of Inland Bancorp Holding Company and of Westbank. Mr. Baum also is a member of the Governing Council of Wellness House, a charitable organization that provides emotional support for cancer patients and their families.

G. JOSEPH COSENZA has been with The Inland Group and its affiliates since 1968 and is one of the four original principals and founders. Mr. Cosenza is a director and vice chairman of The Inland Group and oversees, coordinates and directs Inland's many enterprises. In addition, Mr. Cosenza immediately supervises a staff of 19 persons who engage in property acquisition and due diligence. Mr. Cosenza has been a consultant to other real estate entities and lending institutions on property appraisal methods. He has directly overseen the purchase of close to \$10.5 billion of income-producing real estate from 1968 to present.

Mr. Cosenza received his B.A. Degree from Northeastern Illinois University and his Master's Degree from Northern Illinois University. From 1967 to 1972, he taught in the LaGrange and Wheeling, Illinois School Districts and he served as assistant principal and taught in the Wheeling, Illinois School District while the four schoolteacher partners operated Inland on a part time basis. Mr. Cosenza has been a licensed real estate broker since 1968 and an active member of various national and local real estate associations, including the National Association of Realtors and the Urban Land Institute.

Mr. Cosenza also has been chairman of the board of American Bank of DuPage and has served on the board of directors of Continental Bank of Oakbrook Terrace. He was the chairman and is presently a director on the board of Inland Bankcorp, which owns Westbank in Westchester, Hillside and Lombard, Illinois. Mr. Cosenza has been a director since 1994 to Inland Real Estate Corporation, a \$1.7 billion asset publicly traded REIT and is also a member of the management committee.

ROBERT D. PARKS is a director of The Inland Group, Inc. and one of its four original principals; chairman of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, a director of Inland Securities Corporation, and a director of Inland Investment Advisors, Inc. Mr. Parks is president, chief executive officer and a director of Inland Real Estate Corporation. He is chairman, chief executive officer and an affiliated director of Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., and is our chairman, chief executive officer, and an affiliated director.

Mr. Parks is responsible for the ongoing administration of existing investment programs, corporate budgeting and administration for Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. He oversees and coordinates the marketing of all investments and investor relations.

Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Parks taught in Chicago's public schools. He received his B.A. Degree from Northeastern Illinois University and his M.A. Degree from the University of Chicago. He is a registered Direct Participation Program Limited Principal with the National Association of Securities Dealers. He is a member of the Real Estate Investment Association, the Financial Planning Association, the Foundation for Financial Planning as well as a member of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT).

#### OUR GENERAL MANAGEMENT

We operate under the direction of our board of directors. Our board is responsible for our business and management. Our board sets our policies and strategies. Our advisor is responsible for the day-to-day management of our affairs and the implementation of the policies of our board. Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC are responsible for managing, maintaining and leasing the individual properties. Inland Real Estate

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Acquisitions, Inc. is responsible for acquiring properties. Inland Risk and Insurance Management Services, Inc., an affiliate of The Inland Group, Inc., is responsible for providing insurance coverage on the properties. Inland Mortgage Corporation, Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation and Inland Mortgage Investment Corporation are responsible for the purchase, sales and servicing of mortgages. See "Compensation Table" for a description of the fees paid to our affiliates.

#### OUR DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth information with respect to our directors and executive officers:

NAME	AGE	POSITION AND OFFICE WITH US
Robert D. Parks	60	Chairman, chief executive officer and affiliated director
Roberta S. Matlin	59	Vice president administration
Scott W. Wilton	43	Secretary
Steven P. Grimes	37	Treasurer and principal financial officer
Lori J. Foust	39	Principal accounting officer
Brenda G. Gujral	61	Affiliated director
Frank A. Catalano, Jr	42	Independent director
Kenneth H. Beard	64	Independent director
Paul R. Gauvreau	64	Independent director
Gerald M. Gorski	61	Independent director
Barbara A. Murphy	66	Independent director

<sup>\*</sup>As of January 1, 2004

ROBERTA S. MATLIN has been our vice president of administration since our formation. Ms. Matlin joined Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation in 1984 as director of investor administration and currently serves as senior vice president of our sponsor, directing its day-to-day internal operations.

Ms. Matlin is a director of our sponsor, a director and president of Inland Investment Advisors, Inc., and Intervest Southern Real Estate Corporation, and a

director and vice president of Inland Securities Corporation. Since 1998, she has been vice president of administration of Inland Retail Real Estate Trust. She is president and a director of Inland Investment Advisors, Inc. and Intervest Southern Real Estate Corporation. She was vice president of administration of Inland Real Estate Corporation from 1995 until 2000. From June 2001 until April 2004 she was a trustee and executive vice president of Inland Mutual Fund Trust. Prior to joining Inland, she worked for the Chicago Region of the Social Security Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services. Ms. Matlin is a graduate of the University of Illinois. She holds Series 7, 22, 24, 39, 63 and 65 licenses from the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

SCOTT W. WILTON has been our secretary since our formation. Mr. Wilton joined The Inland Group in January 1995. He is assistant vice president of The Inland Real Estate Group, Inc. and assistant counsel with The Inland Real Estate Group law department. In 1998, Mr. Wilton became secretary of Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and Inland Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. In 2001, he became the Secretary of Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation. Mr. Wilton is involved in all aspects of The Inland Group's business, including real estate acquisitions and financing, securities law and corporate governance matters, leasing and tenant matters, and litigation management. He received B.S. degrees in economics and history from the University of Illinois at Champaign 1982 and his law degree from Loyola University of Chicago, Illinois 1985. Prior to joining The Inland Group, Mr. Wilton worked for the Chicago law firm of Williams, Rutstein, Goldfarb, Sibrava and Midura, Ltd., specializing in real estate and corporate transactions and litigation.

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STEVEN P. GRIMES joined our advisor as its Chief Financial Officer and became our treasurer and principal financial officer in 2004. He is responsible for our finances and borrowings. Prior to joining our advisor, Mr. Grimes was a director with Cohen Financial and was a senior manager with Deloitte and Touche. Mr. Grimes received his B.S. Degree in Accounting from Indiana University and is a Certified Public Accountant. Mr. Grimes is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, or AICPA, and the Illinois CPA Society.

LORI J. FOUST joined the Inland organization as Vice President of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. in 2003. Ms. Foust is also our principal accounting officer. She is responsible for our financial and SEC reporting. Prior to joining the Inland organization, Ms. Foust worked in the field of public accounting and was a senior manager in the real estate division for Ernst and Young, LLP. She received her B.S. Degree in Accounting and her M.B.A. Degree from the University of Central Florida. Ms. Foust is a certified public accountant and a member of the AICPA.

BRENDA G. GUJRAL, an affiliated director, is president, chief operating officer and a director of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, the parent company of our advisor. She is also president, chief operating officer and a director of our managing dealer. Mrs. Gujral is also a director of Inland Investment Advisors, Inc., an investment advisor.

Mrs. Gujral has overall responsibility for the operations of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, including the distribution of checks to over 50,000 investors, the review of periodic communications to those investors, the filing of quarterly and annual reports for Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation-sponsored publicly registered investment programs with the Securities and Exchange Commission, compliance with other Securities and Exchange Commission and National Association of Securities Dealers securities regulations both for Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation and Inland Securities Corporation, review of asset management activities and marketing and

communications with the independent broker-dealer firms selling current and prior Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation sponsored investment programs. She works with internal and outside legal counsel in structuring Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation's investment programs and in connection with the preparation of its offering documents and registering the related securities with the Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities commissions.

Mrs. Gujral has been with the Inland organization for 22 years, becoming an officer in 1982. Prior to joining the Inland organization, she worked for the Land Use Planning Commission establishing an office in Portland, Oregon to implement land use legislation for that state.

She is a graduate of California State University. She holds Series 7, 22, 39 and 63 licenses from the National Association of Securities Dealers and is a member of The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts. Ms. Gujral is also a member of the Financial Planning Association, the Foundation for Financial Planning and the National Association for Female Executives.

FRANK A. CATALANO, JR. has served as president of Catalano & Associates since 1999. Catalano & Associates is a real estate company that includes brokerage, property management and rehabilitation and leasing of office buildings. Mr. Catalano's experience also includes mortgage banking. Since 2002, he has been a vice president of First Home Mortgage Company. Prior to that, Mr. Catalano was a regional manager at Flagstar Bank. He also was president and chief executive officer of CCS Mortgage, Inc. from 1995 through 2000, when Flagstar Bank acquired it.

Mr. Catalano is a member of the Elmhurst, IL Chamber of Commerce and as past chairman of the board, he is also a member of the Elmhurst Jaycees, Elmhurst Hospital Board of Governors, Elmhurst Kiwanis and is currently the President of Elmhurst Historical Museum Commission. Mr. Catalano holds a mortgage broker's license.

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KENNETH H. BEARD was president and chief executive officer of Exelon Services, an energy services company from 1999-2002, where he had responsibility for financial performance including being accountable for creating business strategy, growing the business through acquisition, integrating acquired companies and developing infrastructure for the combined acquired businesses. Exelon Services is a subsidiary of Exelon Corporation, a New York Stock Exchange listed company. Prior to that position, from 1974 to 1999, Mr. Beard was the founder, president and chief executive officer of Midwest Mechanical, Inc., a heating, ventilation and air conditioning company providing innovative and cost effective construction services and solutions for commercial, industrial, and institutional facilities. From 1964 to 1974 Mr. Beard was employed at The Trane Company, a manufacturer of heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment having positions in sales, sales management and general management.

Mr. Beard holds a MBA and BSCE from the University of Kentucky and is a licensed mechanical engineer. He is on the board of directors of the Wellness House in Hinsdale, Illinois, a cancer support organization, and Harris Bank - Hinsdale, serves on the Dean's Advisory Council of the University of Kentucky, School of Engineering, and is a past member of the Oak Brook, Illinois Plan Commission (1981-1991).

PAUL R. GAUVREAU is the retired chief financial officer, financial vice president and treasurer of Pittway Corporation, New York Stock exchange listed manufacturer and distributor of professional burglar and fire alarm systems and equipment from 1966 until its sale to Honeywell, Inc. in 2001. He was president of Pittway's non-operating real estate and leasing subsidiaries through 2001. He

was a financial consultant to Honeywell, Inc.; Genesis Cable, L.L.C.; ADUSA, Inc. He was a director and audit committee member of Cylink Corporation, a Nasdaq Stock Market listed manufacturer of voice and data security products from 1998 until its merger with Safenet, Inc. in February 2003. Prior to 1995, he was a director and acting chief financial officer instrumental in 1996 Cylink initial public offering.

Mr. Gauvreau holds a MBA from the University of Chicago and a BSC from Loyola University of Chicago. He is on the Board of Trustees and Vice Chairman of the Finance Committee of Benedictine University, Lisle, Illinois; a member of the Board of Trustees of the Chaddick Institute of DePaul University, Chicago, Illinois; and a member of the board of directors and treasurer of the Children's Brittle Bone Foundation, Pleasant Prairie, Wisconsin.

GERALD M. GORSKI is a partner in the law firm of Gorski and Good, Wheaton Illinois. Mr. Gorski's practice is limited to governmental law. His firm represents numerous units of local government in Illinois and Mr. Gorski has served as a Special Assistant State's Attorney and Special Assistant Attorney General in Illinois. He received a Bachelor of Arts degree from North Central College with majors in Political Science and Economics and a Juris Doctor degree from DePaul University Law School where he was placed on the Deans Honor List. Mr. Gorski serves as the Vice-Chairman of the Board of Commissioners for the DuPage Airport Authority. He has written numerous articles on various legal issues facing Illinois municipalities; has been a speaker at a number of municipal law conferences and is a member of the Illinois Bar Association, the Institute for Local Government Law and the International Municipal Lawyers Association.

BARBARA A. MURPHY is the Chairwoman of the DuPage Republican Party. Ms. Murphy is also a member of Illinois Motor Vehicle Review Board and a member of Matrimonial Fee Arbitration Board. Ms. Murphy is a Milton Township Trustee and a committeeman for Milton Township Republican Central Committee. Ms. Murphy previously served as State Central Committeewoman for the Sixth Congressional District and has also served on the DuPage Civic Center Authority Board, the DuPage County Domestic Violence Task Force, and the Illinois Toll Highway Advisory Committee. Ms. Murphy is a founding member of the Family Shelter Service Board. As an active volunteer for Central DuPage Hospital, she acted as the "surgery hostess" (cared for families while a family member was undergoing

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surgery). Ms. Murphy was a department manager and buyer for J.W. Robinson's and Bloomingdale's and the co-owner of Daffy Down Dilly Gift Shop.

#### COMMITTEES OF OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Our bylaws provide that our board may establish such committees as the board believes appropriate. The board will appoint the members of the committee in the board's discretion. Our bylaws require that a majority of the members of each committee of our board is to be comprised of independent directors.

Our Board has established an audit committee comprised of Messrs. Catalano, Beard and Gauvreau. Mr. Gauvreau serves as the chair of the Audit Committee and qualifies as our "financial expert" under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These three directors are independent in accordance with the National Association of Securities Dealers' listing standards and under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. The board has adopted a written charter for the audit committee.

The audit committee is responsible for the engagement of our independent auditors, reviewing the plans and results of the audit engagement with our

auditors, approving services performed by and the independence of our independent auditors, considering the range of audit and non-audit fees, and consulting with our independent auditors regarding the adequacy of our internal accounting controls.

Although we do not have a standing nominating committee or compensation committee of the board, the board itself serves in those capacities.

There is no compensation committee. The board has been responsible for all compensation decisions. As we have no employees, there are no compensation decisions to be made by the board.

Our board does not currently have a nominating committee. Rather, each member of our board participates in the process of identifying and considering individuals for board membership. Our board believes its current process is effective since the current members of the board are seasoned executives from a variety of backgrounds. Each member of our board satisfies the independence requirements under the National Association of Securities Dealers' listing standards and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, other than Mr. Parks and Mrs. Gujral. The board will consider for recommendation to the board nominations made by stockholders that comply with the procedures described in our proxy statement under the caption "Advance Notice Procedures for Making Director Nominations and Stockholder Proposals."

Once our board has identified a possible nominee (whether through a recommendation from a shareholder or otherwise), the independent members of the board make an initial determination as to whether to conduct a full evaluation of the candidate. This initial determination is based on the information provided to the board when the candidate is recommended, the board's own knowledge of the prospective candidate and information, if any, obtained by the board's inquiries. The preliminary determination is based primarily on the need for additional board members to fill vacancies, expand the size of the board or obtain representation in market areas without board representation and the likelihood that the candidate can satisfy the evaluation factors described below. If the independent members of the board determine that additional consideration is warranted, it may gather additional information about the candidate's background and experience. The independent members of the board then evaluate the prospective nominee against the following standards and qualifications:

- achievement, experience and independence;
- wisdom, integrity and judgment;

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- understanding of the business environment; and
- willingness to devote adequate time to Board duties.

The independent members of the board also consider such other relevant factors as they deem appropriate, including the current composition of the board, the need for audit committee or other expertise and the evaluations of other candidates. In connection with this evaluation, the independent members of the board determine whether to interview the candidate. If the independent members of the board decide that an interview is warranted, one or more of those members, and others as appropriate, interviews the candidate in person or by telephone. After completing this evaluation and interview, the independent members of the board make a recommendation to the full board as to the persons who should be nominated by the board, and the board determines the nominees after considering the recommendation and report of the independent members of

the board.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. Our board may establish an executive committee consisting of three directors, including two independent directors. The executive committee would likely exercise all powers of the board in the management of the business and affairs of our company, except for those which require actions by all of the directors or by the independent directors under our articles of incorporation or bylaws or under applicable law.

MANAGEMENT AND DISCLOSURE COMMITTEE. Our board may establish a management disclosure committee to assist in reviewing our disclosures, controls and procedures. The committee may include our directors and directors and officers of our advisor.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE. Our board may establish an executive compensation committee consisting of three directors, including two independent directors, to establish compensation policies and programs for our executive officers. The executive compensation committee will exercise all powers of our board in connection with establishing and implementing compensation matters, including incentive compensation and benefit plans.

#### COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

We pay our independent directors an annual fee of \$5,000 (increased to \$10,000 effective October 1, 2004) plus \$500 for each in person meeting and \$350 for each meeting of the board or a committee of the board attended by telephone, and reimbursement of their out-of-pocket expenses incurred. Our two other directors, Robert D. Parks and Brenda G. Gujral, do not receive any fees or other remuneration for serving as directors.

#### EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

We have no employees and our executive officers will not receive any compensation from us for their services as such officers. Our executive officers are officers of one or more of our affiliates, and are compensated by those entities, in part, for their services rendered to us.

#### COMPLIANCE AND GOVERNANCE

On October 12, 2004, our board of directors unanimously adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, Nonretaliation Policy, and Complaint Procedures for Accounting and Auditing Matters.

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#### INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR STOCK OPTION PLAN

We have an independent director stock option plan under which non-employee directors, as defined under Rule 16b-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, are eligible to participate.

We have authorized and reserved a total of 75,000 shares of our common stock for issuance under our independent director stock option plan. The number and type of shares which could be issued under the plan may be adjusted if we are the surviving entity after a reorganization or merger or if our stock splits, is consolidated or we are recapitalized. If this occurs, the exercise price of the options will be correspondingly adjusted.

The independent director stock option plan provides for the grant of non-qualified stock options to purchase 3,000 shares to each independent director upon his or her appointment if they meet the conditions in the plan.

The plan also provides for subsequent grants of options to purchase 500 shares on the date of each annual stockholder's meeting to each independent director then in office. However, options may not be granted at any time when the grant, along with the grants to be made at the same time to other independent directors, would exceed 10% of our issued and outstanding shares. We have granted options to purchase 3,000 shares at \$8.95 per share to each of our five independent directors. The option price for subsequent options will be equal to the fair market value of a share on the last business day preceding the annual meeting of stockholders. The option price will be fixed at \$8.95 per share until the earlier of the termination of this offering or two years after the commencement of this offering.

One-third of the options granted following an individual initially becoming an independent director are exercisable beginning on the date of their grant, one-third will first become exercisable on the first anniversary of the date of their grant, and the remaining one-third will first become exercisable on the second anniversary of the date of their grant. All other options granted under the independent director stock option plan will become fully exercisable on the second anniversary of their date of grant.

Options granted under the independent director stock option plan are exercisable until the first to occur of

- the tenth anniversary of the date of grant,
- the removal for cause of the independent director as an independent director, or
- three months following the date the independent director ceases to be an independent director for any other reason except death or disability.

The options may be exercised by payment of cash or through the delivery of common stock. They are generally exercisable in the case of death or disability for a period of one year after death or the disabling event, provided that the death or disabling event occurs while the person is an independent director. However, if the option is exercised within the first six months after it becomes exercisable, any shares issued pursuant to such exercise may not be sold until the six month anniversary of the date of the grant of the option. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the independent director stock option plan to the contrary, no option issued pursuant thereto may be exercised if such exercise would jeopardize our status as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code.

No option may be sold, pledged, assigned or transferred by an independent director in any manner otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent or distribution.

Upon our dissolution, liquidation, reorganization, merger or consolidation as a result of which we are not the surviving corporation, or upon sale of all or substantially all of our property, the independent

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director stock option plan will terminate, and any outstanding unexercised options will terminate and be forfeited. However, holders of options may exercise any options that are otherwise exercisable immediately prior to the dissolution, liquidation, consolidation or merger. Additionally, our board may provide for any or all of the following alternatives:

for the assumption by the successor corporation of the options previously granted or the substitution by the corporation for the

options covering the stock of the successor corporation, or a parent or subsidiary thereof, with appropriate adjustments as to the number and kind of shares and exercise prices;

- for the continuance of the independent director stock option plan by such successor corporation in which event the independent director stock option plan and the options will continue in the manner and under the terms so provided; or
- for the payment in cash or common stock in lieu of and in complete satisfaction of the options.

#### OUR ADVISOR

Our advisor, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., is an Illinois corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of our sponsor. Our advisor/business manager reviews and updates our mission statement, determines our businesses' direction, selects the criteria for acquisitions and financing, adjusts the demographic and geographic parameters, analyzes strategic alternatives, adjusts our rate of growth to maximize shareholder value, and updates our business plan that is performed by Inland employees on our behalf involving the combined efforts of highly skilled technical people with many years of experience.

The following table sets forth information regarding the executive officers and directors of our advisor, all of whom have held their positions and offices since its formation in 1998. The biographies of Messrs. Parks, Cosenza, and Goodwin are set forth above under "-- Inland Affiliated Companies" and the biography of Mr. Wilton is set forth under "-- Our Directors and Executive Officers."

NAME	AGE	POSITION AND OFFICE WITH OUR ADVISOR
Daniel L. Goodwin	60 60	Director Director and president
G. Joseph Cosenza	60	Director
Steven P. Grimes	37	Chief financial officer
Brenda G. Gujral	61	Vice president
Lori J. Foust	39	Vice president and controller
Scott W. Wilton	43	Secretary
Debra J. Randall	48	Assistant vice president and assistant controller

<sup>\*</sup>As of January 1, 2004

DEBRA J. RANDALL joined our advisor as assistant vice president on January 30, 2004. Ms. Randall is responsible for our financial and SEC reporting. Prior to joining the advisor, Ms. Randall was a corporate controller for a privately held real estate company and has over 10 years of real estate experience at several public accounting firms. She received her B.A. Degree in Liberal Arts and is in the process of completing her M.A. Degree from DePaul University. She is a certified public accountant and a member of the Illinois CPA Society.

DUTIES OF OUR ADVISOR. Under the terms of our advisory agreement, our advisor generally has responsibility for our day-to-day operations. This includes the following:

- administering our bookkeeping and accounting functions,
- serving as our consultant in connection with policy decisions to be made by our board, managing our properties or causing them to be managed by another party, and
- rendering other services as our board deems appropriate.

Our advisor is subject to the supervision of its board and has only such functions as are delegated to it by its board.

TERM OF THE ADVISORY AGREEMENT. The advisory agreement has an initial term of three years and is renewable for successive one-year terms upon the mutual consent of the parties. It may be terminated by either party, by mutual consent of the parties or by a majority of the independent directors or the advisor, as the case may be, upon 60 days' written notice. If the advisory agreement is terminated, the advisor must cooperate with us and take all reasonable steps requested by our board to assist it in making an orderly transition of the advisory function. Our board shall determine that any successor advisor possesses sufficient qualifications to perform the advisory function for us and justify the compensation provided for in its contract with us.

COMPENSATION TO ADVISOR. The advisory agreement provides for the advisor to be paid:

- an advisor asset management fee after the stockholders have first received a 6% annual return; and
- a property disposition fee; and
- an incentive advisory fee from the net proceeds of a sale of a property after the stockholders have first received a 10% cumulative return and a return of their net investment.

If the advisor or its affiliates perform services that are outside of the scope of the advisory agreement, we will compensate them at rates and in amounts agreed upon by the advisor and the independent directors.

The advisor bears the expenses it incurs in connection with performing its duties under the advisory agreement. These include:

- employee expenses;
- travel and other expenses of its directors, officers and employees;
- rent;
- telephone;
- equipment expenses to the extent they relate to the office maintained by both us and the advisor; and

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miscellaneous administrative expenses incurred in supervising,
 monitoring and inspecting real property or our other investments or

relating to its performance under the advisory agreement. The advisor is reimbursed for the cost to it and its affiliates of goods and services used for and by us and obtained from unaffiliated parties. It is also reimbursed for related administrative services. We bear our own expenses for functions the advisor is not required to perform under the advisory agreement. These generally include capital raising and financing activities, corporate governance matters and other activities not directly related to our properties.

REIMBURSEMENT BY ADVISOR. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the amounts, if any:

- by which our total operating expenses paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of
  - 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year or
  - 25% of our net income, before any additions to or allowance for reserves for depreciation, amortization or bad debts or other similar low-cash reserves before any gain from the sale of our assets, for that fiscal year;
- PLUS an amount, so long as it does not exceed the amount of the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any deficit between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for such fiscal year and the current return. Current return refers to a cumulative, non-compounded return, equal to 6% per annum on net investment.

The advisor is also obligated to pay organization and offering expenses in excess of specified levels. See "Compensation Table" for a description of the fees and reimbursements to which the advisor is entitled. Provided however, only so much of the excess specified in the first bullet point above will be required to be reimbursed as the board, including a majority of the independent directors, determines should justifiably be reimbursed in light of such unanticipated, unusual or non-recurring factors which may have occurred within 60 days after the end of the quarter for which the excess occurred. In this event, the stockholders will be sent a written disclosure and explanation of the factors the independent directors considered in arriving at the conclusion that the higher total operating expenses were justified.

BUSINESS COMBINATION BETWEEN US AND THE ADVISOR. Many REITs that are listed on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system are considered self-administered, because their employees perform all significant management functions. In contrast, those that are not self-administered, like us, typically engage a third-party, such as our advisor, to perform management functions on its behalf. If for any reason the independent directors determine that we should become self-administered, the advisory agreement permits the business conducted by the advisor, including all of its assets, to be acquired by or consolidated into us. A similar provision is included in each management agreement permitting acquisition of the business conducted by the respective property manager, including all of its assets. Until September 15, 2008, such a business combination could only take place with our consent and that of the advisor and property managers. After September 15, 2008, we could acquire these companies in a business combination without their consent.

If the businesses conducted by the advisor and/or a property manager are acquired by or consolidated into us, the advisor and/or the property manager and/or their respective stockholders or members will receive a number of shares in exchange for terminating their respective management agreements and the release and waiver of all fees payable under them. We will be obligated to pay

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fees accrued under such contractual arrangements for services rendered through the closing of the acquisitions.

The number of shares we will issue to the advisor and/or the property managers, as the case may be, will be determined as follows:

- We will first send an election notice to the advisor and/or the property manager, as the case may be, of our election to proceed with such a transaction.
- Next, the net income of the advisor and/or the property manager, as the case may be, for the calendar monthly period immediately preceding the calendar month in which the business combination agreement is signed, as determined by an independent audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, will be annualized. The advisor or the property manager will bear the cost of the audit.
- The annualized net income will then be multiplied by 90% and divided by our funds from operations per weighted average share. Funds from operations per weighted average share will be equal to our annualized funds from operations per weighted average share for the fiscal quarter immediately preceding the fiscal quarter in which the business combination agreement is signed, all based upon our quarterly report delivered to stockholders.

Funds from operations means net income in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, excluding gains or losses from sales of properties, plus depreciation on real property and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures in which we hold an interest.

The resulting quotient will constitute the number of shares to be issued by us to the advisor or the property manager, or their respective shareholders or members, as the case may be. Delivery of the shares and the closing of the transaction must occur within 90 days of delivery after the election notice.

Under some circumstances, this kind of transaction can be entered into and consummated without seeking specific stockholder approval. See "Conflicts of Interest." Any transaction like this will occur, if at all, only if our board obtains a fairness opinion from a recognized financial advisor or institution providing valuation services to the effect that the consideration to be paid is fair to the stockholders from a financial point of view. If the advisory agreement is terminated for any reason other than our acquisition of the business conducted by the advisor, then all obligations of the advisor and its affiliates to offer properties to us will also terminate.

LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION OF ADVISOR. Under the advisory agreement, we are required to indemnify the advisor and to pay or reimburse reasonable expenses in advance of final disposition of a proceeding with respect to the advisor's acts or omissions. However, this is only a requirement so long as:

- the advisor determined in good faith that the course of conduct which caused a loss or liability was in our best interest;
- the advisor was acting on behalf of or performing services for us;
- the liability or loss was not the result of misconduct on the part of

the advisor; and

- the indemnification or agreement to hold harmless is recoverable only out of our net assets and not from the assets of the stockholders.

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We will advance amounts to those entitled to indemnification for legal and other expenses only if:

- the legal action relates to acts or omissions concerning the performance of duties or services by the person seeking indemnification for or on our behalf;
- the legal action is initiated by a third party and a court of competent jurisdiction specifically approves its advancement; and
- the person seeking indemnification who is receiving the advances undertakes to repay the advanced funds to us, together with the applicable legal rate of interest thereon, if such party is found not to be entitled to indemnification.

Although Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. is no longer offering its securities, it has not fully invested all of its anticipated funds available for investment. Accordingly, material conflicting investment opportunities between them and us could be expected. However, we have primarily focused our purchase of retail centers to those west of the Mississippi River, which is outside Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.'s primary geographic area of investment. However, if any conflicts do arise, they will be resolved as provided in the property acquisition service agreement.

#### THE PROPERTY MANAGERS AND THE MANAGEMENT AGREEMENTS

Our present property managers provide property management services to us under the terms of the management agreements. The property managers provide services in connection with the rental, leasing, operation and management of the properties. Our property managers are each Delaware limited liability companies owned by a Delaware limited liability holding company, which in turn is owned by a Delaware corporation owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of The Inland Group. We have agreed to pay the property managers a monthly management fee in an amount no greater than 90% of the fee which would be payable to an unrelated party providing such services, which fee will initially be 4.5% of gross income, as defined in the relevant management agreement, from the properties managed for the month for which the payment is made. In addition, we have agreed to compensate each property manager if it provides us with services other than those specified in the management agreement. There is a separate management agreement for each property for an initial term ending as of December 31 in the year in which the property is acquired, and each management agreement is subject to three successive three-year renewals, unless either party notifies the other in writing of its intent to terminate between 60 and 90 days prior to the expiration of the initial or renewal term. We may terminate with 30 days prior written notice in the event of gross negligence or malfeasance by the property manager. The property managers may subcontract the required property management services for less than the management fee provided in the management agreement. See "Compensation Table -- Nonsubordinated Payments -- Operational Stage." Our property managers may form additional property management companies as necessary to manage the properties we acquire, and may approve of the change of management of a property from one manager to another.

Our property managers, Inland US Management LLC, Inland Southwest Management LLC and Inland Pacific Management LLC, conduct their activities

within states where they manager our properties. The principal executive office of the holding company, Inland HOLDCO Management LLC, is located at 2907 Butterfield Road in Oak Brook, Illinois.

See "--The Advisory Agreement" above in this section and "Conflicts of Interest" for a discussion of our option to acquire or consolidate with the business conducted by the property managers.

The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and managers of Inland HOLDCO Management LLC.

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		POSITION AND OFFICE WITH INLAND HOLDCO
NAME	AGE*	MANAGEMENT LLC
Thomas P. McGuinness	47	President and manager
Robert M. Barg	50	Senior vice president/treasurer, secretary and
		manager
James H. Neubauer	62	Senior vice president
Linda Centanni	49	Vice president
Elizabeth D. McNeely	49	Vice president
Frank Natanek	36	Vice president
Ulana B. Horawelskyj	57	Manager
Alan F. Kremin	57	Manager
Frances c. Panico	54	Manager

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\*As of January 1, 2004

THOMAS P. MCGUINNESS joined Inland Property Management in 1982 and became president of Mid-America Management Corporation in July 1990 and chairman in 2001. He is also president of Inland Property Management, Inc. as well as a director of Inland Commercial Property Management. He is chairman and a director of Inland Mid-Atlantic Management Corp. Mr. McGuinness is a licensed real estate broker; and is past president of the Chicagoland Apartment Association, and past regional vice president of the National Apartment Association. He is currently on the board of directors of the Apartment Building Owners and Managers Association, and is a trustee with the Service Employees' Local No. 1 Health and Welfare Fund, as well as the Pension Fund and holds CLS and CSM accreditations from the International Council of Shopping Centers.

ROBERT M. BARG joined the Inland organization in 1986 and is currently the treasurer of Inland Property Management Group, Inc. Since 2003 he has been a senior vice president, secretary and treasurer of Inland Western Management Corp. In July 2004 he became a director of Inland Western Management Corp. as well as a senior vice president, secretary, treasurer, and a director of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., and Inland Southwest Management Corp. He is also a director, senior vice president, and treasurer of Mid-America Management Corp., and secretary and treasurer of Inland Southern Management Corp. He was secretary and treasurer of Inland Southeast Property Management Corp. from 1998 to 2001. Prior to joining the Inland organization, Mr. Barg was an accounting manager of the Charles H. Shaw Co. He received his B.S. Degree in Business Administration from the University of Illinois at Chicago and a Masters Degree from Western Illinois University. Mr. Barg is a certified public accountant and is a member of the Illinois CPA

Society.

JAMES H. NEUBAUER joined Inland Property Management in 1978 as an on-site manager. In 1981, he was promoted to the position of director of purchasing. Subsequently, in 1983, he became an on-site property manager and, in 1984, he became the president of Inland Western Property Management. From 1985 to 1996, Mr. Neubauer was president and senior vice president of Mid-America Management where he was responsible for all rental property operations outside the Chicagoland metropolitan area, which included New Hampshire, Arizona, Indiana, Wisconsin and Peoria, Moline and Danville, Illinois. He left Inland in 1996 to pursue other opportunities and rejoined Inland Southeast Property Management Corp. in 1999 as senior vice president and in May 2002 was promoted to president. In June 2004, he became a senior vice president of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp. and Inland Western Management Corp. He is a licensed real estate broker in Florida and holds a B.A. degree from the University of Maryland, a M.A. degree from Ball State University and a M.B.A. degree from Benedictine College.

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LINDA CENTANNI joined Mid-America Management Corp. in 1978 in the business office and in 1979 she began working in the accounting department specializing in the area of property management accounts receivable. In 1997 she was promoted to assistant vice president. Her current responsibilities include supervision of 12 people as department head of both accounts receivable and records. In July 2004 she was promoted to a vice president of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp., and Inland Western Management Corp. Ms. Centanni holds an Illinois real estate salesperson license.

ELIZABETH D. MCNEELEY joined Inland Southeast Property Management as a property accountant in January of 2002. In January of 2003 she was promoted to senior property accountant for Inland Western Management Corp., and in July of 2003 was promoted to a vice president of Inland Northwest Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp., and Inland Western Management Corp. Prior to joining Inland, Ms. McNeeley was an accountant for the Burlington Northern Railroad, Pinnacle Relocation and Trase Miller Teleservices. She also taught mathematics at both the Middle School and Jr. College level. Ms. McNeeley holds a BA from North Central College and an MA from DePaul University. She is a licensed Real Estate Sales Agent.

FRANK NATANEK joined The Inland Group in July 2004 as a vice president of Inland Northwest Property Management Corp., Inland Pacific Management Corp., Inland Southwest Management Corp., and Inland Western Management Corp. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Natanek worked for the Hallmark Greeting Card Company from October 2002 to March 2004. Mr. Natanek has a degree from St. Xavier, and a law degree from Loyola University. In addition Mr. Natanek holds an MBA from the University of Chicago.

ULANA B. HORALEWSKYJ joined The Inland Group in 1990 and is currently treasurer of Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation, vice president of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation and president of Partnership Ownership Corporation. In her capacity as vice president of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, Ms. Horalewskyj oversees the cash management and accounting for over 250 Inland private limited partnerships. Prior to joining Inland, she spent four years working for an accounting firm and 10 years in the banking industry. Ms. Horalewskyj received her B.A. from Roosevelt University in Chicago.

ALAN F. KREMIN joined The Inland Group in 1982. Mr. Kremin was promoted to treasurer of The Inland Group, Inland Commercial Property Management, Inc., and various other Inland Group subsidiaries in March 1991. In his current capacity

as the chief financial officer of The Inland Group, a position he has held since 1991, his responsibilities include financial management, cash budgeting and corporate taxes for the consolidated group and serving as a director for various Inland Group subsidiaries and outside affiliated entities, for which he also serves as treasurer. He is a director of Inland Southeast Property Management Corp., and in March 2002 he became a director, secretary and treasurer of Inland Southern Management LLC. In November 2002, he became a director of Mid-Atlantic Management, LLC. Prior to his current position, Mr. Kremin was treasurer of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation from 1986 to 1990, where he supervised the daily operations of its accounting department. That department encompasses corporate accounting for the general partner of the Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation-sponsored limited partnership investment programs. Prior to joining The Inland Group, Mr. Kremin served for one year as a controller of CMC Realty and three years as assistant controller of JMB Realty Corporation. Prior to his real estate experience, Mr. Kremin worked eight years in public accounting, including four years at Arthur Young & Company. He received his B.S. degree in accounting from Loyola University. Mr. Kremin is a certified public accountant, holds securities and insurance licenses and is a licensed real estate broker.

FRANCES C. PANICO joined The Inland Group in 1972 and is president of Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation and senior vice president of Inland Mortgage Corporation and Inland Mortgage

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Investment Corporation. Ms. Panico oversees the operation of loan services, which has a loan portfolio in excess of \$4,200,000,000. She previously supervised the origination, processing and underwriting of single-family mortgages, and she packaged and sold mortgages to secondary markets. Ms. Panico's other primary duties for The Inland Group have included coordinating collection procedures and overseeing the default and resolution process. Ms. Panico received her BA Degree in Business Communication from Northern Illinois University.

The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and managers of Inland US Management LLC.

		POSITION AND OFFICE
		WITH INLAND US
NAME	AGE*	MANAGEMENT LLC
Thomas P. McGuinness	47	President and manager
Robert M. Barg	50	Senior vice president/treasurer, secretary
		and manager
Linda Centanni	49	Vice President
Elizabeth D. McNeely	49	Vice President
Frank Natanek	30	Vice President
Lawrence R. Sajdak, Jr.	24	Assistant vice president
Steven Yee	37	Assistant vice president
Anthony A. Casaccio	48	Manager
Alan F. Kremin	57	Manager
Pamela C. Stewart	47	Manager

DOCTETON AND OFFICE

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<sup>\*</sup>As of January 1, 2004

The biographies of Mr. McGuinness, Mr. Barg, Ms. Centanni, Ms. McNeely, Mr. Natanek and Mr. Kremin are set forth above.

LAWRENCE R. SAJDAK joined The Inland Group in September 1998 as a college intern, working every summer and holiday season. He started in the marketing department and soon became proficient in other departments in management. He has degrees in chemistry and business from North Central College. Prior to joining Inland he was employed by Cintas Corporation. Mr. Sajdak returned to Inland in December 2002 as a department head in the business management department, and subsequently became a property manager. In July 2004 Mr. Sajdak was promoted to an assistant vice president of Inland Northwest Property Management Corp. He is a member of the International Council of Shopping Centers.

STEVEN YEE joined The Inland Group in February of 2004 as a senior property manager, and in July 2004, Mr. Yee was promoted to assistant vice president of Inland Northwest Property Management Corp. Prior to joining Inland he worked for Manulife Financial. His was also the director of operations for MB real estate and a retail property manager for Trammel Crow. His real estate experience includes managing and leasing retail shopping centers in the greater Chicagoland area. Mr. Yee attended DePaul University, receiving a degree in real estate finance. He is a licensed real estate broker, and a member of the International Council of Shopping Centers, and holds CPM and CCIM designations.

ANTHONY A. CASACCIO joined The Inland Group in 1984 working for Inland Condo Association Management. From 1987 to 1991 he was president of Partnership Asset Sales Corporation, and in 1991 when Inland Real Estate Development Corporation was formed, Mr. Casaccio became the president and a director. Mr. Casaccio holds a B.S. degree in accounting from DePaul University. He is a member of the

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DuPage Association of Realtors, the National Association of Realtors, Northern Illinois Commercial Association of Realtors, the National Home Builders Association, the Realtor Association of the Western Suburbs, The Urban Land Institute and the Oswego Economic Development Corporation. Mr. Casaccio is a licensed real estate broker in the state of Illinois.

PAMELA C. STEWART joined Midwest Real Estate Equities, Inc., an affiliate of The Inland Group in 1995 as an acquisition specialist. Prior to joining Midwest Equities, Ms. Stewart worked for another affiliate company, New Directions Housing Corporation (NDHC), a not-for-profit organization that develops affordable housing. In 2002, Ms. Stewart became an assistant vice president and in 2004, she was promoted to vice president of Midwest Real Estate Equities, Inc. Ms. Stewart is responsible for acquiring commercial real estate properties for the company's portfolio and investing corporate funds into redevelopment projects, including rental properties, shopping centers, office buildings and industrial buildings. Ms. Stewart is also the corporate asset management director for The Inland Real Estate Group of Companies. Ms. Stewart has a B.A. degree in Marketing from Roosevelt University. She is a member of the National Association of Realtors, the Northern Illinois Commercial Association of Realtors and she is a Certified Commercial Investment Member (CCIM) and Candidate. She holds a real estate broker's license in the state of Illinois.

The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and managers of Inland Pacific Management LLC.

POSITION AND OFFICE WITH INLAND PACIFIC

NAME	AGE*	MANAGEMENT LLC
Thomas P. McGuinness	47	President and manager
Robert M. Barg	50	Senior vice president/treasurer, secreta
		manager
James H. Neubauer	62	Senior vice president and manager
Linda Centanni	49	Vice President
Elizabeth D. McNeely	49	Vice President
Frank Natanek	30	Vice President
David M. Benjamin	49	Manager
Alan F. Kremin	57	Manager

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The biographies of Mr. McGuinness, Mr. Barg, Mr. Neubauer, Ms. Centanni, Ms. McNeely, Mr. Natanek and Mr. Kremin are set forth above.

DAVID M. BENJAMIN joined The Inland Group in 1983 in the accounting department and is controller of The Inland Real Estate Group. Mr. Benjamin has spent his entire accounting career in the real estate industry, working for American Invesco and Draper and Kramer before coming to Inland. Mr. Benjamin is responsible for the accounting and corporate income tax preparation of various Inland entities and he assists in the day to day oversight of The Inland Real Estate Group accounting department. Mr. Benjamin is a CPA.

The following sets forth information with respect to the executive officers and Managers of Inland Southwest Management LLC.

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		POSITION AND OFFICE
		WITH INLAND SOUTHWEST
NAME	AGE*	MANAGEMENT LLC
Thomas P. McGuinness	47	President and manager
Robert M. Barg	50	Senior vice president/treasurer, secreta
		manager
James H. Neubauer	62	Senior vice president
Linda Centanni	49	Vice President
Elizabeth D. McNeely	49	Vice President
Frank Natanek	30	Vice President
Alan F. Kremin	57	Manager
Ulana B. Horalewskyj	57	Manager
Frances C. Panico	54	Manager

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The biographies of Mr. McGuinness, Mr. Barg, Mr. Neubauer, Ms. Centanni, Ms. McNeely, Mr. Natanek, Ms. Horalewskyj, Mr. Kremin and Ms. Panico are set forth above.

INLAND SECURITIES CORPORATION

<sup>\*</sup>As of January 1, 2004

<sup>\*</sup>As of January 1, 2004

Inland Securities Corporation, our managing dealer, was formed in 1984. It is registered under the applicable federal and state securities laws and is qualified to do business as a securities broker-dealer throughout the United States. Since its formation, the managing dealer has provided the marketing function for distribution of the investment products sponsored by our sponsor. It does not render these services to anyone other than affiliates of The Inland Group, and it does not focus its efforts on the retail sale side of the securities business. It is a member firm of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

The following table sets forth information with respect to the directors, officers and principal employees of Inland Securities Corporation involved in national sales and marketing activities of Inland Securities Corporation. The biography of Mr. Parks set forth above under "-Inland Affiliated Companies" in this section and the biographies of Mrs. Gujral and Ms. Matlin are set forth above under "-Our Directors and Executive Officers" in this section. The biography of Ms. Lynch is also set forth above under "--Our Advisor."

NAME 	AGE*	POSITION AND OFFICE WITH OUR MANAGING DEALER
Brenda G. Gujral	61	President, chief operating officer and dir
Roberta S. Matlin	59	Vice president and director
Catherine L. Lynch	45	Treasurer, secretary and director
Robert D. Parks	60	Director
Brian Conlon	45	Executive vice president
R. Martel Day	54	Executive vice president - national sales marketing
Fred C. Fisher	59	Senior vice president
David Bassitt	61	Senior vice president
John Cunningham	45	Senior vice president
Tomas Giardino	29	Vice president

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Curtis Shoch	31	Vice president
Shawn Vaughan	32	Vice president
Mark Lavery	28	Vice president
Ralph Rudolph	40	Vice president
Robert J. Babcock	28	Vice president
Frank V. Pinelli	57	Vice president
Matthew Polodsky	32	Vice president
Darrell Rau	48	Vice president
Jeffrey S. Hertiz	30	Vice President

\*As of January 1, 2004

BRIAN M. CONLON joined Inland Securities Corporation as executive vice president in September 1999. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Conlon was executive vice president and chief operating officer of Wells Real Estate Funds, where he was responsible for overseeing day to day operations of the firm's real estate investment and capital raising initiatives. Mr. Conlon is a General Securities Principal, is licensed as a real estate broker in Georgia, and has earned the

Certified Financial Planner and Certified Commercial Investment Member designations. Mr. Conlon currently serves on the national board of directors for the Financial Planning Association. Mr. Conlon holds Series 7, 24 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

R. MARTEL DAY is executive vice president and national sales director for Inland Securities Corporation, and he is responsible for the sale of Inland's investment products nationwide. Mr. Day joined Inland in 1984 as a regional representative in the southeast. Since then, he has served as regional vice president, senior vice president and national marketing director.

Mr. Day graduated with an Engineering degree from the Georgia Institute of Technology. He is a member of the board of directors of the Investment Program Association (IPA), a member of the Financial Planning Association (FPA), and the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT). He holds General Securities and Registered Investment Advisor licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

FRED C. FISHER is a senior vice president of Inland Securities Corporation, which he joined in 1984. Mr. Fisher began his career with Inland Securities Corporation as regional vice president for the Midwest region. In 1994, he was promoted to senior vice president. Mr. Fisher received his bachelor's degree from John Carroll University. Before joining Inland Securities Corporation, he spent nine years as a regional sales manager for the S.S. Pierce Company. Mr. Fisher holds Series 7, 22 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

DAVID BASSITT joined Inland Securities Corporation as a senior vice president in March 2001. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Bassitt was director of financial services with AEI Fund Management, Inc. and was responsible for wholesaling public and private net lease real estate investments and 1031 property exchanges to financial planners. Mr. Bassitt received his bachelor's degree from Ferris State University, and a master's degree from St. Cloud University. Mr. Bassitt holds Series 6, 7, 22 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM is a senior vice president of Inland Securities Corporation. He joined an affiliate of The Inland Group in January 1995 as a commercial real estate broker. In March 1997, Mr. Cunningham was hired by Inland Securities Corporation as a regional representative for the western region, and he was promoted to a vice president in 1999. In 2002, he became senior vice president of the western region. Mr. Cunningham graduated from Governors State University with a B.S. degree in business administration, concentrating in marketing. Before joining the Inland organization,

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Mr. Cunningham owned and operated his own business and developed real estate. He holds Series 7 and Series 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

TOMAS GIARDINO joined Inland Securities Corporation as vice president in September 2000. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Giardino was the director of mutual fund sales at SunAmerica Securities, where he was responsible for increasing the market share of nine focus firms at the broker dealer. Mr. Giardino entered the securities industry in January 1999. Prior to entering the securities industry, Mr. Giardino was in the advertising field for four years. Mr. Giardino received his B.A. in political science from Arizona State University in May 1998. He holds Series 7, 63 and 65 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

CURTIS SHOCH joined Inland Securities Corporation as vice president in January 2000. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Shoch was assistant vice president at Wells Real Estate Funds, where he was responsible for launching new real estate investment alternatives in the southeastern United States. Mr. Shoch began his career in 1994 with Keogler Investment Advisory Services. Mr. Shoch graduated from Lynchburg College in Lynchburg, Virginia in 1994 with a major in marketing and an emphasis in finance. He is a Registered Representative as well as a Registered Investment Advisor. Mr. Shoch holds Series 7, 63 and 65 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

SHAWN VAUGHAN joined Inland Securities Corporation as vice president in August 2000. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Vaughan was assistant vice president at Wells Real Estate Funds, where he was responsible for marketing real estate investments in the mid-Atlantic region. Mr. Vaughan started his career in financial services in 1994 on the retail side of the business with a successful financial planning firm. During this time, he was responsible for handling every aspect of the financial planning process. Mr. Vaughan holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

MARK LAVERY joined Inland Securities Corporation as a vice president in April 2001. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Lavery was with Charles Schwab, where he was on an active trade team. Mr. Lavery began his career with Investment Planners. Mr. Lavery graduated from Milliken University in 1997 with a B.S. in finance. Mr. Lavery holds Series 7 and 66 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

RALPH RUDOLPH joined Inland Securities Corporation in 1995 as a regional representative for Midwest team and was promoted to a vice president in 2000. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Rudolph served in the United States Marine Corp. and worked for another broker-dealer. He is a graduate of Elmhurst College with a degree in business administration. Mr. Rudolph holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

ROBERT J. BABCOCK joined Inland Securities Corporation as a vice president in March 2004. Prior to joining Inland, Mr. Babcock was an external wholesaler with AEI Fund Management, Inc. and was responsible for wholesaling public and private net lease real estate investments and 1031 property exchanges to financial planners. Mr. Babcock began his career as a financial advisor with American Express Financial Advisors in 1999. He received his bachelor's degree from Gustavus Adolphus College. Mr. Babcock holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

FRANK V. PINELLI joined Inland Securities Corporation in 2004 as a vice president. He was previously employed with The Inland Group from 1973-1983 where he worked in property management, real estate sales, and real estate acquisitions. Prior to rejoining the Inland staff, from 1984-2003 Mr. Pinelli was a principal in his own real estate firm and developed an international marketing organization. Mr. Pinelli is a graduate of Southern Illinois University. He holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc and also is licensed as a real estate broker in Illinois and Oregon.

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MATTHEW PODOLSKY joined Inland Securities Corporation as a vice president in April 2003. Mr. Podolsky started his career in real estate in 1994 on the commercial sales and leasing side with Cushman and Wakefield of California, Inc. Prior to joining Inland Securities Corporation he was a vice president at CB Richard Ellis, Inc. Mr. Podolsky graduated from the University of Arizona with a B.S. in Regional Development/Urban Planning. He holds Series 7 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and a real estate

license in the state of California.

DARRELL RAU joined Inland Securities Corporation in 2004 as a vice president of the midwest region where he develops sales and new broker/dealer relationships. Prior to joining Inland in 2004, Mr. Rau was vice president of developing markets at CTE Pension Advisors. Mr. Rau graduated magna cum laude from Northwood University in Midland, Michigan with a degree in Business Administration. He holds Series 6,7,62 and 63 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

JEFFREY S. HERTZ joined Inland Securities Corporation as a vice president in September 2004. Mr. Hertz started his career in the securities industry in 2000 with Nuveen Investments as a trader, working with unit investment trusts and exchange traded funds. Prior to joining Inland Securities Corporation, he was an advisor services representative for Nuveen. Mr. Hertz graduated from the University of Oregon with a B.A. in psychology. He holds Series 7, 63 and 65 licenses with the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

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# LIMITATION OF LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OUR ADVISOR

The laws that we are subject to and our articles of incorporation provide that our advisor and directors are deemed to be in a fiduciary relationship to us and our stockholders and that our directors have a fiduciary duty to the stockholders to supervise our relationship with the advisor.

Maryland law provides that a director has no liability in the capacity as a director if he performs his duties in good faith, in a manner he reasonably believes to be in our best interests, and with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances. Maryland law also provides that an act by a director of a Maryland corporation is presumed to satisfy the standards of the preceding sentence. Our articles of incorporation and bylaws provide that the liability of our directors and officers is limited to the fullest extent permitted by Maryland law and that none of our directors and officers will be liable to us or to any of our stockholders for money damages, including for breach of their fiduciary duty to us. As a result, our directors and officers will not be liable for monetary damages unless:

- the person actually received an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services; and
- the person is adjudged to be liable based on a finding that the person's action, or failure to act, was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty and was material to the cause of action adjudicated in the proceeding.

Maryland law provides that a corporation may indemnify any director, officer, employee or agent, unless it is established that:

- the act or omission of the person was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding, and
  - was committed in bad faith, or
  - was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty;
- the person actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or

- in the case of any criminal proceeding, the person had reasonable cause to believe the act or omission was unlawful.

Except as described below, our articles of incorporation authorize and direct us to indemnify and pay or reimburse reasonable expenses to any director, officer, employee or agent we employ, and the advisor and its affiliates, to the fullest extent permitted by Maryland law. As long as we qualify as a REIT we will not indemnify or reimburse the expenses of any director, officer, employee, agent or the advisor or its affiliates unless:

- the directors have determined, in good faith, that the course of conduct which caused the loss or liability was in our best interests;
- the person seeking indemnification was acting on our behalf or performing services for us;
- the liability or loss was not the result of negligence or misconduct on the part of the person seeking indemnification, except that if the person seeking indemnification is or was an independent director, the liability or loss will not have been the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct; and

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 such indemnification or agreement to be held harmless is recoverable only out of our net assets and not from the assets of the stockholders.

As long as we qualify as a REIT, we will not indemnify any director, officer, employee, agent or the advisor or its affiliates for losses, liabilities or expenses arising from or out of an alleged violation of federal or state securities laws unless one or more of the following conditions are met:

- there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations;
- the claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
- a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims and finds that indemnification of the settlement and related costs should be made, and the court considering the request has been advised of the position of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the published position of any state securities regulatory authority in which our securities were offered and sold as to indemnification for securities law violations.

We will advance amounts to a person entitled to indemnification for legal and other expenses and costs incurred as a result of any legal action for which indemnification is being sought only in accordance with Maryland law and, as long as we qualify as a REIT, only if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the legal action relates to acts or omissions relating to the performance of duties or services by the person seeking indemnification for us or on our behalf;
- the legal action is initiated by a third party who is not a stockholder or the legal action is initiated by a stockholder acting in his or her capacity as such and a court of competent jurisdiction

specifically approves advancement; and

- the person seeking indemnification undertakes in writing to repay us the advanced funds, together with interest at the applicable legal rate of interest, if the person seeking indemnification is found not to be entitled to indemnification.

We may purchase and maintain insurance or provide similar protection on behalf of any director, officer, employee, agent or the advisor or its affiliates against any liability asserted which was incurred in any such capacity with us or arising out of such status; provided, however, that we will not incur the costs of any liability insurance which insures any person against liability for which he, she or it could not be indemnified under our articles of incorporation or bylaws. We may enter into any contract for indemnity and advancement of expenses with any director, officer, employee or agent as may be determined by the board and as permitted by law. We have not purchased insurance on behalf of any person but we intend to.

We have entered into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and some of our executive officers. The indemnification agreements will require that we indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by law, and advance to the directors and officers all related expenses, subject to reimbursement if it is subsequently determined that indemnification is not permitted. The agreements provide that we also must indemnify and advance all expenses incurred by directors and officers seeking to enforce their rights under the indemnification agreements and cover directors and officers under our directors' and officers' liability insurance, if any. Although the indemnification agreements offer substantially the same scope of coverage afforded by provisions in our articles of

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incorporation and the bylaws, they provide greater assurance to directors and officers that indemnification will be available, because as a contract, it cannot be unilaterally modified by the board or by the stockholders to eliminate the rights it provides.

We have been advised that, in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any indemnification that applies to liabilities arising under the Securities Act is contrary to public policy and, therefore, unenforceable.

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## PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table provides information as of October 7, 2004 regarding the number and percentage of shares beneficially owned by each director, each executive officer, all directors and executive officers as a group and any person known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of our outstanding shares. As of October 7, 2004, no stockholder beneficially owned more than 5% of our outstanding shares. As of October 7, 2004, we had approximately 41,000 stockholders of record and approximately 152,126,358 shares of common stock outstanding. Beneficial ownership includes outstanding shares and shares which are not outstanding that any person has the right to acquire within 60 days after the date of this table. However, any such shares which are not outstanding are not deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage of outstanding shares beneficially owned by any other person. Except as indicated, the persons named in the table have sole voting and investing power with respect to all shares beneficially owned by them.

BENEFICIAL OWNER	NUMBER OF SHARES BENEFICIALLY OWNED	PERCENT OF CLASS	
Robert D. Parks	96,843.8258(1)	*%	
Roberta S. Matlin	174.8127	*	
Scott W. Wilton	0	0	
Steven P. Grimes	0	0	
Lori A. Foust	0	0	
Brenda G. Gujral	0	0	
Frank A. Catalano, Jr.	2,000 (2)	*	
Kenneth H. Beard	2,000 (2)	*	
Paul R. Gauvreau	113,731.8436 (2)	*	
Gerald M. Gorski	3,979.4431 (2)	*	
Barbara A. Murphy	2,000 (2)	*	
All directors and executive officers			
as a group (12 persons)	220,729.9252 (1)	*%	

#### \*Less than 1%

- (1) Includes 20,000 shares owned by our advisor. Our advisor is a wholly-owned subsidiary of our sponsor, which is an affiliate of The Inland Group. Mr. Parks is a control person of The Inland Group and disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares owned by our advisor.
- (2) Includes 2,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options granted to each independent director under our independent director stock option plan, to the extent that such options are currently exercisable or will become exercisable within 60 days after the date of this table.

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#### OUR STRUCTURE AND FORMATION

We were formed in March 2003 as a Maryland corporation. Our articles of incorporation and bylaws became operative on March 5, 2003. Our existence is perpetual.

#### STRUCTURE

We intend to own all of our assets, either directly or indirectly. Our advisor contributed \$200,000 to us for 20,000 shares of our common stock to form us. Our advisor has agreed to not sell their initial investment while the advisor remains our sponsor, but may transfer these shares to its own affiliates. A REIT may conduct some of its business and hold some of its interests in properties in "qualified REIT subsidiaries," which must be owned 100% by the REIT or through "taxable REIT subsidiaries" which may be wholly or partially owned. Although we currently do not intend to have any qualified REIT subsidiaries, we may in the future decide to conduct some business or hold some of our interests in properties in qualified REIT subsidiaries.

See "How We Operate - Organizational Chart" for a diagram depicting the services rendered by our affiliates to us, as well as our organizational structure.

Prior to this offering, if all of the 250,000,000 shares from our first offering are sold, the advisor's 20,000 shares represent .008% of the

outstanding shares. If all of the 250,000,000 shares from our first offering are sold for gross offering proceeds of \$2,500,000,000 and if all of the 250,000,000 of the shares offered by this prospectus are sold for gross offering proceeds of \$2,500,000,000 as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, assuming no other shares are issued or sold, the advisor's 20,000 shares will then represent only .004% of the outstanding shares.

We have formed entities to acquire each of the properties currently owned by us. We may form entities to acquire additional properties. They will be owned or controlled directly or indirectly by us. In the case of the properties currently owned by us, the entities that own our properties are all directly or indirectly owned by us.

Robert D. Parks, Brenda G. Gujral, Roberta S. Matlin, Daniel L. Goodwin, Catherine L. Lynch, Steven P. Grimes and Lori A. Foust are considered our promoters. Mr. Parks is our chairman and a director. Ms. Gujral is a director. Ms. Matlin is our vice president. Mr. Grimes is our Principal Financial Officer and Ms. Foust is our Principal Accounting Officer. None of our promoters are employed by us. Other than Mr. Parks and Ms. Gujral, Ms. Matlin, Mr. Grimes and Ms. Foust, none of our promoters are officers or directors of us.

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#### SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following table sets forth selected financial information about us, and should be read in conjunction with the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Our Consolidated Financial Condition and Results of Operation" and the Financial Statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The following net income (loss) and distributions per share basic and diluted are based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 the distributions per common share are based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period from October 2, 2003 (first day shares were sold to the public) to December 31, 2003. For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, \$357,790 (or 100% of the distributions paid for 2003) represented a return of capital due to the tax loss in 2003.

	 FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30-JUN-04	PERIOD FROM MARCH 5, 2003 (INCEPTION) THROUGH 30-JUN-03	PERIC MARCH (INCE THR 31-D
Total assets	\$ 1,532,426,247	884,411	21
Mortgages payable	\$ 588,631,295	0	2
Total income	\$ 29,452,928	0	
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,147,141	(9,750)	
basic and diluted	\$ 0.04	(0.49)	

Distributions declared  Distributions per weighted average	\$ 16,645,065	0	
common share	\$ 0.34	0	
Funds from operations	\$ 11,935,240	0	
activities	\$ 15,696,664	0	
Cash flows used in investing activities  Cash flows provided by financing	\$ (1,148,662,789)	0	(13
activities Weighted average number of common	\$ 1,195,481,997	200,000	19
shares outstanding, basic and diluted	48,805,229	20,000	

The distributions per common share are based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period from October 2, 2003 (first day shares were sold to the public) to December 31, 2003.

One of our objectives is to provide cash distributions to our stockholders from cash generated by our operations. Cash generated from operations is not equivalent to our net income from continuing

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operations as determined under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America or GAAP. Due to certain unique operating characteristics of real estate companies, the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts or NAREIT, an industry trade group, has promulgated a standard known as "Funds from Operations" or "FFO" for short, which it believes more accurately reflects the operating performance of a REIT such as us. As defined by NAREIT, FFO means net income computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation on real property and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures in which the REIT holds an interest. We have adopted the NAREIT definition for computing FFO because management believes that, subject to the following limitations, FFO provides a basis for comparing our performance and operations to those of other REITs. The calculation of FFO may vary from entity to entity since capitalization and expense policies tend to vary from entity to entity. Items which are capitalized do not impact FFO, whereas items that are expensed reduce FFO. Consequently, our presentation of FFO may not be comparable to other similarly-titled measures presented by other REITs. FFO is not intended to be an alternative to "Net Income" as an indicator of our performance nor to "Cash Flows from Operating Activities" as determined by GAAP as a measure of our capacity to pay distributions. We believe that FFO is a better measure of our operating performance because FFO excludes non-cash items from GAAP net income. This allows us to compare our relative property performance to determine our return on capital. Management uses the calculation of FFO for several reasons. We use FFO to compare our performance to that of other REITs in our peer group. Additionally, we use FFO in conjunction with our acquisition policy to determine investment capitalization strategy. FFO is calculated as follows:

Net income (loss)

PER
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 2003 (
30-JUNE-04

\$

(173

2,147,141 \$

Funds from operations (1)	\$	11,935,240	\$ 18
related to investment properties		9,788,099	192
Depreciation and amortization			

(1) FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities calculated in accordance with GAAP and is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of our operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity.

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#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### GENERAL

Our investment objectives are to:

- make regular distributions to the stockholders, which may be in amounts which may exceed our taxable income due to the non-cash nature of depreciation expense and, to such extent, will constitute a tax-deferred return of capital, but in no event less than 90% of our taxable income;
- provide a hedge against inflation by entering into leases which contain clauses for scheduled rent escalations or participation in the growth of tenant sales, permitting us to increase distributions and realize capital appreciation; and
- preserve stockholders' capital.

It is our policy to acquire properties primarily for income as distinguished from primarily for possible capital gain.

#### DISTRIBUTIONS

Federal income tax law requires that a REIT distribute annually at least 90% of its REIT Taxable Income. See "Federal Income Tax Considerations -- Federal Income Taxation as a REIT." In order to qualify for REIT status we may be required to make distributions in excess of cash available. For a discussion of the tax treatment of distributions to you, see "Federal Income Tax Considerations."

We anticipate that distributions will be paid to our domestic stockholders on a monthly basis and to our foreign stockholders on a quarterly basis. Distributions will be at the discretion of the board. Our ability to pay distributions and the size of these distributions will depend upon a variety of factors. We cannot assure that distributions will continue to be made or that any particular level of distributions established in the future, if any, will be maintained by us.

At the March 19, 2004 regularly scheduled board meeting, the board unanimously approved a resolution to delegate to our management committee, which includes our chief executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer and secretary, the authority to make monthly distributions to stockholders on our common stock in an amount between 6.0% and 7.25% on an annualized basis, for the remainder of the 2004 calendar year.

Our board approved the following distributions payable to holders of our common stock:

- \$.30 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on October 31, 2003, payable on November 10, 2003;
- \$.50 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on November 30, 2003, payable on December 10, 2003;
- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on December 31, 2003, payable on January 10, 2004;
- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on January 31, 2004, payable on February 10, 2004;

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- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on February 29, 2004, payable on March 10, 2004;
- \$.70 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on March 31, 2004, payable on April 10, 2004;
- \$.67 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on April 30, 2004, payable on May 10, 2004;
- \$.675 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on May 31, 2004, payable on June 10, 2004;
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on June 30, 2004, payable on July 10, 2004;
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on July 31, 2004, payable on August 10, 2004;
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on August 31, 2004, payable on September 10, 2004; and
- \$.65 per share per annum for the stockholders of record on September 30, 2004, payable on October 10, 2004.

#### TYPES OF INVESTMENTS

We were formed to acquire and manage a portfolio of real estate which is diversified by geographical location and by type and size of retail centers. Our properties will consist of real estate primarily improved for use as retail establishments, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. We believe that our real estate will be located primarily in the states west of the Mississippi River in the United States. We will endeavor to acquire multiple properties within the same major metropolitan markets where acquisitions result in efficient property operations with the potential to achieve market leverage. See "Real Property Investments -- General."

Most of these properties will be subject to "net" leases. "Net" leases typically require tenants to pay a share, either pro rata or fixed, of all or a majority of the operating expenses. Operating expenses include real estate taxes, special assessments, utilities, insurance, common area maintenance and building repairs related to the property, as well as base rent payments.

We may also acquire real estate improved with other commercial facilities which provide goods and services as well as those leased on a double or

triple-net-lease basis which are either commercial or retail. Triple-net-leases also require the tenant to pay a base minimum annual rent with periodic increases. We may enter into sale and leaseback transactions in which we will purchase a property and lease the property to the seller of the property.

To provide us with a competitive advantage over potential purchasers of properties who must secure financing, we intend to acquire properties free and clear of permanent mortgage debt. We will do this by paying the entire purchase price of property in cash, shares, interest in entities that own our properties or a combination of any of these. We may incur debt of a property to acquire properties where our board determines that incurring such debt is in our best interest. In addition, from time to time, we intend to acquire some properties without financing and later incur mortgage debt secured by selected or all such properties if favorable financing terms are available. We will use the proceeds from such loans to

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acquire additional properties. See "Borrowing" under this section for a more detailed explanation of our borrowing intentions and limitations.

We may purchase properties subject to completion of construction in accordance with terms and conditions we specify. In these cases, we will be obligated to purchase the property at the completion of construction, if construction conforms to definitive plans, specifications and costs approved by us and embodied in the construction contract, as well as, in most instances, satisfaction that agreed upon percentages of the property are leased. We will receive a certificate of an architect, engineer or other appropriate party, stating that the property complies with all plans and specifications. We may construct or develop properties, and render services in connection with the development or construction, subject to compliance with applicable requirements under federal income tax laws. Construction and development activities will expose us to risks such as cost overruns, carrying costs of projects under construction and development, availability and costs of materials and labor, our inability to obtain tenants, weather conditions, and government regulation.

See "- Investment Limitations" under this section and "Summary of Our Organizational Documents -- Restrictions on Investments" for investment limitations.

#### PROPERTY ACQUISITION STANDARDS

We have signed a property acquisition service agreement with Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc. Under that agreement, Inland Real Estate Acquisitions has agreed to seek properties for us and to perform due diligence on the properties and negotiate the terms of the purchase. Through its experience with the acquisition of over 1,000 real properties by our affiliates, the advisor believes Inland Real Estate Acquisitions has the ability to identify quality real properties capable of meeting our investment objectives. When evaluating property, Inland Real Estate Acquisitions will consider a number of factors, including a real property's:

- geographic location and type;
- construction quality and condition;
- current and projected cash flow;
- potential for capital appreciation;
- lease rent roll, including the potential for rent increases;

- potential for economic growth in the tax and regulatory environment of the community in which the property is located;
- potential for expanding the physical layout of the property and/or the number of sites;
- occupancy and demand by tenants for properties of a similar type in the same geographic vicinity;
- prospects for liquidity through sale, financing or refinancing of the property;
- competition from existing properties and the potential for the construction of new properties in the area; and
- treatment under applicable federal, state and local tax and other laws and regulations.

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Inland Real Estate Acquisitions also requires the seller of a property to provide a current Phase I environmental report and, if necessary, a Phase II environmental report.

Before purchasing a property, Inland Real Estate Acquisitions examines and evaluates the potential value of the site, the financial condition and business history of the property, the demographics of the area in which the property is located or to be located, the proposed purchase price, geographic and market diversification and potential sales. In a sale-leaseback situation, since the seller of the property generally is assuming the operating risk, the price paid for the property by us may be greater than if it was not leased back to the seller. All acquisitions from our affiliates must be approved by a majority of our directors, including a majority of the independent directors.

#### DESCRIPTION OF LEASES

When spaces become vacant or existing leases expire, we anticipate entering into "net" leases. Net leases require tenants to pay a share, either pro rata or fixed, of all or a majority of the operating expenses, including real estate taxes, special assessments, insurance, utilities, common area maintenance and building repairs related to the properties, as well as base rent payments. We intend to include provisions which increase the amount of base rent payable at various points during the lease term and/or provide for the payment of additional rent calculated as a percentage of a tenant's gross sales above predetermined thresholds in most leases. The leases with most anchor tenants generally have initial terms of 10 to 25 years, with one or more renewal options available to the tenant. By contrast, smaller tenant leases typically have three—to five—year terms.

Triple net leases generally have a term of 15 to 25 years and are typically not less than 10 years. In addition, the tenant of a triple-net-lease is responsible for the base rent in addition to the costs and expenses related to property taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance applicable to the leased space.

Each net lease tenant is required to pay its share of the cost of the liability insurance covering the property in which it is a tenant. The third-party liability coverage insures, among others, us, our advisor and our property manager. Typically, each tenant is required to obtain, at its own expense, property insurance naming us as the insured party for fire and other

casualty losses in an amount equal to the full value of its premises and the contents of the premises. All property insurance must be approved by the property manager. In general, the net lease may be assigned or subleased with our prior written consent, but the original tenant must remain liable under the lease unless the assignee meets income and net worth tests.

In connection with sale and leaseback transactions, the tenant is responsible for paying a predetermined minimum annual rent generally based upon our cost of purchasing the land and building. In addition to the base rent, these tenants are generally responsible for the costs and expenses related to property taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance applicable to the leased space.

#### PROPERTY ACQUISITION

We anticipate acquiring fee interests or leasehold interests in properties, although other methods of acquiring a property may be used if we deem it to be advantageous. For example, we may acquire properties through a joint venture or the acquisition of substantially all of the interests of an entity which in turn owns the real property. We may also use separate entities to acquire a property. Such entities will be formed solely for the purpose of acquiring a property or properties. See " -- Joint Ventures" in this section and "Federal Income Tax Considerations -- Federal Income Taxation as a REIT."

Our advisor and its affiliates may purchase properties in their own name, assume loans in connection with the purchase or loan and temporarily hold title to the properties for the purpose of

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facilitating acquisition or financing by us, the completion of construction of the property or any other purpose related to our business.

Under our articles of incorporation, we are prohibited from purchasing a property from an affiliate unless a majority of the directors not interested in the transaction and a majority of our independent directors approve the purchase as fair and reasonable to us and at a cost to us no greater than the cost of the asset to our affiliate. However, the cost to us may be greater than the cost to our affiliate if a substantial justification for the excess exists and such excess is reasonable. Our policy currently provides that in no event may our cost of the asset exceed its appraised value at the time we acquire the property.

If remodeling is required prior to the purchase of a property, we will pay a negotiated maximum amount either upon completion or in installments commencing prior to completion. The price will be based on the estimated cost of remodeling. In such instances, we will also have the right to review the tenant's books during and following completion of the remodeling to verify actual costs. If substantial disparity exists between estimated and actual costs, an adjustment in the purchase price may be negotiated. If remodeling is required after the purchase of a property, an affiliate of our advisor may serve as construction manager for a fee no greater than 90% of the fee a third party would charge for such services.

#### BORROWING

We intend to acquire properties free and clear of permanent mortgage indebtedness by paying the entire purchase price in cash or for shares, interest in our subsidiaries that own our properties, or a combination of any of these. However, we may incur indebtedness to acquire properties where our board determines that it is in our best interest. On properties purchased without

financing, we may later incur mortgage debt by obtaining loans secured by selected properties, if favorable financing terms are available. We will use the proceeds from such loans to acquire additional properties. We may also incur debt to finance improvements to our properties. Aggregate borrowings secured by all of our properties will not exceed 55% of their combined fair market value. Our articles of incorporation provide that the aggregate amount of borrowing in relation to the net assets, in the absence of a satisfactory showing that a higher level is appropriate, not exceed 300% of net assets. Net assets means our total assets, other than intangibles at cost before deducting depreciation or other non-cash reserves less our total liabilities, calculated at least quarterly on a basis consistently applied. Any excess in borrowing over such 300% of net assets level must be approved by a majority of our independent directors, disclosed to our stockholders in our next quarterly report to stockholders, along with justification for such excess.

We may incur debt secured by our properties, but most likely on a non-recourse basis, some of which may be subject to certain carve outs. This means that a lender's rights on default will generally be limited to foreclosing on the property. We may secure recourse financing or provide a guarantee to lenders if we believe this may result in more favorable terms. When we give a guaranty for a property, we will be responsible to the lender for the satisfaction of the indebtedness if it is not paid by the property. We do not borrow funds from a program sponsored by our advisor or its affiliates which makes or invests in mortgage loans. We seek to obtain financing which will result in the most favorable overall economic benefit while balancing various risk factors associated with the debt. At certain times the majority of debt may require level payments and at others the majority may be based on variable rates. We have determined that it may be in our best interest to make use of mortgages the majority of which provide for a balloon payment. There are no prescribed limits on the number or amount of mortgages which may be placed on any one property. Any mortgages secured by a property will comply with the restrictions set forth by the Commissioner of Corporations of the State of California.

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Our board unanimously approved that consistent with our borrowing policies, we may commit up to the aggregate of \$25 million for letters of credit in order to obtain financing for properties.

Our board adopted a policy to delegate to management the ability to obtain unsecured general financing facilities up to \$150,000,000 requiring a deposit not to exceed 3% of the facility amount without prior approval by the board of directors. These facilities would then be matched with specific properties, which would secure the amounts due under the general facilities.

#### SALE OR DISPOSITION OF PROPERTIES

Our board will determine whether a particular property should be sold or otherwise disposed of after considering the relevant factors, including performance or projected performance of the property and market conditions, with a view toward achieving our principal investment objectives.

We intend to hold our properties for a minimum of four years prior to selling them. See "Federal Income Tax Considerations -- Federal Income Taxation as a REIT." We also intend to reinvest the proceeds from the sale, financing, refinancing or other disposition of our properties into additional properties. Alternatively, we may use these proceeds to fund maintenance or repair of existing properties or to increase reserves for such purposes. The objective of reinvesting the sale, financing and refinancing proceeds in new properties is to increase our real estate assets, and our net income, which our board believes

will enhance our chances of having our shares traded in a public trading market. Notwithstanding this policy, the board, in its discretion, may distribute all or part of the proceeds from the sale, financing, refinancing or other disposition of all or any of our properties to our stockholders. In determining whether to distribute these proceeds to stockholders, the board will consider, among other factors, the desirability of properties available for purchase, real estate market conditions, the likelihood of the listing of our shares on a national stock exchange or including the shares for quotation on a national market system and compliance with the applicable requirements under federal income tax law under federal income tax laws. Because we may reinvest the proceeds from the sale, financing or refinancing of our properties, we could hold stockholders' capital indefinitely. However, upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of common stock, we will be forced to liquidate our assets and dissolve.

When we sell a property, we intend to obtain an all-cash sale price. However, we may take a purchase money obligation secured by a mortgage on the property as partial payment, and there are no limitations or restrictions on our ability to take such purchase money obligations. The terms of payment to us will be affected by custom in the area in which the property being sold is located and the then prevailing economic conditions. If we receive notes and other property instead of cash from sales, these proceeds, other than any interest payable on these proceeds, will not be available for distributions until and to the extent the notes or other property are actually paid, sold, refinanced or otherwise disposed. Therefore, the distribution of the proceeds of a sale to the stockholders may be delayed until that time. In these cases, we will receive payments in cash and other property in the year of sale in an amount less than the selling price and subsequent payments will be spread over a number of years. See "Federal Income Tax Considerations."

#### CHANGE IN INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Our stockholders have no voting rights to implement our investment objectives and policies. Our board has the responsibility for our investment objectives and policies. Our board may not, however, make any material changes regarding the restrictions on investment policies set forth in our articles of incorporation without amending the articles of incorporation. Any amendment to our articles of incorporation requires the affirmative vote of a majority of our then outstanding voting shares of common stock. See "Summary of Our Organizational Documents -- Restrictions on Investments."

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#### INVESTMENT LIMITATIONS

#### We will not:

- invest more than 10% of our total assets in unimproved real property (and will only invest in unimproved real property intended to be developed) or in mortgage loans on unimproved real property;
- invest in commodities or commodity future contracts;
- issue redeemable shares of common stock;
- issue shares on a deferred payment basis or other similar arrangement;
   and
- operate in such a manner as to be classified as an "investment company" for purposes of the Investment Company Act. See "Summary of Our Organizational Documents -- Restrictions on Investments" for additional investment limitations.

We do not intend to engage in hedging or similar activities for speculative purposes.

We have no current plans to invest any proceeds from this offering, or other funds, in the securities of other issuers for the purpose of exercising control over such other issuers.

#### OTHER INVESTMENTS

Consistent with our investment limitations, we may from time to time invest amounts of money in the securities of other companies that may or may not be REITs or companies related to real estate to seek superior returns on these investments. In addition, we may make loans to third parties from time to time in connection with retail centers we intend to purchase or on a short-term basis to real estate ventures.

Our advisor has informed our board that it is increasingly concerned about the potential that mortgage interest rates at which we can borrow will increase during 2004. Our board, including all of our independent directors, unanimously approved a resolution for the following:

We may invest in interest rate futures, an interest rate hedging strategy designed to offset the risks of potential interest rate increases on our long-term borrowings. Should conditions warrant, this interest rate hedging strategy will be implemented over a period of time. We intend to invest in up to \$100 million in interest rate futures, both five and seven year treasuries, with maturities of 90 days. Our initial cash outlay in this interest rate hedging strategy is expected to be between 1 to 2% of the value of our investment in the interest rate futures. Risks associated with this interest rate hedging strategy are primarily associated with declines in interest rates. As rates decline, we risk having to increase our initial cash outlay, and may incur losses on our investments in interest rate futures.

An affiliate of our advisor, Inland Investment Advisors, Inc., the investment advisor, will be managing this interest rate hedging strategy. Fees paid to the investment advisor are expected to be similar to those incurred using a third party investment advisor.

We may also retain the investment advisor to invest up to \$10 million of our cash in publicly traded investment securities. Fees paid to the investment advisor are expected to be similar to those incurred using a third party investment advisor.

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We may enter into an initial \$50 million (which could increase to \$100 million) twelve month credit facility with an affiliate of our advisor, Inland Real Estate Exchange Corporation (IREX) for its 1031 exchange program. IREX will use the funds to purchase real estate investments that meet the criterion consistent with our real estate investment policies.

#### APPRAISALS

All real property acquisitions to be made by us will be supported by an appraisal prepared by a competent, independent appraiser who is a member-in-good standing of the Appraisal Institute prior to the purchase of the property. Our policy currently provides that the purchase price of each property will not exceed its appraised value at the time of our acquisition of the property. Appraisals are, however, estimates of value and should not be relied on as measures of true worth or realizable value. We will maintain the appraisal in

our records for at least five years, and copies of each appraisal will be available for review by stockholders upon their request.

#### RETURN OF UNINVESTED PROCEEDS

Any of the proceeds of this offering allocable to investments in real property which have not been invested in real property or committed for investment within the later of 24 months from the original effective date of this prospectus or 12 months from the termination of the offering, will be distributed to the stockholders. All funds we receive out of the escrow account will be available for our general use from the time we receive them until expiration of the period discussed in the prior sentence. We may use these funds to:

- fund expenses incurred to operate the properties which have been acquired,
- reimburse the advisor for our expenses, to the extent allowable under the advisory agreement,
- pay the advisor its compensation under the advisory agreement; and
- pay the property manager its property management fee under the management agreement

See "Estimated Use of Proceeds" and "Plan of Distribution -- Escrow Conditions." We will not segregate funds separate from our other funds pending investment, and interest will be payable to the stockholders if uninvested funds are returned to them.

#### ADDITIONAL OFFERINGS AND EXCHANGE LISTING

We anticipate that by September 15, 2008, our board will determine when, and if, to apply to have our shares of common stock listed for trading on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system, if we meet the then applicable listing requirements; and/or whether to commence subsequent offerings after completion of this offering. We believe that an exchange listing or inclusion of our shares in a national market system may allow us to increase our size, portfolio diversity, stockholder liquidity, access to capital and stability, and decrease our operating costs through economies of scale. However, we cannot assure that such listing or inclusion will ever occur. If it is not feasible to list shares or include them in a national market system by September 15, 2008, our board may decide to sell our assets individually, list our shares at a future date; or liquidate us within ten years of such date. The sale of all or substantially all of our assets as well as our liquidation would also require the affirmative vote of a majority of the then-outstanding voting shares of stock.

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#### JOINT VENTURES

We may invest in joint venture arrangements with other public real estate programs formed by our advisor or any of its affiliates if a majority of our directors not otherwise interested in the transaction and a majority of our independent directors approve the transaction as being fair and reasonable. In addition, the investment by each joint venture partner must be substantially on the same terms and conditions as those received by other joint venturers.

We may also invest in general partnerships or joint venture arrangements with our affiliates as co-owners of a property. The general partnership or joint

venture agreement for these investments will provide that we will be able to increase our equity participation in such entity as we receive additional proceeds of the offering. As a result, we will ultimately own a 100% equity ownership of the property and the affiliated general or joint venture partner will not be entitled to any profit or other benefit on the sale of its equity participation to us. Once we own, directly or indirectly, 100% of the ownership interests in the general partnership or joint venture entity, we will determine whether the continued existence of that entity is necessary. For example, we may determine to continue the existence of the entity to minimize expenses or to meet lender requirements.

In addition, we may enter into joint venture or partnership arrangements with unaffiliated third parties. Therefore, we may enter into acquisitions with sellers who are desirous of transactions in tax advantaged structures such as arrangements typically referred to as "Down REITs." A Down REIT is an organizational structure in which, in addition to owning indirect interests in real estate properties through the ownership of an interest in a lower-tier operating partnership (as in an UPREIT), a REIT also owns real estate properties directly at the REIT level. In a Down REIT structure, because the REIT owns real estate properties directly, the value of the REIT shares do not bear a direct relationship with the value of an interest in the lower-tier Down REIT operating partnership. You should consider the potential risk that our non-affiliated joint venture partner may be unable to agree with us on a matter material to the joint venture. See "Risk Factors -- Risks Related to the Offering."

We are unable to estimate the proportion of our assets that may be invested in joint venture interests.

#### CONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

From time to time, we may attempt to enhance investment opportunities by undertaking construction and development activities and rendering services in connection with them. Our advisor has advised us that, in its view, we may be able to reduce overall purchase costs if we were to undertake construction and development rather than merely being limited to purchasing properties subject to completion of construction by a third party. The construction and development activities would expose us to such risks as cost overruns, carrying costs of projects under construction or development, availability and costs of materials and labor, weather conditions, government regulation and our inability to obtain tenants. We nevertheless have concluded that our investment prospects would be enhanced by permitting us to engage in construction and development activities so long as such activities did not cause us to lose our status as a REIT. To comply with the applicable requirements under federal income tax law under federal income tax law, and until the Internal Revenue Service changes its pronouncements with regard to these requirements, we intend to limit our construction and development activities to the performance of oversight and review functions, including reviewing the construction and tenant improvement design proposals, negotiating and contracting for feasibility studies and supervising compliance with local, state or federal laws and regulations, negotiating contracts, oversight of construction, accounts, and obtaining financing. In addition to using independent contractors to provide services in connection with the operation of our properties, we may also use "taxable REIT subsidiaries" to carry out these functions.

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See "Federal Future Tax Considerations - Federal Income Taxation as a REIT" for a discussion of a "taxable REIT subsidiary." We will retain independent contractors to perform the actual physical construction work on tenant improvements, the installation of heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems. See "Real Property Investments - General" for a detailed description of

the types of properties we may invest in.

#### OTHER POLICIES

Before we purchase a particular property, we may obtain an option to purchase the property. The amount paid for the option, if any, usually would be surrendered if the property was not purchased and normally would be credited against the purchase price if the property was purchased. See "Real Property Investments - General" for a detailed description of the types of properties we may invest in.

We hold all funds, pending investment in properties, in assets which will allow us to continue to qualify as a REIT. These investments are highly liquid and provide for appropriate safety of principal and may include, but are not limited to, investments such as bonds issued by the Government National Mortgage Association, or GNMA, and real estate mortgage investment conduits also known as REMICs. See "Federal Income Tax Considerations - Federal Income Taxation as a REIT."

We will not make distributions-in-kind, except for:

- distributions of readily marketable securities;
- distributions of beneficial interests in a liquidating trust established for our dissolution and the liquidation of our assets in accordance with the terms of our articles of incorporation; or
- distributions of in-kind property which meet all of the following conditions:
  - our board of directors advises each stockholder of the risks associated with direct ownership of the in-kind property;
  - our board of directors offers each stockholder the election of receiving in-kind property distributions; and
  - the directors distribute in-kind property only to those stockholders who accept our offer.

Although our articles of incorporation and bylaws do not prohibit the following, we have no current plans to:

- underwrite the securities of other issuers;
- invest in real estate mortgages; or
- invest the proceeds of the offering, other than on a temporary basis, in non-real estate related investments.

We may change our current plans, without stockholder approval, if our board of directors determines that it would be in the best interests of our stockholder to engage in any such transaction.

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Although we are authorized to issue senior securities, we have no current plans to do so. See "Description of Securities - Preferred Stock," "- Issuance of Additional Securities and Debt Instruments" and "- Restrictions on Issuance of Securities."

#### REAL PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

#### INVESTING IN REITS

A real estate investment trust or REIT is a company that owns and, in most cases, operates income-producing properties. To qualify as a REIT, generally a company must annually distribute at least 90% of its taxable income to stockholders.

According to the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), dividend growth for publicly traded REITs has consistently outpaced inflation. Stock price appreciation for publicly-traded REITs has historically tracked the rate of increase in the Consumer Price Index, according to NAREIT. This information is based on REITs that are listed and traded on a national exchange and would not be representative of an investment in a REIT that is not publicly traded such as us, and there is no assurance that an investment in a non-publicly traded REIT will produce comparable results.

An analysis of historical data on publicly-traded REITs by Ibbotson Associates, a leading financial research firm, concluded that REITs have a low correlation with other stocks and bonds and represent a potentially powerful diversification tool. Ibbotson noted, "The asset allocation decision is the most important determinant of portfolio performance, outweighing the benefits of market timing and security selection." In particular, Ibbotson found that REITs may boost return and reduce risk when added to a diversified portfolio. Ibbotson also found that REITs outperformed most other major market benchmarks over the 1972-2002 period with much less volatility. There can be no assurance that future performance will mirror past performance and that these results would be comparable to non-traded REITs, like us.

#### GENERAL

Our advisor is experienced in acquiring and managing real estate, particularly retail focused shopping centers. We intend to acquire and manage a diversified (by geographical location and by type and size of retail centers) portfolio of real estate primarily improved for use as retail establishments, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. Our portfolio will consist predominantly of grocery and discount store anchored retail, including net lease retail. We may acquire certain mixed use properties that may include lodging, office and/or multi-family residential if they are part of a retail center. And, we may also acquire other types of retail shopping centers, such as enclosed malls, outlet malls and power centers. We also anticipate acquiring real estate improved with other commercial facilities which provide goods and services as well as double or triple net leased properties, which are either commercial or retail, including properties acquired in sale and leaseback transactions. A triple-net leased property is one which is leased to a tenant who is responsible for the base rent and all costs and expenses associated with their occupancy, including property taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance.

The geographic focus of our portfolio continues to be western U.S. markets; yet, at the present time, we believe that properties available for sale east of the Mississippi River are offering more favorable investment returns. Our objective continues to be to acquire properties primarily for income as distinguished from primarily for capital gain. As a result, many of our recently acquired properties are located in eastern U.S. markets. However, over the long-term, we expect the portfolio to consist of properties located primarily west of the Mississippi River. Where feasible, we will endeavor to acquire multiple properties within the same major metropolitan markets where the acquisitions result in efficient property management operations with the potential to achieve market dominance.

We do not intend to invest in real estate properties that are primarily:

farms;

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- health care facilities;
- industrial properties;
- leisure home sites;
- manufacturing facilities;
- mining properties;
- ranches;
- single-family residential properties;
- timberlands; or
- unimproved properties not intended to be developed (vacant land).

Subject to compliance with the applicable requirement under the federal income tax laws, we may also undertake construction and development activities and render services in connection with such activities.

See "Investment Objectives and Policies" generally pertaining to our policies relating to the maintenance, operation and disposition of our properties.

We intend to continue focusing on acquisition activity in major metropolitan areas in the western United States. The western United States, which consists of the southwest, rocky mountain and far west states, is projected to experience the most growth of any region of the country over the next 25 years. Population is expected to increase by 33.5 million between 2000 and 2025. Most of the states in the region will experience population growth rates ahead of the national average. In addition, the western region is forecast to lead the nation in the rate of employment growth. The western states will generate 22.8 million new jobs between 1999 and 2025 and account for 38% of total United States job growth.

California is projected to show the largest gains in population and employment; however, the region's growth is expected to become more dispersed as other western states experience higher rates of growth. Texas is expected to retain its position as the second largest state, with a population likely to exceed 29.8 million by 2025. Nevada is likely to experience the fastest rate of growth (2.4% annually between 2000 and 2025), followed by Arizona, Utah, Idaho, Colorado, Texas, New Mexico, Oregon and Washington.

Employment growth is expected to follow a similar pattern. Nevada, Arizona and Utah are projected to lead the nation by generating the fastest rate of annual employment growth. Several western cities are expected to rank among the nation's ten fastest growing metropolitan markets. These areas include Laredo and Austin-San Marcos in Texas, Las Vegas in Nevada, Provo-Orem in Utah and Phoenix-Mesa in Arizona.

The Western region benefits from the diversity of its economy, which has enabled many western states to maintain employment and income growth even when

some sectors experience reduced demand. Agriculture, natural resources, manufacturing, trade and services are all represented in the region's economy. In addition many of the goods and services produced in the west have international markets. Much of the total United States output of agricultural products, oil and natural gas, lumber and wood products and electronic equipment is produced in the West.

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#### INSURANCE COVERAGE ON PROPERTIES

We carry comprehensive general liability coverage and umbrella liability coverage on all of our properties with limits of liability which we deem adequate to insure against liability claims and provide for the costs of defense. Similarly, we are insured against the risk of direct physical damage in amounts we estimate to be adequate to reimburse us on a replacement cost basis for costs incurred to repair or rebuild each property, including loss of rental income during the reconstruction period. In addition, we intend to insure our properties against loss caused by earthquake and flood if deemed necessary and economically justified. The form of management agreement for each property specifically provides for us to procure and carry public liability, fire and extended coverage, burglary and theft, rental interruption, flood, if appropriate, and boiler, if appropriate, insurance. The cost of such insurance is passed through to tenants whenever possible. Insurance risks associated with potential terrorism acts could sharply increase the premiums we pay for coverage against property and casualty claims. Additional, mortgage lenders in some cases have begun to insist that specific coverage against terrorism be purchased by commercial property owners as a condition for providing mortgage loans. It is uncertain whether such insurance policies will be available, or available at reasonable cost, which could inhibit our ability to finance or refinance our properties. In such instances, we may be required to provide other financial support, either through financial assurances or self-insurance, to cover potential losses. We cannot assure you that we will have adequate coverage for such losses. Legislation has been enacted to provide federal insurance for property losses due to terrorism. We cannot be certain what impact this legislation will have on us or what additional costs to us, if any, could result.

#### PROPERTIES

As of October 7, 2004, our real estate portfolio was comprised of 69 properties containing approximately 13,000,000 square feet of gross leasable area. The 69 properties consist of 34 retail shopping centers, 16 neighborhood and community shopping center properties, 11 single-user retail facilities, five joint venture retail shopping centers that we have operating control of, two commercial properties, and one project under development, located in 24 states.

We intend to continue to primarily invest in retail properties ranging from 100,000 to 300,000 square feet in size. We may also purchase larger shopping centers, and properties in larger centers, in the future if such purchases are approved by our board of directors, including a majority of the independent directors.

We expect that our neighborhood and community shopping centers will be "anchored" or "shadow-anchored" by a national or regional discount department store, supermarket or drugstore. A "shadow-anchor" is an anchor tenant that has leased space in that portion of the center not owned or controlled by us.

In evaluating each of our properties as a potential acquisition and determining the appropriate amount of consideration to be paid for the property, we consider a variety of factors including overall valuation of net rental

income, location, demographics, tenant mix, quality of tenants, length of leases, price per square foot, occupancy and that overall rental rates at each property are comparable to market rates. We anticipate that each property will be located within a vibrant economic area. We believe that each of the properties will be well-located, will have acceptable roadway access, will attract high quality tenants, will be well-maintained and will have been professionally managed. Nonetheless, each property will be subject to competition from similar shopping centers within its market area, and its economic performance could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. We generally do not consider any other factors materially relevant to the decision to acquire each of the properties.

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When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years.

A substantial portion of our income will consist of rent received under long-term leases. In general, each tenant pays its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

A lease termination by an anchor tenant could result in lease terminations or reductions in rent by other tenants whose leases permit cancellation or rent reduction if another tenant's lease is terminated. We own or may own centers where the tenants may have rights to terminate their leases if certain other tenants are no longer open for business. These "co-tenancy" provisions may also exist in some leases where we own a portion of a shopping center and one or more of the anchor tenants leases space in that portion of the center not owned or controlled by us. If such tenants were to vacate their space, tenants with co-tenancy provisions would have the right to terminate their leases with us, or seek a rent reduction from us.

Some of our leases may also contain provisions requiring the payment of additional rent calculated as a percentage of tenants' gross sales above predetermined thresholds.

We seek to reduce our operating and leasing risks through geographic and tenant diversity. No single tenant accounted for more than 6.1% of our total shopping center gross leasable area or more than 4.7% of our total annualized base rental revenues as of October 7, 2004. Our five largest tenants include Wal-Mart, GMAC Insurance, Best Buy, Kohl's and Ross Dress for Less which represent approximately 2.8%, 3.3%, 4.5%, 1.9% and 2.6% of annualized base rental revenues at October 7, 2004.

We will receive an appraisal for each of our properties which states that it was prepared in conformity with the Code of Professional Ethics Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Institute and the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice of the Appraisal Foundation by an independent appraiser who is a member of the Appraisal Institute. Appraisals are estimates of value and should not be relied on as a measure of truth worth or realizable value.

In cases where we have purchased properties from our affiliates, our directors, including the independent directors, must approve the acquisitions of the properties from our affiliates as being fair and reasonable.

Our neighborhood and community shopping centers and our retail shopping

centers are usually "anchored" or "shadow -anchored" by a national or regional discount department store, supermarket or drugstore. A "shadow-anchor" is an anchor tenant that has leased space in that portion of the center not owned or controlled by us. National and regional companies that are tenants in our shopping center properties include Wal-Mart, Best Buy, Ross Dress for Less, Kohl's and Home Depot.

#### RETAIL SHOPPING CENTERS

Retail shopping centers comprise the primary focus of our current portfolio. As of October 7, 2004, approximately 94% of our shopping center space was leased, and the average annualized base rent per leased square foot of the shopping center portfolio was \$13.00.

Our shopping center properties, generally owned and operated through subsidiaries, had an average size of approximately 244,000 square feet as of October 7, 2004. Although we primarily invest in retail properties ranging from 100,000 to 500,000 square feet in size, as of October 7, 2004, we have also

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purchased larger shopping centers and properties in larger centers. We may also purchase these larger shopping centers, and properties in larger centers, in the future if such purchases are approved by our board of directors, including a majority of the independent directors.

#### NEIGHBORHOOD AND COMMUNITY SHOPPING CENTERS

We acquired neighborhood and community shopping centers as part of our current portfolio. As of October 7, 2004, approximately 92% of these shopping centers were leased, and the average annualized base rent per leased square foot of these shopping centers was \$16.63.

Our neighborhood and community shopping center properties, generally owned and operated through subsidiaries, had an average size of approximately 73,000 square feet as of October 7, 2004.

