MEASUREMENT SPECIALTIES INC

Form 10-Q November 04, 2003

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003.

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES

EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____TO ____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 1-11906

MEASUREMENT SPECIALTIES, INC. (EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

710 ROUTE 46 EAST, SUITE 206, FAIRFIELD, NEW JERSEY 07004 (ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES) (ZIP CODE)

(973) 808-3020

(REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER, INCLUDING AREA CODE)

(FORMER NAME, FORMER ADDRESS AND FORMER FISCAL YEAR, IF CHANGED SINCE LAST REPORT)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,\mathrm{(d)}$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No X

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APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 12,371,891 shares of common stock, no par value per share, at October 31, 2003.

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MEASUREMENT SPECIALTIES, INC
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS FOR THE S

	ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,				ENDED			
		2003		2002		2003		
Net sales Cost of goods sold		16,252		32,300 21,624		54,6 29,7		
Gross profit				10,676		24,8		
Operating expenses (income): Selling, general and administrative Non-cash equity based compensation Research and development Customer funded development Restructuring costs		7,508 1,835 854		9,749 - 765 (70) 530		15,0 1,9 1,7		
Total operating expenses		10,197		10,974		18 , 6		
Operating income (loss) Interest expense, net Gain on sale of Wafer Fab Other expense (income)		2,110 135 - 2		(298) 626 (109) 192		6,2 3		
<pre>Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax</pre>		1,973 258		(1,007)	-	5 , 9		
Income (loss) from continuing operations		1,715		(1,007)		5,3		
Discontinued operations: Income (loss) from discontinued units Gain on sale of Terraillon		-		(374) 340		1		
Income (loss) from discontinued units				(34)		1		
Net income (loss)	\$	•		(1,041)	\$	5,4 =====		
<pre>Income (loss) per common share - Basic Income (loss) from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued units</pre>	\$	0.14	\$	(0.09)	\$	0.		
Net income (loss)	\$	0.14		(0.09)	\$	0.		
<pre>Income (loss) per common share - Diluted Income (loss) from continuing operations Income (loss) from discontinued units</pre>	\$	-		(0.09)				
Net income (loss)	\$			(0.09)		0.		
Weighted average shares outstanding - Basic	12,349,546		12,349,546					
Weighted average shares outstanding - Diluted				1,912,958 ======				
	===		===		===	:=====		

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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MEASUREMENT SPECIALTIES, INC. CONDENSEND CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	SEPTEMBER 30, 2003			ARCH 3 2003
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,442	\$	2,6
Accounts receivable, trade, net of allowance for doubtful				
accounts of \$451, and \$1,038 respectively		12,861		,
Inventories		14,566		14,2
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,362		1,8
Total current assets		33,231		29 , 4
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET		11,128		11,8
OTHER ASSETS:				
Goodwill		4,191		4,1
Other assets		611		7
		4,802		4,9
Total assets	\$	49,161		46,1
	=====		===	

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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MEASUREMENT SPECIALTIES, INC.

CONDENSEND CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

(UNAUDITED)

2003	2003
2003	2003
SEPTEMBER 30,	MARCH 3

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	_	\$	3,26
Accounts payable		11,855		9,84
Accrued compensation		2,491		1,20
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		5,287		5,74
Accrued litigation expenses		750		3,55
Total current liabilities		20,383		23,60
OTHER LIABILITIES:				
Long-term debt-related party		_		2,00
Other liabilities		1,656		1,61
Total liabilities		22,039		27 , 22
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Serial preferred stock; 221,756 shares authorized; none outstanding Common stock, no par; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,363,891				
and 11,922,958 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		5,502		5,50
Additional paid-in capital		45,905		43,19
Accumulated deficit		(24,185)		(29,68
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(100)		(7
Total shareholders' equity		27,122		18,94
	\$	49,161	\$	46,16
	====:		==	

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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MEASUREMENT SPECIALTIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	C	ther					
			Additional		С	ompre-	
		ommon stock	paid-in capital	ccumulated Deficit		ensive Loss	
BALANCE, APRIL 1, 2002	\$	5,502	\$ 42,346	\$ (20,586)	\$	(435)	\$
Net income		_	_	(6,744)		_	
Currency translation adjustment		_	_	_		369	
Comprehensive Income		_	_	_		-	
Warrants Issued for professional services		_	153	_		_	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		_	117	-		_	
BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2002		5,502	42,616	 (27,330)		(66)	