#### SINGLE-USER RETAIL PROPERTIES

In addition to neighborhood and community shopping centers, we acquired single-user retail properties that are triple-net-leased properties, including properties acquired in sale and leaseback transactions. Single-user retail properties, represent approximately 5% of our total shopping center portfolio gross leasable area. As of October 7, 2004, the average annualized base rent per leased square foot of the single-user retail property portfolio was \$9.30.

National and regional companies that are tenants in our single-user retail properties include Eckerds, Wal-Mart, Shaw's Supermarket, Harris Teeter and Academy Outdoor Sports.

## COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

Although we do not intend to invest in primarily office properties, we may invest in an office property or residential property if it has a significant retail or commercial use component as its primary purpose. On July 22, 2004, we purchased a single tenant office center and distribution facility known as Wrangler Company Western Headquarters and Distribution Facility for \$18,477,000. We funded the purchase of this property and then obtained financing in the amount of \$11,300,000 on July 26, 2004. The office center and distribution facility is located in El Paso, Texas and contains approximately 316,800 gross leasable square feet. On September 29, 2004, we purchased a single tenant office

center known as GMAC Insurance Building for \$59,997,000. We funded the purchase of this property and obtained financing in the amount of \$33,000,000 at closing. The office center is located in Winston-Salem, North Carolina and contains approximately 501,100 gross leasable square feet. As of October 7, 2004, these office properties represented approximately 4.6% of our total portfolio gross leasable area.

#### PROJECTS UNDER DEVELOPMENT

We have acquired one property under development known as Wilshire Plaza III which will be occupied by Kohl's as a single-user property.

On July 13, 2004, we funded \$5,750,000 which represents a portion of the purchase price of this shopping center currently under development in Kansas City, Missouri. We are purchasing this development from an unaffiliated third party for approximately \$9,850,000.

We are funding the development with our own funds. The Kohl's space will consist of approximately 88,248 square feet. We will receive a 7% return on the amounts funded for construction advances to the Seller until such time as Kohl's lease commences. As of October 7, 2004, we have funded \$5,750,000 in construction advances.

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#### SUMMARY TABULAR PRESENTATION OF PROPERTIES OWNED

As of October 7, 2004, we, through separate limited partnerships or limited liability companies, have acquired fee ownership of, or a leasehold interest in, 68 shopping centers consisting of an aggregate of approximately 12,890,636 gross leasable square feet located in Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah and Washington. The following table summarizes these properties in alphabetical order.

PROPERTY	TYPE	YEAR BUILT/ RENOVATED	DATE ACQUIRED	BOOK VALUE AT OCTOBER 1, 2004	MORTGAGE PAYABLE A OCTOBER 1 2004
Academy Sports Houma, Louisianna	su	2004	Jul-04	7,890,968	2,920,00
Alison's Corner San Antonio, Texas	NC	2003	Apr-04	6,992,339	3,850,00
Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace Arvada, Colorado	RC RC	1987 -1990	Apr-04	52,308,117	28,510,00
Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza Miami, Florida	NC	2004	Oct-04	20,350,000	-
Best on the Boulevard Las Vegas, Nevada	RC	1996 - 1999	Apr-04	35,547,369	19,525,00

Bluebonnet Parc Baton Rouge, Louisianna	RC	2002	Apr-0	4 2	22,072,024	12,100,00
Boulevard at the Capital Centre Largo, MD	JV	2004	Sept-0	4 12	23,490,577	71,500,00
The Columns Jackson, Tennessee	RC	2004	Aug-0	4 2	20,812,495	11,423,00
PROPERTY		% OF TOTAL GROSS LEASABLE AREA	PHYSICAL OCCUPANCY %	NO. OF TENANTS	MAJOI	R TENANTS*
Academy Sports Houma, Louisianna		0.5%	100%	1	Academy	Sports
Alison's Corner San Antonio, Texas		0.4%	100%	4	Ross Dre Shoe Car	ess for Less cnival
Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace Arvada, Colorado		0.5%2.3%	78% 97%	12 26	Old Cour Pier 1 : Sam's C: Gart Spo	Lub
Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza Miami, Florida		0.8%	100%	16	Bed, Bat Office I Pier 1 : Party C:	Imports
Best on the Boulevard Las Vegas, Nevada		1.6%	77%	8	Best Buy Barnes & Copeland	
Bluebonnet Parc Baton Rouge, Louisianna		1.0%	89%	6		/ 'N Things ıs World Mar
Boulevard at the Capital Centre Largo, MD		3.7%	73%	57	Lowe's Johnson	Theaters Mag
The Columns Jackson, Tennessee		1.0%	100%	16	Marshall	ess for Less
		110				

					MORTGAGI
		E	BOOK 7	VALUE	PAYABLE A
YEAR B	UILT/	DATE A	AT OC	TOBER	OCTOBER :

PROPERTY	TYPE	RENOVATED	ACQUIRED	1, 2004	2004
CorWest Plaza New Britian, Connecticut	RC	1999 - 2003	Jan-04	33,338,803	18,150,00
Cranberry Square Cranberry Township, Pennsylvania	RC	1996-1997	Jul-04	20,312,108	10,900,00
Darien Towne Center Darien, Illinois	RC		Dec-03	29,920,706	16,500,00
Davis Towne Crossing	NC	2003 & 2004	Jun-04	8,207,136	5,365,20
North Richland Hills, Texas					
Dorman Center - Phase I & II	RC	2003-2004	Mar-04 & Jul-04	50,286,675	27,610,00
Spartanburg, South Carolina					
Eastwood Towne Center Lansing, Michigan	RC	2002	May-04	85,157,861	46,750,00
Eckerd Drug Store Edmund, Oklahoma	SU	2003	Dec-03	3,376,585	1,850,00
Eckerd Drug Store Norman, Oklahoma	SU	2003	Dec-03	5,301,730	2,900,00
Eckerd Drug Store Crossville, Tennessee	SU	2003 - 2004	Jun-04	2,633,000	1,425,00
Eckerd Drug Store Columbia, South Carolina	SU	2003 - 2004	Jun-04	3,276,504	1,750,00
Eckerd Drug Store Greer, South Carolina	SU	2003 - 2004	Jun-04	3,097,200	1,650,00

PROPERTY	% OF TOTAL GROSS LEASABLE AREA	PHYSICAL OCCUPANCY %	NO. OF TENANTS	MAJOR TENANTS*
CorWest Plaza New Britian, Connecticut	0.9%	99%	10	Super Stop & Shop Liquor Depot CVS Pharmacy
Cranberry Square Cranberry Township, Pennsylvania	1.7%	92%	5	Barnes & Noble Dick's Sporting Goods Best Buy Office Max Toys "R" Us

Darien Towne Center Darien, Illinois	1.7%	94%	11	Home Depot Circuit City PETsMART
Davis Towne Crossing	0.3%	82%	13	Lady USA Fitness
North Richland Hills, Texas				Cotton Patch Cafe
Dorman Center - Phase I & II	3.0%	94%	23	Wal-Mart Supercenter
Spartanburg, South Carolina				
Eastwood Towne Center Lansing, Michigan	2.5%	99%	60	Dick's Sporting Goods
Eckerd Drug Store Edmund, Oklahoma	0.1%	100%	1	Eckerd Drug Store
Eckerd Drug Store Norman, Oklahoma	0.1%	100%	1	Eckerd Drug Store
Eckerd Drug Store Crossville, Tennessee	0.1%	100%	1	Eckerd Drug Store
Eckerd Drug Store Columbia, South Carolina	0.1%	100%	1	Eckerd Drug Store
Eckerd Drug Store Greer, South Carolina	0.1%	100%	1	Eckerd Drug Store

PROPERTY	TYPE		DATE ACQUIRED		MORTGAGE PAYABLE A OCTOBER 1 2004
Eckerd Drug Store Kill Devil Hills, North Carolina	SU	2003 - 2004	Jun-04	3,660,139	1,975,00
Forks Town Center Easton, Pennsylvania	NC	2002	Jul-04	18,438,874	10,395,00
Fullerton Metrocenter Fullerton, California	RC	1988	Jun-04	51,389,458	28,050,00
Gateway Plaza Southlake, Texas	RC	2000	Jul-04	33,044,495	18,163,00
Gateway Village Annapolis, Maryland	JV	1996	Jul-04	49,616,650	31,458,00
GMAC Insurance Building Winston-Salem, North	СР	1980/1990	Sept-04	60,034,792	33,000,00

Carolina					
Governor's Marketplace Tallahassee, Florida	RC	2001	Aug-04	32,740,896	20,625,00
Harris Teeter Wilmington, North Carolina	SU	1995	Sept-04	7,212,401	
Harvest Towne Center Knoxville, Tennessee	NC	1996-1999	Sept-04	8,958,341	
Heritage Towne Crossing Euless, Texas	NC	2002	Mar-04	14,607,691	8,950,00
Hickory Ridge Hickory, North Carolina	RC	1999	Jan-04	42,022,293	23,650,00
Huebner Oaks Center	RC	1997 & 1998	Jun-04	79,578,905	48,000,00
San Antonio, Texas					

PROPERTY	AREA	PHYSICAL OCCUPANCY %	NO. OF TENANTS	MAJOR TENANTS*
Eckerd Drug Store Kill Devil Hills, North Carolina	0.1%	100%	1	Eckerd Drug Store
Forks Town Center Easton, Pennsylvania	0.7%	96%	16	Giant Food Stores
Fullerton Metrocenter Fullerton, California	2.0%	82%	40	Sportmart Henry's Marketplace
Gateway Plaza Southlake, Texas	2.8%	90%	25	Kohl's
Gateway Village Annapolis, Maryland	2.1%	100%	16	Safeway Burlington Coat Factory Best Buy
GMAC Insurance Building Winston-Salem, North Carolina	3.9%	100%	1	GMAC Insurance
Governor's Marketplace Tallahassee, Florida	1.8%	87%	23	Bed, Bath & Beyond Sports Authority Marshalls
Harris Teeter Wilmington, North Carolina	0.4%	100%	1	Harris Teeter

Harvest Towne Center Knoxville, Tennessee	0.3%	100%	12	CVS Pharmacy Pet Supplies Plus
Heritage Towne Crossing Euless, Texas	0.6%	89%	29	N/A
Hickory Ridge Hickory, North Carolina	3.0%	100%	21	Best Buy Kohl's Dick's Sporting Goods
Huebner Oaks Center	2.2%	97%	55	Bed, Bath & Beyond
San Antonio, Texas				

PROPERTY	TYPE	YEAR BUILT/ RENOVATED	DATE ACQUIRED	BOOK VALUE AT OCTOBER 1, 2004	MORTGAGE PAYABLE A OCTOBER 1 2004
John's Creek Village	RC	2003 & 2004	Jun-04	29,192,357	23,300,00
Duluth, Georgia					
La Plaza Del Norte San Antonio, Texas	RC	1996/1999	Jan-04	59,206,004	32,528,00
Lakewood Towne Center Lakewood, Washington	RC	1988/2003	Jun-04	80,932,733	51,260,00
Larkspur Landing Larkspur, California	RC	1978/2001	Jan-04	60,721,335	33,630,00
Lincoln Park Dallas, Texas	RC	1998	Sept-04	47,360,050	26,153,00
Low Country Village Bluffton, South Carolina	NC	2004	Jun-04	11,140,058	5,370,00
MacArthur Crossing Los Colinas, Texas	RC	1995 - 1996	Feb-04	23,076,236	12,700,00
Manchester Meadows Town and Country, Missouri	RC	1994-1995	Aug-04	56,533,686	31,064,55
Metro Square Center Severn, Maryland	NC	1999	Jan-04	11,029,520	6,067,18
Mitchell Ranch Plaza New Port Richey, Florida	RC	2003	Aug-04	33,879,559	18,700,00
Newnan Crossing I & II Newnan, Georgia	RC	1999-2003	Dec-03 & Feb-04	39,246,282	21,543,09

North Ranch Pavilions Thousand Oaks, California NC 1992

Jan-04

18,264,794

10,157,40

PROPERTY	% OF TOTAL GROSS LEASABLE AREA	PHYSICAL OCCUPANCY %	NO. OF TENANTS	MAJOR TENANTS*
John's Creek Village	1.5%	71%	16	LA Fitness
Duluth, Georgia				Ross Dress for Less T.J. Maxx
La Plaza Del Norte San Antonio, Texas	2.5%	95%	16	Oshman's Sporting Goods Best Buy
Lakewood Towne Center Lakewood, Washington	4.5%	94%	24	Gottschalk's Burlington Coat Factory
Larkspur Landing Larkspur, California	1.3%	87%	34	Bed, Bath & Beyond 24 Hour Fitness
Lincoln Park Dallas, Texas	1.2%	97%	13	Tom Thumb Barnes & Noble The Container Store
Low Country Village Bluffton, South Carolina	0.6%	92%	7	Ross Dress for Less Michaels
MacArthur Crossing Los Colinas, Texas	0.9%	93%	26	PETsMART Stein Mart
Manchester Meadows Town and Country, Missouri	3.5%	96%	22	Wal-Mart Home Depot
Metro Square Center Severn, Maryland	0.5%	100%	3	Shoppers Food Warehouse
Mitchell Ranch Plaza New Port Richey, Florida	1.6%	93%	35	Publix Marshalls Ross Dress for Less
Newnan Crossing I & II Newnan, Georgia	2.3%	100%	22	BJ's Wholesale Club Office Depot T.J. Maxx Old Navy
North Ranch Pavilions Thousand Oaks, California	0.5%	89%	24	Savvy Salon

PROPERTY	TYPE 	YEAR BUILT/ RENOVATED	DATE ACQUIRED	BOOK VALUE AT OCTOBER 1, 2004	MORTGAGE PAYABLE A OCTOBER 1 2004
North Rivers Town Center Charleston, South Carolina	RC	2003 - 2004	Apr-04	20,170,224	11,050,00
Northgate North Seattle, Washington	RC	1999-2003	Jun-04	48,488,931	26,650,00
Northpointe Plaza Spokane, Washington	RC	1991 - 1993	May-04	54,591,996	30,850,00
Paradise Valley Marketplace Phoenix, Arizona	NC	2002	Apr-04	28,571,619	15,680,50
Pavilion at King's Grant Concord, North Carolina	NC	2002/2003	Dec-03	8,200,912	5,342,00
Peoria Crossings Peoria, Arizona	RC	2002 - 2003	Mar-04	37,430,091	20,497,40
Pine Ridge Plaza Lawrence, Kansas	RC	1998 - 2004	Jun-04	29,961,150	14,700,00
Plaza at Marysville Marysville, Washington	RC	1995	Jul-04	21,331,375	11,800,00
Plaza Santa Fe II Santa Fe, New Mexico	RC	2000 - 2002	Jun-04	31,063,632	17,551,72
Promenade at Red Cliff St. George, Utah	NC	1997	Feb-04	19,502,610	10,590,00
Reisterstown Road Plaza Baltimore, Maryland	JV	1986/2004	Aug-04	88,833,173	49,650,00
PROPERTY	LEAS			Major	TENANTS*
North Rivers Town Center Charleston, South Carolina	1.2%	100%	16	Ross Dress Bed, Bath Office Dep Babies "R"	& Beyond oot

2.3% 93%

99%

2.9%

Northgate North Seattle, Washington

Northpointe Plaza

Spokane, Washington

7

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Target

Best Buy

Safeway

Gart Sports

				Best Buy
Paradise Valley Marketplace Phoenix, Arizona	0.7%	87%	16	Whole Foods
Pavilion at King's Grant Concord, North Carolina	0.6%	100%	7	Toys "R" Us Olive Garden
Peoria Crossings Peoria, Arizona	1.7%	97%	20	Kohl's Ross Dress for Less Michaels
Pine Ridge Plaza Lawrence, Kansas	1.8%	100%	14	T.J. Maxx Bed, Bath & Beyond Kohl's
Plaza at Marysville Marysville, Washington	0.9%	95%	25	Safeway
Plaza Santa Fe II Santa Fe, New Mexico	1.7%	98%	20	Linens 'N Things Best Buy T.J. Maxx
Promenade at Red Cliff St. George, Utah	0.7%	90%	17	Staples Old Navy Big 5 Sporting Goods
Reisterstown Road Plaza Baltimore, Maryland	6.0%	86%	72	Home Depot Public Safety National Wholesale Liquidators

PROPERTY	TYPE	YEAR BUILT/ RENOVATED		BOOK VALUE AT OCTOBER 1, 2004	MORTGAGE PAYABLE A OCTOBER 1 2004
Saucon Valley Square Bethlehem, Pennsylvania	NC	1999	Sept-04	16,213,316	8,851,00
Shaw's Supermarket New Britain, Connecticut	SU	1995	Dec-03	13,630,416	6,450,00
The Shops at Boardwalk	RC	2003 & 2004	Jul-04	36,702,208	20,150,00
Kansas City, Missouri					
Shoppes of Dallas Dallas, Georgia	NC	2004	Jul-04	13,095,345	7,179,00
Shoppes of Prominence Point Canton, Georgia	NC	2004	Jun-04	15,198,965	9,954,30

Shops at Park Place Plano, Texas	RC	2001		Oct-03	24,088,248	13,127,00
Stony Creek Marketplace Noblesville, Indiana	RC	2003		Dec-03	26,026,321	14,162,00
Tollgate Marketplace Bel Air, Maryland	JV	1979 Renova 1994	ted	Jul-04	72,060,645	39,765,00
Towson Circle Towson, Maryland	JV	1998		Jul-04	28,580,147	19,197,50
Village Shoppes at Simonton Lawrenceville, Georgia	NC	2004		Aug-04	13,769,243	7,562,00
Wal-Mart Supercenter Blytheville, Arkansas	SU	1999		Jul-04	13,265,092	7,100,00
Wal-Mart Supercenter Jonesboro, Arkansas	SU	1997		Aug-04	11,081,470	6,088,50
PROPERTY	TC GR LEA	OF TAL OSS SABLE REA	PHYSICA OCCUPAN			JOR TENANTS*
Saucon Valley Square Bethlehem, Pennsylvania	0.6	9	100%	14	Super	Fresh Foods
Shaw's Supermarket New Britain, Connecticut	0.5	<b>୍</b> ଚ	100%	1	Shaw's	Supermarket
The Shops at Boardwalk	0.9	ଚ	67%	20	Border	s Books
Kansas City, Missouri						
Shoppes of Dallas Dallas, Georgia	0.5	ଚ	81%	11	Publix	
Shoppes of Prominence Point Canton, Georgia	0.6	90	89%	14	Publix	
Shops at Park Place Plano, Texas	0.9	8	99%	11	Bed, B Michae Office Walgre	Max
Stony Creek Marketplace Noblesville, Indiana	1.2	0/0	100%	20		axx 'N Things & Noble
Tollgate Marketplace						

Towson Circle Towson, Maryland	0.9%	92%	13	Barnes & Noble Trader Joe's East Bally's Total Fitness Pier One Imports
Village Shoppes at Simonton Lawrenceville, Georgia	0.5%	83%	9	Publix
Wal-Mart Supercenter Blytheville, Arkansas	1.4%	100%	1	Wal-Mart Supercenter
Wal-Mart Supercenter Jonesboro, Arkansas	1.2%	100%	1	Wal-Mart Supercenter

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					MORTGAGE
				BOOK VALUE	PAYABLE A
		YEAR BUILT/	DATE	AT OCTOBER	OCTOBER 1
PROPERTY	TYPE	RENOVATED	ACQUIRED	1, 2004	2004
Watauga Pavilion Watauga, Texas	RC	2003/2004	May-04	35,685,886	19,617,00
Wrangler	CP	1993	Jul-04		11,300,00
				18,517,390	
El Paso, Texas					
PORTFOLIO TOTAL				2,129,347,652	1,186,282,34

PROPERTY	% OF TOTAL GROSS LEASABLE AREA	PHYSICAL OCCUPANCY %	NO. OF TENANTS	MAJOR TENANTS*
Watauga Pavilion Watauga, Texas	1.6%	93%	14	Oshman's Ross Dress for Less Bed, Bath & Beyond
Wrangler	2.5%	100%	1	Wrangler
El Paso, Texas				
PORTFOLIO TOTAL	100%			

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- \* Major tenants include tenants leasing more than 10% of the gross leasable area of the individual property.
- NC Neighborhood and Community Retail Shopping Center
- SU Single User Retail Property
- RC Retail Shopping Center
- D Development Project
- JV Joint Venture
- CP Commercial Property

The table above represents book value to include land, building and improvements, site improvements and acquired intangibles.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES

The following discussion provides more detail on each of the properties we have acquired that are summarized in the table above.

BED, BATH & BEYOND PLAZA, MIAMI, FLORIDA

On October 5, 2004, we purchased a shopping center newly constructed during 2003 and 2004 known as Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza, containing 97,447 gross leasable square feet. This center has entered into a 65-year ground lease with the owner of the real property. We are not acquiring the underlying real property but only the buildings on the real property and will continue to be under a 65 year ground lease. The center is located at Northwest 107th Avenue and Northwest 19th Street in Miami, Florida.

We purchased this center from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,350,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$209 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this center with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the center at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this center over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Office Depot, Pier 1 Imports and Party City, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the center. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease T	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Bed, Bath & Beyond	28,053	29	14.80	03/04	01/20
Office Depot	16,175	17	23.32	08/04	08/09
Pier 1 Imports	10,582	11	27.65	11/03	02/14

Party City 10,930 11 18.12 12/03 08/14

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this center will be approximately \$15,263,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza is a newly constructed center completed during 2003 and 2004. As of October 1, 2004, the property was 100% leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.) Lease Ends		Current Annual Rent (\$)	
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,368	05/09	40,632	
A+ Nails	1,301	05/09	41,333	
Bo Concept	5,100	06/09	69,193	
Office Depot	16,175	08/09	377,201	
Young Eye Associates	1,299	08/09	36,372	
Cold Stone Creamery	1,592	09/09	48,556	
Pier 1 Imports	10,582	02/14	292,621	
Starbucks	1,402	03/14	55 <b>,</b> 382	
Sprint PCS	3,622	12/10	118,657	
Moe's Southwestern Grill	2,400	05/14	72,072	
Doral Dentist Partners	1,707	07/14	25,523	
Party City	10,930	08/14	198,052	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	28,053	01/20	415,184	
Fuddruckers	6,000	*	192,444	
Quiznos	1,360	*	38,082	
Cargo Kids!	4,556	*	129,406	

<sup>\*</sup> Lease term information is not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

GMAC INSURANCE OFFICE BUILDING, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

On September 29, 2004, we purchased a commercial office complex, containing approximately 501,064 of gross leasable square feet. The property is comprised of an 18-story office building, a six-story office building and various parcels of land that are used as surface and deck parking lots. The complex is located at 500 West 5th Street in Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition was approximately \$60,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately

\$120 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 29, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$33,000,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual interest rate of 4.61% and matures October 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of its lease.

One tenant, GMAC Insurance, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis over the next ten years as follows:

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	GLA Leased % of Total			Lease Term Beginning	
GMAC Insurance	501,064	100	10.31	10/04	0.9	
			10.51	10/09	0.9	
			10.72	10/10	0.9	
			10.93	10/11	0.9	
			11.14	10/12	0.9	
			11.36	10/13	0.9	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property is approximately \$45,000,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

#### BOULEVARD AT THE CAPITAL CENTRE, LANDOVER, MARYLAND

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of a newly constructed shopping center known as Boulevard at the Capital Centre, containing 482,377 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on the Washington D.C. Beltway (I-495 and I-95), in Landover, Maryland. The property is on a long term ground lease with the Revenue Authority of Price George's County for about 70 years.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of ths property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$121,000,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of the joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On September 8, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$71,500,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures October 2009. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any

monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Lowe's Theaters Magic Johnson, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term has been projected in accordance with the tenant's lease commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease 1 Beginning	Term To
Lowe's Theaters Magic Johnson*	52,500	11	22.00	10/04	09/24

<sup>\*</sup> As of October 1, 2004, the tenant's lease term had not yet commenced.

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$90,750,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Boulevard at the Capital Centre was newly constructed in 2004. The property has been in a leasing up phase and nine tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center whose leases have not yet commenced. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 73% occupied with a total of 352,804 square feet occupied by 57 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate		Current
	GLA Leased		Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)
EB Game World	1,200	11/08	40,800
Claire's Boutique	1,166	11/08	34,980
Sprint Spectrum	1,965	11/08	49,161
Nextel	1,871	11/08	74,840
Kay Jewelers	1,552	12/08	60,000
Cold Stone Creamery	1,157	02/09	42,809
Capital Nails	1,500	02/09	60,000
Sweet Tooth Cakes & Pastries	1,400	02/09	49,000
Casual Male Big & Tall	3 <b>,</b> 500	03/09	84,000
The Classic Woman	2,200	04/09	63,800
Next Day Blinds*	3,000	09/09	93,000
Head 2 Head	2,568	12/10	65 <b>,</b> 484
Oxford Street	3,400	12/10	85,000
T-Mobile	1,800	01/11	72,000
Jilliano Shoes	1,998	01/11	40,955
Gallery of African Wildlife	2,000	03/11	58,000
Qdoba Mexican Grill	3,000	11/13	97 <b>,</b> 500
Lens Crafters	4,653	11/13	139,590
Pier 1 Imports	10,000	11/13	181,224
Foot Locker	3,433	11/13	99 <b>,</b> 557

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2,000	11/13	48,000
6,400	11/13	147,200
5,194	11/13	142,835
2,100	11/13	73,500
3 <b>,</b> 500	11/13	98,000
7,700	11/13	180,950
2,000	11/13	48,000
4,000	12/13	104,000
3,000	12/13	63,000
1,562	12/13	51,546
3,103	12/13	40,339
2,900	01/14	75,400
4,500	01/14	103,500
3 <b>,</b> 756	01/14	103,553
2,800	01/14	78,400
6,000	01/14	132,012
	6,400 5,194 2,100 3,500 7,700 2,000 4,000 3,000 1,562 3,103 2,900 4,500 3,756 2,800	6,400 11/13 5,194 11/13 2,100 11/13 3,500 11/13 7,700 11/13 2,000 11/13 4,000 12/13 3,000 12/13 1,562 12/13 3,103 12/13 2,900 01/14 4,500 01/14 2,800 01/14

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Lane Privant	5,000	01/14	120,000
Lane Bryant Starbucks	1,250	02/14	37,500
Mattress Warehouse	4,112	02/14	102,800
Honeycomb Hideout	2,500	02/14	68,750
Technicolor Salon & Spa	4,413	03/14	110,325
Five Guys Restaurant	1,500	03/14	48,000
African Stargina	1,500	03/14	47,250
Babalu/Carraba's Glory Days*	6,085	04/14	146,040
Kobe Japanese Steakhouse*	7,520	04/14	172,960
McHunu House of Style	2,900	04/14	76,850
Reggiano's*	2,000	05/14	50,000
Sports Authority	40,500	07/14	506,250
DSW Shoe Warehouse	25,000	07/14	331,250
Stonefish Grill	6,085	08/14	212,975
Red Star Tavern	7,661	08/14	268,135
Soul Fixins'*	2,085	08/14	62,550
Infusions Cafe*	3,350	09/14	83,750
Anne Taylor Loft	5,471	01/15	75,000
Linens 'N Things	34,440	01/15	430,512
Pizzeria Uno	5,719	10/18	110,000
Bugaboo Creek Steakhouse	6,400	11/18	110,000
Provident Bank of Maryland	3,215	11/18	95,000
Borders Books & Music	22,915	11/18	441,801
Chuck E. Cheese	11,300	02/19	95,000
Office Depot*	18,000	07/19	234,000
Blu Bambu*	4,050	09/19	113,250
Circuit City	33,828	01/20	490,506
Chic-Fil-A	4,250	11/23	85,000
Golden Corrall	11,967	12/23	112,500
Lowe's Theaters Magic	±± <b>,</b> 501	12/20	112,000
Johnson*	52,500	09/24	1,155,000

<sup>\*</sup> As of October 1, 2004 the tenant's lease term had not yet commenced.

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HARRIS TEETER STORE #158, WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA

We purchased a freestanding retail building leased to a Harris Teeter grocery store, containing 57,230 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Wilshire Boulevard and Kerr Avenue in Wilmington, North Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$7,200,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally

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determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$126 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing no the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Harris Teeter Store #158, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate		Base Rent Per		
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Term Beginning T	
Harris Teeter Store #158	57,230	100	9.76	05/95 05	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$5,400,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

HARVEST TOWNE CENTER, KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

On September 8, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Harvest Towne Center, containing 32,965 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 4824 N. Broadway Street in Knoxville, Tennessee.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$8,950,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$272 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, CVS Drug Store, Pet Supplies Plus, Northside Properties and Ross the Boss, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease :	Γerm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
CVS Drug Store	10,125	31	24.50	09/99	01/20
Pet Supplies Plus	8,120	25	14.08	02/96	02/06
Northside Properties	3,480	11	7.64	08/01	Month- to-Mont
Ross the Boss	4,104	12	14.50	10/01	10/06

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$6,713,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Harvest Towne Center was built in 1996 to 1999. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 32,965 square feet lease to nine tenants and three ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			Base Rent P
	GLA Leased		Current Annual	Square Foot
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)	Annum (\$ 
		Month-to-		
N 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 400		06 507	7 64
Northside Properties	3,480	Month	26 <b>,</b> 587	7.64
Krispy Creme Donuts (Ground				
Lease)	*	06/05	47,600	N/A
Pet Supplies Plus	8,120	02/06	114,365	14.08
Vacuums Unlimited	986	05/06	11,832	12.00
Ross the Boss	4,104	10/06	59 <b>,</b> 508	14.50
Stuart R. Humberg D.C.	1,000	11/06	15 <b>,</b> 815	15.82
US Cleaners, Inc.	1,427	11/07	20,691	14.50
Briano's Pizza	2,053	01/08	29 <b>,</b> 769	14.50
Beneficial Tennessee, Inc.	1,670	07/08	23,380	14.00
Ruby Tuesday (Ground Lease)	*	12/12	59,400	N/A

Taco Bell (Ground Lease)	*	11/14	39 <b>,</b> 996	N/A
CVS Drug Store	10,125	01/20	248,063	24.50

\* The ground lease square footage is not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### LINCOLN PARK, DALLAS, TEXAS

On September 7, 2004, we purchased an existing shopping center known as Lincoln Park, containing 148,806 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7700 W. Northwest Highway in Dallas, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$47,550,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$320 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On October 8, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$26,153,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.61% and matures in November 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Tom Thumb, Barnes & Noble and The Container Store, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate Base Rent Per GLA Leased % of Total Square Foot Per			Lease 1	e Term
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Tom Thumb	50,000	34	11.50	08/98	07/23
Barnes & Noble	29,485	20	21.00	05/98	01/09
The Container Store	25,000	17	29.00	02/00	01/15

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$35,663,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lincoln Park was built in 1998. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 148,806 square feet leased to 14 tenants. The

following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)
Marvin Brown	4,408	05/05	141,000	31.99
T-Mobile	1,402	10/05	68,698	49.00
Maggie Moo's Ice Cream	1,375	12/07	48,125	35.00
Romies Nail Boutique	1,098	12/07	40,626	37.00
Mother's Work	4,012	03/08	144,432	36.00

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)
Blue Mesa Grill	8,250	12/08	235,950	28.60
Elizabeth Arden	6,058	12/08	151,450	25.00
Eyemasters	3,000	12/08	134,400	44.80
Barnes & Noble	29,485	01/09	619,185	21.00
Up In Smoke	1,164	01/09	58,200	50.00
Bag N Baggage	3,554	04/09	106,620	30.00
The Container Store	25,000	01/15	725,000	29.00
Cheesecake Factory	10,000	09/18	347,500	34.75
Tom Thumb	50,000	07/23	575 <b>,</b> 000	11.50

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

SAUCON VALLEY SQUARE, BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Saucon Valley Square, containing 80,695 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on I-78 and Rouse 378 in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$16,092,600. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$199 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$8,850,900. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.115% and matures in October 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any

monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Super Fresh Food Market, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Term	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Super Fresh Food	47,827	59	13.75	01/99	12/18
Market	11,021	3,3	13.73	01/ 00	12/10

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$12,069,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line

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method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Saucon Valley Square was built in 1999. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 99% occupied, with a total 79,495 square feet leased to 13 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual	Base Rent Per S
2,800	03/08	42,900	15.32
N/A	07/08	3 <b>,</b> 750	N/A
6 <b>,</b> 208	12/08	88,000	14.18
1,200	01/09	20,790	17.33
2,000	01/09	24,650	12.33
1,200	02/09	22,050	18.38
5,200	02/09	96,200	18.50
5,140	03/09	103,468	20.13
1,200	03/09	25 <b>,</b> 080	20.90
2,320	03/09	36 <b>,</b> 800	15.86
1,600	05/09	29,840	18.65
1,200	12/13	20,790	17.33
1,600	01/14	27 <b>,</b> 720	17.33
47 <b>,</b> 827	12/18	657,621	13.75
	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)  2,800  N/A 6,208 1,200 2,000 1,200 5,200 5,140 1,200 2,320 1,600 1,200 1,200	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.) Lease Ends  2,800 03/08  N/A 07/08 6,208 12/08 1,200 01/09 2,000 01/09 1,200 02/09 5,200 02/09 5,140 03/09 1,200 03/09 2,320 03/09 2,320 03/09 1,600 05/09 1,200 12/13 1,600 01/14	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.) Lease Ends Rent (\$)  2,800 03/08 42,900  N/A 07/08 3,750 6,208 12/08 88,000 1,200 01/09 20,790 2,000 01/09 24,650 1,200 02/09 22,050 5,200 02/09 96,200 5,140 03/09 103,468 1,200 03/09 25,080 2,320 03/09 36,800 1,600 05/09 29,840 1,200 12/13 20,790 1,600 01/14 27,720

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

QUAKERTOWN SHOPPING CENTER, QUAKERTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Quakertown Shopping Center, containing 61,832 gross leasable square feet (which includes 3,500 of ground leased space). The center is located at Route 309 and Tollgate Road in Quakertown, Pennsylvania.

On August 25, 2004, we funded the initial installment of a \$12,664,794 first mortgage in the amount of \$11,398,314. The remaining \$1,266,480 is expected to be funded in 2004. The interest rate of this first mortgage is 7.5573% and it matures in August 2005. We anticipates purchasing the center when the mortgage matures for approximately \$12,665,000. We will use the funds from repayment of the first mortgage towards our purchase price.

One tenant, Giant Food Stores, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	Approximate	Approximate		
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Square Foot Per	Lease Ter
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Giant Food Stores	54,332	88	15.86	05/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,499,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Quakertown Shopping Center was constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 61,832 (including ground leased space) square feet leased to five tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Rent Pe Square Foot P Annum (\$)
Best Cuts	1,200	02/09	25,200	21.00
Electronics Boutique	1,200	02/14	25,200	21.00
Dry Cleaner Drop Off	1,600	02/14	33,600	21.00
Giant Food Stores	54,332	02/24	861,706	15.86
Perkasie Bank (Ground Lease)	3,500	02/24	90,000	N/A

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

THE COLUMNS SHOPPING CENTER, JACKSON, TENNESSEE

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as The Columns hopping Center, containing 173,587 gross leasable square feet consisting of three phases. The center is located at 1300 Vann Drive in Jackson, Tennessee.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,770,000. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$162 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On October 5, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,423,300. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.91% and matures in November 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Best Buy, Ross Dress for Less, Marshalls and Bed, Bath & Beyond, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance

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with the tenant's commencement date. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Ter Beginning
Best Buy	30,000	17	16.00 16.50	08/03 10/08
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	17	9.75	*
Marshalls	28,000	16	7.75 8.10	10/02 11/08
Bed, Bath & Beyond	20,000	12	9.75	11/03

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Lease term information is based on the date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,578,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Columns Shopping Center is newly constructed in 2003/2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property was 100% leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annual	Ba Squ
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)	
Old Navy*	14,800	_	-	186,480	
Ross Dress for Less*	30,187	-	_	294,323	
Shop Space*	7,200	_	_	115,200	
Oreck Vacuums	1,600	11/08	1/5 yr.	24,800	
Dress Barn	7,700	12/08	3/4 yr.	102,795	
Books A Million	12,500	01/09	4/3 yr.	134,375	
Rack Room Shoes	6,000	03/09	3/5  yr.	85 <b>,</b> 500	
Spoil Me Rotten	2,000	03/09	_	31,000	
Rue 21	4,000	12/09	2/4 yr.	64,000	
Don Panchos Restaurant	4,000	04/09	1/5  yr.	60,000	
Grass Monkey	1,600	03/09	1/5  yr.	24,000	
Wells Fargo	2,400	05/09	1/5  yr.	37,200	
Marshalls	28,000	10/13	3/5  yr.	217,000	
Best Buy	30,000	01/14	4/5  yr.	480,000	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	20,000	01/14	3/5  yr.	195,000	
Quizno's	1,600	03/14	2/5 yr.	28,800	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Lease term information is based on the date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MITCHELL RANCH PLAZA, NEW PORT RICHEY, FLORIDA

We purchased 200,404 square feet of a portion of a 324,108 square foot newly constructed shopping center known as Mitchell Ranch Plaza. The center is located at State Road 54 and Little Road in New Port Richey, Florida.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$34,003,300. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$170 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$18,700,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.53% and matures in October 2007.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Publix, Marshalls and Ross Dress for Less, each leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease T	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Publix	44,840	22	9.85	07/03	07/23
Marshalls	30,000	15	7.95	07/03	07/13
Ross Dress for Less	30,176	15	9.75	07/03	01/14

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$25,503,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Mitchell Ranch Plaza was constructed in 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 93% occupied, with a total 185,873 square feet leased to 35 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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Lessee			Current Annual Rent (\$)	_
Cottage Florist	1,200	08/06	22,212	18.51
Cruise Warehouse	900	08/06	18,228	20.25
Pocket Change	1,200	08/06	26,400	22.00
Vitamin Tree	1,200	09/06	22,800	19.00
Tampa Bay Insurance	900	09/06	16,656	18.51
Curves for Women	1,200	09/06	21,900	18.25
Brazilian Tan	1,800	10/06	32,856	18.25
Charles Pope Cellular	1,200	08/08	22,380	18.65
Magic Touch Cleaners	900	08/08	22,800	25.33
La Bebe's Salon	900	08/08	16,428	18.25
Working Cow	1,200	08/08	22,200	18.50
Cellular	1,200	08/08	22,116	18.43
Christos	2,400	09/08	43,200	18.00
Great Clips	1,000	09/08	19,248	19.25
Payless Shoesource	2,400	09/08	60,000	25.00
Aspasia Nails	1,200	09/08	22,200	18.50
Sally Beauty Supply	1,200	09/08	21,300	17.75
George Josef Salon	1,200	09/08	21,900	18.25
China Express	1,200	10/08	23,100	19.25
Trinity Spirits	3,950	10/08	53,280	13.49
American Family Dentist	1,200	10/08	21,780	18.15
VIP Martial Arts	4,050	12/08	67,836	16.75
Carlucci's	3,600	12/08	64,800	18.00
EB Games	1,200	01/09	26,400	22.00
Hallmark Gold Crown	3,950	01/09	65 <b>,</b> 172	16.50
Beefs O'Brady's	2,800	02/09	50,400	18.00

The Mattress Firm	3,000	02/09	72,300	24.10
The UPS Store	1,200	02/09	21,600	18.00
Cingular Wireless	900	04/09	27,000	30.00
Marshalls	30,000	07/13	238,500	7.95
Ross Dress for Less	30,176	01/14	294,216	9.75
Starbucks	1,500	01/14	42,000	28.00
Pier 1 Imports	10,000	02/14	161,796	16.18
PETSMART	19,107	01/19	211,128	11.05
Publix	44,840	07/23	441,672	9.85

\* Lease renewal information not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### GOVERNOR'S MARKETPLACE SHOPPING CENTER, TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Governor's Marketplace Shopping Center, containing 265,541 gross elasable square feet. The center is located on Governor's Square Boulevard, in Tallahassee, Florida.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third part with our own funds. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$32,654,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$123 per square foot of leasable space.

On August 17, 2004, we obtained financing on the property in the amount of \$20,625,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.185% and matures in September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Bed Bath & Beyond, Sports Authority and Marshalls, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sg. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Te Beginning
Bed Bath & Beyond	35,000	13	10.50 11.00	07/00 02/12
Sports Authority	34,775	13	0 11.91	08/03 01/04
Marshalls	30,000	11	7.75	05/01

8.25 06/06

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$24,491,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Governor's Marketplace was built in 2001. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 84% occupied, with a total 223,902 square feet leased to 21 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annua Rent (\$)
Famous Footwear	10,070	07/06	2/5 yr.	156,085
Student Body	3,721	08/06	1/5 yr.	81,321
Old Navy	20,000	09/06	2/5 yr.	230,000
Clark's Maytag	3,466	05/07	2/5 yr.	67,587

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	Approximate GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annua
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Life's Uniforms	1,217	06/07	1/5 yr.	26,774
Cingular Wireless	1,200	06/07	2/5  yr.	30,600
Sprint PCS	4,206	12/07	1/5  yr.	75 <b>,</b> 708
Sports Authority	34,775	08/08	5/5 yr.	414,170
Nextel	1,443	09/08	1/5  yr.	36 <b>,</b> 075
Communications				
ALLTEL	2,000	04/09	1/5  yr.	48,000
Michaels	23,965	02/11	4/5 yr.	251 <b>,</b> 633
Marshalls	30,000	05/11	2/5  yr.	232,500
Lifeway Christian	6,324	09/11	2/5  yr.	132,804
Atlanta Bread	4,000	11/11	2/5  yr.	94,520
Company				
Boston Market	3,800	11/12	4/5  yr.	60,000
David's Bridal	9,000	05/13	2/5  yr.	133,200
Petco	13,750	05/13	3/5  yr.	212,025
Bombay Company	8,500	08/13	1/5  yr.	208,250
Qdoba	2,000	04/14	2/5  yr.	42,000
Cargo Kids	5,465	08/14	_	124,602
Bed Bath & Beyond	35,000	01/17	3/5 yr.	367,500

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MANCHESTER MEADOWS, TOWN AND COUNTRY, MISSOURI

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Manchester Meadows, containing 454,172 gross leasable square feet (which includes 3,412 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 13901 Manchester Road in Town and Country, Missouri.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$56,481,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$124 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$31,064,550. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.48% and matures in September 2007.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Wal-Mart and Home Depot, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	Base Rent Approximate Per Square					
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease T Beginning	erm To 	
Wal-Mart	154,717	34	7.00	01/95	01/15	
Home Depot	111,175	24	7.47	11/94	11/19	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$42,361,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years.

Manchester Meadows was built in 1994 and 1995. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 434,772 square feet leased to 21 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Option	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Sears Portrait Studio	2,123	03/05		39 <b>,</b> 063

Linens 'N Things	34,917	01/05	3/5 yr.	340,441
HobbyTown USA	2,450	07/05	-	44,100
Chic Nails	1,400	05/06	-	28,000
Town & Country Tobacco	1,400	01/07	-	26,600
Fast Track Fitness	3,000	02/07	-	54,000
St. Louis Playscapes	3,000	04/07		54,000
United States Postal Service	3 <b>,</b> 570	04/07	1/5  yr.	63 <b>,</b> 225
Cobblestone Shoe Repairs	1,400	04/07	-	27,300
3 Day Blinds	4,550	03/08	1/5  yr.	104,640
Art & Frame	1,400	11/08	-	28,000
St. Louis Playscapes	7,500	12/08	1/5  yr.	150,000
99 Cent Only Store	3,000	01/09	1/5  yr.	49,500
Great Clips	1,400	04/09	_	29,400
Memories Unlimited	2,500	04/09	_	43,750
OfficeMax	23,920	11/09	3/5 yr.	239,200
PETSMART	27,438	03/10	4/5 yr.	240,083
The Sports Authority	40,500	11/14	10/5  yr.	324,000
Wal-Mart	154,717	04/15	6/5 yr.	1,083,018
Home Depot	111,175	11/19	10/5  yr.	830,088
Boston Chicken (Ground	3,412	08/05	7/5 yr.	79,200
Lease)				

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### THE VILLAGE SHOPPES AT SIMONTON, LAWRENCEVILLE, GEORGIA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as The Village Shoppes at Simonton, containing 66,415 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at New Hope Road and Simonton Road in Lawrenceville, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$13,749,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$207 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$7,561,700. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.96% and matures in October 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

		Base Rent	
Approximate		Per Square	
GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Term

Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Publix	44,271	67	10.95	05/04	05/24

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$10,312,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Village Shoppes at Simonton was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 85% occupied with a total of 56,615 square feet leased to nine tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)
Subway Real Estate Corp.	1,400	04/09	3/5  yr.	32,900	23.50
Dollar Store	2,644	06/09	1/5  yr.	60,812	23.00
South Eastern Dry Cleaners	1,500	07/09	1/5  yr.	42,000	28.00
Pak Mail Center	1,400	07/09	1/5  yr.	35,000	25.00
Nails and Tanning	1,200	07/09	1/5 yr.	30,000	25.00
Pizza Hut of America	1,400	07/10	*	32,900	23.50
Supercuts	1,400	08/09	1/5 yr.	33,600	24.00

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	
New China	1,400	08/09	*	32 <b>,</b> 200	23.00	
Publix	44,271	05/24		484 <b>,</b> 767	10.95	

<sup>\*</sup> Lease renewal option information not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### REISTERSTOWN ROAD PLAZA, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Reisterstown Road Plaza, containing 779,397 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 6500-6512 Reisterstown Road, Baltimore, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$88,500,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On August 11, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$49,650,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.30% and matures September 2009. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Home Depot, Public Safety Service and National Wholesale Liquidators, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Beginning	Term
Home Depot	115,289	15	5.20	11/02	01/
Public Safety Service	107,705	14	12.00	01/98	04/
National Wholesale Liquidators	91,129	12	4.00	05/00	01/

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$66,375,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line

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method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Reisterstown Road Plaza was built in 1986 and renovated in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 86% occupied, with a total 668,369 square feet leased to 72 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)
		Month-to-	
African Art and Craft	222	Month	10,800
Shingar	2,250	09/04	41,333
Perfumery International, Inc.	200	01/05	16,000

Injury Treatment Center	3,501	03/05	50,660
Hip Hop One Stop	238	06/05	10,800
Baltimore City Community			
College (BCCC)	14,620	05/06	189 <b>,</b> 329
Royal Gems & Jewelry	330	09/06	13,530
Time and More	787	09/06	13,355
Changes	4,500	09/06	28,176
Burlington Coat Factory	60,000	10/06	342,000
Gifts and Balloons	238	12/06	12,000
Avenue	5,000	01/07	71,250
Popeyes	3,523	01/07	59 <b>,</b> 891
Bank of America	5 <b>,</b> 250	01/07	77,976
Payless Shoes	4,985	07/07	43,519
Sally Beauty Supply	1,500	11/07	27,000
Power Gamer	1,902	12/07	31,954
Nuvo	2,017	12/07	25,213
Furniture Palace	39,243	12/07	247,231
Accent Hair	1,690	01/08	35 <b>,</b> 152
Rent-A-Center	4,300	01/08	73,100
Juvenile Justice	7,291	01/08	98,428
Revelations Shoe Shop	845	03/08	11,314
Jackson Hewitt Tax Service	1,217	04/08	30,425
Gallo	5,143	04/08	42,790
Vogue Hair Supply	1,050	05/08	20,066
Park West Medical	7,783	06/08	92,229
Thi Delight	588	08/08	17,640
Economy Shoes	3 <b>,</b> 293	09/08	32 <b>,</b> 930
Vital Records	11,500	11/08	154,675
Sepia Sand & Sable	1,267	12/08	20,272
Shoe Crazy	4,655	02/09	93,100
An Angel's Touch	1,598	02/09	19,751
Board of Nursing	15,232	02/09	195,731
Dollar City	5,181	04/09	51,810
Curves For Women	1,600	06/09	22,400
His and Hers	3 <b>,</b> 478	06/09	76,516
The Great Cookie	751	06/09	14,344

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Chic Nails	839	08/09	17 <b>,</b> 770
New Direction Barber Shop	1,086	12/09	22,372
Gold Lagoon	839	03/10	13,827
Provident Bank	2,593	11/10	57,046
National Wholesale Liquidators	91,129	01/11	364,516
Public Safety Service	107,705	04/11	1,292,400
Subway	250	05/12	27,000
Vision Beauty Supply	2,832	07/12	43,896
All Eyes	1,857	07/12	28,691
Plaza Podiatry	1,964	08/12	39,280
DHMN State (BCCC)	23,250	10/12	290,625
Mattress Warehouse	4,000	11/12	76,000
Mall Spirits	2,236	01/13	27,637
Footlocker	3,000	03/13	54,000

Square Circle	651	03/13	10,416
KS Alterations	500	03/13	15,750
Cobblers And Cleaners	1,374	04/13	27,480
Social Security Administration	14,885	06/13	145,873
Evergreen Cafe	835	07/13	25,050
Sausage Plus	386	07/13	8,492
Steak Busters	855	07/13	34,200
Harbor City Bake Shop	1,061	05/13	25,464
Blackstone Men's Wear	3,540	07/13	46,020
Lot Stores	5,335	07/13	34,678
Pick-A-Pretzel	318	07/13	7,950
Burgundy Park Seafood	544	07/13	26,112
Total Health Center	1,050	09/13	15,750
Metro II	1,453	10/13	24,701
Shoe City	6,740	01/14	89 <b>,</b> 979
Marshalls	28,500	04/14	299 <b>,</b> 607
Original Mamma Lucia	1,695	05/14	59,325
Baltimore City Community			
College WBJC Radio Station	5,010	06/14	64,629
Applebee's Neighborhood Grill & Bar	6,000	02/18	88,020
Home Depot	115,289	01/33	600,000

<sup>\*</sup> Lease renewal option information not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### WAL-MART SUPERCENTER, JONESBORO, ARKANSAS

We purchased an existing freestanding retail center known as Wal-Mart Supercenter, containing 149,704 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1911 West Parker Road in Jonesboro, Arkansas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$10,853,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$72 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 6, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of 6,088,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.085% and matures September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wal-Mart Supercenter, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Base Rent

	Approximate	Approximate		Per Square		
_	GLA Leased	% of Total	Annual	Foot Per	Renewal	_
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.) 	GLA 	Rent (\$) 	Annum (\$)	Options 	Beg 
Wal-Mart Supercenter	149,704	100	808,402	5.40	5/5 yr.	1

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$8,140,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

ACADEMY SPORTS & OUTDOORS, HOUMA, LOUISIANA

We purchased a newly constructed freestanding retail center known as Academy Sports & Outdoors, containing 60,001 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1777 Martin Luther King Boulevard in Houma, Louisiana.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$5,250,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$88 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 4, 2004, we obtained financing for this property in the amount of \$2,920,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.12% and matures September 2009.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Academy Sports & Outdoors, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Renewal Options	Lease Beginning	Term To
Academy Sports & Outdoors	60,001	100	420,000	7.00 7.70	4/5 yr.	07/04 08/14	07/14 07/24

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$3,937,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

FORKS TOWN CENTER, EASTON, PENNSYLVANIA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Forks Town Center, containing 92,660 gross leasable square feet (which includes 5,100 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 301 Town Center Boulevard in Easton, Pennsylvania.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$18,198,700. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$196 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 13, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$10,395,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.97% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Giant Food Stores, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Beginning	Term To
Giant Food Stores	54,300	59	16.04 17.04 18.04	08/02 09/12 09/17	08/12 08/17 08/22

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,649,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Forks Town Center was built in 2002. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 88,660 square feet leased to 14 tenants and ground lease space leased to two tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Movie Gallery	3,200	08/07	3/5 yr.	44,800
Vista Bank United Trust	2,500	12/07	3/5 yr.	50,000
Subway	1,600	11/07	1/5 yr.	28,000
H & R Block	1,600	01/08	1/3 yr.	30,400
Hollywood Tans	2,400	02/08	1/5  yr.	49,416

PL Nails	1,200	04/08	1/5 yr.	21,600
China Moon	3,200	04/08	1/5 yr.	48,000
Catanzaretti's Pizza	2,400	05/08	_	43,200
Something Different	1,600	09/08	1/5  yr.	32,000
Holiday Hair	1,600	09/08	_	33,600
D & J Cleaners	1,200	11/08	1/5  yr.	19,200
Data Danz Wireless	1,360	03/09	-	20,400
Fox Hallmark	5,400	08/09	2/5  yr.	129,600
Giant Food Stores	54,300	08/22	8/5 yr.	870 <b>,</b> 972
Giant Gas Station (Ground				
Lease)	2,400	01/23	8/5 yr.	12,500
Dunkin Donuts (Ground				
Lease)	2,700	08/13	3/5  yr. +	40,000
			1/4 yr.	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### PLAZA AT MARYSVILLE, MARYSVILLE, WASHINGTON

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Plaza at Marysville, containing 115,656 gross leasable square feet and one ground lease space. The center is located at State Avenue and Grove Street, in Marysville, Washington.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$21,266,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$184 per square foot of leasable space.

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We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,800,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.085% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Safeway, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate	% of	Base Rent Per		
	GLA Leased	Total	Square Foot	Lease 7	Γerm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Per Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Safeway	53,850	47	11.00	07/01	07/21

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,950,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for

tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Plaza at Marysville was built in 1995. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 110,356 square feet leased to 24 tenants and one ground lease space. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			Curren	
	GLA Leased		Renewal	Annual I	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	(\$)	
Alderwood Auto Glass	1,500	07/05	-	20,112	
Northwest Credit Union	1,300	11/05	1/2 yr.	24,050	
Supercuts	1,300	11/05	2/5 yr.	24,696	
GNC	1,422	01/06	_	25 <b>,</b> 344	
Marysville Daycare	7,345	01/06	_	97 <b>,</b> 321	
Alta's Pet Gallery	3 <b>,</b> 375	05/06	1/5 yr.	45,563	
Papa Murphy's	1,300	07/06	1/5 yr.	26,004	
Safeway District Office	901	07/06	2/5 yr.	12,468	
Mail Box Junction	904	09/06	-	16,272	
Alpha Denture Clinic	904	10/06	-	17,172	
Hi-Tek Nails	863	11/06	1/5 yr.	18,120	
Play It Again Sports	3,000	11/06	1/5 yr.	49,173	
Fowlds Cleaners	1,500	12/06	1/5 yr.	24,000	
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,300	01/07	1/5 yr.	24,696	
The Everett Clinic	1,200	03/07	-	24,600	
Cigar Land	1,050	03/07	1/5 yr.	22,281	
Check into Cash	1,546	07/07	1/3 yr.	30,920	
Edward Jones	1,500	07/08	1/5 yr.	27 <b>,</b> 750	
Rent-A-Center	3,961	09/08	_	51,492	
The Sun Factory	1,803	09/08	1/5  yr.	32,454	

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Curren Annual R (\$)
Hollywood Video	6,540	08/09	2/5 yr.	98,100
Party City Safeway Fuel Site	7 <b>,</b> 992	01/10	2/5 yr.	107 <b>,</b> 892

01/11

07/21

12/20

10/5 yr.

8/5 yr.

N/A

4,000

53,850

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

(Ground Lease)

Home Street Bank

Safeway

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50,000

80,004

592,356

WRANGLER COMPANY, WESTERN HEADQUARTERS AND DISTRIBUTION FACILITY, EL PASO, TEXAS

We purchased an existing freestanding office and distribution center leased to Wrangler Company, containing 316,800 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 12173 Rojas Drive in El Paso, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$18,476,800. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$58 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 26, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,300,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.09% and matures August 2034.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wrangler Company, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Renewal Options	Lease Beginning	Term T
Wrangler Company	316,800	100	1,504,800	4.75	3/7 yr.	11/93	11/

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,858,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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#### GATEWAY PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER, SOUTHLAKE, TEXAS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Gateway Plaza Shopping Center, containing 358,501 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on State Highway 114 and Southlake Boulevard, in Southlake, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$33,025,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$92 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 1, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$18,163,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.10% and matures in September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kohl's, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot	Lease T	Cerm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Per Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Kohl's	87,423	24	5.74	08/00	01/21

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$24,769,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Gateway Plaza Shopping Center was built in 2000. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 90% occupied, with a total 324,240 square feet leased to 25 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate				
	GLA Leased	Lease	Renewal	Current Annua	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Ends	Options	Rent (\$)	
Cool Cuts for Kids	1,194	09/05	1/5  yr.	28,656	
Old Navy	25,000	09/05	3/5  yr.	225,000	
Mattress Firm	4,008	09/05	2/5  yr.	88,176	
Rack Room	7,996	09/05	2/5 yr.	147,926	
Carpet Mills of America	3,493	11/05	1/5 yr.	76 <b>,</b> 846	
Dress Barn	8,127	12/05	3/5 yr.	121 <b>,</b> 905	
Baker Brothers	3,000	12/05	-	75,000	
Calico Corners	5 <b>,</b> 278	12/05	2/5 yr.	126,672	
Chipotle Mexican Grill	2,432	12/05	3/5 yr.	59 <b>,</b> 025	
Fitness Headquarters	2,500	01/06	2/5 yr.	62,500	
Home Theater Store	6,000	02/08	1/6 mo.	156,000	

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annua Rent (\$)
		2 = 42 2	0.75	
Shogun Sushi	4,253	05/09	2/5 yr.	114,831
Michaels	23,838	02/10	4/5  yr.	262,218
T.J. Maxx	30,600	08/10	3/5  yr.	267,750

Ultra Cosmetics & Salon	11,250	10/10	3/5 yr.	202,500
Thomasville Home				
Furniture	18,615	12/10	2/5 yr.	252 <b>,</b> 792
Bed Bath & Beyond	30,000	01/11	4/5 yr.	330,000
Anamia's Retail	5 <b>,</b> 058	02/11	2/5 yr.	126,450
Aaron Brothers Art &				
Frame	6 <b>,</b> 500	02/11	2/5 yr.	143,000
Starbucks	1,830	03/11	2/5 yr.	54,900
Pearle Vision	3,027	10/12	2/5 yr.	71,437
Zales	3 <b>,</b> 587	11/13	3/5 yr.	60 <b>,</b> 979
OfficeMax	23,801	01/16	4/5 yr.	261,250
Bank of America	5,430	12/20	3/5 yr.	190,000
Kohl's	87,423	01/21	6/5 yr.	502,187

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### WAL-MART SUPERCENTER, BLYTHEVILLE, ARKANSAS

We purchased an existing retail store known as Wal-Mart Supercenter, containing 183,211 gross leasable square feet. The store is located at 3700 Highway 18, in Blytheville, Arkansas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$12,935,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$71 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 31, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$7,100,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.39% and matures in September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wal-Mart Supercenter, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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				Dase		
				Rent		
				Per		
				Square		
	Approximate	% of	Current	Foot Per		
	GLA Leased	Total	Annual	Annum	Renewal	Lease Te
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Rent (\$)	(\$)	Options	Beginning
Wal-Mart Supercenter	183,211	100	902,422	4.93	6/5 yr.	04/99

Base

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,701,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

#### GATEWAY VILLAGE, ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Gateway Village, containing 273,788 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Housley Road and Defense Highway in Annapolis, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$49,513,455 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$31,458,000. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$27,233,000 at an annual rate of the three month LIBOR Rate and 113 basis points and matures July 2009. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$4,225,000 at an annual interest rate of the three month LIBOR Rate and 200 basis points and matures August 2005. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

Three tenants, Safeway, Burlington Coat Factory and Best Buy, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Beginning	Term To
Safeway	53,000	19	10.00	06/02	06/22
Burlington Coat Factory	68,400	25	6.00	03/99	02/04
Best Buy	58,000	21	16.00	03/04	02/09
Desc Day	30,000	21	17.00 18.00	05/01 05/06	04/01

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$37,135,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Gateway Village was built in 1996. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 273,788 square feet leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee		Lease Ends		Current Annual Rent (\$)
Rugged Wearhouse	9,981	01/05	2/5 yr.	129,753
Big Screen Store	3,525	10/05	2/5 yr.	88,125
Regional Acceptance Corp	2,000	02/06	1/5 yr.	41,524
Career Partners	1,600	02/06		
Chesapeake Open MRI	3,000	04/06	1/5 yr.	
Annapolis Hair	6,400	03/07	-	92,383
US Army	2,877	04/07	1/5  yr.	63,294
Standard Carpet	3,975	08/07	1/5  yr.	113,279
Burlington Coat Factory	68,400	02/09	4/5  yr.	430,543
Jenny Craig	3,200	03/09	1/5  yr.	51,200
Best Buy	58,000	04/11	3/5  yr.	986,000
Staples	24,491	08/11	3/5  yr.	404,101
Sakura	4,600	12/11	2/5  yr.	82,800
PETsMART	25,416	01/12	5/5  yr.	419,364
Safeway	53,000	06/22	6/5 yr.	530,000
Beneficial Maryland	3,323	Month-to	_	63,137
		-Month		

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### TOWSON CIRCLE, TOWSON, MARYLAND

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Towson Circle, containing 116,366 gross leasable square feet of which 8,838 is a ground lease. The center is located at York, Dulaney Valley and Joppa Roads, in Towson, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$28,450,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$19,197,500. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$15,647,500 at an annual rate of 5.10% and matures July 2009. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$3,550,000 at an annual rate of 3.60% for the first ninety days and thereafter at

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the three month LIBOR Rate and 200 basis points. The loan matures August 2005. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Barnes & Noble, Trader Joe's East, Bally Total Fitness and Pier 1 Imports, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot	Lease T	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Per Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Barnes & Noble	31,222	27	20.42	11/98	01/14
Trader Joe's East	11,875	10	*	09/00	09/10
Bally Total Fitness	21,713	19	20.50	12/99	12/04
			21.50	01/05	12/09
			22.50	01/10	12/14
Pier 1 Imports	12,252	10	17.06	12/98	12/03
			19.62	01/04	12/08

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\star}}$  This tenant's lease requires payment of percentage rent only on a monthly basis.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$21,338,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Towson Circle was built in 1998. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 92% occupied, with a total 106,621 square feet leased to 13 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Mattress Discounters	2,518	05/05	1/5  yr.	62 <b>,</b> 950
T-Mobile	1,996	09/05	5/1  yr.	52 <b>,</b> 346
Hollywood Tanning System	2,087	09/07	1/5  yr.	53,740
Nextel	400	03/08	1/5  yr.	24,720
Sprint PCS	3,128	11/08	_	86,250
Pier 1 Imports	12,252	12/08	2/5 yr.	240,350
Storehouse, Inc.	6 <b>,</b> 345	09/09	-	155,453
Country Curtains	4,000	07/10	1/5 yr.	80,000
Trader Joe's East	11,875	09/10	2/5 yr.	*

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Approximate			Current
GLA Leased	Lease	Renewal	Annual

Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Barnes & Noble	31,222	01/14	3/5 yr.	637 <b>,</b> 553
Bally Total Fitness	21,713	12/14	2/5 yr.	445,116
ATM Machines	247	04/15	_	5,400
Bahama Breeze Restaurant				
(Ground Lease)	8,838	09/18	3/5  yr.	238,336

<sup>\*</sup> This tenant's lease requires payment of percentage rent only on a monthly basis.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### TOLLGATE MARKETPLACE, BEL AIR, MARYLAND

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of an existing shopping center known as Tollgate Marketplace, containing 392,587 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Route 24 and Route 1, in Bel Air, Maryland.

We entered into a joint venture agreement with the current owners of this property, who are unaffiliated third parties. We made a capital contribution in the amount of \$72,100,000 to this joint venture and received an equity interest representing a majority ownership and operating control of this joint venture.

We made our capital contribution to the joint venture with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$39,765,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 2.80% for the first ninety days and thereafter at the three month LIBOR Rate and 120 basis points. The loan matures July 2009. Through additional joint ventures, the joint venture partners may acquire additional properties, which would be managed by our joint venture partner.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Giant Food and Jo Ann Fabrics, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot	Lease T	Cerm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Per Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Giant Food	40,400	10	4.36	11/79	10/09
Jo Ann Fabrics	46,000	12	11.00	07/98	01/09

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$54,225,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for

tax purposes, we will use the straight-line

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method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Tollgate Marketplace was built in 1979 and renovated in 1994. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 392,587 square feet leased to 34 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			Current
	GLA Leased	Lease	Renewal	Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Sylvan Learning Center	3,900	06/05	1/5 yr.	75 <b>,</b> 335
AT & T Wireless	2,000	09/05	1/5  yr.	63 <b>,</b> 999
Carvel Ice Cream	1,250	10/05	1/5  yr.	31,250
Foto Image 1 Hour	1,600	11/05	_	35,200
Outback Steakhouse	6,200	12/05	3/5  yr.	77,000
Factory Card Outlet	11,500	12/05	2/5 yr.	149,500
T.J. Maxx	27,769	01/06	_	242,978
Dubinclipped	1,230	06/06	2/5  yr.	33,495
Rockway Bedding	3,200	08/06	1/5  yr.	74,400
Starbucks Coffee	1,200	09/06	2/5  yr.	33,732
Hollywood Tanning System	3,000	03/07	1/5 yr.	89,115
Only Nails	1,230	06/07	1/5  yr.	39,147
Standard Carpet	3,500	07/07	1/5 yr.	92 <b>,</b> 829
Rack Room Shoes	6,980	11/07	1/5  yr.	127,385
JoAnn Fabrics	46,000	01/09	3/5  yr.	506,000
Red Lobster	8,355	01/09	3/5  yr.	88,563
Giant Food	40,400	10/09	3/5  yr.	176,341
Boston Markets	5,200	12/09	_	95 <b>,</b> 000
Staples	20,285	12/09	3/5  yr.	303,260
Pier 1 Imports	9,920	10/10	2/5 yr.	200,681
Toys R Us	30,000	11/10	10/5  yr.	137,499
TGI Fridays	7,041	12/10	4/5  yr.	151 <b>,</b> 381
Petco	12,000	01/11	2/5 yr.	222,000
The Men's Wearhouse	6,906	02/11	2/5  yr.	151 <b>,</b> 932
Joo Dry Cleaners	1,500	03/11	_	31,827
Sakura	5,380	06/11	2/5  yr.	114,648
Barnes & Noble Superstores	23,115	01/12	3/5  yr.	369,840
Michaels	35,000	01/12	3/5  yr.	349 <b>,</b> 999
Baja Fresh	3,000	04/12	2/5 yr.	84,000
First Union Bank	6,050	10/12	2/5 yr.	138,000
Bassett Furniture	14,144	12/13	2/5  yr.	169,728
Tollgate Liquors	4,282	05/14	2/5 yr.	51,384
Pizzeria Uno's	6,360	11/14	4/5  yr.	77,020
Circuit City	33,090	11/15	4/5 yr.	390,828

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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DORMAN CENTER, SPARTANBURG, SOUTH CAROLINA

We purchased the second phase of Dorman Center, containing 37,200 gross leasable square feet for approximately \$7,082,000. We acquired the first phase of Dorman Center, containing 350,994 gross leaseable square feet on March 4, 2004 for approximately \$43,118,000. The center is located at Blackstock Road and W.L. Ezell Road, in Spartanburg, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$50,200,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$123 per square foot of leasable space for Phase I and \$190 for per square foot of leasable space for Phase II.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 20, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$27,610,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.18% and matures May 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Wal-Mart Supercenter, leases more than 10% of the combined total gross leasable area of the Phase I and Phase II properties. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate		Base Rent Per Square		
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Wal-Mart Supercenter	219,622	57	7.45	08/03	08/23

For federal income tax purposes, the total depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$25,800,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Dorman Center Phase I was built in 2003 and Dorman Center Phase II was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 94% occupied, with a total 365,394 square feet leased to 23 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			
	GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annua
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$

DORMAN CENTER I

Happy Nails	2,000	08/06	1/3 yr.	38,000
Pilgrim's Pathway	2,000	09/06	1/3 yr.	32,000
Alltel	2,500	09/06	2/3 yr.	45,000
Payless Shoe Source	2,800	08/08	3/5  yr.	47,600
Your Dollar Store	5,000	08/08	2/5  yr.	77,500

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	Approximate GLA Leased			Current Annua
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends		
JD's Fashion	3,500	08/08	1/5 yr.	63,000
Lee Jewelers	1,700	09/08	2/5  yr.	33,150
Catherine's	4,000	09/08	3/5  yr.	69 <b>,</b> 000
Super Tans	2,500	10/08	2/3 yr.	42,500
Pier 1 Imports	10,800	07/13	3/5  yr.	199,800
Michaels	23,885	09/13	4/5  yr.	249,459
McAllister's Deli	4,000	10/13	2/5  yr.	66,000
Moe's Southwestern	3,000	01/14	2/5 yr.	45,000
Linens `N Things	25,000	01/14	3/5 yr.	252,050
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/14	4/5  yr.	332,057
Wal-Mart Supercenter	219,622	08/23	16/5 yr.	1,636,184
DORMAN CENTER II				
American Cash Advance	1,400	04/07	1/3 yr.	24,500
Cingular Wireless	1,600	05/07	2/2 yr.	28,000
Aim Mail Center	1,600	06/09	_	28,000
Sally Beauty Supply	1,400	04/09	2/5 yr.	25,200
Cost Cutters	1,400	05/09	1/5 yr.	25 <b>,</b> 900
American's Home Place	3,500	06/09	2/3 yr.	57 <b>,</b> 225
America's Best *	3,000	09/09	1/5 yr.	46,500
Italian Pie *	3,200	07/14	2/5 yr.	52,800
Shoe Carnival	12,000	03/14	2/5 yr.	156,000

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Lease had not commenced as of September 1, 2004

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### CRANBERRY SQUARE, CRANBERRY TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Cranberry Square, containing 195,566 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on U.S. Route 19 in Cranberry Township, Pennsylvania.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,220,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately

\$103 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 16, 2004, we obtained financing for this property in the amount of \$10,900,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.975% and matures August 2009.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

All five tenants, Barnes & Noble, Dick's Sporting Goods, Best Buy, OfficeMax and Toys "R" Us, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate		Base Rent Per Square		
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Barnes & Noble	25,200	13	12.50	11/96	10/06
			15.00	11/06	10/11
Dick's Sporting Goods	50,000	26	10.25	02/97	01/12
Best Buy	37 <b>,</b> 005	19	12.25	11/02	01/08
			13.25	02/08	01/13
OfficeMax	23,380	12	10.10	10/96	09/01
			10.60	10/01	09/06
			10.80	10/06	09/11
Toys "R" Us	45,000	23	3.78	11/96	01/07
_			4.16	02/07	01/12

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,165,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Cranberry Square was built in 1996. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 92% occupied, with a total 180,585 square feet leased to five tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
000' W	02.200	00/11	2/5	0.47, 0.00
OfficeMax	23,380	09/11	3/5 yr.	247 <b>,</b> 828
Barnes & Noble	25 <b>,</b> 200	10/11	2/5  yr.	315,000
Toys "R" Us	45,000	01/12	6/5 yr.	170,100
Dick's Sporting Goods	50,000	01/12	3/5 yr.	512,500
Best Buy	37 <b>,</b> 005	01/13	4/5  yr.	453,311

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### KOHL'S/WILSHIRE PLAZA III, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

We funded \$5,750,000 which represents a portion of the purchase price of a free standing retail center under construction to be known as Kohl's/Wilshire Plaza III to contain 88,248 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at I-35 and Highway 152 in Kansas City, Missouri.

We are purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost will be approximately \$9,850,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost will be approximately \$112 per square foot of leasable space.

In accordance with the terms of the lease agreement with Kohl's, we will reimburse them for the construction of their retail building in two installments. We will receive a 7% return on the original amount funded of 55,750,000 and construction advances to Kohl's until such time as Kohl's lease commences.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kohl's, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent			
	Approximate		Per Square			
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	erm	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To	
Kohl's	88,248	100	8.37	11/04	01/24	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$7,387,500. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

#### SHOPPES OF DALLAS, DALLAS, GEORGIA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Shoppes of Dallas, containing 70,610 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Highway 381 and East Paulding Drive, in Dallas, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total

acquisition cost was approximately \$13,052,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$185 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On September 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$7,178,700. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.96% and matures in April 2009.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent			
	Approximate		Per Square			
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	erm	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To	
Publix	44,840	64	10.25	03/04	03/24	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,789,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shoppes of Dallas was newly constructed in 2004. The property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 81% occupied, with a total of 57,440 square feet leased to 11 tenants. In addition, the seller is funding the shortfall rent for certain tenants until the space is occupied. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Creative Tan	1,200	04/07	1/3 yr.	24,000
Ladies Fitness Express	1,200	04/07	1/3 yr.	19,800
Verizon	900	04/07	1/3 yr.	15,300
Evan Blake Salon	1,200	04/07	1/3 yr.	21,000
Dollar Train	2,100	06/07	1/3 yr.	36,750
USA Nails	1,200	03/09	2/5 yr.	28,800
Great Clips	1,200	04/09	2/5 yr.	26,400
China Fun	1,200	05/09	2/5 yr.	25,200
Dry Clean USA	1,200	06/09	2/5 yr.	28,800
Subway	1,200	07/09	2/5 yr.	22,800

Publix 44,840 03/24 6/5 yr. 459,600

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

THE SHOPS AT BOARDWALK, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as The Shops at Boardwalk, containing 122,413 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at North Boardwalk Avenue and Ambassador Drive in Kansas City, Missouri.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$36,642,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$299 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$20,150,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.13% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Borders Books, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Base Rent Approximate Per Square				
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Te Beginning	erm To
Borders Books	19,000	16	13.95 14.65	09/02 09/08	08/08 08/13
			15.38 16.11	09/13 09/18	08/18 01/24

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$27,500,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Shops at Boardwalk was newly constructed during 2003 and 2004. The property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. In addition, the seller is funding the shortfall rent for certain tenants until the space is occupied. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 70% occupied, with a total of 85,924 square feet leased to twenty tenants. The following table sets forth certain

information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Coldwater Creek*	4,620	Month-to- Month	2/5 yr.	110,808
Nextel Communications	2,004	05/08	2/5 yr.	54,108
Electronic Boutique	2,195	06/08	1/5  yr.	60,582
Chicos	2,735	07/08	2/5 yr.	68 <b>,</b> 375
Planet Sub	3,147	07/08	1/5 yr.	84,969
Jos. A. Banks	4,200	08/08	1/3 yr. & 1/2 yr.	92,400
Claire's Boutique	1,200	08/08	1/1 yr.	36,000
Maurices	3,781	08/08	2/3 yr.	94,525

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Noggin Noodle	2,390	10/08	1/5 yr.	62,140
Select Comfort	2,158	12/08	1/5  yr.	64,740
Archivers	5 <b>,</b> 957	01/09	1/5  yr.	119,140
2nd Swing	3,580	04/09	_	93,080
J. Jill	4,040	07/13	_	121,200
Chipolte Mexican Grill	2,801	07/13	2/5 yr.	78,428
Yankee Candle	2,000	07/13	1/5  yr.	50,000
Red Star Tavern	7,200	08/13	2/5 yr.	209,061
Christopher & Banks	3,500	08/13	_	91,000
Kirklands	4,915	01/14	_	108,130
Talbots	4,501	01/16	2/4 yr.	117,026
Borders Books	19,000	01/24	4/5  yr.	265,050

# \* Renewal negotiations in progress

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

SHOPPES OF PROMINENCE POINT, CANTON, GEORGIA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Shoppes of Prominence Point, containing 78,058 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Interstate 575 and State Route 5, in Canton, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$18,099,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any

additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$232\$ per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 13, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of 99,954,300. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.235% and matures September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent		
	Approximate		Per Square		
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Publix	44,840	51	10.80	03/04	03/24

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,574,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Shoppes of Prominence Point was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 89% occupied, with a total of 69,358 square feet leased to 14 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
World Wireless	1,050	03/07	1/3 yr.	21,000
World Dollar Store	1,610	04/07	1/3  yr.	30 <b>,</b> 590
Curves	1,400	04/07	1/3  yr.	27,300
Prominence Chiropractic	1,400	05/07	1/3  yr.	26,600
Oceanside Tanning	1,400	04/08	1/4 yr.	32,200
Bowen's TaeKwonDo Plus	2,450	04/08	1/4 yr.	47,775
Blockbuster Video	5,268	01/09	4/5  yr.	92 <b>,</b> 190
Holly Nails	1,050	04/09	1/4 yr.	25,200
Yoon Sushi Restaurant	1,400	05/09	1/5  yr.	25 <b>,</b> 900
Great Clips	1,400	05/09	2/5 yr.	30,800
The UPS Store	1,400	05/09	1/5  yr.	26,600
Mui Lan Restaurant	2,100	05/09	1/5  yr.	40,950
Beef O'Brady's	2,590	05/12	1/8 yr.	46,620
Publix	44,840	03/24	6/5 yr.	484,272

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

DAVIS TOWNE CROSSING, NORTH RICHLAND HILLS, TEXAS

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Davis Towne Crossing, containing 41,349 gross leasable square feet of which 4,000 is a ground lease. The center is located at Davis Boulevard and Precinct Line Road in North Richland Hills, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$9,755,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$236 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On August 9, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of 5,365,200. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.185% and matures September 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Two tenants, Lady USA Fitness and Cotton Patch Cafe', each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Lady USA Fitness	6,000	14	17.00	10/03	10/08
Cotton Patch Cafe	4,400	11	20.00	12/03	11/08

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$7,316,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Davis Towne Crossing was newly constructed during 2003 and 2004. The property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. In addition, the seller is funding the shortfall rent for certain tenants until the space is occupied. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 82% occupied with 34,091 square feet leased to 13 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
2,264	05/07	1/3 yr.	45,280
3,000	10/07	1/2 yr.	57,000
2,400	08/08	3/5 yr.	48,000
1,440	08/08	2/5 yr.	28,800
1,500	09/08	2/5 yr.	31,500
1,400	09/08	1/5 yr.	29,400
1,727	10/08	3/3 yr.	32,813
6,000	10/08	2/5 yr.	102,000
4,400	11/08	1/5 yr.	88,000
1,360	02/09	1/5 yr.	25,840
3,000	07/13	2/5 yr.	54,000
1,600	11/13	1/5 yr.	30,400
4,000	08/28	4/5 yr.	85,000
	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)  2,264 3,000 2,400 1,440 1,500 1,400 1,727 6,000 4,400 1,360 3,000 1,600	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)  2,264 3,000 10/07 2,400 08/08 1,440 08/08 1,500 09/08 1,400 09/08 1,727 10/08 6,000 10/08 4,400 11/08 1,360 02/09 3,000 07/13 1,600 11/13	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.) Lease Ends Options  2,264 05/07 1/3 yr. 3,000 10/07 1/2 yr. 2,400 08/08 3/5 yr. 1,440 08/08 2/5 yr. 1,500 09/08 2/5 yr. 1,400 09/08 1/5 yr. 1,727 10/08 3/3 yr. 6,000 10/08 2/5 yr. 4,400 11/08 1/5 yr. 1,360 02/09 1/5 yr. 3,000 07/13 2/5 yr. 1,600 11/13 1/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### FULLERTON METROCENTER, FULLERTON, CALIFORNIA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Fullerton Metrocenter, containing 253,296 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Harbor Boulevard and Orangethorpe Avenue, in Fullerton, California.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$51,275,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$202 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 9, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$28,050,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.09% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Sportmart and Henry's Marketplace, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Base Rent Per Square

	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Term	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Sportmart	43,660	18	8.25	10/88	10/93
			9.10	11/93	10/03
			9.95	11/03	02/06
Henry's Marketplace					
(Wild Oats)*	28,092	12	16.89	09/04	08/19

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$38,456,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Fullerton Metrocenter was built in 1988. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 82% occupied, with a total 208,174 square feet leased to 40 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)	
H & R Block	5,250	09/04	-	141,816	
Sportmart	43,660	02/06	3/5 yr.	434,334	
La Caffepia	1,245	03/06	-	36,708	

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends		Current Annual Rent (\$)
Washington Mutual	1,560	05/06	_	35,604
Kentucky Fried Chicken	2,304	05/06	_	100,800
AT & T Wireless Services	2,775	10/06	1/5  yr.	75 <b>,</b> 980
Payless Shoes	2,525	10/06	1/5  yr.	49,768
Jenny Craig	1,900	02/07	_	53 <b>,</b> 656
RadioShack	2,050	04/07	1/3  yr.	47,970
Party America	9,610	05/07	_	128,064
Adelphia Communications	1,515	06/07	1/5  yr.	41,465
Quizno's Subs	1,400	08/07	1/5  yr.	40,460
Brite Dental	2,250	08/07	2/5  yr.	43,920
Lilacs Flowers and Gifts	1,200	11/07	1/5  yr.	36,408
GameStop	1,550	12/07	_	36,900
Ruby's Diner	3 <b>,</b> 592	02/08	_	106,320
Pop's Unfinished Furniture	6,650	04/08	2/5  yr.	101,745
Burger King	2,874	04/08	2/5  yr.	130,968
Wherehouse Entertainment	6 <b>,</b> 350	06/08	2/5 yr.	99 <b>,</b> 920

GMP Vitamin	1,020	07/08	-	30,681
Beneficial Finance	1,775	10/08	_	49,956
Fantastic Sams	1,170	11/08	_	34,728
Beauty Avenue	5,400	11/08	_	110,808
Jewelry Mart	7,000	12/08	1/5 yr.	273,432
Tilly's	6,040	12/08	1/5 yr.	132,276
Sylvan Learning Center	3,648	05/09	_	71,646
Miry Collection	4,350	05/09	_	109,260
Vans	1,650	06/09	_	46,348
Super Mex Restaurants	5,500	10/09	_	155,556
Kim Sun Young Salon	1,280	10/09	_	36 <b>,</b> 732
Metro Dry Cleaning	1,950	11/09	1/5 yr.	52,332
Tip Top Nails	900	01/10	1/5 yr.	36,468
Matsunoya	2,900	06/10	_	75,132
Baskins-Robbins	1,275	10/10	1/5 yr.	38,052
China Buffet	10,828	06/11	_	184,617
First Bank and Trust	21,600	02/13	2/5 yr.	201,256
Orange County Credit Union	4,000	12/13	1/5  yr.	81,600
Big Island BBQ	1,090	03/14	1/5 yr.	31,932
Avenue	5,300	01/15	2/5 yr.	104,256
PETSMART	19,238	03/19	3/5 yr.	278,544
<pre>Henry's Marketplace (Wild Oats)*</pre>	28,092	08/19	_	474,474

<sup>\*</sup> Lease had not commenced as of September 1, 2004.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### LOW COUNTRY VILLAGE SHOPPING CENTER, BLUFFTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Low Country Village Shopping Center, containing 76,376 gross leasable square feet (Phase I). We signed an agreement, subject to conditions, to purchase an additional 63,460 gross leasable square feet (Phase II) of construction estimated to be completed in 2004 for approximately \$10,542,800. The center is located at Highway 278 and Foreman Hill Road in Bluffton, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$9,758,840 for Phase I. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$127 per square foot of leasable space for Phase I and \$166 per square foot of leasable space for Phase II.

We purchased Phase I and intend to purchase Phase II with our own funds. On October 6, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$5,370,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.96% and matures in October 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, Michaels and PETsMART, lease more than

10% of the total gross leasable area of the Phase I property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Phase I % of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Ter Beginning	rm To
Ross Dress for Less	30,131	39	9.75 10.25	05/04 05/09	04/09 04/14
Michaels	21,360	28	9.75	02/04	02/14
PETSMART	19,107	25	12.95 13.95 14.95	02/04 02/09 02/14	01/09 01/14 01/19

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,750,000 for Phase I. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Low Country Village Shopping Center is newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, Phase I was 92% occupied, with a total of 70,598 square feet leased to seven tenants. The property is currently in a leasing up phase for Phase II and certain tenants have executed lease for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
PHASE I				
Michaels Ross Dress for Less PETsMART	21,360 30,131 19,107	02/14 04/14 01/19	4/5 yr. 4/5 yr. 3/5 yr.	208,260 293,777 247,436
PHASE II				
Linens 'N Things* Cost Plus World Market*	25,080 18,300	07/14 01/15		244,530 215,025

<sup>\*</sup> Lease renwal option information not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate

taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NORTHGATE NORTH, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Northgate North, containing 302,095 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 302 Northeast Northgate Way in Seattle, Washington.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$48,455,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$160 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 14, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$26,650,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.60% and matures July 2008.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Target and Best Buy, each leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate		Base Rent Per Square		
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Target	147,582	49	4.34	01/01	12/26

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Ter Beginning	m To
Best Buy	51,202	17	25.00 27.00 29.00 31.00	10/00 02/06 02/11 02/16	01/06 01/11 01/16 01/21

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$36,341,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Northgate North was constructed between 2000 and 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 93% occupied, with a total 281,595 square feet leased to seven tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Qwest Wireless	1,950	12/07	2/5 yr.	40,000
Quizno's	1,315	07/12	2/5 yr.	41,856
Olive Garden	7,930	10/12	4/5 yr.	205,000
Ross Dress for Less	25,278	01/14	4/5 yr.	391,809
G.I. Joe's (Storage)	1,968	05/18	4/5 yr.	11,808
G.I. Joe's	44,370	05/18	4/5 yr.	532,440
Best Buy	51,202	01/21	4/5 yr.	1,280,060
Target	147,582	12/26	5/5 yr.	640,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PACHECO PASS SHOPPING CENTER, GILROY, CALIFORNIA

We anticipate purchasing a portion of a newly constructed shopping center known as Pacheco Pass Shopping Center, containing 99,356 gross leasable square feet (which includes 11,810 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Camino Arroyo and State Highway 152 in Gilroy, California.

On June 30, 2004, we funded the initial installment of a \$22,000,000 first mortgage in the amount of \$15,332,906. The remainder of \$6,667,094 is expected to be funded in the fourth quarter of 2004. The interest rate of this first mortgage is 6.9933% and it matures on July 15, 2005. We anticipate purchasing the center when the mortgage matures for approximately \$24,400,000. We will use the principal towards our purchase price.

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Two tenants, Best Buy and Linens `N Things, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent		
	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Best Buy	30,000	30	13.91	11/03	01/14
Linens 'N Things	27,984	28	13.50	03/04	01/15

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$18,300,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pacheco Pass Shopping Center was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed lease for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate		Current	Base Rent Pe
	GLA Leased	Lease	Annual	Square Foot
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Ends	Rent (\$)	Per Annum (S
Nextel Communications	1,500	12/10	54,000	36.00
Electronics Boutique	1,500	11/13	52 <b>,</b> 500	35.00
The Sleep Train	4,550	11/13	111,475	24.50
Best Buy	30,000	01/14	417,240	13.91
Cold Stone Creamery	1,200	01/14	38 <b>,</b> 880	32.40
Jamba Juice	1,500	01/14	50,400	33.60
Subway	1,500	01/14	54,000	36.00
Sip n' Hot	1,650	01/14	56 <b>,</b> 925	34.50
Maui Taco	2,528	06/14	87,216	34.50
Monterey Spa & Stove	4,612	07/14	103,770	22.50
Linens 'N Things	27 <b>,</b> 984	01/15	377 <b>,</b> 784	13.50
Bank of America (Ground Lease)	N/A	01/24	120,000	N/A
Chili's (Ground Lease)	N/A	04/14	100,000	N/A

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### LAKEWOOD TOWNE CENTER, LAKEWOOD, WASHINGTON

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Lakewood Towne Center, containing 578,863 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Gravelly Lake Drive and 100th Street, in Lakewood, Washington.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$81,100,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$140 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 30,2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$51,260,000. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$44,000,000 at an annual rate of 2.68% for the first ninety days and thereafter at the three month LIBOR Rate. This loan matures June 2009. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$7,260,000 at an annual rate of 3.83% for the first ninety days and thereafter at the LIBOR Rate. This loan matures July 2005.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Gottschalk's and Burlington Coat Factory, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Gottschalk's	119,256	21	3.35	03/92	02/12
Burlington Coat Factory	70,533	12	5.50	08/03	08/08
			5.75	09/08	08/13

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$60,825,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lakewood Towne Center was rebuilt in 2002 and 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 94% occupied, with a total 546,713 square feet leased to 25 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Rent-A-Center	4,275	05/05	2/5 yr.	47,025
Catherine P.S. Plus	4,507	07/05	_	63 <b>,</b> 098
Pierce Transit	4,200	07/06	-	42,000
Merino's Fine Custom	1,095	09/06	1/5  yr.	21,900
Old Country Buffet	9,500	12/06	2/5 yr.	118,750
Old Navy	16,172	01/08	2/5 yr.	177 <b>,</b> 892
Famous Footwear	8 <b>,</b> 355	10/08	2/5  yr.	125,325
Wells Fargo Financial	1,750	11/09	_	18,812
Lowes Cineplex	48,229	11/11	*	517,014

	Approximate			Current	
	GLA Leased	Lease	Renewal	Annual	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Ends	Options	Rent (\$)	

Barnes & Noble	23,104	01/12	2/5  yr.	317,680
Michaels	24,035	02/12	3/5  yr.	288,420
Gottschalk's	119,256	02/12	_	400,000
Bed Bath & Beyond	30,530	01/13	3/5  yr.	381,625
The Dollar Store	15 <b>,</b> 564	01/13	1/5  yr.	210,114
Ross Dress for Less	30,151	01/13	4/5  yr.	354,274
Lakewood Dialysis	9,450	03/13	2/5  yr.	135,418
Burlington Coat Factory	70,533	08/13	3/5  yr.	387,932
Office Depot	18,000	09/13	4/5  yr.	265,500
La Palma Restaurant	5,120	01/14	2/5  yr.	51,200
Pier 1 Imports	11,142	02/14	2/5  yr.	191,531
Matherhood Maternity	1,750	05/14	_	42,875
Avenue	5 <b>,</b> 682	01/16	3/5  yr.	88,469
24 Hour Fitness	20,219	12/16	2/5  yr.	279,022
G.I. Joes	45,005	11/17	4/5  yr.	540,060
PETSMART	19,089	01/19	4/5  yr.	209,979

<sup>\*</sup> Renewal information not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

JOHN'S CREEK VILLAGE, DULUTH, GEORGIA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as John's Creek Village, containing 191,752 gross leasable square feet (which includes 10,555 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 11720 Medlock Bridge Road, in Duluth, Georgia.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$42,503,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$222 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$23,300,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.10% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, LA Fitness, Ross Dress For Less and T.J. Maxx, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

		Base Rent	
Approximate	% of	Per Square	
GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	Lease Term

Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
LA Fitness	41,000	21	17.00 CPI	12/03 01/15	12/14 04/19
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	16	10.75	05/04	01/15
T.J. Maxx	30,000	16	8.95	09/03	09/13

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$31,877,200. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

John's Creek Village was newly constructed in 2003 and 2004. The property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 71% occupied with a total 136,782 square feet leased to 16 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)			
Nextel Communications	1,640	11/08	2/5 yr.	46,740
American Mattress	6,500	11/08	1/5  yr.	100,750
Electronics Boutique	1,200	01/09	2/5 yr.	36,000
State Farm Insurance	1,700	01/09	1/5  yr.	45,050
T-Mobile	1,500	02/09	1/5  yr.	51,000
Cold Stone Creamery	1,360	02/09	2/5 yr.	39,440
Portrait Innovations	2,375	05/09	-	64,125
Hollywood Video	5,020	06/09	*	124,245
Hibbett Soprting Goods	5,000	10/09	*	72 <b>,</b> 750
T.J. Maxx	30,000	09/13	4/5  yr.	268,500
Dry Cleaners	1,700	12/13	2/5 yr.	47,600
Chipolte Mexican Grill	3,000	12/13	3/5 yr.	93,000
Starbucks	1,665	02/14	4/5  yr.	56 <b>,</b> 527
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/15	4/5 yr.	324,510
Doctor's Visionworks	2,400	03/14	2/5 yr.	64,800
LA Fitness	41,000	04/23	3/5 yr.	697,000
Chili's (Ground Lease)	5 <b>,</b> 555	05/14	4/5 yr.	100,000
IHOP (Ground Lease)	5,000	12/23	4/5  yr.	85 <b>,</b> 000

<sup>\*</sup> As of September 1, 2004, the tenants have not occupied their space.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for

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such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HUEBNER OAKS CENTER, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Huebner Oaks Center, containing 286,684 gross leasable square feet (which includes 8,036 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at I-10 and Huebner Road, in San Antonio, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$79,721,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$278 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 22, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of two loans totaling \$48,000,000. The first loan requires interest only payments on \$31,723,000 at an annual rate of 4.20% and matures July 2010. The second loan requires interest only payments on \$16,277,000 at an annual rate of 3.96% and matures July 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Bed, Bath & Beyond, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Bed, Bath & Beyond	35,009	12	9.65	03/97	03/02
			10.62	04/02	03/07
			11.68	04/07	01/08

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$60,006,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Huebner Oaks Center was built between 1997 and 1998. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 97% occupied, with a total 279,461 square feet leased to 54 tenants and one ground lease tenant. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Yankee Candle Mattress Firm	2,028 2,942	02/05 05/05	1/5 yr. -	54,756 64,724
Compass ATM	60	07/05	1/2 yr.	20,000

	Approximate			Current
	GLA Leased	Lease	Renewal	Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Ends 	Options	Rent (\$)
AAA Texas	3 <b>,</b> 682	11/05	1/5 yr.	77,322
Marble Slab	1,542	12/05	3/3 yr.	37,008
Kinko's	4,760	02/06	3/5 yr.	92,249
EB Game World	1,160	08/06	-	32,480
Pier 1 Imports	8,990	02/07		182,137
Old Navy	14,000	03/07	1/5 yr.	196,000
Shoes 4 Kids	1,000	02/07	1/3 yr.	26,500
La Madeleine	4,200	03/07	2/5 yr.	86,100
Moon Mippy	930	04/07	1/4 yr.	
Club Humidor	2,254	06/07	_	54,096
Cingular Wireless	2,502	06/07	_	60,048
All Ashore Sportswear	1,264	07/07	_	27 <b>,</b> 808
Pearle Vision	2,721	07/07	2/5 yr.	68,025
Beauty First	3,681	09/07	1/5 yr.	77,301
Verizon Wireless	1,803	10/07	1/5 yr.	45,075
Oreck Homecare	1,103	10/07	1/5 yr.	24,266
Bed, Bath & Beyond	35,009	01/08	2/5 yr.	371,796
Frankly Fake Copy	854	01/08	1/5 yr.	23,912
Ross Dress for Less	28,200	01/08		267,900
Men's Wearhouse	4,500	02/08	2/5 yr.	88,020
Fire Wok	2,500	03/08	1/5 yr.	52,500
Ride Away Bicycles	3,917	04/08	_	58,755
Claire's Boutique	1,200	08/08	_	33,600
Sports Clips	1,057	09/08	_	26,425
Gap Kids	8,500	09/08	1/5 yr.	180,540
Victoria's Secret	4,500	09/08	_	94,500
Bath & Body Works	2,500	09/08	_	58 <b>,</b> 750
Lane Bryant	4,500	09/08	_	94,500
Banana Republic	5,964	09/08	1/5 yr.	
California Pizza Kitchen	4,301	10/08	2/5 yr.	
GNC	1,155	10/08	_	28,875
Hallmark Creations	6,416	10/08	2/5 yr.	130,566
Barbeques Galore	4,498	11/08	2/5 yr.	
Abercrombie & Fitch	6,766	11/08	_	135,320
Casual Male Big & Tall	3,914	12/08	_	90,022
Eddie Bauer	6,384	01/09	_	193,691
Gymboree	1,925	01/09	_	46,200
Ann Taylor	4,500	01/09	_	131,175
Starbucks	1,690	02/09	2/5 yr.	38,870
Steak Escape	1,663	03/09	1/5 yr.	39,912
Cactus Low Carb Superstore	2,083	05/09	1/5 yr.	33,328
Brighton	1,498	06/09		41,285
Inksell.com	1,000	07/09	1/5 yr.	30,000
Ben Adams Jewelers	2,233	11/09	, - <u>1</u>	55,825
Bombay Company	4,500	12/09	_	121,500
Talbots	6 <b>,</b> 314	01/11	1/3 yr.	164,164
Chico's	3,060	07/11	2/5 yr.	107,100

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Macaroni Grill	7,846	08/12	2/5 yr.	107,000
American Eagle	5,800	01/14	-	168,200
Chipotle Mexican Grill	2 <b>,</b> 556	03/14	2/5 yr.	69,012
Borders Books	27,500	01/18	5/5 yr.	411,670
Saltgrass Restaurant (Ground				
Lease)	8,036	06/07	4/5  yr.	105,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### PINE RIDGE PLAZA, LAWRENCE, KANSAS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Pine Ridge Plaza, containing 230,510 gross leasable square feet (which includes 84,676 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 3106 - 3140 Iowa Street, in Lawrence, Kansas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$26,982,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$117 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On July 27, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$14,700,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 5.085% and matures August 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Kohl's, T.J. Maxx and Bed, Bath & Beyond, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Kohl's*	80,654	35	N/A	03/98	01/19
T.J. Maxx	25,420	11	8.50 9.00	04/04 04/09	03/09 03/14

Bed, Bath & Beyond

24,000

10 10.00

12/03

01/14

\* Ground lease

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$20,236,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pine Ridge Plaza was redeveloped from 1998 through 2004 and the inline strip center portion of the property was completed in 2001. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 230,510 square feet leased to 12 tenants and two ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Old Navy	22,000	07/06	2/5 yr.	220,000
Deals	9,862	08/07	2/5 yr.	128,206
Electronic Boutique	2,190	03/08	2/5 yr.	
Sports Clips	2,190	05/08	1/5 yr.	31,317
Famous Footwear	12,000	05/11	3/5 yr.	180,000
Bath & Body Works	2,500	01/12	2/5 yr.	37,500
Hurst Diamonds	1,375	01/12	1/5 yr.	24,750
Jason's Deli	5,000	02/12	3/5 yr.	90,000
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,000	01/14	3/5 yr.	240,000
Michaels	21,000	02/14	4/5 yr.	201,495
T.J. Maxx	25,420	03/14	4/5  yr.	216,070
Cost Plus World Market	18,297	01/15	3/5  yr.	247,010
Kohl's (Ground Lease)	80,654	01/19	6/5 yr.	360,000
IHOP (Ground Lease)	4,022	11/19	3/5 yr.	55,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### ECKERD DRUG STORES

We purchased the following four separate existing freestanding retail properties built during 2003 and 2004 known as Eckerd Drug Stores, containing a total of 54,912 gross leasable square feet.