Net income	-	_	(2,353)	_	
Currency translation adjustment	=	-	_	(4)	
Comprehensive Income	-	-	_	-	
Warrants Issued for professional services	-	112		_	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	_	17	_	_	ļ
Warrants issued for debt	_	452	_	_	
BALANCE, APRIL 1, 2003	5,502	43,197	(29,683)	(70)	
Net income			5 , 498		
Currency translation adjustment	_	_	-	(30)	
Comprehensive Income	_	_	_	-	
Warrants Issued for non-cash equity based compensation	-	1,908	-	-	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	_	32	_	_	I
Tax benefit from stock options	_	5	_	_	
Proceeds from exercise of stock warrants	_	763	_	_	
BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2003	\$ 5,502	\$ 45,905	\$ (24,185)	\$ (100)	\$

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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MEASUREMENT SPECIALTIES, INC CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS) (UNAUDITED)

	FOR	THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SE
		2003
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net Income (Loss)	\$	5,498 \$
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by Operating activities of income:	¥	3 , 130
Income from discontinued operations		_
Depreciation and amortization		1,454
Assets Write-off		140
Deferred rent		(13)
Provision for bad debt		173
Non-cash equity based compensation		1,908
Gain on sale of Wafer Fab		_
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, trade		(2,485)
Inventories		(291)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(472)
Other assets		144

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Accounts payable Accrued Litigation Costs Accrued expenses and other liabilities		2,009 (2,800) 882	
Net cash provided by operating activities		6,147	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of property and equipment		(904)	
Proceeds from sale of Wafer Fab		_	
Proceeds from sale of Terraillon		_	
Cash received from receiver		_	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(904)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		_	
Borrowings under bank line of credit agreement		3,000	
Repayments of debt		(8,260)	
Payment of deferred financing costs		_	
Proceeds from exercise of options and warrants		795	
Net cash (used in) financing activities		(4,465)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, CONTINUING OPERATIONS		778	
Effect of exchange rates		(30)	ļ.
Cash used for discontinued operations		_	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		2,694	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	•	3,442	·
Supplemental Cash Flow Information:	======		======
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$	313	\$
Income taxes	\$	182	\$

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATIONS:

Interim financial statements:

These interim financial statements were prepared pursuant to accounting principles for interim financial information, the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X of the Rules and Regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and have not been audited. Accordingly, while they conform to the measurement and classification provisions of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, they do not include the footnote information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for annual financial statements. Preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions, which affect the amounts reported. Actual results could differ from those estimates. In the opinion of management, these financial statements include all normal and accrual adjustments for a fair presentation. Reference is made to the annual financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003. Operating results for the three and six months ended

September 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending March 31, 2004. These statements have been prepared on a basis that is substantially consistent with the accounting principles applied in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2003.

The following information is unaudited. This report should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003.

Description of business:

Measurement Specialties, Inc., a New Jersey corporation ("MSI" or the "Company"), is a designer and manufacturer of sensors and sensor-based consumer products. The Company produces a wide variety of sensors that use advanced technologies to measure precise ranges of physical characteristics, including pressure, motion, force, displacement, angle, flow and distance. The Company has a Sensor segment and a Consumer Products segment. The Sensor segment designs and manufactures sensors for leading original equipment manufacturers for, automotive, medical, consumer, military/aerospace and industrial applications. Sensor products include pressure and electromagnetic displacement sensors, custom microstructures, load cells and accelerometers. The Consumer Products segment designs and manufactures sensor based consumer products which are sold to leading retailers and distributors in both the United States and Europe. Consumer products include bathroom and kitchen scales, tire pressure gauges and distance estimators.

Liquidity and Going Concern:

The Company is currently the defendant in several lawsuits, including a class action lawsuit. The Company is also the subject of a formal investigation being conducted by the Division of Enforcement of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. Further, the United States Attorney for the District of New Jersey is conducting an inquiry into the matters being investigated by the SEC. (See Note 10)

The Company's cash and amounts available under the revolving credit facility may not be available or adequate to fund the amounts, if any, to be paid in settlement of, or for judgments related to, the Company's pending legal proceedings. Under the terms of its credit agreement, the Company is prohibited from making any cash payment in settlement of any litigation unless, after giving effect to such payment and for a period of 30 consecutive days prior thereto, availability under the credit facility is not less than \$1,500. Moreover, the Company is prohibited from making any cash payment in settlement of the class action lawsuit, the DeWelt litigation or the Hibernia litigation without the prior written consent of the lender under the Company's revolving credit facility.

The Company's cash and amounts available under the Company's revolving credit facility may not be sufficient to satisfy the obligations discussed above. If the Company is unable to satisfy these obligations, the Company may need to explore other fund raising alternatives, including the sale of assets or equity securities. No assurance, however, can be given that the Company will be able to successfully sell assets or stock, or, even if such transactions are possible,

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that they will be on terms reasonable to the Company, that they will enable the Company to satisfy its obligations or that such actions will be permitted under the Company's credit agreement. Additionally, any sale of equity securities will dilute existing shareholders and may be at prices that are substantially lower

than current market prices. If the Company is unable to satisfactorily resolve its loss contingencies and does not obtain additional funds, the Company will likely be unable to continue operations.

These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements included in this report do not contain any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Principles of consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MSI and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (the "Subsidiaries"): Measurement Limited ("ML"), organized in Hong Kong; Jingliang Electronics ("JL") (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd., organized in the People's Republic of China ("China"); IC Sensors Inc. ("IC Sensors"), a California corporation; Measurement Specialties, U.K. Limited ("Schaevitz UK"), organized in the United Kingdom; and Terraillon Holdings Limited, organized in Ireland, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries ("Terraillon"); all collectively referred to as the "Company." As discussed in Note 7, the Company placed Schaevitz UK in receivership in June 2002 and sold Terraillon in September 2002; accordingly, the results from these operations are reflected as discontinued operations. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Reclassifications:

The presentation of certain prior year information has been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation.

Stock Based Compensation:

The Company has three stock-based employee compensation plans. The Company applies APB Opinion 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and related Interpretations in accounting for its plans. There was no compensation expense recognized in the first six months of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2004 or in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003 as a result of options issued with an exercise price below the underlying stock's market price. The table below illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". The options were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using a risk free rate of 2.8% and 4.9%, volatility of 2.06 and 0.90, and option life of five years for the options granted in 2003 and 2002, respectively.

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FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

2003 2002

Net income (loss), as reported \$ 1,715 \$ (1,041) \$ Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net income, net of related tax effects - - -

Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation

under fair value based method for awards granted, net of related tax effects		(19)	(51)	
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$ =====	1,696	\$ (1,092)	\$
Net Income (loss) per share Basic-as reported Basic Proforma Diluted- as reported	\$	0.14 0.14 0.12	\$ (0.09) (0.09) (0.09)	\$
Diluted proforma		0.12	(0.09)	

Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

On May 15, 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity" ("SFAS 150"), which requires that certain financial instruments be presented as liabilities that were previously presented as equity or as temporary equity. Such instruments include manditorily redeemable preferred and common stocks and certain options and warrants. SFAS 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003 and is generally effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company has evaluated the requirements of SFAS 150 and has determined that SFAS 150 will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position.

In December 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure-an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123" ("SFAS 148"). SFAS 148 amends FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123") and provides alternative methods for accounting for a change by registrants to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation. Additionally, SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require disclosure in the significant accounting policy footnote of both annual and interim financial statements of the method of accounting for stock-based compensation and the related pro-forma disclosures when the intrinsic value method continues to be used. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2002, and disclosures are effective for the first fiscal quarter beginning after December 15, 2002. The Company has elected to continue accounting for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method. However, the Company has adopted the new disclosure requirements specified under SFAS No. 148.

On July 29, 2002, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities" ("SFAS 146"). The statement requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred, rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan. Examples of costs covered by the statement include lease termination costs and certain employee severance costs that are associated with a restructuring, discontinued operation, plant closing, or other exit or disposal activity. SFAS 146 is required to be applied prospectively to exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002. The Company does not have any exit or disposal costs for the three or six month periods ended September 30, 2003.

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The Company's previous policy was to accrue restructuring and other costs at the commitment date of a plan in accordance with the provisions of Emerging Issues Task Force No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity" and Staff Accounting Bulletin No.

100, "Restructuring and Impairment Charges." Accordingly, the Company has provided for certain restructuring costs incurred prior to December 31, 2002. (See Note 3).

3. RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER COSTS:

During the quarter ended March 31, 2002, management and the Board of Directors approved a plan of reduction of workforce and a reduction of operating capacity at certain locations. During the year ended March 31, 2003, the Company recorded restructuring and other costs of \$1,219, consisting of \$150 for severance, \$839 for lease termination, and \$230 for the write down of fixed assets. At March 31, 2003, the Company had an accrual of \$837 for lease termination costs. At September 30, 2003, the Company still maintained the accrual of \$837 to cover the expected cost of lease terminations, which is included in accrued expenses. The Company did not make any payments during the three and six month periods ended September 30, 2003 related to these lease termination costs.

4. INVENTORIES:

Inventories net, consists of the following:

	SEPTEMBE 200	•		CH 31, 2003
RAW MATERIALS WORK-IN-PROCESS FINISHED GOODS	\$	6,523 2,212 5,831	\$	6,930 2,630 4,715
	\$	14,566	\$	14,275
	======		===	======

Inventory reserves were \$4,871 at September 30, 2003 and \$4,996 at March 31, 2003.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT:

Current Revolving Credit Facility

On January 31, 2003, the Company entered into a \$15,000 revolving credit facility with Fleet Capital Corporation ("FCC"). The revolving credit facility is secured by a lien on substantially all of the Company's assets. Interest accrues on the principal amount of the Company's borrowings under this facility at a floating rate per year equal to the lesser of FCC's prime rate for commercial loans plus one percent (subject to a two percent increase upon the occurrence of an event of default under the loan agreement) or the maximum rate permitted by applicable law. As of September 30, 2003, the interest rate applicable to borrowings under the revolving credit facility was 5.0%. The amount of borrowing available under the revolving credit facility is determined in accordance with a formula based on certain of the Company's accounts receivable and inventory. The revolving credit facility expires on February 1, 2006. As of September 30, 2003, there were no outstanding borrowings and the Company had the right to borrow an additional \$9,473 under the revolving credit facility. Commitment fees on the unused balance are equal to .375% per annum of the average monthly amount by which \$15,000 exceeds the sum of the outstanding principal balance of the revolving credit loans. Commitment fees paid during the three and six month periods ended September 30, 2003, were approximately \$16 and \$29, respectively.

The revolving credit agreement requires the Company to meet certain financial covenants during the term of the revolving credit facility. In addition to certain affirmative and negative covenants, which include a restriction on the payment of dividends, the Company was required to maintain a borrowing availability of at least \$2,000 through the filing of its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2003. This covenant expired on August 7, 2003. In addition, the Company is required to keep a minimum fixed charge ratio of 1 to 1 at the end of each fiscal quarter. Fixed charge ratio is defined as operating cash flow, which is EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) minus taxes paid and minus capital expenditures, divided by the sum of scheduled principal and interest payments during that period. The Company is currently in compliance to with all covenants in the agreement.

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For the quarter ended September 30, 2003, the weighted average short-term interest rate on the revolving credit facility was 5.0%. The Company did not have any borrowings under this agreement for the period from July 1, 2003 through September 30, 2003. The Company maintains a letter of credit for \$34 to guarantee the lease of its facility in Fairfield, New Jersey.

Bridge Loan

On October 31, 2002, the Company received a \$9,300 bridge loan from Castletop Capital, L.P. ("Castletop"), a limited partnership controlled by Morton Topfer, Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors. The proceeds from this loan were used to repay all of the Company's obligations under its previous term loan and revolving credit facility. The loan was evidenced by a Senior Secured Note originally due January 31, 2003 and did not include a revolving credit facility. Interest on the note initially accrued at a rate of 7% per annum (subject to a 2% increase upon the occurrence of an event of default under the note). Castletop also received a warrant to purchase up to 297,228 shares of the Company's common stock for an exercise price equal to the average closing price of the Company's common stock on the American Stock Exchange for the first five trading days after October 31, 2002 (\$1.64 per share). This warrant had a term of 5 years. On June 26, 2003, Castletop exercised its warrant to purchase 297,228 shares of stock at an exercise price of \$1.64.

On October 31, 2002, the relative estimated fair value of the warrant of \$452 was recorded as debt discount, and was subsequently charged to interest expense over the life of the debt, originally due on January 31, 2003.

Amendment to Bridge Loan

The Company used a portion of the proceeds from the FCC revolving credit facility to reduce the principal amount outstanding under the bridge loan to \$2,000. Also, in connection with the revolving credit facility transaction, the terms of the bridge loan were amended as follows:

- The maturity date of the Castletop note was extended to January 31, 2005;
- The security interest and rights of Castletop under the bridge loan agreement were subordinated to those of FCC; and
- The non-default interest rate under the bridge loan was increased to 11%

There were no amendments to the warrant issued as part of the bridge loan transaction.