Location	Square Feet	Lease Term	Pur
1100 W. Hampton Boulevard Greer, South Carolina	13,824	06/03/04 - 06/02/24	

2041 S. Croatan Highway Kill Devil Hills, North Carolina	13,824	06/03/04 - 06/02/24
Broad River and Kennerly Columbia, South Carolina	13,440	06/03/04 - 06/02/24
1106 Main Street Crossville, Tennessee	13,824	06/03/04 - 06/02/24

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We purchased the four Eckerd Drug Stores from Eckerd, an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost, including expenses, was approximately \$12,604,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$230 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased these properties with our own funds. On July 21, 2004, we obtained financing in the form of four loans totaling \$6,800,000. The loans on each property are as follows: Eckerd Drug Store in Greer, South Carolina requires interest only payments on \$1,650,000; Eckerd Drug Store in Kill Devil Hills, North Carolina requires interest only payments on \$1,975,000; Eckerd Drug Store in Columbia, South Carolina requires interest only payments on \$1,750,000; and Eckerd Drug Store in Crossville, Tennessee requires interest only payments on \$1,425,000. The interest rate of all the properties' loans is 5.275% and all the properties' loans mature in August 2009.

In evaluating these properties as potential acquisitions and determining the appropriate amount of consideration to be paid for the properties, we considered a variety of factors including location, demographics, quality of tenant, length of lease, price per square foot, occupancy and the fact that overall rental rate at the property is comparable to market rates. We believe that each of these properties is well located, has acceptable roadway access and is well maintained. These properties will be subject to competition from similar properties within their market area, and economic performance could be affected by changes in local economic conditions. We did not consider any other factors materially relevant to the decision to acquire these properties.

One tenant, Eckerd Drug Store, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of each property. The leases with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee/Location	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA of each Property	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Renewal Options	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Begi
1100 W.  Hampton Blvd. Greer, SC	13,824	100	254 <b>,</b> 727	4/5 yr.	18.43	06/
2041 S. Croatan Hwy. Kill Devil Hills, NC	13,824	100	302,950	4/5 yr.	21.91	06/

Broad River and Kennerly Columbia, SC	13,440	100	270,580	4/5 yr.	20.13	06/
1106 Main Street Crossville, TN	13,824	100	217,875	4/5 yr.	15.76	06/

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For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in these properties will be approximately \$9,453,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

#### PLAZA SANTA FE, PHASE II, SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Plaza Santa Fe, Phase II, containing 222,389 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Cerrilos Road and Zafarano Boulevard in Santa Fe, New Mexico.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$31,020,600. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$139 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds and by assuming the existing mortgage debt on the property. The outstanding balance on the mortgage debt at the date of acquisition was \$17,551,721. This loan requires monthly principal and interest payments based on a fixed interest rate of 6.2% per annum and cannot be prepaid prior to January 2005. The loan matures on December 1, 2012.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Best Buy, Linens 'N Things and T.J. Maxx, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate	% of	Base Rent Per Square		
	GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
	21 006	1.4	12.50	00/01	01/00
Best Buy	31,226	14	13.50 14.00	09/01 02/09	01/09 01/17
Linens 'N Things	31,500	14	13.50	11/00	01/06
			14.85	02/06	01/11
			16.34	02/11	01/16
T.J. Maxx	30,900	14	10.50	11/00	11/10

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$23,300,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Plaza Santa Fe Phase II was built between 2000 to 2002. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 217,329 square feet leased to 20 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)			Current Annual Rent (\$)
State Farm Insurance	1,250	02/05	2/3 yr.	27,500
Old Navy	20,115	11/06	2/5  yr.	251 <b>,</b> 438
H & R Block	1,900	10/07	1/5  yr.	37 <b>,</b> 050
Corral West	7,556	10/07	1/5  yr.	75 <b>,</b> 560
Cactus Salon	1,250	01/08	1/5  yr.	30,000
French & French	3,038	11/08	1/7  yr.	69 <b>,</b> 874
Alltel	3 <b>,</b> 932	12/08	2/5  yr.	112,612
T.J. Maxx	30,900	11/10	3/5  yr.	324,450
Michaels	20,280	03/11	3/5  yr.	253 <b>,</b> 500
D & A Mattress	4,710	05/11	2/5  yr.	89 <b>,</b> 490
Famous Footwear	8,000	01/12	2/5  yr.	136,000
Super Nails	1,000	05/12	1/5  yr.	30,000
Quizno's	1,900	08/12	1/5  yr.	37 <b>,</b> 715
Osaka Grill	6,000	09/12	2/5  yr.	150,000
Payless Shoe Source	2,850	09/13	2/5  yr.	57 <b>,</b> 000
Mens Wearhouse	4,505	02/15	1/5  yr.	83,343
Linens 'N Things	31,500	01/16	3/5  yr.	425,250
Best Buy	31,226	01/17	2/5  yr.	421 <b>,</b> 551
PETsMART	20,010	01/17	3/5  yr.	284,742
Borders	15,407	01/18	5/5 yr.	234,957

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### NORTHPOINTE PLAZA, SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Northpointe Plaza, containing 377,924 gross leasable square feet (which consists of 18,719 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 10100 N. Newport Highway in Spokane, Washington.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$48,500,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$128 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 4, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$30,850,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.272% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Three tenants, Safeway, Best Buy and Gart Sports, each leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent		
	Approximate	% of	Per Square		
	GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Safeway	47,000	12	7.09	11/90	10/95
			7.43	11/95	11/95
			7.44	12/95	10/00
			7.80	11/00	11/00
			7.82	12/00	10/05
			8.19	11/05	11/05
			8.21	12/05	11/10
Best Buy	45,000	12	7.56	10/01	01/07
			8.12	02/07	01/12
			8.71	02/12	01/17
Gart Sports	45,658	12	9.95	10/97	08/98
			10.56	09/98	10/02
			11.56	11/02	10/07
			12.66	11/07	01/13

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$36,375,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Northpointe Plaza was built between 1991 to 1993. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 99% occupied, with a total 374,807 square feet leased to 27 tenants and four ground lease tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
RadioShack	2,764	08/05	_	34 <b>,</b> 550
Payless Shoes	2,992	11/05	1/5  yr.	52 <b>,</b> 659
T.J. Maxx	24,894	01/06	2/5 yr.	186,705

Sally Beauty Supplies	1,778	03/06	2/5 yr.	22,401
Corral West	7,560	03/06	1/5  yr.	64,260
Great Clips	1,600	05/06	_	27 <b>,</b> 920
Mother Cupboard	1,600	05/06	1/5 yr.	26,400
Washington Mutual	4,500	06/06	2/5 yr.	82,404
Fashion Bug	9,000	01/07	3/5 yr.	81,000
Pier 1 Imports	10,000	06/07	2/5  yr.	148,200
Foxy Nails	1,840	10/07	1/5  yr.	31,284
Payday Plus	1,250	06/08	1/5  yr.	26,400

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)			Current Annual Rent (\$)
Mark Webb	1,500	01/09	_	25 <b>,</b> 500
America's Best	4,500	03/09	-	72,000
Hollywood Video	7,500	08/09	1/5  yr.	141,450
Safeway	47,000	11/10	7/5 yr.	367 <b>,</b> 386
Safeway Gas Bar (Ground				
Lease)	4,000	01/11	7/5 yr.	98 <b>,</b> 000
Bath & Body Works	2,363	01/11	2/5 yr.	42,888
Marks Hallmark	5,026	01/11	_	75 <b>,</b> 390
Mail Boxes, Etc.	1,600	07/11		27,200
Red Robin Restaurant (Ground				
Lease)	6,469	11/11	4/5 yr.	87 <b>,</b> 808
Taco Bell (Ground Lease)	3,000	05/12	4/5 yr.	54 <b>,</b> 996
Gart Sports	45 <b>,</b> 658	01/13	2/5 yr.	527 <b>,</b> 592
Old Country Buffet	10,172	01/13	2/5 yr.	140,373
Azteca Restaurant	5 <b>,</b> 275	04/13	2/5 yr.	87 <b>,</b> 860
Staples	25,356	07/13	3/5 yr.	305 <b>,</b> 793
PETSMART	26,175	08/13	4/5 yr.	376 <b>,</b> 396
Linens 'N Things	36,554	09/15	3/5 yr.	448,517
Best Buy	45,000	01/17		
Borders	22,631	01/18	5/5 yr.	178,785
Applebees (Ground Lease)	5,230	12/27	4/5 yr.	66 <b>,</b> 999

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### WATAUGA PAVILION, WATAUGA, TEXAS

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Watauga Pavilion, containing 205,740 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7600-7620 Denton Highway in Watauga, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$35,669,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$173 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$19,617,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.140% and matures June 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Three tenants, Oshman's Sporting Goods, Ross Dress for Less and Bed, Bath & Beyond, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Te Beginning	erm To
Oshman's Sporting Goods	32,630	16	10.60 11.00	03/04 02/10	01/10 01/15
Ross Dress for Less	30,130	15	9.25 9.50	05/04 06/09	05/09 01/15
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,272	12	7.50	01/04	01/14

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,800,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Watauga Pavilion was built during 2003 to 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 93% occupied, with a total 192,155 square feet leased to 14 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Cool Cuts 4 Kids	1,210	10/08	1/5  yr.	25 <b>,</b> 410
Sprint Spectrum	2,738	12/08	2/5  yr.	60 <b>,</b> 236
EB Games	1,500	12/08	2/5  yr.	34,500
Mattress Giant	5,000	01/09	2/5 yr.	110,000
Beauty Brands	6,260	02/09	1/5  yr.	138,600
Half Price Books	9,663	01/14	2/5 yr.	115 <b>,</b> 956
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,272	01/14	3/5  yr.	182,040
Pier 1 Imports	9,373	02/14	2/5  yr.	161,491
Office Depot	20,000	04/14	3/5 yr.	260,832
Party City	12,000	01/15	3/5 yr.	159,000
Ross Dress for Less	30,130	01/15	5/5 yr.	278,703

Oshman's Sporting				
Goods	32,630	01/15	3/5  yr.	345 <b>,</b> 912
Cost Plus World Market	17,999	01/15	3/5  yr.	238,487
PETsMART	19,380	03/19	3/5  yr.	201,552

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### EASTWOOD TOWNE CENTER, LANSING, MICHIGAN

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Eastwood Towne Center, containing 326,981 gross leasable square feet (which consists of 24,110 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 3003 Preyde Boulevard in Lansing, Michigan.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$85,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$260 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$46,750,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.64% and matures July 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Dick's Sporting Goods, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate	% of	Base Rent Per Square		
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Te Beginning	rm To
Dick's Sporting Goods	45,000	13	0	09/02	06/04
			8.00	07/04	01/08
			8.50	02/08	01/13
			9.00	02/13	01/18

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$63,750,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Eastwood Towne Center was built in 2002. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 99% occupied, with a total 324,020 square feet leased to 60

tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
State Employee				
Credit Union	2,120	09/07	2/5  yr.	74,200
Panchero's	2,409	09/07	2/5  yr.	52 <b>,</b> 998
Claire's	1,200	09/07	1/5  yr.	38,400
Sprint PCS	1,089	09/07	1/5  yr.	43,560
Fabiano's Candies	1,090	09/07	1/5 yr.	27,250

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends		Current Annual Rent (\$)
Electronics Boutique	1,148	09/07	2/3 yr.	45,920
Hallmark	4,500	02/08	2/5  yr.	94,500
Star Image				
Photography	825	07/08	3/5 yr.	28 <b>,</b> 875
LA Weight Loss	1,100	04/09	_	22,000
See Optics	1,200	09/09	1/5 yr.	42,000
			1/4 yr.	
Banana Republic	7,000	09/10	1/3 yr.	105,000
The Gap	7,526	09/10	1/4 yr.	120,416
			1/3 yr.	
Maggie Moo's	1,105	10/10	2/5 yr.	44,200
Beauty First	3,388	10/10	1/7 yr.	84,700
Pier 1 Imports	10,002	06/12	2/5 yr.	200,040
Limited Too	3,980	09/12	1/5 yr.	91,540
Old Thyme Herbs	1,000	09/12	2/5 yr.	38,000
Mall Office	1,000	09/12	_	20,000
Ritz Camera	1,500	09/12	2/5 yr.	37,500
Johnny Rockets	2,592	09/12	4/5 yr.	
Oneida	4,000	09/12	1/5 yr.	
Claddagh Pub	5 <b>,</b> 987	09/12	2/5 yr.	137,701
Forever 21	6,838	09/12	2/5 yr.	143,598
Casual Corner	6,019	09/12	1/5 yr.	150,475
Subway	1,729	10/12	2/5 yr.	56,192
Treehouse Toys	4,716	10/12	2/5 yr.	113,184
Mitchell's Fish			_	
Market	7,264	11/12	2/5 yr.	183,416
Coldwater Creek	6,000	11/12	2/5 yr.	
J. Crew	6,000	01/13	1/5 yr.	144,000
Guess	5,000	01/13	_	125,000
White House Black	1,850	01/13	2/5 yr.	61,050
Market			-	
Express	8,000	01/13	2/5 yr.	192,000
Victoria's Secret	6,500	01/13	2/5 yr.	156,000
DSW Shoe			-	·

Warehouse	25,000	01/13	4/5 yr.	300,000
Jos A. Banks	4,500	01/13	1/5 yr.	121,500
American Eagle	5,400	01/13	2/5 yr.	129,600
Ann Taylor Loft	5,280	01/13	2/5 yr.	132,000
Bath & Body Works	3,360	01/13	2/5 yr.	80,640
Yankee Candle	2,500	01/13	2/5 yr.	75,000
The Children's Place	4,526	01/13	2/5 yr.	117,676
Aeropostal	3,600	01/13	1/5 yr.	86,400
Starbuck's	1,440	02/13	4/5 yr.	50,400
Lane Bryant	5,390	02/13	2/5 yr.	140,140
McAlister's Deli	3,311	02/13	2/5 yr.	79,464
Christopher & Banks	3,000	03/13	2/5 yr.	105,000
Venetian Nails	1,376	04/13	2/5 yr.	48,160

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
April Cornell	2,250	05/13	2/5  yr.	76,500
Mother's Work	2,685	06/13	2/5  yr.	93 <b>,</b> 975
Capitol Fur	1,100	10/13	2/5  yr.	28,600
Hampton Jewelers	2,163	10/13	2/5  yr.	43,260
Talbots	4,800	01/14	2/5  yr.	112,800
Wlliams-Sonoma	5,500	01/15	_	121,000
Pottery Barn	10,500	01/15	_	231,000
Brio/Bravo	7,134	09/17	1/5  yr.	190,000
Borders (Schuler				
Books)	24,418	01/18	3/5  yr.	439,524
Dick's Sporting				
Goods	45,000	01/18	4/5  yr.	360,000
CoAmerica (Ground				
Lease)	3,310	10/18	4/5  yr.	125,000
Max & Erma's				
(Ground Lease)	7,000	09/19	4/5  yr.	202,000
PF Changs (Ground				
Lease)	6,800	11/12	3/5  yr.	60,000
Smoky Bones				
(Ground Lease)	7,000	10/13	4/5  yr.	110,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ARVADA MARKETPLACE AND ARVADA CONNECTION, ARVADA, COLORADO

We purchased two existing shopping centers, situated directly across the street from each other, containing 358,757 total gross leasable square feet. Arvada Marketplace contains 297,678 square feet and Arvada Connection contains 61,079 square feet (which includes 2,040 square feet of ground lease space). The centers are located at 7320-7490 West 52nd Street in Arvada, Colorado.

We purchased these two centers from one unaffiliated third party. Our total

acquisition cost was approximately \$51,550,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$144 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 21, 2004 we obtained financing in the amount of \$28,510,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.13% and matures in July 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Two tenants, Sam's Club and Gart Sports, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of Arvada Marketplace and two tenants, Old Country Buffet and Pier 1 Imports, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area at Arvada Connection. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent		
	Approximate		_		
			Foot Per		
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
ARVADA MARKETPLACE					
Sam's Club	142,491	48	4.04	03/86	07/90
			5.25	08/90	06/95
			6.31	07/95	03/01
			8.01	04/01	03/11
Gart Sports	54,903	18	6.24	10/93	01/99
1	,		7.15	02/99	12/03
			5.75		
			6.50	02/04	01/09
			7.25	02/09	01/14
ARVADA CONNECTION					
	10,000	16	8.00	09/92	12/97
-	,		10.00		
			11.00	01/03	12/07
Pier 1 Imports	8,068	13	14.00	04/88	04/93
Tiol I imporco	3,333		15.00	05/93	
			15.00	05/98	04/99
			15.50	05/99	
			16.00	05/00	
			16.50	05/01	04/02
			17.00	05/02	
			17.00	05/03	
			18.00	05/06	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$38,700,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and

improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Arvada Marketplace and Arvada Connection were built between 1987 through 1990. As of September 1, 2004, Arvada Marketplace was 97% occupied, with a total 288,819 square feet leased to 26 tenants and Arvada Connection was 78% occupied, with a total 47,483 square feet leased to 12 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annua
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
ARVADA MARKETPLACE				
Carefree Spas &		Month-to-		
Pools	6,367	Month	_	60,000
Ted Johnson, DDS	1,564	10/04	1/5 yr.	20,301
Lady of America	_, -, -	,	_,,	,,
Fitness	4,200	02/05	1/5 yr.	88,200
Amanda's Bridal	5,155	05/05	1/5 yr.	54,128
Fast Signs	1,600	06/05	1/5 yr.	24,000
American General	_,		_,,	,
Finance	1,381	11/05	1/5 yr.	24,168
Namiko's Restaurant	3,015	02/06	_	53 <b>,</b> 577
Cruise Holidays	1,400	02/06	_	21,000
Citifinancial	2,251	12/06	1/5 yr.	35,821
Elegant Nails	1,000	01/07	_	18,002
Schlotzsky's Deli	1,900	07/07	_	26,600
The UPS Store	1,375	12/07	1/5 yr.	24,063
Supercuts	2,213	12/07	1/5 yr.	37,621
Fantastic Sam's	1,350	12/07	1/5 yr.	22,275
Fashion Bug	10,000	03/08	1/15 yr.	80,000
Subway	1,230	10/08	1/5 yr.	
RadioShack	2 <b>,</b> 791	10/08	2/5 yr.	43,958
Lone Star			-	
Steakhouse	6,000	11/08	1/5 yr.	85,430
Tile for Less	3,016	03/09	-	48,256
Executive Tans	1,500	06/09	_	22,687
1st Cleaners	1,400	04/10	1/5 yr.	23,800
Red Robin Burger	7,300	12/10	1/5 yr.	201,795
Sam's Club	142,491	03/11	4/5 yr.	1,142,063
Bennett's Bar-B-			_	
Que	6,054	03/12	2/5 yr.	149,836
Gart Sports	54,903	01/14	2/5 yr.	356 <b>,</b> 870
Office Depot	17,363	05/14	3/5 yr.	138,904
ARVADA CONNECTION				
SAS Shoes	2,600	11/04	1/5  yr.	28,600
Liquor Paradise	2,600	04/06	1/5 yr.	34,450
Kwal-Howell Paint				
Center	3,965	05/06	_	58 <b>,</b> 484
State Farm Insurance	1,190	07/06	1/5 yr.	20,825
U-Frame-It	1,680	09/06	_	24,058
Verizon Wireless	1,400	10/06	-	26,600
Pier 1 Imports	8,068	04/08	_	137,156
Household Finance	1,680	11/07	1/5  yr.	25,200
Old Country Buffet	10,000	12/07	2/5 yr.	110,000

Taco Bell (Ground Lease)

2,240 12/07

2/5 yr.

74,347

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Waldenbooks &				
More	7,600	01/09	_	176,700
IHOP	4,460	01/10	1/3 yr. 1/4 yr.	101,900

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ALISON'S CORNER SHOPPING CENTER, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Alison's Corner Shopping Center containing 55,066 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 2720 SW Military Drive in San Antonio, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$7,042,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$128 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On May 10, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$3,850,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.272% and matures June 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, Shoe Carnival and Mattress Firm, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Base Rent				
	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Ross Dress for Less	30,066	55	10.00	09/03	01/14

Shoe Carnival	12,000	22	13.00	09/03	08/13
Mattress Firm	9,000	16	12.00	01/04	12/08

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$5,282,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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Alison's Corner was built in 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 55,066 square feet leased to four tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Mattress Firm	9,000	12/08	2/5  yr.	108,000
Dots	4,000	01/09	3/5  yr.	67 <b>,</b> 000
Shoe Carnival	12,000	08/13	2/5  yr.	156,000
Ross Dress for Less	30,066	01/14	5/5 yr.	300,660

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NORTH RIVERS TOWN CENTER, CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

We purchased a portion of a newly constructed shopping center known as North Rivers Town Center. The property we acquired contains 141,004 gross leasable square feet, (which includes 31,280 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Rivers Avenue and Ashley Phosphate Road in Charleston, South Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$20,100,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$142 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 3, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$11,050,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.76% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Babies "R" Us, Bed, Bath & Beyond, Ross Dress for Less and Office Depot, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual

rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Te Beginning	rm To
Bed, Bath & Beyond Ross Dress For Less	28,000 30,024	20	10.85	11/03 02/04	01/14 01/15
Office Depot	16,000	11	11.50	02/04	01/14

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	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Babies "R" Us *	31,280	22	N/A	11/03	01/14

#### \* Ground Lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$15,100,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

North Rivers Town Center was built during 2003 and 2004. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 141,004 square feet leased to 15 tenants and a parcel of land lease to one tenant under a ground lease. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
All About Cellular	1,400	01/07	1/3 yr.	27,300
Mattress Gallery	2,400	10/08	2/5  yr.	52,800
Super Nails	1,400	11/08	1/3  yr.	28,000
GameStop	1,750	11/08	2/5  yr.	35,000
Great Clips	1,250	01/09	2/5  yr.	26,250
Cold Stone				
Creamery	1,500	01/09	3/5  yr.	30,000
Firehouse Subs	1,800	02/09	1/6 yr.	36,000
Towne Centre	1,600	03/09	2/3  yr.	26,400
Pro Golf of				
Charleston	4,800	03/10	2/3  yr.	76,800
David's Bridal	10,000	10/13	2/5 yr.	155,000

Bed, Bath & Beyond	28,000	01/14	3/5  yr.	303,800
Office Depot	16,000	01/14	4/5  yr.	184,000
Babies "R" Us				
(Ground Lease)	31,280	01/14	6/5 yr.	160,776
Just Fresh Bakery &				
Cafe	4,800	02/14	2/5  yr.	100,800
Pearle Vision	3,000	02/14	2/5  yr.	60,000
Ross Dress For Less	30,024	01/15	4/5  yr.	330,264

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### BLUEBONNET PARC, BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Bluebonnet Parc containing 135,289 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at I-10 and Bluebonnet Road in Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$22,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$163 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On May 10, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$12,100,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.372% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Best Buy, Linens 'N Things and Cost Plus World Market, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	erm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Best Buy	45,439	34	13.00	08/02	01/08
			13.50	02/08	01/13
			14.25	02/13	01/18
Linens `N Things	32,418	24	11.50	10/02	01/09
, and the second	·		12.50	02/09	01/14
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	14	14.00	12/02	01/09
Cost IIds Wolld Harket	10,000	<u>.</u> 1	14.50	02/09	01/14

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$16,500,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Bluebonnet Parc was built in 2002. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 120,289 square feet leased to seven tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)	
Brook May Music	8,000	06/09	2/5 yr.	128,000	
David's Bridal	9,998	09/12	2/5 yr.	159,968	

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Lifeway Christian				
Bookstore	9,161	10/12	2/5  yr.	141,995
Cost Plus World				
Market	18,300	01/14	3/5  yr.	256,200
Linens' N Things	32,418	01/14	3/5  yr.	372 <b>,</b> 807
The Men's				
Wearhouse	4,973	02/14	2/5  yr.	99,460
Best Buy	45,439	01/18	3/5  yr.	590 <b>,</b> 707

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

BEST ON THE BOULEVARD, LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Best on the Boulevard, containing 204,427 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 3820 Maryland Parkway in Las Vegas, Nevada.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$35,500,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$174 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On May 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$19,525,000. The loan requires interest only payments

at an annual rate of 3.99% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to reimburse a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Best Buy, Barnes & Noble Booksellers and Copeland's Sporting Goods, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate	% of	Base Rent Per Square		
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease Te Beginning	rm To
Best Buy	57 <b>,</b> 726	28	15.00	11/94	01/05
			CPI	02/05	01/10
			CPI	02/10	01/15
Barnes & Noble Booksellers	26,092	13	13.41	09/99	09/04
			14.35	10/04	01/10

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	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	То
Copeland's Sporting Goods	25,129	12	27.52	07/97	08/99
			13.50	09/99	06/02
			15.12	07/02	06/07
			16.93	07/07	06/12

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,265,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Best on the Boulevard was built during the three year period from 1996 to 1999. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 77% occupied, with a total 156,756 square feet leased to eight tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			
	GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)

Barnes & Noble				
Booksellers	26,092	01/10	3/5  yr.	350,000
Rochester Big &				
Tall	7,000	08/10	2/5  yr.	201,280
Deli Planet	4,800	11/10	2/5  yr.	115,200
Cost Plus World				
Market	18,508	02/11	3/5  yr.	303,531
Hallmark	7,500	02/12	3/5  yr.	205,500
Copeland's Sporting				
Goods	25,129	06/12	4/5  yr.	379 <b>,</b> 950
Pier 1 Imports	10,001	09/13	3/5  yr.	169,753
Best Buy	57 <b>,</b> 726	01/15	2/5  yr.	865 <b>,</b> 890

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### PARADISE VALLEY MARKETPLACE, PHOENIX, ARIZONA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Paradise Valley Marketplace containing 92,158 gross leasable square feet (which includes 10,908 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Tatum Boulevard and Shea Boulevard in Phoenix, Arizona.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$28,510,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was

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approximately \$309 per square foot of leasable space. Included in the purchase price was 11,000 square feet is vacant land that has been approved for development.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On June 3, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$15,680,500. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.55% and matures May 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Whole Foods Grocery Store and Eckerd Drug Store, lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent		
	Approximate	% of	Per Square		
	GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	Lease Te	rm
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	To
Whole Foods	32,000	35	13.50	01/02	01/12

			CPI	02/12	01/17
			CPI	02/17	01/22
February Change t	10 000	1.0	NI / 7	07/02	07/22
Eckerd Drug Store *	10 <b>,</b> 908	12	N/A	07/03	07/23

#### \* Ground Lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$21,383,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Paradise Valley Marketplace was built in 2002. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 89% occupied, with a total 82,212 square feet leased to 17 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
EB Gameworld	1,015	11/05	2/3 yr.	30,450
Beauty Brands	5,510	12/06	1/5  yr.	176,320
Verizon Wireless	2,047	12/06	2/3 yr.	65,504
Soma Restaurant	3,452	10/07	1/5  yr.	108,738
Ship Rite	1,340	11/07	1/5  yr.	36 <b>,</b> 575
So-Oh! Fashion				
Outlet	1,964	02/08	1/5  yr.	53,028
Hava Java	1,587	05/08	1/5  yr.	58 <b>,</b> 846
Mattress Authority	2,453	08/08	_	75,062
Kolache Factory	2,100	11/08	2/5  yr.	71,400

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
	4 114	01/00	2 / 5	121 640
Washington Mutual	4,114	01/09	3/5 yr.	131,648
The Diamond				
Source	1 <b>,</b> 677	11/09	1/3  yr.	46 <b>,</b> 956
Baja Fresh	2,544	12/11	2/6 yr.	97 <b>,</b> 079
Pick Up Stix	1,820	01/12	2/5 yr.	67,363
Select Dry Cleaning	2,505	01/13	2/5 yr.	77,404
The Men's	·		-	•
Wearhouse	5,176	03/13	2/5 yr.	165,632
Whole Foods	32,000	01/22	4/5 yr.	432,000
Eckerds Drug Store			-	
(Ground Lease)	10,908	07/23	4/5  yr.	205,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with

some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HERITAGE TOWNE CROSSING, EULESS, TEXAS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Heritage Towne Crossing containing 80,639 gross leasable square feet (which includes 7,246 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Glade Road and State Highway 121 in Euless, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$14,567,991. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$181 per square foot of leasable space. A portion of the purchase price will be held in an escrow, to be paid to the seller when the remaining spaces are leased.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$8,950,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.374% and matures June 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

No individual tenant leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$12,200,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Heritage Towne Crossing was built in 2002. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 89% occupied, with a total 72,119 square feet leased to 29 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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	Approximate GLA Leased		Renewal	Current A
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (
APB Mortgage	2,530	09/06	1/3 yr.	45,54
GameStop	1,400	03/07	1/3 yr.	29,40
Mattress Firm	4,000	04/07	2/5 yr.	96,00
All Battery Store	2,000	04/07	2/5 yr.	44,00
Cow Fireworks	1,200	05/07	2/5 yr.	20,40
Dapper Dan				
Cleaners	2,000	06/07	1/5  yr.	38,00
Lava Asian Grill	3,000	07/07	1/5  yr.	51,00
Salon G	2,800	08/07	1/5  yr.	50,40
Ultra Tan	1,600	08/07	2/5 yr.	24,00
Golf USA of Euless	3,473	12/07	1/5 yr.	69,46
Coppell				

Spine/Sports Rehab	2,000	03/08	1/3 yr.
Sara Donuts	1,400	04/08	1/5  yr.
Plato's Closet	3,000	04/08	1/5  yr.
Village Barber	1,100	04/08	1/5 yr.
Town & Country	1,800	04/08	2/5 yr.
Parker Uniforms	3,000	05/08	1/5 yr.
The Cash Store	1,300	07/08	2/5 yr.
Art & Frame			
Warehouse	2,546	07/08	1/5 yr.
Wings to Go	2,000	09/08	1/5 yr.
Delicious Delights	1,500	10/08	1/5 yr.
Ultima Fitness	2,266	11/08	1/5  yr.
Nails Spa	3,410	01/09	1/5  yr.
Double Daves	3,308	03/09	1/5  yr.
The Soccer Corner	4,000	05/10	2/5  yr.
Panda Express	2,250	04/12	2/5  yr.
Washington Mutual	4,000	10/12	4/5  yr.
Pearle Vision	1,990	12/12	2/5  yr.
Whataburger			
(Ground lease)	3,500	08/18	3/5  yr.
Taco Bell (Ground			
lease)	3,746	09/23	4/5 yr.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### PEORIA CROSSINGS, PEORIA, ARIZONA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Peoria Crossings, containing 213,733 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 9350 West Northern Avenue, in Peoria, Arizona.

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We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$37,368,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$175 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On March 5, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$20,497,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.09% and matures April 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Ross Dress for Less, Michaels and Petco, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Base Rent

38,00 23,80 54,00 23,10 32,40 42,00 24,70

39,46 32,00 27,00 37,38 61,38 54,58 62,60 47,25 84,00 35,82

60,00

51,00

	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Per Square Foot Per	Lea
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Ross Dress for Less	30,171	14	10.00	05/03
Michaels	24,063	11	11.00	03/02
Kohl's	88,408	41	8.79	03/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$28,026,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Peoria Crossing was built in 2002 and 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 97% occupied, with a total 207,711 square feet leased to 20 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Approximate			
GLA Leased		Renewal	Current A
(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (
10,030	01/08	2/5 yr.	162,9
1,500	01/08	1/5  yr.	37,5
1,200	02/08	1/5  yr.	26,4
1,269	02/08	1/5 yr.	30,4
1,200	02/08	5/1  yr.	32,4
4,500	03/08	1/5 yr.	112,5
1,400	05/08	5/1  yr.	37,4
1,200	07/08	1/5 yr.	32,1
1,405	08/08	5/1 yr.	36,1
_	10,030 1,500 1,200 1,269 1,200 4,500	(Sq. Ft.) Lease Ends  10,030 01/08 1,500 01/08 1,200 02/08 1,269 02/08 1,200 02/08 4,500 03/08  1,400 05/08 1,200 07/08	(Sq. Ft.) Lease Ends Options  10,030 01/08 2/5 yr. 1,500 01/08 1/5 yr. 1,200 02/08 1/5 yr. 1,269 02/08 1/5 yr. 1,200 02/08 5/1 yr. 4,500 03/08 5/1 yr. 1,400 05/08 5/1 yr. 1,200 07/08 1/5 yr.

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current A Rent (
Julie Nails & Spa	1,300	12/08	1/5 yr.	33 <b>,</b> 8
Supercuts	1,202	12/08	2/5 yr.	33,6
Michaels	24,063	02/12	4/5 yr.	264,6
Petco	15,216	10/12	2/5  yr.	216,0
Payless Shoes	4,042	01/13	2/5 yr.	80 <b>,</b> 8
Quizno's	1,400	05/13	2/5 yr.	38 <b>,</b> 5
Panda Express	2,205	06/13	2/5 yr.	59 <b>,</b> 5
Dress Barn	8,000	06/13	2/5 yr.	140,0
Anna's Linens	8,000	09/13	2/5 yr.	112,0
Ross Dress for Less	30,171	01/14	4/5 yr.	301,7
Kohl's	88,408	01/24	6/5 yr.	777 <b>,</b> 5

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

PROMENADE AT RED CLIFF, ST. GEORGE, UTAH

We acquired an existing shopping center known as Promenade at Red Cliff containing 94,364 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at  $250~\mathrm{N}$ . Red Cliffs Drive in St. George, Utah.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$19,533,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$207 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 8, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$10,590,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.29% and matures May 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Old Navy, Staples, and Big 5 Sporting Goods, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Base Rent				
	Approximate	% of	Per Square		
	GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	Lea	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning	
Big 5 Sporting Goods	10,000	11	11.50	06/97	
			12.54	06/02	

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lea Beginning
Old Navy	19 <b>,</b> 324	20	12.00 13.79	02/98 12/03
Staples	22,500	24	11.50	06/97

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$14,650,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Promenade at Red Cliff was built in 1998. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 89,480 square feet leased to 18 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annua
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Panda Express	1,513	11/04	3/5  yr.	36,312
Franklin Quest	1,206	12/06	-	30,150
Hollywood				
Entertainment	6,200	12/06	2/5  yr.	122,328
Big 5 Sporting				
Goods	10,000	01/07	4/5  yr.	125,352
Vitamin World	1,280	06/07	-	26,880
Sally Beauty Supply	1,200	06/07	_	22,876
Gen X Clothing	7,816	06/07	1/5  yr.	131,543
Prudential	1,017	06/07	1/5  yr.	25,628
Papa John's Pizza	1,347	12/07	1/5  yr.	35,022
Durango Grill	2,693	02/08	1/5  yr.	75,404
Supercuts	1,030	02/08	_	24,720
Cold Stone				
Creamery	1,173	08/08	2/5  yr.	33,501
Country Clutter	1,464	09/08	1/5  yr.	36,600
Old Navy	19,324	11/08	1/5 yr.	266,575
Samuri 21	4,057	12/08	1/5 yr.	97 <b>,</b> 368
Quiznos	1,424	01/09	1/5  yr.	30,828
2 Fat Guys Pizza	4,236	02/09	1/5  yr.	91,074
Staples	22,500	05/12	3/5  yr.	258,750

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### NEWNAN CROSSING WEST AND PHASE II, NEWNAN, GEORGIA

We acquired an existing shopping center known as Newnan Crossing Phase II containing 160,219 gross leasable square feet (which includes 6,650 square feet of ground lease space), for approximately \$22,362,000. This property is adjacent to Newnan Crossing West, which we acquired on December 24, 2003 for approximately \$16,808,000. Newnan Crossing West contains 131,196 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 591 Bullsboro Drive in Newnan, Georgia.

We purchased the property from an unaffiliated third party. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$139 per square foot, and \$128 per square foot of leasable space for Newnan

Crossing Phase II and Newman Crossing West, respectively. We intend to purchase an additional 28,000 gross leasable square feet for approximately \$4,042,000 in late 2004 when construction has been completed.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On February 17, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$21,543,091. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.38% and matures March 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, BJ's Wholesale, T.J. Maxx and Office Depot, each lease more than 10% of the combined total gross leasable area of the West and Phase II properties The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lea Beginning
Office Depot	30,000	10	10.75	06/99
T.J. Maxx	30,000	10	7.35	08/99
			8.00	09/04
BJ's Wholesale	115,396	40	8.75	05/03
			CPI	05/08
			CPI	05/13
			CPI	05/18

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis will be approximately \$15,930,000 and \$11,356,000 for Phase II and West, respectively. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Newnan Crossing West and Phase II were built in 1999. As of September 1, 2004, the property was 100% occupied, with a total 291,415 square feet leased to 21 tenants and one ground lease. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annua
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Old Navy	25,000	09/04	2/5 yr.	225,000
Hallmark	5,000	07/06	2/5 yr.	72 <b>,</b> 500
RadioShack	3,000	08/06	2/5 yr.	51,000
Stratus				

Communication	1,300	12/06	1/5 yr.	22,750
Hibbett's Sporting	_,	,	_,	,
Goods	7,000	01/07	2/5 yr.	94,500
Crystal Nails & Tan	1,300	04/07	1/5 yr.	23,400
Ted's Montana Grill	4,000	04/08	4/5 yr.	64,000
Planet Smoothie	1,040	07/08	1/5 yr.	18,200
The Corner Tavern	5,000	08/08	2/5 yr.	85,000
Great Clips	1,200	10/08	1/5 yr.	21,600
Banana Beach	1,200	12/08	1/5 yr.	21,600
Cingular Wireless	1,760	12/08	1/5 yr.	31,680
My Friend's Place	1,600	03/09	2/5 yr.	28,800
Michaels	23,669	08/09	4/5 yr.	213,336
T.J. Maxx	30,000	08/09	3/5 yr.	240,000
Party City	12,000	10/09	2/5 yr.	156,000
Payless Shoe Source	3,000	11/09	2/5 yr.	48,000
Rack Room	7,300	01/10	3/5 yr.	124,100
Sizes Unlimited	5,000	01/12	2/4 yr.	77,500
O'Charley's				
(Ground Lease)	6,650	02/14	3/5 yr.	66,000
Office Depot	30,000	06/14	3/5 yr.	322,500
BJ's Wholesale	115,396	05/23	4/5 yr.	1,009,715

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MACARTHUR CROSSING, LAS COLINAS (IRVING), TEXAS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as MacArthur Crossing containing 109,755 gross leasable square feet (which includes 6,500 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at MacArthur Boulevard and LBJ Freeway in Las Colinas (Irving), Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$23,102,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$210 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 2, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$12,700,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.29% and matures May 1, 2009.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Stein Mart, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Base Rent Approximate % of Per Square

Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lea Beginning
Stein Mart	34,000	31	6.75 7.25	07/96 08/06

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$17,340,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

MacArthur Crossing was built in 1995 and 1996. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 107,759 square feet leased to 28 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			
	GLA Leased		Renewal	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Monarch Dental	3,920	12/04	1/5 yr.	66,640
Valley Ranch				
Vacations	1,381	06/05	-	24,858
Regis Haircutters	1,500	01/06	1/5 yr.	37,500
Custom Clearners	2,100	02/06	1/5 yr.	58,800
RadioShack	2,000	02/06	1/5 yr.	31,000
Wolf Camera	1,780	02/06	1/5 yr.	35,600
Merle Norman	1,457	02/06	1/5  yr.	23,880
GNC	1,400	02/06	1/5 yr.	25,200
Rice Boxx	2,101	02/06	-	52 <b>,</b> 525
Starbucks Coffee	1,604	03/06	2/5  yr.	32,080
The UPS Store	1,260	06/06	1/5 yr.	30,240
Sally Beauty Supply	1,500	06/06	1/5  yr.	29,100
I Fratelli Restaurant	5,000	08/06	-	107,500
Subway	1,400	09/06	1/5 yr.	21,000
Planet Tan	4,400	10/06	1/5 yr.	70,400
Blockbuster Video				
(Ground Lease)	6 <b>,</b> 500	12/06	4/5  yr.	127,335
Flowers For You	2,100	02/07	_	42,000
Isshin Sushi	4,000	03/07	-	80,000
State Farm Insurance	2,000	04/07	1/5 yr.	34,000
Eyecare 20/20	2,000	06/07	1/5 yr.	40,000

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annua Rent (\$)
Marshall Message Therapy TD Waterhouse	640 2,500	03/08 04/08	2/5 yr. 2/5 yr.	11,520 55,000

Quizno's	2,100	06/09	2/5 yr.	52,500
Stein Mart	34,000	07/11	3/5 yr.	229,500
MiCocina	4,964	01/12	2/5 yr.	124,100
Pei Wei	3,160	02/12	2/5 yr.	96 <b>,</b> 380
Mattress Firm	4,000	04/14	2/5 yr.	108,000
Firestone Tire	6,992	07/16	2/5 yr.	145,000

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### LA PLAZA DEL NORTE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as La Plaza Del Norte, containing 320,345 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 125 Northwest Loop 410, in San Antonio, Texas.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$58,143,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$182 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On February 4, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$32,528,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.61% and matures March 1, 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Oshman's Sporting Goods and Best Buy, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent	
	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Per Square Foot Per	Lea
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Oshman's Sporting Goods	65,000	20	11.11	09/96
			11.61	02/02
			12.11	02/07
			12.61	02/12

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			Base Rent	
	Approximate	% of	Per Square	
	GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	I
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginnin

Best Buy	58,000	18	14.00	08/96
			14.75	02/02
			15.50	02/07

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$43,076,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

La Plaza Del Norte was built in 1996 and 1999. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 95% occupied, with a total 303,245 square feet leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate			Current
	GLA Leased		Renewal	Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Half Price Books	8,000	10/04	2/5 yr.	84,000
Lifeway Christian	6,000	11/06	2/5 yr.	132,000
Pearle Vision	3,500	12/06	2/5 yr.	120,750
Ross Dress for Less	28,438	01/07	4/5 yr.	288,640
Office Max	23,229	11/12	2/5 yr.	261,326
DSW Shoe				
Warehouse	22,000	04/07	4/5 yr.	374,000
All Battery Center	1,600	05/07	2/5 yr.	36 <b>,</b> 800
Successories	1,200	09/08	1/3 yr.	26,400
			and	
			1/2 yr.	
GameStop	2,006	12/08	_	52,156
David's Bridal	12,000	11/09	2/5 yr.	186,240
Petco	13,650	11/11	3/5 yr.	278 <b>,</b> 187
Cost Plus World				
Market	18,900	01/12	3/5 yr.	302,400
Best Buy	58,000	01/12	3/5 yr.	855 <b>,</b> 500
Simpson-Williams	9,875	12/12	_	161,600
Bealls	29,847	01/14	2/5 yr.	194,005
Oshman's Sporting				
Goods	65,000	01/17	4/5 yr.	754,650

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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METRO SQUARE CENTER (SUPER VALU SHOPPING CENTER), SEVERN, MARYLAND

We purchased an existing shopping center formerly known as Super Valu Shopping Center, containing 61,817 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7858 Quarterfield in Severn (Annapolis), Maryland.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$11,031,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$178 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On April 1, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$6,067,183. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.28% and matures April 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Shoppers Food Warehouse, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent	
	Approximate	% of	Per Square	
	GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	Lea
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Shoppers Food Warehouse	58,217	94	14.00	09/99
			14.50	09/04
			15.24	09/09
			16.00	09/14

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$8,840,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Super Valu Shopping Center was built in 1999. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 61,817 square feet leased to three tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Great Clips AZZ Cleaners Shoppers Food	1,200 2,400	12/05 12/07	5/1 yr. 1/5 yr.	28,366 55,080
Warehouse	58,217	01/20	4/5 yr.	844,146

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is

limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

LARKSPUR LANDING, LARKSPUR, CALIFORNIA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Larkspur Landing, containing 173,821 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 2257 Larkspur Landing Circle, in Larkspur, California.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$61,145,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$352 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$33,630,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.45% and matures February 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Bed, Bath & Beyond, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent	
	Approximate	% of	Per Square	
	GLA Leased	Total	Foot Per	Lea
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Bed, Bath & Beyond	42,318	24	20.50	11/02
			21.83	12/06
			23.21	12/11

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$45,859,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Larkspur Landing was built in 1978 and renovated in 2001. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 87% occupied, with a total 150,893 square feet leased to 34 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.) Lease End		Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Sushi Ko*	1,709	Month-to-Month		51 <b>,</b> 270

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
террее	(5q. rc.)	Lease Ellas		κeπτ (γ)
Golden Gate				
Printing*	3,287	Month-to-Month	-	30,010
Sportech	805	03/05	-	16,503
24 Hour Fitness	17,039	03/05	1/5  yr.	358 <b>,</b> 926
Asher Clinic	5,791	04/05	1/5  yr.	152,786
Roadrunner Burrito*	800	06/05	_	30,624
Redhill	2,688	07/05	-	74,189
Jaeger	1,500	07/05	-	42,966
Oliver Allen Corp.	9,392	09/05	1/5 yr.	242,313
Robert Brugger	880	06/06	_	18,480
Maxwell Cleaners	2,748	09/06	_	103,874
Norman Mahan				
Jewelers	1,333	01/07	_	43,669
Determined				
Productions	11,185	03/07	1/4 yr.	608,663
Larkspur Shoes &			_	
Repair	807	03/07	_	23,564
Larkspur Landing				
Optomery	1,165	06/07	_	39,598
Larkspur Landing				
Pet Clinic	1,141	04/08	_	36,831
Bay Area Wireless	610	04/08	2/5 yr.	23,790
American Nails	745	06/08	_	23,691
AAA	5,245	07/08	2/5 yr.	169,938
Togo's Eatery	1,625	07/08	_	38,375
Timothy Bricca DD	1,064	07/08	_	36,133
All California	3,359	07/08	_	114,172
Weight Watchers	1,291	09/08	_	61,219
Cooper Alley	2,000	11/08	_	103,840
Ragged Sailor	1,207	12/08	_	33,888
Marin Brewing Co.	5 <b>,</b> 978	03/11	_	190,219
Fidelity Investments	7,232	07/11	2/5 vr.	459,955
Yogalive	6,150	09/12	_	184,500
Bed, Bath & Beyond	42,318	11/17	3/5 yr.	867,519
Noonan's Restaurant	6,679	12/18	2/5 yr.	222,878
Allstate Insurance	405	Month-to-Month	, - <u>1</u>	13,365
Marin Visitor Bureau	720	Month-to-Month	_	12,000
Avanti	1,115	Month-to-Month	_	2,400
John Connelly	880	Month-to-Month	-	6,924

<sup>\*</sup> Renewal negotiations in progress

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

NORTH RANCH PAVILIONS, THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as North Ranch Pavilions, containing 62,812 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 1125-85 Lindero Road, in Thousand Oaks, California.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$18,468,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$294 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased this property with our own funds. On March 3, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$10,157,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.12% and matures April 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Savvy Salon, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lea Beginning
Savvy Salon	6,500	10	11.71 25.20 26.76	10/03 02/04 02/06
			28.32 30.00 31.80	02/08 02/10 02/12

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,851,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

North Ranch Pavilions was built in 1992. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 89% occupied, with a total 55,928 square feet leased to 24 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	GLA Leased		Current Annual Rent (\$)	
Kay's Nails	1,028	10/04	1/3 vr.	24,178	

	Approximate			
	GLA Leased			Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Prudential Realty	3 <b>,</b> 379	11/04	-	95 <b>,</b> 287
Ilene's Boutique	2,105	12/04	_	51,590
Seta's Shoes	1,086	04/05	_	19,548
Walton's Portraits	1,300	08/06	1/5 vr.	29,832
Postal Club	1,086	10/06	1/5 yr.	24,239
Dance Trends	2,338	11/06	1/5 yr.	41,523
Bank of America	4,500	12/06	_	172,980
Clubhous Cleaners	1,505	12/06	1/5 yr.	43,765
Cookies by Design	1,353	01/07	1/5 yr.	31,822
Malibu Gymnastics	3,740	02/07	3/3 yr.	67 <b>,</b> 320
State Farm Insurance	1,023	03/07	-	22,791
Malibu Gymnastics	3,040	11/08	5/1 yr.	54,720
Tae Kwon Do				
Academy	1,512	06/07	2/5 yr.	34,648
Treasured Memories	3 <b>,</b> 691	08/07	1/5 yr.	
Total Body Fitness	1,998	12/07	1/5 yr.	37,042
Sudore Pilates	1,346	01/09	1/5 yr.	36,342
Exotic Thai	1,746	02/11	-	52 <b>,</b> 380
Rustico Ristorante	3 <b>,</b> 495	08/11	2/5 yr.	94,412
We Frame It	1,526	09/11	1/5 yr.	34,609
Lamp Post Pizza	3,600	11/11	-	90,145
Sushi Tei	1,725	07/12	2/5 yr.	52 <b>,</b> 705
North Ranch				
Dentistry	1,306	10/13	2/5 yr.	38,396
Savvy Salon	6,500	02/14	2/5 yr.	163,800

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

HICKORY RIDGE SHOPPING CENTER, HICKORY, NORTH CAROLINA

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Hickory Ridge Shopping Center containing 380,487 gross leasable square feet (which includes 70,127 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at Catawba Valley Road in Hickory, North Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$41,900,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$110 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 23, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$23,650,000. The loan requires interest only payments as an annual rate of 4.531% and matures February 1, 2009.

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We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or

improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Best Buy, Kohl's and Dick's Sporting Goods, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lea Beginning
Best Buy	45,000	12	10.75	07/99
Dick's Sporting Goods *	45,000	12	N/A	01/00
Kohl's	86,584	23	6.83	08/99

#### \* Ground lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$35,068,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Hickory Ridge Shopping Center was built in 1999. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 380,487 square feet leased to 21 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Sprint PCS	2,800	10/04	1/5 yr.	50,400
Great Clips	1,200	12/04	1/5  yr.	23,400
Osaka Japanese				
Cuisine	2,100	01/05	1/5  yr.	40,950
Thai Orchid	2,800	01/05	1/5  yr.	53,200
Tony's Pizza	2,100	01/05	1/5  yr.	45,150
Hallmark Cards	6,000	02/05	2/5  yr.	93,900
EB Games	1,600	10/05	1/5  yr.	32,000
Factory Mattress	3,600	11/06	1/5  yr.	66 <b>,</b> 600
Party City	12,000	06/09	2/5  yr.	162,000
Marshalls	30,000	08/09	3/5  yr.	234,000
Old Navy	25,000	01/10	1/5  yr.	212,500
Shoe Carnival	12,000	01/10	2/5 yr.	129,000
Family Christian				
Bookstore	5,000	03/10	2/5 yr.	90,000
Pier 1 Imports	9,976	03/12	2/5  yr.	174,580
The Avenue	6,600	01/13	2/5 yr.	78,012

	Approximate			
	GLA Leased		Renewal	Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Options	Rent (\$)
Best Buy	45,000	01/15	3/5 yr.	483,750
A.C. Moore	21,000	12/15	3/5  yr.	248,730
Linens 'N Things	35,000	01/16	3/5  yr.	367,500
Kohl's	86,584	02/20	6/5 yr.	590,995
Dicks Sporting				
Goods (Ground				
Lease)	45,000	01/20	6/5 yr.	185,000
Babies "R" Us			_	
(Ground Lease)	25,127	01/13	6/5 yr.	126,647

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### CORWEST PLAZA, NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT

We purchased an existing shopping center known as CorWest Plaza containing 115,011 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 665 and 687 West Main Street in New Britain, Connecticut.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$33,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$287 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 7, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$18,150,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.56% and matures February 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Super Stop and Shop, Liquor Depot and CVS Pharmacy, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate		Base Rent Per Square	
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Lease
Lessee 	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA 	Annum (\$) 	Beginning 
Super Stop &				
Shop	68,073	59	26.00	05/03

26.50	06/08
27.00	06/13
27.50	06/18
28.00	06/23

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	Approximate GLA Leased	% of Total	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per	Lease
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
CVS Pharmacy	12,150	11	26.00	06/01
Liquor Depot	14,000	12	14.00	08/01
			16.00	09/06

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,101,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

CorWest Plaza was built in phases between 1999 to 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 99% occupied, with a total 114,023 square feet leased to 10 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Video One	3,500	09/05	2/3 yr.	49,213
Rent-A-Center	6,000	02/06	1/5 yr.	90,000
Cingular Wireless	1,553	06/06	1/5 yr.	27,954
Subway	1,500	08/06	4/2 yr.	18,702
Webster Bank	2,147	11/05	2/5 yr.	38,646
Papa Gino's	3,000	02/11	2/5 yr.	60,000
Liquor Depot	14,000	08/11	2/5 yr.	196,000
Frazier's Two Cleaners &				
Laundromat	2,100	10/11	2/5 yr.	37,800
CVS Pharmacy	12,150	01/22	4/5 yr.	315,900
Super Stop & Shop	68,073	05/28	6/5 yr.	1,769,898

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

SHAW'S SUPERMARKET, NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT

We purchased a single user retail center known as Shaw's Supermarket, New

Britain, containing 65,658 gross leasable square feet. The property is located in New Britain, Connecticut.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$13,656,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$208 per square foot of leasable space.

2.07

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 28, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$6,450,000. The loan requires interest only payments as an annual rate of 4.684% and matures November 1, 2008.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenant would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of its lease.

Shaw's Supermarket was built in 1995. One tenant, Shaw's Supermarket, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Renewal Options	Base Rent Per Annum (\$)	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)
Shaw's Supermarkets - New Britain	65 <b>,</b> 658	100	6/5 yr.	1,017,699 1,083,357 1,149,015 1,181,844	15.50 16.50 17.50 18.00

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$10,681,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

PAVILION AT KING'S GRANT, CONCORD, NORTH CAROLINA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Pavilion at King's Grant, containing 79,109 gross leasable square feet (which includes 65,000 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 8050 Concord Mills Boulevard in Concord, North Carolina.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$8,151,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. One tenant, Toys `R Us, is currently paying half rent. When the tenant begins paying full rent, we will pay the balance of the purchase price of approximately \$1,563,000. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$103 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On April 6, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$5,342,000. The loan requires interest

only payments at an annual rate of 4.39% and matures May 1, 2009.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Toys "R" Us and Olive Garden, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Le Beginnin
Toys "R" Us *	49,000	62	5.10	10/02
Olive Garden*	8,500	11	9.41 10.35	04/02 05/07

#### \* ground lease

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$2,741,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pavilion at King's Grant was built in 2002 and 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 79,109 square feet leased to four tenants and three ground lessees. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
RadioShack	2,400	04/08	2/5 yr.	40,800
Bank of America	100	08/08	2/5  yr.	14,400
Panera Bread	5,609	12/14	2/5  yr.	109,376
Jared Jewelers	6,000	01/23	2/5  yr.	220,020
Olive Garden *	8,500	04/12	4/5  yr.	80,000
Red Lobster *	7,500	05/12	4/5  yr.	80,000
Toys "R" Us *	49,000	01/13	6/5 yr.	250,000

#### \* Ground lease

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ECKERD DRUG STORES

We purchased the following two separate existing freestanding retail properties known as Eckerd Drug Stores, containing a total of 27,648 gross leasable square feet.

Location	Square Feet	Completion Date	Pur
33rd Street and Santa Fe Edmond, Oklahoma	13,824	2003	
36th and Robinson Norman, Oklahoma	13,824	2003	

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We purchased these Eckerd Drug Stores from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$8,652,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$313 per square foot of leasable space.

We purchased these properties with our own funds. On April 30, 2004, we obtained financing in the amounts of \$1,850,000 and \$2,900,000 for Eckerd Drug Store - Edmond and Eckerd Drug Store - Norman, respectively. Both loans require interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.374% and mature June 2009.

One tenant, Eckerd Drug Store, leases 100% of the total gross leasable area of each property. The leases with this tenant require the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee/Location	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA of each Property	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Renewal Options	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)
33rd Street & Santa Fe Edmond, OK	13,824	100	289,292	4/5 yr.	20.93
36th & Robinson Norman, OK	13,824	100	454,806	4/5 yr.	32.90

A twenty year lease commenced as of the date of acquisition with no increases during the term of the lease. Each lease includes four options, each for a term of five years.

These properties are on triple net leases and the tenant will be responsible for all repairs.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in these properties will be approximately \$6,770,000 When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

DARIEN TOWNE CENTRE, DARIEN, ILLINOIS

We purchased an existing shopping center known as Darien Towne Centre containing 223,844 gross leasable square feet (which includes 6,371 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 2189 75th Street, in Darien, Illinois.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$30,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$134 per square foot of leasable space.

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Simultaneously with the purchase this property, we obtained a new loan in the amount of \$16,500,000. The loan requires interest only payments based on a rate of 4.65% per annum and matures June 2010.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Home Depot, Circuit City and PETsMART, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lease ' Beginning
Hama Danah	100 200	49	7.98	05/94
Home Depot	109,200	49	7.98 8.35	05/99
			8.60	05/04
			9.10	05/09
Circuit City	32,984	15	10.50	05/94
-			CPI	02/05
			CPI	02/10
PETSMART	25,487	11	11.20	10/94
	•		11.70	10/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$22,468,400. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Darien Towne Centre was built in 1994. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 94% occupied, with a total 210,010 square feet was leased to 12

tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Murray's Discount Auto	10,000	10/04	2/5 yr.	110,000
Signature Cleaners	1,500	11/04	_	37,260
Gingiss Formalwear	2,000	12/04	_	35,010
Coldwell Banker	2,468	03/05	_	45,831
Jenny Craig	2,000	05/07	1/3 yr.	44,000
Deals	12,000	07/07	1/5 yr.	120,000
TGI Fridays (Ground Lease)	6 <b>,</b> 371	05/09	3/5 yr.	79 <b>,</b> 860
Great Clips	1,500	08/09	2/3 yr.	33,000
PETSMART	25,487	09/09	5/5 yr.	285,454
Panera Bread	4,500	12/12	3/5 yr.	94,500

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Home Depot	109,200	04/14	4/5 yr.	939,120
Circuit City	32,984	01/15	4/5 yr.	346,332

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

STONY CREEK MARKETPLACE, NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA

We purchased a newly constructed shopping center known as Stony Creek Marketplace containing 153,816 gross leasable square feet (which consists of 8,000 square feet of ground lease space). The center is located at 1713C Mercantile Boulevard in Noblesville, Indiana.

We purchased this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost was approximately \$25,750,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost was approximately \$167 per square foot of leasable space.

We originally purchased this property with our own funds. On January 20, 2004, we obtained financing in the amount of \$14,162,000. The loan requires interest only payments at an annual rate of 4.77% and matures January 1, 2011.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any

monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, T.J. Maxx, Linens 'N Things and Barnes & Noble, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Leas Beginning
T.J. Maxx	30,000	20	9.50	09/03
Linens 'N Things	28,444	18	11.50	07/03
			12.00	02/09
Barnes & Noble	22,000	14	13.49	09/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$17,564,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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Stony Creek Marketplace was built in 2003. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 153,816 square feet leased to 20 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends		Current Annual Rent (\$)
Cingular Wireless	1,487	06/08	2/5 yr.	31,227
RJ Fastframe	1,618	06/08	1/5  yr.	33 <b>,</b> 915
The UPS Store	1,618	08/08	1/5 yr.	33 <b>,</b> 978
Scrapbook Corner	4,095	12/08	-	75 <b>,</b> 758
Papa Johns Pizza	1,615	01/09	_	33,915
Giovanni Jewelers	1,615	02/09	1/5 yr.	33 <b>,</b> 915
Quizno's Classic Subs	1,600	12/09	2/4 yr.	29,600
Blockbuster Video	4,892	05/11	2/5 yr.	102,732
Today's Bedroom One	4,890	06/11	1/5 yr.	90,465
Panera Bread	4,200	12/12	2/5 yr.	88,200
Maggie Moo's Ice Cream	1,615	03/13	2/5 yr.	33,915
Qdoba Mexican Restaurant	2,272	04/13	2/5 yr.	45,440
Ossip Optomotry, P.C.	3,230	04/13	2/5 yr.	60,563
Pier 1 Imports	9,375	07/13	2/5 yr.	160,696
Shoe Carnival	10,000	07/13	2/5 yr.	130,000
T.J. Maxx	30,000	09/13	3/5 yr.	285,000
Linens 'N Things	28,444	01/14	3/5 yr.	327,118
Factory Card Outlet	11,250	01/14	2/5 yr.	
Barnes & Noble	22,000	01/16	2/5 yr.	296,730

Logan's Roadhouse (Ground Lease)

8,000

03/18

3/5 yr.

75,500

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

THE SHOPS AT PARK PLACE, PLANO, TEXAS

We acquired an existing shopping center known as The Shops at Park Place through the purchase of all of the membership interests of the general partner and the membership interest of limited partner of the limited partnership holding title to this center. The center contains 116,300 gross leasable square feet (which includes 3,822 square feet of ground lease space) and is located at 6401 W. Plano Parkway in Plano, Texas.

An affiliate of our advisor, Inland Park Place Limited Partnership, acquired this property on September 30, 2003 from CDG Park Place LLC, an unaffiliated third party for \$23,868,000. Inland Park Place Limited Partnership agreed to sell this property to us when we had raised sufficient funds from the sale of shares to acquire this property from them. The affiliate agreed to sell us this property for the price it paid to the unaffiliated third party, plus any actual costs incurred. Our board of directors unanimously approved acquiring this property, including a unanimous vote of the independent directors.

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Our total acquisition cost was \$24,000,000, which included \$132,000 of costs incurred by Inland Park Place Limited Partnership. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is approximately \$206 per square foot of leasable space.

As part of the purchase, title to the property was subject to a loan placed on the property by Inland Park Place Limited Partnership for our benefit. The loan is in the amount of \$13,127,000, requires interest only payments at a rate of 4.71% per annum and matures November 2008. We believe the interest rate on this loan is no greater than what we could have obtained from an unaffiliated third party lender.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Four tenants, Walgreens, OfficeMax, Michaels and Bed, Bath & Beyond, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Lea Beginning
Walgreens	15,120	13	20.83	05/00

OfficeMax	23,429	20	13.50 14.00	11/01 12/11
Michaels	24,133	21	13.50	08/01
Bed, Bath & Beyond	25 <b>,</b> 000	21	11.00	10/01

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,175,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

The Shops at Park Place was built in 2001. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 99% leased, with a total 115,460 square feet leased to 11 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Ebby Halliday Realty	5,314	10/06	2/5 yr.	154,100
North Dallas Eye				
Associates	3,000	10/06	1/5 yr.	90,000
The Nail Club	1,100	10/06	1/5 yr.	33,000
Oxford Cleaners	1,042	10/06	1/5 yr.	29,176
Carpet Mills of America	3,500	11/06	2/5 yr.	91,000
Michaels	24,133	10/11	3/5 yr.	325,800

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Renewal Options	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Bed, Bath & Beyond	25,000	01/12	3/5 yr.	275,000
Salon Boutique	10,000	02/12	2/5 yr.	180,000
OfficeMax	23,429	11/16	4/5 yr.	316,300
Walgreens	15,120	04/60	_	315,000
Chick-Fil-A (Ground				
Lease)	3,822	10/15	3/5 yr.	78 <b>,</b> 500

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### POTENTIAL PROPERTY ACQUISITIONS

As of October 7, 2004, we are considering acquiring the 12 properties described below. Our decision to acquire these properties will generally depend

#### upon:

- no material adverse change occurring in the properties, the tenants or the local economic conditions;
- our receipt of sufficient net proceeds from our offerings to make these acquisitions or sufficient availability of credit; and
- our receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information.

Other properties may be identified in the future that we may acquire before or instead of these properties. We cannot guarantee that we will complete these acquisitions.

### AZALEA SQUARE SHOPPING CENTER, SUMMERVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

We anticipate purchasing a portion of a newly constructed shopping center known as Azalea Square Shopping Center, containing 395,156 gross leasable square feet (which includes one ground lease space). We intend to purchase 181,360 square feet of that shopping center including the ground lease space. The center is located at U.S. 17-A and Interstate 26 in Summerville, South Carolina.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$30,012,500. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$165 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

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Five tenants, T.J. Maxx, Linens 'N Things, Ross Dress for Less, Cost Plus World Market and PETSMART, each leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property we are purchasing. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)	Beginning
T.J. Maxx	30,000	17	7.75	06/04
Linens 'N Things	25,000	14	10.75	06/04
Ross Dress for Less	30,000	17	9.50	06/04
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	10	12.50	06/04

PETSMART 19,107 11 11.00 06/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$22,509,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Azalea Square is newly constructed in 2004. The property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies and certain tenants have executed lease for retail space within the shopping center. As of August 1, 2004, the property was 95% leased to 18 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA		Current Annual	
Lessee	Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)	
Lee Spa Nails	1,500	05/09	36,000	
S&K Menswear	3,603	05/09	64,854	
Marble Slab Creamery	1,200	05/09	26,400	
EB Games	1,600	05/09	36,800	
Sport Clips	1,200	05/09	25,200	
Dress Barn	8,050	05/09	120,750	
Phone Smart	1,800	05/09	37,800	
Artisan Jewelers	2,400	05/09	57 <b>,</b> 600	
T.J. Maxx	30,000	05/14	232,500	
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	05/14	228,750	
Pier 1 Imports	10,800	05/14	167,400	
Shoe Carnival	9,000	05/14	112,500	
Ross Dress for Less	30,000	05/14	285,000	
Linens 'N Things	25,000	05/14	268,750	
PETSMART	19,107	05/19	210,177	
Hibbett Sporting Goods	5,000	05/14	70,000	

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)
McAllisters Deli Logans (Ground Lease)	3,600	05/14	75,600
	*	05/24	65,000

#### \* To be determined

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

ACADEMY SPORTS & OUTDOORS, PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed freestanding retail center known as Academy Sports & Outdoors, containing 61,001 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Memorial Boulevard at Highway 365 in Port Arthur,

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$5,000,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$82 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Academy Sports & Outdoors, will lease 100% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Base Rent Per Square Foot Per Annum (\$)
Academy Sports & Outdoors	61,001	100	6.56

<sup>\*</sup> Lease term has not been determined at the time of this report

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$3,750,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

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LAKE MARY POINTE, ORLANDO, FLORIDA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Lake Mary Pointe, containing 51,052 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at U.S. 17/92 and Weldon Boulevard, in Orlando, Florida.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$6,650,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$130 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Approximate		Base Rent Per	
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Square Foot Per	Le
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Publix	37,866	74	8.60	12/99

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$4,987,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lake Mary Pointe was built in 1999. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 96% occupied, with a total 48,952 square feet leased to nine tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)
GNC	1,050	12/04	23,930
Hair Cuttery	1,050	02/05	23,237
Avenue Nails	1,043	08/05	24,969
Pak Mail Center	1,050	09/05	23,006
Vivonia's Italian Pizzeria	3,750	09/06	81 <b>,</b> 938
White Swan Cleaners	1,050	01/09	16,800
Subway	1,050	02/09	17,063
China Cook	1,043	07/11	20,161
Publix	37,866	12/19	325,648

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In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

WINCHESTER COMMONS, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Winchester Commons, containing 93,024 gross leasable square feet. The center is located on 7956 Winchester Road, in Memphis, Tennessee.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party.

Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$13,073,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$141 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Kroger, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

		Base Rent Per			
	Approximate GLA	% of Total	Square Foot Per	L	
Lessee	Leased (Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginn	
Kroger	59,670	64	8.24	05/9	

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,805,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Winchester Commons was built in 1999. As of September 1, 2004, this property was 100% occupied, with a total 93,024 square feet leased to 16 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)
For Your Eyes Only	2,220	05/04	45,443
Fantastic Sam's	1,600	06/04	28,000
Giant TV	1,600	09/04	27,200
The Steak Escape	1,600	01/05	26,400
Shirley's Hallmark	4,400	02/05	52.800
The Wine Cellar	4,000	03/06	66,000

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	Approximate		
	GLA Leased		Current Annual
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)

Opportunity Mortgage			
(A+ Wireless)	1,534	07/06	26,078
China Dragon Restaurant	2,400	10/06	39 <b>,</b> 600
Dental Partners of Tennessee	2,000	01/07	35 <b>,</b> 500
Sunsations	1,600	07/07	27.200
Greg Pickett Golf	1,600	01/09	27,712
The UPS Store	2,000	01/09	34,000
Southwinds Cleaners	1,600	01/09	27,200
Nextel Communications	1,600	06/09	33,600
East End Grill	3,600	07/09	59,400
Kroger	59 <b>,</b> 670	04/19	491,681

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### LAKEPOINTE TOWNE CROSSING, LEWISVILLE, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Lakepointe Towne Crossing, containing 193,502 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 715 Hebron Parkway, in Lewisville, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$39,482,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$204 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Sportsman's Warehouse, Circuit City and Ross Dress for Less, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term has been determined in accordance with the tenant's projected lease commencement date. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent	
	Approximate		Per Square	
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Leas
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning 
Sportsman's				
Warehouse	45 <b>,</b> 250	23	12.00	08/04

	Approximate		Base Rent Per Square	
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Leas Beginning
Circuit City	33,862	18	14.00	06/04
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	16	9.75	04/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$29,611,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Lakepointe Towne Crossing was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate		Current	Base
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Annual Rent (\$)	Squar Per A
Mattress Firm	6 <b>,</b> 500	08/08	162,500	2
Hawk Electronics	5,000	10/08	125,000	2
EB Games	1,500	10/08	34,500	2
Carter Floors and Countertops	2,240	12/08	51,520	2
Great Clips	1,200	10/09	28,800	2
Dr. John Launius	2,880	11/10	63,360	2
Pei Wei Asian Diner	3,300	10/13	85,800	2
Moe's Southwest Grill	3,121	11/13	78,025	2
Circuit City	33,862	01/19	474,068	1
Sportsman's Warehouse	45,250	08/19	543,000	1
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	04/23	294,323	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### MANSFIELD TOWNE CROSSING, MANSFIELD, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Mansfield Towne Crossing, containing 111,898 gross leasable square feet of which 4,500 is on a ground lease. The center is located at Highway 287 and Debbie Lane, in Mansfield, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$19,967,700. This amount may increase by additional costs which have

not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$178 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Ross Dress for Less and Staples, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's projected lease commencement date. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent	
	Approximate		Per Square	
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Leas
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Ross Dress for				
Less	30,187	27	9.25	10/04
C+ anlog	20,388	18	10.50	08/03
Staples	40 <b>,</b> 300	Τ Ο	10.30	00/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$14,975,800. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Mansfield Towne Crossing was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center . The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate		Current	Base
	GLA Leased		Annual	Squar
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)	Per A
AT & T Wireless	2,500	07/08	55,000	2
EB Games	1,500	09/08	31,500	2
Sport Clips	1,440	10/08	30,240	2
Luxury Nails	1,013	02/09	20,259	2
Dr. Michael Poison	1,060	05/09	20,140	1
Robertson Pools	1,440	06/09	27,360	1
Bath Junkie	1,200	06/09	22,800	1
Subway	1,600	07/09	30,400	1
GNC	1,200	09/09	22,800	1
The Cash Store	1,600	09/09	30,400	1
Creekside Collections	3,811	09/09	62,882	1
Zales Jewelers	3,000	12/13	64,500	2
Famous Footwear	8,000	01/14	120,000	1

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	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual	Base Squar
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)	er A
Payless Shoes	3,000	01/14	54,000	1
Ross Dress for Less	30,187	01/15	279 <b>,</b> 229	
Pier 1 Imports	10,800	02/15	162,000	1
Staples	20,388	08/18	214,074	1
Regions Bank (Ground				
Lease)	4,500	01/23	75 <b>,</b> 000	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### PLEASANT RUN TOWNE CROSSING, CEDAR HILL, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Pleasant Run Towne Crossing, containing 225,431 gross leasable square feet of which 20,200 is on ground leases. The center is located at Pleasant Run and Highway 67, in Cedar Hill, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$41,417,800. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$176 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, Oshman's Sporting Goods and Circuit City, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's lease commencement date. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent	
	Approximate		Per Square	
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Leas
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning

Sporting Goods	40,954	17	10.00	05/04
Circuit City	32,570	14	14.00	11/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$31,063,400. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line

method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Pleasant Run Towne Crossing was newly constructed in 2004. As of September 1, 2004, the property is currently in a leasing up phase and certain tenants have executed leases for retail space within the shopping center. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual	Base Re
Lessee		Lease Ends		Per
The Maytag Store	5,225	04/09	94,050	
Justice Just for Girls	4,500	04/09	81,000	
Sleep Experts	4,500	06/09	99,000	
Mattress Firm	6,000	08/09	132,000	
ASAP Mail	2,000	08/09	40,000	
Luxury Nails	1,200	08/09	25,200	
Brook Mays Music	6 <b>,</b> 250	09/09	112,500	
Michaels	21,390	11/13	224,595	
Bombay Company	4,500	11/13	81,000	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	22,000	01/14	220,000	
Half Price Books	10,108	02/14	121,296	
Mothers Work	1,805	03/14	36,100	
Zales Jewelry	3,000	05/14	66,000	
Vitamin Shop	5,000	08/14	135,000	
Panera Bread	4,999	10/14	119,976	
Oshman's Sporting Goods	40,954	01/15	409,540	
Circuit City	32 <b>,</b> 570	01/18	455 <b>,</b> 980	
JP Morgan Chase Bank				
(Ground Lease)	4,700	02/24	84,999	
Saltgrass Steakhouse (Ground				
Lease)	8,500	05/24	84,999	
Joe's Crab Shack (Ground				
Lease)	7,000	05/24	75 <b>,</b> 000	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

We will obtain an appraisal on this property prior to acquisition. As with any other property we acquire, our property manager will receive a property management fee for managing this property and our advisor will receive an advisor asset management fee.

PUBLIX SHOPPING CENTER, MT. PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

We anticipate purchasing a newly constructed shopping center known as Publix Shopping Center, containing 63,864 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at US Highway 17 and Park West boulevard in Mt. Pleasant, South Carolina.

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We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$12,101,000. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$189 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Publix, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

			Base Rent	
	Approximate		Per Square	
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Leas
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Publix	44,840	70	11.50	04/04

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$9,076,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Publix Center is newly constructed and was completed during 2004. As of October 1, 2004, the property was 92% leased to 10 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Re Per
	(54. ft.)		 ινειις (λ)	
		0.4.40.0		
O'Neill Liquor	1,418	04/09	28 <b>,</b> 324	
Zone 3 Entertainment	3 <b>,</b> 750	04/09	67 <b>,</b> 500	
Lady Fitness	1,507	05/09	28,633	
Dry Cleaner	1,000	05/09	19,500	
Cellular Wireless	1,000	06/09	21,500	
Pak Mail	1,000	06/09	21,500	

Chinese Restaurant	1,656	07/09	33,120
Chiropractor	1,412	07/09	27,534
Nail Salon	1,000	07/09	20,000
Publix	44,840	04/24	515,660

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### OSWEGO COMMONS, OSWEGO, ILLINOIS

We anticipate purchasing a portion of an existing shopping center known as Oswego Commons. This transaction is comprised of 188,150 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 3080 Route 34 in Oswego, Illinois.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$35,022,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$186 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Dominick's, T.J. Maxx and OfficeMax, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

	Base Rent Approximate Per Square			
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Leas Beginning
Dominick's	65,844	35	12.21	03/02
T.J. Maxx	28,144	15	10.20	10/02
OfficeMax	20,015	11	14.00	11/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$26,267,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Oswego Commons was constructed in phases from 2002 to 2004. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 98% occupied, with a total 183,950 square feet leased

to 21 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual	Base Re
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)	Per
3 Day Blinds	1,802	09/07	44,100	
Quizno's	1,612	09/07	36,864	
Lee Nails	919	10/07	22,938	
EB Games	2,015	01/08	47,352	
All Cleaners	1,100	01/08	28,920	

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	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual	Base Re
Lessee		Lease Ends		Per
Lemstone	2,334	10/08	44,340	
American Mattress	4,200	03/09	92,400	
Oreck	1,500	05/09	34,500	
Hallmark	4,413	01/10	72,240	
T-Mobile	1,920	12/11	57 <b>,</b> 900	
Great Clips	1,163	07/12	27,660	
Panera Bread	4,200	09/12	96,600	
T.J. Maxx	28,144	09/12	287,000	
Coldstone Creamery	1,400	01/13	33,600	
Payless Shoes	2,496	02/13	52,416	
Famous Footwear	9,773	03/13	134,376	
Party City	12,012	03/13	176,448	
Petco	13,788	10/13	181,308	
Zales Jewelry	3,300	04/14	79 <b>,</b> 200	
OfficeMax	20,015	10/18	280,200	
Dominick's	65,844	03/22	804,000	

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

CASA PALOMA SHOPPING CENTER, CHANDLER, ARIZONA

We anticipate purchasing an existing shopping center known as Casa Paloma Shopping Center, containing 130,096 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at 7131 W. Ray Road in Chandler, Arizona.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$43,136,000. This amount may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$332 per square foot of leasable space.

We anticipate purchasing this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Two tenants, AJ's Fine Foods and Creative Leather, each lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

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	Approximate		Base Rent Per Square	
Lessee	GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA	Foot Per Annum (\$)	Leas Beginning
AJ's Fine Foods	26,500	20	11.20	04/00
Creative Leather	13,249	10	15.50	03/00

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$32,352,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax puropses, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Casa Paloma Shopping Center was built in 2000. As of October 1, 2004, this property was 92% occupied, with a total 120,298 square feet leased to 25 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

	Approximate GLA Leased		Current Annual	Base Re
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)	Per
Billy Lewis	2,089	03/05	59,056	
Banana Republic	7,000	04/05	88,000	
Thomas Kinkade Gallery	1,200	05/05	44,400	
ALLTEL	2,731	06/05	104,488	
Coffin & Trout Fine				
Jewelers	3 <b>,</b> 525	07/05	147,979	
Cold Stone Creamery	1,205	07/05	45 <b>,</b> 573	
Valley Nails	1,225	03/06	44,174	
The Gap & Gap Kids	9,000	03/06	180,000	
Paris Paris	1,200	07/08	39,600	
Polka Dot Dreams	1,178	12/08	41,230	
Bath & Body Works	2,400	01/09	61,800	
Ritz Camera	2,744	02/09	80,948	
T-Mobile	1,500	04/09	51,000	
Rolf's Salon	2,400	01/10	82,800	
Chico's	2,000	01/10	65,280	

White House/Black Market			
(Chico's)	1,500	01/10	48,960
Showcase Home			
Entertainment (Tweeter)	12,000	02/10	216,000
Sur La Table	5,903	03/10	171,718
Tomaso's Restaurant	6 <b>,</b> 794	05/10	165,502
Creative Leather	13,249	05/10	205,360
Pei Wei Asian Diner (PF			
Chang's)	2,800	06/10	95 <b>,</b> 200
Talbots	4,091	01/11	109,434
Ann Taylor	3,964	01/11	122,884
Bistro Isabele	2,100	10/11	50,400
AJ's Fine Foods	26,500	04/25	296,800

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	Approximate		Current	Base Re
	GLA Leased		Annual	
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Rent (\$)	Per

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

#### DENTON CROSSING, DENTON, TEXAS

We anticipate purchasing a shopping center that is in the final phase of construction, and which is known as Denton Crossing, that will contain 329,663 gross leasable square feet when completed. The center is located at 1800 S. Loop 288 in Denton, Texas.

We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$63,763,000. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$193 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intent to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

One tenant, Oshman's Sporting Goods, leases more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the propery. The lease with this tenant requires the tenant to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Base Rent

	Approximate		Per Square	
	GLA Leased	% of Total	Foot Per	Leas
Lessee	(Sq. Ft.)	GLA	Annum (\$)	Beginning
Oshman's				
Sporting Goods	50,000	15	10.00	11/03

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$47,883,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Denton Crossing was constructed during 2003 and 2004. The property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies and certain tenants have executed lease for retail space within the shopping center. As of October 1, 2004, the property was 85% leased to 33 tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

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Lessee	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Lease Ends	Current Annual Rent (\$)	Base Re Per
	_			
Lane Bryant	5,000	10/08	95,000	
Dress Barn	8,000	12/08	120,000	
Chipolte Mexican Grill	2,578	12/08	61,872	
Advance America	1,440	12/08	34,560	
	· ·	12/08	· ·	
Happy Nails	1,300		27,235	
Fantasy Nail	1,200	12/08	27,600	
Sally Beauty	1,600	01/09	35,200	
H & R Block	2,000	01/09	47,000	
Roly Poly	1,200	01/09	29,100	
Wing Pit	1,807	03/09	45,175	
Mattress Firm	6,000	05/09	147,000	
Mattress Giant	4,553	05/09	104,719	
T-Mobile	1,873	06/09	43,345	
Old Navy	14,800	07/09	206,460	
Wells Fargo Bank	1,818	08/09	45,450	
Sport Clips	1,458	08/09	31,493	
Rice Boxx Asian Cafe	2,504	09/09	65,104	
Thai Restaurant*	2,000	09/09	46,000	
Motherhood Maternity*	1,800	09/09	41,400	
New York Subway	1,500	09/09	33 <b>,</b> 750	
Carvel Ice Cream*	1,207	09/09	30 <b>,</b> 175	
T.J. Maxx	28,000	09/13	259,000	
Best Buy	30,571	10/13	360,126	
Famous Footwear	10,000	10/13	145,000	
Aveda*	2,000	12/13	47,000	
Hollywood Video	6,350	01/14	125,984	
Cost Plus World Market	18,300	01/14	228,750	
Oshman's Sporting Goods	50,000	01/14	500,000	
Bed, Bath & Beyond	24,000	01/14	234,000	
Michaels	21,163	02/14	222,212	
Pier 1 Imports	9,500	02/14	152,000	
Chaucers*	10,000	09/14	170,000	
Chaucers	10,000	03/14	170,000	

Kirkland\* 5,000 09/14 115,000

Lease term information is based on the estimated date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liablity for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

MAGNOLIA SQUARE, HOUMA, LOUISIANA

We anticipate purchasing a shopping center being built and which will be known as Magnolia Square, containing 115,746 gross leasable square feet. The center is located at Martin Luther King Boulevard in Houma, Louisiana.

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We anticipate purchasing this property from an unaffiliated third party. Our total acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$18,552,000. These amounts may increase by additional costs which have not yet been finally determined. We expect any additional costs to be insignificant. Our acquisition cost is expected to be approximately \$160 per square foot of leasable space.

We intend to purchase this property with our own funds. However, we expect to place financing on the property at a later date.

We do not intend to make significant repairs and improvements to this property over the next few years. However, if we were to make any repairs or improvements, the tenants would be obligated to pay a substantial portion of any monies spent pursuant to the provisions of their respective leases.

Three tenants, Circuit City, Ross Dress for Less and PETSMART, will lease more than 10% of the total gross leasable area of the property. The lease term will be determined in accordance with the tenant's commencement date. These leases with these tenants require the tenants to pay base annual rent on a monthly basis as follows:

Lessee*	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	% of Total GLA
Circuit City	20,000	17
Ross Dress for Less	30,186	26
PETsMART	20,030	17

\* Lease term information is based on the date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

For federal income tax purposes, the depreciable basis in this property will be approximately \$13,914,000. When we calculate depreciation expense for tax purposes, we will use the straight-line method. We depreciate buildings and

improvements based upon estimated useful lives of 40 and 20 years, respectively.

Magnolia Square is being constructed during 2004. The property is currently leasing up the remaining vacancies and certain tenants have executed leases for retain space within the shopping center. As of August 1, 2004, the property was 90% leased to nine tenants. The following table sets forth certain information with respect to those leases:

Lessee*	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Circuit City	20,000	277,000
Ross Dress for Less	30,186	279 <b>,</b> 221
PETSMART	20,030	250 <b>,</b> 375
Dress Barn	7,700	109 <b>,</b> 725
Chuck E. Cheese	7,000	126,000
Sally Beauty Supplies	1,600	26,000

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Lessee*	Approximate GLA Leased (Sq. Ft.)	Current Annual Rent (\$)
Dollar Tree	10,030	72 <b>,</b> 718
Starbucks	1,600	39,600
West Marine	6,000	113,700

\* Lease term information is based on the date the tenant begins occupancy and is not currently available.

In general, each tenant will pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and common area maintenance costs, although the leases with some tenants may provide that the tenant's liability for such expenses is limited in some way, usually so that their liability for such expenses does not exceed a specified amount.

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#### TENANT LEASE EXPIRATION

The following table sets forth, as of October 7, 2004, lease expirations for the next ten years at our properties, assuming that no renewal options are exercised. For purposes of the table, the "total annual base rental income" column represents annualized base rent of each tenant as of January 1 of each year. Therefore, as each lease expires, no amount is included in this column for any subsequent year for that lease. In view of the assumption made with regard to total annual base rent, the percent of annual base rent represented by expiring leases may not be reflective of the expected actual percentages.

		Approx.	% Total of			
		Gross	Portfolio		% of Total	
		Leasable	Gross	Total Annual	Annual Base	
		Area of	Leasable Area	Base Rental	Rental Income	
	Number	Expiring	Represented	Income of	Represented	Total Annua
Year Ending	of Leases	Leases (Sq.	by Expiring	Expiring	by Expiring	Base Renta
•		·	Leases			
Consolidated						
2004	33	123,309	0.9%	1,910,603	1.2%	160,344,50
2005	70	240,182	1.8%	4,612,919	2.9%	159,255,71
2006	113	502 <b>,</b> 255	3.9%	7,432,265	4.8%	155,604,23
2007	135	504 <b>,</b> 973	3.9%	8,914,483	6.0%	149,245,12
2008	195	695 <b>,</b> 898	5.3%	13,490,749	9.5%	141,482,90
2009	142	777,040	6.0%	11,762,338	9.1%	128,816,01
2010	39	424,282	3.3%	5,664,898	4.8%	117,366,49
2011	48	820 <b>,</b> 535	6.3%	11,104,301	9.9%	111,982,90
2012	75	849,160	6.5%	12,238,758	12.1%	101,283,45
2013	110	1,259,923	9.7%	15,616,423	17.5%	89,390,27

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#### TENANT CONCENTRATION

The following table sets forth, as of October 7, 2004, our individual tenant concentrations for the properties that we currently own.

DESCRIPTION	TOTAL NUMBER	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ. FT.)		ANNUALIZED BASE RENTAL INCOME	% ANNU BASE IN
INDIVIDUAL TENANT C	ONCENTRATIONS (MGM	IT. CRITERIA TOP 10	OF GLA AND BASE RENT)		
Wal-Mart	4	707,254	5.5%	4,430,026	2
GMAC Insurance	1	501,064	3.9%	5,164,449	3
Best Buy	9	458 <b>,</b> 598	3.6%	7,116,320	4
Ross Dress for Less	12	353 <b>,</b> 139	2.7%	3,781,558	2
Kohl's	4	343,069	2.7%	2,230,706	1
Home Depot	3	335,664	2.6%	2,369,208	1
Bed, Bath & Beyond	11	322,182	2.5%	3,929,464	2
Wrangler	1	316,800	2.5%	1,504,800	1
Michaels	11	265,001	2.1%	2,866,588	1
Linens 'N Things	8	258,273	2.0%	2,991,043	1
T.J. Maxx	8	229,583	1.8%	2,031,453	1
PETSMART	10	220,447	1.7%	2,760,724	1
Burlington Coat Fac	tory 3	198,933	1.5%	1,160,475	0
Old Navy	9	186,611	1.4%	2,004,405	1
Barnes & Noble	7	180,198	1.4%	2,905,988	1
Publix	4	178,791	1.4%	1,870,311	1
Safeway	3	153 <b>,</b> 850	1.2%	1,489,742	0
Target	1	147,582	1.1%	640,000	0

Marshalls	5	146,534	1.1%	1,221,607
Sam's Club	1	142,491	1.1%	1,142,063
Dick's Sporting Goods	3	140,000	1.1%	1,057,500
Borders Books	6	131,871	1.0%	1,971,787
Pier 1 Imports	13	130,585	1.0%	2,426,795
Toys "R" Us	3	124,000	1.0%	557 <b>,</b> 599
Gottschalk's	1	119,256	0.9%	400,000
Office Depot	6	117,538	0.9%	1,548,937
OfficeMax	5	117,458	0.9%	1,323,154
The Sports Authority	3	115,779	0.9%	1,244,420
BJ's Wholesale	1	115,396	0.9%	1,009,715
Public Safety Service	1	101,208	0.8%	1,292,400
Gart Sports	2	100,561	0.8%	884,462
Circuit City	3	99 <b>,</b> 902	0.8%	737,160
Oshman's Sporting Goods	2	97,630	0.8%	1,100,562
Giant Foods	2	94,700	0.7%	1,047,313
Staples	4	92,632	0.7%	1,271,904
Cost Plus World Market	5	92,004	0.7%	1,347,999
National Wholesale				
Liquidators	1	90,254	0.7%	364,516
G.I. Joe's	2	89 <b>,</b> 375	0.7%	1,072,500
Eckerd Drug Stores	7	82,560	0.6%	1,995,230

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DESCRIPTION	TOTAL NUMBER	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GROSS LEASABLE AREA	ANNUALIZED BASE RENTAL INCOME	% ANNU BASE IN
DSW Shoe Warehouse	3	72,000	0.6%	674,000	0
Super Stop & Shop	1	68,073	0.5%	1,769,898	1
Shaw's Supermarkets	1	65,658	0.5%	1,083,357	0
Academy Sports	1	60,001	0.5%	420,007	0
Shopper's Food Warehouse	1	58,217	0.5%	844,146	0
Harris Teeter	1	57,230	0.4%	558,340	0
Babies "R" Us	2	56,407	0.4%	287,423	0
Lowes Magic Johnson	1	52,500	0.4%	1,155,000	0
Tom Thumb	1	50,000	0.4%	575 <b>,</b> 000	0
Lowes Cineplex	1	48,224	0.4%	517,014	0
Super Fresh Food Market	1	47,827	0.4%	657 <b>,</b> 621	0
Shoe Carnival	4	46,000	0.4%	571,000	0
Jo Ann Fabrics	1	46,000	0.4%	506,000	0
Sportmart	1	43,660	0.3%	434,334	0
LA Fitness	1	41,000	0.3%	697,000	0
Stein Mart	1	34,000	0.3%	229,500	0
Whole Foods	1	32,000	0.2%	432,000	0
Bealls	1	29,847	0.2%	194,005	0
Henry's Marketplace					
(Wild Oats)	1	28,092	0.2%	474,474	0
Copeland's Sporting Goods	1	25,129	0.2%	379 <b>,</b> 950	0
The Container Store	1	25,000	0.2%	700,000	0

## PROPERTY ALLOCATION

The following table provides a summary of the properties in our investment

portfolio by type of investment and by state at October 7, 2004. The following table does not include our project under development because this project was not generating revenue at October 7, 2004.

DESCRIPTION	TOTAL NUMBER	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GROSS LEASABLE AREA	ANNUALI BASE RE INCOM
PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION BY TYPE				
Neighborhood and Community Retail Shopping Center	16	1,171,799	9.1%	17 <b>,</b> 697
Single User Retail Property	11	598,364	4.6%	5 <b>,</b> 562
Retail Shopping Center	34	8,258,094	64.1%	102 <b>,</b> 963
Other	7	2,862,379	22.2%	30,854
Total	68 ======	12,890,636	100.0%	157,077

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DESCRIPTION	TOTAL NUMBER	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ. FT.)	% OF TOTAL GROSS LEASABLE AREA	ANNUALI BASE RE INCOM
PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION BY STATE				
California	3	489,929	3.8%	9,661
Georgia	5	698,250	5.4%	7 <b>,</b> 622
Maryland	6	2,106,332	16.3%	25 <b>,</b> 112
North Carolina	5	1,031,714	8.0%	10,308
South Carolina	5	632,838	4.9%	6,481
Texas	11	2,039,684	15.8%	26,421
Washington	4	1,374,538	10.7%	14,210
Other	29	4,517,351	35.0%	57 <b>,</b> 258
Total	68	12,890,636	100%	157,077

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#### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our historical capitalization as of June 30, 2004, our as adjusted capitalization giving effect to the issuance of 165,649,805 shares of common stock remaining for sale in our initial public offering and our as adjusted capitalization giving effect to the issuance of 250,000,000 shares of common stock in this offering and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom as described in "Estimated Use of Proceeds." We were originally capitalized in March 2003 through the cash contribution of \$200,000 by the advisor, for which the advisor received 20,000 shares of common stock. Additionally, the table does not include shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of options which may be, but have not been, granted under our independent director stock option plan. The information set forth in the following table should be read in conjunction with our historical financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus and the discussion set forth in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Our Financial Condition -- Liquidity and Capital Resources."

	 HISTORICAL	P	JUNE 30, 2004 AS ADJUSTED (2)	A	S 
DEBT: Mortgage notes payable	\$ 588,631,295	\$	588,631,295	\$	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 authorized, none outstanding	-		-		
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 250,000,000 authorized, 85,098,440 shares issued and outstanding historical; 250,000,000 shares issued and outstanding issued pro forma; and 500,000,000 shares issued and outstanding pro forma as adjusted	85,098		250,768		
Additional paid-in-capital (1)	759,254,752		2,244,427,340		4
Retained earnings deficit	(15, 956, 532)		(15,956,532)		
Accumulated other comprehensive income	 47,708		47,708		
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 743,431,026			\$	4
Total capitalization		\$	2,817,400,579		5 ==

Additional paid-in capital reduced by selling commissions either paid or estimated to be paid.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes the issuance of 250,000,000 primary shares plus 748,245 distribution reinvestment shares issued in connection with the initial

public offering.

(3) Includes the issuance of 250,000,000 primary shares plus 748,245 distribution reinvestment shares issued in connection with the initial public offering and 250,000,000 shares issued in connection with this offering.

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF OUR FINANCIAL CONDITION

The following discussion and analysis relates to the three and six months ended June 30, 2004. The period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to June 30, 2003 is not comparable because no properties were owned by us during that 2003 period. You should read the following discussion and analysis along with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in this prospectus.

#### OVERVIEW

We were formed to acquire and manage a diversified portfolio of real estate, principally multi-tenant shopping centers. We operate as a real estate investment trust or REIT for Federal and state income tax purposes. We have initially focused on acquiring properties in the Western states. We have begun to acquire and plan to continue acquiring properties in the Western states. We may also acquire retail properties in locations throughout the United States. Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. or our advisor has been retained to manage, for a fee, our day-to-day affairs, subject to the supervision of our board of directors.

Our goal is to purchase properties principally west of the Mississippi River and evaluate potential acquisition opportunities of properties east of the Mississippi River on a property by property basis, taking into consideration investment objectives and available funds. As of July 31, 2004 we have purchased 14 additional properties located in the states of Arkansas, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Missouri, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Texas and Washington.

During the six months ended June 30, 2004, we purchased 34 properties, of which 13 were not located in our primary geographical area of interest. We purchased these 13 properties because we had the unique opportunity of taking advantage of our advisor's acquisition pipeline of properties located east of the Mississippi River which generally, continue to have rates of return above those located in the Western United States. Our strategy in purchasing these properties was to deploy stockholder funds promptly and generate income for us as early as possible, while investing in properties which met our acquisition criteria.

During the second quarter of 2004, the retail sector has remained relatively stable as a result of sustained consumer spending, which has helped maintain retail sales growth despite subsequent terrorist threats and the Iraqi war. A modest pace of new retail construction, and the expansion strategy of some retailers, who are renting more space to maintain market share and revenue growth and offset declining same store sales have also contributed to the stability.

While sustained consumer spending, spurred by low interest rates, has helped to maintain retail sales growth, changing demographics and consumer preferences have resulted in a fundamental shift in consumer spending patterns and the emergence of discount retail as a dominant category. Today almost 75% of general merchandise sales occur at a discount department store or a warehouse club/supercenter. As a result of this trend, some conventional department stores

are struggling and a number of local, regional and national retailers have been forced to voluntarily close their stores or file for bankruptcy protection. Some bankrupt retailers have reorganized their operations and/or sold stores to stronger operators. In some instances, bankruptcies and store closings may create opportunities to lease space at higher rents to tenants with better sales performance. Therefore, we do not expect store closings or bankruptcy reorganizations to have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or the results of our operations in the near term.

We believe our risk exposure to potential future downturns in the economy is mitigated because the tenants at our current and targeted properties, to a large extent, consist or will consist of: retailers who

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serve primary non-discretionary shopping needs, such as grocers and pharmacies; discount chains that can compete effectively during an economic downturn; and national tenants with strong credit ratings who can withstand a downturn. We believe that the diversification of our current and targeted tenant base and our focus on creditworthy tenants further reduces our risk exposure.

We are subject to risks existing due to a concentration of any single tenant within the portfolio. The largest tenant by leased area is Best Buy, which has nine leases representing approximately 428,643 square feet, or approximately 4.5% of the total gross leasable area owned by us as of July 31, 2004. The annualized base rental income from these leases is approximately \$6,276,746, or approximately 5.2% of the total annualized base rental income, based on our portfolio of properties as of July 31, 2004. The two largest tenants in annualized base rental income are Best Buy and Ross Dress for Less which together total approximately \$9,764,088 or 8.1% of the total annualized base rental income, based on our portfolio of properties as of July 31, 2004.

We are in the process of offering our common stock in our initial public offering and have raised \$850,239,770 as of June 30, 2004. We raised on average approximately \$120 million per month in gross proceeds during the second quarter of 2004.

As of June 30, 2004, we owned a portfolio of forty-two properties located in Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, and Washington containing an aggregate of approximately 7,143,674 square feet of gross leasable area. As of June 30, 2004, approximately 92% of gross leasable area in the properties was physically leased.

The following is a summary of the properties we own as of June 30, 2004:

PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	DATE ACQUIRED	YEAR BUILT/ RENOVATED	AMO MOR PAYA 06/
Alison's Corner San Antonio, TX	55 <b>,</b> 066	04/04	2003	\$ 3
Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace Arvada, CO	358 <b>,</b> 094	04/04	1987/1990	28

Best on the Boulevard Las Vegas, NV	204,627	04/04	1996/1999	19
Bluebonnet Parc Baton Rouge, LA	135,289	04/04	2002	12
CorWest Plaza New Britain, CT	115,011	01/04	1999/2003	18

PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	DATE ACQUIRED	YEAR BUILT/ RENOVATED	AMO MOR PAYA 06/
Darien Towne Centre Darien, IL	223,876	12/03	1994	16
Davis Towne Crossing North Richland Hills, TX	41,391	06/04	2004	
Dorman Center - Phase I Spartanburg, SC	350,994	03/04	2003	27
Eastwood Towne Center Lansing, MI	334,454	05/04	2002	46
Eckerd Drug Store Columbia, SC	13,440	06/04	2004	
Eckerd Drug Store Crossville, TN	13,824	06/04	2004	
Eckerd Drug Store Edmund, OK	13,824	12/03	2003	1
Eckerd Drug Store Greer, SC	13,824	06/04	2004	
Eckerd Drug Store Kill Devil Hills, NC	13,824	06/04	2004	
Eckerd Drug Store Norman, OK	13,824	12/03	2003	2
Fullerton Metrocenter Fullerton, CA	242,080	06/04	1988	
Heritage Towne Crossing Euless, TX	80,574	03/04	2002	8
Hickory Ridge Hickory, NC	380,487	01/04	1999	23

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PROPERTY	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ FT)	DATE ACQUIRED 	YEAR BUILT/ RENOVATED	AMO MOR PAYA 06/
Huebner Oaks Center San Antonio, TX	286,738	06/04	1998	48
John's Creek Village Duluth, GA	191,475	06/04	2004	
La Plaza Del Norte San Antonio, TX	320,362	01/04	1996/1999	32
Lakewood Towne Center Lakewood, WA	577,863	06/04	1988/2003	51
Larkspur Landing Larkspur, CA	173,814	01/04	1978/2001	33
Low Country Village Bluffton, SC	76 <b>,</b> 376	06/04	2004	
MacArthur Crossing Los Colinas, TX	110,975	02/04	1996	12
Metro Square Center Severn, MD	61,817	01/04	1999	6
Newnan Crossing I & II Newnan, GA	291,833	12/03 & 03/04	1999/2003	21
Northgate North Seattle, WA	302,744	06/04	2004	
Northpointe Plaza Spokane, WA	378,890	05/04	1991/1993	30
North Ranch Pavilions Thousand Oaks, CA	62,812	01/04	1992	10

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PROPERTY	(SQ FT)	ACQUIRED	RENOVATED	06/
	LEASABLE AREA	DATE	YEAR BUILT/	PAYA
	GROSS			MOR
				AMO

North Rivers Town

Center Charleston, SC	141,167	04/04	2004	11
Paradise Valley Marketplace Phoenix, AZ	92,164	04/04	2002	15
Pavilion at King's Grant Concord, NC	79 <b>,</b> 009	12/03	2003	5
Peoria Crossings Peoria, AZ	213,733	03/04	2003	20
Pine Ridge Plaza Lawrence, KS	230,493	06/04	1998/2004	
Plaza Santa Fe II Santa Fe, NM	222,411	06/04	2000/2002	17
Promenade at Red Cliff St. George, UT	94,936	02/04	1997	10
Shaw's Supermarket New Britain, CT	65 <b>,</b> 658	12/03	1995	6
Shops at Park Place Plano, TX	116,300	10/03	2001	13
Shoppes of Prominence Point Canton, GA	88 <b>,</b> 058	06/04	2004	
Stony Creek Market Place Noblesville, IN	153,803	12/03	2003	14
Watauga Pavilion Watauga, TX	205,740	05/04	2004	17
Total	7,143,674			 \$ 588
	========			=====

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The square footage for Arvada Connection, Darien Towne Centre, Davis Towne Crossing, Eastwood Towne Center, Heritage Towne Crossing, Hickory Ridge, Huebner Oaks Center, John's Creek Village, MacArthur Crossing, Newnan Crossing I & II, Northpointe Plaza, North Rivers Town Center, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Pavilion at King's Grant, Pine Ridge Plaza, Shops at Park Place and Stony Creek Market Place includes 2,240, 6,371, 4,000, 24,110, 7,246, 70,127, 8,036, 10,555, 6,500, 6,650, 18,719, 31,280, 10,908, 65,000, 84,676, 3,822 and 8,000 respectively, square feet of space leased to tenants under ground lease agreements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

#### GENERAL

The following disclosure pertains to critical accounting policies and estimates we believe are most "critical" to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations which require our most difficult, subjective or complex judgments. These judgments often result from the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. Critical

accounting policies discussed in this section are not to be confused with accounting principles and methods disclosed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America or GAAP. GAAP requires information in financial statements about accounting principles, methods used and disclosures pertaining to significant estimates. This discussion addresses our judgment pertaining to trends, events or uncertainties known which were taken into consideration upon the application of those policies and the likelihood that materially different amounts would be reported upon taking into consideration different conditions and assumptions.

#### ACOUISITION OF INVESTMENT PROPERTY

We allocate the purchase price of each acquired investment property between land, building and improvements, acquired above market and below market leases, in-place lease value, and any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. In addition, we allocate a portion of the purchase price to the value of customer relationships and as of June 30, 2004, no cost has been allocated to such relationships. The allocation of the purchase price is an area that requires judgment and significant estimates. We use the information contained in the independent appraisal obtained at acquisition as the primary basis for the allocation to land and building and improvements. The aggregate value of intangibles is measured based on the difference between the stated price and the property value calculation as if vacant. We determine whether any financing assumed is above or below market based upon comparison to similar financing terms for similar investment properties. We also allocate a portion of the purchase price to the estimated acquired in-place lease costs based on estimated lease execution costs for similar leases as well as lost rent payments during assumed lease up period when calculating as if vacant fair values. We consider various factors including geographic location and size of leased space. We also evaluate each acquired lease based upon current market rates at the acquisition date and we consider various factors including geographical location, size and location of leased space within the investment property, tenant profile, and the credit risk of the tenant in determining whether the acquired lease is above or below market lease costs. After an acquired lease is determined to be above or below market lease costs, we allocate a portion of the purchase price to such above or below acquired lease costs based upon the present value of the difference between the contractual lease rate and the estimated market rate. The determination of the discount rate used in the present value calculation is based upon the "risk free rate." This discount rate is a significant factor in determining the market valuation which requires our judgment of subjective factors such as market knowledge, economics, demographics, location, visibility, age and physical condition of the property.

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IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS. We conduct an impairment analysis on a quarterly basis in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 or SFAS 144 to ensure that the property's carrying value does not exceed its fair value. If this were to occur, we are required to record an impairment loss. The valuation and possible subsequent impairment of investment properties is a significant estimate that can and does change based on our continuous process of analyzing each property and reviewing assumptions about uncertain inherent factors, as well as the economic condition of the property at a particular point in time.

COST CAPITALIZATION AND DEPRECIATION POLICIES. Our policy is to review all expenses paid and capitalize any items exceeding \$5,000 which are deemed to be an upgrade or a tenant improvement. These costs are capitalized and are included in the investment properties classification as an addition to buildings and improvements.

Buildings and improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for buildings and improvements, and 15 years for site improvements. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market costs and acquired below market costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to net rental income. Acquired in-place lease costs, other leasing costs, and tenant improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as a component of amortization expense.

The application of SFAS 141 and SFAS 142 resulted in the recognition upon acquisition of additional intangible assets and liabilities relating to our real estate acquisitions during the quarter ended June 30, 2004. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market lease costs and acquired below market lease costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to rental income. Amortization pertaining to the above market lease costs of \$475,574 was applied as a reduction to rental income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and \$813,177 for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Amortization pertaining to the below market lease costs of \$545,784 was applied as an increase to rental income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and \$902,613 for the six months ended June 30, 2004. The table below presents the amortization during the next five years related to the acquired above market lease costs and the below market lease costs for properties owned at June 30, 2004:

		JULY 1, 2004 THROUGH DECEMBER 31,				
AMORTIZATION OF:		2004	2005	2006	2007	200
Acquired above market lease costs	\$	(1,469,181)	(2,938,359)	(2,885,842)	(2,119,421)	(1,980,
Acquired below market lease costs		2,823,964	5,471,188	5,065,985	4,646,973	4,096,
Net rental income increase	\$ ===	1,354,783	2,532,829 =======	2,180,143 ========	2,527,552 	2 <b>,</b> 116,
Acquired in-place lease intangibles	\$	(4,842,059)	(9,684,122)	(9,684,122)	(9,684,122)	(9,684,

The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired in-place lease costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease. We incurred amortization expense pertaining to

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acquired in-place lease costs of \$1,495,955 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and \$2,293,994 for the six months ended June 30, 2004. The table above presents the amortization during the next five years related to acquired in-place lease costs for properties owned at June 30, 2004.

Cost capitalization and the estimate of useful lives requires our judgment and includes significant estimates that can and do change based on our process

which periodically analyzes each property and on our assumptions about uncertain inherent factors.

REVENUE RECOGNITION. We recognize rental income on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease. The difference between rental income earned on a straight-line basis and the cash rent due under the provisions of the lease agreements is recorded as deferred rent receivable and is included as a component of accounts and rents receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. We anticipate collecting these amounts over the terms of the leases as scheduled rent payments are made.

Reimbursements from tenants for recoverable real estate tax and operating expenses are accrued as revenue in the period the applicable expenditures are incurred. We make certain assumptions and judgments in estimating the reimbursements at the end of each reporting period. Should the actual results differ from our judgment, the estimated reimbursement could be negatively affected and would be adjusted appropriately.

In conjunction with certain acquisitions, we receive payments under master lease agreements pertaining to certain, non-revenue producing spaces either at the time of, or subsequent to, the purchase of some of our properties. Upon receipt of the payments, the receipts are recorded as a reduction in the purchase price of the related properties rather than as rental income. These master leases were established at the time of purchase in order to mitigate the potential negative effects of loss of rent and expense reimbursements. Master lease payments are received through a draw of funds escrowed at the time of purchase and may cover a period from one to three years. These funds may be released to either us or the seller when certain leasing conditions are met. Restricted cash includes funds received by third party escrow agents, from sellers, pertaining to master lease agreements. We record such escrows as both an asset and a corresponding liability, until certain leasing conditions are met.

We accrue lease termination income if there is a signed termination letter agreement, all of the conditions of the agreement have been met, and the tenant is no longer occupying the property.

INTEREST RATE FUTURES CONTRACTS. We enter into interest rate futures contracts or treasury contracts as a means of reducing our exposure to rising interest rates. At inception, contracts are evaluated in order to determine if they will qualify for hedge accounting treatment and will be accounted for either on a deferral, accrual or market value basis depending on the nature of our hedge strategy and the method used to account for the hedged item. Hedge criteria include demonstrating the manner in which the hedge will reduce risk, identifying the specific asset, liability or firm commitment being hedged, and citing the time horizon being hedged.

During the second quarter of 2004, we entered into treasury contracts with a futures commission merchant with a total notional amount of \$95.0 million with yields ranging from 3.85% for 5 year treasury contracts to 4.63% for 10 year treasury contracts and maturities at various dates in 2004. The amount required to be on deposit at June 30, 2004 for these treasury contracts had a cost basis and liquidation value of \$2,137,000 and \$789,000, respectively. As these treasury contracts are not offsetting future commitments and therefore do not qualify as hedges, the net loss of approximately \$1,348,000 at June 30, 2004 is recognized currently in earnings and is included in interest expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

#### GENERAL.

Our principal demands for funds have been for property acquisitions, for the payment of operating expenses and dividends, and for the payment of interest on outstanding indebtedness. Generally, cash needs for items other than property acquisitions have been met from operations, and property acquisitions have been funded by a public offering of our shares of common stock. However, there may be a passage of time between the sale of the shares and our purchase of properties, which may result in a delay in the benefits to stockholders of returns generated from property operations. Our advisor evaluates potential additional property acquisitions and Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc., one of the affiliates of our sponsor, engages in negotiations with sellers on our behalf. After a purchase contract is executed which contains specific terms, the property will not be purchased until due diligence, which includes review of the title insurance commitment, an appraisal and an environmental analysis, is successfully completed. In some instances, the proposed acquisition still requires the negotiation of final binding agreements, which may include financing documents. During this period, we may decide to temporarily invest any unused proceeds from the offering in certain investments that could yield lower returns than other investments, such as the properties. These lower returns may affect our ability to make distributions.

Potential future sources of capital include proceeds from the public or private offering of our equity or debt securities, secured or unsecured financings from banks or other lenders, proceeds from the sale of properties, as well as undistributed funds from operations. We anticipate that during the current year we will (i) acquire additional existing shopping centers, (ii) develop additional shopping center sites and (iii) continue to pay distributions to stockholders, and each is expected to be funded mainly from proceeds of our public offerings of shares, cash flows from operating activities, financings and other external capital resources available to us.

Our leases typically provide that the tenant bears responsibility for substantially all property costs and expenses associated with ongoing maintenance and operation, including utilities, property taxes and insurance. In addition, in some instances our leases provide that the tenant is responsible for roof and structural repairs. Certain of our properties are subject to leases under which we retain responsibility for certain costs and expenses associated with the property. We anticipate that capital demands to meet obligations related to capital improvements with respect to properties will be minimal for the foreseeable future and can be met with funds from operations and working capital.

If necessary, we may use financings or other sources of capital in the event of unforeseen significant capital expenditures.

We believe that our current capital resources (including cash on hand) and anticipated financings are sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for the foreseeable future.

#### LIQUIDITY

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING. As of June 30, 2004, subscriptions for a total of 85,098,440 shares had been received from the public, which include the 20,000 shares issued to the advisor and 748,245 shares distributed pursuant to the DRP as of June 30, 2004. As a result of such sales, we received a total of \$850,239,770 of gross offering proceeds as of June 30, 2004.

MORTGAGE DEBT. As of June 30, 2004 we have obtained mortgage debt on thirty-one properties totaling \$588,631,295. With the exception of Plaza Santa Fe II, these loans require monthly payments of interest only and bear interest

at a range between 2.68% and 4.77% per annum. The mortgage loan on

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Plaza Santa Fe II requires monthly payments of principal and interest at 6.20% per annum, and payments into taxes, insurance and replacement reserve escrows.

During the period from July 1, 2004 through July 31, 2004 we obtained mortgage financing on properties that we purchased during 2004 totaling approximately \$204,300,000 that require monthly payments of interest only and bear interest at a range of 4.13% to 5.10% per annum or LIBOR plus 113 to 200 basis points.

From January 1, 2004 through July 31, 2004, we entered into numerous interest rate lock agreements, as described below, to secure the interest rate on mortgage debt on properties we currently own or will purchase in the future. The funds under the rate agreements and the deposits are applied to the mortgage fundings as they occur.

On February 9, 2004, we entered into an agreement with Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$1,200,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.372% for a period of 90 days on \$60,000,000 in principal, all of which has been applied to closed mortgage fundings.

On March 5, 2004 and March 11, 2004, we entered into two separate rate lock agreements with Principal Life Insurance Company. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$500,000 for each agreement to lock the interest rate at 4.13% and 4.09%, respectively, for a period of 120 days. Each rate lock is on \$50,000,000 in principal, all of which has been applied to closed mortgage fundings.

On May 18, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Allstate Investments, LLC. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$750,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.05% for a period of 120 days on \$75,000,000 in principal. Of this amount, \$16,362,500 has been applied to closed mortgage fundings, with the remainder allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On June 2, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$4,000,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.12% for a period of 90 days on \$200,000,000 in principal, \$196,000,000 of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On June 3, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with KeyBank National Association. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$1,000,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.995% for a period of 90 days on \$100,000,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On June 3, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Allstate Investments, LLC. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$500,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.91% for a period of 120 days on \$50,000,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On June 25, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Principal Real Estate Investors, LLC. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$600,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.48% for a period of 120 days on \$60,000,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On July 2, 2004, we entered into two separate rate lock agreements with Bear Stearns Commercial Mortgage, Inc. We paid one rate lock deposit of \$400,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.06% for a period of 90 days on \$20,000,000 in principal. We paid a second rate lock deposit of \$600,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.01% for a period of 90 days on \$30,000,000 in principal. Collectively,

\$35,000,000 has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

On July 9, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with LaSalle Bank National Association. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$500,000 to lock the interest rate at 5.04% for a period of 90 days on \$50,000,000 in principal, all of which has been allocated to new or pending acquisitions.

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On July 16, 2004, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Nomura Credit & Capital, Inc. We paid a rate lock deposit of \$500,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.815% for a period of 90 days on \$50,000,000 in principal.

LINE OF CREDIT. On February 6, 2004, we increased our unsecured line of credit arrangement with KeyBank N.A. to \$225,000,000 from \$150,000,000. The funds from this line of credit may be used to provide funds from the time a property is purchased until permanent debt is placed on that property. The line requires interest only payments monthly at the rate equal to the London InterBank Offered Rate or LIBOR plus 175 basis points which ranged from 2.875% to 3.125% during the quarter ended June 30, 2004. We are also required to pay, on a quarterly basis, an amount ranging from .15% to .30%, per annum, on the average daily undrawn funds under this line. The line of credit requires compliance with certain covenants, such as debt service ratios, minimum net worth requirements, distribution limitations and investment restrictions. In addition to, and in conjunction with these financial covenants, we maintain a cash collateral account. Amounts deposited in the cash collateral account provide that loan to value covenants required under the line are not exceeded. Funds may be deposited into and with drawn from the cash collateral account as our properties are purchased without debt. As of June 30, 2004, we were in compliance with such covenants and \$20,448,822 was deposited in the cash collateral account. The outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$110,000,000 as of June 30, 2004 at a weighted average interest rate of 3.01% per annum.

STOCKHOLDER LIQUIDITY. We provide the following programs to facilitate investment in the shares and to provide limited, interim liquidity for stockholders until such time as a market for the shares develops:

The DRP allows stockholders who purchase shares pursuant to our initial public offering to automatically reinvest distributions by purchasing additional shares from us. Such purchases will not be subject to selling commissions or the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance and will be sold at a price of \$9.50 per share. As of June 30, 2004, we issued 748,245 shares pursuant to the DRP for an aggregate amount of \$7,108,326.

Subject to certain restrictions, the share repurchase program provides existing stockholders with limited, interim liquidity by enabling them to sell shares back to us at the following prices:

- One year from the purchase date, at \$9.25 per share;
- Two years from the purchase date, at \$9.50 per share;
- Three years from the purchase date, at \$9.75 per share; and
- Four years from the purchase date, at the greater of \$10.00 per share, or a price equal to 10 times our "funds
- available for distribution" per weighted average shares outstanding for the prior calendar year.

Shares purchased by us will not be available for resale. As of June 30, 2004, no shares have been repurchased.

#### CAPITAL RESOURCES

We expect to meet our short-term operating liquidity requirements generally through our net cash provided by property operations. We also expect that our properties will generate sufficient cash flow to

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cover our operating expenses plus pay a monthly distribution on our weighted average shares. Operating cash flows are expected to increase as additional properties are added to our portfolio.

We believe that we should put mortgage debt on or leverage our properties at approximately 50% of their value. We also believe that we can borrow at the lowest overall cost of funds or interest rate by placing individual financing on each of our properties. Accordingly, mortgage loans will generally have been placed on each property at the time that the property is purchased, or shortly thereafter, with the property solely securing the financing.

During the six months ended June 30, 2004, we closed on mortgage debt with a principal amount of \$559,004,295. At June 30, 2004, the weighted average cost of mortgage funds was approximately 4.30%. \$507,744,295 of these mortgage loans are fixed-rate loans that bear interest at a rate between 3.96% and 6.20% per annum. The remaining \$51,260,000 represents variable-rate loans with a weighted average interest rate of 2.84% per annum at June 30, 2004.

With the exception of the mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II, all of the loans closed during the six months ended June 30, 2004 require monthly payments of interest only and may be prepaid with a penalty after specific lockout periods. The mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II requires monthly payments of principal and interest, as well as payments into tax, insurance, and replacement reserve escrows and has no prepayment privileges.

Although the loans we closed are generally non-recourse, occasionally, when it is deemed to be advantageous, we may guarantee all or a portion of the debt on a full-recourse basis. Individual decisions regarding interest rates, loan-to-value, fixed versus variable-rate financing, maturity dates and related matters are often based on the condition of the financial markets at the time the debt is incurred, which conditions may vary from time to time.

Distributions are determined by our board of directors with the advice of the advisor and are dependent on a number of factors, including the amount of funds available for distribution, flow of funds, our financial condition, any decision by our board of directors to reinvest funds rather than to distribute the funds, our capital expenditures, the annual distribution required to maintain REIT status under the Internal Revenue Code and other factors the board of directors may deem relevant.

#### CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash flows provided by operating activities were approximately \$15,697,000 for the six month period ended June 30, 2004, which is due primarily to net income from property operations.

## CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Cash flows used in investing activities were approximately \$1,148,663,000 for the six month period ended June 30, 2004 which were primarily used for the

acquisition of 34 properties for approximately \$1,090,426,000.

As of July 31, 2004, we had approximately \$200,000,000 available for investment in additional properties. As of July 31, 2004 we are considering the acquisition of approximately \$501,000,000 in properties. We are currently in the process of obtaining financings on properties which have been purchased, as well as certain of the properties which we anticipate purchasing. It is our intention to finance each of our acquisitions either at closing or subsequent to closing. As a result of the intended financings and based on our current experience in raising funds in our offering, we believe that we will have sufficient resources to acquire these properties.

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#### CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Cash flows provided by financing activities was approximately \$1,195,482,000 for the six month period ended June 30, 2004. We generated proceeds from the sale of shares, net of offering costs paid, of approximately \$593,471,000. We generated approximately \$541,453,000 from the issuance of new mortgages secured by 29 of our properties and \$105,000,000 from funding on the line of credit. We paid approximately \$10,154,000 for loan fees and approximately \$13,255,000 in distributions to our stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2004. The sponsor has agreed to advance us amounts to pay a portion of these distributions until funds from operations are adequate to cover distributions.

Given the current size of our offering, as of July 31, 2004, we could raise approximately \$1.5 billion of additional capital. However, there can be no assurance that we will raise this amount of money or that we will be able to acquire additional attractive properties.

We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of our long-term debt used to maintain liquidity and fund capital expenditures and expansion of our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our interest rate risk management objectives are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve our objectives we borrow primarily at fixed rates or variable rates with the lowest margins available and, in some cases, with the ability to convert variable rates to current market fixed rates at the time of conversion.

#### EFFECTS OF TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED AND CERTAIN OTHER PARTIES

SERVICES PROVIDED BY AFFILIATES OF THE ADVISOR As of June 30, 2004, we had incurred \$93,674,110 of offering costs, of which \$70,096,693 was paid or accrued to affiliates. In accordance with the terms of our offering, the advisor has guaranteed payment of all public offering expenses (excluding sales commissions and the marketing contribution and the due diligence expense allowance) in excess of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the initial public offering or gross offering proceeds or all organization and offering expenses (including selling commissions) which together exceed 15% of gross offering proceeds. As of June 30, 2004, offering costs did not exceed the 5.5% and 15% limitations. We anticipate that these costs will not exceed these limitations upon completion of the offering. Any excess amounts at the completion of the offering will be reimbursed by the advisor.

The advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for salaries and expenses of employees of the advisor and its affiliates relating to the offering. In addition, an affiliate of the advisor is entitled to receive selling commissions, and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance from us in connection with the offering. Such costs are offset against

the stockholders' equity accounts. Such costs totaled \$70,096,693 as of June 30, 2004, of which \$468,907 was unpaid at June 30, 2004.

The advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for general and administrative expenses of the advisor and its affiliates relating to our administration. Such costs are included in general and administrative expenses to affiliates, professional services to affiliates, and acquisition cost expenses to affiliates, in addition to costs that were capitalized pertaining to property acquisitions. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, we incurred \$637,359 of these costs, of which \$218,000 remained unpaid as of June 30, 2004.

An affiliate of the advisor provides loan servicing to us for an annual fee. Such costs are included in property operating expenses to affiliates. The agreement allows for annual fees totaling .03% of the first \$1 billion in mortgage balance outstanding and .01% of the remaining mortgage balance, payable monthly. Such fees totaled \$21,276 for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

The advisor contributed \$200,000 to our capital for which it received 20,000 shares.

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We use the services of an affiliate of the advisor to facilitate the mortgage financing that we obtained on some of the properties purchased. We pay the affiliate .02% of the principal balance of mortgage loans obtained. Such costs are capitalized as loan fees and amortized over the respective loan term. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, we paid loan fees totaling \$1,122,042 to this affiliate.

We pay an advisor asset management fee of not more than 1% of our average assets. Our average asset value is defined as the average of the total book value of our real estate assets invested in equity interests plus our loans receivable secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation, reserves for bad debt or other similar non-cash reserves. We compute our average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month for which we are calculating the fee. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the following amounts if any: (1) the amounts by which our total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of: (i) 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year, or (ii) 25% of our net income for that fiscal year; plus (2) an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% minimum annual return on the net investment of stockholders. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, we neither paid nor accrued such fees because the advisor agreed to forego such fees for the first and second quarters of 2004.

The property managers, entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of the advisor, are entitled to receive property management fees totaling 4.5% of gross operating income, for management and leasing services. We incurred property management fees of \$1,154,272 for the six months ended June 30, 2004. None remained unpaid as of June 30, 2004.

We established a discount stock purchase policy for our affiliates and affiliates of the advisor that enables the affiliates to purchase shares of common stock at either \$8.95 or \$9.50 a share depending on when the shares are purchased. We sold 510,839 shares to affiliates and recognized an expense related to these discounts of \$336,129 for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

As of June 30, 2004 we were due funds from our affiliate in the amount of \$1,553,689, \$1,551,739 of which is due from our sponsor for reimbursement of a portion of the distributions paid by us during 2004. The remaining \$1,950 is due from an affiliate for costs paid on their behalf by us. The sponsor has agreed to advance to us amounts to pay a portion of distributions to our stockholders until funds from operations are adequate to cover the distributions. The sponsor forgave \$2,369,139 of these amounts during the second quarter of 2004 and these funds are no longer due. As of June 30, 2004 we owe funds to the sponsor in the amount of \$1,253,477 for repayment of the funds advanced for payment of distributions.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS, CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS, LIABILITIES AND CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

The table below presents our obligations and commitments to make future payments under debt obligations and lease agreements as of June 30, 2004.

Contractual Obligations	Payments Due by Period					
		Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	
Long-Term Debt Line of Credit		8,631,295 0,000,000	110,000,000	7,260,000 -	298,839,074 -	

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#### CONTRACTS AND COMMITMENTS

The purchase and sale contract for Pavilion at King's Grant, provides that if anytime during the period January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2007 the tenant, Toys R' Us, should increase its base rent up to a maximum amount of \$250,000 and no decrease has occurred in their requirement to pay for a certain percentage of expenses at the property, then we would be obligated to pay the seller additional funds related to the purchase based on an agreed income capitalization formula. We have not reserved any funds for this contingency.

In connection with the purchase of Stony Creek Market Place, we are obligated to purchase the seller's interest in the leases if the seller exercises the right to develop and lease a vacant 50,000 pad site within 48months after the closing date of December 8, 2003, which was included in the purchase of the property. In connection with the purchase of Newman Crossing, we are obligated to purchase the remaining portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction, once construction has been completed and a major tenant has moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price based on an agreed upon income capitalization formula. In connection with the purchase of Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace, we are obligated to purchase a parcel of the shopping center that may be redeveloped by the seller within the next three years. If the seller does not redevelop the parcel by the end of the redevelopment period, then we are obligated to purchase the parcel for \$750,000. In connection with the purchase of Eastwood Town Center, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$3,836,317 once a major tenant's base rent increases upon two shadow anchor's commencement of operations. In connection with the purchase of Watauga Pavilion, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$2,146,000 once a major has moved in and commenced payment of rent. In connection with the purchase of John's Creek Village, we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of

\$13,385,390 once the remaining vacancies have been leased and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent. We have not reserved any funds for these contingencies.

In connection with the purchase of Dorman Center, we were obligated to purchase a portion of the shopping center that was under construction, once construction has been completed and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price of the center based on an agreed upon income capitalization formula. As part of the commitment to purchase this remaining portion of the shopping center, we had deposited one million dollars of earnest money with the seller. In addition, in conjunction with the financing of Dorman Center on April 20, 2004, we were required to obtain a \$3.65 million irrevocable letter of credit for a one year period. Once we purchased the remaining portion of Dorman Center, and met certain occupancy requirements the letter of credit will be released. On July 16, 2004, we purchased the remaining portion of Dorman Center and the irrevocable letter of credit is still outstanding as the occupancy requirements had not been met as of July 31, 2004.

In connection with the purchase of Low Country Village, we were obligated to purchase a portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction, once construction has been completed and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price of the center based on an agreed upon income capitalization formula. As part of the commitment to purchase this remaining portion of the shopping center, we had deposited \$300,000 of earnest money with an escrow agent. In addition we are obligated to pay the remaining purchase price on the first phase based on an income capitalization formula not to exceed \$1,355,096 once the remaining vacancies have been leased and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent. In connection with the note receivable related to Pacheco Pass, when the note is repaid, we are obligated to purchase the property for \$24,000,000.

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In connection with the purchase of Larkspur Landing, we assumed a liability in the amount of \$1,982,504 for tenant improvements and leasing commission obligations. As of June 30, 2004, the remaining liability after disbursements was \$1,375,521.

Subsequent to June 30, 2004, we purchased 14 properties for a purchase price of approximately \$342,000,000. In addition, we are currently considering acquiring 13 properties for an estimated purchase price of \$501,000,000. Our decision to acquire each property generally depends upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions, and our receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information prior to purchasing the property.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

The following discussion is based primarily on our consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2004 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004.

Properties Purchased per

Quarter Ended	Quarter	Square Feet Acquired	Purchase
March 31, 2003	None	N/A	N
June 30, 2003	None	N/A	N
September 30, 2003	None	N/A	N
December 31, 2003	8	797 <b>,</b> 490	\$ 127
March 31, 2004	11	2,126,152	\$ 384
June 30, 2004	23	4,220,032	\$ 713
Total	42	7,143,674	\$ 1 <b>,</b> 225
	==========		

RENTAL INCOME, REAL ESTATE TAX RECOVERY, COMMON AREA COST RECOVERY AND ADDITIONAL RENTAL INCOME. Rental income consists of basic monthly rent and percentage rental income due pursuant to tenant leases. Real estate tax recovery, common area cost recovery and additional rental income consist of property operating expenses recovered from the tenants including real estate taxes, property management fees and insurance. Rental income was \$22,885,718 and all additional rental income was \$6,094,809 for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

INTEREST INCOME. Interest income consists primarily of interest earned from short term investments that are held by us. Interest income was \$456,462 for the six month period ended June 30, 2004. This results primarily from interest earned on cash for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES. Professional services consist of fees to accountants and lawyers. Professional services expense was \$156,130 for the six months ended June 30, 2004. This results from professional services required as the business and investor base grows. Accounting fees comprise the majority of the professional services expense.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. General and administrative expenses consist of salaries and computerized information services costs reimbursed to affiliates for maintaining our accounting and investor records, affiliates common share purchase discounts, insurance, postage, and printer costs. These expenses were \$1,158,137 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and resulted from increased services required as we acquire properties and grow our portfolio of investment properties and our investor base.

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PROPERTY OPERATING EXPENSES. Property operating expenses consist of property management fees and property operating expenses, including real estate taxes, costs of owning and maintaining shopping centers, insurance, and maintenance to the exterior of the buildings and the parking lots. These expenses were \$6,664,346 for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

INTEREST. Interest was \$8,357,449 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and is due to the financing on 31 properties as of June 30, 2004 and funds drawn during the first quarter of 2004 on the line of credit.

DEPRECIATION. Depreciation expense was \$7,493,738 and is due to depreciation on the properties owned during the six months ended June 30, 2004.

AMORTIZATION. Amortization expense was \$2,934,613 and is due to the application of SFAS 141 and SFAS 142 resulting in the amortization of intangible assets of approximately \$97 million and loan fees of \$4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

One of our objectives is to provide cash distributions to our stockholders from cash generated by our operations. Cash generated from operations is not equivalent to our net income from continuing operations as determined under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America or GAAP. Due to certain unique operating characteristics of real estate companies, the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts or NAREIT, an industry trade group, has promulgated a standard known as "Funds from Operations" or "FFO" for short, which it believes more accurately reflects the operating performance of a REIT such as us. As defined by NAREIT, FFO means net income computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation on real property and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures in which the REIT holds an interest. We have adopted the NAREIT definition for computing FFO because management believes that, subject to the following limitations, FFO provides a basis for comparing our performance and operations to those of other REITs. The calculation of FFO may vary from entity to entity since capitalization and expense policies tend to vary from entity to entity. Items which are capitalized do not impact FFO, whereas items that are expensed reduce FFO. Consequently, our presentation of FFO may not be comparable to other similarly-titled measures presented by other REITs. FFO is not intended to be an alternative to "Net Income" as an indicator of our performance nor to "Cash Flows from Operating Activities" as determined by GAAP as a measure of our capacity to pay distributions. We believe that FFO is a better measure of our operating performance because FFO excludes non-cash items from GAAP net income. This allows us to compare our relative property performance to determine our return on capital. Management uses the calculation of FFO for several reasons. We use FFO to compare our performance to that of other REITs in our peer group. Additionally, we use FFO in conjunction with our acquisition policy to determine investment capitalization strategy. FFO is calculated as follows:

	_	months ended ne 30, 2004
Net income Depreciation and amortization related to	\$	2,147,141
investment properties		9,788,099
Funds from operations (1)	\$	11,935,240

(1) FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities calculated in accordance with GAAP and is not necessarily indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. FFO should not be

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considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of our operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity.

The following table lists the approximate physical occupancy levels and gross leasable area for our investment properties as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003. The weighted average gross leasable area occupied at June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 was 92% and 98%, respectively. N/A indicates the property was not owned by us at the end of the period.

	June 30,	2004	De
	GLA		
Properties:	Occupied 	(%) 	0cc
Alison's Corner, San Antonio, TX	55 <b>,</b> 066	100	
Arvada Connection and Marketplace, Arvada, CO	340,859	95	
Best on the Boulevard, Las Vegas, NV	156,756	77	
Bluebonnet Parc, Baton Rouge, LA	120,289	89	
CorWest Plaza, New Britain, CT	114,023	99	
Darien Towne Centre, Darien, IL	210,010	94	
Davis Towne Crossing, North Richland Hills, TX	34,131	83	
Dorman Center - Phase I, Spartanburg, SC	342,494	98	
Eastwood Towne Center, Lansing, MI	324,020	97	
Eckerd Drug Store, Columbia, SC	13,440	100	
Eckerd Drug Store, Crossville, TN	13,824	100	
Eckerd Drug Store, Edmund, OK	13,824		
Eckerd Drug Store, Greer, SC	13,824	100	
Eckerd Drug Store, Kill Devil Hills, NC	13,824	100	
Eckerd Drug Store, Norman, OK	13,824	100	
Fullerton Metrocenter, Fullerton, CA	225,040	93	
Heritage Towne Crossing, Euless, TX	68,811	85	
Hickory Ridge, Hickory, NC	380,487	100	
Huebner Oaks Center, San Antonio, TX	277,461	97	
John's Creek Village, Duluth, GA	140,930	71	
La Plaza Del Norte, San Antonio, TX	304,540	95	
Lakewood Towne Center, Lakewood, WA	544,926	94	
Larkspur Landing, Larkspur, CA	154,067	88	
Low Country Village, Bluffton, SC	70,598	92	
MacArthur Crossing, Los Colinas, TX	104,935	95	
Metro Square Center, Severn, MD	61,817	100	
Newnan Crossing, Newnan, GA	288,055	99	
Northpointe Plaza, Seattle, WA	375,324	99	
North Ranch Pavilions, Thousand Oaks, CA	55,928	89	
North Rivers Town Center, Charleston, SC	141,167	100	
Northgate North, Seattle, WA	282,595	93	
Paradise Valley Marketplace, Phoenix, AZ	80,535	87	
Pavilion at King's Grant, Concord, NC	79,009	100	
Peoria Crossings, Peoria, AZ	209,123	98	
Pine Ridge Plaza, Lawrence, KS	230,493	100	
Plaza Santa Fe II, Santa Fe, NM	217,329	98	
Promenade at Red Cliff, St. George, UT	87,109	92	
Shaw's Supermarket, New Britain, CT	65,658	100	
Shops at Park Place, Plano, TX	116,300	100	
Shoppes of Prominence Point, Canton, GA	74,208	84	
Stony Creek Market Place, Noblesville, IN	153,803	100	
Watauga Pavilion, Watauga, TX	180,941	88	
	6,751,397 =======		==

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As part of the purchase of Darien Towne Centre, CorWest Plaza, La Plaza Del Norte, Dorman Center - Phase I, Peoria Crossings, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Best on the Boulevard and Bluebonnet Parc, we are entitled to receive payments

in accordance with a master lease agreement for space, which was not producing revenue either at the time of or subsequent to the purchase. The master lease agreement covers rental payments due for periods ranging between three months and three years from the purchase date or until the space is leased. The percentage in the table above does not include non-revenue producing space covered by the master lease agreement. The master lease agreements combined with the physical occupancy results in an economic occupancy ranging between 71% and 100% at June 30, 2004.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We paid distributions of \$4,317,876 to our stockholders in July 2004.

We issued 15,834,545 shares of common stock from July 1, 2004 through July 31, 2004, resulting in a total of 100,932,985 shares of common stock outstanding. As of July 31, 2004, subscriptions for a total of 99,943,622 shares were received resulting in total gross offering proceeds of \$999,357,068 and an additional 992,862 shares were issued pursuant to the DRP for \$9,432,194 of additional gross proceeds.

On July 12, 2004, the sponsor repaid a portion of its payable to us in the amount of \$298,262.

We have acquired the following properties during the period July 1 to July 31, 2004. The respective acquisitions are summarized in the table below.

Date Acquired	Property		Approximate Purchase Price (\$)	
07/01/04	Shoppes at Boardwalk	2003/2004	36,642,049	122,413
07/02/04	Shoppes of Dallas	2004	13,052,126	70,610
07/13/04	Wilshire Plaza III	2004	5,750,000	88,248
07/14/04	Cranberry Square	1996-1997	20,219,563	195,566
07/16/04	Dorman Center Phase II	2004	7,081,662	37,200
07/19/04	Tollgate Marketplace	1977/1994	72,300,000	393,395
07/21/04	Gateway Plaza	2000	33,025,276	358,193
07/21/04	Gateway Village	1996	49,513,455	273,904

Date Acquired	Property	Year Built	Approximate Purchase Price (\$)	Gross Leasable Area (Sq. Ft.)
07/21/04	Towson Circle	1988	28,450,000	116,954
07/21/04	Wal-Mart Supercenter	2004	12,935,000	183,211
07/22/04	Wrangler Company Western Headquarters	1993	18,476,792	316,800
07/26/04	Plaza at Marysville	1995	21,266,000	115,656
07/27/04	Forks Town Center	2002	18,198,701	87,560
07/30/04	Academy Sports	2004	5,250,000	60,001

The mortgage debt and financings obtained during the period July 1, 2004 to July 31, 2004, are detailed in the list below.

Date Funded	Mortgage Payable	Annual Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Principa (
07/02/04	John's Creek Village	5.100%	08/01/09	23,3
07/02/04	Shoppes at Boardwalk	4.130%	07/01/09	20,1
07/09/04	Fullerton Metrocenter	5.09%	08/01/09	28,0
07/14/04	Northgate North	4.60%	07/01/08	26,6
07/16/04	Cranberry Square	4.975%	08/01/09	10,9
07/21/04	Gateway Village	LIBOR + 1.13% LIBOR + 2.00%	07/01/09 08/01/05	27 <b>,</b> 2 4 <b>,</b> 2
07/21/04	Tollgate Marketplace	LIBOR + 1.20%	06/01/09	39 <b>,</b> 7
07/21/04	Towson Circle	5.10% LIBOR + 2.00%	07/01/09 08/01/05	15,6 3,5
07/21/04	Eckerds Drug Stores (4)	5.275%	08/01/09	6 <b>,</b> 8
07/26/04	Wrangler Company Western Headquarters	5.090%	08/01/09	11,3
07/27/04	Pine Ridge Plaza	5.085%	08/01/09	14,7
07/30/04	Plaza at Marysville	5.085%	08/01/09	11,8

We are currently considering acquiring 13 properties for an estimated purchase price of \$501,000,000. Our decision to acquire each property will generally depend upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the

property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions, and our receipt

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of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information prior to purchasing the property. For further information on these potential property acquisitions and financings see "Real Property Investments" included elsewhere in this prospectus.

#### INFLATION

For our multi-tenant shopping centers, inflation is likely to increase rental income from leases to new tenants and lease renewals, subject to market conditions. Our rental income and operating expenses for those properties owned, or to be owned and operated under triple-net leases, are not likely to be directly affected by future inflation, since rents are or will be fixed under the leases, and property expenses are the responsibility of the tenants. The capital appreciation of triple-net leased properties is likely to be influenced by interest rate fluctuations. To the extent that inflation determines interest rates, future inflation may have an effect on the capital appreciation of triple-net leased properties. As of June 30, 2004, we owned seven single-user triple-net leased properties.

#### QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We may be exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of long-term debt used to maintain liquidity and fund capital expenditures and expansion of our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our interest rate risk management objectives will be to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower its overall borrowing costs. To achieve our objectives we will borrow primarily at fixed rates or variable rates with the lowest margins available and in some cases, with the ability to convert variable rates to fixed rates.

We may use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to changes in interest rates on loans secured by our properties. To the extent we do, we are exposed to credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the failure of the counterparty to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. When the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, the counterparty owes us, which creates credit risk for us. When the fair value of a derivative contract is negative, we owe the counterparty and, therefore, it does not possess credit risk. It is our policy to enter into these transactions with the same party providing the financing, with the right of offset. In the alternative, we will minimize the credit risk in derivative instruments by entering into transactions with high-quality counterparties. Market risk is the adverse effect on the value of a financial instrument that results from a change in interest rates. The market risk associated with interest-rate contracts is managed by establishing and monitoring parameters that limit the types and degree of market risk that may be undertaken.

During the second quarter 2004, we entered into derivative financial instruments, or treasury contracts, to offset exposures to increases in interest rates with a notional amount of \$95.0 million with yields ranging from 3.85% for 5 year treasury contracts to 4.63% for 10 year treasury contracts and maturities at various dates in 2004. Amounts required to be on deposit at June 30, 2004 for these treasury contracts had a cost basis and liquidation value of \$2,137,000 and \$789,000, respectively. Therefore, we recognized a net loss on these treasury contracts of about \$1,348,000 at June 30, 2004. To offset the net loss recognized on these treasury contracts, we took advantage of the lower treasury yields which caused the loss on the treasury contracts and secured permanent financing in the amount of \$410,000,000 for pending acquisitions.

With regard to variable rate financing, we assess interest rate cash flow risk by continually identifying and monitoring changes in interest rate exposures that may adversely impact expected future cash flows and by evaluating hedging opportunities. We maintain risk management control systems to monitor interest rate cash flow risk attributable to both of our outstanding or forecasted debt obligations as well as our potential offsetting hedge positions. The risk management control systems involve the use

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of analytical techniques, including cash flow sensitivity analysis, to estimate the expected impact of changes in interest rates on our future cash flows.

While this hedging strategy will have the effect of smoothing out interest rate fluctuations, the result may be to reduce the overall returns on your investment.

The fair value of our debt approximates its carrying amount as of June 30, 2004.

Our interest rate risk is monitored using a variety of techniques. The table below presents the principal amounts and weighted average interest rates by year and expected maturity to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes.

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Maturing debt					
Fixed rate debt (mortgage loans)	-	-	_	_	\$ 19,577,0
Variable rate debt (including line of credit)	\$ 110,000,000	7,260,000	_	_	
Average interest rate on debt: Fixed rate debt (mortgage					
loans) Variable rate debt (including	_	_	-	-	4.7
line of credit)	3.01%	3.83%	_	_	

We have \$161,260,000 of variable rate interest averaging 2.96% as of June 30, 2004. An increase in the variable interest rate on this debt constitutes a market risk. If interest rates increase by 1%, based on debt outstanding as of June 30, 2004, interest expense increases by \$1,612,600 on an annual basis.

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#### DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

We were formed under the laws of the State of Maryland. Your rights are governed by Maryland law, our articles of incorporation and our bylaws. The following summary of the terms of our stock is only a summary and you should refer to our articles of incorporation and bylaws for a full description. Copies of our articles of incorporation and bylaws are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. You can obtain copies of our articles of incorporation and bylaws and every other exhibit to our

registration statement. See "Where You Can Find More Information," below.

#### AUTHORIZED STOCK

Our articles of incorporation provide that we may issue up to 600,000,000 shares of common stock and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Upon completion of this offering, if 250,000,000 shares are sold, there will be 500,020,000 shares of common stock outstanding and no preferred stock outstanding.

As permitted by Maryland law, our articles of incorporation contain a provision permitting the board, without any action by the stockholders, to amend our articles of incorporation from time to time, to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of stock and the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue. Our articles of incorporation also contain a provision permitting our board of directors, without any action by stockholders, to classify or reclassify any unissued common stock or preferred stock into one or more classes or series by setting or changing the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or distributions, qualifications or terms or conditions of redemption of any new class or series of shares of stock.

Nevertheless, certain laws to which we are subject require the approval by a majority of our then outstanding shares to amend our articles of incorporation to increase or decrease the number of shares authorized by our articles of incorporation.

We believe that the power of our board to issue additional authorized but unissued shares of common stock or preferred stock and to classify or reclassify shares of stock will provide us with increased flexibility in structuring possible future financings and acquisitions and in meeting other needs which might arise. Following amendment of our articles of incorporation to increase the number of our authorized shares, our board would be able to issue the additional common stock or preferred stock without further action by our stockholders.

#### COMMON STOCK

Upon issuance of our shares for full payment in accordance with the terms of this offering, all of the common stock we are offering will be duly authorized, fully paid and nonassessable. Subject to the preferential rights of any other class or series of stock and to the provisions of our articles of incorporation regarding the restriction on the transfer of shares of our stock, holders of our common stock will be entitled to receive distributions if authorized and declared by our board and to share ratably in our assets available for distribution to the stockholders in the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding-up.

Each outstanding share of our common stock entitles the holder to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, including the election of directors. There is no cumulative voting in the election of directors, which means that the holders of a majority of the outstanding common stock can elect all of the directors then standing for election, and the holders of the remaining common stock will not be able to elect any directors.

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Holders of our common stock have no conversion, sinking fund, redemption, exchange or appraisal rights, and have no preemptive rights to subscribe for any of our securities. Our articles of incorporation provide that holders of our common stock are not entitled to exercise any rights of an objecting stockholder provided for under Maryland law. Shares of our common stock have equal dividend, distribution, liquidation and other rights.

Under Maryland law and our articles of incorporation, we cannot make certain material changes to our business form or operations without the approval of stockholders holding at least a majority of the shares of stock entitled to vote on the matter. The following events, however, do not require stockholder approval:

- share exchanges in which we are the acquiror;
- mergers with or into a 90 percent or more owned subsidiary;
- mergers in which we do not:
  - reclassify or change the terms of any of our stock that is outstanding immediately before the effective time of the merger;
  - amend our articles of incorporation; and
  - issue in the merger more than 20 percent of the number of shares of any class or series of stock outstanding immediately before the merger; and
- transfers of less than substantially all of our assets. Our articles of incorporation provide that the sale of two-thirds or more of our assets or the then current fair market value of our properties and mortgages other than in the ordinary course of our business will be considered the sale of substantially all of our assets.

Our bylaws provide that the presence in person or by proxy by the holders of a majority of our outstanding shares will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of our stockholders. Our articles of incorporation provide that the election of directors requires a majority of all the votes present in person or by proxy at a meeting of our stockholders at which a quorum is present. Our articles of incorporation also provide that the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our outstanding common stock may remove any director with or without cause. Our articles of incorporation provide that with respect to shares of our common stock owned by our advisor, sponsor, directors or any affiliate, neither our advisor, sponsor, directors nor affiliates will be permitted to vote or consent on matters submitted to our stockholders regarding the removal of any director. Additionally, in determining the requisite percentage interest of voting shares of our common stock necessary to approve a matter on which our advisor, sponsor, directors or affiliates may not vote or consent, any shares of our common stock owned by any of them will not be included.

We will act as our own registrar and transfer agent for our common stock or we will hire an outside firm to act as our registrar and transfer agent.

#### PREFERRED STOCK

Shares of our preferred stock may be issued in the future in one or more series as authorized by our board. Prior to the issuance of shares of any series, our board is required by Maryland law and our articles of incorporation to fix the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers,

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restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each series. Because our board has the power to establish the preferences, powers and rights of each series of preferred stock, it may, without any consideration or approval by our

stockholders, provide the holders of any series of preferred stock with preferences, powers and rights, voting or otherwise, senior to the rights of holders of our common stock. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change of control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium price for holders of our common stock. We have no present plans to issue any preferred stock.

#### ISSUANCE OF ADDITIONAL SECURITIES AND DEBT INSTRUMENTS

Our directors are authorized to issue additional stock or other convertible securities for cash, property or other consideration on such terms as they may deem advisable without approval of the holders of our outstanding securities. Our directors are also authorized to classify or reclassify any unissued shares of our capital stock without approval of the holders of our outstanding securities. Subject to some restrictions, including that the aggregate amount of our borrowings in relation to our net assets may not exceed 300% of net assets, our directors may cause us to issue debt obligations, including debt with conversion privileges on more than one class of our capital stock. Our directors may issue debt obligations on such terms and conditions as they may determine, including debt with conversion privileges, where the holders of our debt obligations may acquire our common stock. Subject to some restrictions, our directors may also cause us to issue warrants, options and rights to buy our common stock on such terms as they deem advisable to our stockholders, as part of a financing arrangement, or pursuant to stock option plans. Our directors may cause us to issue warrants, options and rights to buy our common stock and debt with conversion privileges even though their exercise or conversion could result in dilution in the value of our outstanding common stock.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES

Our articles of incorporation provide that we will not issue:

- common stock which is redeemable at the option of the holder;
- debt securities unless the historical debt service coverage in the most recently completed fiscal year is sufficient to properly service the higher level of debt;
- options or warrants to purchase stock to our advisor, sponsor, director(s) or any affiliates of our advisor, sponsor or directors except on the same terms as sold to the general public and in an amount not to exceed 10% of our outstanding common or preferred stock on the date of grant of any options or warrants; or
- stock on a deferred payment basis or similar arrangement.

Our articles of incorporation also provide that we will not issue nonvoting or assessable common stock or warrants, options or similar evidences of rights to buy stock unless they are issued to the holders of stock ratably on a proportional basis, as part of a financing arrangement or as part of a stock option plan to our directors, officers or employees.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON OWNERSHIP AND TRANSFER

In order for us to continue to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code, shares of our stock must be beneficially owned by 100 or more persons during at least 335 days of a taxable year of

twelve months (other than the first year for which an election to be a REIT has been made) or during a proportionate part of a shorter taxable year. Also not more than 50% of the value of our outstanding shares of stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code to include some entities such as qualified person plans) during the last half of a taxable year (other than the first year for which an election to be a REIT has been made).

Our articles of incorporation, subject to some exceptions, contain restrictions on the number of shares of our stock that a person may own. Our articles of incorporation prohibit any person from acquiring or holding, directly or indirectly, shares of stock in excess of 9.8% in value of the aggregate of our outstanding shares of stock. In addition, our articles of incorporation prohibit any person from acquiring or holding, directly or indirectly, shares of common stock in excess of 9.8% of the aggregate number of our outstanding shares of common stock. The 9.8% common stock ownership limit must be measured in terms of the more restrictive of value or number of shares.

Our board of directors, in its sole discretion, may exempt a person from the 9.8% limit and the common stock ownership limit. However, the board may not grant such an exception to any person whose ownership, direct or indirect, of in excess of 9.8% of the value of our outstanding shares of stock would result in us being "closely held" within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Internal Revenue Code or otherwise would result in us failing to qualify as a REIT. In order to be considered as an excepted holder, a person also must not own, directly or indirectly, an interest in any of our tenants (or in a tenant of any entity owned or controlled by us) that would cause us to own, directly or indirectly, more than a 9.9% interest in such a tenant. The person seeking an exemption must represent to our board's satisfaction that it will not violate these two restrictions. The person also must agree that any violation or attempted violation of any of these restrictions will result in the automatic transfer of the shares of stock causing the violation to a trust as explained below. Our board may require a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service or an opinion of counsel, in either case in form and substance satisfactory to our board of directors in its sole discretion, in order to determine or ensure our status as a REIT.

In addition, our articles of incorporation prohibit any person from beneficially or constructively owning shares of our common or preferred stock that would result in us being "closely held" within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. Our articles of incorporation further provide that any transfer of our common stock or preferred stock that would result in our common stock and preferred stock being beneficially owned by fewer than 100 persons will be void. Any person who acquires or attempts or intends to acquire beneficial or constructive ownership of our common or preferred stock that will or may violate any of the foregoing restrictions on transferability and ownership, or any person who would have owned shares of our common or preferred stock that resulted in a transfer of shares to the trust, is required to give us notice immediately and to provide us with such other information as we may request in order to determine the effect of such transfer on our status as a REIT. The foregoing restrictions on transferability and ownership will not apply if our board determines that it is no longer in our best interests to attempt to qualify, or to continue to qualify, as a REIT.

If any transfer of shares of our stock occurs which, if effective, would result in any person beneficially or constructively owning shares of our stock in excess or in violation of the above transfer or ownership limitations, then the number of shares of our stock the beneficial or constructive ownership of which would cause the person to violate the limitations will be automatically transferred under the provisions of our articles of incorporation to a trust for the exclusive benefit of one or more charitable beneficiaries within the meaning of 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The proposed transferee that exceeds

the ownership limitations will not acquire any rights in these shares. The automatic transfer is deemed effective as of the close of business on the business day, as defined in our articles of incorporation, prior to the date of the violative transfer. Shares of stock held in the trust will continue as issued and outstanding common stock or preferred stock. The proposed transferee will not benefit

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economically from ownership or any shares of stock held in the trust, will have no rights to dividends and will not possess any rights to vote or other rights attributable to the shares of stock held in the trust. The trustee of the trust will have all voting rights and rights to dividends or other distributions with respect to shares of stock held in the trust. The voting rights and rights to dividends will be exercised for the exclusive benefit of the charitable beneficiary. Any dividend or other distribution paid prior to our discovery that shares of stock have been transferred to the trustee will be paid by the recipient of the dividend or distribution to the trustee upon demand, and any dividend or other distributions authorized but unpaid will be paid when due to the trustee. Any dividend or distribution paid to the trustee will be held in trust for the charitable beneficiary. The proposed transferee will have no voting rights with respect to shares of stock held in the trust. Subject to Maryland law, effective as of the date that such shares of stock have been transferred to the trust, the trustee will have the authority at his sole discretion (i) to rescind as void any vote cast by the proposed transferee prior to our discovery that such shares have been transferred to the trust and (ii) to recast such vote in accordance with the desires of the trustee acting for the benefit of the charitable beneficiary. However, if we have already taken irreversible corporate action, then the trustee will not have the authority to rescind and recast the vote.

Within twenty days of receiving notice from us that shares have been transferred to the trust, the trustee shall sell the shares to a person, designated by the trustee, whose ownership of the shares will not violate the ownership limitations set forth in the articles of incorporation. Upon the sale, the interest of the charitable beneficiary in the shares sold will terminate and the trustee will distribute the net proceeds of the sale to the proposed transferee and to the charitable beneficiary as follows. The proposed transferee will receive the lesser of (i) the price paid by him for the shares or, if the proposed transferee did not give value for the shares in connection with the event causing the shares to be held in the trust (e.g. a gift, devise or other such transaction), the market price, as defined in our articles of incorporation, of the shares on the day of the event causing the shares to beheld in the trust and (ii) the price per share received by the trustee from the sale or other disposition of the shares held in the trust. Any net sale proceeds in excess of the amount payable to the proposed transferee will be paid immediately to the charitable beneficiary. If, prior to our discovery that shares of stock have been transferred to the trust, such shares are sold by the proposed transferee, then (i) shares will be deemed to have been sold on behalf of the trust and (ii) to the extent that the proposed transferee received an amount for such shares that exceeds the amount that the proposed transferee was entitled to receive, the excess will be paid to the trustee upon demand.

In addition, shares of our stock held in the trust will be deemed to have been offered for sale to us or our designees, at a price per share equal to the lesser of (i) the price per share in the transaction that resulted in the transfer to the trust, or, in the case of a devise or gift, the market price at the time of the devise or gift, and (ii) the market price on the date we, or our designate, accept such offer. We can accept this offer until the trustee has sold the shares held in the trust. Upon a sale to us, the interest of the charitable beneficiary in the shares sold will terminate and the trustee will

distribute the net proceeds of the sale to the proposed transferee.

Our articles of incorporation require all persons who own more than 5%, or any lower percentages as required pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code or the regulations under the Internal Revenue Code, of our outstanding common and preferred stock, within 30 days after the end of each taxable year, to provide to us written notice stating their name and address, the number of shares of common and preferred stock they beneficially own directly or indirectly, and a description of how the shares are held. In addition, each beneficial owner must provide to us any addition information as we may request in order to determine the effect, if any, of their beneficial ownership on our status as a REIT and to ensure compliance with the 9.8% ownership limit. In addition, each stockholder will, upon demand, be required to provide us any information as we may request, in good faith, in order to determine

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our status as a REIT and to comply with the requirements of any taxing authority or governmental authority or to determine such compliance.

All certificates and book entries representing any shares of our common or preferred stock will be noted with a legend referring to the restrictions described above. We will issue the common stock in book entry form only. This means that we will not issue actual share certificates to each holder of our common stock. The use of book entry only registration permits ownership of fractional shares, protects you against loss, theft or destruction of stock certificates and reduces offering costs. Once we accept your subscription to purchase common stock, we will create an account in our book entry registration system for you and credit the principal amount of your subscription to your account. We will send you a book entry receipt indicating acceptance of your subscription. All issuances of common stock through our distribution reinvestment program also will be made in book entry form only.

ANTI-TAKEOVER PROVISIONS OF MARYLAND LAW AND OUR ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS

The following paragraphs summarize some anti-takeover provisions of Maryland law and the material terms of our articles of incorporation and bylaws regarding business combinations and control share acquisitions. The following summary does not purport to be complete and is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to Maryland law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws, copies of which are exhibits to the registration statement of which the prospectus is a part. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS. Under the Maryland Business Combination Act, an anti-takeover statute, completion of a business combination (including a merger, consolidation, share exchange or an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities) between a Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder is prohibited for five years following the most recent date on which the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. Maryland law defines an interested stockholder as any person who beneficially owns ten percent or more of the voting power of the corporation's shares or an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of ten percent or more of the voting power of the then-outstanding voting stock of the corporation or an affiliate of such interested stockholder. A person is not an interested stockholder if, prior to the most recent time at which the person would otherwise have become an interested stockholder, the board of directors of the Maryland corporation approved the transaction which otherwise would have resulted in the person becoming an interested stockholder. The board of directors may provide that its approval is subject to compliance with any terms

and conditions determined by the board. Following the five-year prohibition period, any such business combination with that interested stockholder must be recommended by the board of directors of such corporation and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

- 80% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation; and
- two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation other than shares held by the interested stockholder with whom (or with whose affiliate) the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested stockholder, unless, among other conditions, the corporation's common stockholders receive a minimum price (as defined in the Maryland business combination statute) equal to the highest price paid by the interested stockholder for its shares and the consideration is received in cash or in the same form as previously paid by the interested stockholder for its shares.

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These provisions of Maryland law do not apply, however, to business combinations that are approved or exempted by our board of directors prior to the time that the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. As permitted under Maryland law, our articles of incorporation exempt any business combinations involving us and The Inland Group or any of its affiliates. As a result, the five-year prohibition and the super-majority vote requirement will not apply to any business combinations between The Inland Group or any affiliate of The Inland Group and us. Therefore, The Inland Group or any affiliate of The Inland Group may be able to enter into business combinations with us, which may or may not be in the best interests of the stockholders. Nevertheless, the provisions of the Maryland Business Combination Act, as summarized in this section, will apply to any business combinations and interested stockholders involving persons other than The Inland Group and its affiliates.

CONTROL SHARE ACQUISITION. Maryland's Control Share Acquisition Act, an anti-takeover statute, prohibits interested stockholders from engaging in self-dealing business combinations with a Maryland corporation, except to the extent approved by the corporation's disinterested stockholders. Maryland law provides that control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition have no voting rights except to the extent approved by the corporation's disinterested stockholders by a vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding shares owned by the corporation's disinterested stockholders, whom the Act defines as (1) the acquiring person, (2) the corporation's officers and (3) employees of the corporation who are also directors. Control shares mean voting shares which, if aggregated with all other voting shares owned by an acquiring person or which the acquiring person can exercise or direct the exercise of voting power, would entitle the acquiring person to exercise or direct the exercise of voting power of shares of the corporation in electing directors within one of the following ranges of voting power:

- one-tenth or more but less than one-third;
- one-third or more but less than a majority; or
- a majority or more of all voting power.

Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained stockholder approval. A control share acquisition occurs when, subject to some exceptions, a person

directly or indirectly acquires ownership or the power to direct the exercise of voting power of issued and outstanding control shares. A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition, upon satisfaction of some specific conditions, including an undertaking to pay expenses, may compel our board to call a special meeting of stockholders to be held within 50 days after that person's demand upon the corporation to consider the voting rights to be accorded to the control shares. If no request for a meeting is made, we may present the question at any stockholders' meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver an acquiring person statement as required by the statute, then, subject to some statutory conditions and limitations, the corporation may redeem any or all of the control shares (except those for which voting rights have previously been approved) for fair value determined, without regard to the absence of voting rights for the control shares, as of the date of the last control share acquisition by the acquiror or of any meeting of stockholders at which the voting rights of such shares are considered and not approved. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a stockholders meeting and the acquiror becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other stockholders may exercise appraisal rights and be entitled to receive in cash the fair value for their shares of our stock. The fair value of the shares as determined for purposes of such appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquiror in the control share acquisition.

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The control share acquisition statute does not apply to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is party to the transaction or to acquisitions approved or exempted by the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation.

Our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the control share acquisition statute any and all acquisitions by The Inland Group or any affiliate of The Inland Group of our shares of stock. Nevertheless, the provisions of the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act, as summarized in this section, will apply to any control share acquisition involving persons other than The Inland Group and its affiliates.

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#### SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

SHARES TO BE OUTSTANDING OR ISSUABLE UPON EXERCISE OR CONVERSION OF OTHER OUTSTANDING SECURITIES

Upon the completion of this offering, out initial offering and the consummation of the formation transactions, we expect to have outstanding 540,020,000 shares of common stock. This includes:

- the 20,000 shares purchased by our advisor;

and assumes that:

- we sell all 250,000,000 shares of common stock offered on a best efforts basis in this public offering;
- we well all 20,000,000 shares to be issued under our distribution reinvestment program described in this offering;

- we sell all 250,000,000 shares of common stock offered on a best efforts basis in our initial public offering;
- we sell all 20,000,000 shares to be issued under our distribution reinvestment program described in our initial public offering; and
- that there is no exercise of options which are expected to be outstanding and exercisable.

In addition, we have reserved:

 75,000 shares for issuance upon exercise of options which may be granted under our independent director stock option plan.

Subject to the provisions of our articles of incorporation, we could issue an undetermined number of shares of our common or preferred stock in the discretion of our board and without the approval by our stockholders:

- directly for equity interests in real properties; or
- upon exchange of any interests in entities that own our properties or in other companies we control, which might be issued for equity interests in real properties.

All of the common stock we are offering by this prospectus will be freely tradable in the public market, should a public market develop, which we cannot guarantee, without restriction or limitation under the Securities Act of 1933 by persons other than our affiliates and soliciting dealers considered underwriters. However, all common stock issuable by us in this offering and otherwise will be subject to the restrictions explained under "Description Of Securities - Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer."

### SECURITIES ACT RESTRICTIONS

The common stock owned by our affiliates will be subject to Rule 144 adopted under the Securities Act and may not be sold in the absence of registration under the Securities Act unless an exemption from registration is available, including exemptions contained in Rule 144.

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In general, under Rule 144, a person, or persons whose common stock is aggregated with them in accordance with Rule 144, who has beneficially owned securities acquired from an issuer or an affiliate of the issuer for at least one year, would be entitled, within any three-month period, to sell a number of shares of common stock that does not exceed the greater of (1) 1% of the then-outstanding number of shares or (2) the average weekly reported trading volume of the common stock on a national securities exchange or market during the four calendar weeks preceding each sale. Sales under Rule 144 must be transacted in the manner specified by Rule 144 and must meet requirements for public notice as well as public information about us. Any person who (1) is not deemed to have been our affiliate at any time during the three months preceding a sale, and (2) has beneficially owned our common stock for at least two years, would be entitled to sell the common stock under Rule 144(k) without regard to the volume limitations, manner of sale provisions, notice requirements or public information requirements of Rule 144. An affiliate, for purposes of the Securities Act, is a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or under common control with, us.

INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR STOCK OPTION PLAN

We have established an independent director stock option plan for the purpose of attracting and retaining independent directors. See "Management--Independent Director Stock Option Plan." We have issued in the aggregate options to purchase 11,500 shares of our common stock to our independent directors, at the exercise price of \$8.95 per share. One-third of the shares will be exercisable upon their grant. An additional 63,500 shares will be available for future option grants under the independent director stock option plan. See "Management--Independent Director Stock Option Plan" for additional information regarding the independent director stock option plan. Rule 701 under the Securities Act provides that common stock acquired on the exercise of outstanding options by affiliates may be resold by them subject to all provisions of Rule 144 except its one-year minimum holding period. We intend to register the common stock to be issued under the independent director stock option plan in a registration statement or statements on SEC Form S-8 or other appropriate form.

### EFFECT OF AVAILABILITY OF SHARES ON MARKET PRICE OF SHARES

Prior to the date of this prospectus, there has been no public market for our common stock. No assurance can be given that a public market for our common stock will develop. We cannot predict the effects that future sales of common stock, including sales under Rule 144, or the availability of common stock for future sale will have on the market price, if any, prevailing from time to time. Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, including shares issued upon the exercise of options or the perception that these sales could occur, could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock and impair our ability to obtain additional capital through the sale of equity securities. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to the Offering." For a description of restrictions on transfers of common stock, see "Description of Securities—Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer." Also, see the following section regarding registration rights.

### REGISTRATION RIGHTS

In the future we may grant "demand" and/or "piggyback" registration rights to:

- stockholders receiving our common stock directly in exchange for their equity interests in assets of theirs we would acquire; and
- persons receiving interests in any real property partnership for their interests in real properties we would acquire.

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"Piggyback" registration rights allow the holder to have his, her or its shares registered along with our shares only at such time(s) in the future when we would choose to register some of our shares for financing purposes — that is, to join with us in the registration of our shares. "Demand" registration rights permit the holder of demand rights to require us to register with the SEC his, her or its shares at such time(s) as the holder requests, regardless of any desire by us to register our own shares for financing purposes, even if we do not have sufficient capital resources to effect a registration of shares.

These rights will be for registration under the Securities Act of any of our common stock acquired by them directly. The terms and conditions of any agreements for registration rights will be negotiated and determined at such future time as we determine advisable in connection with the acquisition of one or more properties or assets. Our future granting of registration rights could include registration of the subject shares at our expense. If that were the

case, our obligation could result in a substantial expense to us at a time when we might not be able to afford such an expense or when registration would not be beneficial to our interests and could also hinder our future attempts to obtain financing.

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#### SUMMARY OF OUR ORGANIZATIONAL DOCUMENTS

Each stockholder is bound by and is deemed to have agreed to the terms of our organizational documents by his, her or its election to become a stockholder of our company. Our organizational documents consist of our articles of incorporation and bylaws. Our directors, including all the independent directors, reviewed and unanimously ratified our articles of incorporation and bylaws at our first board meeting, which was required. The following is a summary of material provisions of our organizational documents and does not purport to be complete. This summary is qualified in its entirety by specific reference to the organizational documents filed as exhibits to our registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. See "Where You Can Find More Information."

Our articles of incorporation were filed with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland and became operative on March 5, 2003. Our articles of incorporation provide that we have perpetual existence. The bylaws in their present form became operative when our board approved them on March 5, 2003. Neither our articles of incorporation nor bylaws have an expiration date. As a result, they will remain operative in their current form throughout our existence, unless they are amended or we are dissolved.

#### ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAW PROVISIONS

The stockholders' rights and related matters are governed by our articles of incorporation and bylaws and Maryland law. Some provisions of the articles of incorporation and bylaws, summarized below, may make it more difficult to change the composition of our board and could have the effect of delaying, deferring, preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium price for holders of our common stock.

### STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS

Our bylaws provide that an annual meeting of the stockholders will be held on the date and at such time as our board may designate. However, the meeting will not be held less than 30 days after the delivery of our annual report to stockholders. The purpose of each annual meeting of the stockholders is to elect directors and to transact any other proper business. The chairman, the president, a majority of the directors or a majority of the independent directors may call a special meeting of the stockholders. The secretary or some other officer must call a special meeting when stockholders holding 10% or more of the outstanding shares entitled to vote make a written request for a meeting. The written request may be in person or by mail and must state the purpose(s) of the meeting and the matters to be acted upon. We have entered into an agreement with Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation, our sponsor, which provides that it will pay for the reasonably estimated cost to prepare and mail a notice of any special meeting of stockholders requested by the stockholders. The meeting will be held on a date not less than 15 nor more than 60 days after the distribution of the notice, at the time and place specified in the notice. Except as provided in the preceding sentence, we will give notice of any annual or special meeting of stockholders not less than 10 nor more than 90 days before

the meeting. The notice will state the purpose of the meeting. At any meeting of the stockholders, each stockholder is entitled to one vote for each share owned of record on the applicable record date. In general, the presence in person or by proxy of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote at a meeting will constitute a quorum. The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of our stock, present in person or by proxy at a meeting of stockholders duly called and at which a quorum is present, will be sufficient, without the necessity for concurrence by the directors, to elect the directors. A majority of the votes cast at a meeting of stockholders duly called and at which a quorum is present will be sufficient to approve any other matter which may properly come

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before the meeting, unless more than a majority of the votes cast is required by statute or our articles of incorporation.

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Our articles of incorporation and bylaws provide that we may not have fewer than three nor more than eleven directors. Our bylaws currently provide that the number of directors shall be seven. Our articles of incorporation require that a majority of our directors must be independent directors. Independent directors are directors who are not and have not been affiliated with us, our sponsor, or our advisor, within the two years prior to their becoming our independent director and who perform no services on our behalf other than as a director. A vacancy on the board caused by the death, resignation or incapacity of a director or by an increase in the number of directors, within the limits described above, may be filled by the vote of a majority of the remaining directors whether or not the voting directors constitute a quorum. Our articles of incorporation require that our independent directors must nominate replacements to vacancies in independent director positions irrespective of how the vacancy arises. Our bylaws provide that a vacancy on our board caused by an increase in the number of directors may be filled by a majority of the entire board; that when a vacancy occurs as a result of the removal of a director by our stockholders, the vacancy must be filled by a majority vote of our stockholders; and that any director may resign at any time and may be removed with or without cause by the affirmative vote of the holders of not less than a majority of the outstanding shares. Our bylaws provide that the majority of members of each committee of our board of directors be comprised of independent directors and that all the members of our audit committee be independent

Our articles of incorporation provide that a director must have at least three years of relevant experience and demonstrate the knowledge required to successfully acquire and manage the type of assets that we intend to acquire. At least one of our independent directors must have three years of relevant real estate experience.

### STOCKHOLDER VOTING RIGHTS

Each share of our common stock has one vote on each matter submitted to a vote of stockholders. Shares of common stock do not have cumulative voting rights or preemptive rights. Stockholders may vote in person or by proxy.

Directors are elected when they receive the majority of votes of holders of shares present in person or by proxy at a stockholders' meeting, provided there was a quorum when the meeting commenced. A quorum is reached when the stockholders holding a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote are present either in person or represented by proxy. All questions other than election of directors, removal of a director or directors and except as set

forth below must be decided by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting at which a quorum is present. Maryland law provides that any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of stockholders may be taken without a meeting by the unanimous written consent of all stockholders (which may be impracticable for a publicly held corporation).

The approval by our board and by holders of at least a majority of our outstanding voting shares of stock is necessary for us to do any of the following:

- amend our articles of incorporation, except to increase or decrease authorized stock as permitted by Maryland law;
- transfer all or substantially all of our assets other than in the ordinary course of business;
- engage in mergers, consolidations or share exchanges, except in certain circumstances; or

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dissolve or liquidate.

Our articles of incorporation provide that a sale of two-thirds or more of our assets, based on the total number or the current fair market value of properties and mortgages we own, is a sale of substantially all of our assets. See "Description of Securities -- Common Stock" for an explanation of instances where stockholder approval is not required.

Our articles of incorporation provide that neither the advisor, the sponsor, the directors, nor any affiliate may vote their shares of stock or consent on matters submitted to the stockholders regarding the removal of the advisor, the sponsor, the directors or any affiliate or any transaction between us and any of them. For purposes of determining the necessary percentage and interest of shares needed to approve a matter on which the advisor, the sponsor, the directors and any affiliate may not vote or consent, the shares of our common stock owned by them will not be included.

### RIGHTS OF OBJECTING STOCKHOLDERS

As permitted by Maryland law, our articles of incorporation provide that our stockholders are not entitled to exercise any rights of an objecting stockholder provided for under Maryland law. As a result of this provision, our stockholders will not have any right to dissent under Maryland law to an extraordinary transaction, such as the merger of our company into another company, the consolidation of our company with another company or the sale of all or substantially all of our assets. Because our stockholders will not be permitted to object and dissent to an extraordinary transaction, our stockholders will receive upon completion of the extraordinary transaction the consideration negotiated by our board of directors with the other party to the transaction and will not in the proceedings to receive a cash payment representing the fair value of their shares of our common stock.

### STOCKHOLDER LISTS; INSPECTION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS

Any stockholder or his designated representative will be permitted access to all of our records at all reasonable times and may inspect and copy any of them for the purposes specified below. We maintain an alphabetical list of names, record addresses and business telephone numbers, if any, of all stockholders with the number of shares held by each at our principal office. The stockholder list is updated at least quarterly and is open for inspection by a

stockholder or his designated agent at the stockholder's request. A stockholder may request a copy of the stockholder list to find out about matters relating to the stockholder's voting rights and their exercise under federal proxy laws. We will mail the stockholder list to any stockholder requesting it within 10 days of receiving the request. We may impose a reasonable charge for expenses incurred in reproducing the list.

If our advisor or directors neglect or refuse to produce or mail a copy of the stockholder list as requested, then in accordance with applicable law and our articles of incorporation, the advisor and the directors will be liable to the stockholder who requested the list. Their liability will include the costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by the stockholder in compelling the production of the list and actual damages suffered by the stockholder because of the refusal or neglect. However, the fact that the actual purpose of the request is to secure the list for the purpose of selling it, or using it for a commercial or other purpose is a defense against liability for refusal to supply the list. We may require the stockholder requesting the list to represent that the stockholder list is not requested for a commercial purpose unrelated to the stockholder's interest in us.

In addition, our books and records are open for inspection by state securities administrators upon reasonable notice and during normal business hours at our principal place of business.

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#### AMENDMENT OF THE ORGANIZATIONAL DOCUMENTS

Our articles of incorporation may be amended, after approval by our board, by the affirmative vote of a majority of our then-outstanding voting shares of stock. Our bylaws may be amended in a manner not inconsistent with the articles of incorporation and bylaws by a majority vote of our directors present at the board meeting. Additionally, our stockholders may amend our bylaws by the affirmative vote of a majority of all votes cast at a meeting at which a quorum is present.

## DISSOLUTION OR TERMINATION OF THE COMPANY

As a Maryland corporation, we may be dissolved under Maryland law at any time with the approval of a majority of our outstanding shares of stock. However, we anticipate that by September 15, 2008, our board will determine whether to:

- apply to have our shares of common stock listed for trading on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system, provided we meet the then applicable listing requirements; and/or
- commence subsequent offerings after completion of the offering.

If listing our shares of common stock is not feasible by that time, our board may decide to:

- sell our assets individually, provided, however, that if this action would constitute the sale of all or substantially all of our assets, such an action is approved by the holders of at least a majority of the then-outstanding voting shares of stock;
- list our shares of common stock at a future date; or
- liquidate us within 10 years of such date, provided however, that such

an action is approved by the holders of at least a majority of our then-outstanding voting shares of stock.

ADVANCE NOTICE OF DIRECTOR NOMINATIONS AND NEW BUSINESS

Our bylaws provide that, with respect to our annual meeting of stockholders, nominations for election to our board and the proposal of business to be considered by stockholders may be made only:

- in accordance with our notice of the meeting;
- by or at the direction of our board; or
- by a stockholder who was a stockholder of record both at the time of the giving of notice and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice procedures set forth in the bylaws.

Our bylaws also provide that, with respect to special meetings of stockholders, only the business specified in our notice of meeting may be brought before a meeting of stockholders and nominations for election to the board may be made only:

- in accordance with our notice of the meeting;

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- by or at the direction of our board; or
- provided that our board has determined that directors will be elected at the meeting, by a stockholder who was a stockholder of record both at the time of the giving of notice and at the time of the annual meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting and has complied with the advance notice procedures set forth in our bylaws.

A stockholder's notice for an annual meeting must be delivered to our secretary at our principal executive offices:

- not less than 45 days prior to the first anniversary of the date of mailing of the notice of the previous year's annual meeting; or
- if the number of directors to be elected is increased and there is no announcement of that fact, at least 70 days before the first anniversary of the date of mailing of the notice of the previous year's annual meeting, or not later than the close of business on the tenth day of our first public announcement.

A stockholder's notice for a special meeting must be delivered to our secretary at our principal executive offices:

- not earlier than the ninetieth day prior to the special meeting, and
- not later than the close of business on the later of either:
- the sixtieth day prior to the special meeting; or
- the tenth day following the day of our first public announcement of the date of the special meeting and the nominees proposed by our board to be elected at the meeting.

RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN CONVERSION TRANSACTIONS AND ROLL-UPS

Our articles of incorporation require that some transactions involving an acquisition, merger, conversion or consolidation in which our stockholders receive securities in a surviving entity, a roll-up entity, must be approved by the holders of a majority of our then-outstanding shares. Approval by a majority of our then-outstanding shares for a transaction resulting in a roll-up entity is only required, however, until our board determines that it is no longer in our best interest to attempt or continue to qualify as a REIT. The holders of a majority of the shares do not need to approve any such transaction effected because of changes in applicable law, or to preserve tax advantages for a majority in interest of our stockholders.

A roll-up entity is a partnership, REIT, corporation, trust or other entity that would be created or would survive after the successful completion of a proposed roll-up transaction. A roll-up does not include (1) a transaction involving securities that have been listed on a national securities exchange or traded through The Nasdaq Stock Market -- Nasdaq National Market for at least 12 months, or (2) a transaction involving our conversion to a trust or association form if, as a consequence of the transaction, there will be no significant adverse change in any of the following:

- stockholders' voting rights;
- our term of existence;

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- sponsor or advisor compensation; or
- our investment objectives.

In the event of a proposed roll-up, an appraisal of all our assets must be obtained from a person with no current or prior business or personal relationship with our advisor or directors. Further, that person must be substantially engaged in the business of rendering valuation opinions of assets of the kind we hold. The appraisal must be included in a prospectus used to offer the securities of a roll-up entity. It must also be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the state regulatory commissions as an exhibit to the registration statement for the offering of the roll-up entity's shares. As a result, an issuer using the appraisal will be subject to liability for violation of Section 11 of the Securities Act and comparable provisions under state laws for any material misrepresentations or material omissions in the appraisal. Our assets will be appraised in a consistent manner and the appraisal will:

- be based on an evaluation of all relevant information;
- indicate the value of our assets as of a date immediately prior to the announcement of the proposed roll-up transaction; and
- assume an orderly liquidation of our assets over a 12-month period.

The terms of the engagement of the appraiser will clearly state that the engagement is for the benefit of us and our stockholders. A summary of the independent appraisal, indicating all material assumptions underlying it, will be included in a report to the stockholders in the event of a proposed roll-up.

We may not participate in any proposed roll-up which would:

result in the stockholders of the roll-up entity having rights which are more restrictive to stockholders than those provided in our

articles of incorporation, including any restriction on the frequency of meetings;

- result in the stockholders having less comprehensive voting rights than are provided in our articles of incorporation;
- result in the stockholders having greater liability than provided in our articles of incorporation;
- result in the stockholders having fewer rights to receive reports than those provided in our articles of incorporation;
- result in the stockholders having access to records that are more limited than those provided for in our articles of incorporation;
- include provisions which would operate to materially impede or frustrate the accumulation of shares by any purchaser of the securities of the roll-up entity, except to the minimum extent necessary to preserve the tax status of the roll-up entity;
- limit the ability of an investor to exercise its voting rights in the roll-up entity on the basis of the number of the shares held by that investor;

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- result in investors in the roll-up having less comprehensive rights of access to the records of the roll-up than those provided in our articles of incorporation; or
- place any of the costs of the transaction on us if the roll-up is not approved by our stockholders.

However, with the prior approval of a majority of our then-outstanding shares of our stock, we may participate in a proposed roll-up if the stockholders would have rights and be subject to restrictions comparable to those contained in our articles of incorporation.

Stockholders who vote "no" on the proposed roll-up will have the choice of:

- accepting the securities of the roll-up entity offered; or
- one of either:
- remaining as our stockholders and preserving their interests on the same terms and conditions as previously existed; or
- receiving cash in an amount equal to their pro rata share of the appraised value of our net assets.

These provisions in our articles of incorporation, bylaws and Maryland law could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium price for holders of our common stock.

The limitations and restrictions set forth below under " -- Limitation on Total Operating Expenses," " -- Transactions with Affiliates," and " -- Restrictions on Borrowing" in this section will be effective until our board determines that it is no longer in our or our stockholders' best interests that we continue to operate as a REIT, or until such time as we fail to qualify as a

REIT.

#### LIMITATION ON TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES

Our articles of incorporation provide that, subject to the conditions described in the following paragraph, our annual total operating expenses in any fiscal year shall not exceed the greater of 2% of our average assets or 25% of our net income, before any additions to or allowances for reserves for depreciation, amortization or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserve and before any gain from the sale of an our assets. Our independent directors have a fiduciary responsibility to limit our annual total operating expenses to amounts that do not exceed these limits. Our independent directors may, however, determine that a higher level of total operating expenses is justified for such period because of unusual and non-recurring expenses. Such a finding by our independent directors and the reasons supporting it shall be recorded in our minutes of meetings of our directors. If at the end of any fiscal quarter our total operating expenses for the 12 months then ended are more than 2% of average assets or more than 25% of net income, before any additions to or allowances for reserves for depreciation, amortization or bad debts or other similar non-cash revenues and before any gain from the sale of our assets, whichever is greater, as described above, we will disclose this in writing to the stockholders within 60 days of the end of the fiscal quarter. If our independent directors conclude that higher total operating expenses are justified, the disclosure will also contain an explanation of the conclusion. If total operating expenses exceed the limitations described above and if our directors are unable to conclude that the excess was justified, then the advisor will reimburse us the amount by which the aggregate annual total operating expenses we paid

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or incurred exceed the limitation. We must make the reimbursement within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

### TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

Our articles of incorporation impose restrictions on transactions between us and our advisor, sponsor and any director or their affiliates as follows:

- SALES AND LEASES TO US. We will not purchase property from our sponsor, advisor, directors or any of their affiliates, unless a majority or our disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, approves it as fair and reasonable for us. The price to us can be no greater than the cost of the asset to our sponsor, adviser, director or their affiliate. If our price to us is greater than such cost, there must be substantial, reasonable justification for the excess cost. In no event will our cost for the property exceed its appraised value at the time we acquired it.
- SALES AND LEASES TO SPONSOR, ADVISOR, DIRECTOR OR ANY AFFILIATE. Our sponsor, advisor, directors or any of their affiliates will not acquire assets from us unless a majority of disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, approves the transaction as being fair and reasonable to us. We may lease assets to our sponsor, advisor, director or any of their affiliates, but still only if a majority of our disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, approves it as fair and reasonable to us.
- LOANS. We will not make loans to our sponsor, advisor, directors or

any of their affiliates except as provided in clauses (4) and (6) under " -- Restrictions on Investments" below in this section, or to our wholly owned subsidiaries. Also, we may not borrow money from our sponsor, advisor, director or any of their affiliates, unless a majority of our disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, approves the transaction as fair, competitive and commercially reasonable and no less favorable to us than loans between unaffiliated parties under the same circumstances.

- INVESTMENTS. We will not invest in joint ventures with our sponsor, advisor, directors or any of their affiliates, unless a majority of our disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, approves the transaction as fair and reasonable to us and on substantially the same terms and conditions as those received by the other joint ventures. Neither can we invest in equity securities unless a majority of our disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, approves the transaction as being fair, competitive and commercially reasonable.
- OTHER TRANSACTIONS. All other transactions between us and our sponsor, advisor, directors or any of their affiliates, require approval by a majority of our disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, as being fair and reasonable and on terms and conditions not less favorable to us than those available from unaffiliated third parties.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON BORROWING

We may not incur indebtedness to enable us to make distributions except as necessary to satisfy the requirement to distribute at least the percentage of our REIT taxable income required for annual distribution of dividends by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or otherwise as necessary or advisable to

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ensure that we maintain our qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. Our aggregate borrowings, secured and unsecured, will be reasonable in relation to our net assets and will be reviewed by our board at least quarterly. We anticipate that, in general, aggregate borrowings secured by all our properties will not exceed 55% of their combined fair market value. This anticipated amount of leverage will be achieved over time. Our articles of incorporation provide that the aggregate amount of borrowing in relation to our net assets will, in the absence of a satisfactory showing that a higher level of borrowing is appropriate, not exceed 300% of net assets. Any excess in borrowing over such 300% of net assets level will be:

approved by a majority of our independent directors;

- disclosed to our stockholders in our next quarterly report to them, along with justification for such excess; and
- subject to approval of our stockholders.

See "Investment Objectives and Policies -- Borrowing."

#### RESTRICTIONS ON INVESTMENTS

The investment policies set forth in our articles of incorporation have been approved by a majority of independent directors. Our articles of incorporation prohibit our investments in:

- any foreign currency or bullion;
- short sales; and
- any security in any entity holding investments or engaging in activities prohibited by our articles of incorporation.

In addition to other investment restrictions imposed by our directors from time to time consistent with our objective to qualify as a REIT, we will observe the following restrictions on our investments as set forth in our articles of incorporation:

- (1) Not more than 10% of our total assets will be invested in unimproved real property or mortgage loans on unimproved real property. For purposes of this paragraph, "unimproved real property" does not include properties acquired for the purpose of producing rental or other operating income, properties under development or construction, and properties under contract for development or in planning for development within one year.
- (2) We will not invest in commodities or commodity future contracts. This limitation does not apply to interest rate futures when used solely for hedging purposes.
- (3) We will not invest in contracts for the sale of real estate.
- (4) We will not invest in or make mortgage loans unless we obtain an appraisal of the underlying property. Mortgage indebtedness on any property will not exceed the property's appraised value. In cases in which the majority of independent directors so determine, and in all cases in which the mortgage loan involves our advisor, sponsor, directors or their affiliates, we must obtain the appraisal from an independent expert. We

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will keep the appraisal in our records for at least five years, where it will be available for inspection and duplication by any stockholder. In addition to the appraisal, we will also obtain a mortgagee's or owner's title insurance policy or commitment as to the priority of the mortgage or condition of the title. We will not invest in real estate contracts of sale otherwise known as land sale contracts.

- (5) We will not make or invest in mortgage loans, including construction loans, on any one property if the aggregate amount of all outstanding mortgage loans outstanding on the property, including our loans, would exceed an amount equal to 85% of the appraised value of the property. However, if there is substantial justification due to other underwriting criteria and provided that loans would not exceed the appraised value of the property at the date of the loans, we could invest in mortgage loans that exceed 85% of the appraised value of the property. The aggregate amount of all mortgage loans outstanding on the property, including the loans of the REIT, shall include all interest (excluding contingent participation in income and/or appreciation in value of the mortgaged property), the current payment of which may be deferred pursuant to the terms of such loans, to the extent that deferred interest on each loan exceeds 5% per annum of the principal balance of the loan.
- (6) We will not make or invest in any mortgage loans that are subordinate

to any mortgage or equity interest of the advisor, the sponsor, any director or their affiliates.

- (7) We will not invest in equity securities unless a majority of our disinterested directors, including a majority of our disinterested independent directors, approves the transaction as being fair, competitive and commercially reasonable. Investments in entities affiliated with our advisor, the sponsor, any director or their affiliates are subject to the restrictions on joint venture investments. Notwithstanding these restrictions, we may purchase our own securities when traded on a national securities exchange or market if a majority of our directors, including a majority of our independent directors, determines the purchase to be in our best interests.
- (8) We will not engage in any short sale nor will we borrow on an unsecured basis if the borrowing will result in an asset coverage of less than 300%.
- (9) To the extent we invest in properties, a majority of the directors, including a majority of the independent directors, will approve the consideration paid for such properties based on the fair market value of the properties. If a majority of independent directors so determines, the fair market value will be determined by a qualified independent real estate appraiser selected by our independent directors. If any property is acquired from our sponsor, our advisor, any director, or any of their affiliates, the provisions on transactions with affiliates will apply.
- (10) We will not invest in debt that is secured by a mortgage on real property that is subordinate to the lien of other debt, except where the amount of total debt does not exceed 90% of the appraised value of the property. The value of all of these investments may not exceed 25% of our tangible assets. The value of all investments in this debt that does not meet these requirements will be limited to 10% of our tangible assets, which would be included within the 25% limitation.
- (11) We will not engage in trading, as compared with investment, activities.

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- (12) We will not engage in underwriting activities, or distribute as agent, securities issued by others.
- (13) We will not acquire securities in any entity holding investments or engaging in activities prohibited by the restrictions on investments set forth in the foregoing clauses (1) through (12). Temporary investments in cash may be in such entities.

Our independent directors will review our investment policies at least annually to determine whether our policies that we are following are in the best interests of our stockholders. Subject to the above restrictions and so long as we qualify as a REIT, a majority of our directors, including a majority of our independent directors, may alter the investment policies if they determine that a change is in our best interests.

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#### FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

We intend to qualify as a REIT under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder and receive the beneficial federal income tax treatment described below. However, we cannot assure you that we will meet the applicable requirements under federal income tax laws, which are highly technical and complex. The following discusses the applicable requirements under federal income tax laws, the federal income tax consequences to maintaining REIT status and the material federal income tax consequences to you. Duane Morris LLP has acted and will act as our tax counsel in connection with our election to be taxed as a REIT, and has rendered the opinion set forth below. Some of the federal income tax implications of your investment are set forth in the "--Federal Income Taxation of Stockholders" section below. We, however, urge you to consult your tax advisor with respect to the federal, state, local, foreign and other tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of common shares which may be particular to your tax situation.

In brief, a corporation that invests primarily in real estate can, if it complies with the provisions in Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code, qualify as a REIT and claim federal income tax deductions for the dividends it pays to its stockholders. Such a corporation generally is not taxed on its net income that is currently distributed to its shareholders. This treatment substantially eliminates the "double taxation" that a corporation and its shareholders generally bear together. However, as discussed in greater detail below, a corporation could be subject to federal income tax in some circumstances even if it qualifies as a REIT, and would likely suffer adverse consequences, including reduced cash available for distribution to its stockholders, if it failed to qualify as a REIT. We intend to operate in a manner that permits us to elect REIT status for the taxable year ending December 31, 2003, and to maintain this status in each taxable year thereafter, so long as REIT status remains advantageous.

Duane Morris LLP is of the opinion, assuming that the actions described in this section are completed on a timely basis and we timely file the requisite elections, that we have been organized in conformity with the requirements for qualification as a REIT beginning with our taxable year ending December 31, 2003, and our proposed method of operation (as described in this prospectus) will enable us to satisfy the applicable requirements under federal income tax laws for qualification as a REIT. This opinion has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, and is based and conditioned, in part, on various assumptions made by Duane Morris LLP and representations made to Duane Morris LLP by us and the advisor as to factual matters. Our qualification and federal income tax treatment as a REIT depends upon our ability to meet, through operation of the properties we acquire and our investment in other assets, the applicable requirements under federal income tax laws. Duane Morris LLP has not reviewed, and will not in the future review, these operating results for compliance with the applicable requirements under federal income tax laws. Therefore, we cannot assure you that our actual operating results will allow us to satisfy the applicable requirements under federal income tax laws in any taxable year. In addition, this opinion represents Duane Morris LLP's legal judgment and is not binding on the Internal Revenue Service.

### FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION AS A REIT

GENERAL. In any year in which we qualify as a REIT and have a valid election in place, we will claim deductions for the dividends we pay to the stockholders, and therefore will not be subject to federal income tax on that portion of our REIT Taxable Income as defined Section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code or REIT capital gain which is distributed to our stockholders. We

will, however, be subject to federal income tax at normal corporate rates on any REIT Taxable Income or capital gain not distributed.

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Although we can eliminate or substantially reduce our federal income tax liability by maintaining our REIT status and paying sufficient dividends, we could be subject to federal income tax on certain items of income. If we fail to satisfy either the 95% Gross Income Test or the 75% Gross Income Test (each of which is described below), yet maintain our REIT status by meeting other requirements, we will be subject to a penalty tax based on the amount of income which caused us to fail these tests, as described below. We will also be subject to a 100% federal income tax on the net income from any "prohibited transaction," as described below. In addition, in order to retain our REIT status, we generally must distribute annually at least 90% of our REIT Taxable Income for such year. While we are not required to distribute REIT net capital gain income for any year in order to retain our REIT status, we will pay tax on such income to the extent we do not distribute it in such year. We may also be subject to the corporate alternative minimum tax. Additionally, we will be subject to federal income tax at the highest corporate rate on certain "nonqualifying" income from foreclosure property. In general, foreclosure property consists of property acquired (by foreclosure or otherwise) in connection with the default of a loan secured by such property.

REIT QUALIFICATION TESTS. The Code defines a REIT as a corporation, trust or association:

- that is managed by one or more trustees or directors;
- the beneficial ownership of which is evidenced by transferable shares or by transferable certificates of beneficial interest;
- that would be taxable as a domestic corporation but for its status as a REIT;
- that is neither a financial institution nor an insurance company;
- the beneficial ownership of which is held by 100 or more persons on at least 335 days in each full taxable year, proportionately adjusted for a partial taxable year;
- generally in which, at any time during the last half of each taxable year, no more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock is owned, directly, or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals or certain entities; and
- that meets the gross income, asset and annual distribution requirements, described in greater detail below.

The first four and last conditions must be met during each taxable year for which REIT status is sought, while the other two conditions do not have to be met until after the first taxable year for which a REIT election is made.

Although the 25% Asset Test (as defined below) generally prevents a REIT from owning more than 10% of the voting stock of an entity other than another REIT, the Internal Revenue Code provides an exception for ownership of voting stock in a "qualified REIT subsidiary." A qualified REIT subsidiary is a corporation that is wholly owned by a REIT throughout its existence. For purposes of the 25% Asset Test and the Gross Income Tests described below, all assets, liabilities and tax attributes of a qualified REIT subsidiary are treated as owned by the REIT. A qualified REIT subsidiary is not subject to

federal income tax, but may be subject to state or local tax. We may hold investments through qualified REIT subsidiaries.

We, in satisfying the general tests described above, must meet, among others, the following requirements:

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SHARE OWNERSHIP TESTS. The common stock and any other stock we issue must be held by a minimum of 100 persons (determined without attribution to the owners of any entity owning our stock) for at least 335 days in each full taxable year, proportionately adjusted for partial taxable years. In addition, at all times during the second half of each taxable year, no more than 50% in value of our stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals (determined with attribution to the owners of any entity owning our stock). However, these two requirements do not apply until after the first taxable year an entity elects REIT status. In addition, our articles of incorporation contain provisions restricting the transfer of our stock, which provisions are intended to assist us in satisfying both requirements. Furthermore, the distribution reinvestment program contains provisions that prevent it from causing a violation of these tests as do the terms of the options granted to the independent directors and the warrants issuable to the dealer manager and soliciting dealers. Pursuant to the applicable requirements under federal income tax laws, we will maintain records which disclose the actual ownership of the outstanding stock, and demand written statements each year from the record holders of specified percentages of the stock disclosing the beneficial owners. Those stockholders failing or refusing to comply with our written demand are required by the Internal Revenue Code and our articles of incorporation to submit, with their tax returns, a similar statement disclosing the actual ownership of stock and certain other information. See "Description of Securities--Restrictions on ownership and transfer."

ASSET TESTS. We must satisfy, at the close of each calendar quarter of the taxable year, two tests based on the composition of our assets. After initially meeting the Asset Tests at the close of any quarter, we will not lose our status as a REIT for failure to satisfy the Asset Tests at the end of a later quarter solely due to changes in value of our assets. In addition, if the failure to satisfy the Asset Tests results from an acquisition during a quarter, the failure can be cured by disposing of nonqualifying assets within 30 days after the close of that quarter. We intend to maintain adequate records of the value of our assets to insure compliance with these tests, and will act within 30 days after the close of any quarter as may be required to cure any noncompliance.

75% ASSET TEST. At least 75% of the value of our assets must be represented by "real estate assets," cash, cash items (including receivables) and government securities. Real estate assets include (i) real property (including interests in real property and interests in mortgages on real property), (ii) shares in other qualifying REITs, and (iii) any property (not otherwise a real estate asset) attributable to the temporary investment of "new capital" in stock or a debt instrument, but only for the one-year period beginning on the date we received the new capital. Property will qualify as being attributable to the temporary investment of new capital if the money used to purchase the stock or debt instrument is received by us in exchange for our stock (other than amounts received pursuant to our distribution reinvestment program) or in a public offering of debt obligations that have a maturity of at least five years. Additionally, regular and residual interests in a real estate mortgage investment conduit, known as a REMIC, and regular interests in a financial asset securitization trust, known as a FASIT, are considered real estate assets. However, if less than 95% of the assets of a REMIC or FASIT are real estate assets, we will be treated as holding a proportionate share of the assets and income of the REMIC or FASIT directly.

When we purchase new real estate properties, we intend that the purchase contracts will apportion no more than 5% of the purchase price of any property to property other than "real property," as defined in the Code. In addition, we intend to invest funds not used to acquire properties in cash sources, "new capital" investments or other liquid investments which will allow us to qualify under the 75% Asset Test. Therefore, our investment in the real properties will constitute "real estate assets" and should allow us to meet the 75% Asset Test.

25% ASSET TEST. The remaining 25% of our assets may generally be invested subject to the following restrictions: If we invest in any securities that do not qualify under the 75% Asset Test, such

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securities may not exceed either (i) 5% of the value of our assets as to any one issuer; or (ii) 10% of the outstanding securities by vote or value of any one issuer.

Modifications apply to the 25% Asset Test for qualified REIT subsidiaries and taxable REIT subsidiaries. As discussed above, the stock of a "qualified REIT subsidiary" is not counted for purposes of the 25% Asset Test. A qualified REIT subsidiary is a corporation that is wholly owned by a REIT throughout the subsidiary's existence. All assets, liabilities and tax attributes of a qualified REIT subsidiary are treated as belonging to the REIT. A qualified REIT subsidiary is not subject to federal income tax, but may be subject to state or local tax. We may hold investments through qualified REIT subsidiaries.

Additionally, for purposes of the 25% Asset Test, securities of a taxable REIT subsidiary are excepted from the 10% vote and value limitations on a REIT's ownership of securities of a single issuer. However, no more than 20% of the value of a REIT may be represented by securities of one or more taxable REIT subsidiaries. A taxable REIT subsidiary is a corporation (other than another REIT) that is owned in whole or in part by a REIT, and joins in an election with the REIT to be classified as a taxable REIT subsidiary. Corporations that directly or indirectly operate or manage lodging or health care facilities cannot be taxable REIT subsidiaries. A corporation that is 35% owned by a taxable REIT subsidiary will also be treated as a taxable REIT subsidiary. A taxable REIT subsidiary may not be a qualified REIT subsidiary, and vice versa. As described below regarding the 75% Gross Income Test, a taxable REIT subsidiary is utilized in much the same way an independent contractor is used to provide certain types of services without causing the REIT to receive or accrue certain types of non-qualifying income. In addition to utilizing independent contractors to provide certain services in connection with the operation of our properties, we may also utilize taxable REIT subsidiaries to carry out these functions.

We intend to invest funds not otherwise invested in properties in cash sources and other liquid investments in a manner which will enable us to satisfy the 25% Asset Test.

GROSS INCOME TESTS. We must satisfy for each calendar year two separate tests based on the composition of our gross income, as defined under our method of accounting.

THE 75% GROSS INCOME TEST. At least 75% of our gross income for the taxable year must result from (i) rents from real property, (ii) interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property or on interests in real property, (iii) gains from the sale or other disposition of real property (including interests in real property and interests in mortgages on real property) other than property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our

trade or business, (iv) dividends from other qualifying REITs and gain (other than gain from prohibited transactions) from the sale of shares of other qualifying REITs, (v) other specified investments relating to real property or mortgages thereon, and, (vi) for a limited time, qualified temporary investment income, as defined under the 75% Asset Test. We intend to invest funds not otherwise invested in real properties in cash sources or other liquid investments in a manner that will allow us to qualify under the 75% Gross Income Test

Income attributable to a lease of real property will generally qualify as "rents from real property" under the 75% Gross Income Test (and the 95% Gross Income Test, described below), subject to the rules discussed below:

- Rent from a particular tenant will not qualify if we, or an owner of 10% or more of our stock, directly or indirectly, owns 10% or more of the voting stock or the total number of shares of all classes of stock in, or 10% or more assets or net profits of, the tenant.

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- The portion of rent attributable to personal property rented in connection with real property will not qualify, unless the portion attributable to personal property is 15% or less of the total rent received under, or in connection with, the lease.
- Generally, rent will not qualify if it is based in whole, or in part, on the income or profits of any person from the underlying property. However, rent will not fail to qualify if it is based on a fixed percentage (or designated varying percentages) of receipts or sales, including amounts above a base amount so long as the base amount is fixed at the time the lease is entered into, the provisions are in accordance with normal business practice and the arrangement is not an indirect method for basing rent on income or profits.
- Rental income will not qualify if we furnish or render services to tenants or manage or operate the underlying property, other than through a permissible "independent contractor" from whom we derive no revenue, or through a taxable REIT subsidiary. This requirement, however, does not apply to the extent that the services, management or operations we provide are "usually or customarily rendered" in connection with the rental of space, and are not otherwise considered "rendered to the occupant."

With respect to the "usual or customarily rendered" rule, our tenants will receive some services in connection with their leases to the real properties. We believe that the services to be provided are usually or customarily rendered in connection with the rental of the properties, and, therefore, that providing these services will not cause the rents we receive with respect to the properties to fail to qualify as rents from real property for purposes of the 75% Gross Income Test (and the 95% Gross Income Test, described below). The board of directors intends to hire qualifying independent contractors or to utilize taxable REIT subsidiaries to render services which it believes, after consultation with Duane Morris LLP, are not usually or customarily rendered in connection with the rental of space.

THE 95% GROSS INCOME TEST. In addition to deriving 75% of our gross income from the sources listed above, at least 95% of our gross income (excluding gross income from prohibited transactions) for the taxable year must be derived from (i) sources which satisfy the 75% Gross Income Test, (ii) dividends, (iii) interest, or (iv) gain from the sale or disposition of stock or other securities that are not assets held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course

of our trade or business. It is important to note that dividends and interest on obligations not collateralized by an interest in real property qualify under the 95% Gross Income Test, but not under the 75% Gross Income Test. We intend to invest funds not otherwise invested in properties in cash sources or other liquid investments which will allow us to qualify under the 95% Gross Income

Our share of income from the properties will primarily give rise to rental income and gains on sales of the properties, substantially all of which will generally qualify under the 75% gross income and 95% Gross Income Tests. Our anticipated operations indicate that it is likely that we will have little or no nonqualifying income to cause adverse federal income tax consequences.

If we fail to satisfy either the 75% Gross Income Test or the 95% Gross Income Test for any taxable year, we may retain our status as a REIT for such year if we satisfy the Internal Revenue Service that: (i) the failure was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect, (ii) we attach to our return a schedule describing the nature and amount of each item of our gross income, and (iii) any incorrect information on such schedule was not due to fraud with intent to evade federal income tax. If this relief provision is available, we would remain subject to a 100% tax based upon the amount by which we failed the 75% Gross Income Test or the 95% Gross Income Test.

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ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS. In addition to the other tests described above, we are required to distribute dividends (other than capital gain dividends) to the stockholders each year in an amount at least equal to the excess of: (1) the sum of: (a) 90% of our REIT Taxable Income (determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and by excluding any net capital gain); and (b) 90% of the excess of the net income (after tax) from foreclosure property; less (2) the sum of certain types of items of non-cash income. Whether sufficient amounts have been distributed is based on amounts paid in the taxable year to which they relate, or in the following taxable year if we: (1) declare a dividend before the due date of our tax return (including extensions), (2) distribute the dividend within the 12-month period following the close of the taxable year (and not later than the date of the first regular dividend payment made after such declaration), and (3) file an election with our tax return. Additionally, dividends that we declare in October, November or December in a given year payable to stockholders of record in any such month will be treated as having been paid on December 31 of that year so long as the dividends are actually paid during January of the following year. If we fail to meet the annual distribution requirements as a result of an adjustment to our federal income tax return by the Internal Revenue Service, we may cure the failure by paying a "deficiency dividend" (plus penalties and interest to the Internal Revenue Service) within a specified period.

If we do not distribute all of our net capital gain or distribute at least 90%, but less than 100% of our REIT Taxable Income, we will be subject to federal income tax on the undistributed portion. Furthermore, to the extent that we fail to distribute by year end at least the sum of: (1) 85% of our REIT Taxable Income for such year; (2) 95% of our REIT capital gain net income for such year; and (3) any undistributed taxable income from prior years, we would be subject to an excise tax equal to 4% of the difference between the amount required to be distributed under this formula and the amount actually distributed.

We intend to pay sufficient dividends each year to satisfy the annual distribution requirements and avoid federal income tax on net capital gains. It is possible that we may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet the annual distribution requirements due to tax accounting rules and other

timing differences. We will closely monitor the relationship between our REIT Taxable Income and cash flow and, if necessary to comply with the annual distribution requirements, will borrow funds to fully provide the necessary cash flow.

FAILURE TO QUALIFY AS A REIT. If we fail to qualify for federal income tax purposes as a REIT in any taxable year and the relief provisions are not available or cannot be met, we will not be able to deduct our dividends and will be subject to federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at regular corporate rates, thereby reducing cash available for distributions. In such event, all distributions to stockholders (to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits), will be taxable as ordinary income. This "double taxation" results from our failure to qualify as a REIT. Unless entitled to relief under specific statutory provisions, we will not be eligible to elect REIT status for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost.

PROHIBITED TRANSACTIONS. As discussed above, we will be subject to a 100% federal income tax on any net income derived from "prohibited transactions." Net income derived from prohibited transactions arises from the sale or exchange of property held for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our business which is not foreclosure property. There is an exception to this rule for sales of property that:

- is a real estate asset under the 75% Asset Test;
- has been held for at least four years;

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- has aggregate expenditures which are includable in the basis of the property not in excess of 30% of the net selling price;
- in certain cases, was held for production of rental income for at least four years;
- when combined with other sales in the year, either does not cause the REIT to have made more than seven sales of property during the taxable year, or occurs in a year when the REIT disposes of less than 10% of its assets (measured by federal income tax basis and ignoring involuntary dispositions and sales of foreclosure property); and
- in certain cases, substantially all of the marketing and development expenditures were made through an independent contractor.

Although we may eventually sell some or all of our properties, our primary intention in acquiring and operating the properties is the production of rental income and we do not expect to hold any property for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our business.

### FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION OF STOCKHOLDERS

TAXATION OF TAXABLE DOMESTIC STOCKHOLDERS. As long as we qualify as a REIT, distributions paid to our domestic stockholders out of current or accumulated earnings and profits (and not designated as capital gain dividends) will be ordinary dividend income. Distributions in excess of current and accumulated earnings and profits are treated first as a tax-deferred return of capital to the stockholder, reducing the stockholder's tax basis in his or her common stock by the amount of such distribution, and then to the extent such a distribution exceeds a stockholder's tax basis, as capital gain. Because earnings and profits are reduced for depreciation and other noncash items, it is possible that a

portion of each distribution will constitute a tax-deferred return of capital. Additionally, because distributions in excess of earnings and profits reduce the stockholder's basis in our stock, this will increase the stockholder's gain on any subsequent sale of the stock.

Dividend income is characterized as "portfolio" income under the passive loss rules and cannot be offset by a stockholder's current or suspended passive losses. Corporate stockholders cannot claim the dividends received deduction for such dividends unless we lose our REIT status. Distributions that are designated as capital gain dividends will be taxed as long-term capital gains to the extent they do not exceed our actual net capital gain for the taxable year. However, corporate stockholders may be required to treat up to 20% of some types of capital gain dividends as ordinary income. Although stockholders generally recognize taxable income in the year that a distribution is received, any distribution we declare in October, November or December of any year and is payable to a stockholder of record on a specific date in any such month will be treated as both paid by us and received by the stockholder on December 31 of the year it was declared even if paid by us during January of the following calendar year. Because we are not a pass-through entity for federal income tax purposes, stockholders may not use any of our operating or capital losses to reduce their tax liabilities. We may also decide to retain, rather than distribute, our net long-term capital gains and pay any tax thereon. In this case, stockholders would include their proportionate shares of such gains in income and receive a credit on their returns for their proportionate share of our tax payments.

In general, the sale of common stock held for more than 12 months will produce long-term capital gain or loss. All other sales of common stock generally will produce short-term gain or loss. In each case, the gain or loss is equal to the difference between the amount of cash and fair market value of any property received from the sale and the stockholder's basis in the common stock sold. However, any loss from a sale or exchange of common stock by a stockholder who has held such stock for six months or less

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will be treated as a long-term capital loss, to the extent of our distributions that the stockholder treated as long-term capital gains.

We will report to our domestic stockholders and to the Internal Revenue Service the amount of dividends paid during each calendar year, and the amount (if any) of federal income tax we withhold. A stockholder may be subject to backup withholding (the current rate of which is 30%) with respect to dividends paid unless such stockholder: (a) is a corporation or comes within other exempt categories; or (b) provides us with a taxpayer identification number, certifies as to no loss of exemption, and otherwise complies with applicable requirements. A stockholder that does not provide us with its correct taxpayer identification number may also be subject to penalties imposed by the Internal Revenue Service. Any amount paid as backup withholding can be credited against the stockholder's federal income tax liability. In addition, we may be required to withhold a portion of distributions made to any stockholders who fail to certify their nonforeign status to us. See "--Taxation of Foreign Stockholders" in this section.

TAXATION OF TAX EXEMPT STOCKHOLDERS. Our distributions to a stockholder that is a tax-exempt entity should not constitute unrelated business taxable income, or UBTI, unless the stockholder borrows funds (or otherwise incurs acquisition indebtedness within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code) to acquire its common shares, or the common shares are otherwise used in an unrelated trade or business of the tax-exempt entity.

Special rules apply to the ownership of REIT shares by certain tax-exempt

pension trusts. If we would fail to satisfy the "five or fewer" share ownership test (discussed above with respect to the Share Ownership tests) because the stock held by tax-exempt pension trusts was viewed as being held by the trusts rather than by their respective beneficiaries, tax-exempt pension trusts owning more than 10% by value of our stock may be required to treat a percentage of our dividends as UBTI. This rule applies if: (1) at least one tax-exempt pension trust owns more than 25% by value of our shares, or (2) one or more tax-exempt pension trusts (each owning more than 10% by value of our shares) hold in the aggregate more than 50% by value of our shares. The percentage treated as UBTI is our gross income (less direct expenses) derived from an unrelated trade or business (determined as if we were a tax-exempt pension trust) divided by our gross income from all sources (less direct expenses). If this percentage is less than 5%, however, none of the dividends will be treated as UBTI. Because of the restrictions in our articles of incorporation of incorporation regarding the ownership concentration of our common stock, we believe that a tax-exempt pension trust should not become subject to these rules. However, because our common shares may be publicly traded, we can give no assurance of this.

Prospective tax-exempt purchasers should consult their own tax advisors as to the applicability of these rules and consequences to their particular circumstances.

TAXATION OF FOREIGN STOCKHOLDERS. The following discussion is intended only as a summary of the rules governing federal income taxation of nonresident alien individuals, foreign corporations, foreign partnerships, and foreign trusts and estates. These rules are quite complex and prospective foreign stockholders should consult with their own tax advisors to determine the impact of federal, state, and local income tax laws including any reporting requirements with respect to their investment in our REIT.

In general, foreign stockholders will be subject to regular U.S. income tax with respect to their investment if such investment is "effectively connected" with the conduct of a trade or business in the U.S. A corporate foreign stockholder that receives (or is deemed to have received) income that is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business may also be subject to the 30% "branch profits tax" under Code Section 884, which is payable in addition to regular federal corporate income tax. The following discussion applies to foreign stockholders whose investment is not considered "effectively connected."

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Generally, any dividend that constitutes ordinary income for federal income tax purposes will be subject to a U.S. tax equal to the lesser of 30% of the gross amount of dividends or the rate in an applicable tax treaty. Generally, a distribution that does not exceed our earnings and profits will be treated as a dividend taxable as ordinary income. A distribution in excess of our earnings and profits is treated first as a nontaxable return of capital that will reduce a foreign stockholder's basis in its common stock (but not below zero) and then as gain from the disposition of such common stock, subject to the rules discussed below for dispositions.

Our distributions that are attributable to gain from the sale or exchange of a "U.S. real property interest" are taxed to a foreign stockholder as if the distributions were gains "effectively connected" with a United States trade or business conducted by such foreign shareholder. As a result, a foreign stockholder will be taxed on these amounts at the capital gain rates applicable to a U.S. stockholder (subject to any applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of nonresident alien individuals). In addition, such dividends may also be subject to a 30% branch profits tax when made to a corporate foreign stockholder that is not entitled to treaty exemptions.

We will report to our foreign stockholders and the Internal Revenue Service the amount of dividends paid during each calendar year, and the amount (if any) of federal income tax we withhold. These information reporting requirements apply regardless of whether withholding was reduced or eliminated in any applicable tax treaty. Copies of these information returns may also be made available under the provisions of a specific treaty or agreement with the tax authorities in the country in which the foreign stockholder resides. As discussed below, withholding tax rates of 30% and 35% may apply to distributions on common stock to foreign stockholders.

Although tax treaties may reduce our withholding obligations, we will generally be required to withhold from dividends to foreign stockholders, and remit to the Internal Revenue Service, 35% of any distribution that could be designated as a capital gain dividend (regardless of the amount actually designated as a capital gain dividend) and 30% of ordinary dividends paid out of earnings and profits. In addition, if we designate prior dividends as capital gain dividends, subsequent dividends, up to the amount of such prior dividends, will be treated as capital gain dividends for withholding purposes. The amount of federal income tax withheld is creditable against the foreign stockholder's federal income tax liability, and if the amount of tax we withhold exceeds the U.S. tax liability, the foreign stockholder may file for a refund of such excess from the Internal Revenue Service. (Note that the 35% withholding tax rate on capital gain dividends currently corresponds to the maximum income tax rate applicable to corporations, but is higher than the 20% maximum rate on long-term capital gains of individuals.)

Applicable Treasury regulations provide certain presumptions under which a foreign stockholder would be subject to backup withholding and information reporting until we receive certification from these stockholders of their foreign status. The regulations generally require a foreign stockholder to provide us with federal Form W-8BEN referred to as a Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding, Form W-8ECI referred to as a Certificate of Foreign Person's Claim for Exemption From Withholding on Income Effectively Connected With the Conduct of a Trade or Business in the United States, or Form W-8EXP referred to as a Certificate of Foreign Government or Other Foreign Organization for United States Tax Withholding certifying the foreign stockholder's entitlement to the benefits of any treaty.

Unless the common shares constitute a "U.S. real property interest" under Section 897 of the Internal Revenue Code, gain on a sale of common stock by a foreign stockholder generally will not be subject to U.S. income taxation unless (i) investment in the common stock is effectively connected with the foreign stockholder's U.S. trade or business, in which case, as discussed above, the foreign shareholder would be subject to the federal income tax, or (ii) the foreign stockholder is a nonresident

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alien individual who was present in the United States for 183 days or more during the taxable year, in which case the nonresident alien individual may be subject to a 30% tax on such gain.

The common shares will not constitute a "U.S. real property interest" if we are a "domestically controlled REIT." A domestically controlled REIT is a REIT, which at all times during the preceding five-year period, had less than 50% in value of its common stock held directly or indirectly by foreign stockholders. We (or, if shorter, the period during which the REIT is in existence) expect to be a domestically controlled REIT, and, therefore, the sale of common stock should not be subject to such taxation for foreign stockholders, except as

discussed above. However, because the common shares may be (but are not guaranteed to be) publicly traded, we can not assure you that we will continue to be a domestically controlled REIT. If we do not constitute a domestically controlled REIT, whether a foreign stockholder's gain on the sale of stock is subject to federal income tax as a sale of a U.S. real property interest depends primarily on whether the common shares are "regularly traded" on an established securities market and on the size of the selling stockholder's interest. If the gain on the sale of common shares is subject to federal income tax under these rules, the foreign stockholder would be subject to the same treatment as a U.S. stockholder with respect to the gain (subject to applicable alternative minimum tax and a special alternative minimum tax in the case of nonresident alien individuals). In any event, a purchaser of common stock from a foreign stockholder will not be required to withhold on the purchase price if the purchased shares are "regularly traded" on an established securities market or if we are a domestically controlled REIT. Otherwise, the purchaser of stock may be required to withhold 10% of the purchase price and remit this amount to the Internal Revenue Service.

If the proceeds of a disposition of common stock are paid by or through a U.S. office of a broker-dealer, the payment is generally subject to information reporting and to backup withholding (the current rate of which is 30%) unless the disposing foreign stockholder certifies as to his name, address and non-U.S. status or otherwise establishes an exemption. Generally, U.S. information reporting and backup withholding may not apply to a payment of disposition proceeds if the payment is made outside the U.S. through a foreign office of a foreign broker-dealer. Prospective foreign purchasers should consult their tax advisers concerning these rules.

### OTHER TAX CONSIDERATIONS

DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PROGRAM. Stockholders who participate in the distribution reinvestment program will recognize taxable dividend income in the amount they would have received had they elected not to participate, even though they receive no cash. These deemed dividends will be treated as actual dividends from us to the participating stockholders and will retain the character and federal income tax effects applicable to all dividends. See "--Taxation of Stockholders" in this section. Stock received under the program will have a holding period beginning with the day after purchase, and a federal income tax basis equal to its cost, which is the gross amount of the deemed distribution.

STATE AND LOCAL TAXES. We and you may be subject to state or local taxation in various jurisdictions, including those in which we transact business or reside. Our and your state and local tax treatment may not conform to the federal income tax consequences discussed above. Consequently, you should consult your own tax advisors regarding the effect of state and local tax laws on an investment in the common shares.

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS. You should recognize that our and your present federal income tax treatment may be modified by legislative, judicial or administrative actions at any time, which may be retroactive in effect. The rules dealing with federal income taxation are constantly under review by Congress, the Internal Revenue Service and the Treasury Department, and statutory changes as well as promulgation of new regulations, revisions to existing statutes, and revised interpretations of established

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concepts occur frequently. We are not currently aware of any pending legislation that would materially affect our or your taxation as described in this prospectus. You should, however, consult your advisors concerning the status of legislative proposals that may pertain to a purchase of common shares. New

legislation exempts certain dividend payments made by certain corporations from federal taxation. We cannot be sure what impact, if any, this or other legislation could have on us or you as a stockholder.

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### ERISA CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of material considerations arising under ERISA, including the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA, and of Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code that may be relevant to a prospective purchaser of the shares where such prospective purchaser is an employee benefit plan, IRA or other tax-exempt entity under the Internal Revenue Code. This discussion does not deal with all aspects of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code or, to the extent not preempted, state law that may be relevant to particular employee benefit plan stockholders (including plans subject to Title I of ERISA, other employee benefit plans and IRAs subject to the prohibited transaction provisions of Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code, and governmental plans and church plans that are exempt from ERISA and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code but that may be subject to state law and other Internal Revenue Code requirements) in light of their particular circumstances.

A FIDUCIARY MAKING THE DECISION TO INVEST IN SHARES ON BEHALF OF A PROSPECTIVE INVESTOR WHICH IS A PENSION, PROFIT-SHARING, RETIREMENT, IRA OR OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN IS ADVISED TO CONSULT ITS OWN LEGAL ADVISOR REGARDING THE SPECIFIC CONSIDERATIONS ARISING UNDER ERISA, SECTION 4975 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, AND (TO THE EXTENT NOT PREEMPTED) STATE LAW WITH RESPECT TO THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP, OR SALE OF SHARES BY SUCH BENEFIT PLAN. BENEFIT PLANS SHOULD ALSO CONSIDER THE ENTIRE DISCUSSION UNDER THE PRECEDING SECTION ENTITLED "FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS," AS MATERIAL CONTAINED THEREIN IS RELEVANT TO ANY DECISION BY A BENEFIT PLAN TO PURCHASE THE SHARES.

In considering whether to invest a portion of the assets of a benefit plan in shares, fiduciaries of the benefit plan should consider, among other things, whether the investment:

- will be in accordance with the governing documents of the benefit plan and is authorized and consistent with their fiduciary responsibilities under ERISA;
- will allow the benefit plan to satisfy the diversification requirements of ERISA, if applicable;
- will result in UBTI to the benefit plan (see "Federal Income Tax Considerations -- Taxation of Stockholders -- Taxation of Tax-Exempt Stockholders");
- will be sufficiently liquid for the benefit plan after taking this investment into account; and
- is prudent and in the best interests of the benefit plan, its participants and beneficiaries under ERISA standards.

The fiduciary of an IRA or a benefit plan not subject to Title I of ERISA because it is a governmental or church plan or because it does not cover common law employees should consider that such an IRA or non-ERISA plan may be subject to prohibitions against certain related-party transactions under Section 503 of the Internal Revenue Code, which operate similar to the prohibited transaction rules of ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the fiduciary of any

governmental or church plan must consider applicable state or local laws, if any, and the restrictions and duties of common law, if any, imposed upon such plan. We express no opinion on whether an investment in shares is appropriate or permissible for any governmental or church plan under Section 503 of the Internal Revenue Code, or under any state, county, local, or other law respecting such plan.

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In addition to imposing general fiduciary standards of investment prudence and diversification, ERISA and the corresponding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code prohibit a wide range of transactions involving the assets of the benefit plan and persons who have certain specified relationships to the benefit plan ("parties in interest" under ERISA and "disqualified persons" under the Internal Revenue Code).

Benefit plan fiduciaries may not enter into a prohibited transaction involving "plan assets" and a "party in interest" or "disqualified person" with respect to a plan investor, unless an exemption applies. A prohibited transaction may occur if our assets are deemed to be assets of a benefit plan (i.e., the "look-through rule") which invests in shares and thereafter a "party in interest" or a "disqualified person" deals with the assets in a manner not permitted under ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code. Under such circumstances, any person that exercises authority or control with respect to the management or disposition of benefit plan assets is a benefit plan fiduciary and, therefore, is a "party in interest" and a "disqualified person" capable of participating in a prohibited transaction with the benefit plan. Thus, the actions of an employee of ours in dealing with our assets could, under certain circumstances, cause a benefit plan which invests in the shares to be a participant in a prohibited transaction. While "plan assets" are not defined in ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code, the United States Department of Labor, or the DOL, has issued regulations that provide guidance on the circumstances under which a benefit plan's investment in shares will be subject to the "look-through rule" and thus result in our assets being deemed benefit plan assets. The DOL regulations provide an exception to the "look-through rule" for a benefit plan which invests in a "publicly-offered security." This exception would apply to the shares, if they are part of a class of securities that is "widely-held," "freely-transferable," and either registered under Section 12(b) or 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or sold to the benefit plan pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, provided the class of securities of which the security is a part are registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 within 120 days or such longer period as is allowed by the Securities and Exchange Commission after the end of the fiscal year of the issuer during which the offering occurred. The shares are being sold in an offering registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and we represent that the class of securities of which the shares are a part have been registered under the Securities Exchange Act within the applicable time limits.

The DOL regulations indicate that a security is "widely-held" only if it is part of a class of securities that is owned by 100 or more investors independent of the issuer and of one another. A security will not fail to be "widely-held" because the number of independent investors falls below 100 subsequent to the initial offering as a result of events beyond the issuer's control. We expect (although no assurances can be given) that the shares will be held by over 100 independent investors and, therefore, should be considered "widely-held."

The DOL regulations further provide that whether a security is "freely-transferable" is a factual question to be determined on the basis of all relevant facts and circumstances. The DOL regulations state that generally, when a security is part of an offering in which the minimum investment is \$10,000 or less, as is the case with this offering, certain restrictions ordinarily will

not, alone or in combination, affect the determination of the finding that such securities are "freely-transferable." One such example under the DOL regulations is that a restriction or prohibition against a transfer or assignment which would result in a termination or reclassification of an entity for federal or state income tax purposes will not affect the determination of whether securities are "freely transferable." We believe that the ownership limits imposed under our charter of incorporation on the transfer of the shares are designed to prevent violations of the five or fewer requirement of federal income tax laws (which would cause a termination of REIT status for tax purposes) or are otherwise permitted under the DOL regulations and, therefore, will not cause the shares to not be "freely-transferable."

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The DOL regulations are interpretive in nature and, therefore, no assurance can be given that the DOL and the United States Department of the Treasury will not conclude that the shares are not "freely-transferable," or not "widely-held." However, we believe that the shares are "publicly offered securities" for purposes of the DOL regulations and that:

- our assets will not be deemed to be "plan assets" of any benefit plan that invests in the shares; and
- any person who exercises authority or control with respect to our assets should not be treated as a benefit plan fiduciary of any benefit plan that invests in the shares, for purposes of the prohibited transaction rules of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code.

In addition, a prohibited transaction may also occur under ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code where there are circumstances indicating that:

- investment in the shares is made or retained for the purposes of avoiding application of the fiduciary standards of ERISA;
- the investment in the REIT constitutes an arrangement under which it is expected that the REIT will engage in transactions which would otherwise be prohibited if entered into directly by the benefit plan purchasing the shares;
- the investing benefit plan, by itself, has the authority or influence to cause the REIT to engage in such transactions; or
- the person who is prohibited from transacting with the investing benefit plan may, but only with the aid of its affiliates and the investing benefit plan, cause the REIT to engage in such transactions with such person.

In any event, a fiduciary or other person investing "plan assets" of any benefit plan should not purchase shares if we or any of our affiliates either:

- have investment discretion with respect to the investment of such assets; or
- have authority or responsibility to give or regularly gives investment advice with respect to such assets, for a fee, pursuant to an agreement or understanding that such advice will serve as a primary basis for investment decisions with respect to such assets and that such advice will be based on the particular investment needs of such benefit plan.

Unless an exemption is available for an employer maintaining or contributing to such benefit plans, any such purchase might result in a non-exempt prohibited transaction under ERISA or Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code.

See "Risk Factors -- Employee Benefit Plan Risks -- Annual Statement of Value is an Estimate" for an explanation of the annual statement of value we will provide stockholders subject to ERISA.

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### PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

#### GENERAL

Of the 270,000,000 shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus, we are offering:

- up to 250,000,000 shares at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share through Inland Securities Corporation, the managing dealer, to the public on a best-efforts basis. Our managing dealer is one of our affiliates. A "best-efforts" basis means that neither the managing dealer nor the soliciting dealers are under any obligation to purchase any of the shares being offered. Therefore, no specified number of shares are guaranteed to be sold and no specified amount of money is guaranteed to be raised from this offering.
- up to 20,000,000 shares at a purchase price of \$9.50 per share for issuance through our distribution reinvestment program which will provide you with an opportunity to purchase additional shares of our common stock at a reduced rate by reinvesting your distributions.

The offering price of our stock is subjective and was determined by our board of directors. Our board of directors determined the offering price based on the offering price in our initial public offering, the offering price of earlier REITs organized by our sponsor, the range of offering prices of other REITs that do not have a public trading market and the recommendation of the managing dealer based on its consultations with likely soliciting dealers. This offering will commence as of the date of this prospectus. The offering will terminate on or before, [-], 2005, unless we elect to extend it to a date no later than [-], 2006 in states that permit an extension. We reserve the right to terminate this offering at any time.

Our dealer manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of our sponsor, Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation. Our dealer manager was also the dealer manager for the offerings for Inland Real Estate Corporation and Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Inland Real Estate Corporation raised approximately \$696,827,000 in its offerings. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. raised approximately \$2,262,000,000 in its offerings.

Our sponsor is an affiliate of our dealer manager.

### ESCROW CONDITIONS

If you are qualified to participate in this offering, the proceeds from your subscription will be deposited in a segregated escrow account with the escrow agent, LaSalle Bank National Association, 120 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois, and will be held in trust for your benefit, pending release to us. Your investment will not be commingled with any other funds.

We will accept or reject subscriptions within 10 days after our receipt of

a fully completed copy of the subscription agreement and payment for the number of shares of common stock subscribed for. You will not be entitled to interest earned on our funds or to receive interest on your investment.

The escrow agreement provides that the escrow agent will be appointed as an investment manager by a named fiduciary of any ERISA plan that is providing money to the escrow. The escrow agreement among us, the managing dealer, and the escrow agent also provides (1) that until all the conditions precedent for transferring the monies held in escrow are met, the escrow property may be considered plan assets under ERISA and the escrow holder shall act as a fiduciary to any benefit plan with respect to those assets, and (2) that the property will be returned to the benefit plan if the conditions precedent are not met in a reasonable period of time.

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#### SUBSCRIPTION PROCESS

We are offering up to 250,000,000 shares of our common stock to the public through the managing dealer and the soliciting dealers. The agreement between our managing dealer and the soliciting dealers requires the soliciting dealers to make diligent inquiries of you in order to determine whether a purchase of our common stock is suitable for you, and to transmit promptly to us the completed subscription documentation and any supporting documentation we may reasonably require.

The managing dealer or a soliciting dealer is also required to deliver to you a copy of this prospectus and its appendices. We plan to make this prospectus and the appendices available electronically to the managing dealer and the soliciting dealers, as well as to provide them paper copies. As a result, if the managing dealer or a soliciting dealer chooses, with your prior consent, it may provide you with the option of receiving this prospectus and the appendices electronically. In any case, however, you may always receive a paper copy upon request. For at least six years, we shall maintain records of the information we have to determine that an investment in our shares is suitable and appropriate for a stockholder.

Our common stock is being sold as subscriptions for the common stock are received and accepted by us, subject to the satisfaction by us of the conditions described in the section immediately above. We have the unconditional right to accept or reject your subscription within 10 days after our receipt of a fully completed copy of the subscription agreement and payment for the number of shares of common stock subscribed for. If we accept your subscription, a confirmation will be mailed to you not more than three business days after our acceptance. No sale of our common stock may be completed until at least five business days after the date you receive this prospectus and, if required by state regulatory authorities, a copy of our organizational documents. If for any reason your subscription is rejected, your funds and your subscription agreement will be returned to you, without interest or deduction, within 10 days after receipt.

### REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES IN THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT

The subscription agreement requires you to make the following factual representations:

- Your tax identification number set forth in the subscription agreement is accurate and you are not subject to backup withholding;
- You received a copy of this prospectus not less than five business days prior to signing the subscription agreement (unless your state

requires otherwise);

- You meet the minimum income, net worth and any other applicable suitability standards established for you, as described in "Who May Invest," which appears earlier in this prospectus;
- You are purchasing our common stock for your own account; and
- You acknowledge that our common stock cannot be readily sold.

Each of the above representations is included in the subscription agreement in order to help satisfy our responsibility to make every reasonable effort to determine that the purchase of our common stock is a suitable and appropriate investment for you and that appropriate income tax reporting information is obtained. We will not sell any common stock to you unless you are able to make the above factual representations by executing the subscription agreement.

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By executing the subscription agreement, you will not be waiving any rights under the federal securities laws.

### DETERMINATION OF YOUR SUITABILITY AS AN INVESTOR

We, our managing dealer, each soliciting dealer and our sponsor will make reasonable efforts to determine that you satisfy the suitability standards set forth herein and that an investment in our common stock is an appropriate investment for you. The soliciting dealers must determine whether you can reasonably benefit from this investment. In making this determination, the soliciting dealers will consider whether:

- you have the capability of understanding fundamental aspects of our business based on your employment experience, education, access to advice from qualified sources such as attorneys, accountants and tax advisors and prior experience with investments of a similar nature;
  - you have an apparent understanding of:
  - the fundamental risks and possible financial hazards of this type of investment;
  - that the shares cannot be readily sold;
  - the role of our advisor in directing or managing your investment in us; and
  - the tax consequences of your investment; and
- you have the financial capability to invest in our common stock.

By executing the subscription agreement, each soliciting dealer acknowledges its determination that our common stock is a suitable investment for you. Each soliciting dealer is required to represent and warrant that it has complied with all applicable laws in determining the suitability of our common stock as an investment for you. We and our affiliates will coordinate the processes and procedures used by the managing dealer and the soliciting dealers and, where necessary, implement additional reviews and procedures to determine that you meet the suitability standards set forth in this prospectus.

COMPENSATION WE WILL PAY FOR THE SALE OF OUR SHARES

Except for the special sales described later in this section, we will pay the managing dealer cash selling commissions of 7.5% on all of the up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock sold on a best-efforts basis. Of this 7.5% selling commissions, the managing dealer will reallow up to 7% to soliciting dealers as compensation for their services in soliciting and obtaining subscriptions from you and other investors. Except for the special sales described later in this section, we will pay an additional 2.5% of the gross proceeds from this offering to the managing dealer as a marketing contribution in lieu of reimbursement of expenses associated with marketing, and we may reimburse the managing dealer for its bona fide due diligence expenses and for those of the soliciting dealers. The maximum reimbursement, however, will not exceed 0.5% of the gross proceeds from the up to 250,000,000 shares sold. The managing dealer may, at its discretion, retain or give all or any portion of the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance to soliciting dealers. Generally, the managing dealer will not give any portion of the marketing contribution to soliciting dealers unless they have a prescribed minimum annual sales volume of our common stock. Marketing and due diligence costs paid by the managing dealer on

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behalf of, or to, the soliciting dealers will be deducted from any marketing contribution or due diligence expense allowance otherwise payable to the soliciting dealers.

The following table shows the compensation payable to our dealer manager.

Type of Compensation	Amount	Estimated Maximum Amount	
Selling commissions	7.5% of sale price for each share	\$ 187,500,000	
Marketing allowance	2.5% of gross offering proceeds	\$ 62,500,000	
Due diligence allowance	0.5% of gross offering proceeds	\$ 12,500,000	

We will not pay selling commissions, marketing contributions or due diligence expense allowances in connection with the following special sales:

- the sale of common stock in connection with the performance of services to our employees, directors and associates and our affiliates, our advisor, affiliates of our advisor, the managing dealer or their respective officers and employees and some of their affiliates; and
- the purchase of common stock under the distribution reinvestment program.
- No selling commissions will be paid in connection with the following special sales:
- the sale of our common stock to one or more soliciting dealers and to their respective officers and employees and some of their respective affiliates who request and are entitled to purchase common stock net of selling commissions;
- the sale of common stock to investors whose contracts for investment

- advisory and related brokerage services include a fixed or "wrap" fee feature; and
- the common stock credited to an investor as a result of a volume discount.

It is illegal for us to pay or award any commissions or other compensation to any person engaged by you for investment advice as an inducement to such advisor to advise you to purchase our common stock; however, nothing herein will prohibit a registered broker dealer or other properly licensed person from earning a sales commission in connection with a sale of the common stock.

We will not pay any registered investment advisory fees in connection with any purchase by you of our common stock, although you may elect to have your registered investment advisory fees deducted from your account with us and paid directly to your registered investment advisor. See "How to Subscribe."

### VOLUME DISCOUNTS

Investors making an initial purchase of at least \$250,010 of common stock (25,001 shares) through the same soliciting dealer will receive a reduction of the reallowable 7.0% selling commission payable in connection with the purchase of those shares in accordance with the following schedule:

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### AMOUNT OF PURCHASER'S INVESTMENT

AMOUNT OF SELLING VOLUME DISCOUNT	 FROM	 TO	MAXIMUM COMMISSION PER SHARE
1%	\$ 250,010	\$ 500,000	6%
2%	\$ 500,010	\$ 1,000,000	5%
3%	\$ 1,000,010	\$ 2,500,000	4%
4%	\$ 2,500,010	\$ 5,000,000	3%
5%	\$ 5,000,010	\$ 10,000,000	2%
6%	\$ 10,000,010	and over	1%

Any reduction in the amount of the selling commissions in respect of volume discounts received will be credited to the investor in the form of additional whole shares or fractional shares. Selling commissions will not be paid on any such whole shares or fractional shares issued for a volume discount.

Some purchases may be combined for the purpose of qualifying for a volume discount, and for determining commissions payable to the managing dealer or the soliciting dealers, so long as all the combined purchases are made through the same soliciting dealer. Subscriptions made in this offer will be combined with other subscriptions in this offering for the purposes of computing amounts invested. Purchases by spouses will also be combined with other purchases by you and will be combined with other purchases of common stock to be held as a joint tenant or as tenants-in-common by you with others for purposes of computing amounts invested. Purchases by entities required to pay federal income tax that

are combined with purchases by other entities not required to pay federal income tax for purposes of computing amounts invested if investment decision are made by the same person may have tax consequences, and your tax advisor should be consulted prior to making the decision to combine. If the investment decisions are made by in independent investment advisor, that investment adviser may not have any direct or indirect beneficial interest in any of the entities not required to pay federal income tax whose purchases are sought to be combined. You must mark the "Additional Investment" space on the subscription agreement signature page in order for purchases to be combined. We are not responsible for failing to combine purchases if you fail to mark the "Additional Investment" space.

If the subscription agreements for the purchases to be combined are submitted at the same time, then the additional common stock to be credited to you as a result of such combined purchases will be credited on a pro rata basis. If the subscription agreements for the purchases to be combined are not submitted at the same time, then any additional common stock to be credited as a result of the combined purchases will be credited to the last component purchase, unless we are otherwise directed in writing at the time of the submission. However, the additional common stock to be credited to any entities not required to pay federal income tax whose purchases are combined for purposes of the volume discount will be credited only on a pro rata basis based on the amount of the investment of each entity not required to pay federal income tax and their combined purchases.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraphs, you may not receive a discount greater than 5% on any purchase of shares if you already own, or may be deemed to already own, any shares. This restriction may limit the amount of the volume discount available to you after your initial purchase and the amount of additional shares that you may be credited as a result of the combination of purchases.

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In the case of subsequent investments or combined investments, a volume discount will be given only on the portion of the subsequent or combined investment that caused the investment to exceed the breakpoint. For example, if you are investing \$50,000 with us today, but had previously invested \$240,000, these amounts can be combined to reach the \$250,010 breakpoint, which will entitle you to a lower sales commission on your current \$50,000 investment.

### DEFERRED COMMISSION OPTION

DETERMINATION OF THE NUMBER OF SHARES TO BE ISSUED AND THE AMOUNT OF THE DEFERRED SELLING COMMISSIONS. You may agree with the participating soliciting dealer and the managing dealer to have selling commissions due with respect to the purchase of your shares paid over a period of up to six years pursuant to a deferred commission option arrangement. Our net proceeds from this offering will not be affected by the election of the deferred commission option. Under this arrangement and based upon a \$10 per share deemed value to each share issued, if you elect the deferred commission option, you will pay a 1.5% selling commission upon subscription, of which 1% will be reallowed upon subscription, rather than the 7.5% selling commission, of which 7% is reallowable, and we will deduct an amount equal to up to 1% selling commission per year thereafter for up to the next six years from cash distributions otherwise payable to you. For example, if you elect the deferred commission option, you will be required to pay a total of \$9.40 per share purchased upon subscription, rather than \$10 per share, with respect to which \$0.15 per share will be payable as selling commissions due upon subscription, of which \$0.10 per share will be reallowed (based on the number of shares that would have been issued if the deferred commission option had not been elected). For example, for a \$100,000 initial investment, we will issue

10,638.298 shares (\$100,000 divided by \$9.40), and you would pay maximum selling commissions of \$1,500 upon subscription (\$0.15 times the 10,000 shares which would have been issued for \$100,000 if the deferred commission option had not been elected), of which \$1,000 is reallowable. For each of the up to six years following the subscription, on a date or dates to be determined from time to time by the managing dealer (initially contemplated to be monthly as of when distributions are paid), we will deduct \$0.10 per share (based on the number of shares that would have been issued if the deferred commission option had not been elected) on an annual basis from cash distributions otherwise payable to you. This amount will be used to pay deferred commission obligations. In the example of an initial cash investment of \$100,000, \$1,000 would be deducted on an annual basis and used in the above described manner for each of the six years following the subscription. The managing dealer will pay the selling commissions paid upon subscription and in each of the following up to six years, which selling commissions may be reallowed to the soliciting dealer by the managing dealer and the deferred commission obligations would be satisfied.

As in any volume discount situation, selling commissions are not paid on any shares issued for a volume discount. Therefore, when the deferred commission option is used, we will not make deductions for deferred commission obligations from cash distributions payable on the shares issued for a volume discount, because there will not be any deferred commission obligation as to those particular shares. The number of shares issued, if any, for a volume discount, will be determined as provided above under "Plan of Distribution--Volume Discounts."

TAXES. If you elect the deferred commission option and you are subject to federal income taxation, you will incur tax liability for cash distributions payable to them with respect to their shares even though we will withhold such cash distributions and will instead pay third parties to satisfy deferred commission obligations.

SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT. If you wish to elect the deferred commission option, you must make the election on the subscription agreement/signature page. In addition, the broker-dealer must also complete and sign the subscription agreement/signature page to acknowledge its agreement to the deferred commission option.

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AUTHORIZATION TO WITHHOLD CASH DISTRIBUTIONS. If you elect the deferred commission option you will be authorizing us to withhold cash distributions otherwise payable to you for the purpose of paying selling commissions due under the deferred commission option; provided, however, that in no event may we withhold in excess of \$0.60 per share in the aggregate (lower when the volume discount provisions are also applicable and less than 6% of the selling commissions are deferred) under the deferred commission option.

ACCELERATION OF DEFERRED COMMISSION OBLIGATION. If our shares become listed for trading on a national securities exchange or included for quotation on a national market system, or such listing or inclusion is reasonably anticipated to occur at any time prior to the satisfaction of the remaining deferred commission obligations, we will accelerate the remaining selling commissions due under the deferred commission option. In such event, we will provide notice of such acceleration to stockholders who have elected the deferred commission option. The amount of the remaining selling commissions due will be deducted and paid by us out of cash distributions otherwise payable to such stockholders during the time period prior to any such listing of the shares for trading on a national securities exchange or inclusion for quotation on a national market system. However, in no event may we withhold in excess of \$0.60 per share in the aggregate during the six-year period following the subscription. The maximum

amount that we may withhold and the maximum number of years for which we may offer selling commissions will be lower when the volume discount provisions are also applicable and less than 6% of the selling commissions are deferred. To the extent that the cash distributions during such time period are insufficient to satisfy the remaining deferred selling commissions due, the obligation of us and our stockholders to make any further payments of deferred selling commissions under the deferred commission option shall terminate and the managing dealer (and participating soliciting dealers if the deferred selling commissions are reallowed to them by the managing dealer) will not be entitled to receive any further portion of the unpaid deferred selling commissions following any such listing for trading or inclusion for quotation of our shares.

In addition, if you elect the deferred commission option and subsequently elect to participate in our share repurchase program or request that we transfer your shares for any other reason prior to the time that the remaining deferred selling commissions have been deducted from cash distributions otherwise payable to you during the mentioned period of up to six years, then we will accelerate the remaining selling commissions due under the deferred commission option. In such event, we shall provide notice of such acceleration to you, and:

- in the case of an election to sell the shares under our share repurchase program, you will be required to pay to us the unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation prior to or concurrently with our purchase of your shares pursuant to our share repurchase program or we may deduct such unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation from the amount otherwise due to you for our purchase of your shares under our share repurchase program; or
- if you request that we transfer the shares for any other reason, you will not be entitled to effect any such transfer until you first either:
  - pay to us the unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation; or
  - provide a written instrument in form and substance satisfactory to us, and appropriately signed by the transferee, to the effect that the proposed transferee agrees to have the unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation deducted from cash distributions otherwise payable to the transferee during the remaining portion of the specified up to six year period.

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LEGEND. All certificates or book entries representing any shares that elect the deferred commission option (including any shares issued for the volume discount in connection with the election of the deferred commission option) will be noted with a legend referring to the fact that such shares are subject to the terms of the deferred commission option including the withholding of cash distributions otherwise payable to the stockholders for the purpose of paying the deferred selling commission obligation.

MARKETING CONTRIBUTION AND DUE DILIGENCE EXPENSE ALLOWANCE. The marketing contribution of 2.5% and the due diligence expense allowance of 0.5% will be payable by us on the gross offering proceeds for all of the shares issued based on an assumed price of \$10 per share. We will pay those amounts due from the proceeds we receive at the time of the initial investment.

INDEMNIFICATION

We will indemnify the managing dealer and the soliciting dealers against liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, if one or more of the following conditions are met:

- there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations as to the particular indemnitee and a court of competent jurisdiction has approved indemnification of the litigation costs; or
- the claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction as to the particular indemnitee and the court has approved indemnification of the litigation costs; or
- a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims against a particular indemnitee and approves indemnification of the settlement and related costs after being advised of the position of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the published opinions of any state securities regulatory authority in which our common stock was offered and sold respecting the availability and/or propriety of indemnification for securities law violations. The soliciting dealer will be required to indemnify us and our advisor against such liabilities.

In the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 is against public policy and, therefore, unenforceable. The managing dealer and each of the soliciting dealers may be deemed to be an "underwriter" as that term is defined in the Securities Act of 1933.

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### HOW TO SUBSCRIBE

Investors who meet the suitability standards described above may purchase shares of common stock. See "Who May Invest" and "Plan of Distribution -- Determination of Your Suitability as an Investor," above, for the suitability standards. Investors who want to purchase shares must proceed as follows:

- Read the entire prospectus and the current supplement(s), if any, accompanying the prospectus.
- Complete the execution copy of the subscription agreement. A specimen copy of the subscription agreement, including instructions for completing it, is included in the prospectus as APPENDIX C.
- Deliver a check for the full purchase price of the shares being subscribed for, payable to "LBNA/Escrow Agent for IWRRETI", along with the completed subscription agreement to the soliciting dealer. If you are qualified to participate in this offering, for administrative convenience, the proceeds from your subscription will be deposited in a segregated escrow account with the escrow agent, LaSalle Bank National Association, 120 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois, and will be held in trust for your benefit, pending release to us. Your investment will not be commingled with any other funds. Subscription proceeds are expected to be released to us as subscriptions are accepted. We will accept or reject subscriptions within ten days after we receive them. The name of your soliciting dealer appears on your subscription agreement.

- By executing the subscription agreement and paying the full purchase price for the shares subscribed for, each investor attests that he or she meets the suitability standards as stated in the subscription agreement and agrees to be bound by all of its terms.

In addition, if a subscriber elects the deferred commission option, he or she must do so by completing and signing the subscription agreement/signature page of the form of subscription agreement. The soliciting dealer must also complete and sign the subscription agreement/signature page to acknowledge its agreement to the deferred commission option. This is more fully explained under "Plan of Distribution - Deferred Commission Option."

A sale of the shares may not be completed until at least five business days after the subscriber receives the prospectus. Within 10 days, and generally within 24 hours, of our receipt of each completed subscription agreement, we will accept or reject the subscription. If we accept the subscription, we will mail a confirmation within three days. If for any reason we reject the subscription, we will promptly return the check and the subscription agreement, without interest or deduction, within 10 days after we received it.

An approved trustee must process through us and forward to us subscriptions made through individual retirement accounts, Keogh plans and 401(k) plans. In the case of individual retirement accounts, Keogh plans and 401(k) plan stockholders, we will send the confirmation to the trustee.

You have the option of placing a transfer on death, or TOD, designation on your shares purchased in this offering. A TOD designation transfers ownership of the shares to your designated beneficiary upon your death. This designation may only be made by individuals, not entities, who are the sole or joint owners with right of survivorship of the shares. This option, however, is not available to residents of the States of Louisiana, New York and North Carolina. If you would like to place a transfer on death

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designation on your shares, you must check the TOD box on the subscription agreement and you must complete and return the transfer on death form included as APPENDIX D to this prospectus in order to effect the designation.

You may elect to have any registered investment advisory fees deducted from your account with us and paid directly to your registered investment advisor by completing and signing a letter of instruction (in the form attached as APPENDIX E1 to this prospectus). The letter of instruction will authorize us to deduct a specified dollar amount or percentage of distributions paid by us as advisory fees payable to your registered investment advisor on a periodic basis.

The letter of instruction will be irrevocable and we will continue to pay advisory fees payable from your account until such time as you provide us with a notice (in the form attached as APPENDIX E2 to this prospectus) of your election to terminate deductions from your account for the purposes of such advisory fees.

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### SALES LITERATURE

In addition to and apart from this prospectus, we may use certain supplemental sales material in connection with the offering. This material,

prepared by our advisor, may consist of a brochure describing the advisor and its affiliates and our objectives. The material may also contain pictures and summary descriptions of properties similar to those we intend to acquire that our affiliates have previously acquired. This material may also include audiovisual materials and taped presentations highlighting and explaining various features of the offering, properties of prior real estate programs and real estate investments in general; and articles of incorporation and publications concerning real estate. Business reply cards, introductory letters and seminar invitation forms may be sent to the dealer members of the National Association of Securities Dealers designated by Inland Securities Corporation and prospective investors. No person has been authorized to prepare for, or furnish to, a prospective investor any sales literature other than that described herein and "tombstone" newspaper advertisements or solicitations of interest that are limited to identifying the offering and the location of sources of further information.

The use of any sales materials is conditioned upon filing with, if required, and, if required, clearance by appropriate regulatory agencies. Such clearance (if provided), however, does not indicate that the regulatory agency allowing the use of the materials has passed on the merits of the offering or the adequacy or accuracy of the materials.

This offering is made only by means of this prospectus. Except as described herein, we have not authorized the use of other supplemental literature or sales material in connection with this offering.

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## DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT AND SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAMS

## DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PROGRAM

Our distribution reinvestment program provides our stockholders with an opportunity to purchase additional shares of common stock by reinvesting distributions. A copy of the form of our distribution reinvestment plan is attached as EXHIBIT B to this prospectus. Stockholders who elect to participate in the distribution reinvestment program will authorize us to use distributions payable to them to purchase additional shares of common stock. A participant will not be able to acquire common stock under the program if the purchase would cause it to exceed the 9.8% ownership limit or would violate any of the other share ownership restrictions imposed by our articles of incorporation.

As further explained below, purchases under the distribution reinvestment program are made at a price, \$9.50 per share at first, equal to 95% of the market price of a share of common stock on the date of purchase until such time as our shares are listed on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system. This reduced price reflects a decrease in costs associated with these issuances. Participants in the distribution reinvestment program may also purchase fractional shares of common stock, so that 100% of distributions will be used to acquire common stock. Common stock will be purchased under the distribution reinvestment program on the record date for the distribution used to purchase the common stock. Distributions on common stock acquired under the distribution reinvestment program will be paid at the same time as distributions are paid on common stock purchased outside the program and are calculated with a daily record and distribution declaration date. Each participant agrees that if, at any time prior to listing the common stock on a national stock exchange or inclusion of them for quotation on a national market system, he or she fails to meet the suitability requirements for making an investment in us or cannot make the other representations or warranties set

forth in the subscription agreement, he or she will promptly notify us in writing.

Beginning with the first distribution paid after the effective date of the offering, participants will acquire our shares at a fixed price of \$9.50 per share. This will continue until the earlier of (1) the increase of the public offering price per share of common stock in the offering from \$10 per share, if there is an increase, and (2) the termination of the offering. Thereafter, participants may acquire our shares at a price equal to 95% of the market price of a share on the date of purchase until our shares are listed on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system. In the event of listing or inclusion, we will purchase shares for the distribution reinvestment program on the exchange or market at the prevailing market price. We will then sell the shares to stockholders at that price. The discount from the public offering price per share will not exceed 5% of the market price of a share on the date of purchase. It is possible that a secondary market will develop for the shares, and that the prices on the secondary market will be lower or higher than the price of shares purchased through the distribution reinvestment program. Neither we nor our affiliates will receive a fee for selling shares through the distribution reinvestment program. We do not warrant or guarantee that participants will acquire shares at the lowest possible price through the program.

A participant may stop participating in the distribution reinvestment program at any time without penalty, by delivering written notice to us. Prior to listing the shares on a national securities exchange or including them for quotation on a national market system, any transfer of shares by a participant to a non-participant will terminate participation in the distribution reinvestment program with respect to the transferred shares. Within 90 days after the end of our fiscal year, we will:

issue shares purchased through the distribution reinvestment program during the prior fiscal year, ownership of these shares will be in book-entry form prior to the issuance of certificates; and

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provide each participant with an individualized report on his or her investment, including the purchase date(s), purchase price and number of shares owned, as well as the dates of distribution and amount of distributions received during the prior fiscal year.

The individualized statement to participants will include receipts and purchases relating to each participant's participation in the distribution reinvestment program including the tax consequences relative thereto. The directors, including a majority of independent directors, by majority vote may amend or terminate the distribution reinvestment program upon 30 days notice to participants.

Stockholders who participate in the distribution reinvestment program will recognize dividend income, taxable to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, in the amount and as though they had received the cash rather than purchased shares through the distribution reinvestment program. These deemed dividends will be treated as actual dividends and will retain the character and tax effects applicable to all dividends. In addition, the 5% discount applicable to shares purchased under the dividend reinvestment program will itself be treated as a deemed distribution to the purchaser. Shares received under the distribution reinvestment program will have a holding period, for tax purposes, beginning with the day after purchase, and a tax basis equal to their cost, which is the gross amount of the deemed distribution. See "Federal Income Tax Considerations -- Federal Income Taxation of Stockholders"

for a full discussion of the tax effects of dividend distributions.

As explained under "Description of Securities -- Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer," the shares purchased through the distribution reinvestment program will bear a legend referring to the restrictions on their ownership and transfer.

#### SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

The share repurchase program may, subject to certain restrictions discussed below, provide eligible stockholders with limited, interim liquidity by enabling them to sell shares back to us. The prices at which shares may be sold back to us are as follows:

- One year from the purchase date, at \$9.25 per share;
- Two years from the purchase date, at \$9.50 per share;
- Three years from the purchase date, at \$9.75 per share; and
- Four years from the purchase date, at the greater of: \$10.00 per share; or a price equal to 10 times our "funds available for distribution" per weighted average share outstanding for the prior calendar year.

During any offering, the repurchase price shall be equal to or below the price of the shares offered in any offering. A stockholder must have beneficially held the shares for at least one year prior to offering them for sale to us through the share repurchase program. However, if a stockholder dies, we may waive this one-year holding period for the beneficiaries or heirs, as appropriate.

We will make repurchases under the share repurchase program, if requested by a stockholder, monthly. Subject to funds being available, we will limit the number of shares repurchased during any calendar year to five percent (5%) of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. Funding for the share repurchase program will come exclusively from proceeds we receive from the sale of shares under our distribution reinvestment plan and other operating funds, if any, as the board, at its sole discretion, may reserve for this purpose.

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A stockholder may request that his or her shares be repurchased by submitting a written request, and then generally within one week an assignment form is sent for execution by the stockholder or his custodian/trustee along with a request to return the shares.

At the end of each month, the completed requests are reviewed. It is possible that a stockholder may not have his or her entire request honored due to the funds available. If that were to occur, the shares would then be purchased on a "pro rata basis" and the portion of his or her request unfulfilled would then be held until the next month, unless withdrawn.

We accept shares on a pro rata basis. Consequently, a stockholder might not be able to have us repurchase his or her shares. Therefore, that stockholder might not be able to sell or otherwise liquidate his or her shares and might have to hold his or her shares for an indeterminate period of time.

Following commencement of our offering, we will be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. In this regard, we will

prepare and file with the SEC annual reports on SEC Form 10-K and quarterly reports on SEC Form 10-Q; we will provide copies of these filings to our stockholders regularly following our filing with the SEC. Additionally, we will amend on a quarterly basis the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part; we will distribute to our stockholders the updated prospectus regularly.

Any stockholder who wishes us to repurchase his or her shares must beneficially own the shares for at least one year. Our obligation to repurchase any shares under the program is conditioned upon our having sufficient funds available for repurchase of shares and the other conditions of the plan. The stockholder should direct a written request to Ms. Roberta S. Matlin, Vice President of Administration, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., 2901 Butterfield Road Oak Brook, Illinois 60523. The request must state the name of the person/entity who owns the shares, the date of purchase of the subject shares and the number of shares to be repurchased. We will forward an assignment form to the owner of record of the subject shares for execution. The requesting stockholder must properly execute and return the form along with the shares to be repurchased and evidence that no lien or encumbrance is on the shares. Upon receipt of the form, if satisfactory evidence is not provided, we will conduct a Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) search to ensure that no liens are held against the shares at the cost of \$100 to the stockholder, which will be deducted from the proceeds of the repurchase. We use a third party to conduct this UCC search. The repurchase will occur on a pro rata basis each month assuming all documentation is complete, including a negative response from a UCC search. If the UCC search determines that a lien exists against the shares, we will charge the requesting stockholder for the UCC search. If we do not have sufficient funds available for repurchase of the entire request or we exceed the share limitation, we will purchase only those shares for which we have sufficient funds available or are below the limitation; and we will place the requesting stockholder's request into the next month until funds become available sufficient to complete the transaction or we do not exceed the limitation.

If a stockholder wishes to withdraw his or her request to have his or her shares repurchased, the stockholder must notify us in writing. We will not repurchase that stockholder's shares so long as we receive the written request to withdraw prior to the date we send payment to the applicable stockholder. The requesting stockholder will be responsible for payment of the \$100 UCC search fee even if that stockholder withdraws his or her request, if we have conducted a UCC search.

There is no limit on the number of shares that an individual stockholder may request to be repurchased, subject to the limitations regarding availability of funds and the aggregate amount of stock that we are permitted to purchase under the program.

Payment for repurchased shares from the time of the initial request to receipt of the funds is usually three to four weeks dependent upon receipt of the executed assignment form and shares, and

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completion of a UCC search to ensure that no liens are held against the stock or other satisfactory evidence.

The board, at its sole discretion, may choose to terminate the share repurchase program after the end of the offering period, or reduce the number of shares purchased under the program, if it determines that the funds allocated to the share repurchase program are needed for other purposes, such as the acquisition, maintenance or repair of properties, or for use in making a declared distribution. A determination by the board to eliminate or reduce the

share repurchase program will require the unanimous affirmative vote of the independent directors.

We cannot guarantee that the funds set aside for the share repurchase program will be sufficient to accommodate all requests made each year. If no funds are available for the program when repurchase is requested, the stockholder may withdraw the request, or ask that we honor the request when funds are available. Pending requests would be pro rated, depending upon availability of funds.

Stockholders are not required to sell their shares to us. The share repurchase program is only intended to provide interim liquidity for stockholders until a liquidity event occurs, such as the listing of the shares on a national securities exchange, inclusion of the shares for quotation on a national market system, or our merger with a listed company. The share repurchase plan will be terminated if the shares become listed on a national securities exchange or included for quotation on a national market system. We cannot guarantee that a liquidity event will occur.

Shares we purchase under the share repurchase program will be canceled, and will have the status of authorized but unissued shares. Shares we acquire through the share repurchase program will not be reissued unless they are first registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933 and under appropriate state securities laws or otherwise issued in compliance with such laws.

If we terminate, reduce or otherwise change the share repurchase program, we will send a letter to stockholders informing them of the change at least 30 days in advance, and we will disclose the changes in quarterly reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 10-Q.

See "Plan of Distribution -- Deferred Commission Option" for an explanation of what will be required of the stockholder if the stockholder has elected the deferred commission option and subsequently elects to participate in our share repurchase program while there is an unpaid portion of the remaining deferred commission obligation.

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### REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS

Our advisor will keep, or cause to be kept, full and true books of account on an accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. All of these books of account, together with a copy of our articles of incorporation, will at all times be maintained at our principal office, and will be open to inspection, examination and duplication at reasonable times by the stockholders or their agents.

The advisor will submit to each stockholder our audited annual reports within 120 days following the close of each fiscal year. The annual reports will contain the following:

- audited financial statements;
- the ratio of the costs of raising capital during the period to the capital raised;
- the aggregate amount of advisory fees and the aggregate amount of fees paid to the advisor and any affiliate of the advisor, including fees

or charges paid to the advisor and to any affiliate of the advisor by third parties doing business with us;

- our total operating expenses, stated as a percentage of the average assets and as a percentage of net income;
- a report from the independent directors that the policies we follow are in the best interests of our stockholders and the basis for such determination; and
- separately stated, full disclosure of all material terms, factors and circumstances surrounding any and all transactions involving us, the directors, the advisor and any of their affiliates occurring in the year for which the annual report is made. Independent directors are specifically charged with the duty to examine and comment in the report on the fairness of such transactions.

In addition, unaudited quarterly reports containing the information required by Form 10-Q will be submitted to each stockholder within 60 days after the end of the first three fiscal quarters.

At the same time as any distribution, we will provide stockholders with a statement disclosing the source of the funds distributed. If the information is not available when the distribution is made, we will provide a statement setting forth the reasons why the information is not available. In no event will the information be provided to stockholders more than 60 days after we make the distribution.

Within 60 days following the end of any calendar quarter during the period of the offering in which we have closed an acquisition of a property, we will submit a report to each stockholder containing:

- the location and a description of the general character of the property acquired during the quarter;
- the present or proposed use of the property and its suitability and adequacy for that use;
- the terms of any material leases affecting the property;

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- the proposed method of financing, if any, including estimated down payment, leverage ratio, prepaid interest, balloon payment(s), prepayment penalties, "due-on-sale" or encumbrance clauses and possible adverse effects thereof and similar details of the proposed financing plan; and
- a statement that title insurance has been or will be obtained on the property acquired.
- In addition, we will send a report to each stockholder and submit to prospective investors when the advisor believes a property will probably be acquired:
- on specified terms, i.e., upon completion of due diligence which includes review of the title insurance commitment, appraisal and environmental analysis; and
- involving the use of 10% or more, on a cumulative basis, of the net proceeds of the offering.

After the completion of the last acquisition, the advisor will, upon request, send a schedule to the Commissioner of Corporations of the State of California. The schedule, verified under the penalty of perjury, reflects: each acquisition made; the purchase price paid; the aggregate of all acquisition expenses paid on each transaction; and a computation showing compliance with our articles of incorporation. We will, upon request, submit to the Commissioner of Corporations of the State of California or to any of the various state securities administrators, any report or statement required to be distributed to stockholders pursuant to our articles of incorporation or any applicable law or regulation.

The accountants we regularly retain will prepare our federal tax return and any applicable state income tax returns. We will submit appropriate tax information to the stockholders within 30 days following the end of each of our fiscal years. We will not provide a specific reconciliation between generally accepted accounting principles and income tax information to the stockholders. However, the reconciling information will be available in our office for inspection and review by any interested stockholder. Annually, at the same time as the dissemination of appropriate tax information to stockholders, we will provide each stockholder with an individualized report on his or her investment, including the purchase date(s), purchase price and number of shares owned, as well as the dates of distribution and amounts of distributions received during the prior fiscal year. The individualized statement to stockholders will include any purchases of shares under the distribution reinvestment program. Stockholders requiring individualized reports on a more frequent basis may request these reports. We will make every reasonable effort to supply more frequent reports, as requested, but we may, at our sole discretion, require payment of an administrative charge either directly by the stockholder, or through pre-authorized deductions from distributions payable to the stockholder making the request.

See "Risk Factors -- Employee Benefit Plan Risks" for an explanation of the annual statement of value we provide to stockholders subject to ERISA.

## PRIVACY POLICY NOTICE

To help you understand how we protect your personal information, we have included our Privacy Policy Notice as APPENDIX G to this Prospectus. This Notice describes our current privacy policy and practices. Should you decide to establish or continue a shareholder relationship with us, we will advise you of our policy and practices at least once annually, as required by law.

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# LITIGATION

We are not subject to any material pending legal proceedings.

## RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

We have entered into agreements to pay our advisor and its affiliates certain fees or other compensation for providing services to us. The compensation arrangements between us and our advisor, The Inland Group and its affiliates, were not determined by arm's-length negotiations. See "Conflicts of Interest." The following table discloses the compensation which we may pay our advisor and its affiliates. In those instances in which there are maximum amounts or ceilings on the compensation which may be received, our advisor and its affiliates may not recover any excess amounts for those services by reclassifying them under a different compensation or fee category.

We define net income as total revenues less expenses other than additions to reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. When we use the term "net income" for purposes of calculating some expenses and fees, it excludes the gain from the sale of our assets. This definition of net income is prescribed by the Statement of Policy Regarding REITs adopted by the North American Securities Administrators Association, Inc., or NASAA; but it is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, because depreciation and other non-cash reserves are not deducted in determining net income under the NASAA REIT Statement. Excluding depreciation will result in not reimbursing our Advisor for a non-cash expenditure and not excluding the gain from the sale of our assets could result in greater net income on which the 25% reimbursement to our Advisor is allowed.

## NONSUBORDINATED PAYMENTS

The following aggregate amounts of compensation, allowances and fees we may pay to our advisor and its affiliates are not subordinated to the returns on net investments that we are required to pay to our stockholders.

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

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ESTIMA DOLI

#### OFFERING STAGE

as soliciting dealers.

Selling commissions payable We will pay a selling commission of 7.5% of the managing dealer and the sale price for each share (and reallow incurred \$77,907 dealers designated by the managing dealers referred to under the circumstances as described in the initial public of the managing dealers referred to under the circumstances as described in the initial public of the managing dealers referred to under the circumstances as described in the initial public of the managing dealers referred to under the circumstances as described in the managing dealers. "Plan of Distribution - Compensation - We Will to sell 250,000, Pay For the Sale of Our Shares."

> We will permit the managing dealer and its actual amount we respective officers and employees and certain offering depends of its affiliates to purchase shares net of shares sold. A sales commissions and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance or for \$8.95 per share; however, any there are no spe subsequent purchases of shares by any such persons are limited to a maximum discount of

Also, soliciting dealers and their respective officers and employees and certain of their respective affiliates who request and are entitled

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common stock at our initial publ in selling commi if the maximum o

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

ESTIMA DOTIT

to purchase shares net of selling commissions may make an initial purchase of shares net of sales commissions or for \$9.30 per share;

due diligence expense allowance paid to the managing dealer and soliciting dealers.

however, any subsequent purchases of shares by any such persons are limited to a maximum discount of 5%.

Marketing contribution and We will pay an amount equal to 2.5% of the gross offering proceeds to the managing incurred \$10,546 dealer, all or a portion of which may be contributions and passed on to soliciting dealers, in lieu of expense allowance reimbursement of specific expenses associated our initial publ with marketing. We may pay an additional 0.5% actual amount of of the gross offering proceeds to the managing contribution and dealer, which may be passed on to the soliciting dealers, for due diligence expenses. We will not pay the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance in connection with any special maximum number of sales, except those receiving volume discounts approximately \$7 and those described in "Plan of Distribution -Volume Discounts."

Through June 30, expense allowance this offering wi number of shares no special sales paid for the mar and the due dili allowance.

Reimbursable expenses and other expenses of issuance and distribution

We expect to incur the following expenses in All amounts other connection with this offering: Securities and Exchange Commission registration Tee \$ 340,823

NASD filing fee \$ 30 500 Printing and mailing

\$ 4,250,000 expenses Blue Sky fees and expenses \$ 136,000 Legal fees and \$ 900,000 expenses Accounting fees and \$ 650,000 expenses Advertising and sales literature \$ 5,500,000 \$ 800,000 Transfer Agent fees Data processing fees \$ 500,000 Bank fees and other administrative \$ 200,000

and Exchange Com fee and the NASD estimates. The these expenses of at the present t total amount of distribution exp approximately \$1 June 30, 2004, w \$666,107 of reim our advisor in c initial public o addition, as of our advisor had of approximately payment of offer non-affiliated t connection with offering, all of

If the aggregate of all offering expenses, including selling commissions, the marketing reimbursable exp contribution and due diligence expense allowance, exceeds 15% of the gross offering proceeds, of if the aggregate of all offering expenses advance expenses, excluding the selling expenses, maximum number of exceeds 5.5% of the gross offering proceeds, this offering. our advisor or its affiliates will promptly pay the excess and we will have no liability 
If this offering for these expenses at any time afterward. 
then for these expenses at any time afterward.

Our sponsor has with this offeri up to \$14,807,32

repaid.

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expenses

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPTENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

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ESTIMA DOTIT

our sponsor will for the offering it has not been

#### ACOUISITION STAGE

Acquisition expenses paid to We will pay an amount, estimated to be up to our advisor's affiliates, 0.5% of the total of (1) the gross offering for the reimburs Inland Real Estate proceeds from the sale of 250,000,000 shares, expenses if the Acquisitions, Inc. and The (2) the gross proceeds from the sale of up to shares are sold Inland Real Estate Group, Inc. 20,000,000 shares pursuant to the distribution 20,000,000 share reinvestment programs. The acquisition expenses for any particular property will not program.

However, the act reinvestment programs. The acquisition property.

We may pay no mo

However, if we request additional services, the compensation will be provided on separate agreed-upon terms and the rate will be approved by a majority of disinterested directors, including a majority of the disinterested independent directors, as fair and reasonable for us.

determined at th

Corporation in connection with loans.

Interest expenses paid to our We may borrow money from our advisor and its The actual amount advisor and Inland Mortgage affiliates in order to acquire properties. In actual borrowing such instances, we will pay our advisor and amounts cannot be its affiliates interest at prevailing market present time. rates.

## OPERATIONAL STAGE

management of the properties.

Property management fee paid We will pay a monthly fee of 4.5% of the gross For the year end to our property managers, income from the properties. We will also pay and the six mont Inland US Management LLC, a monthly fee for any extra services equal to no more than 90% of that which would be property management LLC and Inland Pacific payable to an unrelated party providing the services. The property managers may \$1,154,272 were Management LLC. We will pay services. The property managers may the fee for services in subcontract their duties for a fee that may be connection with the rental, leasing, operation and management services agreements.

\$1,154,272 were Management LLC, Management LLC a Management LLC. businesses of ou property manager management fees actual amounts w future are depen operations and, determined at th

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TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

ESTIMA DOLI

Advisors asset management We will pay our advisor an asset management As of June 30, 2 fee. We will pay the fee for fee after our stockholders have first received or accrued any a

services in connection with a 6% annual return. our day-to-day operations, including making strategic decisions, performing day-to-day operations that include accounting, investment advisory services, risk management services and tax reduction services and providing other services as our board deems appropriate.

management fees. we will incur in dependent upon r and, therefore, at the present t

independent parties.

Reimbursable expenses to our We will reimburse some expenses of the advisor. These may include costs of goods and services, administrative services and non-supervisory services performed directly for us by rewrit remindire some expenses of the advisor. The compensation and reimbursements results of operation advisor will be approved by a majority cannot be determined to our directors and a majority of our time.

The actual amoun

coverage.

We will reimburse some Inland Risk and Insurance Management Services The actual amount expenses of the Inland Risk charges us \$50 per hour for assistance in results of operation and Insurance Management obtaining insurance coverage. Any commissions cannot be determined to they receive are credited against this hourly time. rate. We believe this hourly rate is approximately 90% of the rate charged by unaffiliated third parties. The compensation to this company will be approved by a majority of our directors and a majority of our independent directors as fair and reasonable for us.

We will compensate the Inland Inland Mortgage Servicing Corporation charges For the year end Mortgage Servicing Corporation and Inland Mortgage Investment

us .03% per year on the first billion dollars and the six mont of mortgages serviced and .01% thereafter. 2004 we have inclined Mortgage Investment Communication charges

For the year end and the six mont of mortgages serviced and .01% thereafter. 2004 we have inclined mortgage Investment Communication charges Corporation for purchase, us .02% of the principal amount of each loan sale and servicing of placed. The compensation to these companies the year ended of the six months endirectors and a majority of our independent directors as fair and reasonable for us.

Single Analyzio, less and v21,270, less an directors as fair and reasonable for us.

\$1,122,042, resp Mortgage Investm

The actual amoun the future are d of operations an be determined at

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TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPIENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

ESTIMA DOLI

### LIQUIDATION STAGE

Property disposition fee We may pay a property disposition fee to our payable to our advisor's advisor and its affiliates if we sell any of depend upon the

affiliates, Inland Real Estate Sales, Inc. and Inland lesser of: Partnership Property Sales Corp.

our real property in an amount equal to the

- 3% of the contract sales price of the property; or
- 50% of the customary commission which would be paid to a third party broker for the sale of a comparable property.

The amount paid, when added to the sums paid to unaffiliated parties, will not exceed either the customary commission or an amount equal to 6% of the contracted for sales price. Payment of such fees will be made only if the advisor provides a substantial service in connection with the sale of the property. See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement."

properties and, determined at th we acquire the a disposition fee

## SUBORDINATED PAYMENTS

We may pay the following additional fees to our advisor after returns on net investment have been paid to the stockholders:

TYPE OF COMPENSATION AND RECIPTENT

METHOD OF COMPENSATION

ESTIMAT DOT.T.A

### OPERATIONAL STAGE

payable to our advisor.

Advisor asset management fee We pay an annual advisor asset management fee The actual amount of not more than 1% of our average assets. depend upon the Our average assets means the average of the total book value including acquired be determined at intangibles of our real estate assets plus the 
If we acquire the total value of our loans receivables secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation or bad debts or other similar non-cash reserves. We will compute our average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month during the quarter for which we are calculating the fee. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which we qualify as a REIT, our advisor must reimburse us for the following amounts if any:

> (1) the amounts by which our total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the

advisor asset ma cease.

#### greater of:

- 2% of our average assets for that fiscal year, or
- 25% of our net income for that fiscal year.
- (2) plus an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% annual return on the net investment of stockholders.

Items such as organization and offering expenses, property expenses, interest payments, taxes, non-cash expenditures, the incentive advisory fee and acquisition expenses are excluded from the definition of total operating expenses.

See "Management -- Our Advisory Agreement" for an explanation of circumstances where the excess amount specified in clause (1) may not need to be reimbursed.

## LIQUIDATION STAGE

Incentive advisory fee payable to our advisor.

We will pay to the advisor an amount equal to 15% of the net proceeds from the sale of a property after the stockholders have first received:

- (1) a cumulative non-compounded return equal to 10% a year on their net investment; and
- (2) their net investment.

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## LEGAL MATTERS

Duane Morris LLP, Washington, D.C., has passed upon the legality of the common stock and Duane Morris LLP, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, has passed upon legal matters in connection with our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. Duane Morris LLP is generally referred to in this prospectus as Duane Morris. Duane Morris does not purport to represent our stockholders or potential investors, who should consult their own counsel. Duane Morris also provides legal services to affiliates of our advisor.

Duane Morris has reviewed the statements in the section in the prospectus titled "Federal Income Tax Considerations" and elsewhere as they relate to federal income tax matters and the statements in the section in the prospectus

The actual amoundepend upon the properties and, be determined at If we acquire or the business conadvisor, the incomil terminate.

titled "ERISA Considerations."

#### EXPERTS

The following financial statements have been included herein in reliance upon the reports of KPMG LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing:

- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Shops at Park Place for the year ended December 31, 2002, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Darien Towne Center for the year ended December 31, 2002, the year ended December 31, 2002, the year ended December 31, 2003, the year ended Dec
- the year ended December 31, 2002,
  the combined historical summary of gross income
  and direct operating expenses of Properties
  Acquired from Thomas Enterprises for the year

  the year ended December 31, 2003,
  the year ended December 31, 2003,
  the historical summary of gross income
  direct operating expenses of Heritage
  Crossing for the year ended December 31, 2003,
  the year ended ended December 31, 2003,
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Hickory Ridge for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Paradis Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operation ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operation ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operation ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operation ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of CorWest Plaza for the period from May 29, 2003 through December

  2003,

  the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Best on Boulevard for the year ended December 31, 2003,
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Metro Square Center (SuperValue) for the year ended December 31, for the year ended December 31, 2003 2003.

- 2003,

- 2003,
  the historical summary of gross income and the historical summary of gross income direct operating expenses of Larkspur Landing direct operating expenses of North F Center for the period of October 1, (commencement of operations) to Dece 2003,

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- for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of MacArthur Crossing for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Watauga for the period of August 15, 2003
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Promenade at Red Cliff for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Huebner Oaks Center direct operating expenses of Plaza S

- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of North Ranch
  Pavilion for the year ended December 31, 2003,
  the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of La Plaza Del Norte for the year ended December 31, 2003,

  The historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of La Plaza Del Norte for the year ended December 31, 2003,

  The historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Eastwood Center for the year ended December 31, 2003,

  The historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Eastwood Center for the year ended December 31, 2003,

  - (commencement of operations) to Dece 2003,

- for the year ended December 31, 2003, the consolidated balance sheet of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. as of December

  31, 2003 and the related consolidated statements
  of operations, stockholders, again, 2003 of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003 and related financial statement schedule,
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of John's Creek
  Village for the period from September 21, 2003

  the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Lakewood Center for the year ended December 3 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Fullerton direct operating expenses of Davis T Metrocenter for the year ended December 31, 2003, Crossing for the period from July 18
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Northgate North for the year ended December 31, 2003, the historical summary of gross income and
- the year ended December 31, 2003,
  the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Gateway Plaza
  Shopping Center for the year ended December 31, 2003

  Marysville for the year ended December 31, 2003 2003,

for the year ended December 31, 2003

- (commencement of operations) to Dece 2003,
- 2003,

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- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Manchester Meadows for the year ended December 31, 2003, the combined historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses properties owned by Capital Centre,
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Governor's direct operating expenses of Mitchel Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, Plaza for the period from June 30, 2
- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of The Columns for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003,

- the historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of Forks Town Center for the year ended December 31, 2003,

  The historical summary of gross income and direct operating expenses of The Short (commencement of operations) to Dece 2003,
  - Gateway Village Limited Partnership, Square Joint Venture, Towson Circle Venture LLP, and Reisterstown Plaza LLC for the year ended December 31,
  - (commencement of operations) to Dece 2003,
  - the historical summary of gross inco direct operating expenses of Saucon Square for the year ended December 3
  - the historical summary of gross inco direct operating expenses of Lincoln the year ended December 31, 2003.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We are filing this registration statement on Form S-11 with the Securities

and Exchange Commission in connection with our initial public offering. We are required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

This prospectus is part of the registration statement and does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement and all of its exhibits, certificates and schedules. Whenever a reference is made in this prospectus to any contract or other document of ours, the reference may not be complete and you should refer to the exhibits that are a part of the registration statement for a copy of the contract or document.

You can read our registration statement and our future SEC filings over the Internet at www.sec.gov. You may also read and copy any document we file with the SEC at its Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549.

You may also obtain copies of the documents at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1 800 SEC-0330 or e-mail at publicinfo@sec.gov for further information on the operation of the public reference facilities.

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#### INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (c) Consolidated Statement of Operations for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (d) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception)
  December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (e) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (f) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (audited)
- (g) Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2004 (unaudited) and December 31, 2003 (audited)
- h) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, three months ended June 30, 2003, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through June 30, 2003 (unaudited)
- (i) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the six month period ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (j) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for six months ended June 30, 2004, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to June 30, 2003 (unaudited)
- (k) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

- (1) Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited) at June 30, 2004
- (m) Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited) at June 30, 2004
- (n) Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited) for the six months ended June 30,
- (o) Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited) for the six months ended June 30, 2004
- (p) Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the year ended December 31,
- (q) Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for December 31, 2003
- 2. SHOPS AT PARK PLACE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003 (unaudited)

- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003 (unaudited)
- 3. DARIEN TOWN CENTER:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2002
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e
- (d) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 (unaudited)
- (e) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- 4. PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM THOMAS ENTERPRISES IN 2003:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for tyear ended December 31, 2003
- 5. STONY CREEK MARKETPLACE:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 (unaudited)

- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- 6. HICKORY RIDGE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- 7. CORWEST PLAZA:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003

- 8. METRO SQUARE CENTER (SUPERVALUE):
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003
- 9. LARKSPUR LANDING:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003
- 10. NORTH RANCH PAVILION:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003
- 11. LA PLAZA DEL NORTE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003
- 12. MACARTHUR CROSSING:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003
- 13. PROMENADE AT RED CLIFF:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 (unaudited)

- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- 14. PEORIA CROSSNG:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003
- 15. DORMAN CENTRE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e
- 16. HERITAGE TOWNE CROSSING:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December

2003

- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003
- 17. PARADISE VALLEY MARKETPLACE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 18. BEST ON THE BOULEVARD:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

- 19. BLUEBONNET PARE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 20. NORTH RIVERS TOWN CENTER:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period of October 1 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months end March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 21. ARVADA MARKETPLACE AND CONNECTION:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 22. EASTWOOD TOWNE CENTER:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 23. WATAUGA PAVILION:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period of August 15 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months end March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

- 24. NORTHPOINTE PLAZA:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 25. PLAZA SANTA FE II:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 26. PINE RIDGE PLAZA:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

- 27. HUEBNER OAKS CENTER:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- 28. JOHN'S CREEK VILLAGE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from Septemb 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 3 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months en June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

- 29. LAKEWOOD TOWN CENTER
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 30. FULLERTON METROCENTER:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 31. DAVIS TOWNE CROSSING:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 18 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended J 30, 2004 (unaudited)

- 32. NORTHGATE NORTH:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 33. CRANBERRY SQUARE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

- 34. GATEWAY PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 35. SAFEWAY PLAZA AT MARYSVILLE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 36. FORKS TOWN CENTER:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 37. CAPITAL CENTRE, LLC, GATEWAY VILLAGE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, BEL AIR SQUARE JOINT VENTURE, TOWS CIRCLE JOINT VENTURE LLP AND REISTERSTOWN PLAZA HOLDINGS, LLC:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for t year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 38. THE SHOPS AT BOARDWALK:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months end June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

- 39. MANCHESTER MEADOWS:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 40. GOVERNOR'S MARKETPLACE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 41. MITCHELL RANCH PLAZA:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from June 30 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months en June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 42. THE COLUMNS:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from October 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 43. SAUCON VALLEY SQUARE:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

- 44. LINCOLN PARK:
- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year e December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 45. SHOPPES AT PROMINENCE POINT:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 46. LOW COUNTRY VILLAGE:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from Februar 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from February 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 47. SHOPPES AT DALLAS:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

- 48. DORMAN CENTRE PHASE II:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 49. VILLAGE SHOPPES AT SIMONTON:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 1, (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 50. HARVEST TOWN CENTER:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year education December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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- 51. BED, BATH & BEYOND PLAZA:
- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 3 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 3, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.:

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (the Company) as listed in the accompanying index. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited the financial statement schedule as listed in the accompanying index. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit

includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 13, 2004

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Balance Sheet

December 31, 2003

ASSETS

Investment properties: Land Building and other improvements	\$	36,280,244 86,439,670
Less accumulated depreciation		122,719,914 (140,497)
Net investment properties		122,579,417
Cash and cash equivalents		64,381,134
Accounts and rents receivable		1,147,551
Due from affiliates		918 <b>,</b> 750
Note receivable		7,552,155
Acquired in-place lease intangibles (net of accumulated		
amortization of \$51,773)		8,753,908
Acquired above market lease intangibles (net of accumulated		
amortization of \$5,227)		1,590,446
Loan fees (net of accumulated amortization of \$24,835)		1,434,160
Other assets		3,744,642
Total assets	\$	212,102,163
	_===	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Balance Sheet (continued)

December 31, 2003

## LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	505,448
Accrued offering costs due to affiliates		1,369,366
Accrued real estate taxes		1,392,069
Distributions payable		927,539
Security deposits		108,189
Mortgages payable		29,627,000
Line of credit		5,000,000
Prepaid rental and recovery income		104,756
Advances from sponsor		1,202,519
Acquired below market lease intangibles (net of accumulated		, , , , , ,
amortization of \$15,386)		5,910,413
Other liabilities		71,927
Due to affiliates		2,154,158
Total liabilities		48,373,384
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares		
authorized, none outstanding		-
Common stock, \$.001 par value, 250,000,000 shares		
authorized, 18,737,141 shares issued and outstanding		18,737
Additional paid in capital (net of offering costs of		
\$22,144,814 of which \$1,369,366 was paid or accrued to		
affiliates)		165,168,650
Accumulated distributions in excess of net loss		(1,458,608)
Total stockholders' equity		163,728,779
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)		
Total lishilities and stankaldovel assitu	ć	212 102 162
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	Ş	212,102,163

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Statement of Operations

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003

Income: Rental income Real estate tax recovery income Common area costs recovery income Interest income	\$	606,645 95,654 42,334 37,648
Total income		782 <b>,</b> 281
Expenses: Professional services General and administrative expenses to affiliates General and administrative expenses to non-affiliates Property operating expenses to affiliates Property operating expenses to non-affiliates Real estate tax Interest Depreciation Amortization Acquisition cost expenses to affiliates Acquisition cost expenses to non-affiliates		88,058 104,259 127,896 16,627 30,963 95,654 135,735 140,497 76,608 7,563 131,700
Total expenses		955,560
Net loss	\$	(173,279)
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$ =====	(.07)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	=====	2,520,986 

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003

	NUMBER OF SHARES	COMMON STOCK	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL
Balance at March 5, 2003 (inception)	-	-	-
Net loss	-	_	_
Distributions declared (\$.15 per weighted			
average number of common shares outstanding)	_	_	_
Proceeds from offering	18,718,092	18,718	187,127,565
Offering costs	_	_	(22,144,814)
Proceeds from DRP	19,049	19	180,949
Common stock option expense	_	_	4,950
Balance at December 31, 2003	18,737,141	\$ 18 <b>,</b> 737	\$ 165,168,650

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003

Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	173,279) 140,497 76,608 5,227 (15,386) 4,950
operating activities: Depreciation Amortization	76,608 5,227 (15,386)
Depreciation Amortization	76,608 5,227 (15,386)
Amortization	76,608 5,227 (15,386)
	5,227 (15,386)
Amortization on acquired above market leases	(15,386)
•	. ,
Amortization on acquired below market leases	1 950
Stock option expense	4,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts and rents receivable (1,1	147,551)
Accrued real estate taxes 1,2	240,567
1 1	306,996
Prepaid rental and recovery income	104,756
Other liabilities	71,927
Security deposits	108 <b>,</b> 189
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	723 <b>,</b> 501
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of investment properties (122,	719,914)
Acquired above market leases (1,5	595,673)
Acquired in place lease intangibles (8,8	805,681)
Acquired below market leases 5,9	925 <b>,</b> 799
Other assets (8	830,697)

Funding of note receivable Due to affiliates	(7,552,155) 2,154,158
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(133,424,163)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from offering	187,146,283
Proceeds from the DRP	180,968
Payment of offering costs	(20,775,448)
Loan proceeds	29,627,000
Proceeds from unsecured line of credit	5,000,000
Loan fees	(4,022,986)
Distributions paid	(357,790)
Due from affiliates	(918,750)
Advances from sponsor	1,202,519
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	197,081,796

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period	\$	64,381,134
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$ ====	64,381,134
Supplement disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$	135,735
Supplement schedule of non-cash financing activities:		
Distributions payable	\$	927 <b>,</b> 539
Accrued offering costs payable	\$	1,369,366

See accompanying notes to financial statements

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2003

### (1) Organization

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (the "Company") was formed on March 5, 2003 to acquire and manage a diversified portfolio of real estate, primarily multi-tenant shopping centers. The Advisory Agreement provides for Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. (the "Advisor"), an Affiliate of the Company, to be the Advisor to the Company. On September 15, 2003, the Company commenced an initial public offering of up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 each and the issuance of 20,000,000 shares at \$9.50 each which may be distributed pursuant to the Company's distribution reinvestment program.

The Company is qualified and has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for federal income tax purposes commencing with the tax year ending December 31, 2003. Since the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent it distributes at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, the Company will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate tax rates. Even if the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company may be subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property and federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.

The Company provides the following programs to facilitate investment in the Company's shares and to provide limited liquidity for stockholders.

The Company allows stockholders who purchase shares in the offering to purchase additional shares from the Company by automatically reinvesting distributions through the distribution reinvestment program ("DRP"), subject to certain share ownership restrictions. Such purchases under the DRP are not be subject to selling commissions or the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance, and are made at a price of \$9.50 per share.