Second Amendment to Bridge Loan

On April 11, 2003, the Company entered into a second amendment to the bridge loan to increase the aggregate principal amount of the Subordinated Note in favor of Castletop from \$2,000 to \$5,000. No other changes were made to the note. See Note 10, "Commitments and Contingencies". The additional borrowing was used to fund the \$3,200 renewal premium payable in connection with the renewal of the Company's Directors and Officers liability insurance coverage (which renewal premium represents a combination of the market premium for D&O coverage for the period from April 7, 2003 through April 7, 2004, plus the Company's contribution toward a potential settlement in the class action lawsuit). The revolving credit agreement prohibited the Company from prepaying the bridge loan before September 30, 2003. In September 2003, with authorization from FCC, the Company retired this facility by repaying the remaining \$5,000 in borrowings to Castletop.

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6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:

Property and equipment are summarized as follows:

	SEPTEMBER 30,		SEPTEMBER 30, MARCH 31,		
		2003		2003	USEFUL LIFE
Production machinery and equipment Tooling costs Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements Construction in progress	\$	14,111 3,743 4,944 1,793 356		4,922	5-7 years
Total Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		24,947 (13,819)		24,305 (12,487)	
	\$	11,128	\$ ==	11,818	

Depreciation expense was \$724 and \$1,454 for the three and six months periods ended September 30, 2003, and was \$871 and \$1,897 for the three and six month periods ended September 30, 2002, respectively.

7. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE, AND GAIN OR LOSS ON SALE OF ASSETS AND DISCONTINUED UNITS:

The Company sold all of the outstanding stock of Terraillon (previously a component of the Company's Consumer Products segment) in September 2002 and sold the assets, principally property and equipment, related to its IC Sensors silicon wafer fab manufacturing operations (previously a component of the Company's Sensor segment) in July 2002. The amounts for Terraillon on the consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended September 30, 2002 have been reclassified as discontinued operations to reflect the disposal of this operating unit.

The Company placed its United Kingdom subsidiary, Schaevitz UK (previously a component of the Company's Sensor segment), into receivership on June 5, 2002 pursuant to the terms of a Mortgage Debenture dated February 28, 2001. The

receiver's function was to dispose of Schaevitz UK's business and assets for the best price possible. The book debt recoveries and sale proceeds were applied in settlement of the receiver's remuneration, costs and expenses, the preferential creditors' claims (i.e., the claims of the Inland Revenue, Customs & Excise and employee claims up to certain statutory limits) and then to (i) claims by the Company's lenders in accordance with UK insolvency legislation (the Insolvency Act 1986) and (ii) priority arrangements. Schaevitz UK's landlord has a potential dilapidations claim of up to 350 Pounds Sterling (approximately \$620 United States dollars based on market exchange rates as of October 31, 2003) against Schaevitz UK that arose on the expiration of the lease of 543/544 Ipswich Road Trading Estate, Slough, Berkshire, England on June 23, 2002. The results of operations of Schaevitz UK are reflected as discontinued operations from April 1, 2002 through the June 5, 2002 date of liquidation. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2003, the Company incurred approximately \$3,511 of costs and expenses in connection with the liquidation of Schaevitz UK, which consisted of write-down of prepaid pension costs of \$2,309 and receiver and other costs of \$1,202. The amount recovered from the liquidation was approximately \$1,176.

In July 2002, the Company sold the assets (principally property and equipment) related to its silicon wafer fab manufacturing operation in Milpitas, CA to Silicon Microstructures, Inc. (SMI), a wholly owned subsidiary of Elmos Semiconductor AG. The wafer fab operation was formerly part of the Company's IC Sensors division. The price paid by SMI for the assets was approximately \$5,250, consisting of approximately \$3,370 in cash and \$1,880 in prepaid credit for products and services, subject to reduction under certain circumstances. Approximately \$900 of the cash purchase price was used to satisfy an outstanding

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equipment lease obligation. The prepaid credit for products and services, as utilized, are being accounted as a reduction to cost of sales. The gain on this sale was approximately \$159, net of tax, and has been reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Gain on Sale of Wafer Fab" of \$109 for the three months ended September 30, 2002, and an additional \$50 for the three months ended December 31, 2002.