The Company will repurchase shares under the share repurchase program ("SRP"), if requested, at least once quarterly on a first-come, first-served basis, subject to certain restrictions. Subject to funds being available, the Company will limit the number of shares repurchased during any calendar year to 5% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. Funding for the SRP will come exclusively from proceeds that the Company receives from the sale of shares under the DRP and such other operating funds, if any, as the Company's board of directors, at its sole discretion, may reserve for this purpose. The board, at its sole discretion, may choose to terminate the share repurchase program after the end of the offering period, or reduce the number of shares purchased under the program, if it determines that the funds allocated to the SRP are needed for other purposes, such as the acquisition, maintenance or repair of properties, or for use in making a declared distribution. A determination by the board to eliminate or reduce the share repurchase program will require the unanimous affirmative vote of the independent directors. As of December 31, 2003, no shares have been repurchased by the Company.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the

Company, as well as all wholly owned subsidiaries. Wholly owned subsidiaries generally consist of limited liability companies ("LLC's"). The effects of all significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America ("GAAP") requires management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are classified as cash equivalents.

Costs associated with the offering are deferred and charged against the gross proceeds of the offering upon closing. Formation and organizational costs are expensed as incurred. As of December 31, 2003, \$7,500 of organizational costs were expensed.

The Company applies the fair value method of accounting as prescribed by SFAS No. 123, ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION for its stock options granted. Under this method, the Company will report the value of granted options as a charge against earnings ratably over the vesting period.

Real estate acquisitions are recorded at costs less accumulated depreciation. Ordinary repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation expense is computed using the straight line method. Building and improvements are depreciated based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for building and improvements and 15 years for site improvements.

The Company performed an impairment analysis for its long-lived assets in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144 ("SFAS 144") to ensure that the investment property's carrying value does not exceed its fair value. The valuation analysis performed by the Company was based upon many factors which require difficult, complex or subjective judgments to be made. Such assumptions include projecting vacancy rates, rental rates, operating expenses, lease terms, tenant financial strength, economy, demographics, property location, capital expenditures and sales value among other assumptions to be made upon valuing each property. This valuation is sensitive to the actual results of any of these uncertain factors, either individually or taken as a whole. Based upon the Company's judgment, no impairment was warranted as of December 31, 2003.

Tenant improvements are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease as a component of amortization expense.

Leasing fees are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related

lease.

Loan fees are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related loans.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

The Company allocates the purchase price of the each acquired investment property between land, building and improvements, acquired above market and below market leases, in-place lease value, customer relationship value, and any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. The allocation of the purchase price is an area that requires judgment and significant estimates. The Company uses the information contained in the independent appraisal obtained at acquisition as the primary basis for the allocation to land and building and improvements. The aggregate value of intangibles is measured based on the difference between the stated price and the property value as if vacant. The Company determines whether any financing assumed is above or below market based upon comparison to similar financing terms for similar investment properties. The Company also allocates a portion of the purchase price to the estimated acquired in-place lease costs based on estimated lease execution costs for similar leases and we consider various factors including geographic location and size of leased space. The Company also evaluates each acquired lease based upon current market rates at the acquisition date and we consider various factors including geographical location, size and location of leased space within the investment property, tenant profile, and the credit risk of the tenant in determining whether the acquired lease is above or below market lease costs. After an acquired lease is determined to be above or below market lease costs, the Company allocates a portion of the purchase price to such above or below acquired lease costs based upon the present value of the difference between the contractual lease rate and the estimated market rate. The determination of the discount rate used in the present value calculation is based upon the "risk free rate." This discount rate is a significant factor in determining the market valuation which requires our judgment of subjective factors such as market knowledge, economic, demographics, location, visibility, location, age and physical condition of the property.

The application of SFAS 141 and SFAS 142 resulted in the recognition upon acquisition of additional intangible assets and liabilities relating to the 2003 real estate acquisitions. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market lease costs and acquired below market lease costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to rental income. Amortization pertaining to the above market lease costs of \$5,227 was applied as a reduction to rental income for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. Amortization pertaining to the below market lease costs of \$15,386 was applied as an increase to rental income for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. The table below presents the amortization during the next five years related to the acquired above market lease costs and the below market lease costs for properties owned at December 31, 2003:

Amortization of: 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereaft

Acquired above market lease costs	(431,185)	(431,185)	(429,043)	(37,016)	(37,016)	(225,00
Acquired below market lease costs	582 <b>,</b> 355	582 <b>,</b> 355	582 <b>,</b> 355	561,053	531,230	3,071,06
Net rental income increase / (decrease)	151,170	151 <b>,</b> 170	153,312	524,037	494,214	2,846,06
Acquired in place lease intangibles	963,821	963,821	963 <b>,</b> 821	963,821	963,821	3,934,80

The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired in-place lease intangibles are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease. We incurred amortization expense pertaining to acquired in-place lease intangibles of \$51,773 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003.

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

Rental income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of each lease. The difference between rental income earned on a straight-line basis and the cash rent due under the provisions of the lease agreements is recorded as deferred rent receivable and is included as a component of accounts and rents receivable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The carrying amount of the Company's debt approximates fair value. The carrying amount of the Company's other financial instruments approximate fair value because of the relatively short maturity of these instruments.

Staff Accounting Bulletin 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" ("SAB 101"), determined that a lessor should defer recognition of contingent rental income (i.e. percentage/excess rent) until the specified target (i.e. breakpoint) that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. The Company records percentage rental revenue in accordance with the SAB 101.

#### (3) Transactions with Affiliates

The Advisor contributed \$200,000 to the capital of the Company for which it received 20,000 shares of common stock.

As of December 31, 2003, the Company had incurred \$22,144,814 of offering costs. Pursuant to the terms of the offering, the Advisor has guaranteed payment of all public offering expenses (excluding sales commissions and the marketing contribution and the due diligence expense allowance) in excess of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the offering or all organization and offering expenses (including selling commissions) which together exceed 15% of gross proceeds. As of December 31, 2003, offering costs did not exceed the 5.5% and 15% limitations. The Company anticipates that these costs will not exceed these limitations upon completion of the offering.

Certain compensation and fees payable to the Advisor for services to be provided to the Company are limited to maximum amounts.

Nonsubordinated payments:

#### Offering stage:

Selling commissions 7.5% of the sale price for each share

Marketing contribution 3.0% of the gross offering proceeds and due diligence

Reimbursable expenses and other expenses of

allowance

We will reimburse our sponsor for actual costs incurred

behalf, in connection with the offering

issuance

Acquisition stage:

Acquisition expenses

We will reimburse an affiliate of our Advisor for costs on our behalf, in connection with the acquisition of pr

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

#### Operational stage:

BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH THE PROPERTY MANAGEMENT COMPANY.

Property management fee 4.5% of the gross income from the properties.

THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A (cannot exceed 90% of the fee which would be payable to an unrelated third party)

Loan servicing fee

.03% of the total principal amount of the loans being s For each full year, up to the first \$100 million and a percentage on a sliding scale thereafter

Other property level services

Compensation for these services will not exceed 90% of would be paid to any third party for such services

Reimbursable expenses services

The compensation and reimbursements to our Advisor and relating to administrative its affiliates will be approved by a majority of our di

### Liquidation stage:

Property disposition fee THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH

Lesser of 3% of sales price or 50% of the customary commission which would be commission which would be paid to a third party

THE ADVISOR

Subordinated payments:

Operational stage:

THE ADVISOR

Advisor asset management fee Not more than 1% per annum of our average assets;
THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A Subordinated to a non-cumulative, non-compounded return equal to 6% per annum

Liquidation stage:

Incentive advisory fee THIS FEE TERMINATES UPON A BUSINESS COMBINATION WITH THE ADVISOR

After the stockholders have first received a 10% cumula non-compounded return per year and a return of their ne an incentive advisory fee equal to 15% on net proceeds from the sale of a property will be paid to the Advisor

On October 31, 2003, the Company acquired an existing shopping center known as The Shops at Park Place through the purchase of all of the membership interests of the general partner and the membership interests of the limited partner of the limited partnership holding title to this property. The center contains approximately 116,300 gross leasable square feet and is located in Plano, Texas. An affiliate of our Advisor, Inland Park Place Limited Partnership, acquired this property on September 30, 2003 from CDG Park Place LLC, an unaffiliated third party for \$23,868,000. Inland Park Place Limited Partnership agreed to sell this property to the Company when sufficient funds from the sale of shares to acquire

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

December 31, 2003

this property were raised. Inland Park Place Limited Partnership agreed to sell this property to the Company for the price the affiliate paid to the unaffiliated third party, plus any actual costs incurred. The Company's board of directors unanimously approved acquiring this property, including a unanimous vote of the independent directors. The total acquisition cost to the Company was \$24,000,000, which included \$132,000 of costs incurred by the affiliate.

The Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for salaries and expenses of employees of the Advisor and its affiliates relating to the offering. In addition, an affiliate of the Advisor is entitled to receive selling commissions, and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance from the Company in connection with the offering. Such costs are offset against the Stockholders' equity accounts. Such costs totaled \$16,859,779 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, of which \$1,369,366 was unpaid at December 31, 2003.

The Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for general and

administrative costs of the Advisor and its affiliates relating to our administration. Such costs are included in general and administrative expenses to affiliates, professional services to affiliates, and acquisition cost expenses to affiliates, in addition to costs that were capitalized pertaining to property acquisitions. During the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, the Company incurred \$194,017 of these costs, of which \$40,703 remained unpaid as of December 31, 2003.

An affiliate of the Advisor provides loan servicing to the Company for an annual fee. The agreement allows for annual fees totaling .05% of the first \$100,000,000 in mortgage balance outstanding and .03% of the remaining mortgage balance, payable monthly. Such fees totaled \$328 in the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003.

The Company used the services of an affiliate of the Advisor to facilitate the mortgage financing that the Company obtained on some of the properties purchased. Such costs are capitalized as loan fees and amortized over the respective loan term. During the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, the Company paid loan fees totaling \$59,523 to this affiliate.

The property managers, entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of the Advisor, are entitled to receive property management fees totaling 4.5% of gross operating income, for management and leasing services. The Company incurred and paid property management fees of \$16,627 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. None remained unpaid as of December 31, 2003.

The Company established a discount stock purchase policy for affiliates of the Company and the Advisor that enables the affiliates to purchase shares of common stock at a discount at either \$8.95 or \$9.50 per share depending when the shares are purchased. The Company sold 59,497 shares to affiliates and recognized an expense related to these discounts of \$62,472 for the period from March 5,2003 (inception) to December 31,2003.

As of December 31, 2003 the Company was due funds from affiliates in the amount of \$918,750 which is comprised of \$73,750 due from an affiliate for costs paid on their behalf by the Company and \$845,000 which is due from the sponsor for reimbursement of December distributions paid in January by the Company. The sponsor has agreed to advance funds to the Company for distributions paid to our shareholders until funds from operations are adequate to cover the distributions. As of December 31, 2003 the Company owed funds to the sponsor in the amount of \$1,202,517 for repayment of these funds.

As of December 31, 2003 the Company owed funds to an affiliate in the amount of \$2,154,158 for the reimbursement of costs paid by the affiliate on behalf of the Company.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

(3) Stock Option Plan

The Company has adopted an Independent Director Stock Option Plan which, subject

to certain conditions, provides for the grant to each independent director of an option to acquire 3,000 shares following their becoming a director and for the grant of additional options to acquire 500 shares on the date of each annual stockholders' meeting. The options for the initial 3,000 shares are exercisable as follows: 1,000 shares on the date of grant and 1,000 shares on each of the first and second anniversaries of the date of grant. The subsequent options will be exercisable on the second anniversary of the date of grant. The initial options will be exercisable at \$8.95 per share. The subsequent options will be exercisable at the fair market value of a share on the last business day preceding the annual meeting of stockholders. As of December 31, 2003, we have issued 3,000 options to acquire shares to each of our independent directors, for a total of 15,000 options, of which none have been exercised or expired.

The per share weighted average fair value of options granted was \$0.60 on the date of the grant using the Black Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield of 8%, risk free interest rate of 2.0%, expected life of five years and expected volatility rate of 18.0%. The Company has recorded \$3,000 as expense for the 5,000 options (1,000 options per director) vesting upon the date of grant as of December 31, 2003 and will record the remaining \$6,000 in expense ratably over the remaining two-year vesting period.

#### (4) New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2003, FASB ISSUED INTERPRETATION 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities or Interpretation 46, which addresses the consolidation of certain entities in which a company has a controlling financial interest through means other than voting rights. This interpretation was revised in December 2003. For calendar year companies, Interpretation 46 contains an effective date of December 31, 2003 for special purpose entities and periods ending after March 15, 2004 for all other entities. The Company does not own interests in special purpose entities and management does not believe that the adoption of Interpretation 46 will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

On May 15, 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 150, ACCOUNTING FOR CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH CHARACTERISTICS OF BOTH LIABILITIES AND EQUITY. The Statement requires issuers to classify as liabilities (or assets in some circumstances) three classes of freestanding financial instruments that embody obligations for the issuer. Generally, the Statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003 and is otherwise effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company adopted the provisions of the Statement on July 1, 2003.

The Company did not enter into any financial instruments within the scope of the Statement during the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003. To the extent stockholders request shares to be repurchased by the Company under the Share Repurchase Program, the Company's obligation to repurchase such shares will be classified as a liability at the redemption amount at the date documentation is complete and accepted by the Company in accordance with the plan documents.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

#### (5) Leases

Minimum lease payments to be received in the future under operating leases, assuming no expiring leases are renewed, are as follows:

	Minimum Lease Payments
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 10,053,640 9,758,805 9,684,354 9,273,557 9,033,324 78,836,462
Total	\$ 126,640,142 ========

The remaining lease terms range from one year to 56 years. Pursuant to the lease agreements, tenants of the property are required to reimburse the Company for some or all of their pro rata share of the real estate taxes, operating expenses and management fees of the properties. Such amounts are included in additional rental income.

#### (6) Note Receivable

The note receivable balance of \$7,552,155 as of December 31 2003 consists of an installment note from Fourth Quarter Properties XIV, LLC (Fourth) that matures on January 15, 2004. This installment note is secured by a 49% interest in Fourth, which owns the remaining portion of the Newnan Crossing shopping center and is also guaranteed personally by the owner of Fourth. Interest only at a rate of 7.6192% per annum is due on the note.

The installment note was advanced to Fourth in contemplation of the Company purchasing the remaining portions of Newnan Crossing. The Company did not call the note on January 15, 2004 and subsequently purchased the property on February 13, 2004 at which time the note was paid in full by Fourth.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

#### (7) Mortgages Payable

Mortgages payable consist of the following at December 31, 2003:

FIXED RATE MORTGAGES PAYABLE	INTEREST RATE AT	MATURITY DATE	Ι	BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2003
Property as collateral:				
Darien Commons Park Place	4.65% 4.71%	06/01/10 11/01/08	\$	16,500,000 13,127,000
Total Fixed Rate Mortgages Payable			\$	29,627,000

The following table shows the mortgage debt maturing during the next five years as of December 31, 2003.

2004	\$ _
2005	-
2006	-
2007	-
2008	13,127,000
Thereafter	16,500,000
	\$ 29,627,000

All of the Company's mortgage loans require monthly payments of interest only. The fixed-rate loans may be prepaid with a penalty after specific lockout periods.

On February 9, 2004, the Company entered into a rate lock agreement with Bear Stearns and paid a rate lock deposit of \$1,200,000 to lock the interest rate at 4.372% for a period of 90 days on \$60,000,000. The rate lock was entered into to secure the interest rate on mortgage debt to be identified as debt is placed on properties the Company currently owns or will acquire in the future.

#### (8) Line of Credit

On December 24, 2003, the Company entered into a \$150,000,000 unsecured line of credit arrangement with KeyBank N.A. for a period of one year. The funds from this line of credit will be used to provide liquidity from the time a property is purchased until permanent debt is place on the property. The Company is required to pay interest only on the outstanding balance from time to time under the line at the rate equal to LIBOR plus 175 basis points. The Company is also required to pay, on a quarterly basis, an amount ranging from .15% to .30%, per annum, on the average daily undrawn funds remaining under this line. The line of credit requires compliance with certain covenants, such as debt service rations, minimum net worth requirements, distribution limitations and investment restrictions. As of December 31, 2003, the Company was in compliance with such covenants. In connection with obtaining this line of credit, the Company paid fees in an amount totaling approximately \$1,044,000 (which includes a .65% commitment fee). The outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$5,000,000 as of December 31, 2003 with an effective interest rate of 2.9375% per annum.

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

December 31, 2003

#### (9) Segment Reporting

The Company owns and seeks to acquire multi-tenant shopping centers primarily in the western United States. All of the Company's shopping centers are currently located in Connecticut, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, North Carolina, Oklahoma, and Texas. The Company's shopping centers are typically anchored by grocery and drugstores complemented with additional stores providing a wide range of other goods and services to shoppers.

The Company assesses and measures operating results on an individual property basis for each of its properties based on net property operations. Since all of the Company's properties exhibit highly similar economic characteristics, cater to the day-to-day living needs of their respective surrounding communities, and offer similar degrees of risk and opportunities for growth, the properties have been aggregated and reported as one operating segment.

Net property operations are summarized in the following table for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003, and a reconciliation to net loss.

Property rental and additional rental	
income	\$ 744,633
Total property operating expenses	(143,244)
Mortgage interest	 (132,471)
	460 010
Net property operations	 468,918
Interest income	37,648
Less non-property expenses:	
Professional services	(88,058)
General and administrative expenses	(235,419)
Acquisition cost expenses	(139 <b>,</b> 263)
Depreciation and amortization	(217,105)
Net loss	\$ (173,279)

The following table summarizes property asset information as of December 31, 2003.

Non-segment assets	69,298,035
Shopping centers	\$ 142,804,128
Total assets:	

\$ 212,102,163

The Company does not derive any of it's consolidated revenue from foreign countries and does not have any major customer that individually account for 10% or more of the Company's consolidated revenues

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(continued)

December 31, 2003

#### (10) Earnings (loss) per Share

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period (the "common shares"). As a result of the net loss incurred in 2003, diluted weighted average shares outstanding do not give effect to common stock equivalents as to do so would be anti-dilutive.

The basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding were 2,520,986 for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003.

#### (11) Commitments and Contingencies

On December 10, 2003, in connection with the purchase of Stony Creek Market Place, the Company entered into an earnout agreement with the seller of the property. The earnout agreement stipulates that the seller shall retain the right, for a 48 month period after the date of purchase, to purchase the development and leasing rights to a vacant 50,000 square foot padsite included in the purchase of the property. If the seller develops and leases the padsite within the 48 month period, the Company is required to purchase the seller's interest in the leases based on an agreed upon base rent divider stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement. If the base rent divider should fall above or below certain limits, then the seller and purchaser have certain rights to terminate this agreement.

On December 31, 2003, in connection with the purchase of Pavilion at King's Grant, the purchase and sale contract stipulates that if anytime during the period from January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2007 the tenant, Toys R Us located in the shopping center, should increase their base rent up to a maximum amount of \$250,000 and no decrease occurs in their requirement to pay for a certain percentage of expenses at the property, then the Company would be obligated to pay the seller additional funds related to the purchase based on a income capitalization formula stipulated in the purchase and sale agreement. After December 31, 2007 the Company is no longer obligated to pay the seller additional funds.

As part of the purchase and sale agreement for Newnan Crossing, the Company is obligated to purchase the remaining portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction (approximately 28,000 square feet to be occupied by Linen's N Things) after construction is complete and the tenant has moved in and is paying rent. The purchase price for this portion of the center will be based on an income capitalization formula.

#### (12) Subsequent Events

The Company issued 12,698,273 shares of common stock from January 1, 2004 through February 13, 2004 in connection with the offering, resulting in gross proceeds of \$126,917,854.

The Company is currently considering acquiring seven properties for an estimated purchase price of \$167,000,000. Our decision to acquire each property will generally depend upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions and our receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease an information prior to purchasing the property.

The Company has signed an application for an addition of \$75,000,000 to the line of credit with Key Bank. Fundings under the line of credit will require interest only payments based on the provisions of the existing line of credit with Key Bank. As of February 13, 2004, the Company's outstanding balance owed on the line of credit is \$70,000,000.

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2003

The Company has acquired the following properties during the period January 1 to February 13, 2004. The respective acquisitions are summarized in the table below.

DATE ACQUIRED	PROPERTY	YEAR BUILT 	APPROXIMATE PURCHASE PRICE (\$)	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ. FT.)	MAJOR
01/06/04	CorWest Plaza New Britain, CT	2000/ 2001	33,000,000	115,011	Stop & S CVS Phar Liquor D
01/09/04	Hickory Ridge Hickory, NC	1999	41,900,000	310,360	Best Buy Kohl's Marshall Linens N Old Navy Party Ci Shoe Car A.C. Moo
01/14/04	Larkspur Landing Larkspur, CA	1978/ 2001	61,100,000	173,814	Bed Bath 24 Hour
01/15/04	North Ranch Pavilions Thousand Oaks, CA	1992	18,468,000	62,812	Bank of
01/20/04	Metro Square Center	1999	11,031,000	61,817	Shoppers

	Severn, MD				Wareho
01/21/04	La Plaza Del Norte San Antonia, TX	1996/ 1999	59,100,000	320,362	Best Buy Bealls Ross Sto Office M Oshman's Cost Plu DSW Shoe David's Petco
02/05/04	MacArthur Crossing Los Colinas, TX	1995/ 1996	23,100,000	110,975	Stein Ma
02/13/04	Promenade at Red Cliff St. George, UT	1999/ 1998	19,618,000	94,936	Old Navy Staples Big 5 Sp
02/13/04	Newnan Crossing, Phase II Newnan, GA	1997	22,362,000	153,798	TJ Maxx Office D Old Navy Michaels Party Ci

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2003

The mortgage debt and financings obtained subsequent to December 31, 2003, are detailed in the list below.

DATE FUNDED	MORTGAGE PAYABLE	ANNUAL INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE	PRINCIPAL BOR
2/04/04	La Plaza Del Norte San Antonio, TX	4.61%	03/01/10	32,528
1/30/04	Larkspur Landing Larkspur, CA	4.45%	02/01/09	33,630
1/28/04	Shaw's - New Britain (A) New Britain, CT	4.684%	11/01/33	6,450
1/21/04	Hickory Ridge Hickory, NC	4.531%	02/01/09	23 <b>,</b> 650
1/07/04	Cor West Plaza New Britain, CT	4.56%	02/01/09	18,150
1/05/04	Stony Creek Marketplace	4.77%	01/01/11	14,162

Noblesville, IN

- (A) In connection with the financing of Shaw's New Britain on January 28, 2004, the Park Place mortgage debt was modified to be cross-collateralized with the Shaw's - New Britain mortgage debt. All other terms of the Park Place debt generally remained the same.
- (13) Supplemental Financial Information (unaudited)

The following represents the results of operations, for the each quarterly period, during 2003.

	2003		
	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	June 3
Total income	\$ 782,281	_	
Net loss	(123, 235)	(32,794)	(9,750
Net loss, per common share, basic and diluted:	(.01)	(1.64)	(.49
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	8,319,975	20,000	20,000

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A MARYLAND CORPORATION)

SCHEDULE III
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

DECEMBER 31, 2003

		Initial Costs (A)		Gross amount a	t whic
	Encumbrance	Land	Buildings And Improvements	Adjustments to Basis	L
Darien Commons	16,500,000	7,000,000	22,468,408		7

Eckerd Drug Store - Edmund	-	975,000	2,400,249	-
Eckerd Drug Store - Norman	-	932,000	4,369,730	-
Newnan Crossing	-	4,542,244	12,188,579	_
Park Place	13,127,000	9,096,000	13,174,867	-
Pavilion at King's Grant	-	4,300,000	2,741,212	-
Shaw's Supermarket	-	2,700,000	11,532,191	-
Stony Creek Market Place	-		17,564,434	-
Total:	\$ 29,627,000 ======	\$ 36,280,244	\$ 86,439,670	- \$ 
	TOTAL (C)	Accumulated Depreciation (D)	Date Constructed	Date Acquired
Darien Commons	29,468,408	56,280	1994	12/03
Eckerd Drug Store - Edmund	3,375,249	-	2003	12/03

	TOTAL (C)	(D)	Constructed	Acquired
Darien Commons	29,468,408	56,280	1994	12/03
Eckerd Drug Store - Edmund	3,375,249	-	2003	12/03
Eckerd Drug Store - Norman	5,301,730	-	2003	12/03
Newnan Crossing	16,730,823	84,217	1999	12/03
Park Place	22,270,867	_	2001	10/03
Pavilion at King's Grant	7,041,212	-	2002/2003	12/03
Shaw's Supermarket	14,232,191	-	1995	12/03
Stony Creek Market Place	24,299,434		2003	12/03
Total:	\$ 122,719,914 ====================================	•		

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Schedule III (continued)
Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation

December 31, 2003

#### Notes:

- (A) The initial cost to the Company represents the original purchase price of the property, including amounts incurred subsequent to acquisition which were contemplated at the time the property was acquired.
- (B) The aggregate cost of real estate owned at December 31, 2003 for Federal income tax purposes was approximately \$127,195,000 (unaudited).
- (C) Reconciliation of real estate owned:

Balance at March 5, 2003 (inception)	\$ -
Purchases of property	127,195,469
Acquired in-place lease intangibles	(8,805,681)
Acquired above market lease intangibles	(1,595,673)
Acquired below below market lease	
intangibles	5,925,799
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$ 122,719,914
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 =======================================

(D) Reconciliation of accumulated depreciation:

Balance at March 5, 2003 (inception)	\$ _
Depreciation expense	140,497
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$ 140,497

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003

ASSETS

June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Investment properties:
 Land

\$ 271,843,244

Building and other improvements	901,659,236
Less accumulated depreciation	1,173,502,480 (7,634,235)
Net investment properties	1,165,868,245
Cash and cash equivalents (including cash held by management company of \$3,748,091 and \$238,878 as of June 30, 2004 and	
December 31, 2003, respectively)	126,897,006
Restricted cash (Note 2)	40,445,609
Investment in marketable securities	1,047,708
Investment in treasury contracts	788,873
Restricted escrows	643,085
Accounts and rents receivable (net of allowance of \$33,047 and \$0 as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003,	
respectively)	6,292,894
Due from affiliates	1,553,689
Note receivable	15,600,975
Acquired in-place lease intangibles (net of accumulated amortization of \$2,345,767 and \$51,773 as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively)	94,495,448
Acquired above market lease intangibles (net of accumulated amortization of \$818,404 and \$5,227 as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively)	24,296,377
Loan fees (net of accumulated amortization of \$665,087 and \$24,835 as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003,	, ,
respectively)	3,474,737
Other assets	51,021,601
Total assets	\$ 1,532,426,247

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued)

June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	ne 30, 2004 unaudited)
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued offering costs due to affiliates	\$ 2,079,367 468,907

Accrued interest payable Tenant improvements payable Accrued real estate taxes Distributions payable Security deposits Mortgages Line of credit Prepaid rental income and other liabilities Advances from sponsor Acquired below market lease intangibles (net of accumulated amortization of \$917,999 and \$15,386 as of June 30, 2004 and	1,088,198 2,042,004 5,833,125 4,317,876 1,271,174 588,631,295 110,000,000 2,435,385 1,253,477
December 31, 2003, respectively)	49,259,626
Restricted cash liability (Note 2)  Due to affiliates	19,996,787 318,000
Total liabilities	 788,995,221
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, none outstanding Common stock, \$.001 par value, 250,000,000 shares authorized, 85,098,440 and 18,737,141 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively Additional paid-in capital (net of offering costs of \$93,674,110 and \$22,144,814 as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively, of which \$70,096,693 and \$16,859,779 was paid or accrued to	- 85 <b>,</b> 098
affiliates as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively)	759,254,752
Accumulated distributions in excess of net income/(loss)	(15,956,532)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	 47,708
Total stockholders' equity	 743,431,026
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11) Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,532,426,247

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Statements of Operations

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, three months ended June 30, 2003 and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through June 30, 2003 (unaudited)

Three months	Three months	Six months
ended	ended	ended
June 30, 2004	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2004

Income:						
Rental income, including above and						
below market lease costs	\$	15,332,713		_	\$	22,885,718
Real estate tax recovery income		1,710,281		_		2,617,011
Common area costs recovery income		2,341,231		-		3,182,289
Additional rental income		290,189		-		295,509
Other income		14,709		_		15,939
Interest income		246,855		_		456,462
Total income		19,935,978		_		29,452,928
Expenses:						
Professional services		99,714		_		156,130
General and administrative expenses						
to affiliates		348,133		450		784,142
General and administrative expenses						
to non-affiliates		73,053		_		373,995
Property operating expenses to						
affiliates		740,857		_		1,154,272
Property operating expenses to		•				, ,
non-affiliates		1,876,074		_		2,496,063
Real estate taxes		2,026,543		_		3,014,011
Interest		5,798,856		_		8,357,449
Depreciation		4,894,432		_		7,493,738
Amortization		1,841,033		_		2,934,613
Acquisition cost expenses to		1,011,000				2,331,013
affiliates		16,720		_		70,089
Acquisition cost expenses to		10,720				70,003
non-affiliates		109,190				171 205
non-allilates				_ 		471,285
Total expenses		17,824,605		450		27,305,787
Net income (loss)	\$	2,111,373	\$	(450)	\$	2,147,141
Other comprehensive income:						
Unrealized gain on investment						
securities		47 700				47 700
securities		47 <b>,</b> 708		_		47,708
Community in community		2 150 001		(450)		2 104 040
Comprehensive income (loss)	ې ===	2,159,081 =======	\$ =====	(450)	\$ =====	2,194,849
Net income(loss) per common share, basic						
and diluted	\$	.04	\$	(.02)	\$	.04
Weighted average number of common shares						
outstanding, basic and diluted		59,688,094		20,000		48,805,229
-	===	===========				

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

For the six month period ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	NUMBER OF SHARES					ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	D: II	ACCUMULAT ISTRIBUTI N EXCESS NET INCOM (LOSS)
Balance at December 31, 2003	18,737,141	\$	18,737	\$ 165,168,650	\$	(1,458,		
Net income	_		_	_		2,147,		
Unrealized gain on investment securities	_		_	_				
Distributions declared	-		_	=		(16,645,		
Proceeds from offering	65,632,103		65 <b>,</b> 632	655,981,999				
Offering costs	_		_	(71,529,296)				
Proceeds from dividend reinvestment								
program	729 <b>,</b> 196		729	6,926,631				
Forgiveness of affiliate debt				2,369,139				
Issuance of stock options and discounts								
on shares issued to affiliates	_		_	337,629				
Balance at June 30, 2004	85,098,440	\$	85,098	\$ 759,254,752		(15,956,		
	========	===		=========	==			

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through June 30, 2003. (unaudited)

	Six months ended ne 30, 2004	P Ma ( J
Cash flows from operations:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,147,141	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	7,493,738	
Amortization	2,934,613	
Amortization of acquired above market leases	813,177	
Amortization of acquired below market leases	(902 <b>,</b> 613)	
Rental income under master leases	363,940	
Straight line rental income	(752 <b>,</b> 757)	
Issuance of stock options and discount on shares issued to affiliates	337,629	

Realized loss on sale of treasury contracts Changes in assets and liabilities:	1,346,502
Accounts and rents receivable net of change in allowance of \$33,047 and	
\$0 for June 30, 2004 and June 30, 2003, respectively.	(4,392,586)
Other assets	(1,614,964)
Accounts payable	1,372,477
Accrued interest payable	1,088,198
Accrued real estate taxes	2,042,475
Security deposits	1,162,985
Prepaid rental and recovery income and other liabilities	2,256,709
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	15,696,664
Cash flows used in investing activities:	
Purchase of investment securities and treasury contracts	(3,135,375)
Restricted escrows	(643,085)
Purchase of investment properties	(1,023,122,692)
Payment of leasing fees	(22,200)
Tenant improvements payable	1,515,802
Acquired above market leases	(23,519,108)
Acquired in-place lease intangibles	(88,035,534)
Acquired below market leases	44,251,826
Other assets	(38, 167, 012)
Funding of note receivable	(15,600,975)
Due to affiliate	(2,184,436)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,148,662,789)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through June 30, 2003. (unaudited)

	Six months ended June 30, 2004
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from offering	658,416,770
Proceeds from the dividend reinvestment program	6,927,360
Payment of offering costs	(71,873,197)
Proceeds from mortgage debt	541,452,574
Proceeds from unsecured line of credit	105,000,000
Restricted cash collateral	(20,448,822)
Loan fees and deposits	(10,153,979)
Distributions paid	(13, 254, 728)

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Due from affiliates Forgiveness of affiliate debt		1,785,158 (2,369,139)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities		1,195,481,997
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period		62,515,872 64,381,134
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period		126,897,006
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid for interest		5 <b>,</b> 922 <b>,</b> 749
Restricted cash Restricted cash liability		(19,996,787) 19,996,787
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities: Purchase of investment properties Assumption of mortgage debt Write-off of acquisition reserve Purchase price adjustments Conversion of mortgage receivable to investment property	\$	(1,051,146,506) 17,551,721 521,357 2,398,581 7,552,155
	\$ ===	(1,023,122,692)
Distributions payable		4,317,876 
Accrued offering costs payable		1,025,465

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (1) Organization

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (the "Company") was formed on March 5, 2003 to acquire and manage a diversified portfolio of real estate, primarily multi-tenant shopping centers. The Advisory Agreement provides for Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. (the "Advisor"), an Affiliate of the Company, to be the Advisor to the Company. On September 15, 2003, the Company commenced an initial public offering of up to 250,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10 each and the issuance of 20,000,000 shares at \$9.50 each which may be distributed pursuant to the Company's distribution reinvestment program.

The Company is qualified and has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment

trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for federal income tax purposes commencing with the tax year ending December 31, 2003. Since the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent it distributes at least 90% of its REIT taxable income to its stockholders. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, the Company will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate tax rates. Even if the Company qualifies for taxation as a REIT, the Company may be subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property and federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.

The Company provides the following programs to facilitate investment in the Company's shares and to provide limited liquidity for stockholders.

The Company allows stockholders who purchase shares in the offering to purchase additional shares from the Company by automatically reinvesting distributions through the distribution reinvestment program ("DRP"), subject to certain share ownership restrictions. Such purchases under the DRP are not subject to selling commissions or the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance, and are made at a price of \$9.50 per share.

The Company will repurchase shares under the share repurchase program ("SRP"), if requested, at least once quarterly on a first-come, first-served basis, subject to certain restrictions. Subject to funds being available, the Company will limit the number of shares repurchased during any calendar year to 5% of the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the prior calendar year. Funding for the SRP will come exclusively from proceeds that the Company receives from the sale of shares under the DRP and such other operating funds, if any, as the Company's board of directors, at its sole discretion, may reserve for this purpose. The board, at its sole discretion, may choose to terminate the share repurchase program after the end of the offering period, or reduce the number of shares purchased under the program, if it determines that the funds allocated to the SRP are needed for other purposes, such as the acquisition, maintenance or repair of properties, or for use in making a declared distribution. A determination by the board to eliminate or reduce the share repurchase program will require the unanimous affirmative vote of the independent directors. As of June 30, 2004, no shares have been repurchased by the Company.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, as well as all wholly owned subsidiaries. Wholly owned subsidiaries generally consist of limited liability companies ("LLC's"). The effects of all significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. Readers of this Quarterly Report should refer to the audited financial

statements of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003, which are included in the Company's 2003 Annual Report, as certain footnote disclosures contained in such audited financial statements have been omitted from this Report.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2003 financial statements to conform to the 2004 presentations.

The Company classifies its investment in securities in one of three categories: trading, available-for-sale, or held-to-maturity. Trading securities are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term. Held-to-maturity securities are those securities in which the Company has the ability and intent to hold the security until maturity. All securities not included in trading or held-to-maturity are classified as available for sale. Investment in securities at June 30, 2004 consists of common stock investments and is classified as available-for-sale securities and is recorded at fair value. Unrealized holding gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are excluded from earning and reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income until realized. Realized gains and losses from the sale of available-for-sale securities are determined on a specific identification basis. A decline in the market value of any available-for-sale security below cost that is deemed to be other than temporary, results in a reduction in the carrying amount to fair value. The impairment is charged to earnings and a new costs basis for the security is established. To determine whether an impairment is other than temporary, the Company considers whether it has the ability and intent to hold the investment until a market price recovery and considers whether evidence indicating the cost of the investment is recoverable outweighs evidence to the contrary. Evidence considered in this assessment includes the reasons for the impairment, the severity and duration of the impairment, changes in value subsequent to year end and forecasted performance of the investee. Of the investment securities held on June 30, 2004, the Company has accumulated other comprehensive income of \$47,708. The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents and are carried at cost, which approximates market.

The Company enters into interest rate futures contracts or treasury contracts as a means of reducing our exposure to rising interest rates. At inception, contracts are evaluated in order to determine if they will qualify for hedge accounting treatment and will be accounted for either on a deferral, accrual or market value basis depending on the nature of our hedge strategy and the method used to account for the hedged item. Hedge criteria include demonstrating the manner in which the hedge will reduce risk, identifying the specific asset, liability or firm commitment being hedged, and citing the time horizon being hedged.

During the second quarter of 2004, the Company entered into treasury contracts with a futures commission merchant with a total notional amount of \$95.0 million with yields ranging from 3.85% for 5 year treasury contracts to 4.63% for 10 year treasury contracts and maturities at various dates in 2004. The amount required to be on deposit at June 30, 2004 for these treasury contracts had a cost basis and liquidation value of \$2,137,000 and \$789,000, respectively. As these treasury contracts are not offsetting future commitments and therefore do not qualify as hedges, the net loss of approximately \$1,348,000 at June 30, 2004 is recognized currently in earnings and is included in interest expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Company allocates the purchase price of each acquired investment property between land, building and improvements, acquired above market and below market leases, in-place lease value, and any assumed financing that is determined to be above or below market terms. In addition, we allocate a portion of the purchase price to the value of the customer relationships and as of June 30, 2004, no cost has been allocated to such relationships. The allocation of the purchase price is an area that requires judgment and significant estimates. The Company uses the information contained in the independent appraisal obtained at acquisition as the primary basis for the allocation to land and building and improvements. The aggregate value of intangibles is measured based on the difference between the stated price and the property value calculated as if vacant. The Company determines whether any financing assumed is above or below market based upon comparison to similar financing terms for similar investment properties. The Company also allocates a portion of the purchase price to the estimated acquired in-place lease costs based on estimated lease execution costs for similar leases as well as lost rent payments during assumed lease-up period when calculating as if vacant fair values. The Company considers various factors including geographic location and size of leased space. The Company also evaluates each acquired lease based upon current market rates at the acquisition date and considers various factors including geographical location, size and location of leased space within the investment property, tenant profile, and the credit risk of the tenant in determining whether the acquired lease is above or below market lease costs. After an acquired lease is determined to be above or below market lease costs, the Company allocates a portion of the purchase price to such above or below acquired lease costs based upon the present value of the difference between the contractual lease rate and the estimated market rate. The determination of the discount rate used in the present value calculation is based upon the "risk free rate." This discount rate is a significant factor in determining the market valuation which requires the Company's judgment of subjective factors such as market knowledge, economics, demographics, location, visibility, age and physical condition of the property.

The application of SFAS 141 and SFAS 142 resulted in the recognition upon acquisition of additional intangible assets and liabilities relating to real estate acquisitions during the quarter ended June 30, 2004. The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired above market lease costs and acquired below market lease costs are amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease as an adjustment to rental income. Amortization pertaining to the above market lease costs of \$475,574 was applied as a reduction to rental income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and \$813,177 for the six months ended June 30, 2004. Amortization pertaining to the below market lease costs of \$545,784 was applied as an increase to rental income for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and \$902,613 for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

The portion of the purchase price allocated to acquired in-place lease intangibles is amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related lease. The Company incurred amortization expense pertaining to acquired in-place lease intangibles of \$1,495,955 for the three month period ended June 30, 2004 and \$2,293,994 for the six month period ended June 30, 2004.

The table below presents the amortization during the next five years related to the acquired above market lease costs and the below market lease costs for properties owned at June 30, 2004.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Amortization of:	July 1, 2004 through December 31, 2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Acquired above market lease costs	\$ (1,469,181)	(2,938,359)	(2,885,842)	(2,119,421)	(1,980,18
Acquired below market lease costs	2,823,964	5,471,188	5,065,985	4,646,973	4,096,50 
Net rental income increase	\$ 1,354,783	2,532,829	2,180,143	2,527,552	2,116,31
Acquired in-place lease intangibles	\$ (4,842,059)	(9,684,122)	(9,684,122)	(9,684,122)	(9,684,12

In conjunction with certain acquisitions, the Company receives payments under master lease agreements pertaining to certain, non-revenue producing spaces either at the time of, or subsequent to, the purchase of some of the Company's properties. Upon receipt of the payments, the receipts are recorded as a reduction in the purchase price of the related properties rather than as rental income. These master leases were established at the time of purchase in order to mitigate the potential negative effects of loss of rent and expense reimbursements. Master lease payments are received through a draw of funds escrowed at the time of purchase and may cover a period from one to three years. These funds may be released to either the Company or the seller when certain leasing conditions are met. Restricted cash includes funds received by third party escrow agents, from sellers, pertaining to master lease agreements and the line of credit cash collateral account (see Note 8). The Company records the third party escrow funds as both an asset and a corresponding liability, until certain leasing conditions are met.

The Company accrues lease termination income if there is a signed termination agreement, all of the conditions of the agreement have been met, and the tenant is no longer occupying the property.

Restricted escrows primarily consist of lenders' restricted escrows and earnout escrows. Earnout escrows are established upon the acquisition of certain investment properties for which the funds may be released to the seller when certain leasing conditions have been met.

Notes receivable relate to real estate financing arrangements and bear interest at a market rate based on the borrower's credit quality and are recorded at face value. Interest is recognized over the life of the note. The Company requires collateral for the notes.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A note is considered impaired pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board's Statement of Financial Accounting Standards or SFAS No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan. Pursuant to SFAS No. 114, a note is impaired if it is probable that the Company will not collect all principal and interest contractually due. The impairment is measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the note's effective interest rate. The Company does not accrue interest when a note is considered impaired. When ultimate collectibility of the principal balance of the impaired not is in doubt, all cash receipts on impaired notes are applied to reduce the principal amount of such notes until the principal has been recovered and are recognized as interest income, thereafter.

The carrying amount of the Company's debt approximates fair value. The carrying amount of the Company's other financial instruments approximate fair value because of the relatively short maturity of these instruments.

#### (3) Transactions with Affiliates

The Advisor contributed \$200,000 to the capital of the Company for which it received 20,000 shares of common stock.

As of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, the Company had incurred \$93,674,110 and \$22,144,814 of offering costs, of which \$70,096,693 and \$16,859,779, respectively, were paid or accrued to affiliates. Pursuant to the terms of the offering, the Advisor has guaranteed payment of all public offering expenses (excluding sales commissions and the marketing contribution and the due diligence expense allowance) in excess of 5.5% of the gross proceeds of the offering or all organization and offering expenses (including selling commissions) which together exceed 15% of gross proceeds. As of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, offering costs did not exceed the 5.5% and 15% limitations. The Company anticipates that these costs will not exceed these limitations upon completion of the offering.

The Company pays an advisor asset management fee of not more than 1% of the average assets. Average asset value is defined as the average of the total book value of the Company's real estate assets plus the Company's loans receivable secured by real estate, before reserves for depreciation, reserves for bad debt or other similar non-cash reserves. The Company computes the average assets by taking the average of these values at the end of each month for which the fee is being calculated. The fee is payable quarterly in an amount equal to 1/4 of 1% of average assets as of the last day of the immediately preceding quarter. For any year in which the Company qualifies as a REIT, the advisor must reimburse the Company for the following amounts if any: (1) the amounts by which total operating expenses, the sum of the advisor asset management fee plus other operating expenses, paid during the previous fiscal year exceed the greater of: (i) 2% of average assets for that fiscal year, or (ii) 25% of net income for that fiscal year; plus (2) an amount, which will not exceed the advisor asset management fee for that year, equal to any difference between the total amount of distributions to stockholders for that year and the 6% minimum annual return on the net investment of stockholders. The Company neither paid nor accrued such fees because the Advisor agreed to forego such fees for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for salaries and expenses of employees of the Advisor and its affiliates relating to the offering. In addition, an affiliate of the Advisor is entitled to receive selling commissions, and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance from the Company in connection with the offering. Such costs are offset against the Stockholders' equity accounts. Such costs totaled \$70,096,693 as of June 30, 2004, of which \$468,907 was unpaid at June 30, 2004.

The Advisor and its affiliates are entitled to reimbursement for general and administrative costs of the Advisor and its affiliates relating to the Company's administration. Such costs are included in general and administrative expenses to affiliates, professional services to affiliates, and acquisition cost expenses to affiliates, in addition to costs that were capitalized pertaining to property acquisitions. For the three month period ended June 30, 2004 and the six month period ended June 30, 2004, the Company incurred \$371,336 and \$637,359 of these costs, respectively, of which \$218,000 remained unpaid as of June 30, 2004.

An affiliate of the Advisor provides loan servicing to the Company for an annual fee. The agreement allows for annual fees totaling .03% of the first \$1 billion in mortgage balance outstanding and .01% of the remaining mortgage balances, payable monthly. Such fees totaled \$17,065 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and \$21,276 for the six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

The Company used the services of an affiliate of the Advisor to facilitate the mortgage financing that the Company obtained on some of the properties purchased. The Company pays the affiliate .02% of the principal amount of each loan obtained on the Company's behalf. Such costs are capitalized as loan fees and amortized over the respective loan term. For the three months ended June 30, 2004 and for the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company paid loan fees totaling \$754,229 and \$1,122,042 to this affiliate, respectively.

The property managers, entities owned principally by individuals who are affiliates of the Advisor, are entitled to receive property management fees totaling 4.5% of gross operating income, for management and leasing services. The Company incurred property management fees of \$740,857 and \$1,154,272 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively. None remained unpaid as of June 30, 2004.

The Company established a discount stock purchase policy for affiliates of the Company and the Advisor that enables the affiliates to purchase shares of common stock at a discount at either \$8.95 or \$9.50 per share depending on when the shares are purchased. The Company sold 70,933 and 510,839 shares to affiliates and recognized an expense related to these discounts of \$36,129 and \$336,129 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

As of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 the Company was due funds from affiliates in the amount of \$1,553,689 and \$918,750, respectively which is comprised of \$1,551,739 and \$845,000, respectively, which is due from the sponsor for reimbursement of a portion of distributions paid in 2004. The remaining \$1,950 and \$73,750 as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively is due from an affiliate for costs paid on their behalf by the Company. The sponsor has agreed to advance funds to the Company for a portion of distributions paid to the Company's shareholders until funds from operations are adequate to cover the distributions. The Sponsor forgave \$2,369,139 of these amounts during the second quarter of 2004 and these funds are no longer due and are recorded as a contribution to capital in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2004 the Company owed funds to the sponsor

in the amount of \$1,253,477 for repayment of these advances.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 the Company owed funds to an affiliate in the amount of \$100,000 and \$2,154,158, respectively, for the reimbursement of costs paid by the affiliate on behalf of the Company. Both amounts were repaid during 2004.

#### (4) Stock Option Plan

The Company has adopted an Independent Director Stock Option Plan which, subject to certain conditions, provides for the grant to each independent director of an option to acquire 3,000 shares following their becoming a director and for the grant of additional options to acquire 500 shares on the date of each annual stockholders' meeting. The options for the initial 3,000 shares are exercisable as follows: 1,000 shares on the date of grant and 1,000 shares on each of the first and second anniversaries of the date of grant. The subsequent options will be exercisable on the second anniversary of the date of grant. The initial options will be exercisable at \$8.95 per share. The subsequent options will be exercisable at the fair market value of a share on the last business day preceding the annual meeting of stockholders. As of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 we have issued 3,500 and 3,000 options, respectively, to acquire shares to each of our independent directors, for a total of 17,500 and 15,000 options, of which none have been exercised or expired.

#### (5) Leases

Master Lease Agreements

In conjunction with certain acquisitions, the Company received payments under master lease agreements pertaining to some non-revenue producing spaces at the time of purchase, for periods ranging from three months to three years after the date of purchase or until the spaces are leased. As these payments are received, they are recorded as a reduction in the purchase price of the respective property rather than as rental income. The cumulative amount of such payments was \$363,940 as of June 30, 2004.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Operating leases

Minimum lease payments to be received in the future under operating leases, excluding rental income under master lease agreements and assuming no expiring leases are renewed, are as follows:

	P1	Payments		
2004	\$	62,521,155		
2005		75,836,691		
2006		72,899,152		
2007		67,164,946		
2008		61,756,105		
Thereafter		365,242,447		
Total	\$	705,420,496		
	====			

The remaining lease terms range from one year to 55 years. Pursuant to the lease agreements, tenants of the property are required to reimburse the Company for some or all of their pro rata share of the real estate taxes, operating expenses and management fees of the properties. Such amounts are included in additional rental income.

#### (6) Note Receivable

The note receivable balance of \$15,600,975 as of June 30, 2004 consisted of an installment note from Newman Development Group of Gilroy, L.L.C. that matures on July 15, 2005. This note is secured by a first mortgage on Pacheco Pass Shopping Center. Interest only is due in advance on the first of each month at a rate of 6.993% per annum. Upon closing, an interest reserve escrow totaling three months of interest payments was established.

The note receivable balance of \$7,552,155 as of December 31 2003 consists of an installment note from Fourth Quarter Properties XIV, LLC (Fourth) that matured on January 15, 2004. This installment note was secured by a 49% interest in Fourth, which owned the remaining portion of the Newnan Crossing shopping center and was also guaranteed personally by the owner of Fourth. Interest only at a rate of 7.6192% per annum was due on the note. The installment note was advanced to Fourth in contemplation of the Company purchasing the remaining portions of Newnan Crossing. The Company did not call the note on January 15, 2004 and subsequently purchased the property on February 13, 2004 at which time the note was paid in full by Fourth as a credit to the purchase price of the property.

#### (7) Mortgages Payable

Mortgage loans outstanding as of June 30, 2004 were \$588,631,295, of which \$537,371,295 had fixed rates ranging from 3.96% to 6.20%. The remaining \$51,260,000 represented a variable rate loan with a weighted average interest rate of 2.84% at June 30, 2004. Retail properties with a net carrying value of \$956,666,641 at June 30, 2004 and related tenant leases are pledged as collateral.

As of June 30, 2004, scheduled maturities for the Company's outstanding mortgage indebtedness have various due dates through December 2012. At June 30, 2004, the weighted average interest rate on the Company's mortgage debt was 4.3%. With the exception of the mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II, all of the Company's

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

mortgage loans as of June 30, 2004 require monthly payments of interest only and may be prepaid with a penalty after specific lockout periods. The mortgage loan on Plaza Santa Fe II requires monthly payments of principal and interest, as well as payments into tax, insurance, and replacement reserve escrows. The loan has no prepayment privileges.

The Company guarantees repayment of \$1,083,333 of principal on the Pavilion at King's Grant mortgage debt.

The debt is cross-collateralized among the properties in connection with the financing of Heritage Towne Crossing and Eckerd Drug Stores in Norman and Edmond, OK.

#### (8) Line of Credit

On February 6, 2004, the Company increased its unsecured line of credit arrangement with KeyBank N.A. to \$225,000,000 from \$150,000,000. The funds from this line of credit may be used to provide liquidity from the time a property is purchased until permanent debt is placed on that property. The line requires interest only payments monthly at the rate equal to the London InterBank Offered Rate or LIBOR plus 175 basis points which ranged from 2.875% to 3.125% during the quarter ended June 30, 2004. The Company is also required to pay, on a quarterly basis, an amount ranging from .15% to .30%, per annum, on the average daily undrawn funds under this line. The line of credit requires compliance with certain covenants, such as debt service ratios, minimum net worth requirements, distribution limitations and investment restrictions. As of June 30, 2004, the Company was in compliance with such covenants. In addition to, and in conjunction with these financial covenants, the Company maintains a cash collateral account. Amounts deposited in the cash collateral account provide that loan to value covenants required under the line are not exceeded. Funds may be deposited into and withdrawn from the cash collateral account as the Company's properties are purchased without debt. Amounts deposited in the cash collateral account are included in Restricted Cash on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. There was \$20,448,822 deposited in the cash collateral account which was required by the lender as of June 30, 2004. The outstanding balance on the line of credit was \$110,000,000 as of June 30, 2004 at a weighted average interest rate of 3.01% per annum.

#### (9) Segment Reporting

The Company owns and seeks to acquire multi-tenant shopping centers primarily in the western United States. The Company's shopping centers are typically anchored by discount retailers, home improvement retailers, grocery and drugstores complemented with additional stores providing a wide range of other goods and services to shoppers.

The Company assesses and measures operating results on an individual property basis for each of its properties based on net property operations. Since all of the Company's properties exhibit highly similar economic characteristics, cater to the day-to-day living needs of their respective surrounding communities, and offer similar degrees of risk and opportunities for growth, the properties have been aggregated and reported as one operating segment.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(continued)

Net property operations are summarized in the following table for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, along with a reconciliation to net income.

	ended		Three months ended June 30, 200
\$	(6,664,346)		(4,643,
	13,958,732		9,232,
	456,462		14,
			(99 <b>,</b>
	(541,374) (10,428,351)		(125, (6,735,
	15 <b>,</b> 939 		246, 
\$ ====	2,147,141	\$	2,111,
	Ju  \$ 	ended June 30, 2004 \$ 28,980,527 (6,664,346) (8,357,449)  13,958,732  456,462  (156,130) (1,158,137) (541,374) (10,428,351) 15,939	June 30, 2004 \$ 28,980,527 \$ (6,664,346) (8,357,449)  13,958,732  456,462  (156,130) (1,158,137) (541,374) (10,428,351) 15,939

The following table summarizes property asset information as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003.

	June 30, 2004	December 31, 20
Total assets: Shopping centers Non-segment assets	\$ 1,367,535,186 164,891,061	\$ 142,804, 69,298,
	\$ 1,532,426,247 ===========	\$ 212,102,

The Company does not derive any of its consolidated revenue from foreign countries and does not have any major customers that individually account for 10% or more of the Company's consolidated revenues.

#### (10) Earnings (loss) per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period (the "common shares"). Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the common shares plus shares issuable upon exercising options or other contracts. As a result of the net loss incurred in 2003, diluted weighted average shares outstanding do not give effect to common stock equivalents as to do so would be

anti-dilutive. As of June 30, 2004, options to purchase 15,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$8.95 per share were outstanding. These options were not included in the computation of basic or diluted EPS as the effect would be immaterial.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
(A Maryland Corporation)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding were 59,688,094 for the three months ended June 30,2004 and 48,805,229 for the six months ended June 30,2004.

#### (11) Commitments and Contingencies

The purchase and sale contract for Pavilion at King's Grant, provides that if anytime during the period January 1, 2004 through December 31, 2007 the tenant Toys R' Us should increase its base rent up to a maximum amount of \$250,000 and no decrease has occurred in their requirement to pay for a certain percentage of expenses at the property, then the Company would be obligated to pay the seller additional funds related to the purchase based on an agreed income capitalization formula. The Company has not reserved any funds for this contingency.

In connection with the purchase of Stony Creek Market Place, the Company is obligated to purchase the Seller's interest in the leases if the Seller exercises the right to develop and lease a vacant 50,000 pad site within 48 months after the closing date of December 8, 2003, which was included in the purchase of the property. In connection with the purchase of Newman Crossing, the Company is obligated to purchase the remaining portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction, once construction has been completed and a major tenant has moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price based on an agreed upon income capitalization formula. In connection with the purchase of Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace, the Company is obligated to purchase a parcel of the shopping center that may be redeveloped by the Seller within the next three years. If the Seller does not redevelop the parcel by the end of the redevelopment period, then the Company is obligated to purchase the parcel for \$750,000. In connection with the purchase of Eastwood Towne Center, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$3,836,317 once a major tenant's base rent increases upon two shadow anchor's commencement of operations. In connection with the purchase of Watauga Pavilion, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$2,146,000 once a major tenant has moved in and commenced payment of rent. In connection with the purchase of John's Creek Village, the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price of \$13,385,390 once the remaining vacancies have been leased and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent. The Company has not reserved any funds for these contingencies.

In connection with the purchase of Dorman Center, the Company was obligated to purchase a portion of the shopping center that was under construction, once construction was completed and the respective tenants had moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price of the center based on an agreed upon income capitalization formula. As part of the commitment to purchase this remaining portion of the shopping center, the Company had deposited one million dollars of earnest money with the Seller. In addition, in conjunction with the financing of Dorman Center on April 20, 2004, the Company was required

to obtain a \$3.65 million irrevocable letter of credit for a one year period. Once the Company purchased the remaining portion of Dorman Center, and met certain occupancy requirements, the letter of credit will be released. On July 16, 2004, the Company purchased the remaining portion of Dorman Center and the irrevocable letter of credit is still outstanding as the occupancy requirements had not been met as of July 31, 2004.

In connection with the purchase of Low Country Village, the Company is obligated to purchase a portion of the shopping center that is currently under construction, once construction has been completed and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent, with the additional purchase price of the center based on an agreed upon income capitalization formula. As part of the commitment to purchase this remaining portion of the shopping center, the Company had deposited \$300,000 of earnest money with an escrow agent. In addition the Company is obligated to pay the remaining purchase price on the first phase based on an income capitalization formula not to exceed \$1,355,096 once the remaining vacancies have been leased and the respective tenants have moved in and commenced payment of rent.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

In connection with the note receivable related to Pacheco Pass, when the note receivable is repaid, the Company is obligated to purchase the property for approximately \$24,000,000.

In connection with the purchase of Larkspur Landing, the Company assumed a liability in the amount of \$1,982,504 for tenant improvements and leasing commission obligations. As of June 30, 2004, the remaining liability after disbursements is \$1,375,521.

The Company is currently considering acquiring 13 properties for an estimated purchase price of \$501,000,000. The Company's decision to acquire each property will generally depend upon no material adverse change occurring relating to the property, the tenants or in the local economic conditions and the Company's receipt of satisfactory due diligence information including appraisals, environmental reports and lease information prior to purchasing the property.

#### (12) Subsequent Events

The Company issued 15,834,545 shares of common stock from July 1, 2004 through July 31, 2004 in connection with the offering, resulting in gross proceeds of \$158,220,959.

On July 12, 2004, the sponsor repaid a portion of its payable to the Company in the amount of \$298,262.

The Company paid distributions of \$4,317,876 to its stockholders in July 2004.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.

(A Maryland Corporation)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(continued)

The Company has acquired the following properties or joint venture interests in properties during the period July 1 to July 31, 2004. The respective acquisitions are summarized in the table below.

DATE ACQUIRED	PROPERTY	YEAR BUILT	APPROXIMATE PURCHASE PRICE (\$)	GROSS LEASABLE AREA (SQ. FT.)	
07/01/04	Shoppes at Boardwalk	2003/ 2004	36,642,049	122,413	Во
07/02/04	Shoppes of Dallas	2004	13,052,126	70,610	Pu
07/13/04	Wilshire Plaza III	2004	5,750,000	88,248	Ko
07/14/04	Cranberry Square	1996 - 1997	20,219,563	195,566	Di To Be Ba Of
07/16/04	Dorman Center Phase II	2004	7,081,662	37,200	Sh
07/19/04	Tollgate Marketplace	1977/ 1994	72,300,000	393,395	Gi Jo
07/21/04	Gateway Plaza	2000	33,025,276	358,193	Ko
07/21/04	Gateway Village	1996	49,513,455	273,904	Sa Bu Be
07/21/04	Towson Circle	1988	28,450,000	116,954	Ba Ba
07/21/04	Wal-Mart Supercenter	2004	12,935,000	183,211	Wa
07/22/04	Wrangler Company Western Headquarters	1993	18,476,792	316,800	Wr
07/26/04	Plaza at Marysville	1995	21,266,000	115,656	Sa
07/27/04	Forks Town Center	2002	18,198,701	87,560	Gi
07/30/04	Academy Sports	2004	5,250,000	60,001	Ac

The Company funded \$5,750,000 which represents a portion of the purchase price of a shopping center under construction to be known as Wilshire Plaza III to contain 88,248 gross leasable square feet leased to Kohl's. The Company's total acquisition cost will be approximately \$9,850,000. In accordance with the terms of the purchase agreement with the seller, the Company will advance funds for the construction of the retail building in two installments. The Company will receive a 7% return on the original amount funded of \$5,750,000 and on additional construction advances to the seller until such time as Kohl's lease commences.

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# INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. (A Maryland Corporation)

# Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The Company entered into joint venture agreements with the current owners of three shopping centers known as Tollgate Marketplace, Gateway Village, and Towson Circle. The Company made capital contributions to these joint ventures and received equity interests representing majority ownership and operating control of these joint ventures.

The mortgage debt and financings obtained during the period July 1, 2004 to July 31, 2004, are detailed in the list below.

DATE FUNDED	MORTGAGE PAYABLE	ANNUAL INTEREST RATE	MATURITY DATE
07/02/04	John's Creek Village	5.100%	08/01/09
07/02/04	Shoppes at Boardwalk	4.130%	07/01/09
07/09/04	Fullerton Metrocenter	5.09%	08/01/09
07/14/04	Northgate North	4.60%	07/01/08
07/16/04	Cranberry Square	4.975%	08/01/09
07/21/04	Gateway Village	LIBOR + 1.13% LIBOR + 2.00%	07/01/09 08/01/05
07/21/04	Tollgate Marketplace	LIBOR + 1.20%	06/01/09
07/21/04	Towson Circle	5.10% LIBOR + 2.00%	07/01/09 08/01/05
07/21/04	Eckerds Drug Stores (4)	5.275%	08/01/09
07/26/04	Wrangler Company Western Headquarters	5.090%	08/01/09
07/27/04	Pine Ridge Plaza	5.085%	08/01/09
07/30/04	Plaza at Marysville	5.085%	08/01/09

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The following unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet is presented as if the acquisitions of the properties and the issuance of the notes receivable had occurred on June 30, 2004.

This unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet is not necessarily indicative of what the actual financial position would have been at June 30, 2004, nor does it purport to represent our future financial position. No pro forma adjustments have been made for any potential property acquisitions identified as of October 13, 2004. The Company does not consider these properties as probable under Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X as the Company has not completed the due diligence process on these properties. Additionally, the Company has not received sufficient offering proceeds or obtained firm financing commitments to acquire all of these properties as of October 13, 2004. The Company believes it will have sufficient cash from offering proceeds raised and from additional financing proceeds to acquire these properties if and when the Company is prepared to acquire these properties.

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	Historical (A)	Pro Forma Adjustments
ASSETS		
Net investment properties (B) Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Investment in treasury securities Investment in treasury contracts Restricted escrows Accounts and rents receivable Due from affiliates Note receivable Acquired in-place lease intangibles (B) (D) Acquired above market lease intangibles (B) (D) Other assets (G) Loan fees	\$ 1,165,868,245 126,897,006 40,445,609 1,047,708 788,873 643,085 6,292,894 1,553,689 15,600,975 94,495,448 24,296,377 51,021,601 3,474,737	
Total assets	\$ 1,532,426,247	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Accounts payable Accrued offering costs to affiliates Tenant improvement payable Accrued interest payable Accrued real estate taxes Distributions payable Mortgage payable (B) (E) Line of credit Acquired below market lease intangibles (B) (D) Advances from sponsor Security deposits Due to affiliates	2,079,367 468,907 2,042,004 1,088,198 5,833,125 4,317,876 588,631,295 110,000,000 49,259,626 1,253,477 1,271,174 318,000	595,134,500 - 21,027,000

Prepaid rent and other liabilities Restricted cash liability	2,435,385 19,996,787	- 
Total liabilities	788,995,221	616,161,500
Common stock (C) Additional paid-in capital (net of offering costs) (C) Accumulated distributions in excess of net income (loss) (F) Accumulated other comprehensive income	85,098 759,254,752 (15,956,532) 47,708	69,230 609,154,270 - -
Total stockholders' equity	743,431,026	609,223,500
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,532,426,247	1,225,385,000

See accompanying notes to pro forma consolidated balance sheet.

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- (A) The historical column represents our Consolidated Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities Exchange Commission on Form 10-Q. As of June 30, 2004, the Company had sold 85,078,440 shares to the public and 748,245 shares were issued pursuant to the Company's distribution reinvestment program. As a result, the Company received \$850,039,770 of gross offering proceeds. In addition, the Company received the Advisor's capital contribution of \$200,000 for which the Advisor was issued 20,000 shares.
- (B) The pro forma adjustments reflect the acquisition of the following properties. The mortgages payable represent mortgages obtained from a third party, either assumed as part of the acquisition or subsequent to acquisition. No pro forma adjustment has been made for prorations or other closing costs as the amounts are not significant:

	Acquisition Price		Mortgage Payable	
The Shops at Boardwalk	\$	36,642,000	20,150,000	
Shoppes of Dallas		13,052,000	7,179,000	
Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III		5,750,000	_	
Cranberry Square		20,220,000	10,900,000	
Dorman Centre - Phase II		7,082,000	_	
Tollgate Marketplace		72,300,000	39,765,000	
Gateway Village (Loan Note A)		49,513,000	27,233,000	
Gateway Village (Loan Note B)		_	4,225,000	
Towson Circle (Loan Note A)		28,450,000	15,647,500	
Towson Circle (Loan Note B)		_	3,550,000	
Gateway Plaza		33,025,000	18,163,000	

Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville		12,935,000	7,100,000
Wrangler Company Western Headquarters		18,477,000	11,300,000
Plaza at Marysville		21,266,000	11,800,000
Forks Town Center		18,199,000	10,395,000
Academy Sports - Houma		5,250,000	2,920,000
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro		10,853,000	6,088,500
Reisterstown Road Plaza		88,453,000	49,650,000
Village Shoppes at Simonton		13,750,000	7,562,000
Manchester Meadows		56,200,000	31,065,000
Governor's Marketplace		32,654,000	20,625,000
Mitchell Ranch Plaza		34,000,000	18,700,000
The Columns		20,770,000	11,423,000
Saucon Valley Square		16,093,000	8,851,000
Lincoln Park		47,211,000	26,153,000
Harris Teeter - Wilmington		7,200,000	_
Harvest Town Center		8,950,000	_
Boulevard at the Capital Centre	-	130,050,000	71,500,000
GMAC Insurance		60,000,000	33,000,000
Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza		20,350,000	_
Total	\$ 8	388,695,000	474,945,000
	====		

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Allocation of net investments in properties:

Land	\$ 138,347,000
Building and improvements	699,909,000
Acquired in-place lease intangibles	55,800,000
Acquired above market lease intangibles	15,666,000
Acquired below market lease intangibles	(21,027,000)
Total	\$ 888,695,000

- (C) Additional offering proceeds of \$692,300,000, net of additional offering costs of \$83,076,500 are reflected as received as of June 30, 2004, prior to the purchase of the properties and are limited to offering proceeds necessary to acquire the properties and offering proceeds actually received as of October 13, 2004. Offering costs consist principally of registration costs, printing and selling costs, including commissions.
- (D) Acquired intangibles represent above and below market leases and the difference between the property valued with the existing in-place leases and the property valued as if vacant. The value of the acquired leases will be amortized over the lease term.
- (E) Additional mortgages payable of \$595,134,500, reflected as funded as of June 30, 2004, includes \$474,945,000 of mortgages payable obtained subsequent to the acquisition of the properties described in (B) and

\$120,189,500 of new financing placed on previously acquired properties.

- (F) No pro forma assumptions have been made for the additional payment of distributions resulting from the additional proceeds raised.
- (G) Change in other assets of \$45,448,000 includes \$7,773,000 of prepaid loan fees applied to mortgage payables obtained subsequent to the acquisition of the properties described in (B) and \$37,675,000 of advance purchase deposits on properties purchased as described in (B).

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.
Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

The following unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is presented to give effect the acquisition of the properties indicated in Note B of the Notes to the Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations as though they occurred on January 1, 2003 or the date significant operations commenced. No pro forma adjustments have been made for any potential property acquisitions identified as of October 13, 2004. The Company does not consider these properties as probable under Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X as the Company has not completed the due diligence process on these properties. Additionally, the Company has not received sufficient offering proceeds or obtained firm financing commitments to acquire all of these properties as of October 13, 2004. The Company believes it will have sufficient cash from offering proceeds raised and from additional financing proceeds to acquire these properties if and when the Company is prepared to acquire these properties. No pro forma adjustments were made for Eckerd - Greer, Eckerd - Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd - Columbia, Eckerd -Crossville, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III or Academy Sports - Houma, as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

This unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations would have been for the six months ended June 30, 2004, nor does it purport to represent our future results of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

Rental income \$ 22,885,718 51,107,881 73, Additional rent 6,110,748 11,510,417 17, Interest income 456,462 -		н	istorical (A)	Pro Forma Adjustments (B)	Pro F
	Additional rent	\$	6,110,748	·	73, 17,

Total income		29,452,928	62,618,298	92 <b>,</b>
General and administrative expenses		1,314,267	_	1,
Advisor asset management fee (C)		-	-	0.0
Property operating expenses			17,255,351	22,
Management fee (F)		· · ·	2,791,203	3,
Interest expense (H)			19,055,007	27,
Depreciation (D)			19,901,787	27,
Amortization (G)		2,934,613	5,290,280	8,
Acquisition costs		541 <b>,</b> 374	– 	
Total expenses		27,305,787	64,293,628	91 <b>,</b>
Net income (loss)	\$ ===	2,147,141 ========	(1,675,330)	
Unrealized gain/loss on investment				
securities		47 <b>,</b> 708	_ 	
Comprehensive income	\$	2,194,849 ========	(675,330)	
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, basic and diluted (E)		48,805,229 ======		154,
Net income (loss) per share, basic and diluted (E)		.04		=====

See accompanying notes to pro forma consolidated statement of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

- (A) The historical information represents the historical statement of operations of the Company for the period from January 1, 2004 to June 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities Exchange Commission on Form 10-Q.
- (B) Total pro forma adjustments for acquisitions consummated as of October 13, 2004 are as though the properties were acquired January 1, 2003. No adjustment was made for Eckerd Greer, Eckerd Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd Columbia, Eckerd Crossville, Kohl's Wilshire Plaza III or Academy Sports Houma as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

	Gross Income & Direct Operating Expenses (1)	Pro Forma Adjustments	
Rental income Additional rental income	\$ 52,473,519 11,510,417	(1,365,638)	51,107,881 11,510,417
Total income	63,983,936	(1,365,638)	62,618,298
Advisor asset management fee Property operating expenses Management fees Interest expense Depreciation Amortization	- 17,255,351 - - - -	2,791,203 19,055,007 19,901,787 5,290,280	19,901,787
Total expenses	17,255,351	47,038,277	64,293,628
Net income (loss)	\$ 46,728,585 ==============	(48,403,915)	(1,675,330)

(1) Unaudited combined gross income and direct operating expenses based on information provided by the Seller for the following properties:

Newnan Crossing II, Hickory Ridge, CorWest Plaza, Metro Square (Super Value) Center, Larkspur Landing, North Ranch Pavilion, La Plaza Del Norte, MacArthur Crossing, Promenade at Red Cliff, Peoria Crossings, Dorman Center - Phase I, Heritage Towne Crossing, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Best on the Boulevard, Bluebonnet Parc, North Rivers Town Center, Alison's Corner, Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace, Eastwood Town Center, Watauga Pavilion, Northpointe Plaza, Plaza Santa Fe II, Pine Ridge Plaza, Huebner Oaks Center, John's Creek Village, Lakewood Towne Center, Shoppes at Prominence Point, Northgate North, Davis Towne Crossing, Fullerton Metrocenter, Low Country Village, The Shops at Boardwalk, Shoppes of Dallas, Cranberry Square, Dorman Center - Phase II, Tollgate Marketplace, Gateway Village, Towson Circle, Gateway Plaza, Plaza at Marysville, Forks Town Center, Reisterstown Road Plaza, Village Shoppes at Simonton, Manchester Meadows, Governor's Marketplace, Mitchell Ranch Plaza, The Columns, Saucon Valley Square, Lincoln Park, Harvest Towne Center, Boulevard at the Capital Centre and Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

Gross rental income based on information provided by tenant net leases for the following properties:

Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville, Wrangler Company Western Headquarters, Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro, Harris Teeeter - Wilmington and GMAC Insurance.

- (C) The advisor asset management fee is expected to be subordinated to the shareholders' receipt of a stated return thus no amount is reflected.
- (D) Buildings and improvements will be depreciated on a straight line basis based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for building and improvements and 15 years for site improvements. That portion of the purchase price that is allocated to above or below lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as an adjustment to rental income. Other leasing costs, tenant improvements and in-place lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as a component of amortization expense.
- (E) The pro forma weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the six months ended June 30, 2004 was calculated using the additional shares sold to purchase each of the properties on a weighted average basis plus the 20,000 shares purchased by the Advisor in connection with our organization.
- (F) Management fees are calculated as 4.5% of gross revenues pursuant to the management agreement.
- (G) The value of the acquired leases will be amortized over the lease term.
- (H) The pro forma adjustments relating to interest expense were based on the following debt terms:

Property	Principal Balance		<u> </u>
The Character Provided 11	¢ 20 150 000	4 120	00/00
The Shops at Boardwalk	\$ 20,150,000		08/09
Cranberry Square	•	4.975	08/09
Tollgate Marketplace	39,765,000	LIBOR + 120	07/09
Gateway Village (Loan Note A)	27,233,000	LIBOR + 113	07/09
Gateway Village (Loan Note B)	4,225,000	LIBOR + 200	08/05
Towson Circle (Loan Note A)	15,647,500	5.100	07/09
Towson Circle (Loan Note B)	3,550,000	LIBOR + 200	08/05
Wrangler Company Western Headquarters	11,300,000	5.090	08/34
Plaza at Marysville	11,800,000	5.085	08/09
Forks Town Center	10,395,000	4.970	09/09
Academy Sports - Houma	2,920,000	5.120	09/09
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro	6,088,500	5.085	09/09
Reisterstown Road Plaza	49,650,000	5.300	09/09
Governor's Marketplace	20,625,000	5.185	09/09
John's Creek Village	23,300,000	5.100	08/09
Fullerton Metrocenter	28,050,000	5.090	08/09
Northgate North	26,650,000	4.600	07/08
Eckerd Drug Stores (4)	6,800,000	5.275	08/09
Pine Ridge Plaza	14,700,000	5.085	08/09
Davis Towne Crossing	5,365,200	5.185	09/09

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

Property	Principal Balance	Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Date
Shoppes at Prominence Point	9,954,300	5.235	09/09
Newnan Crossing	21,543,000	4.380	03/09
Shaw's Supermarket - New Britain	6,450,000	4.680	11/08
Stony Creek Marketplace	14,162,000	4.770	01/11
CorWest Plaza	18,150,000	4.560	02/09
Hickory Ridge	23,650,000	4.531	02/09
Larkspur Landing	33,630,000	4.450	02/09
North Ranch Pavilion	10,157,000	4.120	04/09
La Plaza Del Norte	32,528,000	4.610	03/10
Peoria Crossings	20,497,000	4.090	04/09
Eckerd - Edmund	1,850,000	4.374	06/09
Eckerd - Norman	2,900,000	4.374	06/09
Pavilion at King's Grant	5,342,000	4.390	05/09
Metro Square Center	6,067,000	4.280	04/09
MacArthur Crossing	12,700,000	4.290	05/09
Promenade at Red Cliff	10,590,000	4.290	05/09
Dorman Center Phase I	27,610,000	4.180	05/09
Heritage Towne Crossing	8,950,000	4.374	06/09
Paradise Valley Marketplace	15,681,000	4.550	05/09
Best on the Boulevard	19,525,000	3.990	05/09
Bluebonnet Parc	12,100,000	4.372	05/09
North River Town Center	11,050,000	4.760	05/09
Alison's Corner	3,850,000	4.272	06/10
Watauga Pavilion	17,100,000	4.140	06/10
Northpointe Plaza	30,850,000	4.272	05/09
Plaza Santa Fe II	17,552,000	6.200	12/12
Arvada Marketplace and Arvada Connection	28,510,000	4.130	07/09
Huebner Oaks Center (Loan Note A)	31,723,000	4.200	07/10
Huebner Oaks Center (Loan Note B)	16,277,000	3.960	07/10
Eastwood Towne Center	46,750,000	4.640	07/09
Lakewood Towne Center (Loan Note A)	44,000,000	2.680	06/09
Lakewood Towne Center (Loan Note B)	7,260,000	3.830	07/05
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville	7,100,000	4.390	09/09
Manchester Meadows	31,065,000	4.480	09/07
Gateway Plaza	18,163,000	5.100	09/09
Mitchell Ranch Plaza	18,700,000	4.480	10/09
Saucon Valley Square	8,851,000	5.115	10/09
Boulevard at the Capital Centre	71,500,000	5.120	10/09
Shoppes of Dallas	7,179,000	4.960	04/09
Village Shoppes at Simonton	7,562,000	4.960	10/09
The Columns	11,423,000	4.910	11/09
GMAC Insurance	33,000,000	4.610	10/09
Low Country Village	5,370,000	4.960	10/09
Lincoln Park	26,153,000	4.610	11/09

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The following unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is presented to give effect the acquisition of the properties indicated in Note B

of the Notes to the Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations as though they occurred on January 1, 2003 or the date significant operations commenced. No pro forma adjustments have been made for any potential property acquisitions identified as of October 13, 2004. The Company does not consider these properties as probable under Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X as the Company has not completed the due diligence process on these properties. Additionally, the Company has not received sufficient offering proceeds or obtained firm financing commitments to acquire all of these properties as of October 13, 2004. The Company believes it will have sufficient cash from offering proceeds raised and from additional financing proceeds to acquire these properties if and when the Company is prepared to acquire these properties. No pro forma adjustments were made for Eckerd-Edmond or Eckerd-Norman as the properties were completed in 2003 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made for Eckerd-Greer, Eckerd-Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd-Columbia, Eckerd-Crossville, Shoppes at Prominence Point, Low Country Village, Shoppes of Dallas, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III, Dorman Center - Phase II, Academy Sports - Houma, Village Shoppes at Simonton or Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza, as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations in 2003. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

This unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations is not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations would have been for the year ended December 31, 2003, nor does it purport to represent our future results of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

	 Historical (A)	Pro Forma Adjustments (B)	Adjustments	Pro Fo
Rental income	\$	108,122,552		
Additional rent Interest income		26,674,826 - 		27 <b>,</b> 506 37
Total income	 782 <b>,</b> 281	134,797,378	11,655,136	147 <b>,</b> 234
General and administrative expenses Advisor asset management fee (D)	315,263	_ _	_ _	315
Property operating expenses	126,617	38,477,976	665,308	39,269
Management fee (G)		5,970,605		
Interest expense (I)		38,933,377		
Depreciation (E)	140,497	39,374,885	4,065,313	43 <b>,</b> 580
Amortization (H)	81,558	12,744,922	759 <b>,</b> 779	13 <b>,</b> 586
Acquisition costs	 139,263	_	_ 	139 
Total expenses	955 <b>,</b> 560	135,501,765	9,621,226	146,078

Net income (loss)	\$	(173,279)	(704,387)	2,033,910	1,156
Weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, basic and diluted (F)	===:	2,520,986 			154,328 ======
Net income (loss) per share, basic and diluted (F)	====	(.07)			

See accompanying notes to pro forma consolidated statement of operations.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

- (A) The historical information represents the historical statement of operations of the Company for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities Exchange Commission on Form 10-K.
- (B) Total pro forma adjustments for acquisitions consummated as of October 13, 2004 are as though the properties were acquired January 1, 2003.

	Gross Income & Direct Operating Expenses (1)			
Rental income Additional rental income	\$	111,056,594 26,674,826	(2,934,042)	108,122,552 26,674,826
Total income		137,731,420	(2,934,042)	134,797,378
Advisor asset management fee Property operating expenses Management fees Interest expense Depreciation Amortization		- 38,477,976 - - - -	5,970,605 38,933,377 39,374,885 12,744,922	38,933,377 39,374,885
Total expenses		38,477,976	97,023,789	135,501,765
Net income (loss)	\$	99,253,444	(99,957,831) 	(704,387)

(1) Audited combined gross income and direct operating expenses as prepared in accordance with Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X for the following properties:

Shops at Park Place, Darien Towne Center, Newnan Crossing Phase I and II, Pavilion at Kings Grant, Hickory Ridge, CorWest Plaza, Metro Square (Super Value) Center, Larkspur Landing, North Ranch Pavilion, La Plaza Del Norte, MacArthur Crossing, Promenade at Red Cliff, Peoria Crossings, Dorman Center - Phase I, Heritage Towne Crossing, Paradise Valley Marketplace, Best on the Boulevard, Bluebonnet Parc, North Rivers Town Center, Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace, Eastwood Town Center, Watauga Pavilion, Northpointe Plaza, Plaza Santa Fe II, Pine Ridge Plaza, Huebner Oaks Center, John's Creek Village, Lakewood Towne Center, Northgate North, Davis Towne Crossing, Fullerton Metrocenter, The Shops at Boardwalk, Cranberry Square, Tollgate Marketplace, Gateway Village, Towson Circle, Gateway Plaza, Plaza at Marysville, Forks Town Center, Reisterstown Road Plaza, Manchester Meadows, Governor's Marketplace, Mitchell Ranch Plaza, The Columns, Saucon Valley Square, Lincoln Park and Boulevard at the Capital Centre.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

(C) Total pro forma adjustments for acquisitions consummated as of October 13, 2004 are as though the properties were acquired January 1, 2003. No pro forma adjustments were made for the Eckerds - Edmond and the Eckerds - Norman as the properties were completed in 2003 and there were no significant operations prior to our acquisition. No pro forma adjustments were made for Eckerd - Greer, Eckerd - Kill Devil Hills, Eckerd - Columbia, Eckerd - Crossville, Shoppes at Prominence Point, Low Country Village, Shoppes of Dallas, Kohl's - Wilshire Plaza III, Dorman Center - Phase II, Academy Sports - Houma, Village Shoppes at Simonton or Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza, as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations in 2003. No pro forma adjustments were made related to the Pacheco Pass and Quakertown notes receivable as the properties were completed in 2004 and there were no significant operations prior to our funding of the notes receivable.

	Gross Income & Direct Operating Expenses (1)			
Rental income Additional rental income	\$	11,089,469 693,274	(127,607)	10,961,862 693,274
Total income		11,782,743	(127,607)	11,655,136
Advisor asset management fee Property operating expenses Management fees Interest expense Depreciation Amortization		665,308 - - -	530,038 3,600,788 4,065,313 759,779	3,600,788 4,065,313

Total expenses		665,308	8,955,918	9,621,226
Net income (loss)	\$	11,117,435	(9,083,525)	2,033,910
(	·	,,		

(1) Unaudited combined gross income and direct operating expenses based on information provided by the Seller for the following properties:

Stony Creek Marketplace, Shaw's Supermarket (New Britain), Alison's Corner, and Harvest Towne Center.

Gross rental income based on information provided by tenant net leases for the following properties:

Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville, Wrangler Company Western Headquarters, Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro, Harris Teeter - Wilmington and GMAC Insurance.

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

- (D) The advisor asset management fee is expected to be subordinated to the shareholders' receipt of a stated return thus no amount is reflected.
- (E) Buildings and improvements will be depreciated on a straight line basis based upon estimated useful lives of 30 years for building and improvements and 15 years for site improvements. That portion of the purchase price that is allocated to above or below lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as an adjustment to rental income. Other leasing costs, tenant improvements and in-place lease intangibles will be amortized on a straight line basis over the life of the related leases as a component of amortization expense.
- (F) The pro forma weighted average shares of common stock outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2003 was calculated using the additional shares sold to purchase each of the properties on a weighted average basis plus the 20,000 shares purchased by the Advisor in connection with our organization.
- (G) Management fees are calculated as 4.5% of gross revenues pursuant to the management agreement.
- (H) The value of the acquired leases will be amortized over the lease term.
- (I) The pro forma adjustments relating to interest expense were based on the following debt terms:

	Principal	Interest	Maturity
Property	Balance	Rate (%)	Date

The Shops at Boardwalk	Ś	20,150,000	4.130	08/09
Cranberry Square	Y	10,900,000		08/09
Tollgate Marketplace		39,765,000	LIBOR + 120	07/09
Gateway Village (Loan Note A)		27,233,000	LIBOR + 113	07/09
Gateway Village (Loan Note B)		4,225,000	LIBOR + 200	08/05
Towson Circle (Loan Note A)		15,647,500	5.100	07/09
Towson Circle (Loan Note B)		3,550,000	LIBOR + 200	08/05
Wrangler Company Western Headquarters		11,300,000	5.090	08/34
Plaza at Marysville		11,800,000	5.085	08/09
Forks Town Center		10,395,000	4.970	09/09
Academy Sports - Houma		2,920,000	5.120	09/09
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro		6,088,500	5.085	09/09
Reisterstown Road Plaza		49,650,000	5.300	09/09
Governor's Marketplace		20,625,000	5.185	09/09
John's Creek Village		23,300,000	5.100	08/09
Fullerton Metrocenter		28,050,000	5.090	08/09
Northgate North		26,650,000	4.600	07/08
Eckerd Drug Stores (4)		6,800,000	5.275	08/09
Pine Ridge Plaza		14,700,000	5.085	08/09
Davis Towne Crossing		5,365,200	5.185	09/09
Shoppes at Prominence Point		9,954,300	5.235	09/09
Shops at Park Place		13,127,000	4.710	11/08
Darien Towne Center		16,500,000	4.650	06/10
Newnan Crossing		21,543,000	4.380	03/09
Shaw's Supermarket - New Britain		6,450,000	4.680	11/33

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Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations
For the year ended December 31, 2003

(unaudited)

Property	Principal Balance	Rate (%)	_
Stony Creek Marketplace	14,162,000	4.770	01/11
CorWest Plaza	18,150,000	4.560	02/09
Hickory Ridge	23,650,000	4.531	02/09
Larkspur Landing	33,630,000	4.450	02/09
North Ranch Pavilion	10,157,000	4.120	04/09
La Plaza Del Norte	32,528,000	4.610	03/10
Peoria Crossings	20,497,000	4.090	04/09
Eckerd - Edmund	1,850,000	4.374	06/09
Eckerd - Norman	2,900,000	4.374	06/09
Pavilion at King's Grant	5,342,000	4.390	05/09
Metro Square Center	6,067,000	4.280	04/09
MacArthur Crossing	12,700,000	4.290	05/09
Promenade at Red Cliff	10,590,000	4.290	05/09
Dorman Center Phase I	27,610,000	4.180	05/09
Heritage Towne Crossing	8,950,000	4.374	06/09
Paradise Valley Marketplace	15,681,000	4.550	05/09
Best on the Boulevard	19,525,000	3.990	05/09
Bluebonnet Parc	12,100,000	4.372	05/09
North River Town Center	11,050,000	4.760	05/09
Alison's Corner	3,850,000	4.272	06/10
Watauga Pavilion	17,100,000	4.140	06/10

Northpointe Plaza	30,850,000	4.272	05/09
Plaza Santa Fe II	17,552,000	6.200	12/12
Arvada Marketplace and Arvada Connection	28,510,000	4.130	07/09
Huebner Oaks Center (Loan Note A)	31,723,000	4.200	07/10
Huebner Oaks Center (Loan Note B)	16,277,000	3.960	07/10
Eastwood Towne Center	46,750,000	4.640	07/09
Lakewood Towne Center (Loan Note A)	44,000,000	2.680	06/09
Lakewood Towne Center (Loan Note B)	7,260,000	3.830	07/05
Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville	7,100,000	4.390	09/09
Manchester Meadows	31,065,000	4.480	09/07
Gateway Plaza	18,163,000	5.100	09/09
Mitchell Ranch Plaza	18,700,000	4.480	10/09
Saucon Valley Square	8,851,000	5.115	10/09
Boulevard at the Capital Centre	71,500,000	5.120	10/09
Shoppes of Dallas	7,179,000	4.960	04/09
Village Shoppes at Simonton	7,562,000	4.960	10/09
The Columns	11,423,000	4.910	11/09
GMAC Insurance	33,000,000	4.610	10/09
Low Country Village	5,370,000	4.960	10/09
Lincoln Park	26,153,000	4.610	11/09

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Shops at Park Place ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2002. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of the management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Shops at Park Place for the year ended December 31, 2002, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois November 10, 2003

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#### SHOPS AT PARK PLACE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003 (unaudited)

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2003 (unaudited)	
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	1,437,200 379,258
Total gross income		1,816,458
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		168,382 269,037 27,897
Total direct operating expenses		465,316
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ ======	1,351,142 =======

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## SHOPS AT PARK PLACE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003

## (1) Business

Shops at Park Place (the "Property") is located in Plano, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 112,478 square feet of gross leasable retail area which was 100% occupied at December 31, 2002. Three retail tenants account for approximately 44% of the base retail rental revenue. On October 31, 2003, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (IWRRETI) acquired the Property.

## (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the nine months ended September 30, 2003.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provisions for contingent rentals.

The Property has one ground lease which is classified as an operating lease with a term expiring in October 2015. Total ground lease income was \$88,297 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2002.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$14,536 for the year ended December 31, 2002.

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#### SHOPS AT PARK PLACE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003 (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from rive to sixty years, in effect at December 31, 2002, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007	\$ 1,913,069 1,913,416 1,916,724 1,861,396 1,500,007
Thereafter	23,437,097
Total	\$ 32,541,709 =======

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Darien Towne Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2002. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Form 8-K/A of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Darien Towne Center for the year ended December 31, 2002, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Los Angeles, California December 4, 2003

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DARIEN TOWNE CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2002

(in thousands)

For the year ended

	December 31,	2002
Gross income: rental income Tenant reimbursements	\$	2,051 449
Total gross income		2,500
Direct operating expenses: Utilities, maintenance, and repairs Real estate taxes Insurance		201 344 35
Total direct operating expenses		580
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	1,920

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### DARIEN TOWNE CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2002

#### (1) Business

Darien Towne Center (the Property) is a shopping center located in Darien, Illinois. The Property consists of 217,505 square feet of gross leasable area and was 95% occupied at December 31, 2002. Approximately 77% of the property's leasable area is leased to three tenants, Home Depot, Circuit City, and PetSmart. Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (IWRRETI) has signed a purchase and sale agreement for the purchase of the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Form 8-K/A of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various

periods at various rental rates.

Rental income is recognized using the accrual method based on contractual amounts provided for in the lease agreements. Rental revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the respective leases.

The following is a schedule of minimum future rental to be received on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2002 (in thousands):

YEAR	TOTAL	
2003	\$ 2,089	
2004	1,938	
2005	1,452	
2006	1,440	
2007	1,390	
Thereafter	9,148	
Total	\$ 17 <b>,</b> 457	

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#### DARIEN TOWNE CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2002 (continued)

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### DARIEN TOWNE CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

	year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)	
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 2,123,487 514,801	
Total gross income	2,638,288	

For the

Direct operating expenses: Property operating expenses	 628,144
Total direct operating expenses	 628,144
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 2,010,144

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### DARIEN TOWNE CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Darien Towne Center to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of the Properties Acquired from Thomas Enterprises ("the Properties") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

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The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Form 8-K/A of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Properties' revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of the Properties Acquired from Thomas Enterprises for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 24, 2004

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THE PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM THOMAS ENTERPRISES

Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003

	er the year ended aber 31, 2003
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	2,968,855 529,344
Total gross income	 3,498,199
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	 372,962 217,447 35,600
Total direct operating expenses	 626,009
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	2,872,190

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM THOMAS ENTERPRISES Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003

#### (1) Business

The Properties Acquired from Thomas Enterprises ("the Properties") consists of the following:

Name	Gross Leasable Area (unaudited)	Location	Occupancy at December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
Pavilion at King's Grant	79,909	Concord, North Carolina	100%
Newnan Crossing I and II	288,284	Newnan, Georgia	100%

Two tenants account for 41% of the Properties' base rental income.

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Pavilion at King's Grant on December 30, 2003, Newman Crossing on December 23, 2003 and Newman Crossing Phase II on February 13, 2004, from Thomas Enterprises, an unaffiliated party. The Historical Summary represents the combination of the Properties described above since the Properties are all owned by Thomas Enterprises.

A portion of Pavilion at King's Grant and Newnan Crossing (representing approximately 71,000 square feet and 275,800 square feet, respectively,) of the Properties' gross leasable area was completed as of December 31, 2002. The remaining portion of the Properties' gross leasable area (representing the remaining approximately 8,000 square feet and 12,400 square feet, respectively,) was under construction and completed during 2003.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Form 8-K/A of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Properties' revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Properties to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Properties lease retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Properties are reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

The Properties have five ground leases which are classified as operating leases with terms ranging through February 2014. Total ground lease income was \$363,323

and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM THOMAS ENTERPRISES

Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and

Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003

(continued)

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$294,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to twenty years in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL		
2004	\$ 3,537,586		
2005	3,396,343		
2006	3,351,239		
2007	3,155,649		
2008	3,124,333		
Thereafter	22,863,275		
Total	\$ 39,428,425		

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### STONY CREEK MARKETPLACE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

For the year ended
December 31, 2003
(unaudited)

Gross income:

Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 393,702 130,140
Total gross income	 523,842
Direct operating expenses: Property operating expenses	 98 <b>,</b> 974
Total direct operating expenses	 98,974
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 424 <b>,</b> 868

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### STONY CREEK MARKETPLACE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Stony Creek Marketplace to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Hickory Ridge ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting

principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Hickory Ridge for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois March 2, 2004

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# HICKORY RIDGE Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

	Dece	or the year ended mber 31, 2003
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	3,633,058 447,314
Total gross income		4,080,372
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		156,997 244,786 59,317
Total direct operating expenses		461,100
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	3,619,272

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

#### HICKORY RIDGE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

#### (1) Business

Hickory Ridge (the Property) is located in Hickory, North Carolina. The Property consists of 375,587 square feet of gross leasable area and was 100% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-one tenants of which four tenants account for approximately 51% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On January 9, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$25,762 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

In addition, rental income includes \$95,959 of rent from one tenant that pays monthly rent based upon a percentage of monthly sales in lieu of minimum rents provided in the lease. The minimum rents schedule below excludes such tenant.

The Property has two ground leases that are classified as operating leases with terms extending through January 2013 and January 2021, respectively. Total ground lease income was \$311,590 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increase base rental income by \$132,919 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### HICKORY RIDGE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from one to seventeen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL		
2004	\$ 3,393,768		
2005	3,053,077		
2006	3,065,441		
2007	3,016,833		
2008	3,019,568		
Thereafter	18,476,329		
Total	\$ 34,025,016 =======		

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of CorWest Plaza ("the Property") for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of CorWest Plaza for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois March 3, 2004

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#### CORWEST PLAZA

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003

	For the period from May 29, 2003 through	
		ber 31, 2003
Gross income:		
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	1,425,025 424,278
Total gross income		1,849,303
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		54,893 347,412 16,407
Total direct operating expenses		418,712
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	•	1,430,591

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## CORWEST PLAZA

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003

## (1) Business

CorWest Plaza (the Property) is located in New Britain, Connecticut. The Property consists of approximately 115,011 square feet of gross leasable area and was 100% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to ten

tenants of which four tenants account for approximately 90% of base rental revenue for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003. On January 6, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates As the Property was acquired by the seller on May 29, 2003, financial statements were not available prior to such date. As such, the Historical Summary includes only operations for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned from the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003.

The Property has 3 ground leases that are classified as operating leases with terms extending through May 2028. Total ground lease income was \$1,225,693 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$44,806 for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003.