In September 2002, the Company sold all of the outstanding stock of Terraillon Holdings Limited, a European manufacturer of branded consumer bathroom scales, to Fukuda S.a.r.l, an investment holding company incorporated in Luxembourg, for \$22,300. On January 24, 2003, the Company received \$1,384 of the funds that had been placed in escrow at the time of closing to secure certain of the Company's indemnification obligations. The estimated gain at the time of sale was approximately \$340, net of tax, and subject to further adjustments. As a result of final settlement of escrowed amounts, the Company recorded an additional gain of \$357, as certain amounts previously provided for were no longer required.

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002				FOR THE SI SEPTEME				
	TER	RAILLON	SCHAEVITZ	Z, UK	TO	TAL	TERI	RAILLON	S(
Net sales Cost of goods sold	\$	10,007 7,925	\$	_ _	\$	10,007 7,925	\$	18,678 13,244	\$
Gross profit		2,082		-		2 , 082		5,434	
Operating expenses: Selling, general and administrative Research and development		2,477 -		_ _		2 , 477		5 , 835	

	====		=======	===== =		=========	
operations	\$	(374)	\$	- \$	(374)	\$ (399)	\$
Net loss from discontinued							
Provision for income taxes		5			5	_	
(Loss) before income taxes		(369)		-	(369)	(399)	
Other income		39		_	39	27	
Interest income (expense)		(13)		_	(13)	(25)	
Operating income (loss)		(395)		-	(395)	(401)	
Total operating expenses		2,477		_	2,477	5,835	
Restructuring costs		-		_ 	-	-	

8. PER SHARE INFORMATION AND STOCK OPTION ISSUED:

Basic per share information is computed based on the weighted average common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted per share information additionally considers the shares that may be issued upon exercise or conversion of stock options and warrants, less the shares that may be repurchased with the funds received from their exercise. Diluted earnings per share are not presented in fiscal periods for which the results are antidilutive. Excluded from diluted earnings per share are approximately 92,000 and approximately 169,000 equivalent shares for the three and six month periods ended September 30, 2002.

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The computation of the basic and diluted net income per share is as follows:

	FOR	SEP	TEMBER 30, 2003 Shares		S	EPTEMBE 2003
Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations	\$		12,349,546	\$	112	12,151
Basic EPS: Income available to common shareholders	\$	1,715	12,349,546	\$ 0.14	\$ 5,498	12 , 151
Effect of dilutive securities: Warrants Stock options			410,162 1,084,815	 	 	444 992
Diluted EPS: Income available to common stockholders and assumed conversions	\$	1,715	13,844,523	\$ 0.12	\$ 5,498	13,587

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

The Company has two business segments, a Sensor segment and a Consumer Products segment.

The Company's Sensor segment designs, manufactures, and markets sensors for original equipment manufacturer applications. These products include pressure sensors, custom microstructures, accelerometers, tilt/angle sensors, force and displacement sensors for medical, consumer, automotive, military/aerospace and industrial applications.

The Company's Consumer Products segment manufactures and markets sensor-based consumer products. These products include bathroom and kitchen scales, tire pressure gauges, and distance estimators. These products are typically based on application-specific integrated circuits, piezoresistive and ultrasonic technologies.

Segment data have been presented on a basis consistent with how business activities are reported internally to management.

The accounting policies of the segments are substantially the same as those described in Note 2.

The Company has no material intersegment sales.

The following is information related to industry segments:

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	FOR	THE THREE	MONTHS	ENDED
		2003		2002
Net sales Consumer Products Sensors	\$	14,338 14,221		
Total		28,559		32,300
Operating income (loss) Consumer Products Sensors		•		3,571 654
Total segment operating income				4 , 225
Unallocated expenses				(4,523)
Total operating income (loss)		2,110		(298)
Interest expense, net of interest income Other (income) Gain on sale of Wafer Fab		135 2 -		626 192 (109)
<pre>Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax</pre>		1,973 258		(1,007)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		1,715		(1,007)

Income (loss) from Discontinued Operations

Net Income(loss)

- (34) \$ 1,715 \$ (1,041)

	SE	PTEMBER 30, 2003	MARCH 31 2003
Segment Assets Consumer Products Sensors Unallocated	\$	16,086 32,878 197	\$ 11,478 34,391 299
Total	 \$	49,161	\$ 46,168

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10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

LITIGATION:

Securities Litigation

On March 20, 2002, a class action lawsuit was filed on behalf of purchasers of the Company's common stock in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey against the Company and certain of the Company's present and former officers and directors. The complaint was subsequently amended to include the underwriters of the Company's August 2001 public offering as well as the Company's former auditors. The lawsuit alleges violations of the federal securities laws. The lawsuit seeks an unspecified award of money damages. After March 20, 2002, nine additional similar class actions were filed in the same court. The ten lawsuits have been consolidated into one case under the caption In re: Measurement Specialties, Inc. Securities Litigation, 02 Civ. No. 1071 (D.N.J.). Plaintiffs filed a Consolidated Amended Complaint on September 12, 2002. The underwriters have made a claim for indemnification under the underwriting agreement. Present and former officers and directors have made claims for indemnification and advancement of expenses under the Company's by-laws. On September 30, 2003, the court denied the Company's motion to dismiss this case and the parties expect to commence the discovery process.

The Company has Directors and Officers liability insurance that provides an aggregate of \$10,000 in coverage for the period during which this claim was filed (\$5,000 in primary coverage and \$5,000 in excess coverage). Our primary D&O insurance carrier initially denied coverage of this claim, which the Company contested. The insurer reversed its previous coverage position and agreed to participate in the defense and potential settlement of the class action lawsuit (subject to the \$5,000 policy limit). As part of the arrangement, the Company renewed its D&O coverage. The new policy provides for an aggregate of \$6,000 in coverage. The \$3,200 renewal premium represents a combination of the market premium for D&O coverage for the period from April 7, 2003 through April 7, 2004 plus the Company's contribution toward a potential settlement in the class action lawsuit. No assurance can be given that this insurance will be adequate to cover losses, if any, arising from this litigation. The Company's excess D&O insurance carrier has denied coverage for this claim and the Company is

contesting this position. No assurance can be given that the Company's excess insurance will be available or adequate to cover losses, if any, from this litigation.

In addition, the Company's credit agreement precludes it from making cash payment in settlement of this litigation without the prior consent of Fleet Capital Corporation.

This litigation is ongoing and the Company cannot predict its outcome at this time. The Company is currently engaged in settlement discussions related to this litigation but cannot predict when, or if, such discussions will be successful. If the Company were to lose this lawsuit, judgment would likely have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

SEC/U.S. Attorney Investigation

In February 2002, the Company contacted the staff of the SEC after discovering that the Company's former chief financial officer had made the misrepresentation to senior management, the Company's board of directors and the Company's auditors that a waiver of a covenant default under the Company's credit agreement had been obtained when, in fact, the Company's lenders had refused to grant such a waiver. Since February 2002, the Company and a special committee formed by the Company's board of directors have been cooperating with the staff of the SEC. In June 2002, the staff of the Division of Enforcement of the SEC informed the Company that it is conducting a formal investigation relating to matters reported in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2001. The Company is currently engaged in settlement discussions with the staff of the Division of Enforcement in connection with the investigation but cannot predict when, or if, such discussions will be successful.

The Company has also learned that the Office of the United States Attorney for the District of New Jersey is conducting an inquiry into the matters that are being investigated by the SEC.

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Present and former officers and directors have made claims for indemnification and advancement of expenses under the Company's by-laws in connection with the SEC and U.S. Attorney investigations. The Company cannot predict how long these investigations will continue or their outcome.

Hibernia Capital Partners I, ilp and Hibernia Capital Partners II, ilp.

On or about July 23, 2002, Hibernia Capital Partners I, ilp and Hibernia Capital Partners II, ilp filed a lawsuit against the Company in the High Court of Dublin. The Plenary Summons states that plaintiffs seek a declaration that the plaintiffs entered into the share purchase agreement on June 7, 2001 for the sale of their shares in Terraillon Holdings Limited to the Company as a result of an operative misrepresentation and misstatement. Plaintiffs further seek damages for misrepresentation and/or breach of contract and/or breach of warranty and costs of the proceedings. On August 9, 2002, the Company entered an Appearance, which is the equivalent of the acceptance of service of process. On August 22, 2002, plaintiffs filed a Statement of Claim, which is the equivalent of a Complaint. The Company has filed a Defense, which is similar to an Answer, and awaits commencement of the discovery process. This litigation is ongoing and the Company cannot predict its outcome at this time.