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#### CORWEST PLAZA

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003 (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from 48 months to 25 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL

2004	\$ 2,612,698
2005	2,594,038
2006	2,464,015
2007	2,416,598
2008	2,433,616
Thereafter	40,960,776
Total	\$ 53,481,742

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Metro Square Center (SuperValue) ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Metro Square Center (SuperValue) for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois March 3, 2004

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# METRO SQUARE CENTER (SUPERVALUE) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

	For the year ended December 31, 2003	
Gross income:	Ć 040 F72	
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 949,573 125,792	
Total gross income	1,075,365	
Direct operating expenses:		
Operating expenses	59,440	
Real estate taxes Insurance	47,018 18,815	
Total direct operating expenses	125,273	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 950,092	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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METRO SQUARE CENTER (SUPERVALUE)

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003

#### (1) Business

Metro Square Center (SuperValue) (the Property) is located in Severn, Maryland. The Property consists of approximately 62,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was 100% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to three tenants of which one tenant accounts for approximately 91% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On January 22, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

## (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for

inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provisions for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$54,197 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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METRO SQUARE CENTER (SUPERVALUE)

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL		
2004	\$	897 <b>,</b> 786	
2005		922,082	
2006		902,574	
2007		904,327	
2008		844,146	
Thereafter		10,010,898	
Total	\$	14,481,813	

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Larkspur Landing, ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Larkspur Landing, for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 26, 2004

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# LARKSPUR LANDING

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

For the year ended
December 31, 2003
----\$ 4,735,363
1,055,794

Gross income:

Base rental income
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

Total gross income	 5 <b>,</b> 791 <b>,</b> 157
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	 707,903 336,380 236,462
Total direct operating expenses	 1,280,745
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 4,510,412

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### LARKSPUR LANDING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

#### (1) Business

Larkspur Landing, (the Property) is located in Larkspur, California. The Property consists of approximately 173,800 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 91% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to thirty-seven tenants of which four tenants account for approximately 62% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On January 14, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provisions for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$339,129 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$171,513 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### LARKSPUR LANDING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from 1 to 15 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL		
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	\$ 4,305,051 3,779,574 3,409,006 2,769,297 2,410,278		
Thereafter	13,617,128		
Total	\$ 30,290,334 =======		

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of North Ranch Pavilion ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the

Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of North Ranch Pavilion for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 25, 2004

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# NORTH RANCH PAVILION Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

	For the year ended December 31, 2003	
Gross income:		
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	1,100,047 322,680
Total gross income		1,422,727
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		210,864 129,164 33,635
Total direct operating expenses		373,663
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	1,049,064

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### NORTH RANCH PAVILION

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

#### (1) Business

North Ranch Pavilion (the Property) is located in Thousand Oaks, California. The Property consists of approximately 63,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 91% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-seven tenants of which three tenants account for approximately 34% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On January 15, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$39,515 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### NORTH RANCH PAVILION

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from three to 14 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	\$ 1,308,503 1,187,162 1,196,362 768,560 665,216
Thereafter	2,245,095
Total	\$ 7,370,898

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of La Plaza Del Norte ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of La Plaza Del Norte for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 26, 2004

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# LA PLAZA DEL NORTE Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

	For the year ended	
	December	31, 2003
Gross income:	<u>^</u>	4 000 605
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	4,003,605 1,421,860
Total gross income		5,425,465
Direct operating expenses:		
Operating expenses		240,045
Real estate taxes Insurance		1,199,850 84,577
Total direct operating expenses		1,524,472
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	3,900,993
	=======	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## LA PLAZA DEL NORTE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

# (1) Business

La Plaza Del Norte (the Property) is located in San Antonio, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 320,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 96% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to eighteen tenants of which two tenants account for approximately 41% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On January 21, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with

Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$827 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$72,859 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

F-108

# LA PLAZA DEL NORTE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to twenty years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 4,113,332 4,070,499 3,942,489 3,358,048 3,258,479 14,294,929
Total	\$ 33,037,776

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and

professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of MacArthur Crossing ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of MacArthur Crossing for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois March 1, 2004

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# MACARTHUR CROSSING

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003

For the year ended
December 31, 2003

Gross income:

Base rental income
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

\$ 1,760,907 608,826

Total gross income	2,369,733
Direct operating expenses:	249,689
Operating expenses	•
Real estate taxes	400,391
Insurance	48,208
Total direct operating expenses	698,288
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 1,671,445
	=======================================

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## MACARTHUR CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

#### (1) Business

MacArthur Crossing (the Property) is located in Las Colinas, Texas. The Property consists of 111,035 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 98% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-nine tenants of which seven tenants account for approximately 54% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On February 5, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

# (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$14,807 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$4,655 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### MACARTHUR CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to twenty years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 1,771,533 1,713,801 1,290,824 809,370 678,292 2,761,095
Total	\$ 9,024,915

# (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Promenade at Red Cliff ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the

Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Promenade at Red Cliff for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois March 5, 2004

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# PROMENADE AT RED CLIFF Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

	For the year ended	
	December	31, 2003
Gross income:		1 050 100
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	1,250,480 237,743
Total gross income		1,488,223
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		136,724 113,395 38,288
Total direct operating expenses		288,407
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	1,199,816

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### PROMENADE AT RED CLIFF

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

#### (1) Business

Promenade at Red Cliff (the Property) is located in St. George, Utah. The Property consists of 94,947 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 97% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-tenants of which four tenants account for approximately 61% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On February 13, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$21,297 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$1,622 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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## PROMENADE AT RED CLIFF

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from 10 months to fifteen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	\$ 1,468,781 1,513,674 1,526,952 1,149,127 852,421
Thereafter	921 <b>,</b> 631
Total	\$ 7,432,586 

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Peoria Crossings ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Peoria Crossing for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 25, 2004

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#### PEORIA CROSSINGS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003

	end	ne year ded 31, 2003
Gross income:  Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	2,247,654 367,902
Total gross income		2,615,556
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		158,120 212,946 
Total direct operating expenses		371,066
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	2,244,490

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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# PEORIA CROSSINGS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003

# (1) Business

Peoria Crossings (the Property) is located in Peoria, Arizona. The Property consists of approximately 213,500 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 97% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-one tenants of which five tenants account for approximately 59% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") has signed a sale and purchase agreement for the purchase of the Property from an unaffiliated third-party ("Seller").

The Property commenced operations in 2002 with a portion of Peoria Crossings (representing approximately 207,500 square feet) of the Properties' gross

leasable area complete as of December 31, 2003. The remaining portion of the Properties' gross leasable area (representing the remaining approximately 6, 000 square feet) is under construction and scheduled to be completed during 2004.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$780,986 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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# PEORIA CROSSINGS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to twenty-one years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004	\$ 2,584,513
2005	2,606,123
2006	2,613,453
2007	2,623,407
2008	2,245,206
Thereafter	17,152,265

442

Total \$ 29,824,967

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Dorman Centre ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Dorman Centre for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois February 25, 2004

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DORMAN CENTRE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003

	For the year ended	
	December	31, 2003
Gross income: Base rental income	\$	1,195,938
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		83,579
Total gross income		1,279,517
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		37,886 51,474 9,656
Total direct operating expenses		99,016
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	1,180,501

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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# DORMAN CENTRE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December  $31,\ 2003$ 

# (1) Business

Dorman Centre (the Property) is located in Spartanburg, South Carolina. The Property consists of approximately 388,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 90% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-one tenants of which four tenants account for approximately 77% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On March 4, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

The Property commenced operations on July 1, 2003 with a portion of Dorman Center (representing approximately 348,000 square feet) complete as of December 31, 2003. The remaining portion (representing the remaining approximately 40,000 square feet) is under construction and scheduled to be completed during the first quarter of 2004.

# (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the

Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$4,778 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### DORMAN CENTRE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from three to twenty years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	\$ 3,504,788 3,540,088 3,513,673 3,430,584 3,313,461
Thereafter	30,804,111
Total	\$ 48,106,705

# (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Heritage Towne Crossing ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Heritage Towne Crossing for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois March 3, 2004

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HERITAGE TOWNE CROSSING
Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003

For the year ended
December 31, 2003

Gross income:

Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

198**,**515

Total gross income	1,074,593
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	 106,131 211,070 21,825
Total direct operating expenses	 339,026
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 735 <b>,</b> 567

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### HERITAGE TOWN CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December  $31,\ 2003$ 

## (1) Business

Heritage Towne Crossing (the Property) is located in Euless, Texas. The Property consists of 80,730 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 81% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-five tenants of which five tenants account for approximately 40% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On March 5, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third party.

# (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal to options at various periods at various rental rates.

The Property has two ground leases that are classified as operating leases with terms extending through September, 2023. Total ground lease income was \$44,417 and is included in base rental income int he accompanying Historical Summary for

the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exists in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$15,184 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### HERITAGE TOWNE CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from three to twenty years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004	\$ 1,289,587
2005	1,300,384
2006	1,292,499
2007	1,069,311
2008	653,115
Thereafter	2,698,001
Total	\$ 8,302,897

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Paradise Valley Marketplace ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan

and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Paradise Valley Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois May 21, 2004

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#### PARADISE VALLEY MARKETPLACE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

	three months ended March 31, 2004		December 31,	
		naudited)		
Gross income:				
Base rental income	\$	449,832	1,48	
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		54 <b>,</b> 799	21	
Total gross income		504,631	1,70	
Direct operating expenses:				
Operating expenses		26,470	13	
Real estate taxes		47,629	18	
Insurance		7 <b>,</b> 942	3	
Total direct operating expenses		82,041	34	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	422,590	1,36	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### PARADISE VALLEY MARKETPLACE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Paradise Valley Marketplace (the Property) is located in Phoenix, Arizona. The Property consists of approximately 138,627 square feet of gross leasable area and was 81% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to two tenants that account for approximately 41% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On April 8, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

## (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$46,680 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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# PARADISE VALLEY MARKETPLACE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004

(continued) (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from five to twenty years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 1,847,829 1,860,272 1,852,512 1,596,997 1,368,899 10,350,861
	\$ 18,877,370 

# (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Best on the Boulevard ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Best on the Boulevard for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 14, 2004

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# BEST ON THE BOULEVARD

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004			
	(unaudited)			
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	777,350 48,915	2 <b>,</b> 94 19	
Total gross income		826 <b>,</b> 265	3,14	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		67,731 20,288 10,133	19 7 5	
Total direct operating expenses		98,152	33	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	728,113	2,81	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## BEST ON THE BOULEVARD

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

# (1) Business

Best on the Boulevard (the Property) is located in Las Vegas, Nevada. The

Property consists of approximately 204,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was 98% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to four tenants that account for approximately 70% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On April 14, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$152,725 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$21,111 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Gross income excludes lease buy-out income as such amounts are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the property.

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## BEST ON THE BOULEVARD

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(continued) (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from one to eleven years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
		-
2004	\$ 2,777,000	)

\_\_\_\_\_

2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	 2,615,000 2,657,000 2,705,000 2,732,000 10,162,000
	\$ 23,648,000

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Bluebonnet Parc ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Bluebonnet Parc for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 14, 2004

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## BLUEBONNET PARC

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004			
		(unaudited)		
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	405,509 54,952	·	
Total gross income		460,461	1,92	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		28,732 31,210 11,103	10 12 4	
Total direct operating expenses		71,045	27	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ =====	389,416	1,65	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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# BLUEBONNET PARC

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

## (1) Business

Bluebonnet Parc (the Property) is located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. The Property consists of approximately 135,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 89% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to two tenants that account for approximately 58% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On April 22, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

# (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with

Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$58,881 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### BLUEBONNET PARC

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (continued) (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from one to seventeen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 1,621,138 1,621,138 1,621,138 1,632,710 1,671,590 9,990,092
	\$ 18,157,806
	==========

(4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of North Rivers Town Center ("the Property") for the period of October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in Note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in Note 2 of North Rivers Town Center for the period of October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois May 25, 2004

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NORTH RIVERS TOWN CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period of October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

For the peri

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004		operations)	
		(unaudited)		
Gross income:		475 007	1.1	
Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	475,837 41,591	1	
Total gross income		517,428	16	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses		38,133	5	
Real estate taxes		12,136		
Total direct operating expenses		50 <b>,</b> 269	9	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	467,159	6	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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# NORTH RIVERS TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period of October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

# (1) Business

North Rivers Town Center (the Property) is located in Charleston, South Carolina. The Property consists of approximately 141,167 square feet of gross leasable area and was 53% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to six tenants of which three account for approximately 82% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On April 27, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

## (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the

accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with terms extending through January 2014. Total ground lease income was \$20,097 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$3,583 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### NORTH RIVERS TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period of October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (continued) (unaudited)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from three to ten years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 1,507,058 1,635,570 1,647,145 1,627,461 1,616,978 7,128,154
	\$ 15,162,366 

# (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Arvada Marketplace and Connection ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Arvada Marketplace and Connection for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 8, 2004

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ARVADA MARKETPLACE AND CONNECTION

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

> For the three months ended March 31, 2004 December 31,

\_\_\_\_\_

For the yea ended

(unaudited)

Gross income:

Base rental income

\$ 864,350

3,60

	======		
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	727,970	3,22
Total direct operating expenses		408,249	1,65
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		123,217 276,372 8,660	51 1,10 3
Total gross income		1,136,219	4,88
Contingent rent Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		271,869 	15 1,11

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## ARVADA MARKETPLACE AND CONNECTION

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Arvada Marketplace and Connection ("the Property) is located in Arvada, Colorado. The Property consists of approximately 528,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 67% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to four tenants that account for approximately 53% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On April 29, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

# (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

# (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate,

and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$152,934 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$482 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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## ARVADA MARKETPLACE AND CONNECTION

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from three to twenty years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 3,451,409 3,315,310 3,049,468 2,882,800 2,210,180 5,724,575
	\$ 20,633,742
	5,724,  \$ 20,633,

# (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Eastwood Town Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the

responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Eastwood Town Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 8, 2004

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# EASTWOOD TOWN CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004			
	 (u			
Gross income:				
Base rental income	\$	1,652,801	6 <b>,</b> 25	
Contingent rent		-	1	
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		281,464	1,30	
Total gross income		1,934,265	7,57	
Direct operating expenses:				
Operating expenses		286,259	1,21	
Real estate taxes		58 <b>,</b> 697	23	
Insurance		40,338	16	

Total direct operating expenses	385,294	1,61
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 1,548,971	5,96

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## EASTWOOD TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Eastwood Town Center (the Property) is located in Lansing, Michigan. The Property consists of approximately 334,500 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 98% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to four tenants that account for approximately 19% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On May 13, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

## (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$10,123 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

In addition, rental income includes \$135,059 of rent from one tenant that pays monthly rent based upon a percentage of monthly sales in lieu of minimum rents provided in the lease. The minimum rents schedule below excludes such tenant.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$236,890 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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## EASTWOOD TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from five to fifteen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 6,347,034 6,364,074 6,389,942 6,409,218 6,354,825 31,443,155
	\$ 63,308,248

# (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Watauga Pavilion ("the Property") for the period of August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes

examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Watauga Pavilion for the period of August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois May 28, 2004

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#### WATAUGA PAVILION

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period of August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004(unaudited)		December 31,
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	547,045 122,473	19
Total gross income		669,518	20
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		28,568 129,422 9,446	
Total direct operating expenses		167,436	2
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	502 <b>,</b> 082	17

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### WATAUGA PAVILION

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Watauga Pavilion (the Property) is located in Watauga, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 205,575 square feet of gross leasable area and was 93% leased and 43% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to three tenants that account for approximately 49% of base rental revenue for the period of August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On May 21, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property.

Watauga Pavilion was under construction during 2003 and commenced operations August 15, 2003, with a portion of the Property's gross leasable area (representing approximately 88,300 square feet) complete as of December 31, 2003. The remaining portion of the Property's gross leasable area (representing the remaining approximately 117,275 square feet) is under construction and scheduled to be completed during 2004.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

## (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the period from August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a

straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$157,979 for the period from August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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#### WATAUGA PAVILION-

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the period August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003
and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from five to fifteen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006	\$ 1,778,694 2,311,353
2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	2,311,555 2,312,565 2,308,121 12,657,110
	\$ 23,679,398 =========

# (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Northpointe Plaza ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in

the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Northpointe Plaza for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 7, 2004

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#### NORTHPOINTE PLAZA

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004			
		naudited)		
Gross income: Base rental income	\$	1,019,796	4 <b>,</b> 25	
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		315 <b>,</b> 392		
Total gross income		1,335,188	5 <b>,</b> 93	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		159,522 165,847 22,687	48 66 9	
Total direct operating expenses		348,056	1,23	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	987,132	4,69	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct

operating expense.

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#### NORTHPOINTE PLAZA

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Northpointe Plaza (the Property) is located in Spokane, Washington. The Property consists of approximately 484,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 99.8% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to four tenants that account for approximately 53% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On May 28, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$554,354 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$62,126 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Gross income excludes lease termination income as such amounts are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property.

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Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from one to fourteen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	\$ 4,035,578 3,915,240 3,581,719 3,388,281 3,338,415
Thereafter	\$ 36,434,263

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Plaza Santa Fe II ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2.

It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Plaza Santa Fe II for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois May 25, 2004

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#### PLAZA SANTA FE II

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

		For the yea ended December 31,	
(un	audited)		
\$	811,853 104,886	·	
	916,739	3,61	
	F2 702	21	
	107,411	42	
	23,321 273,764	6	
	490,361	2,06	
\$	426 <b>,</b> 378	,	
	\$  \$	104,886 916,739 52,703 107,411 33,162 23,321 273,764	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### PLAZA SANTA FE II

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004

(unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Plaza Santa Fe II (the Property) is located in Santa Fe, New Mexico. The Property consists of approximately 222,400 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 98% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to four tenants that account for approximately 49% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On June 1, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$81,729 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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### PLAZA SANTA FE II

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from three to fifteen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR TOTAL

2004	\$	3,161,371
2005		3,123,383
2006		3,007,686
2007		2,947,969
2008		2,859,712
Thereafter		15,738,974
	\$	30,839,095
	=======	

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

The property is subject to a ground lease with annual payments, payable to an unaffiliated third party of \$375,000 until November 30, 2010, \$431,250 until November 30, 2020 and \$495,938 until maturity. The ground lease matures in 2023. Although the ground lease provided for increases in minimum rent payments over the term of the lease, ground lease expense accrues on a straight-line basis. The related adjustment increased ground rent expense by approximately \$55,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Minimum rents to be paid to the unaffiliated third party under the ground lease in effect at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

YEAR		TOTAL
2004	\$	375 <b>,</b> 000
2005		375 <b>,</b> 000
2006		375 <b>,</b> 000
2007		375,000
2008		375,000
Thereafter		8,998,750
	\$	10,873,750
	====	

#### (5) Interest Expense

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. assumed a \$17,600,000 mortgage loan secured by the Property in connection with the acquisition. The mortgage loan bears a fixed interest rate of 6.2%, payable in monthly installments of principal and interest, and matures on December 1, 2012.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Pine Ridge Plaza ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Pine Ridge Plaza for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 7, 2004

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### PINE RIDGE PLAZA

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004		For the ye ended December 31,	
	(ur			
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	360,937 102,740	1,19 27	
Total gross income		463 <b>,</b> 677	1,46	

Direct operating expenses:

	=====		
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	341,583	98
Total direct operating expenses		122,094	48
Insurance		4,778	1
Real estate taxes		76,980	3.0
Operating expenses		40,336	15

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### PINE RIDGE PLAZA

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Pine Ridge Plaza (the Property) is located in Lawrence, Kansas. The Property consists of approximately 275,800 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 75% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to three tenants that account for approximately 66% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On June 7, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for

which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$49,168 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Gross income excludes condemnation income as such amounts are not comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property.

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#### PINE RIDGE PLAZA

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from five to twenty years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR		TOTAL
2004	\$	1,408,301
2005		1,414,600
2006		1,330,048
2007		1,167,794
2008		1,061,244
Thereafter		6,934,670
	\$	13,316,657
	==:	

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Huebner Oaks Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan

and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Huebner Oaks Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois June 7, 2004

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#### HUEBNER OAKS CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2004		ended December 31,
		unaudited)	
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	1,315,356 467,059	
Total gross income		1,782,415	7,20
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		175,366 291,585 20,174	1,11
Total direct operating expenses		•	1,90
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses		1,295,290	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### HUEBNER OAKS CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Huebner Oaks Center (the Property) is located in San Antonio, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 287,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 96% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to four tenants that account for approximately 24% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On June 8, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2004.

### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$474,883 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$48,392 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### HUEBNER OAKS CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from one to fourteen years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
2004	\$ 4,912,54	9
2005	4,836,54	
2006	4,592,76	
2007	4,002,32	
2008	2,629,26	
Thereafter	5,218,63	4
	\$ 26,192,08	5

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of John's Creek Village ("the Property") for the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of John's Creek Village for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 13, 2004

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### JOHN'S CREEK VILLAGE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	six r		For the period September 21, (commencement operations) December 31, 2
	(uı	naudited)	
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	834,163 327,885	14 1
Total gross income		1,162,048	15
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		46,272 340,373 13,215	2
Total direct operating expenses		399 <b>,</b> 860	2
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ =====	762 <b>,</b> 188	12

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## JOHN'S CREEK VILLAGE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) Business

John's Creek Village (the Property) is located in Duluth, Georgia. The Property consists of approximately 190,444 square feet of gross leasable area and was 47% leased and occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to eight tenants of which one tenant accounts for approximately 55% of base rental revenue for the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On June 23, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party seller.

John's Creek Village was under construction during 2003 and commenced operations on September 21, 2003 with a portion of the Property's gross leasable area (representing approximately 90,005 square feet) complete as of December 31, 2003. The remaining portion of the Property's gross leasable area (representing the remaining approximately 100,439 square feet) is under construction and scheduled to be completed during 2004.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

The Property has two ground leases that are classified as operating leases with terms extending through December 31, 2023 and May 31, 2014. Total ground lease income was \$2,054 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$1,473 for the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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JOHN'S CREEK VILLAGE
Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR		TOTAL
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$	1,668,326 1,743,692 1,754,959 1,763,747 1,759,391 12,090,223
merearcer	 \$ ====	20,780,338

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Lakewood Towne Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Lakewood Towne Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois July 15, 2004

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### LAKEWOOD TOWNE CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2004			
		naudited)		
Gross income: Base rental income	\$	2,688,280	4 <b>,</b> 54	
Contingent Rent	٧	2,000,200	· / Ŭ	
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		643,743	1,27 	
Total gross income		3,332,023	5 <b>,</b> 87	
Direct operating expenses:				
Operating expenses		370,699	74	
Real estate taxes		313,628	59	
Insurance		87 <b>,</b> 680	18	
Total direct operating expenses		772,007	1,51	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	2,560,016	4,35	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## LAKEWOOD TOWNE CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(1) Business

Lakewood Towne Center (the Property) is located in Lakewood, Washington. The Property consists of approximately 579,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 93% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-four tenants of which five tenants account for approximately 51% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On June 25, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$67,758 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$300,309 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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## LAKEWOOD TOWNE CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from two to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR TOTAL		TOTAL
2004	\$	5,177,316
2005		5,141,493
2006		5,082,303

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Fullerton Metrocenter ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Fullerton Metrocenter for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 3, 2004

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Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

For the six months ended June 30, 2004			
(unaudited)			
\$	1,639,005 531,978		
	2,170,983	4,49	
	376 <b>,</b> 538	65	
	207,500	41	
	178,938	35	
	19 <b>,</b> 569	3 	
	782 <b>,</b> 545	1,47	
\$	1,388,438	3,02	
	six m  Ju (u \$	six months ended June 30, 2004  (unaudited)  \$ 1,639,005 531,978  2,170,983  2,170,983  276,538 207,500 178,938 19,569	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### FULLERTON METROCENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

### (1) Business

Fullerton Metrocenter (the Property) is located in Fullerton, California. The Property consists of approximately 254,880 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 78% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to forty-one tenants of which two tenants account for approximately 19% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On June 30, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical

Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$268,823 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003 and recorded as base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments decreased base rental income by \$143,851 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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### FULLERTON METROCENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from one to 17 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004	\$ 3,518,723
2005	3,284,218
2006	2,801,342
2007	2,405,044
2008	1,754,107
Thereafter	2,995,333
	\$ 16,758,767

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization,

management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

The property is subject to a ground lease with annual payments, payable to an unaffiliated third party, of \$415,000 until maturity. The ground lease matures in 2050.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Davis Towne Crossing ("the Property") for the period from July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Davis Towne Crossing for the period of July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois July 30, 2004

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#### DAVIS TOWNE CROSSING

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

For the period July 18, 200 (commencement

For the

	six months ended June 30, 2004		_	
	(u	naudited)		
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries Other income		317,309 78,451 918		14 5
Total gross income		396 <b>,</b> 678		19
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		45,368 45,426 20,484		7 2 1
Total direct operating expenses		122,278		10
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	274,400		9

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### DAVIS TOWNE CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Davis Towne Crossing (the Property) is located in North Richland Hills, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 41,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 83% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to thirteen tenants of which two tenants account for approximately 43% of base rental revenue for the period of July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On June 30, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

Davis Towne Crossing was under construction during 2003 and commenced operations July 18, 2003, with construction complete as of December 31, 2003.

## (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the period of July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

In addition, rental income includes \$5,963 of rent from one tenant that pays monthly rent based upon a percentage of monthly sales in lieu of minimum rents provided in the lease. The minimum rents schedule below excludes such tenant.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with terms extending through August 2028. Total ground lease income was \$34,509 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the period of July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$5,344 for the period of July 18 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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### DAVIS TOWNE CROSSING

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from three to 25 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR		TOTAL	
2004 2005	\$	653,726	
2005 2006 2007		658,033 658,033 631,620	
2008 Thereafter		541,343 2,270,444	
	\$ ====	5,413,199 ======	

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Northgate North ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Northgate North for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 13, 2004

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### NORTHGATE NORTH

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

For the six months ended

For the yea

June 30, 2004		December 31,		
(unaudited)				
\$			3,09 1,24	
	2,359,294		4 <b>,</b> 33	
	433,953 197,392 103,050		86 37 20	
	734,395		1,44	
\$	1,624,899		2,88	
	 (t	(unaudited)  \$ 1,674,674 684,620  2,359,294  433,953 197,392 103,050  734,395  \$ 1,624,899	\$ 1,674,674 684,620 2,359,294 433,953 197,392 103,050	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### NORTHGATE NORTH

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Northgate North (the Property) is located in Seattle, Washington. The Property consists of 302,461 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 93% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to nine tenants of which four tenants account for approximately 86% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On June 30, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$353,216 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### NORTHGATE NORTH

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from five to 25 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004	\$ 3,161,072
2005	3,162,848
2006	3,258,533
2007	3,271,528
2008	3,292,733
Thereafter	38,248,658
	\$ 54,395,372

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Cranberry Square ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Cranberry Square for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 1, 2004

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### CRANBERRY SQUARE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2004		For the ye ended December 31,
	(ur		
Gross income:			
Base rental income	\$	870,100	1,74
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		186 <b>,</b> 206	35
Total gross income		1,056,306	2,09
Direct operating expenses:			
Operating expenses		60,482	11
Real estate taxes		148,030	27
Insurance		6 <b>,</b> 765	1

tacess of gross income over direct operating expenses	Ÿ		1,05
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	Ġ	841,029	1,69
Total direct operating expenses		215 <b>,</b> 277 	40

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### CRANBERRY SQUARE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Cranberry Square (the Property) is located in Cranberry Township, Pennsylvania. The Property consists of approximately 195,566 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 92% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to five tenants of which three tenants account for approximately 76% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On July 14, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$54,138 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### CRANBERRY SQUARE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from ten to 15 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
2004	\$ 1,723,839	
2005	1,723,839	
2006	1,728,158	
2007	1,815,820	
2008	1,820,320	
Thereafter	5,872,510	
	\$ 14,684,486	

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Gateway Plaza Shopping Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Gateway Plaza Shopping Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Dallas, Texas August 18, 2004

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### GATEWAY PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2004			
		unaudited)		
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	2,080,063 706,337		
Total gross income		2,786,400	5,47	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Ground rent expense Real estate taxes Insurance		198,640 1,496,542 542,676 48,686	2,99	
Total direct operating expenses		2,286,544	4 <b>,</b> 59	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	499 <b>,</b> 856	88	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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GATEWAY PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Gateway Plaza Shopping Center (the Property) is located in Southlake, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 358,193 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 89% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to twenty-five tenants of which one tenant accounts for approximately 13% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On July 21, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$83,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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### GATEWAY PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, excluding tenant reimbursements of operating expenses, which terms range from five to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004	\$ 3,961,000
2005	3,870,000
2006	3,126,000
2007	3,127,000
2008	2,990,000
Thereafter	14,635,000
	\$ 31,709,000

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

The property is subject to a ground lease with annual payments, payable to an unaffiliated third party. The ground lease matures in 2073. Although the ground lease provides for increases in minimum rent payments over the term of the lease, ground lease expense accrues on a straight-line basis. The straight-line adjustment increased ground rent expense by approximately \$1,785,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Minimum rents to be paid to the unafffiliated third party under the ground lease in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TC	TOTAL	
2004	\$	1,339,368	
2005		1,339,368	
2006		1,339,368	
2007		1,339,368	
2008		1,339,368	
Thereafter	2	210,231,145	
	\$ 2	216,927,985	
	======		

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Safeway Plaza at Marysville ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the

responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Safeway Plaza at Marysville for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 3, 2004

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### SAFEWAY PLAZA AT MARYSVILLE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2004 De (unaudited)		ended
Gross income:			
Base rental income	\$	763 <b>,</b> 686	1,51
Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries		179 <b>,</b> 865	35 
Total gross income		943,551	1,87
Direct operating expenses:			
Operating expenses		82,014	16
Real estate taxes		79 <b>,</b> 251	15
Insurance		17 <b>,</b> 081	
Total direct operating expenses		178,346	34

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

\$ 765,205

1,52 \_\_\_\_\_

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### SAFEWAY PLAZA AT MARYSVILLE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Safeway Plaza at Marysville (the Property) is located in Marysville, Washington. The Property consists of approximately 116,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 97% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to one tenant that accounts for approximately 39% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On July 26, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with terms extending through July 31, 2011. Total ground lease income was \$50,000 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$23,176 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### SAFEWAY PLAZA AT MARYSVILLE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from three to 17 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	 TOTAL	
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 1,510,279 1,492,217 1,277,628 1,072,386 1,027,416 8,958,070	
	\$ 15,337,996	

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Forks Town Center ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Forks Town Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 11, 2004

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#### FORKS TOWN CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2004		ended
	(unaudited)		
Gross income:  Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	771,917 189,220	· ·
Total gross income		961,137	1,72
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		81,011 110,551 7,880	16 18 1
Total direct operating expenses		199,442	36
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$	761,695	1,35

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### FORKS TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Forks Town Center (the Property) is located in Easton, Pennsylvania. The Property consists of approximately 93,000 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 97% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to sixteen tenants of which one tenant accounts for approximately 66% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On July 27, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

A portion of Forks Town Center (representing approximately 75,000 square feet of the Property's gross leasable area) was completed as of December 31, 2002. The remaining portion f the Property (representing the remaining approximately 18, 000 square feet of the Property's gross leasable area) was under construction and completed during 2003.

## (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$53,375 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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### FORKS TOWN CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from three to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
2004	\$ 1,488,512	
2005	1,493,112	
2006	1,480,646	
2007	1,438,846	
2008	1,158,106	
Thereafter	13,467,776	
	\$ 20,526,998	

Base rental income includes \$36,000 of rent from one tenant that subsequently terminated its rental agreement in June 2004. The minimum rents schedule above includes \$177,000 related to such tenant, as the lease was still valid as of December 31, 2003.

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of the Properties owned by Capital Centre, LLC, Gateway Village Limited Partnership, Bel Air Square Joint Venture, Towson Circle Joint Venture LLP, and Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC (collectively the "Properties") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Combined Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Combined Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Combined Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Combined Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Combined Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Properties' revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Combined Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of the Properties owned by Capital Centre, LLC, Gateway Village limited Partnership, Bel Air Square Joint Venture, Towson Circle Joint Venture LLP, and Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 6, 2004

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CAPITAL CENTRE, LLC, GATEWAY VILLAGE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, BEL AIR SQUARE JOINT VENTURE, TOWSON CIRCLE JOINT VENTURE LLP, AND REISTERSTOWN PLAZA HOLDINGS, LLC Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

	For the six months ended June 30, 2004			
		(unaudited)		
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries Other Income	\$	11,388,110 1,935,133 104,905		
Total gross income		13,428,148	20 <b>,</b> 72	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance Ground Rent		2,479,864 997,206 293,718 73,147	1,35	
Total direct operating expenses		3,843,935	6 <b>,</b> 25	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses		9,584,213		

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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CAPITAL CENTRE, LLC, GATEWAY VILLAGE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, BEL AIR SQUARE JOINT VENTURE, TOWSON CIRCLE JOINT VENTURE LLP AND REISTERSTOWN PLAZA HOLDINGS, LLC

Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and

Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

#### (1) Business

The Properties owned by Capital Centre, LLC, Gateway Village Limited Partnership, Bel Air Square Joint Venture, Towson Circle Joint Venture LLP, and Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC (collectively the "Properties") consists of the following:

Entity	Name	Gross Leasable Area (unaudited)	Locat
Capital Centre, LLC	Boulevard at Capital Centre	515,000	Landove
,	-	·	
Gateway Village Limited Partnership	Gateway Village	274,000	Annapol
Bel Air Square Joint Venture	Tollgate Marketplace	393,000	Bel Air
Towson Circle Joint Venture, LLP	Towson Circle	178,000	Towson,
Reisterstown Plaza Holdings, LLC	Reisterstown Road Plaza	782,000	Baltimo

Thirteen tenants account for 40% or the Properties' base rental income.

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") through established limited liability companies ("LLC's") entered into contracts to become joint venture partners in the ownership and operation of the Properties with unaffiliated third parties. IWRRETI has contributed into all but Capital Centre LLC.

In each instance IWRRETI owns or will own a 95% profits interest in the LLC's and will control the LLC's management and operation of the Properties. The Historical Summary represents the combination of the Propertes described above prior to IWRRETI's contribution into the LLCs. There were no transactions between the Properties which required elimination in combination.

A portion of Boulevard at Capital Centre and Reisterstown Road Plaza (representing approximately 321,000 and 694,000 square feet, respectively) of the Properties gross leasable area was under construction and completed during 2003. The remaining portion of the Properties' gross leasable area (representing approximately 194,000 and 88,000 square feet, respectively) was under construction as of December 31, 2003. Real estate taxes and ground rent are excluded in the Combined Historical Summary related to the portions of the Properties under construction.

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CAPITAL CENTRE, LLC, GATEWAY VILLAGE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, BEL AIR SQUARE JOINT VENTURE, TOWSON CIRCLE JOINT VENTURE LLP AND REISTERSTOWN PLAZA HOLDINGS, LLC Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited) (continued)

#### ( 2 ) Basis of Presentation

The Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Combined Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Combined Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

### ( 3 ) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$384,157 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003 and included in base rental income in the Combined Historical Summary.

In addition, rental income included \$51,381 of rent from three tenants that pay monthly rent based upon a percentage of monthly sales in lieu of minimum rents provided in the lease. The minimum rents schedule below excludes such tenants.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$385,193 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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CAPITAL CENTRE, LLC, GATEWAY VILLAGE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, BEL AIR SQUARE JOINT VENTURE, TOWSON CIRCLE JOINT VENTURE LLP AND REISTERSTOWN PLAZA HOLDINGS, LLC

Notes to Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases which terms range from one year to 25 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL

2004	\$ 23,146,780
2005	25,731,908
2006	25,160,727
2007	24,317,293
2008	23,244,717
Thereafter	160,625,600
	\$ 282,227,025

## ( 4 ) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Combined Historical Summary.

Boulevard at Capital Centre is subject to a ground lease with annual payments, payable to an unaffiliated third party. The ground lease matures in 2070. Although the ground lease provides for increases in minimum rent payments over the term of the lease, ground lease expense accrues on a straight-line basis. The related adjustment increased ground rent expense by approximately \$9,078 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Minimum rents to be paid to the unaffiliated third party under the ground lease in effect at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
2004 2005 2006 2007	\$	92,824 94,057 97,433 98,579
2008 Thereafter	9,	99 <b>,</b> 791 477 <b>,</b> 524
	\$ 9,	960,208

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of The Shops at Boardwalk ("the Property") for the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company

Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of The Shops at Boardwalk for the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois August 25, 2004

Insurance

Total direct operating expenses

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#### THE SHOPS AT BOARDWALK

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	Jun	e 30, 20
	 (u	naudited
Gross income:  Base rental income  Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	9 3 
Total gross income		1,3
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes		2

For the six months e

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

=========

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### THE SHOPS AT BOARDWALK

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

The Shops at Boardwalk ("the Property") is located in Kansas City, Missouri. The Property consists of approximately 123,265 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 61.97% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 18 tenants of which one tenant that accounts for approximately 16% of base rental revenue for the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On July 1, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$184,160 for the period from May 30,

2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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#### THE SHOPS AT BOARDWALK

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004	\$ 1,716,081
2005 2006 2007	1,978,726 1,988,182 1,998,578
2008 Thereafter	1,748,381 9,118,444 
	\$ 18,548,392 

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Manchester Meadows ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as

evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Manchester Meadows for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois September 1, 2004

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### MANCHESTER MEADOWS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

	six mo	For the six months e June 30, 2	
	(una	udited	
Gross income: Base rental income Contingent Rent Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$	2,0	
Total gross income		2,6	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		2 3 	
Total direct operating expenses		6	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ ======	2,0 =====	

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

F - 2.2.0

#### MANCHESTER MEADOWS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Manchester Meadows ("the Property") is located in Town and Country, Missouri. The Property consists of 454,172 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 99% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to a total of 22 tenants, of which two tenants account for approximately 47% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On August 12, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

## (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of \$17,086 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with a term extending until August 31, 2005. Total ground lease income was \$75,600 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments decreased base rental income by \$10,221 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

F - 2.21

#### MANCHESTER MEADOWS

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to 25 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

T	TAL
\$	3,790,741
	2,996,909
	2,880,005
	2,766,580
	2,702,438
	18,154,477
\$	33,291,150
======	

#### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Governor's Marketplace ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that

our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Governor's Marketplace for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois September 3, 2004

operating expense.

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### GOVERNOR'S MARKETPLACE

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

		six months of June 30, 2	
	(u:	naudited	
Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 	1,4 1	
Total gross income		1,6	
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance		1 1	
Total direct operating expenses		3	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ ======	1,2	

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See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct

For the

### GOVERNOR'S MARKETPLACE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Governor's Marketplace ("the Property") is located in Tallahassee, Florida. The Property consists of approximately 265,541 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 83% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 18 tenants of which five tenants account for approximately 53% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On August 17, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

A portion of Governor's Marketplace was under construction during 2003. Operations commenced on July 28, 2000 with a portion of the Property's gross leasable area (representing 220,850 square feet) completed as of December 31, 2003. Of the remaining portion of the Property's gross leasable area, 16,690 square feet is under construction and scheduled to be completed during 2004. 28,001 square feet is undeveloped land.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

## (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with terms extending through November 30, 2012. Total ground lease income was \$63,600 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$223,324 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

### GOVERNOR'S MARKETPLACE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to 16 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL
2004	\$ 2,870,026
2005	3,028,732
2006	2,901,670
2007	2,529,017
2008	2,260,420
Thereafter	 8,985,450
	\$ 22,575,315

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, insurance, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

The property is subject to ground leases with fixed annual payments, payable to an unaffiliated third party, of \$270,000 until September 30, 2085, and \$60,000 until December 31, 2087. In addition, the property incurred overage rent of \$12,876 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2003. The ground leases mature in 2085 and 2087, respectively. A portion of the ground lease expense has been capitalized in 2003 as the Property was under construction.

Fixed minimum rents to be paid to the unaffiliated third party under the ground lease in effect at December 31, 2003 are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
2004	\$ 330,000	
2005	330,000	
2006	330,000	
2007	330,000	
2008	330,000	
Thereafter	25,530,000	
	\$ 27,180,000	

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Mitchell Ranch Plaza ("the Property") for the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Mitchell Ranch Plaza for the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois September 1, 2004

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## MITCHELL RANCH PLAZA

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

> For the six mo ended June 30, 20

> > (unaudited

E	oss income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$
Tot	cal gross income	
C F	rect operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	
Tot	tal direct operating expenses	
Exc	cess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### MITCHELL RANCH PLAZA

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Mitchell Ranch Plaza ("the Property") is located in New Port Richey, Florida. The Property consists of approximately 200,304 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 85% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 33 tenants of which three tenants account for approximately 72% of base rental revenue for the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On August 25, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

## (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include

1,1

1,3

1,1

provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent was earned during the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$77,602 for the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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#### MITCHELL RANCH PLAZA

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations)
to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from three to 20 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
2004	\$ 2,237,421	
2005	2,279,929	
2006	2,253,825	
2007	2,127,567	
2008	2,058,164	
Thereafter	12,355,030	
		-
	\$ 23,311,936	
		_

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of The Columns ("the Property") for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of The Columns for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois September 10, 2004

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## THE COLUMNS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

For the six mended
June 30, 20
(unaudited

Gross income:
Base rental income

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

Total gross income

\$

Direct operating expenses:
 Operating expenses
 Real estate taxes
 Insurance

Total direct operating expenses

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

s 5

\_\_\_\_\_

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### THE COLUMNS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of
operations) to December 31, 2003 and the
six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

The Columns ("the Property") is located in Jackson, Tennessee. The Property consists of approximately 128,600 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 78% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to five tenants of which two tenants account for approximately 71% of base rental revenue for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003. On August 25, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

The Columns was under construction during 2003 and commenced operations October 8, 2003, with construction complete as of December 31, 2003.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in the Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods

at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. No contingent rent of was earned during the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

In addition, rental income includes \$9,732 of rent from one tenant that pays monthly rent based upon a percentage of monthly sales in lieu of minimum rents provided in the lease as the cotenancy requirement was not met for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$2,774 for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003.

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#### THE COLUMNS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to
December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from five to ten years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	_
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 1,346,99 1,480,47 1,482,46 1,485,96 1,489,10 4,900,97	0 8 6 3
	\$ 12,185,97	2

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") of Saucon Valley Square ("the Property") for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Saucon Valley Square for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois September 7, 2004

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## SAUCON VALLEY SQUARE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the
six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

ended June 30, 20 -----(unaudited

For the six m

Gross income:

Base rental income

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

Total gross income

Direct operating expenses:

\$ 6

\_\_\_\_\_

Operating expenses Real estate taxes

1

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

\$ c

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### SAUCON VALLEY SQUARE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

### (1) Business

Saucon Valley Square ("the Property") is located in Bethlehem, PA. The Property consists of approximately 80,695 square feet of gross leasable area and was approximately 100% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 15 tenants of which one tenant accounts for approximately 73% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On September 7, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("IWRRETI") acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

#### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses ("Historical Summary") has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

#### (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and billed to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates.

The Property has one ground lease that is classified as an operating lease with terms extending through July 12, 2008. Total ground lease income was \$3,750 and is included in base rental income in the accompanying Historical Summary for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by \$52,248 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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#### SAUCON VALLEY SQUARE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited)

(continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, which terms range from three to 15 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

YEAR	TOTAL	
2004	\$ 910,599	
2005	845,071	
2006	845,071	
2007	845,071	
2008	821,160	
Thereafter	7,271,335	
	\$ 11,538,307	

## (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors
Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses (Historical Summary) of Lincoln Park Shopping Center (the Property) for the year ended December 31, 2003. This Historical Summary is the responsibility of management of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Historical Summary based on our audit

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Historical Summary is free of material misstatement. An audit includes

examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Historical Summary. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Historical Summary. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The accompanying Historical Summary was prepared for the purpose of complying with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., as described in note 2. It is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses.

In our opinion, the Historical Summary referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the gross income and direct operating expenses described in note 2 of Lincoln Park Shopping Center for the year ended December 31, 2003, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Dallas, Texas September 13, 2004

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### LINCOLN PARK SHOPPING CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

For the si months end June 30, 20 (unaudited Gross income: 1,7 Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries Total gross income 2,3 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance 7 Total direct operating expenses Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses 1,5 \_\_\_\_\_

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### LINCOLN PARK SHOPPING CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### (1) Business

Lincoln Park Shopping Center (the Property) is located in Dallas, Texas. The Property consists of approximately 148,806 square feet of gross leasable area and was 97% occupied at December 31, 2003. The Property is leased to 13 tenants of which 4 tenants account for approximately 68% of base rental revenue for the year ended December 31, 2003. On September 7, 2004, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (IWRRETI) acquired the Property from an unaffiliated third-party.

### (2) Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses (Historical Summary) has been prepared for the purpose of complying with Rule 3-14 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X and for inclusion in Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form S-11 of IWRRETI and is not intended to be a complete presentation of the Property's revenues and expenses. The Historical Summary has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and requires management of the Property to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the six months ended June 30, 2004.

## (3) Gross Income

The Property leases retail space under various lease agreements with its tenants. All leases are accounted for as operating leases. The leases include provisions under which the Property is reimbursed for common area, real estate, and insurance costs. Revenue related to these reimbursed costs is recognized in the period the applicable costs are incurred and become billable to tenants pursuant to the lease agreements. Certain leases contain renewal options at various periods at various rental rates. Certain of the leases contain provision for contingent rentals. Recognition of contingent rental income is deferred until the target that triggers the contingent rental income is achieved. Contingent rent of approximately \$19,000 was earned during the year ended December 31, 2003.

Although certain leases may provide for tenant occupancy during periods for which no rent is due and/or increases exist in minimum lease payments over the term of the lease, rental income accrues for the full period of occupancy on a straight-line basis. Related adjustments increased base rental income by approximately \$141,000 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

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## LINCOLN PARK SHOPPING CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004

(unaudited) (continued)

Minimum rents to be received from tenants under operating leases, excluding tenant reimbursements of operating expenses, which terms range from 5 to 25 years, in effect at December 31, 2003, are as follows:

Year	Total	
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 Thereafter	\$ 3,342,000 3,299,000 3,203,000 3,207,000 3,005,000 19,704,000	
increared	\$ 35,760,000	

Tenant reimbursements of operating expenses are included in operating expense and real estate tax recoveries in the accompanying Historical Summary.

### (4) Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses include only those costs expected to be comparable to the proposed future operations of the Property. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations as incurred. Costs such as depreciation, amortization, management fees, interest expense related to mortgage debt not assumed, and professional fees are excluded from the Historical Summary.

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## SHOPPES AT PROMINENCE POINT

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

March 1, 20 (commencement operations)
June 30, 20

For the period

Gross income:

Base rental income

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

Total gross income

30

Direct operating expenses:
Operating expenses

Real estate taxes Insurance	
Total direct operating expenses	
100al allow operating empended	
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$
See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.	
F-243	
SHOPPES AT PROMINENCE POINT  Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses  For the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004  (unaudited)	
1. Basis of Presentation	
The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Shoppes at Prominence Point to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The property was completed in 2004 and had no significant operations through the date of acquisition.	
All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004.	
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LOW COUNTRY VILLAGE  Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses  For the period from February 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to  June 30, 2004 (unaudited)	
	For the Febru (comm

For the period February 1, (commencement operations)
June 30, 2

4

\$

.\_\_\_\_

35 -----

Total gross income

Base rental income

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

Gross income:

Direct operating expenses:
Operating expenses
Real estate taxes
Insurance

------

Total direct operating expenses

\_\_\_\_\_

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

\$ 28

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### LOW COUNTRY VILLAGE

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from February 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from February 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Low Country Village to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The property was completed in 2004 and had no significant operations through the date of acquisition.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from February 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004.

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### SHOPPES OF DALLAS

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

For the period
March 1, 20
(commencement
operations)
June 30, 20

Gross income:

Base rental income

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

\$ 19 2

Total gross income

Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance Total direct operating expenses Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses ========== See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense. F-247 SHOPPES OF DALLAS Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004

### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Shoppes of Dallas to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The property was completed in 2004 and had no significant operations through the date of acquisition.

(unaudited)

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004.

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## DORMAN CENTRE - PHASE II

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

> For the period March 15, 2 (commencemen operations) June 30, 20

1

19

Gross income:

Base rental income

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries

Total gross income \_\_\_\_\_ Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance Total direct operating expenses Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses \_\_\_\_\_ See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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## DORMAN CENTER - PHASE II

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Dorman Center - Phase II to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The property was completed in 2004 and had no significant operations through the date of acquisition.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004.

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## VILLAGE SHOPPES AT SIMONTON

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

> For the period May 1, 200 (commencemen operations) June 30, 20

56

Gross income:

Base rental income

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	 1
Total gross income	 8
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	1
Total direct operating expenses	 2
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 5===

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### VILLAGE SHOPPES AT SIMONTON

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from May 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Village Shoppes at Simonton to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The property was completed in 2004 and had no significant operations through the date of acquisition.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from May 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004.

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### HARVEST TOWNE CENTER

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses
For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004
(unaudited)

For the six mended
June 30, 20

Gross income:

Base rental income

\$

Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries Total gross income \_\_\_\_\_ Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes

Total direct operating expenses

Insurance

Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses

-----

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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### HARVEST TOWNE CENTER

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Harvest Towne Center to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The property was completed in 2004 and had no significant operations through the date of acquisition.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

F - 2.54

## BED, BATH & BEYOND PLAZA

Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from March 3, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

> For the period March 3, 20 (commencemen operations) June 30, 20 \_\_\_\_\_

> > (unaudited

Gross income: Base rental income Operating expense and real estate tax recoveries	\$ 37 4
Total gross income	 42
Direct operating expenses: Operating expenses Real estate taxes Insurance	 7 5
Total direct operating expenses	 12
Excess of gross income over direct operating expenses	\$ 29 =====

See accompanying notes to historical summary of gross income and direct operating expense.

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#### BED, BATH & BEYOND PLAZA

Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses For the period from March 3, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 3, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 has been prepared from the operating statements provided by the owners of the property during that period and requires management of Bed, Bath & Beyond Plaza to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of the revenues and expense during that period. Actual results may differ from those estimates. The property was completed in 2004 and had no significant operations during 2003.

All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been made to the accompanying unaudited amounts for the period from March 3, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004.

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# APPENDIX A PRIOR PERFORMANCE TABLES

The following prior performance tables contain information concerning real estate programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor which have investment objectives similar to ours. This information has been summarized in narrative form under "Prior Performance of Our Affiliates" in the prospectus. The tables provide information on the performance of a number of programs. You can use the information to evaluate the experience of our advisor's affiliates as sponsors of the programs. The inclusion of these tables does not imply that we will make investments comparable to those reflected in the tables or that investors in our shares will experience returns comparable to those experienced

in the programs referred to in these tables. If you purchase our shares, you will not acquire any ownership in any of the programs to which these tables relate. The tables consist of:

Table I	Experience in Raising and Investing Funds
Table II	Compensation to IREIC and Affiliates
Table III	Operating Results of Prior Programs
Table IV	Results of Completed Programs
Table V	Sales or Disposals of Properties
Table VI	Acquisition of Properties by Programs*

Upon written request, any potential investor may obtain, without charge, the most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC by any public program sponsored by any of the Inland's affiliated companies which has reported to the SEC within the last 24 months. For a reasonable fee, the affiliated companies will provide copies of any exhibits to such annual reports upon request.

Our investment objectives are to: (i) provide regular distributions to stockholders in amounts which may exceed our taxable income due to the non-cash nature of depreciation expense and, to such extent, will constitute a tax-deferred return of capital, but in no event less than 90% of our taxable income, pursuant to the REIT requirements; (ii) provide a hedge against inflation by entering into leases which contain clauses for scheduled rent escalations or participation in the growth of tenant sales, permitting us to increase distributions and provide capital appreciation; and (iii) preserve stockholders' capital.

The following programs have investment objectives similar to ours and are included in the tables. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. or IRRETI and Inland Real Estate Corporation or IREC are two REITs formed primarily to invest in multi-tenant shopping centers, Inland's Monthly Income Fund, L.P. and Inland Monthly Income Fund II, L.P. are public real estate limited partnerships formed primarily to acquire, operate and sell existing residential and commercial real properties. Inland Mortgage Investors Fund, L.P., Inland Mortgage Investors Fund-II, L.P. and Inland Mortgage Investors Fund III, L.P. were public real estate limited partnerships formed primarily to make or acquire loans secured by mortgages on improved, income producing multifamily residential properties.

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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### TABLE I

#### EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS

(000's omitted)

Table I is intended to present information on a dollar and percentage basis showing the experience of Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation ("IREIC"), of which the Advisor is a wholly owned subsidiary, in raising and investing funds in prior programs where the offering closed in the three years prior to

December 31, 2003. The table is intended to focus on the dollar amount available for investment in properties expressed as a percentage of total dollars raised. Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. is the only program that closed in the three years ended December 31, 2003.

		·
		1 Program
Dollar amount offered (A)	\$	2,500
Dollar amount raised (B) Less offering expenses:	Ť	2,223
Syndication fees (C)		194
Other fees (D) Organizational fees		20
Reserves (E)		22 
Available for investment	\$ ===	1,985
Acquisition costs:		
Cash down payments	\$	1,340
Repayment of indebtedness Investment in securities		543 8
Total acquisition costs	\$	1,891
	===	

Percent leverage Date offerings commenced Length of offering Months to invest 90% of amount available for investment (measured from beginning of offering) (F)

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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## TABLE I-(Continued)

### EXPERIENCE IN RAISING AND INVESTING FUNDS (A)

### NOTES TO TABLE I

- (A) This amount does not reflect shares offered for distribution to stockholders participating in Inland Retail Real Estate Trust Inc.'s distribution reinvestment program.
- (B) These figures are cumulative and are as of December 31, 2003. The dollar amount raised represents the cash proceeds collected by the program, including shares sold pursuant to our distribution reinvestment program and net of shares repurchased pursuant to our share repurchase program.

Inland Reta Real Estat Trust, Inc

- (C) Syndication fees are paid by the program to an affiliate, Inland Securities Corporation, or unaffiliated third parties commissions for the sale of shares. All of these syndication fees were used to pay commissions and expenses of the offerings.
- (D) Other fees are paid by the program to unaffiliated parties and consist principally of printing, selling and registration costs related to the offering.
- (E) Generally, a working capital reserve is established to fund property upgrades and future cash flow deficits, if any, among other things.
- (F) On February 11, 1999, the program commenced an initial public offering, on a best effort basis, of 50,000,000 shares of common stock at \$10.00 per share. On February 1, 2001, the program commenced an offering of an additional 50,000,000 shares at \$10.00 per share, on a best efforts basis. On June 7, 2002, the program commenced an offering of an additional 150,000,000 shares at \$10.00 per share, on a best efforts basis. As of December 31, 2003, substantially all proceeds available for investment from the offerings were invested in real properties.

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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#### TABLE II

# COMPENSATION TO IREIC AND AFFILIATES (A) (000's omitted)

Table II summarizes the amount and type of compensation paid to Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation and its affiliates during the three years ended December 31, 2003 in connection with the prior programs.

Some partnerships acquired their properties from affiliates of our advisor which had purchased such properties from unaffiliated third parties.

		land Retail eal Estate rust, Inc.	Estate	Inl Mo I Fun	
Date offering commenced Dollar amount raised	\$ ====		10/14/94 686,602		
Total amounts paid to general partner or affiliates from proceeds of offerings:  Selling commissions and underwriting fees Other offering expenses (D) Acquisition cost and expense	===	194,194(C) 2,762 1,725	, , ,		
Dollar amount of cash available from operations before deducting payments to general partner or affiliates (F)		264,442	217,142		

Amounts paid to general partner or affiliates		
related to operations: (J)		
Property management fees (G)	19 <b>,</b> 526	0
Advisor asset management fee	20,824	0
Accounting services	0	0
Data processing service	0	0
Legal services	0	0
Professional services	162	0
Mortgage servicing fees	495	0
Acquisition costs expensed	309	0
Other administrative services	3,303	0
Dollar amount of property sales and refinancings		
before payments to general partner and affiliates		
(H):		
Cash	0	22 <b>,</b> 978
Notes	0	0
Dollar amounts paid or payable to general partner		
or affiliates from sales and refinancings (I):		
Sales commissions	0	0
Participation in cash distributions	0	0

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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#### TABLE II

#### COMPENSATION TO IREIC AND AFFILIATES (A)

#### NOTES TO TABLE II

- (A) The figures in this Table II relating to proceeds of the offerings are cumulative and are as of December 31, 2003 and the figures relating to cash available from operations are for the three years ending December 31, 2003. The dollar amount raised represents the cash proceeds collected by the partnerships or program. Amounts paid or payable to IREIC or affiliates from proceeds of the offerings represent payments made or to be made to IREIC and affiliates from investor capital contributions.
- (B) The selling commissions paid to an affiliate is net of amounts which were in turn paid to third party soliciting dealers.
- (C) The selling commissions paid to an affiliate includes amounts which were in turn paid to third party soliciting dealers.
- (D) Consists of legal, accounting, printing and other offering expenses, including amounts to be paid to Inland Securities Corporation to be used as incentive compensation to its regional marketing representatives and amounts for reimbursement of the general partner for marketing, salaries and direct expenses of its employees while directly engaged in registering and marketing the Units and other marketing and organization expenses.
- (E) Represents acquisition fees paid to IREIC and its affiliates in connection with the acquisition of properties.
- (F) See Note (B) to Table III.

- (G) An affiliate provides property management services for all properties acquired by the partnerships or program. Management fees have not exceeded 4.5% of the gross receipts from the properties managed.
- (H) See Table V and Notes thereto regarding sales and disposals of properties.
- (I) Real estate sales commissions and participations in cash distributions are paid or payable to IREIC and/or its affiliates in connection with the sales of properties in the public partnership programs. Payments of all amounts shown are subordinated to the receipt by the limited partners of their original capital investment. See Table V and Notes thereto.
- (J) On July 1, 2000, IREC completed the acquisition of Inland Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., the former advisor, and Inland Commercial Property Management, Inc., the former property manager (the "Merger"). Each of these entities was merged into subsidiaries that are wholly owned by IREC. As a result of the merger, IREC is now "self-administered." IREC no longer pays advisory or property management fees or other expenses to affiliates but instead has hired an internal staff to perform these tasks.

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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#### TABLE III

#### OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

Table III presents operating results for programs, the offerings of which closed during each of the five years ended December 31, 2003. The operating results consist of:

- The components of taxable income (loss);
- Taxable income or loss from operations and property sales;
- Cash available and source, before and after cash distributions to investors; and
- Tax and distribution data per \$1,000 invested.

Based on the following termination dates of the offerings, only IRRETI is included in Table III.

- Inland's Monthly Income Fund, L.P. offering terminated in 1988
- Inland Monthly Income Fund II, L.P. offering terminated in 1990
- Inland Mortgage Investors Fund, L.P. offering terminated in 1987
- Inland Mortgage Investors Fund II, L.P. offering terminated in 1988
- Inland Mortgage Investors Fund III, L.P. offering terminated in 1991
- Inland Real Estate Corporation offering terminated in 1998

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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#### TABLE III

OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS (000'S OMITTED, EXCEPT FOR AMOUNTS PRESENTED PER \$1,000 INVESTED)

INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST INC.

	2003	2002	2001	2000	
Gross revenues Profit on sale of properties	\$ 317,828 0	116,011	37 <b>,</b> 755 0	22,124	
Less: Operating expenses Interest expense Program expenses Depreciation & amortization	22,069	27,614 23,508 7,998 29,395	1,219	905	
Net income (loss)-GAAP basis	\$ 69,836 =======	27 <b>,</b> 496	7 <b>,</b> 993	2,061	
Taxable income (loss) (A):	0	0	0	0	
Cash available (deficiency) from operations (B) Cash available from sales (C)	147,403 828	55 <b>,</b> 250 0	17 <b>,</b> 170 0	5,366 0	
Total cash available before distributions and special items	148,231	55 <b>,</b> 250	17 <b>,</b> 170	5,366	
Less distributions to investors: From operations From sales and refinancings	152,888 0	52 <b>,</b> 156 0	15 <b>,</b> 963 0	6,099 0	
Cash available after distributions before special items	(4,657)	3,094	1,207	(733)	
Special items:	0	0	0	0	
Cash available after distributions and special items	\$ (4,657)	3,094	1,207	(733)	
Tax data per \$1,000 invested (A):	0	0	0	0	
Distribution data per \$1,000 invested:					
Cash distributions to investors: Source (on GAAP basis): Investment income Source (on cash basis): Sales	.83	.83	.81	.77	
Operations (D)  Percent of properties remaining unsold	.83 100% ======	.83	.81	.77	

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

TABLE III-- (CONTINUED)

#### OPERATING RESULTS OF PRIOR PROGRAMS

#### NOTES TO TABLE III

- (A) IRRETI qualified as real estate investment trusts ("REITs") under the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes. Since it qualified for taxation as a REIT, it generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent it distributes its REIT taxable income to its stockholders. If IRRETI fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate tax rates. However, even if the program qualifies for taxation as a REIT, it may be subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property and federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.
- (B) "Cash Available (Deficiency) from Operations," represents all cash revenues and funds received by the programs, including but not limited to operating income less operating expenses, and interest income. These amounts do not include payments made by the programs from offering proceeds nor do they include proceeds from sales or refinancings. These amounts also exclude advances from or repayments to IREIC and affiliates which are disclosed elsewhere in the table and include principal payments on long-term debt. For example:

Inland Retail Real Estate Trust Inc.

(000's omitted)

Net cash provided by operating activities per the Form 10-K annual			
report	\$	149,081	55,59
Principal payments on long-term debt		(1,678)	(34
	\$	147,403	55 <b>,</b> 25
	==		

- (C) See Table V and Notes thereto regarding sales and disposals of properties.
- (D) Distributions by a REIT to the extent of its current and accumulated earnings and profits for federal income tax purposes are taxable to stockholders as ordinary income. Distributions in excess of these earnings and profits generally are treated as a non-taxable reduction of the stockholder's basis in the shares to the extent thereof, and thereafter as taxable gain (a return of capital). These distributions in excess of earnings and profits will have the effect of deferring taxation of the amount of the distribution until the sale of the stockholder's shares.

Inland Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

2003	2002	2001	

2003

2002

% of Distribution representing:
 Ordinary income
 Return of Capital

60.85	62.65	60.49
39.15	37.35	39.51
100.00	100.00	100.00

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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### TABLE IV

#### RESULTS OF COMPLETED PROGRAMS

(000'S OMITTED, EXCEPT FOR AMOUNTS PRESENTED PER \$1,000 INVESTED)

Table IV is a summary of operating and disposition results of prior programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor, which during the five years ended prior to December 31, 2003 have sold their properties and either hold notes with respect to such sales or have liquidated. One program with investment objectives similar to ours disposed of all of its properties during the five years ended prior to December 31, 2003.

Program Name	Inland Mortgage Investors Fund, L.P.
Dollar amount raised	10,065
Number of properties/loans purchased  Date of closing of offering	15 02/87
Date of first sale of property	12/88
Date of final sale of property	03/99
<pre>Tax and distribution data per \$1,000 invested (A):    Federal income tax results:     Ordinary income (loss):</pre>	
Operations	547
Recapture	0
Capital Gain	30
Deferred Gain:	
Capital	0
Ordinary	0
Cash distributions to investors (cash basis):	
Source (on GAAP basis)	
Investment income	624
Return of capital	745
Source (on cash basis)	
Sales	745
Operations	624

(A) Data per \$1,000 invested is presented as of December 31, 2003. See Table V and Notes thereto regarding sales and disposals of properties.

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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#### TABLE V

### SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES

Table V presents information on the results of the sale or disposals of properties in programs with investment objectives similar to ours during the three years ended December 31, 2003. Since January 1, 2001, programs sponsored by affiliates of our advisor had seven sales transactions. The table provides certain information to evaluate property performance over the holding period such as:

- Sales proceeds received by the partnerships in the form of cash down payments at the time of sale after expenses of sale and secured notes received at sale;
- Cash invested in properties;
- Cash flow (deficiency) generated by the property;
- Taxable gain (ordinary and total); and
- Terms of notes received at sale.

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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### TABLE V (CONTINUED)

### SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES (A) (000'S OMITTED)

	Date Acquired		Closing	Selling Commissions Paid or Payable to Inland		Secured Notes Received at Sale
IREC - Lincoln Park Place	01/24/97	04/17/01	1,314	0	1,050	0
IREC - Antioch Plaza	12/95	03/28/02	943	0	875	0
IREC - Shorecrest Plaza	07/97	06/12/02	3,107	0	2,978	0
IREC - Popeye's	06/97	04/08/03	343	0	0	0
IREC - Summit of Park Ridge	12/96	12/24/03	3 <b>,</b> 578	0	1,600	0
IREC - Eagle Country Market	11/97	12/24/03	5 <b>,</b> 182	0	1,450	0
IREC - Eagle Ridge Center	04/99	12/30/03	3,185	0	3,000	0
	Original Mortgage Financing	-	-			

(C)

		(0)	
IREC - Lincoln Park Place	0	1,897	1,897
IREC - Antioch Plaza	875	753	1,628
IREC - Shorecrest Plaza	2,978	2,947	5 <b>,</b> 925
IREC - Popeye's	0	346	346
IREC - Summit of Park Ridge	0	5,181	5,181
IREC - Eagle Country Market	0	6,635	6,635
IREC - Eagle Ridge Center	0	6,187	6,187

	Excess (deficiency) of property operating cash receipts over cash expenditures (D)	Amount of subsidies included in operating cash receipts	Total Taxable Gain (loss) from Sale
IREC - Lincoln Park Place	218	0	467
IREC - Antioch Plaza	130	0	0(E)
IREC - Shorecrest Plaza	1,556	0	0(E)
IREC - Popeye's	241	0	3
IREC - Summit of Park Ridge	1,399	0	0(E)
IREC - Eagle Country Market	1,290	0	0(E)
IREC - Eagle Ridge Center	1,441	0	0 (E)

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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### TABLE V - (CONTINUED)

### SALES OR DISPOSALS OF PROPERTIES

### NOTES TO TABLE V

- (A) The table includes all sales of properties by the programs with investment objectives similar to ours during the three years ended December 31, 2003. All sales have been made to parties unaffiliated with the partnerships.
- (B) Consists of cash payments received from the buyers and the assumption of certain liabilities by the buyers at the date of sale, less expenses of sale.
- (C) Amounts represent the dollar amount raised from the offerings, less sales commissions and other offering expenses plus additional costs incurred on the development of the land parcels.
- (D) Represents "Cash Available (Deficiency) from Operations (including subsidies)" as adjusted for applicable "Fixed Asset Additions" through the year of sale.
- (E) For tax purposes, this sale qualified as part of a tax-deferred exchange. As a result, no taxable gain will be recognized until the replacement property is disposed of in a subsequent taxable transaction.

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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#### TABLE VI

### ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES BY PROGRAMS (A)

(000's omitted, except for Square Feet or Acres)

Table VI presents information concerning the acquisition of real properties by programs with similar investment objectives, sponsored by Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation ("IREIC"), in the three years ended December 31, 2003. The detail provided with respect to each acquisition includes the property size, location, purchase price and the amount of mortgage financing. This information is intended to assist the prospective investor in evaluating the property mix as well as the terms involved in acquisitions by programs sponsored by IREIC.

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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### TABLE VI- (CONTINUED)

ACQUISITIONS OF PROPERTIES BY PROGRAMS (A) (000'S OMITTED, EXCEPT FOR NUMBER OF SQUARE FEET)

25,692 10,908 24,317 149,881 166,131 105,989	05/02 07/02 07/02 07/02		3,304 2,367 2,808
10,908 24,317 149,881 166,131 105,989	05/02 07/02 07/02 07/02		2,367
10,908 24,317 149,881 166,131 105,989	05/02 07/02 07/02 07/02		2,367
24,317 149,881 166,131 105,989	07/02 07/02 07/02		•
149,881 166,131 105,989	07/02 07/02		Z,8U8
166,131 105,989	07/02		12 201
105,989			
•			•
127 116	/ -		9,873
137 <b>,</b> 116 93 <b>,</b> 853			11,856
•			•
•			2,706
•			•
•			•
•			•
•			•
•			•
•			•
•			•
•			•
•			•
•			
100, 122	10,00		11,010
			264,686
	15,120 21,790 306,479 119,540 72,781 146,436 164,542 60,208 129,410 83,792 211,568 69,914 136,422	15,120 10/02 21,790 11/02 306,479 11/02 119,540 12/02 72,781 12/02 146,436 12/02 60,208 01/03 129,410 04/03 83,792 06/03 211,568 08/03 69,914 09/03 136,422 10/03	15,120 10/02 21,790 11/02 306,479 11/02 119,540 12/02 72,781 12/02 146,436 12/02 164,542 12/02 60,208 01/03 129,410 04/03 83,792 06/03 211,568 08/03 69,914 09/03 136,422 10/03

	0'	THER CASH		
	EXI	PENDITURES	TOTAL	ACQUISITION
PROPERTY	CAPI'	TALIZED (A)		COST(B)
INLAND REAL ESTATE CORPORATION:				
PETsMART, Gurnee, IL		0		3,304
Eckerd Drug Store, Chattanooga, TN		2		2,369
Michael's, Coon Rapids, MN		0		2,808
Deer Trace, Kohler, WI		0		13,281
Disney, Celebration, FL		0		27,281
Townes Crossing, Oswego, IL		319		12,362
Park Square, Brooklyn Park, MN		160		10,033
Forest Lake Marketplace, Forest Lake, MN		(41)		11,815
Naper West Ph II, Naperville, IL		1,298		4,414
Walgreens, Jennings, MO		6		2,712
Four Flaggs Annex, Niles, IL		6		3,295
Four Flaggs, Niles, IL		2,645		23,943
Brunswick Market Center, Brunswick, OH		247		13,705
Medina Marketplace, Medina, OH		4		9,515
Shakopee Valley, Shakopee, MN		12		14,712
Shops at Orchard Place, Skokie, IL		(129)		42,623
Cub Foods, Hutchinson, MN		7		5 <b>,</b> 395
Mankato Heights, Mankato, MN		(12)		15,090
Caton Crossing, Plainfield, IL		7		11,172
Village Ten, Coon Rapids, MN		0		15,104
Rochester Marketplace, Rochester, MN	(7)			9,364
University Crossing, Mishawaka, IN		20		14,933
Total for Inland Real Estate Corporation	\$	4,544	\$	269,230
	====		=====	

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

			PURCHASE PRIC
	NUMBER OF	DATE OF	PLUS ACQUISITI
PROPERTY	SQUARE FEET	PURCHASE	FEE
INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.:			
Columbia Promenade, Kissimmee, FL	65 <b>,</b> 870	01/01	7,4
K-Mart, Macon, GA	102,098	02/01	9,0
Lowe's Home Improvement Center, Warner Robbins, GA	131,575	02/01	9,4
West Oaks, Ocoee, FL	66,539	03/01	11,2
PETsMART - Chattanooga, Chattanooga, TN	26,040	04/01	3 <b>,</b> 1
PETsMART - Daytona Beach, Daytona Beach, FL	26,194	04/01	3 <b>,</b> 2
PETsMART - Fredricksburg, Fredricksburg, VA	26,067	04/01	3 <b>,</b> 4
Sand Lake Corners, Orlando, FL	189,741	05/01	22,2
Jo-Ann Fabrics, Alpharetta, GA	44,418	06/01	4,9
Woodstock Square, Atlanta, GA	218,819	06/01	27 <b>,</b> 5
Chickasaw Trails Shopping Center, Orlando, FL	75 <b>,</b> 492	08/01	8,6
Just for Feet - Daytona, Daytona Beach, FL	22,255	08/01	3 <b>,</b> 9
Skyview Plaza, Orlando, FL	281,247	09/01	21,3
Aberdeen Square, Boynton Beach, FL	70,555	10/01	6,7
Anderson Central, Anderson, SC	223,211	11/01	15,8

Brandon Blvd. Shoppes, Brandon, FL	85 <b>,</b> 377	11/01	9,4
Creekwood Crossing, Bradenton, FL	227,052	11/01	23,6
Eckerd Drug Store - Greenville, Greenville, SC	10,908	11/01	2,8
Abernathy Square, Atlanta, GA	131,649	12/01	24,1
Citrus Hills, Citrus Hills, FL	68 <b>,</b> 927	12/01	6 <b>,</b> 0
Douglasville Pavilion, Douglasville, GA	267,764	12/01	27 <b>,</b> 3
Eckerd Drug Store - Spartanburg, Spartanburg, SC	10,908	12/01	2,8
Fayetteville Pavilion, Fayetteville, NC	272,385	12/01	26,8
Southlake Pavilion, Morrow, GA	525,162	12/01	56 <b>,</b> 3
Steeplechase Plaza, Ocala, FL	87 <b>,</b> 380	12/01	8,6
Venture Pointev, Duluth, GA	334,620	12/01	26 <b>,</b> 5
Sarasota Pavilion, Sarasota, FL	324,140	01/02	42,1

PROPERTY	OTHER CASH EXPENDITURES CAPITALIZED (A)	TOTAL ACQUISITION COST(B)
INLAND RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.:		
Columbia Promenade, Kissimmee, FL	(6)	7,434
K-Mart, Macon, GA	_	9,031
Lowe's Home Improvement Center, Warner Robbins, GA	_	9,431
West Oaks, Ocoee, FL	27	11,248
PETsMART - Chattanooga, Chattanooga, TN	_	3,103
PETsMART - Daytona Beach, Daytona Beach, FL	_	3,238
PETsMART - Fredricksburg, Fredricksburg, VA	_	3,410
Sand Lake Corners, Orlando, FL	(90)	22,166
Jo-Ann Fabrics, Alpharetta, GA	_	4,911
Woodstock Square, Atlanta, GA	(56)	27,540
Chickasaw Trails Shopping Center, Orlando, FL	14	8,645
Just for Feet - Daytona, Daytona Beach, FL	4	3,905
Skyview Plaza, Orlando, FL	624	21,956
Aberdeen Square, Boynton Beach, FL	(30)	6,687
Anderson Central, Anderson, SC	(111)	15,752
Brandon Blvd. Shoppes, Brandon, FL	5	9,487
Creekwood Crossing, Bradenton, FL	96	23,712
Eckerd Drug Store - Greenville, Greenville, SC	(17)	2,811
Abernathy Square, Atlanta, GA	280	24,411
Citrus Hills, Citrus Hills, FL	191	6,218
Douglasville Pavilion, Douglasville, GA	(156)	27,221
Eckerd Drug Store - Spartanburg, Spartanburg, SC	11	2,818
Fayetteville Pavilion, Fayetteville, NC	1,285	28,183
Southlake Pavilion, Morrow, GA	7,413	63 <b>,</b> 790
Steeplechase Plaza, Ocala, FL	457	9,104
Venture Pointev, Duluth, GA	(149)	26,384
Sarasota Pavilion, Sarasota, FL	182	42,282

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

PROPERTY	NUMBER OF SQUARE FEET	DATE OF PURCHASE	PURCHASE PRIC PLUS ACQUISITI FEE
Turkey Creek Phase I, Knoxville, TN	284,224	01/02	 21 <b>,</b> 7

Universal Plaza, Lauderhill, FL	49,816	01/02	9,8
Hairston Crossing, Decatur, GA	57 <b>,</b> 884	02/02	6,6
Just for Feet - Augusta, Augusta, GA	22,115	02/02	3,0
Just For Feet - Covington, Covington, LA	20,116	02/02	3,4
Logger Head Junction, Sarasota, FL	4,711	02/02	6
Shoppes of Golden Acres, Newport Richey, FL	76 <b>,</b> 371	02/02	10,8
Newnan Pavilion, Newnan, GA	481,004	03/02	33,1
Eisenhower Crossing I & II, Macon, GA	403,013	11/01,03/02	43,2
Acworth Avenue Retail Shopping Center, Acworth, GA	16,130	12/00,3/02	2,8
Crystal Springs Shopping Center, Crystal Springs, FL	67,021	04/02	7,4
Eckerd Drug Store - Concord, Concord, NC	10,908	04/02	2,0
Eckerd Drug Store - Tega Cay, Tega Cay, SC	13,824	04/02	2,5
Melbourne Shopping Center, Melbourne, FL	209,217	04/02	9,8
Riverstone Plaza, Canton, GA	302,024	04/02	31 <b>,</b> 9
Target Center, Columbia, SC	79 <b>,</b> 253	04/02	7,6
Hampton Point, Taylors, SC	58,316	05/02	4,5
Northpoint Marketplace, Spartanburg, SC	101,982	05/02	8,2
Oleander Shopping Center, Wilmington, NC	51,888	05/02	5 <b>,</b> 2
Sharon Greens, Cumming, GA	98,317	05/02	13,0
Bass Pro Outdoor World, Dania Beach, FL	165,000	06/02	18,2
Chesterfield Crossings, Richmond, VA,	68,898	06/02	10,9
Circuit City-Rome, Rome, GA	33,056	06/02	4,4
Circuit City-Vero Beach, Vero Beach, FL	33,243	06/02	5 <b>,</b> 6
Hillsboro Square, Deerfield Beach, FL	145,647	06/02	18,9
Stonebridge Square, Roswell, GA	160,104	06/02	19 <b>,</b> 5
Ward's Crossing, Lynchburg, VA	80 <b>,</b> 918	06/02	11,1
Circuit City Plaza, Orlando, FL	78 <b>,</b> 625	07/02	11,5
Eckerd Drug Store - Woodruff, Woodruff, SC	13,824	07/02	2,4
McFarland Plaza, Tuscaloosa, AL	221,807	07/02	15 <b>,</b> 2

	OTHER CASH	
	EXPENDITURES	TOTAL ACQUISITION
PROPERTY	CAPITALIZED (A)	COST(B)
Turkey Creek Phase I, Knoxville, TN	10,181	31,943
Universal Plaza, Lauderhill, FL	2	9,874
Hairston Crossing, Decatur, GA	34	6,664
Just for Feet - Augusta, Augusta, GA	3	3,057
Just For Feet - Covington, Covington, LA	_	3,447
Logger Head Junction, Sarasota, FL	_	665
Shoppes of Golden Acres, Newport Richey, FL	101	10,932
Newnan Pavilion, Newnan, GA	2,623	35 <b>,</b> 737
Eisenhower Crossing I & II, Macon, GA	(286)	43,006
Acworth Avenue Retail Shopping Center, Acworth, GA	16	2,850
Crystal Springs Shopping Center, Crystal Springs, FL	(2)	7,476
Eckerd Drug Store - Concord, Concord, NC	156	2,195
Eckerd Drug Store - Tega Cay, Tega Cay, SC	544	3,088
Melbourne Shopping Center, Melbourne, FL	935	10,777
Riverstone Plaza, Canton, GA	243	32,186
Target Center, Columbia, SC	20	7,693
Hampton Point, Taylors, SC	55	4,581
Northpoint Marketplace, Spartanburg, SC	(128)	8,141
Oleander Shopping Center, Wilmington, NC	12	5,233
Sharon Greens, Cumming, GA	79	13,141
Bass Pro Outdoor World, Dania Beach, FL	16	18,236
Chesterfield Crossings, Richmond, VA,	723	11,705
Circuit City-Rome, Rome, GA	6	4,482
Circuit City-Vero Beach, Vero Beach, FL	9	5 <b>,</b> 657
Hillsboro Square, Deerfield Beach, FL	2,565	21,550
Stonebridge Square, Roswell, GA	1,653	21,182

Ward's Crossing, Lynchburg, VA	(76)	11,024
Circuit City Plaza, Orlando, FL	_	11,518
Eckerd Drug Store - Woodruff, Woodruff, SC	374	2,849
McFarland Plaza, Tuscaloosa, AL	21	15 <b>,</b> 280

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

	NUMBER OF	DATE OF	PURCHASE PRIC
PROPERTY		PURCHASE	FEE
Sycamore Commons, Matthews, NC	256,523	07/02	38,1
Walk at Highwoods I, Tampa, FL	133,940	07/02	23,9
Eckerd Drug Store - Blackstock, Spartanburg, SC	10,908	08/02	2,7
Forestdale Plaza, Jamestown, NC	53,239	08/02	6,6
Sexton Commons, Fuquay Varina, NC	49,097	08/02	8,0
Shoppes at Lake Mary, Lake Mary, FL	69,843	08/02	11,1
Wakefield Crossing, Raleigh, NC	75,929	08/02	10,7
Circuit City-Cary, Cary, NC	27,891	09/02	5,6
Cox Creek, Florence, AL	173,934	09/02	19,2
Forest Hills Centre, Wilson, NC	73,280	09/02	6,6
Golden Gate, Greensboro, NC	153,114	10/02	10,5
Goldenrod Groves, Orlando, FL	108,944	10/02	9,1
City Crossing, Warner Robins, GA	187,099	11/02	14,6
Clayton Corners, Clayton, NC	125,656	11/02	14,9
CompUSA Retail Center, Newport News, VA	47,134	11/02	7,3
Duvall Village, Bowie, MD	82 <b>,</b> 522	11/02	13,0
Gateway Plaza - Jacksonville, Jacksonville, NC	101,682	11/02	11,8
Harundale Plaza, Glen Burnie, MD	274,160	11/02	24,7
Jones Bridge Plaza, Norcross, GA	83,363	11/02	7 <b>,</b> 5
Lakewood Ranch, Bradenton, FL	69,472	11/02	9,4
North Aiken Bi-Lo Center, Aiken, SC	59,204	11/02	5,8
Plant City Crossing, Plant City, FL	85,252	11/02	10,8
Presidential Commons, Snellville, GA	372,149	11/02	45,0
Rainbow Foods - Garland, Garland, TX	70,576	11/02	5,0
Rainbow Foods - Rowlett, Rowlett, TX	63,117	11/02	4,6
River Ridge, Birmingham, AL	158,755	11/02	26,4
Rosedale Shopping Center, Huntersville, NC	94,248	11/02	19,5
Shoppes on the Circle, Dothan, AL	149,085	11/02	15,0
Southlake Shopping Center, Cornelius, NC	131,247		13,6
Village Square at Golf, Boynton Beach, FL	134,894		18,5
			·
	OTHER CASH		
	EXPENDITURES	TOTAL	L ACQUISITION
PROPERTY	CAPITALIZED (A	7)	COST(B)
Sycamore Commons, Matthews, NC	3,07	 '7	41,261
Walk at Highwoods I, Tampa, FL		'2	24,071
Eckerd Drug Store - Blackstock, Spartanburg, SC	,	_	2,723
Forestdale Plaza, Jamestown, NC	(11		6,556
Sexton Commons, Fuquay Varina, NC	(12	•	7 <b>,</b> 894
Shoppes at Lake Mary, Lake Mary, FL		.9) 59	11,199
Wakefield Crossing, Raleigh, NC	(18		·
wakeriera crossing, kareryn, NC	(10	141	10,612

Circuit City-Cary, Cary, NC	4	5,654
Cox Creek, Florence, AL	31	19,262
Forest Hills Centre, Wilson, NC	11	6,686
Golden Gate, Greensboro, NC	23	10,568
Goldenrod Groves, Orlando, FL	741	9,918
City Crossing, Warner Robins, GA	3,204	17,848
	(5)	14,989
Clayton Corners, Clayton, NC		•
CompUSA Retail Center, Newport News, VA	5	7,329
Duvall Village, Bowie, MD	369	13,415
Gateway Plaza - Jacksonville, Jacksonville, NC	(24)	11,841
Harundale Plaza, Glen Burnie, MD	(40)	24,712
Jones Bridge Plaza, Norcross, GA	401	7,926
Lakewood Ranch, Bradenton, FL	39	9,533
North Aiken Bi-Lo Center, Aiken, SC	13	5 <b>,</b> 829
Plant City Crossing, Plant City, FL	(16)	10,863
Presidential Commons, Snellville, GA	6	45,038
Rainbow Foods - Garland, Garland, TX	5	5,103
Rainbow Foods - Rowlett, Rowlett, TX	2	4,606
River Ridge, Birmingham, AL	79	26,571
Rosedale Shopping Center, Huntersville, NC	(122)	19,422
Shoppes on the Circle, Dothan, AL	19	15,032
Southlake Shopping Center, Cornelius, NC	(15)	13,618
Village Square at Golf, Boynton Beach, FL	(263)	18,274

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

PROPERTY	NUMBER OF SQUARE FEET		PURCHASE PRICE PLUS ACQUISITE FEE
Chatham Crossing, Siler City, NC	32,000	12/02	3,9
Columbiana Station, Columbia, SC	270,649	12/02	46,6
Gateway Plaza - Conway, Conway, SC	62,428	12/02	6,2
Lakeview Plaza, Kissimmee, FL	54 <b>,</b> 788	12/02	6,1
Meadowmont Village Center, Chapel Hill, NC	133,471	12/02	26,8
Shoppes at Citiside, Charlotte, NC	75 <b>,</b> 478	12/02	9,
Shoppes at New Tampa, Wesley Chapel, FL	158,342	12/02	19,1
Camp Hill Center, Harrisburg, PA	63 <b>,</b> 350	01/03	7,
Eckerd Drug Store - #5018, Amherst, NY	10,908	01/03	2,8
Eckerd Drug Store - #5661, Buffalo, NY	12,732	01/03	3,1
Eckerd Drug Store - #5786, Dunkirk, NY	10,908	01/03	1,
Eckerd Drug Store - #5797, Cheektowaga, NY	10,908	01/03	3,
Eckerd Drug Store - #6007, Connelsville, PA	10,908	01/03	3,5
Eckerd Drug Store - #6036, Pittsburgh, PA	10,908	01/03	3,8
Eckerd Drug Store - #6040, Monroeville,PA	12,738	01/03	5,4
Eckerd Drug Store - #6043, Monroeville,PA	10,908	01/03	3,3
Eckerd Drug Store - #6062, Harborcreek, PA	10,908	01/03	2,5
Eckerd Drug Store - #6089, Weirton, WV	10,908	01/03	2,4
Eckerd Drug Store - #6095, Cheswick, PA	10,908	01/03	2,
Eckerd Drug Store - #6172, New Castle, PA	10,908	01/03	2,8
Eckerd Drug Store - #6193, Erie, PA	10,908	01/03	2,9
Eckerd Drug Store - #6199, Millcreek, PA	10,908	01/03	3,
Eckerd Drug Store - #6257, Millcreek, PA	10,908	01/03	1,4
Eckerd Drug Store - #6286, Erie, PA	10,908	01/03	4,1
Eckerd Drug Store - #6334, Erie, PA	10,908	01/03	2,9

Eckerd Drug Store - #6392, Penn, PA	10,908	01/03	2,9
Eckerd Drug Store - #6695, Plum Borough, PA	10,908	01/03	3,6
Eckerd Drug Store - Piedmont, Piedmont, SC	10,908	01/03	1,9
Market Square, Douglasville, GA	121,774	01/03	12,9
Springfield Park, Lawrenceville, GA	105,321	01/03	10,9

PROPERTY	OTHER CASH EXPENDITURES CAPITALIZED (A)	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
Chatham Crossing, Siler City, NC	16	3,980
Columbiana Station, Columbia, SC	193	46,808
Gateway Plaza - Conway, Conway, SC	_	6,295
Lakeview Plaza, Kissimmee, FL	19	6,206
Meadowmont Village Center, Chapel Hill, NC	(581)	26,227
Shoppes at Citiside, Charlotte, NC	326	10,032
Shoppes at New Tampa, Wesley Chapel, FL	(266)	18,930
Camp Hill Center, Harrisburg, PA	5	7,791
Eckerd Drug Store - #5018, Amherst, NY	_	2,805
Eckerd Drug Store - #5661, Buffalo, NY	_	3,145
Eckerd Drug Store - #5786, Dunkirk, NY	_	1,720
Eckerd Drug Store - #5797, Cheektowaga, NY	(1)	3,755
Eckerd Drug Store - #6007, Connelsville, PA	_	3,503
Eckerd Drug Store - #6036, Pittsburgh, PA	(1)	3 <b>,</b> 839
Eckerd Drug Store - #6040, Monroeville,PA	(2)	5,428
Eckerd Drug Store - #6043, Monroeville,PA	_	3,315
Eckerd Drug Store - #6062, Harborcreek, PA	_	2,527
Eckerd Drug Store - #6089, Weirton, WV	_	2,472
Eckerd Drug Store - #6095, Cheswick, PA	_	2,791
Eckerd Drug Store - #6172, New Castle, PA	_	2,877
Eckerd Drug Store - #6193, Erie, PA	_	2,919
Eckerd Drug Store - #6199, Millcreek, PA	(1)	3,728
Eckerd Drug Store - #6257, Millcreek, PA	_	1,444
Eckerd Drug Store - #6286, Erie, PA	(1)	4,192
Eckerd Drug Store - #6334, Erie, PA	_	2,997
Eckerd Drug Store - #6392, Penn, PA	_	2,949
Eckerd Drug Store - #6695, Plum Borough, PA	_	3 <b>,</b> 669
Eckerd Drug Store - Piedmont, Piedmont, SC	5	1,973
Market Square, Douglasville, GA	787	13,692
Springfield Park, Lawrenceville, GA	5	10,929

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

PROPERTY	NUMBER OF SQUARE FEET	DATE OF PURCHASE	PURCHASE PRIC PLUS ACQUISITI FEE
Tequesta Shoppes Plaza, Tequesta, FL	109,937	01/03	11,4
Capital Crossing, Raleigh, NC	92,248	02/03	9,9
Colonial Promenade Bardmore Center, Largo, FL	152 <b>,</b> 667	02/03	17,1
Commonwealth Center II, Richmond, VA	165,382	02/03	22,2
Concord Crossing, Concord, NC	55 <b>,</b> 930	02/03	5,3
Fountains, Plantation, FL	408,807	02/03	44,4

Marketplace at Mill Creek, Buford, GA	398,407	02/03	50,1
Monroe Shopping Center, Monroe, NC	45,080	02/03	3 <b>,</b> 5
Oakley Plaza, Asheville, NC	118,727	02/03	9,4
Overlook at King of Prussia, King of Prussia, PA	186,980	02/03	57 <b>,</b> 0
Paraiso Plaza, Hialeah, FL	61,012	02/03	9,4
Publix Brooker Creek, Palm Harbor, FL	77,596	02/03	8,7
Sheridan Square, Dania, FL	67 <b>,</b> 425	02/03	7 <b>,</b> 5
Stonecrest Marketplace, Lithonia, GA	264,447	02/03	34,7
Suwanee Crossroads, Suwanee, GA	69,500	02/03	12,0
Windsor Court Shopping Center, Windsor Court, CT	78,480	02/03	14,6
Downtown Short Pump, Richmond, VA	125,553	03/03	33 <b>,</b> 5
Valley Park Commons, Hagerstown, MD	89 <b>,</b> 579	03/03	11,3
Eckerd - Perry Creek, Perry Creek, NC	10,908	09/02	2,7
Village Center, Mt. Pleasant, WI	217,103	03/03	23,9
Watercolor Crossing, Tallahassee, FL	43,200	03/03	5 <b>,</b> 4
Bi-Lo - Southern Pines, Southern Pines, NC	57,404	04/03	8,1
Creeks at Virginia Center, Richmond, VA	266,266	04/03	39,4
Flamingo Falls, Pembroke Pines, FL	108,565	04/03	23,9
Glenmark Shopping Center, Morgantown, WV	122,167	04/03	12,9
River Run, Miramar, FL	93,643	04/03	11,6
Westside Centre Shopping Center, Huntsville, AL	490,784	04/03	46,0
440 Commons, Jersey City, NJ	162,533	05/03	18,0
Barrett Pavilion, Kennesaw, GA	460,755	05/03	80,1
Bi-Lo - Asheville, Asheville, NC	54,319	05/03	7,7

PROPERTY	OTHER CASH EXPENDITURES CAPITALIZED (A)	TOTAL ACQUISITION COST(B)
Tequesta Shoppes Plaza, Tequesta, FL	(248)	11,191
Capital Crossing, Raleigh, NC	14	9,998
Colonial Promenade Bardmore Center, Largo, FL	45	17,196
Commonwealth Center II, Richmond, VA	(133)	22,145
Concord Crossing, Concord, NC	5	5,336
Fountains, Plantation, FL	_	44,412
Marketplace at Mill Creek, Buford, GA	50	50,168
Monroe Shopping Center, Monroe, NC	5	3 <b>,</b> 553
Oakley Plaza, Asheville, NC	4	9,473
Overlook at King of Prussia, King of Prussia, PA	15	57,060
Paraiso Plaza, Hialeah, FL	26	9,507
Publix Brooker Creek, Palm Harbor, FL	146	8,865
Sheridan Square, Dania, FL	23	7,609
Stonecrest Marketplace, Lithonia, GA	(115)	34,627
Suwanee Crossroads, Suwanee, GA	(69)	11,999
Windsor Court Shopping Center, Windsor Court, CT	10	14,649
Downtown Short Pump, Richmond, VA	(147)	33,368
Valley Park Commons, Hagerstown, MD	12	11,329
Eckerd - Perry Creek, Perry Creek, NC	(66)	2,729
Village Center, Mt. Pleasant, WI	(33)	23,954
Watercolor Crossing, Tallahassee, FL	_	5,485
Bi-Lo - Southern Pines, Southern Pines, NC	(62)	8,065
Creeks at Virginia Center, Richmond, VA	1,608	41,066
Flamingo Falls, Pembroke Pines, FL	_	23,946
Glenmark Shopping Center, Morgantown, WV	335	13,317
River Run, Miramar, FL	(5)	11,633
Westside Centre Shopping Center, Huntsville, AL	2,035	48,050
440 Commons, Jersey City, NJ	9	18,055
Barrett Pavilion, Kennesaw, GA	(51)	80,132
Bi-Lo - Asheville, Asheville, NC	(1)	7,726

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

			PURCHASE PRIC
	NUMBER OF	DATE OF	
PROPERTY		PURCHASE	FEE
		0= /00	
Bi-Lo - Shelmore, Mt. Pleasant, SC	61,705	05/03	11,8
Bi-Lo - Sylvania, Sylvania, GA	36,000	05/03	4,4
Birkdale Village, Charlotte, NC	653,983	05/03	96,4
BJ'S Wholesale Club, Charlotte, NC	99,792	05/03	13,0
Brick Center Plaza, Brick, NJ	114,028	05/03	19,4
East Hanover Plaza, East Hanover, NJ	122,028	05/03	17,3
Eckerd Drug Store - #0234, Marietta, GA	10,880	05/03 05/03	2,0
Eckerd Drug Store - #0444, Gainesville, GA	10,594	05/03	1,9
Eckerd Drug Store - #0818, Ft. Worth, TX	10,908	05/03	2,6
Eckerd Drug Store - #0862, Wichita Falls, TX	9 <b>,</b> 504		2,0
Eckerd Drug Store - #0943, Richardson, TX	10,560	05/03 05/03	2,3
Eckerd Drug Store - #0963, Richardson, TX Eckerd Drug Store - #0968, Wichita Falls, TX	10,560 9,504	05/03	2,3
Eckerd Drug Store - #0980, Wichita Fails, IX  Eckerd Drug Store - #0980, Dallas, TX	9,504 9,504	05/03	1,8
			1,9
Eckerd Drug Store - #2320, Snellville, GA	10,594	05/03	2,2
Eckerd Drug Store - #2506, Dallas, TX	9,504	05/03	2,0
Eckerd Drug Store - #3072, Richland Hills, TX	10,908	05/03	2,6
Eckerd Drug Store - #3152, Lake Worth, TX Eckerd Drug Store - #3169, River Oaks, TX	9,504 10,908	05/03 05/03	1,8
Eckerd Drug Store - #3192, Tyler, TX	9,504	05/03	2,7
Eckerd Drug Store - #3338, Kissimmee, FL	10,880	05/03	1,4 2,4
Eckerd Drug Store - #3350, Rissimmee, FE  Eckerd Drug Store - #3350, Oklahoma City, OK	9,504	05/03	
Eckerd Drug Store - #3363, Ft. Worth, TX	9,504	05/03	1,7 1,6
Eckerd Drug Store - #3449, Lawrenceville, GA	9,504	05/03	2,0
Eckerd Drug Store - #3528, Plano, TX	10,908	05/03	2,5
Edgewater Town Center, Edgewater, NJ	77,446	05/03	27 <b>,</b> 0
Goody's Shopping Center, Augusta, GA	22,560	05/03	2,0
Heritage Pavilion, Smyrna, GA	262,961	05/03	40,0
Hiram Pavilion, Hiram, GA	363,618	05/03	36 <b>,</b> 7
Killearn Shopping Center, Tallahassee, FL	94,547	05/03	10,9
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	OTHER CASH		
	EXPENDITURES	TOTA	L ACQUISITION
PROPERTY	CAPITALIZED (A	) 	COST(B)
Bi-Lo - Shelmore, Mt. Pleasant, SC	1	0	11,846
Bi-Lo - Sylvania, Sylvania, GA		2	4,409
Birkdale Village, Charlotte, NC	(897)		95 <b>,</b> 513
BJ'S Wholesale Club, Charlotte, NC		1	13,026
Brick Center Plaza, Brick, NJ	13		19,464
East Hanover Plaza, East Hanover, NJ	5		17,317
Eckerd Drug Store - #0234, Marietta, GA	4		2,048
Eckerd Drug Store - #0444, Gainesville, GA		4	1,990
Eckerd Drug Store - #0818, Ft. Worth, TX		4	2,695
Eckerd Drug Store - #0862, Wichita Falls, TX		4	2,091
Eckerd Drug Store - #0943, Richardson, TX		4	2,358
Eckerd Drug Store - #0963, Richardson, TX		4	2,317

Eckerd Drug Store - #0968, Wichita Falls, TX	4	1,841
Eckerd Drug Store - #0980, Dallas, TX	4	1,921
Eckerd Drug Store - #2320, Snellville, GA	4	2,234
Eckerd Drug Store - #2506, Dallas, TX	4	2,077
Eckerd Drug Store - #3072, Richland Hills, TX	4	2,667
Eckerd Drug Store - #3152, Lake Worth, TX	4	1,809
Eckerd Drug Store - #3169, River Oaks, TX	4	2,709
Eckerd Drug Store - #3192, Tyler, TX	4	1,499
Eckerd Drug Store - #3338, Kissimmee, FL	4	2,483
Eckerd Drug Store - #3350, Oklahoma City, OK	4	1,780
Eckerd Drug Store - #3363, Ft. Worth, TX	4	1,665
Eckerd Drug Store - #3449, Lawrenceville, GA	4	2,065
Eckerd Drug Store - #3528, Plano, TX	4	2,539
Edgewater Town Center, Edgewater, NJ	11	27,041
Goody's Shopping Center, Augusta, GA	_	2,051
Heritage Pavilion, Smyrna, GA	4	40,017
Hiram Pavilion, Hiram, GA	1,559	38,346
Killearn Shopping Center, Tallahassee, FL	80	11,025

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

PROPERTY	NUMBER OF SQUARE FEET		PURCHASE PRIC PLUS ACQUISITI FEE
Midway Plaza, Tamarac, FL	227,209	05/03	26,8
North Hill Commons, Anderson, SC	42,942	05/03	4,5
Sandy Plains Village, Roswell, GA	175,035	05/03	18,0
Shoppes at Paradise Pointe, Ft Walton Beach, FL	84,070	05/03	11,5
Sony Theatre Complex, East Hanover, NJ	70,549	05/03	12,0
Town & Country, Knoxville, TN	639,135	05/03	49,8
Village Crossing, Skokie, IL	427,722	05/03	69,4
West Falls Plaza, West Paterson, NJ	88,913	05/03	20,9
CostCo Plaza, White Marsh, MD	209,841	06/03	16,8
Denbigh Village Shopping Center, Newport News, VA	311,583	06/03	20,8
Shoppes at Lake Dow, McDonough, GA	73,271	06/03	11,0
Willoughby Hills Shopping Center, Willoughby Hills, OH	359,414	06/03	37,7
Cascades Marketplace, Sterling, VA	98 <b>,</b> 532	07/03	16,8
Fayette Pavilion III, Fayetteville, GA	619,856	07/03	46,3
Northlake Commons, Palm Beach Gardens, FL	143,955	07/03	21,6
Route 22 Retail Shopping Center, Union, NJ	110,453	07/03	19,0
Vision Works, Plantation, FL	6 <b>,</b> 891	07/03	1,7
Bellevue Place Shopping Center, Nashville, TN	77,249	08/03	10,8
Camfield Corners, Charlotte, NC	69,887	08/03	9,3
Kensington Place, Murfreesboro, TN	70,624	08/03	7,1
Largo Town Center, Upper Marlboro, MD	270,310	08/03	30,9
Naugatuck Valley Shopping Center, Waterbury, CT	383,332	08/03	50,4
Riverdale Shops, West Springfield, MA	273,928	08/03	42,0
Spring Mall Center, Springfield, VA	56,511	08/03	10,4
Walgreen's, Port Huron, MI	14,998	08/03	4,3
Bank First, Winter Park, FL	3,348	09/03	7
Carlisle Commons, Carlisle, PA	393 <b>,</b> 023	09/03	39,6
Circuit City - Culver City, Culver City, CA	32,873	09/03	8,7
Circuit City - Highland Ranch, Highland Ranch, CO	43,480	09/03	5,6
Circuit City - Olympia, Olympia, WA	35,776	09/03	5,6

	OTHER CASH	
	EXPENDITURES	TOTAL ACQUISITION
PROPERTY	CAPITALIZED (A)	COST(B)
Midway Plaza, Tamarac, FL	265	27,123
North Hill Commons, Anderson, SC	1	4,542
Sandy Plains Village, Roswell, GA	84	18,139
Shoppes at Paradise Pointe, Ft Walton Beach, FL	(94)	11,497
Sony Theatre Complex, East Hanover, NJ	5	12,073
Town & Country, Knoxville, TN	1,397	51,209
Village Crossing, Skokie, IL	6,001	75,444
West Falls Plaza, West Paterson, NJ	5	20,985
CostCo Plaza, White Marsh, MD	5	16,862
Denbigh Village Shopping Center, Newport News, VA	(106)	20,749
Shoppes at Lake Dow, McDonough, GA	(68)	10,946
Willoughby Hills Shopping Center, Willoughby Hills, OH	22	37 <b>,</b> 727
Cascades Marketplace, Sterling, VA	5	16,845
Fayette Pavilion III, Fayetteville, GA	2,540	48,848
Northlake Commons, Palm Beach Gardens, FL	523	22,166
Route 22 Retail Shopping Center, Union, NJ	_	19,054
Vision Works, Plantation, FL	6	1,738
Bellevue Place Shopping Center, Nashville, TN	5	10,889
Camfield Corners, Charlotte, NC	2	9,341
Kensington Place, Murfreesboro, TN	_	7,167
Largo Town Center, Upper Marlboro, MD	7	30,954
Naugatuck Valley Shopping Center, Waterbury, CT	8	50,460
Riverdale Shops, West Springfield, MA	34	42,089
Spring Mall Center, Springfield, VA	2	10,483
Walgreen's, Port Huron, MI	9	4,377
Bank First, Winter Park, FL	8	731
Carlisle Commons, Carlisle, PA	10	39,645
Circuit City - Culver City, Culver City, CA	4	8,785
Circuit City - Highland Ranch, Highland Ranch, CO	3	5,631
Circuit City - Olympia, Olympia, WA	3	5,635

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

PROPERTY	NUMBER OF SQUARE FEET	DATE OF PURCHASE	PURCHASE PRIC PLUS ACQUISITI FEE
Fayette Pavilion I & II, Fayetteville, GA	791 <b>,</b> 373	09/03	88 <b>,</b> 5
Kroger - Cincinnati, Cincinnati, OH	56,634	09/03	7,4
Kroger - Grand Prairie, Grand Prairie, TX	64,522	09/03	5 <b>,</b> 7
Kroger - Westchester, Westchester, OH	56,083	09/03	4,6
Lowe's Home Improvement - Baytown, Baytown, TX	125,357	09/03	11,4
Lowe's Home Improvement - Cullman, Cullman, AL	101,287	09/03	8 <b>,</b> 9
Lowe's Home Improvement - Houston, Houston, TX	131,644	09/03	12,0
Lowe's Home Improvement - Steubenville, Steubenville, OH	130,497	09/03	11,4
Southwood Plantation, Tallahassee, FL	62,700	10/02	7,7
Super Wal-Mart - Alliance, Alliance, OH	200,084	09/03	15 <b>,</b> 8
Super Wal-Mart - Greenville, Greenville, SC	200,084	09/03	16 <b>,</b> 9

Super Wal-Mart - Winston-Salem, Winston-Salem, NC	204,931	09/03	18,7
Eckerd - Gaffney, Gaffney, SC	13,813	12/02	2,3
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club, Worcester, MA	107,929	09/03	11,1
Bi-Lo at Northside Plaza, Greenwood, SC	41,581	10/03	4,0
Cedar Springs Crossing, Spartanburg, SC	86,581	10/03	10,1
Clearwater Crossing, Flowery Branch, GA	90,566	10/03	13,3
Cortez Plaza, Bradenton, FL	286,610	10/03	26 <b>,</b> 8
Houston Square, Warner Robins, GA	60 <b>,</b> 799	10/03	5,2
Lexington Place, Lexington, SC	83,167	10/03	8,4
Manchester Broad Street, Manchester, CT	68 <b>,</b> 509	10/03	13,1
Plaza Del Paraiso, Miami, FL	82,442	10/03	15 <b>,</b> 4
Seekonk Town Center, Seekonk, MA	80,713	10/03	11,0
Shoppes of Ellenwood, Ellenwood, GA	67 <b>,</b> 721	10/03	10,7
Shoppes of Lithia, Brandon, FL	71,430	10/03	12 <b>,</b> 9
Crossroads Plaza, Lumberton, NJ	89 <b>,</b> 627	11/03	18,2
Hilliard Rome, Columbus, OH	110,772	11/03	17,1
Loisdale Center, Springfield, VA	120,742	11/03	29,0
Middletown Village, Middletown, RI	98,161	11/03	17,8
Shoppes at Oliver's Crossing, Winston-Salem, NC	76,512	11/03	10,3

PROPERTY	OTHER CASH EXPENDITURES CAPITALIZED (A)	COST (B)
Fayette Pavilion I & II, Fayetteville, GA	(357)	88,164
Kroger - Cincinnati, Cincinnati, OH	3	7,434
Kroger - Grand Prairie, Grand Prairie, TX	7	5,800
Kroger - Westchester, Westchester, OH	3	4,673
Lowe's Home Improvement - Baytown, Baytown, TX	7	11,485
Lowe's Home Improvement - Cullman, Cullman, AL	3	8 <b>,</b> 963
Lowe's Home Improvement - Houston, Houston, TX	7	12,057
Lowe's Home Improvement - Steubenville, Steubenville, OH	3	11,445
Southwood Plantation, Tallahassee, FL	4	7,742
Super Wal-Mart - Alliance, Alliance, OH	3	15 <b>,</b> 882
Super Wal-Mart - Greenville, Greenville, SC	3	16,974
Super Wal-Mart - Winston-Salem, Winston-Salem, NC	3	18,724
Eckerd - Gaffney, Gaffney, SC	502	2,876
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club, Worcester, MA	3	11,197
Bi-Lo at Northside Plaza, Greenwood, SC	_	4,069
Cedar Springs Crossing, Spartanburg, SC	_	10,191
Clearwater Crossing, Flowery Branch, GA	_	13,303
Cortez Plaza, Bradenton, FL	1,854	28,673
Houston Square, Warner Robins, GA	_	5,214
Lexington Place, Lexington, SC	_	8,481
Manchester Broad Street, Manchester, CT	_	13,119
Plaza Del Paraiso, Miami, FL	_	15,417
Seekonk Town Center, Seekonk, MA	_	11,068
Shoppes of Ellenwood, Ellenwood, GA	_	10,703
Shoppes of Lithia, Brandon, FL	_	12,926
Crossroads Plaza, Lumberton, NJ	-	18,232
Hilliard Rome, Columbus, OH	231	17,402
Loisdale Center, Springfield, VA	_	29 <b>,</b> 051
Middletown Village, Middletown, RI	_	17 <b>,</b> 871
Shoppes at Oliver's Crossing, Winston-Salem, NC	_	10,386

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

			PURCHASE PRIC
DDODEDEV	NUMBER OF		
PROPERTY	SQUARE FEET	PURCHASE	FEE
Squirewood Village, Dandridge, TN	46,150	11/03	3,4
Waterfront Marketplace/Town Center, Homestead, PA	755 <b>,</b> 407	11/03	113,0
Winslow Bay Commons, Mooresville, NC	255,598	11/03	42,1
Albertson's at Bloomingdale Hills, Brandon, FL	78 <b>,</b> 686	12/03	5 <b>,</b> 8
Oak Summit, Winston-Salem, NC	142,739		13,6
Paradise Place, West Palm Beach, FL	69 <b>,</b> 620		11,6
Pointe at Tampa Plams, Tampa, FL	20,258		5,2
Southhampton Village, Tyrone, GA	77,900	11/02	10,6
Shoppes on the Ridge	91,165	12/02	11,4
Total for 2001 through 2003 acquisitions	29,573,733		3,653,7
	=========		
DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS			
Fayette Pavilion III, Fayetteville, GA	N/A	07/03	2
Fountains, Plantation, FL	N/A	02/03	2,6
Hiram Pavilion, Hiram, GA	N/A	05/03	6
Northlake Commons, Palm Beach Gardens, FL	N/A	07/03	6
Redbud Commons Gastonia, NC	N/A	06/03	5,1
Shoppes of Golden Acres II, Newport Richey, FL	N/A	02/02	1
Southhampton Village, Tyrone, GA	N/A	11/02	
Southlake Pavilion, Morrow, GA	N/A	12/01	7
Turkey Creek II, Knoxville, TN	N/A		1,3
Watercolor Crossing, Tallahassee, FL	N/A	03/03	1,0
Westside Center, Huntsville, AL	N/A	04/03	4,8
.,			
Total for Development projects at 12/31/03	-	=======	17,4 
GRAND TOTAL	31,875,622 ========	-======	3,935,9 
	OTHER CASH		
	EXPENDITURES	S TOTA	L ACQUISITION
PROPERTY	CAPITALIZED (A	A)	COST (B)
Squirewood Village, Dandridge, TN		_	3,442
Waterfront Marketplace/Town Center, Homestead, PA	4,69	94	117,718
Winslow Bay Commons, Mooresville, NC		_	42,132
Albertson's at Bloomingdale Hills, Brandon, FL		_	5,856
Oak Summit, Winston-Salem, NC		_	13,666
Paradise Place, West Palm Beach, FL		_	11,688
Pointe at Tampa Plams, Tampa, FL		_	5,282
Southhampton Village, Tyrone, GA		_	10,610
		_	·
Shoppes on the Ridge		_ 	11,422
Total for 2001 through 2003 acquisitions	59 <b>,</b> 54		3,713,296
DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS			
Fayette Pavilion III, Fayetteville, GA		_	203
Fountains, Plantation, FL		_	2,664

Hiram Pavilion, Hiram, GA	_	695
Northlake Commons, Palm Beach Gardens, FL	_	640
Redbud Commons Gastonia, NC	_	5,101
Shoppes of Golden Acres II, Newport Richey, FL	_	189
Southhampton Village, Tyrone, GA	_	62
Southlake Pavilion, Morrow, GA	_	702
Turkey Creek II, Knoxville, TN	_	1,317
Watercolor Crossing, Tallahassee, FL	_	1,028
Westside Center, Huntsville, AL	-	4,888
Total for Development projects at 12/31/03	-	17,489
GRAND TOTAL	64,085	4,000,015

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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#### TABLE VI- (CONTINUED)

### ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES BY PROGRAMS

#### NOTES TO TABLE VI

- (A) "Other Cash Expenditures Capitalized" consists of improvements to the property and acquisition expenses which are capitalized and paid or to be paid from the proceeds of the offering. As part of several purchases, rent is received under master lease agreements on the spaces currently vacant for periods ranging from one to two years or until the spaces are leased. As these payments are received, they are recorded as a reduction in the purchase price of the properties and have been netted against other cash expenditures capitalized.
- (B) "Total Acquisition Cost" is the sum of columns captioned "Purchase Price Plus Acquisition Fee" and "Other Cash Expenditures Capitalized."

[PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT NECESSARILY INDICATIVE OF FUTURE PERFORMANCE]

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### APPENDIX B

# DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PLAN

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
DISTRIBUTION REINVESTMENT PROGRAM

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), pursuant to its Articles of Incorporation (the "Articles") has adopted a Distribution Reinvestment Program (the "DRP"), the terms and conditions of which are set forth below. Capitalized terms shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Company's Prospectus dated \_\_\_\_\_\_ (as the same may be supplemented or modified from time to time) unless otherwise defined herein.

	i.	Dist	ributions.	As	agent	for	the	Stockholders	who	purchase	Shares
from	the	Company	pursuant	to	the pr	ospe	ctus	dated		(the	€

"Offering") and elect to participate in the DRP (the "Participants"), the Company will apply all distributions, paid with respect to the Shares held by each Participant (the "Distributions"), including Distributions paid with respect to any full or fractional Shares acquired under the DRP, to the purchase of the Shares for said Participants directly, if permitted under state securities laws and, if not, through the Dealer Manager or Soliciting Dealers registered in the Participant's state of residence. Neither the Company nor its Affiliates will receive a fee for selling Shares under the DRP.

- Procedure for Participation. Any Stockholder who purchases Shares pursuant to the Company's Offering may elect to become a Participant by completing and executing the Subscription Agreement or other appropriate authorization form as may be available from the Company, the Dealer Manager or the Soliciting Dealer. Participation in the DRP will begin with the next Distribution payable after receipt of a Participant's subscription or authorization. Shares will be purchased under the DRP on the record date for the Distribution used to purchase the Shares. Distributions for Shares acquired under the DRP will be paid at the same time as Distributions are paid on Shares purchased outside the DRP and are calculated with a daily record and Distribution declaration date. Each Participant agrees that if, at any time prior to listing of the Shares on a national stock exchange or inclusion of the Shares for quotation on a national market system, he or she fails to meet the suitability requirements for making an investment in the Company or cannot make the other representations or warranties set forth in the Subscription Agreement, he or she will promptly so notify the Company in writing.
- Purchase of Shares. Participants will acquire Shares from the iii. Company at a fixed price of \$10.00 per Share until the first to occur of (i) the termination of the Offering, or (ii) the public offering price per Share in the Offering is increased above \$10.00 per share. Thereafter, Participants will acquire Shares from the Company at a price equal to 95% of the Market Price of a Share on the date of purchase until such time as the Company's Shares are listed on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system. In the event of such listing or inclusion, Shares purchased by the Company for the DRP will be purchased on such exchange or market, at the prevailing market price, and will be sold to Stockholders at such price. The discount per Share is never intended to exceed 5% of the current Market Price of a Share on the date of purchase. Participants in the DRP may also purchase fractional Shares so that 100% of the Distributions will be used to acquire Shares. However, a Participant will not be able to acquire Shares under the DRP to the extent such purchase would cause it to exceed the Ownership Limit or other Share ownership restrictions imposed by the Articles.

It is possible that a secondary market will develop for the Shares, and that the Shares may be bought and sold on the secondary market at prices lower or higher than the \$10.00 per Share price which will be paid under the DRP.

The Company shall endeavor to acquire Shares on behalf of Participants at the lowest price then available. However, the Company does not guarantee or warrant that the Participant will be acquiring Shares at the lowest possible price.

If the Company's Shares are listed on a national stock exchange or included for quotation on a national market system, the reservation of any Shares from the Offering for issuance under the DRP, which have not been

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issued as of the date of such listing or inclusion, will be canceled, and such Shares will continue to have the status of authorized but unissued Shares. Those unissued Shares will not be issued unless they are first registered with the

Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Act and under appropriate state securities laws or are otherwise issued in compliance with such laws.

It is understood that reinvestment of Distributions does not relieve a Participant of any income tax liability which may be payable on the Distributions.

- iv. Share Certificates. Within 90 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year, the Company will issue certificates evidencing ownership of Shares purchased through the DRP during the prior fiscal year. The ownership of the Shares will be in book-entry form prior to the issuance of such certificates.
- v. Reports. Within 90 days after the end of the Company's fiscal year, the Company will provide each Participant with an individualized report on his or her investment, including the purchase date(s), purchase price and number of Shares owned, as well as the dates of distribution and amounts of Distributions received during the prior fiscal year. The individualized statement to Stockholders will include receipts and purchases relating to each Participant's participation in the DRP including the tax consequences relative thereto.
- vi. Termination by Participant. A Participant may terminate participation in the DRP at any time, without penalty, by delivering to the Company a written notice. Prior to listing of the Shares on a national stock exchange or inclusion of the Shares for quotation on a national market system, any transfer of Shares by a Participant to a non-Participant will terminate participation in the DRP with respect to the transferred Shares. If a Participant terminates DRP participation, the Company will provide the terminating Participant with a certificate evidencing the whole shares in his or her account and a check for the cash value of any fractional share in such account. Upon termination of DRP participation, Distributions will be distributed to the Stockholder in cash.
- vii. Amendment or Termination of DRP by the Company. The Directors of the Company may by majority vote (including a majority of the Independent Directors) amend or terminate the DRP for any reason upon 30 days' written notice to the Participants.
- viii. Liability of the Company. The Company shall not be liable for any act done in good faith, or for any good faith omission to act, including, without limitation, any claims or liability: (a) arising out of failure to terminate a Participant's account upon such Participant's death prior to receipt of notice in writing of such death; and (b) with respect to the time and the prices at which Shares are purchased or sold for a Participant's account. To the extent that indemnification may apply to liabilities arising under the Act or the securities laws of a state, the Company has been advised that, in the opinion of the Commission and certain state securities commissioners, such indemnification is contrary to public policy and, therefore, unenforceable.
- ix. Governing Law. This DRP shall be governed by the laws of the State of Maryland.

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#### APPENDIX C

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
INSTRUCTIONS TO SUBSCRIBERS - NOT VALID FOR RESIDENTS OF AZ, NE, OK, AND TX

Any person desiring to subscribe for our common shares should carefully read and review the Prospectus, as supplemented to date, and if he/she desires to subscribe for shares, complete the Subscription Agreement/Signature Page that follows these instructions. Follow the appropriate instructions listed below for the items indicated. Please print in ballpoint pen or type the information.

#### A - INVESTMENT

Item (1)a Enter the dollars and cents amount of the purchase and the number of shares to be purchased. Minimum purchase 300 shares (\$3,000). Qualified Plans 100 shares (\$1,000). (Iowa requires 300 shares (\$3,000) for IRA accounts; Minnesota requires 200 shares (\$2,000) for IRA and qualified accounts). Check the box to indicate whether this is an initial or an additional investment. The "Additional Investment" box must be checked in order for this subscription to be combined with another subscription for purposes of a volume discount. A completed Subscription Agreement is required for each initial and additional investment. Deferred Commission Option: Please check the box if you have Item (1)b agreed with your Soliciting Dealer to elect the Deferred Commission Option, as described in the Prospectus, as supplemented to date. By electing the Deferred Commission Option, you are required to pay only \$9.40 per share purchased upon subscription. For the next six years, following the year of subscription, you will have a sales commission of \$0.10 per share deducted from and paid out of cash distributions otherwise distributable to you. Election of the Deferred Commission Option shall authorize the Company to withhold such amounts from cash distributions otherwise payable to you and to pay them as described in the "Plan of Distribution-Deferred Commission Option" section of the Prospectus, as supplemented to date. Item (1)c Check the box to indicate whether the Registered Representative chooses to purchase common stock net of selling

# B - TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

FOR NON-CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP ACCOUNTS, please mail the properly completed and executed Subscription Agreement/Signature Page and your check made payable to "LBNA/ESCROW AGENT FOR IWRRET" to: Inland Securities Corporation, 2901 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523, Attn: Investor Services. If you have questions, please call 800, 826, 8228, FOR CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP ACCOUNTS, checks should be made payable to the CUSTODIAN and sent along with this properly completed and executed form to the Custodian. Check the appropriate box to indicate the type of entity that is subscribing. (Entities for non-custodial ownership accounts appear on the left side; entities for custodial ownership accounts appear on the right side.) If this is an additional purchase, this should be completed exactly the same as previous investment. If the entity is a pension or profit sharing plan, indicate whether it is taxable or exempt from taxation under Section 501A of the Internal Revenue Code. Note: Pension or profit sharing plan appears under non-custodial ownership as well as custodial ownership - check non-custodial ownership if the plan has a trustee; custodial ownership if the plan has a custodian. If you check the Individual Ownership box and you wish to designate a Transfer on Death beneficiary, you may check the TOD box and you must fill out the Transfer on Death Form in order to effect the designation.

Item (2)a

commissions.

- Item (2)b Enter the exact name of the custodian or trustee and mailing address. IF THIS IS AN ADDITIONAL PURCHASE BY A QUALIFIED PLAN, PLEASE USE THE SAME EXACT PLAN NAME AS PREVIOUSLY USED.
- Item (2)c The custodian must complete this box by entering its custodian tax ID number (for tax purposes), custodial account number and its telephone number.

#### C - SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION

- Item (3) For non-custodial ownership accounts, enter the exact name in which the shares are to be held For co-subscribers enter the names of all subscribers. For custodial ownership accounts, enter FBO the name of the subscriber.
- Item (4) Enter mailing address, city, state, and zip code of the subscriber Note: The custodian or trustee of custodial ownership accounts is the mailing address or address of record completed in Item (2)b.
- Item (5) Enter the residence address if different than the mailing address in Item (4). For custodial ownership accounts, enter the residence address of the subscriber.
- Item (6) Enter home telephone, business telephone and email address.
- Item (7) Enter birth date of subscriber and co-subscriber, if applicable, or date of incorporation.
- Item (8) Enter the Social Security number of subscriber and co-subscriber, if applicable. The subscriber is certifying that this number is correct. For custodial ownership accounts, enter the subscriber's Social Security number (for identification purposes). Enter Tax ID number, if applicable.
- Item (9) Check the appropriate box. If the subscriber is a non-resident alien, he must apply to the United States Internal Revenue Service for an identification number via Form SS-4 for an individual or SS-5 for a corporation, and supply the number to the Company as soon as it is available.
- Item (10) Check the box if the subscriber is an employee of Inland or an individual who has been continuously affiliated with Inland as an independent contractor.

### D - DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS

CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX TO INDICATE DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS FOR NON-CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP ACCOUNTS.

- Item (11)a Check if you desire distributions to be mailed to address of record in Section C. Item (4) above
- Item (11)b Check if you desire to participate in Distribution Reinvestment program.
- Item (11)c If subscriber desires direct deposit of his/her/their cash distributions to an account or address other than as set forth in the Subscription Agreement/Signature Page, check the preferred option and complete the required information. For ACH, indicate whether it is a checking or savings account, and enter the name of the institution/individual, mailing address, ABA number, and account number. MUST ENCLOSE VOIDED CHECK, if applicable.

CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX TO INDICATE DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS FOR CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP ACCOUNTS.

- Item (12)a Check if you desire distributions to be mailed to custodian.
- Item (12)b Check if you desire to participate in Distribution Reinvestment Program.

E - SIGNATURE

Item (13) The Subscription Agreement/Signature Page MUST BE EXECUTED by the subscriber(s), and if applicable, the trustee or custodian.

#### F - BROKER/DEALER REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE

- Item (14) Enter the Registered Representative name, address, B/D Rep ID number, telephone number, and e-mail address. Also, enter the name of the broker/dealer, home office address, and B/D Client Account number. By executing the Subscription Agreement/Signature Page, the Registered Representative substantiates compliance with the conduct rules of the NASD, by certifying that the Registered Representative has reasonable grounds to believe, based on information obtained from the investor concerning his, her or its investment objectives, other investments, financial situation and needs and any other information known by such Registered Representative, that investment in the Company is suitable for such investor in light of his, her or its financial position, net worth and other suitability characteristics and that the Registered Representative has informed the investor of all pertinent facts relating to the liability, liquidity and marketability of an investment in the Company during its term. The Registered Representative (authorized signature) should sign where provided.
- Item (14)a Check the box to indicate whether the broker/dealer agrees to the Deferred commission Option if the subscriber has elected the Deferred Commission Option; the broker/dealer must sign to acknowledge that agreement.
- Item (14)b Check the box to indicate whether the Registered Representative chooses to purchase common stock net of selling commissions

#### G - REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISOR (RIA)

Item (15) Check the box to indicate whether this subscription was solicited or recommended by an investment advisor/broker/dealer whose agreement with the subscriber includes a fixed or "wrap" fee feature for advisory and related brokerage services, and, accordingly, may not charge the regular selling commission, No sales commissions are paid on these accounts. This box must be checked in order for such subscriber(s) to purchase shares net of the selling commissions.

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#### SUBMISSION OF SUBSCRIPTION

FOR NON-CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP ACCOUNTS. the properly completed and executed Subscription Agreement/Signature Page together with a check made payable to "LBNA/ESCROW AGENT FOR IWRRET" should be mailed to: Inland Securities Corporation, 2901 Butterfield Road, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523. Attn: Investor Services.

FOR CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP ACCOUNTS. checks should be made payable to the CUSTODIAN and sent along with this properly completed and executed form to the Custodian.

NOTE: If a person other than the person in whose name the shares will be held is reporting the income received from the Company, you must notify the Company in writing of that person's name, address and Social Security number.

ALL INVESTORS AND THEIR REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVES MUST SIGN THE SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT/SIGNATURE PAGE PRIOR TO TENDERING ANY FUNDS FOR INVESTMENT IN SHARES.

#### CALIFORNIA INVESTORS

All Certificates representing shares which are sold in the State of California will bear the following legend conditions. IT IS UNLAWFUL TO CONSUMMATE A SALE OR TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY OR ANY INTEREST THEREIN, OR TO RECEIVE ANY CONSIDERATION THEREFORE, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, EXCEPT AS PERMITTED IN THE COMMISSIONER'S RULES.

Any subscriber seeking to purchase shares pursuant to a discount offered by the Company must submit such request in writing and set forth the basis for the request. Any such request will be subject to verification by the Company.

Lack of Liquidity: There is no current market for the shares and the investors may not be able to sell the securities.

#### SPECIAL SUITABILITY STANDARDS

Certain states have imposed special financial suitability standards for subscribers who purchase shares.

If the subscriber is a resident of Maine, the subscriber must have either: (i) a minimum net worth (excluding home, home furnishings and automobiles) of \$200,000; or (ii) a minimum annual gross income of \$50,000 and a minimum net worth (exclusive of home, home furnishings and automobiles) of \$50,000.

If the subscriber is a resident of Arizona, California, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Oregon, or Tennessee, the subscriber must have either; (i) a minimum net worth (excluding home, home furnishings and automobiles) of \$225,000; or (ii) a minimum annual gross income of \$60,000 and a minimum net worth (exclusive of home, home furnishings and automobiles) of \$60,000.

In addition, if the subscriber is a resident of Kansas, Missouri, Ohio or Pennsylvania, the investment may not exceed 10% of the investor's liquid net worth.

We intend to assert the foregoing representations as a defense in any subsequent litigation where such assertion would be relevant. We have the right to accept or reject this subscription in whole or in part, so long as such partial acceptance or rejection does not result in an investment of less than the minimum amount specified in the Prospectus. As used above, the singular includes the plural in all respects if shares are being acquired by more than one person. As used in this Subscription Agreement, "Inland" refers to Inland Real Estate Group, Inc. and its affiliates. This Subscription Agreement and all rights hereunder shall be governed by, and interpreted in accordance with, the laws of the State of Illinois.

By executing this Subscription Agreement, the subscriber is not waiving any rights under the federal securities laws.

### ACII LANGUAGE

I (we) hereby authorize Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. ("Company") to deposit distributions from my (our) interest in stock of the Company into the account listed in Section D of Subscription Agreement at the financial institution indicated in Section D of Subscription Agreement. I further authorize the Company to debit my account noted in Section D of Subscription Agreement in the event that the Company erroneously deposits additional funds to which I am not entitled, provided that such debit shall not

exceed the original amount of the erroneous deposit. In the event that I withdraw funds erroneously deposited into my account before the Company reverses such deposit, I agree that the Company has the right to retain any future distributions that I am entitled until the erroneously deposited amounts are recovered by the Company.

This authorization is to remain in full force and effect until the Company has received written notice from me of the termination of this authorization in time to allow reasonable opportunity to act on it, or until the Company has sent me written notice of termination of this authorization.

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INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC. 2901 BUTTERFIELD ROAD, OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS 60523 - 800.826.8228

SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENT/SIGNATURE PAGE For Prospectus Dated September 15, 2003

Please read this Subscription Agreement/Signature Page and the Terms and Conditions before signing.

Subscriber must read the Subscription Instructions. Residents of AZ, NE, OK, and TX should use the specific Subscription Agreement for these states.

#### A - INVESTMENT

- (1)a This subscription is in the amount of \$\_\_\_\_\_ for the purchase of \_\_\_\_\_ shares of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. at \$10 per share. Minimum initial investment 300 shares (100 shares for IRA, Keogh and qualified plan accounts-Iowa requires 300 Shares for IRA accounts; Minnesota requires 200 shares for IRA and qualified plan accounts).
  - THIS IS AN: / INITIAL INVESTMENT / ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT A completed Subcription Agreement is required for each initial and additional investment.
- (1)b / CHECK THE BOX TO ELECT THE DEFERRED COMMISSION OPTION. (This election must be agreed to by the broker/dealer listed on the following page)
- (1)c / / REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE NAV PURCHASE

#### B - TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

#### NON-CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP

#### MAKE CHECK PAYABLE TO: LBNA/ESCROW AGENT FOR IWRRET

(2)a // Individual Ownership - one signature required
 // TOD (Fill out TOD Form to effect designation)
 // Joint Tenants with Right of Survivorship - all parties must sign
 // Community Property - all parties must sign
 // Tenants in Common - all parties must sign
 // Tenants By The Entirety - all parties must sign
 // Corporate Ownership - authorized signature required
 // Partnership Ownership - authorized signature required
 // LLC Ownership - authorized signature required
 // Uniform Gifts to Minors Act - custodian signature required
 State of \_\_\_\_\_\_ a Custodian for \_\_\_\_\_\_

	/ /	Pension or Profit Sharing Plan - trustee signature(s) required  // Taxable // Exempt under Section501A  Name of Trustee or other Administrator
	/ /	Trust-trustee or grantor signature(s) required // Taxable // Grantor A or B Date Trust Established
		Name of Trustee or other Administrator
	/ /	Estate - personal representative signature required
		Other (Specify)
		CUSTODIAL OWNERSHIP
		CHECK PAYABLE TO THE CUSTODIAN LISTED BELOW AND SEND ALL PAPERWORK CTLY TO THE CUSTODIAN
(2)a		Traditional IRA - custodian signature required
		Roth IRA - custodian signature required KEOGH - trustee signature required
		Simplified Employee Pension/Trust (S.E.P.) - trustee signature
	/ /	required Pension or Profit Sharing Plan - custodian signature required
	, ,	// Taxable // Exempt under Section501A
		Name of Custodian or other Administrator
	/ /	Other (Specify)
(2)b		
		Name of Custodian or Trustee
		Mailing Address
		City, State, Zip
(2)c	CUST	ODIAN INFORMATION TO BE COMPLETED BY CUSTODIAN LISTED ABOVE
	Cust	odian Tax ID #
	Cust	odial Account #
	Cust	odian Telephone
		C - SUBSCRIBER INFORMATION
(3)		CRIBER Mr. // Mrs // Ms
	Co-Si	ubscriber Mr. // Mrs // Ms

(4)	Mailing Address				
	City, State & Zip Code				
(5)	Residence Address (if different from above)				
	City, State & Zip Code				
(6)	Home Telephone		Business Telephone		
	Email Address				
(7)	Birth Date/Date of Incorporation	/ / MM/DD/YYYY	Co-Subscriber Birth Date		
(8)	Social Security #		Co-Subscriber Social Security #		
	Tax ID #				
(9)	Please Indicate Citizenship Status // U.S. Citizen // Resident Alien // Non-Resident Alien				
(10)	/ / Employee or Affiliate				
	E	Page 3 of 4			
		C-3			
	D - DISI	TRIBUTION OPTIONS			
		NS FOR NON-CUSTODIAL ACCOUNTS			
(11)a	/ / Mail to Address of Record	l			
(11)b	/ / Distribution Reinvestment Program: Subscriber elects to participate in the Distribution Reinvestment Program described in the Prospectus.				
(11)c	/ / Distributions Directed To	):			
	/ / Via Mail COMPLETE 1	INFORMATION BELOW.			
		osit(ACH) COMPLETE INFORMATION B of the instructions. MUST ENCLO			
	/ / Checking / /	Savings			
	Name of Bank, Brokerage Fin	rm or Individual			

Mailing Address

City, State, Zip

Bank ABA # (For ACH Only) Account Number-MUST BE FILLED IN
MUST ENCLOSE VOIDED CHECK

#### DISTRIBUTION OPTIONS FOR CUSTODIAL ACCOUNTS

- (12)a / / Mail to Custodial Account
- (12)b / / Distribution Reinvestment Program: Subscriber elects to participate in the Distribution Reinvestment Program described in the Prospectus.

#### E - SIGNATURE

- (13) THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIES, under penalties of perjury (i) that the taxpayer identification number shown on the Subscription Agreement/Signature Page is true, correct and complete, and (ii) that he is not subject to backup withholding either because he has not been notified that he is subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or distributions, or the Internal Revenue Service has notified him that he is no longer subject to backup withholding. The undersigned further acknowledges and/or represents (or in the case of induciary accounts, the person authorized to sign on such investor's behalf the following.
  - (a) acknowledges receipt, not less than five (5) business days prior to the signing of this Subscription Agreement, of the Prospectus of the COMPANY RELATING TO THE SHARES, WHEREIN THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE OFFERING OF THE SHARES ARE DESCRIBED, including among other things, the restrictions on ownership and transfer of shares, which require, under certain circumstances, that a holder of shares shall give written notice and provide certain information to the Company (Does not apply to Minnesota residents.)
  - (b) represents that I (we) either. (i) have a net worth (excluding home, home furnishings and automobiles) of at least \$45,000 and estimate that (without regard to investment in the Company) I (we) have gross income due in the current year of at least \$45,000 or (ii) have a net worth (excluding home, home furnishings and automobiles) of at least \$150,000 or such higher suitability as may be required by certain states and set forth on page 2 hereof: IN THE CASE OF SALES TO INDUCIARY ACCOUNTS, THE SUITABILITY STANDARDS MUST BE MET BY THE BENEFICIARY, THE INDUCIARY ACCOUNT OR BY THE DONOR OR GRANTOR WHO DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY SUPPLIERS THE FUNDS FOR THE PURCHASE OF THE SHARES.
  - (c) represents that the investor is purchasing the shares for his or her own account and if I am (we are) purchasing shares on behalf of a trust or other entity of which I am (we are) trustee(s) or authorized agent(s) I (we) have due authority to execute the Subscription Agreement/Signature Page and do hereby legally bind the trust or other entity of which I am (we are) trustee(s) or authorized agent(s).
  - (d) acknowledges that the shares are not liquid, (not required for Minnesota or Maine residents)
  - (e) if an Affiliate of the Company, represents that the shares are being purchased for investment purposes only and not for immediate resale.

х	
Signature Registered Owner	Date
X	X
Signature Co-Owner (If Applicable)	Authorized Signature (Custodian or Trustee If Applicable)
	PLETED UNTIL AT LEAST FIVE BUSINESS DAYS IBER RECEIVES THE PROSPECTUS.
F - BROKER/DEALER-RE	EGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE
(14) BROKER/DEALER DATAcompleted by (Please use Rep's addressnot ho	selling Registered Representative ome office)
NAME OF REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE	<u> </u>
MAILING ADDRESS CITY, STATE & ZIP CODE	
BROKER/DEALER NAME	
HOME OFFICE MAILING ADDRESS	
CITY, STATE & ZIP CODE	
B/D CLIENT ACCOUNT NUMBER #	
B/D REP ID NUMBER #	
REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE'S TELEF HAVE YOU CHANGED BROKER/DEALERS?	
Registered Representative's e-mai	
X	
SignatureRegistered Representat	cive
X	
SignatureBroker/Dealer (if Appl	licable)
(14)a / / DEFERRED COMMISSION OPTION: F	Requires broker/dealer signature:
(14)b / / REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE NAV	/ PURCHASE
G - REGISTERED INV	VESTMENT ADVISOR (RIA)

(15) REGISTERED INVESTMENT ADVISOR (RIA) NO SALES COMMISSIONS ARE PAID ON THESE

ACCOUNTS. / / Check only if investment is made through the RIA in its capacity as an RIA and not in its capacity as a Registered Representative. If applicable, whose agreement with the subscriber includes a fixed or "wrap" fee feature for advisory and related brokerage services. If an owner or principal or any member of the RIA firm is an NASD licensed Registered Representative affiliated with a broker/dealer, the transaction should be conducted through that broker/dealer, not through the RIA.

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#### APPENDIX D

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
TRANSFER ON DEATH FORM (T.O.D.)

Use this form to designate a T.O.D. beneficiary(ies).
This form is NOT VALID for IRA accounts.

Please mail this form to: Inland Securities Corporation 2901 Butterfield Road Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 Attn: Investor Services

- A. INVESTOR INFORMATION
- 1. Name of registered owner(s), exactly as name(s) appear(s) on stock certificate of subscription agreement:

2. Social Security number(s) of registered owner(s):

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Daytime phone number:

\_\_\_\_\_

4. State of Residence:

B. TRANSFER ON DEATH DESIGNATION

I authorize Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust. Inc. to register all of my shares of its common stock in beneficiary form, assigning ownership on my death to my beneficiary(ies). I understand that if more than one beneficiary is listed, percentages for each must be designated. If percentages are not designated, the shares will be divided equally. Percentages must equal 100%.

1. Name of Primary Beneficiary:

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E	dgar Filing: INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST INC - Form S-11/
2.	Social Security Number:
OR T	ax Identification Number:
3.	Percentage:%
1.	Name of Primary Beneficiary:
2.	Social Security Number:
OR T	ax Identification Number:
	<sup>-</sup>
3.	Percentage:%
С.	SIGNATURE
to r desi here (our (we) exec Inla agen empl expe	igning below, I (we) authorize Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. egister all of my (our) shares of its common stock in T.O.D. form. The gnations(s) will be effective on the date of receipt. Accordingly, I (we) by revoke any beneficiary designation(s) made previously with respect to my ) Inland shares. I (we) have reviewed the information set forth below. I agree on behalf of myself (ourselves) and my (our) heirs, assigns, utors, administrators and beneficiaries to indemnify and hold harmless nd Western Retail Real Estate Inc. and any and all of its affiliates, ts, successors and assigns, and their respective directors, officers and oyees, from and against any and all claims, liability, damages, actions and nses arising directly or indirectly but of or resulting from the transfer of our) shares in accordance with this T.O.D. designation.
prov nece (our stoc THIS	e) further understand that Inland Western Retail Estate Trust. Inc. cannot ide any legal advice and I (we) agree to consult with my (our) attorney, if ssary, to make certain that the T.O.D. designation is consistent with my ) estate and tax planning. Sign exactly as the name(s) appear(s) on the k certificate or subscription agreement. All registered owners must sign. AUTHORIZATION FORM IS SUBJECT TO THE ACCEPTANCE OF INLAND WESTERN RETAIL ESTATE TRUST, INC.
X 	
Sign	ature
Х	

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### TRANSFER ON DEATH INFORMATION

Signature

A Transfer on Death (T.O.D.) designation transfers ownership of shares to the registered owner's beneficiary(ies) upon death; provided that Inland

Date

Western Retail Estate Trust, Inc. receives proof of death and other documentation it deems necessary or appropriate.

- Until the death of the account owner(s), the T.O.D. beneficiary(ies) has (have) no present interest in, or authority over, the T.O.D. account.
- A T.O.D. designation will be accepted only (1) where shares are owned by a natural person and registered in that individual's name or (2) by two or more natural persons as joint tenants with rights of survivorship.
- Accounts registered no trusts, corporations, charities, and other such entities may not declare a T.O.D. designation because they are considered perpetual. These entities, however, may be listed as a beneficiary on a T.O.D. for accounts registered to a natural person.
- A T.O.D. designation made by joint tenants with rights of survivorship does not take effect until the last of all multiple owners dies. The surviving owners may revoke or change the T.O.D. designation at any time.
- If the beneficiary(ies) does (do) not survive the registered owner(s), the shares will be treated as belonging to the decedent's estate.
- A minor may not be named as a beneficiary.

\$\_\_\_\_\_; OR

- A T.O.D. designation will not be accepted from residents of Louisiana, New York, North Carolina or Texas.
- A T.O.D. designation and all rights related thereto shall be governed by the laws of the state of Illinois.
- A T.O.D. designation may be voided at any time by Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., in its sole discretion, if there is any doubt as to the validity or effectiveness of a T.O.D. designation.

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.

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APPENDIX E1

LETTER OF DIRECTION

, 20
Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation 2901 Butterfield Road Oak Brook, Illinois 60523
RE: Registered Investment Advisory Fees Account No("Account")
You are hereby instructed and authorized by me to deduct advisory fees payable to, my registered investment advisor, in the following amount from my Account, and to pay such amount by wire transfer in immediately available funds to my registered investment advisor, upon each distribution by Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. (the "Company") on my Account, as payment for my registered investment advisor's advisory fees (select only one).

(2)% Annual Fee (calculated on a monthly basis) of the Asset Value to be paid by the Company on my Account.		
I understand and acknowledge that any and all advisory fees payable to my registered investment advisor are my sole responsibility and you are paying the amounts directed by me as an accommodation.		
This letter shall serve as an irrevocable instruction to you to pay such advisory fees from my Account until such time as I provide you with written notice of my election to revoke this instruction.		
Sincerely,		
E1-1		
APPENDIX E2		
NOTICE OF REVOCATION		
, 20		
Inland Real Estate Investment Corporation 2901 Butterfield Road Oak Brook, Illinois 60523		
RE: Revocation of Instruction Account No("Account")		
This letter shall serve as notice to you of my revocation of my instruction to you to deduct advisory fees from my Account any pay such fees directly to, my registered investment advisor, pursuant to my letter to you dated		
I hereby instruct you to cease any and all future deductions from my Account fo the purpose of such advisory fee payments. I understand and acknowledge that this revocation will be effective within one business day of receipt by you.		
Sincerely,		
E2-1		

## APPENDIX G

## PRIVACY POLICY NOTICE

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.  $\mbox{PRIVACY POLICY}$ 

OUR COMMITMENT TO PROTECTING YOUR PRIVACY. We consider customer privacy to be fundamental to our relationship with our shareholders. In the course of servicing your account, we collect personal information about you ("NONPUBLIC PERSONAL INFORMATION"). We collect this information to know who you are so that we can provide you with products and services that meet your particular financial and investing needs, and to meet our obligations under the laws and regulations that govern us.

Throughout our history we have been, and we remain, committed to maintaining the confidentiality, integrity and security of our shareholders' personal information. It is our policy to respect the privacy of our current and former shareholders and to protect the personal information entrusted to us. This Privacy Policy (the "POLICY") describes the standards we follow for handling your personal information, with the dual goals of meeting your financial needs while respecting your privacy.

This Policy applies to the Inland family of companies, which includes Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

## 1. Information We May Collect

We may collect nonpublic personal information about you from three sources:

- Information on applications, subscription agreements or other forms. This category may include your name, address, tax identification number, age, marital status, number of dependents, assets, debts, income, employment history, beneficiary information and personal bank account information.
- Information about your transactions with us, our affiliates and others such as: the types of products you purchase, your account balances, margin loan history and payment history.
- Information obtained from others, such as from consumer credit reporting agencies. This may include information about your creditworthiness, financial circumstances and credit history, including any bankruptcies and foreclosures.

## 2. Persons to Whom We May Disclose Information

We may disclose all three types of nonpublic personal information about you to the unaffiliated third parties and in the circumstances described below, as permitted by applicable laws and regulations.

- Companies with whom we have contracted to provide account-related services, such as statement preparation, execution services, custodial services, and report preparation. (Every contract with each of these service providers prohibits the service provider from disclosing or using your nonpublic personal information for any purpose except to provide the service for which we have contracted.)
- Our lawyers, accountants, auditors, regulators, advisors, and quality-control consultants.
- If we suspect fraud.
- To protect the security of our records, Web site and telephone customer service center.
- Information you have authorized us to disclose.
- 3. Protecting Your Information

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Our employees are required to follow the procedures we have developed to protect the integrity of your information. These procedures include:

- Restricting physical and other access to your nonpublic personal information to persons with a legitimate business need to know the information in order to service your account.
- Contractually obligating third parties doing business with us to comply with all applicable privacy and security laws.
- Providing information to you only after we have used reasonable efforts to assure ourselves of your identity by asking for and receiving from you information only you should know.
- Maintaining reasonably adequate physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your information.

## 4. Former Customers

We treat information concerning our former customers the same way we treat information about our current customers.

## 5. Keeping You Informed

We will send you a copy of this Policy annually. We will also send you all changes to this Policy as they occur. You have the right to "opt out" of this policy by notifying us in writing.

QUESTIONS? If you have any questions about this Policy, please do not hesitate to call Roberta Matlin at 630-218-8000.

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[INLAND WESTERN(TM) LOGO]
RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.

Up to 270,000,000 shares

Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.

Common Stock

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PROSPECTUS

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[?], 2004

Inland Securities Corporation

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. No dealer, salesperson or other person is authorized to make any representations other than those contained in the prospectus and supplemental literature authorized by Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and referred to in this prospectus, and, if given or made, such information and representations must not be relied upon. This prospectus is not an offer to sell nor is it seeking an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate

only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any sale of these securities. You should not assume that the delivery of this prospectus or that any sale made pursuant to this prospectus implies that the information contained in this prospectus will remain fully accurate and correct as of any time subsequent to the date of this prospectus.

Until, \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2004 (40 days after the date of this prospectus), all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as soliciting dealers with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

## ITEM 31. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION.

Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee	\$	340,823
NASD filing fee		30,500
Printing and mailing expenses		4,250,000
Blue Sky fees and expenses		136,000
Legal fees and expenses		900,000
Accounting fees and expenses		650,000
Advertising and sales literature		5,500,000
Transfer agent fees		800,000
Data processing fees		500,000
Bank fees and other administrative expenses		200,000
Total	\$	13,307,323
	===	

#### ITEM 32. SALES TO SPECIAL PARTIES.

Our employees and associates and those of our affiliates are permitted to purchase shares net of sales commissions and the marketing contribution and due diligence expense allowance fee or for \$8.95 per share; however, any subsequent purchases of shares by any such persons are limited to a maximum discount of 5%.

# ITEM 33. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES.

As of October 7, 2004, we have sold the following securities for the following aggregate offering prices: In March 2003, Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., the advisor, purchased from us 20,000 shares for \$10 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$200,000 in connection with our organization. No sales commissions or other consideration was paid in connection with such sales The sales were consummated without registration under the Act in reliance upon Rule 506 of Regulation D and the exemption from registration in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act as transactions not involving any public offering.

Options to purchase an aggregate of 15,000 shares at an exercise price of \$8.95 per share have been granted to the Independent Directors pursuant to the Independent Director Stock Option Plan (options to purchase 3,000 shares as to each of the five independent directors plus options for 500 shares each on the date of the first annual meeting). None of such options have been exercised. Therefore, no shares have been issued in connection with such options.

#### ITEM 34. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.

Article XV of our articles of incorporation provides as follows:

#### SECTION 3. INDEMNIFICATION

- (a) Subject to paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of this Section 3, we shall, to the fullest extent permitted by Maryland statutory or decisional law, as amended or interpreted and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in accordance with Section 2-418 of the Maryland General Corporation Law, indemnify and pay, advance, or reimburse reasonable expenses to any Director, officer, employee and agent of the Company and the Advisor and its Affiliates (each an "Indemnified Party").
- (b) As long as we qualify as a REIT, it shall not indemnify nor pay, advance or reimburse expenses to an Indemnified Party unless: (i) Directors have determined, in good faith, that the course of conduct which caused the loss or liability was in our best interests; (ii) the Indemnified Party was acting

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on behalf of or performing services on the part of the Company; (iii) such liability or loss was not the result of negligence or misconduct on the part of the Indemnified Party except that in the event the Indemnified Party is or was an Independent Director, such liability or loss shall not have been the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct; and (iv) such indemnification or agreement to be held harmless is recoverable only out of our Net Assets and not from the Stockholders.

- As long as we qualify as a REIT and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 3(b) of this Article XV, the Company shall not indemnify a Director, officer, employee or agent of ours or the Advisor or its Affiliates for losses, liabilities or expenses arising from or out of an alleged violation of federal or state securities laws by such party unless one or more of the following conditions are met: (i) there has been a successful adjudication on the merits of each count involving alleged securities law violations as to the particular Indemnified Party; (ii) such claims have been dismissed with prejudice on the merits by a court of competent jurisdiction as to the particular Indemnified Party; or (iii) a court of competent jurisdiction approves a settlement of the claims and finds that indemnification of the settlement and related costs should be made and the court considering the request has been advised of the position of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") and the published opinions of any state securities regulatory authority in which securities of ours were offered or sold as to indemnification for violations of securities laws.
- (d) We may advance amounts to an Indemnified Party for legal and other expenses and costs incurred as a result of any legal action for which indemnification is being sought only in accordance with Section 2-418 of the Maryland General Corporation Law, and, as long as we qualify as a REIT, only if all of the following conditions are satisfied: (i) the legal action relates to acts or omissions with respect to the performance of duties or services by the Indemnified Party for or on our behalf; (ii) the legal action is initiated by a third party who is not a Stockholder or the legal action is initiated by a Stockholder acting in his or her capacity as such and a court of competent jurisdiction specifically approves such advancement; and (iii) the Indemnified Party receiving such advances undertakes in writing to repay the advanced funds to us, together with the applicable legal rate of interest thereon, in cases in which such party is found not to be entitled to indemnification.
- (e) We shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance or provide similar protection on behalf of an Indemnified Party against any liability asserted which was incurred in any such capacity with us or arising

out of such status; provided, however, that we shall not incur the costs of any liability insurance which insures any person against liability for which he, she or it could not be indemnified under these Articles. Nothing contained herein shall constitute a waiver by any Indemnified Party of any right which he, she or it may have against any party under federal or state securities laws. We shall also have power to enter into any contract for indemnity and advancement of expenses with an officer, employee or agent who is not a Director to such further extent consistent with law.

Our article of incorporation authorize and direct us to indemnify, and pay or reimburse reasonable expenses to, any director, officer, employee or agent we employ to the fullest extent provided by Maryland law. The Maryland General Corporation Law provides that a Maryland corporation may indemnify a director, officer, employee or agent made a party to any proceeding by reason of service in that capacity unless it has been established that (1) the act or omission was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (a) was committed in bad faith or (b) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty; or (2) the individual actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property, or services; or (3) in the case of a criminal proceeding, the individual had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful.

The Bylaws provide that neither the amendment, nor the repeal, nor the adoption of any other provision of the articles of incorporation or the bylaws will apply to or affect, in any respect, the

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Indemnitee's right to indemnification for actions or failures to act which occurred prior to such amendment, repeal or adoption.

To the extent that the indemnification may apply to liabilities arising under the Act, we have been advised that, in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission, such indemnification is contrary to public policy and, therefore, unenforceable.

We entered into separate indemnification agreements with each of our directors and some of our executive officers. The indemnification agreements require, among other things, that we indemnify the directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by law, and advance to the directors and officers all related expenses, subject to reimbursement if it is subsequently determined that indemnification is not permitted. We must also indemnify and advance all expenses incurred by directors and officers seeking to enforce their rights under the indemnification agreements and cover directors and officers under our Directors' and officers' liability insurance, if any. Although the form of indemnification agreement offers substantially the same scope of coverage afforded by provisions in the articles of incorporation and the Bylaws, as a contract, it cannot be unilaterally modified by the board or by the stockholders to eliminate the rights it provides.

ITEM 35. TREATMENT OF PROCEEDS FROM STOCK BEING REGISTERED.

Inapplicable.

ITEM 36. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS.

(a) Financial Statements.

The following financial statements are included as part of the registration statement in the prospectus:

1. INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (c) Consolidated Statement of Operations for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (d) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 (audited)
- (e) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to December 31, 2003 (audited)
  - (f) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (audited)
- (g) Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2004 (unaudited) and December  $31,\ 2003$
- (h) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, three months ended June 30, 2003, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) through June 30, 2003 (unaudited)
- (i) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the six month period ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (j) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2004, and the period from March 5, 2003 (inception) to June 30, 2003 (unaudited)
  - (k) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
  - (1) Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited) at June 30, 2004
- (m) Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited) at June 30, 2004

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- (n) Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited) for the six months ended June 30, 2004
- (o) Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited) for the six months ended June 30, 2004
- (p) Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (q) Notes to Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for December 31, 2003

# 2. SHOPS AT PARK PLACE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 and the nine months ended September 30, 2003 (unaudited)

# 3. DARIEN TOWNE CENTER:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002
- (d) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- (e) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- 4. PROPERTIES ACQUIRED FROM THOMAS ENTERPRISES IN 2003:
  - (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

- (b) Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

#### 5. STONY CREEK MARKETPLACE:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

## 6. HICKORY RIDGE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
  - (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating

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Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

## 7. CORWEST PLAZA:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 29, 2003 through December 31, 2003

## 8. METRO SQUARE CENTER (SUPERVALUE):

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

## 9. LARKSPUR LANDING:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

## 10. NORTH RANCH PAVILION:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

## 11. LA PLAZA DEL NORTE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
  - (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating

Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

#### 12. MACARTHUR CROSSING:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

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## 13. PROMENADE AT RED CLIFF:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 (unaudited)

## 14. PEORIA CROSSINGS:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

## 15. DORMAN CENTRE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

# 16. HERITAGE TOWNE CROSSING:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003

# 17. PARADISE VALLEY MARKETPLACE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

# 18. BEST ON THE BOULEVARD:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
  - (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating

Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

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#### 19. BLUEBONNET PARC:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

## 20. NORTH RIVERS TOWN CENTER:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period of October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period of October 1, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

## 21. ARVADA MARKETPLACE AND CONNECTION:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 22. EASTWOOD TOWNE CENTER:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

## 23. WAUTAGA PAVILION:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period of August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for period of August 15, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 24. NORTHPOINTE PLAZA:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the  $\,$

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year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

(c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

## 25. PLAZA SANTA FE II:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

## 26. PINE RIDGE PLAZA:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 27. HUEBNER OAKS CENTER:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the three months ended March 31, 2004 (unaudited)

## 28. JOHN'S CREEK VILLAGE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from September 21, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 29. LAKEWOOD TOWN CENTER

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 30. FULLERTON METROCENTER:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 31. DAVIS TOWNE CROSSING:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from July 18, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 32. NORTHGATE NORTH:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 33. CRANBERRY SQUARE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 34. GATEWAY PLAZA SHOPPING CENTER:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 35. SAFEWAY PLAZA AT MARYSVILLE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{L}}$

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year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30,

2004 (unaudited)

#### 36. FORKS TOWN CENTER:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- 37. CAPITAL CENTRE, LLC, GATEWAY VILLAGE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, BEL AIR SQUARE JOINT VENTURE, TOWSON CIRCLE JOINT VENTURE LLP AND REISTERSTOWN PLAZA HOLDINGS, LLC:
  - (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 38. THE SHOPS AT BOARDWALK:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 39. MANCHESTER MEADOWS:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 40. GOVERNOR'S MARKETPLACE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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(c) Notes to the Combined Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

### 41. MITCHELL RANCH PLAZA:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for

the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from June 30, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 42. THE COLUMNS:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from October 8, 2003 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

# 43. SAUCON VALLEY SQUARE:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 44. LINCOLN PARK:

- (a) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- (b) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (c) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six months ended June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 45. SHOPPES AT PROMINENCE POINT:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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## 46. LOW COUNTRY VILLAGE:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from February 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from February 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

# 47. SHOPPES OF DALLAS:

(a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

(b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

#### 48. DORMAN CENTRE - PHASE II:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 49. VILLAGE SHOPPES AT SIMONTON:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from May 1, 2004 (commencement of operations) to June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

### 50. HARVEST TOWN CENTER:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) through June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 15, 2004 (commencement of operations) through June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

## 51. BED, BATH & BEYOND PLAZA:

- (a) Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 3, 2004 (commencement of operations) through June 30, 2004 (unaudited)
- (b) Notes to the Historical Summary of Gross Income and Direct Operating Expenses for the period from March 3, 2004 (commencement of operations) through June 30, 2004 (unaudited)

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# (b) Exhibits

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
1.1	Form of Dealer Manager Agreement by and between Inland
	Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and Inland Securities
	Corporation.
1.2	Form of Soliciting Dealers Agreement by and between Inland
	Securities Corporation and the Soliciting Dealers.
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of
	Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.
3.2*	Bylaws of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.
4.1*	Specimen Certificate for the Shares.
5	Opinion of Duane Morris LLP as to the legality of the Shares
	being registered.
8	Opinion of Duane Morris LLP as to tax matters.

10.1**	Form of Escrow Agreement by and among Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., Inland Securities Corporation and
10.2**	LaSalle Bank National Association.  Form of Advisory Agreement by and between Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and Inland Western Retail
10.3**	Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc. Form of Master Management Agreement, including the form of Management Agreement for each Property by and between Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and Inland Western
10.4**	Property Management Corp.  Property Acquisition Service Agreement by and among Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc., Inland Western Retail Real Estate Advisory Services, Inc., Inland Real Estate Corporation, Inland Real Estate Advisory Services,
10 54	Inc., and Inland Real Estate Acquisitions, Inc.
10.5* 10.6*	Independent Director Stock Option Plan.
10.6^	Indemnification Agreement by and between Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and its directors and executive officers.
10.7**	Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Peoria Station) dated January 31, 2003.
10.8***	Assignment of Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Peoria Station) dated June 3, 2003.
10.9****	Share Repurchase Plan.
10.10****	Agreement for Purchase and Sale (Re: Stony Creek) dated November 11, 2003.
10.11****	Real Property Purchase Agreement (Re: Plaza 205 and Mall 205) dated December 3, 2003.
10.12****	Amended Real Estate Purchase Contract (Re: Edmond Oklahoma Eckerd Drug Store) dated November 11, 2003.
10.13****	Amended Real Estate Purchase Contract (Re: Norman Oklahoma Eckerd Drug Store) dated November 11, 2003.
10.14*****	Sale-Purchase Agreement Contract (Re: Shops at Park Place) dated September 5, 2003.
10.15*****	Assignment of Contract (Re: Shops at Park Place) dated September 23, 2003.
10.16*****	Assignment of Membership Interests (Re: Shops at Park Place) dated October 31, 2003.
10.17*****	Promissory Note (Re: Shops at Park Place) dated October 31, 2003.
10.18*****	Loan Agreement (Re: Shops at Park Place) dated October 31, 2003.
10.19*****	Post Closing Agreement (Re: Shops at Park Place) dated October 31, 2003.
10.20*****	Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Darien Towne Center) dated November 12, 2003.
10.21*****	Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Shaws Supermarkets- New Britain) dated November 20, 2003.

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.22****	Agreement Relating to PetsMart Claims (Re: Darien Towne
	Center) dated December 18, 2003.
10.23****	Agreement Relating to Irv's Lease (Re: Darien Towne Center)
	dated December 18, 2003.

10.24****	Amended Purchase Agreement (Re: Newnan Crossing) dated December 18, 2003.
10.25*****	Mortgage Note \$10M (Re: Darien Towne Center) dated December 19, 2003.
10.26****	Mortgage Note \$6.5M (Re: Darien Towne Center) dated December 19, 2003.
10.27*****	Mortgage, Assignment of Leases, Rents and Contracts,
10.27	Security Agreement and Fixture Filing (Re: Darien Towne
	Center) dated December 19, 2003.
10.28****	
10.28^^^^	Related Agreement (Re: Darien Towne Center) dated December
10 2044444	19, 2003.
10.29*****	Assignment (Re: Darien Towne Center) dated December 19, 2003.
10.30*****	Partial Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sale
	Agreement (Re: Shaws Supermarket - New Britain) dated
	December 30, 2003.
10.31*****	Amended Purchase Agreement (Re: Pavilion at Kings Grant)
	dated December 31, 2003.
10.32*****	Post Closing and Indemnity Agreement (Re: Pavilion at Kings
	Grant) dated December 31, 2003.
10.33*****	Mortgage Note (Re: CorWest Plaza) dated January 1, 2004.
10.34****	Mortgage, Assignment of Leases and Rents and Security
10.01	Agreement (Re: CorWest Plaza) dated January 1, 2004.
10.35****	Guaranty Agreement (Re: CorWest Plaza) dated January 1,
10.33	2004.
10.36****	
10.36^^^^	Letter Agreement (Re: Stoney Creek Marketplace) dated
	January 5, 2004.
10.37*****	Mortgage Note (Re: Stoney Creek Marketplace) dated January
	5, 2004.
10.38****	Mortgage, Assignment of Leases and Rents and Security
	Agreement (Re: Stoney Creek Marketplace) dated January 5,
	2004.
10.39*****	Amended Contract of Sale (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated
	January 16, 2004.
10.40*****	Promissory Note (Re: Hickory Ridge) dated January 23, 2004.
10.41*****	Post Closing Agreement (Re: Hickory Ridge) dated January
10.11	2004.
10.42*****	Loan Agreement (Re: Hickory Ridge) dated January 23, 2004.
10.43*****	Amended and Restated Promissory Noted (Re: Shops at Park
10.43	
	Place and Shaws Supermarket - New Britain) dated January
1.0. A A de de de de de de de	2004.
10.44*****	Promissory Note (Re: Shops at Park Place and Shaws
	Supermarket - New Britain) dated January 2004.
10.45*****	Open-End Mortgage and Security Agreement (Re: Shops at Park
	Place and Shaws Supermarket - New Britain) dated January
	2004.
10.46*****	Loan Agreement (Re: Shops at Park Place and Shaws
	Supermarket - New Britain) dated January 2004.
10.47*****	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization
	(Re: Shops at Park Place) dated January 2004.
10.48*****	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization
	(Re: Shaws Supermarket - New Britain) dated January 2004.
10.49*****	Notice of Final Agreement (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated
10.13	February 2004.
10.50*****	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del
± U • U U	
	-
10 514444	Norte) dated February 2004.
10.51*****	Norte) dated February 2004. Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents
10.51*****	Norte) dated February 2004. Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February
	Norte) dated February 2004.  Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.
10.51*****	Norte) dated February 2004.  Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.  Guaranty Loan No, 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated
10.52****	Norte) dated February 2004.  Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.  Guaranty Loan No, 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.
	Norte) dated February 2004.  Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.  Guaranty Loan No, 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.  Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: CorWest Plaza)
10.52****	Norte) dated February 2004.  Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.  Guaranty Loan No, 753821 (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated February 2004.

10.54\*\*\*\*\* Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: CorWest

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	Plaza) dated January 5, 2004.
10.55*****	Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Metro Square
10.00	Center) dated January 16, 2004.
10.56*****	Assignment and Assumption of Letter Agreement (Re: Metro
10 57+++++	Square Center) dated January 20, 2004.
10.57*****	Reinstatement of and Amendment to Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: North Ranch Pavilions) dated January 14, 2004.
10.58*****	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: North Ranch Pavilions) dated January 15, 2004.
10.59*****	Letter Agreement (Re: MacArthur Crossing) dated November 20, 2003.
10.60*****	Assignment of Contract (Re: MacArthur Crossing) dated
	February 2004.
10.61*****	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 753820 (Re: Larkspur
	Landing) dated January 30, 2004.
10.62*****	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents
10 00444444	(Re: Larkspur Landing) dated January 30, 2004.
10.63*****	Guaranty Loan No. 753820 (Re: Larkspur Landing) dated January 30, 2004.
10.64*****	Amended Option to Purchase Partnership Interests
10.01	(Re: Hickory Ridge) dated December 23, 2003.
10.65*****	Assignment (Re: La Plaza Del Norte) dated January 21, 2004.
10.66*****	Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Larkspur Landing) dated
10.67*****	December 12, 2003.
10.68*****	Assignment (Re: Larkspur Landing) dated January 14, 2004. Amended Letter Agreement Offer to Purchase (Re: The
10.00	Promenade at Red Cliff) dated February 13, 2004.
10.69******	Agreement of Sale (Re: Peoria Crossng) dated January, 2004
10.70******	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Heritage Towne Crossing) dated January 8, 2004.
10.71******	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 753865 (Re: Pavilion at
	King's Grant) dated April 6, 2004.
10.72******	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753865 (Re: Pavilion at King's Grant) dated April 6, 2004.
10.73******	Guaranty Loan No. 753865 (Re: Pavilion at King's Grant) dated April 6, 2004.
10.74******	Guaranty - II Loan No. 753865 (Re: Pavilion at King's
	Grant) dated April 6, 2004.
10.75******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Hickory Ridge ) dated January 9, 2004.
10.76******	Promissory Note Loan No. 6518303 (Re: Metro Square Center)
10.77******	dated March 26, 2004.  Deed of Trust, Assignment of Leases and Rents, Security
± <b>V</b> • 1 1	Agreement and Fixture Filing Loan No. 6518303 (Re: Metro
	Square Center) dated March 26, 2004.
10.78******	Non-Recourse Guaranty Agreement Loan No. 6518303 (Re: Metro
10.79******	Square Center) dated March 26, 2004. Payment Guaranty Agreement Loan No. 6518303 (Re: Metro

	Square Center) dated March 26, 2004.
10.80******	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 753864 (Re: MacArthur Crossing) dated March 26, 2004.
10.81******	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753864 (Re: MacArthur Crossing) dated March 26, 2004.
10.82******	Guaranty Loan No. 753864 (Re: MacArthur Crossing) dated March 26, 2004.
10.83******	Promissory Note Loan No. 57968 (Re: Promenade at Red Cliff) dated April 8, 2004.
10.84******	Exceptions to Non-Recourse Guaranty Agreement Loan No. 57968 (Re:

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	Promenade at Red Cliff) dated April 8, 2004.
10.85*****	Loan Agreement No. 57968 (Re: Promenade
	at Red Cliff) dated April 8, 2004.
10.86******	Post Closing and Indemnity Agreement (Re: Heritage Towne
	Crossing) dated March 5, 2004.
10.87******	Vacancy Escrow Agreement (Re: Heritage Towne Crossing) dated
	March 5, 2004.
10.88******	General Assignment (Re: Heritage Towne Crossing) dated March
	5, 2004.
10.89******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Heritage Towne Crossing) dated
	March 5, 2004.
10.90******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Dorman Center) dated December
	29, 2003.
10.91******	Amended Purchase Agreement (Re: Dorman Center) dated
10 00+++++++	December 10, 2003.
10.92******	Dorman Center Pier 1 Escrow (Re: Dorman Center) dated March 4, 2004.
10.93******	Dorman Center Escrow (Re: Dorman Center) dated March 4,
10.93	2004.
10.94*****	Mortgage Note Loan No. 6518291 (Re: Dorman Center) dated
	April 9, 2004.
10.95******	Mortgage, Assignment of Leases and Rents and Security
	Agreement (Re: Dorman Center) dated April 9, 2004.
10.96******	Transitional Security (Phase II) Reserve Agreement (Re:
	Dorman Center) dated April 9, 2004,
10.97******	Guaranty Agreement Loan No. 6518291 (Re: Dorman Center)
	dated April 9, 2004.
10.98******	Promissory Note: (Re: Heritage Towne Crossing) dated April
1.0. O O de de de de de de de de de	26, 2004.
10.99******	Promissory Note: (Re: Eckerds - Edmond, OK.) dated April 26,
10.100******	2004.
10.100^^^^	Promissory Note: (Re: Eckerds - Norman, OK.) dated April 26, 2004.
10.101******	Loan Agreement (Re: Heritage Towne Crossing, Eckerds -
10.101	Edmond, OK. And Eckerds - Norman, OK.) dated April 26, 2004.
10.102******	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Heritage Towne Crossing, Eckerds
	- Edmond, OK. And Eckerds - Norman, OK.) dated April 26,
	2004.
10.103******	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization (Re:
	Heritage Towne Crossing) dated April 26, 2004.

10.104******	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization (Re: Eckerds - Edmond, OK.) dated April 26, 2004.
10.105******	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization (Re: Eckerds - Norman, OK.) dated April 26, 2004.
10.106******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Promenade at Red Cliff) dated February 13, 2004.
10.107******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Peoria Crossings) dated March 3, 2004.
10.108******	Post Closing Agreement (Re: Peoria Crossings) dated March 3, 2004.
10.109******	Master Lease Escrow Agreement (Re: Peoria Crossings) dated February 4, 2004.
10.110******	Tax Proration Agreement (Re: Peoria Crossings) dated March 3, 2004.
10.111******	Promissory Note Loan No. 10023006 (Re: Peoria Crossings) dated March 5, 2004.
10.112******	Loan Agreement -Loan No. 10023006 (Re: Peoria Crossings) dated March 5, 2004.
10.113******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Paradise Valley Marketplace) dated April 8, 2004.
10.114******	Revised Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Paradise Valley Marketplace) dated January 21, 2004.
10.115******	Escrow Agreement (Re: Paradise Valley Marketplace) dated April 8, 2004.
10.116******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Best on the Boulevard) dated April 4, 2004.
10.117******	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Best on the Boulevard) dated April 14, 2004.
10.118******	Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Best on the Boulevard) dated March 29, 2004.
10.119******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sales Agreement (Re: Bluebonnet

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	Parc) dated April 21, 2004.
10.120******	Escrow Agreement (Re: Bluebonnet Parc) dated April 22, 2004.
10.121*****	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Bluebonnet Parc) dated February 4, 2004.
10.122******	Loan Agreement (Re: Bluebonnet Parc) dated May 7, 2004.
10.123******	Assignment and Assumption of Agreement for Purchase and Sale (Re: Alison's Corner) dated April 20, 2004.
10.124*****	Post Closing Agreement (Re: Alison's Corner) dated April 28, 2004.
10.125******	Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Alison's Corner) dated April 23, 2004.
10.126******	Promissory Note (Re: Alison's Corner) dated May 10, 2004.
10.127*******	Loan Agreement (Re: Alison's Corner) dated May 10, 2004.
10.128******	Letter Agreement Regarding Escrow (Re: Alison's Corner) dated May 10, 2004.
10.129******	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Alison's Corner) dated May 10, 2004.
10.130******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sales Agreement (Re: North Rivers Town Center) dated April 27, 2004.
10.131******	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: North Rivers Town Center) dated

	April 2004.
10.132******	Amended Agreement for Purchase and Sale (Re: North Rivers Town Center) dated April 26, 2004.
10.133******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sales Agreement (Re: Eastwood Towne Center) dated May 12, 2004.
10.134******	Revised Letter Agreement (Re: Eastwood Towne Center) dated March 29, 2004.
10.135******	Master Fund Escrow Agreement (Eastwood Towne Center) dated May 13, 2004.
10.136******	Holdback Agreement (Re: Eastwood Towne Center) dated May 13, 2004.
10.137******	Bill of Sale, Assignment and Assumption of Contracts (Re: Eastwood Towne Center) dated May 13, 2004.
10.138******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sales Agreement (Re: Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace) dated April 28, 2004.
10.139******	Bill of Sale, Assignment and Assumption of Contracts (Re: Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace) dated April 29, 2004.
10.140******	Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace) dated March 31, 2004.
10.141******	Escrow Agreement (Re: Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace) dated April 29, 2004.
10.142******	Redevelopment Agreement (Re: Arvada Connection and Arvada Marketplace) dated April 28, 2004.
10.143******	Easements With Covenants and Restrictions Affecting Land (Re: Arvada Marketplace) dated April 29, 2004.
10.144******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Watauga Pavilion) dated May 20, 2004.
10.145******	Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Watauga Pavilion) dated May 11, 2004.
10.146******	Post-Closing Escrow and Master Lease Agreement (Re: Watauga Pavilion) dated May 21, 2004.
10.147******	CAM Reconciliation Escrow Agreement (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated May 2004.
10.148******	Reinstatement of and First Amendment to Agreement of Purchase and Sale (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated April 2004.
10.149******	Vacancy Escrow Agreement (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated May 2004.
10.150******	Promissory Note - Loan No. 58108 (Re: Paradise Valley Marketplace) dated June 3, 2004.
10.151******	Loan Agreement - Loan No. 58108 (Re: Paradise Valley Marketplace) dated June

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	3, 2004.
10.152******	Promissory Note (Re: North Rivers Town Center) dated June
	3, 2004.
10.153******	Mortgage and Security Agreement (Re: North Rivers Town
	Center) dated June 3, 2004.
10.154******	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: North Rivers Town Center) dated
	June 3, 2004.
10.155******	Real Estate Purchase and Leaseback Agreement (Re: Eckerds -
	Kill Devil Hills, NC) dated March 18, 2004.

10.156******	Real Estate Purchase and Leaseback Agreement (Re: Eckerds - Greer, SC) dated April 1, 2004.
10.157******	Real Estate Purchase and Leaseback Agreement (Re: Eckerds - Columbia, SC) dated March 18, 2004.
10.158******	Real Estate Purchase and Leaseback Agreement (Re: Eckerds - Crossville, TN) dated March 18, 2004.
10.159******	Deed of Trust, Assignment of Leases and Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing Loan No. 58108 (Re: Peoria Crossing) dated June 3, 2004.
10.160*****	
	Loan Agreement (Re: North Rivers Town) dated June 3, 2004.
10.161*****	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 753946 (Re: Arvada Marketplace) dated June 17, 2004.
10.162*****	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753946 (Re: Arvada Marketplace) dated June 17, 2004.
10.163*****	Guaranty Loan No. 753946 (Re: Arvada Marketplace) dated June 17, 2004.
10.164*****	Mortgage Note Loan No. 6518370 (Re: Eastwood Town Center) dated June 15, 2004.
10.165******	Mortgage - Loan No. 6518370 (Re: Eastwood Town Center) dated June 15, 2004.
10.166*****	Guaranty Agreement Loan No. 6518370 (Re: Eastwood Town Center) dated June 15, 2004.
10.167******	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 753943 (Re: Watauga Pavilion) dated June 7, 2004.
10.168*****	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan No. 753943 (Re: Watauga Pavilion) dated June 7, 2004.
10.169******	Notice of Final Agreement Loan No. 753943 (Re: Watauga Pavilion) dated June 7, 2004.
10.170******	Guaranty Loan No. 753943 (Re: Watauga Pavilion) dated June 7, 2004.
10.171******	General Assignment (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated May 25, 2004.
10.172******	Post Closing and Indemnity Agreement (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated May, 2004.
10.173******	Promissory Note (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated June 4, 2004.
10.174******	Loan Agreement (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated June 4, 2004.
10.175******	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing (Re: Northpointe Plaza) dated June 4, 2004.
10.176******	Revised Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Plaza Santa Fe) dated December 4, 2004.
10.177******	Promissory Note Secured By Leasehold Deed of Trust (Re: Plaza Santa Fe) dated November 22, 2002.
10.178******	Leasehold Deed of Trust and Absolute Assignment of Rents and Leases and Security Agreement and Fixture Filing Loan No. 31-0900141A (Re: Plaza Santa Fe) dated November, 2002.
10.179******	Assignment of Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Pine Ridge Plaza) dated June 4, 2004.
10.180******	Assignment and Assumption Agreement Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Pine Ridge Plaza) dated May 26, 2004.

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.181*****	Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Pine Ridge Plaza) dated March 30, 2004.

10.182*****	Assignment of Contract (Re: Huebner Oaks Center) dated June 8, 2004.
10.183******	Agreement of Purchase and Sale (Re: Huebner Oaks Center).
10.184*****	Secured Promissory Note 1 Loan No. 753971 (Re: Huebner Oaks Center) dated June 22, 2004.
10.185******	Secured Promissory Note 2 Loan No. 753972 (Re: Huebner Oaks Center) dated June 22, 2004.
10.186*****	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents Loan Nos. 753971 and 753972 (Re: Huebner Oaks Center) dated June 22, 2004.
10.187******	Guaranty Loan Nos. 753971 and 753972 (Re: Huebner Oaks Center) dated June 22, 2004.
10.188*****	Notice of Final Agreement Loan Nos. 753971 and 753972 (Huebner Oaks Center) dated June 22, 2004.
10.189*****	Amended Letter Purchase Agreement (Re: John's Creek Village) dated June 18, 2004.
10.190******	Earn-out Agreement (Re: John's Creek Village) dated June 23, 2004.
10.191******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated June, 2004.
10.192*****	Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property and Escrow Instructions (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated May 6, 2004.
10.193*****	Escrow and Leasing Agreement (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated June, 2004.
10.194*****	Commitment Letter Loan Nos. 122498 and 122499 (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated June 28, 2004.
10.195******	Deed of Trust Note A Loan No. 122498 (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated June 28, 2004.
10.196******	Deed of Trust Note B Loan No. 122499 (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated June 28, 2004.
10.197******	Deed of Trust, Assignment of Leases, Rents and Contracts, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated June 28, 2004.
10.198******	First Amendment to Escrow and Leasing Agreement Loan Nos. 122498 and 122499 (Re: Lakewood Towne Center) dated June 28, 2004.
10.199******	Master Lease Escrow Agreement (Re: Paradise Shoppes at Prominence Point) dated June 30, 2004.
10.200*****	Assignment of Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Northgate North) dated June 24, 2004.
10.201******	Amended Agreement to Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Northgate North) dated June 23, 2004.
10.202*****	Escrow Agreement Regarding July Rents (Re: Northgate North) dated June 30, 2004.
10.203*****	Escrow Agreement Regarding Bassett TI Work/Leasing Commission (Re: Northgate North) dated June, 2004.
10.204******	Access Agreement (Re: Northgate North) dated June 30, 2004.
10.205*****	Post Closing and Indemnity Agreement (Re: Davis Towne Crossing) dated June 30, 2004.
10.206*****	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Davis Towne Crossing) dated April 21, 2004.
10.207	** NOT USED
10.208*****	Assignment of Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Fullerton Metrocenter) dated June 24, 2004.
10.209******	Post Closing and Indemnity Agreement (Re: Fullerton Metrocenter) dated June, 2004.

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.210******	Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement and Joint Escrow Instructions (Re: Fullerton Metrocenter) dated June 30, 2004.
10.211******	Assignment and Assumption of Agreement for Purchase and Sale (Re: Low Country Village) datd June 30, 2004.
10.212*****	Post Closing Agreement (Re: Low Country Village) dated June 30, 2004.
10.213******	Agreement of Purchase and Sale (Re: Low Country Village) dated May 20, 2004.
10.214******	Installment Note (Re: Pacheco Pass) dated June 30, 2004.
10.215******	Loan Proceeds Holdback Agreement (Re: Pacheco Pass) dated June 30, 2004.
10.216*****	Interest Reserve Holdback Agreement (Re: Pacheco Pass) dated June 30, 2004.
10.217******	Loan Guaranty Agreement (Secured Note) (Re: Pacheco Pass) dated June 30, 2004.
10.218*****	Escrow Agreement (Re: Shoppes at Boardwalk) dated July 1, 2004.
10.219******	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 753948 (Re: Shoppes at Boardwalk) dated July 2, 2004.
10.220*****	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents (Re: Shoppes at Boardwalk) dated July 2, 2004.
10.221******	Guaranty Loan No. 75348 (Re: Shoppes at Boardwalk) dated July 2, 2004.
10.222*****	Property Reserves Agreement Loan No. 753948 (Re: Shoppes at Boardwalk) dated July 2, 2004.
10.223*****	Master Lease Escrow Agreement (Re: Paradise Shoppes at Dallas) dated July 1, 2004.
10.224++	Assignment of Purchase Agreement (Re: Plaza Santa Fe II) dated May 25, 2004
10.225++	Assignment of Contract (Re: Eckerds - Greer) dated May 2004
10.226++	Assignment of Contract (Re: Eckerds - Kill Devil Hills) dated May 2004
10.227++	Assignment of Contract (Re: Eckerds - Crossville) dated May 2004
10.228++	Assignment of Contract (Re: Eckerds - Colimbia) dated May 2004
10.229++	Promissory Note (Re: Eckerds - Crossville) dated July 21, 2004
10.230++	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Eckerds - Crossville) dated July 21, 2004
10.231++	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization (Re: Eckerds- Crossville) dated July 21, 2004
10.232++	Promissory Note (Re: Eckerds - Columbia) dated July 21, 2004
10.233++	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization (Re: Eckerds- Columbia) dated July 21, 2004
10.234++	Promissory Note (Re: Eckerds - Kill Devil Hills) dated July 21, 2004
10.235++	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Eckerds - Kill Devil Hills) dated July 21, 2004
10.236++	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization (Re: Eckerds - Kill Devil Hills) dated July 21, 2004
10.237++	Promissory Note (Re: Eckerds - Greer) dated July 21, 2004
10.238++	Guaranty Agreement Regarding Cross-Collateralization (Re: Eckerds - Greer) dated July 21, 2004
10.239++	Loan Agreement (Re: Eckerds - Crossville, Columbia, Greer and Kill Devil Hills) dated July 21, 2003
10.240++	Promissory Note (Re: Pine Ridge Plaza) dated July 27, 2004

10.241++	Loan Agreement (Re: Pine Ridge Plaza) dated July 27, 2004
10.242++	Earn-Out Agreement (Re: Johns Creek Village) dated June 23,
	2004
10.243++	Transitional Security (Phase II) Reserve Agreement (Re:
	Johns Creek Village) dated June 28, 2004
10.244++	Mortgage Note (Re: Johns Creek Village) dated June 28, 2004
10.245++	Deed to Secure Debt, Assignment of Leases and Rents and
	Security Agreement (Re: Johns Creek Village) dated June 28,
	2004

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.246++	Guaranty Agreement (Re: Johns Creek Village) dated June 28, 2004
10.247++	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Fullerton Metrocenter) dated July 9, 2004
10.248++	Promissory Note (Re: Fullerton Metrocenter) dated July 9, 2004
10.249++	Loan Agreement (Re: Fullerton Metrocenter) dated July 9, 2004
10.250++	Deed of Trust Note (Re: Northgate North) dated July 2004
10.251++	Letter Agreement (Re: Northgate North) dated July 14, 2004
10.252++	Closing Certificate (Re: Northgate North) dated July 2004
10.253++	Limited Payment Guaranty (Re: Northgate North) dated July 2004
10.254++	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Cranberry Square) dated July 2004
10.255++	Loan Agreement (Re: Cranberry Square) dated July 2004
10.256++	Letter Agreement (Re: Tollgate Marketplace) dated July 21, 2004
10.257++	Closing Certificate (Re: Tollgate Marketplace) dated July 21, 2004
10.258++	Mortgage Note (Re: Tollgate Marketplace) dated July 21, 2004
10.259++	Post Closing Delivery Covenant (Re: Tollgate Marketplace) dated July 21, 2004
10.260++	<pre>Indemnity Guaranty (Re: Tollgate Marketplace) dated July 21, 2004</pre>
10.261++	Real Estate Purchase Contract (Re: Wal-Mart Supercenter - Blytheville) dated May 28, 2004
10.262++	Letter Agreement (Re: Gateway Village) dated July 21, 2004
10.263++	Closing Certificate (Re: Gateway Village) dated July 21, 2004
10.264++	Mortgage Note A (Re: Gateway Village) dated July 21, 2004
10.265++	Mortgage Note B (Re: Gateway Village) dated July 21, 2004
10.266++	Indemnity Guaranty (Re: Gateway Village) dated July 21, 2004
10.267++	Post Closing Delivery Covenant (Re: Gateway Village, Towson
	Circle, and Tollgate Marketplace) dated July 21, 2004
10.268++	Letter Agreement (Re: Towson Circle) dated July 21, 2004
10.269++	Closing Certificate (Re: Towson Circle) dated July 21, 2004
10.270++	Mortgage Note A (Re: Towson Circle) dated July 21, 2004
10.271++	Mortgage Note B (Re: Towson Circle) dated July 21, 2004
10.272++	Indemnity Guaranty (Re: Towson Circle) dated July 21, 2004
10.273++	Letter Agreement (Re: Gateway Plaza Shopping Center) dated May 20, 2004
10.274++	Promissory Note (Re: Wrangler Company Western Headquarters

	and Distribution Facility) dated July 26, 2004
10.275++	Loan Agreement (Re: Wrangler Company Western Headquarters and Distribution Facility) Dated July 26, 2004
10.276++	Promissory Note (Re: Plaza at Marysville) dated July 30, 2004
10.277++	Loan Agreement (Re: Plaza at Marysville) dated July 30, 2004
10.278++	Forks Town Center China Moon Escrow (Re: Forks Town Center) dated July 27, 2004
10.279++	Earn Out Agreement (Re: Forks Town Center) dated July 27, 2004
10.280++	Promissory Note (Re: Academy Sports and Outdoors - Houma) dated August 4, 2004
10.281++	Loan Agreement (Re: Academy Sports and Outdoors - Houma) dated August 4, 2004
10.282++	Promissory Note (Re: Resisterstown Plaza) dated August 4, 2004
10.283++	Letter Agreement (Re: Reisterstown Plaza) dated July 30, 2004
10.284++	Loan Agreement (Re: Reisterstown Plaza) dated August 4, 2004
10.285++	Guaranty Agreement (Re: Reisterstown Plaza) dated August 4, 2004
10.286++	Limited Guaranty Agreement (Re: Reisterstown Plaza) dated August 4, 2004
10.287++	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Reisterstown Plaza) dated August 4, 2004
10.288++	Letter Agreement (Re: Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro) dated June 4, 2004

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.289++	Promissory Note (Re: Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro) dated August 6, 2004
10.290++	Loan Agreement (Re: Wal-Mart Supercenter - Jonesboro) dated August 6, 2004
10.291*******	Promissory Note Loan No. 10024997 (Re: Davis Towne Crossing) dated August 9, 2004
10.292******	Loan Agreement No. 10024997 (Re: Davis Towne Crossing) dated August 9, 2004
10.293*******	Promissory Note Loan No. 10024995 (Re: Shoppes of Prominence Point) dated August 2004
10.294*******	Loan Agreement No. 10024995 (Re: Shoppes of Prominence Point) dated August 2004
10.295*******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Shops at Boardwalk) dated July 1, 2004
10.296*******	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Shops at Boardwalk) dated March 2004
10.297*******	Amended Agreement of Sale (Re: Shops at Boardwalk) dated April 15, 2004
10.298******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Cranberry Square) dated June 23, 2004
10.299*******	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Cranberry Square) dated April 27, 2004
10.300*******	Construction Agreement (Re: Dorman Center Phase II) dated July 15, 2004
10.301*******	Escrow Agreement (Re: Dorman Center Phase II) dated July 14,

	2004
10.302******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sale Agreement
	(Re: Gateway Plaza) dated July 21, 2004
10.303******	Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Gateway Plaza)
	dated July 15, 2004
10.304******	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Gateway Plaza) dated May
	20, 2004
10.305*******	Assignment of Contract (Re: Plaza at Marysville) dated July
	26, 2004
10.306******	Reinstated and Amended Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re:
	Plaza at Marysville) dated July 23, 2004
10.307*******	Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Plaza at Marysville) dated
	May 6, 2004
10.308******	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Forks Town Center) dated
	August 10, 2004
10.309******	Mortgage Note Loan No. 122483 (Re: Forks Town Center) dated
	August 10, 2004
10.310*******	Limited Payment Guarantee Agreement Loan No. 122483 (Re:
	Forks Town Center) dated August 10, 2004
10.311*******	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Village Shoppes at Simonton)
	dated August 9, 2004
10.312*******	Escrow and Guarantee Agreement (Re: Village Shoppes at
	Simonton) dated August 2004
10.313*******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sale Agreement
	(Re: Village Shoppes at Simonton) dated August 2004
10.314******	Letter Agreement to Purchase (Re: Village Shoppes at
40.045	Simonton) dated April 30, 2004
10.315******	Secured Promissory Note Loan No. 754044 (Re: Manchester
10 010444444444	Meadows) dated August 24, 2004
10.316*******	Deed of Trust, Security Agreement and Assignment of Rents
10.317*******	(Re: Manchester Meadows) dated August 24, 2004 Guaranty Agreement Loan No. 754044 (Re: Manchester Meadows)
10.317	dated August 24, 2004
10.318*******	Escrow and Guarantee Agreement (Re: Manchester Meadows)
10.310	dated August 2004
10.319*******	St. Louis Playscapes Escrow and Guarantee Agreement (Re:
10.319	Manchester Meadows) dated August 2004
10.320******	Assignment and Assumption of Purchase and Sale Agreement
	(Re: Manchester Meadows) dated August 2004
10.321*******	Purchase and Sale Agreement (Re: Manchester Meadows) dated
	July 13, 2004
10.322******	Amended and Restated Promissory Note Loan No. 10024998 (Re:
	Governor's Marketplace) dated August 17, 2004

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.323******	Post-Closing Agreement (Re: Governor's Marketplace) dated August 2004
10.324******	Loan Agreement No. 10024998 (Re: Governor's Marketplace) dated August 17, 2004
10.325******	Master Lease Escrow Agreement (Re: Mitchell Ranch Plaza) dated August 23, 2004
10.326******	Agreement of Purchase and Sale (Re: Mitchell Ranch Plaza) dated July 20, 2004
10.327*******	Master Lease Escrow Agreement (Re: The Columns) dated August

10.328***** 23.1 23.2+ 23.3+ 24.1++	24, 2004 Escrow Agreement (Re: The Columns) dated August 24, 2004 Consent of KPMG LLP Consent of Duane Morris LLP (included in Exhibit 5). Consent of Duane Morris LLP (included in Exhibit 8). Power of Attorney
	20.02 02 1.0002.101
*	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed March 13, 2003.
* *	Incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed May 8, 2003.
***	Incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed June 30, 2003.
***	Incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed August 20, 2003.
****	Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed December 15, 2003.
****	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003, originally filed February 27, 2004.
****	Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed March 15, 2004.
*****	Incorporated by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, originally filed July 29, 2004
*****	Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed June 15, 2004.
*****	Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 333-103799) originally filed September 15, 2004.
+ To be fil	ed by amendment.
++ Previous	ely filed.

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## ITEM 37. UNDERTAKINGS.

- 1. The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes:
- (a) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
  - (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the

Securities Act of 1933;

- (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement; and
- (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
- (b) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (c) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- 2. The Registrant undertakes to send to each Stockholder at least on an annual basis a detailed statement of any transactions with the Advisor or its Affiliates, and of fees, commissions, compensation and other benefits paid or accrued to the Advisor or its Affiliates for the fiscal year completed, showing the amount paid or accrued to each recipient and the services performed.
- 3. The Registrant undertakes to provide to the Stockholders the financial statements required by Form 10-K for the first full fiscal year of operations of the Company.
- 4. The Registrant hereby undertakes to send to the Stockholders, within 60 days after the close of each quarterly fiscal period, the information specified by Form 10-Q, if such report is required to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 5. The Registrant undertakes to file a sticker supplement pursuant to Rule 424(c) under the Act during the distribution period describing each Property not identified in the Prospectus at such time as there arises a reasonable probability that such Property will be acquired and to consolidate all such stickers into a post-effective amendment filed at least once every three months, with the information contained in such amendment provided simultaneously to the existing Stockholders. Each sticker supplement should also disclose all compensation and fees received by the Advisor and its Affiliates in connection with any such acquisition. The post-effective amendment shall include audited financial statements meeting the requirements Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X only for Properties acquired during the distribution period.

The Registrant also undertakes to file, after the end of the distribution period, a current report on Form 8-K containing the financial statements and additional information required by Rule 3-14 of Regulation S-X, to reflect each commitment (i.e., the signing of a binding purchase agreement) made after the end of the distribution period involving the use of 10% or more (on a cumulative basis) of the net

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proceeds of the offering and to provide the information contained in such report to the Stockholders at least once each quarter after the distribution period of the offering has ended.

6. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on this Form S-11 and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Oak Brook, State of Illinois, on the 10th day of November, 2004.

INLAND WESTERN RETAIL REAL ESTATE TRUST, INC.

By: /s/ Robert D. Parks

Name: Robert D. Parks

Name: Robert D. Parks

Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Brenda G. Gujral

Name	Capacity	Date
/s/ Robert D. Parks Robert D. Parks	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director	November 10, 2004
/s/ Steven P. Grimes	Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer	November 10, 2004
Steven P. Grimes		
/s/ Lori J. Foust	Principal Accounting Officer	November 10, 2004
Lori J. Foust		
*	Director	November 10, 2004

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*	Independent Director	November 10, 2004
Frank A. Catalano, Jr.		
*	Independent Director	November 10, 2004
Kenneth H. Beard		
*	Independent Director	November 10, 2004
Paul R. Gauvreau		
*	Independent Director	November 10, 2004
Gerald M. Gorski		
*	Independent Director	November 10, 2004

\* By: /s/ Roberta S. Matlin

Power of Attorney

Barbara A. Murphy

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# EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
1.1	Form of Dealer Manager Agreement by and between Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc. and Inland Securities Corporation
1.2	Form of Soliciting Dealers Agreement by and between Inland Securities Corporation and the Soliciting Dealers
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Inland Western Retail Real Estate Trust, Inc.
5	Opinion of Duane Morris LLP as to the legality of the Shares being registered
8 23.1	Opinion of Duane Morris LLP as to tax matters Consent of KPMG LLP