Robert L. DeWelt

On July 17, 2002, Robert DeWelt, the Company's former acting chief financial officer and general manager of the Company's Schaevitz Division, filed a lawsuit against the Company and certain of the Company's officers and directors. Mr. DeWelt resigned on March 26, 2002 in disagreement with management's decision not to restate certain of the Company's financial statements. The lawsuit alleges a claim for constructive wrongful discharge and violations of the New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act. Mr. DeWelt seeks an unspecified amount of compensatory and punitive damages. The Company filed a Motion to Dismiss this case, which was denied on June 30, 2003. The Company has answered the complaint and commenced the discovery process. This litigation is ongoing and the Company cannot predict its outcome at this time.

Clark Material Handling Company, et al. v. Lucas Control Systems

The Company is currently the defendant (as successor to Lucas Control Systems) in a lawsuit filed in April 2002 by Clark Material Handling Company and its related debtors (the "Debtors") in the context of the Debtors' Chapter 11 bankruptcy proceedings. Plaintiffs assert that Lucas Control Systems ("Lucas") received \$34 from one or more of the Debtors during the ninety (90) day period before the Debtors filed their bankruptcy petitions, that the transfers were to Lucas' benefit, were for or on account of an antecedent debt owed by one or more of the Debtors, made when one or more of the Debtors were insolvent, and that the transfers allowed Lucas to receive more than it would have received if the cases were cases under Chapter 7 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. The action seeks to disgorge the sum of \$34 from Lucas. This litigation is ongoing and the Company cannot predict its outcome at this time.

Semex, Inc.

On October 24, 2002, Semex, Inc. ("Semex") filed a lawsuit against the Company and Amp Incorporated alleging breaches of the lease for the Company's former facility in Valley Forge, Pennsylvania. The Company is the assignee of Amp Incorporated under the lease. In addition to seeking rent and other charges in the sum of \$770, plaintiff is also seeking \$1,015 for building cleanup, restoration, failure to remove alterations and environmental testing of the premises. An answer has been filed disputing the amounts claimed to be due.

Exeter Technologies, Inc. and Michael Yaron

Exeter Technologies, Inc. ("Exeter") and Michael Yaron have alleged underpayments of approximately \$322 relating to a January 5, 2000 Product Line Acquisition Agreement. The parties commenced arbitration proceedings in September 2003. After two days and before completion of these proceedings, Exeter requested that the arbitration be suspended so that it could consider whether or not to continue such proceedings. The Company has acknowledged that the Company owed Exeter approximately \$128 as of September 30, 2003.

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From time to time, the Company is subject to other legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business. The Company currently is not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that the Company believes will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, or operating results.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Restructuring Services

In May 2002, the Company retained Corporate Revitalization Partners ("CRP") to conduct its ongoing operational/financial restructuring efforts. In June 2002,

Frank Guidone, a Managing Director of CRP, became the Company's Chief Executive Officer (See "Executive Services and Non-Cash Equity Based Compensation" below for a discussion of the current agreement relating to Mr. Guidone's services as Chief Executive Officer of the Company). As of September 30, 2003, and as of October 20, 2003, on a cumulative basis, the Company has incurred \$3,293 and \$3,352 respectively, in consulting fees and expenses to CRP (excluding the success fees described in this paragraph). In addition to consulting fees based on hours billed by CRP consultants (at hourly rates that range from \$175 to \$275 and that are capped at a maximum of 50 hours per consultant each week), CRP earned an aggregate "success fee" of \$138 and warrants exercisable to purchase an aggregate of 120,615 shares of the Company's common stock (at an exercise price of \$2.28/share) as a result of the achievement of certain goals in connection with the Company's restructuring program. On June 12 and 13, and July 14, 2003, CRP exercised its warrant to purchase 120,615 shares of stock at an exercise price of \$2.28.

Executive Services and Non-Cash Equity Based Compensation

On April 21, 2003, the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors reached a verbal agreement with Frank Guidone regarding his long term retention as Chief Executive Officer. Definitive agreements memorializing this arrangement were entered into on July 22, 2003, between the Company and Four Corners Capital Partners, LP ("Four Corners"), a limited partnership of which Mr. Guidone is a principal. Pursuant to this arrangement, Four Corners will make Mr. Guidone available to serve as the Company's Chief Executive Officer for which it will receive an annual fee of \$400 (plus travel costs for Mr. Guidone) and will be eligible to receive a performance-based bonus. The agreement is for an indefinite period of time and both parties have the right to terminate the agreement on sixty day's advance notice. Through September 30, 2003, the Company paid an aggregate of \$132 to Four Corners under this agreement.

In connection with the retention of the services of Mr. Guidone, Four Corners was also issued a warrant to purchase up to 600,000 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$3.16 per share. Subject to the continued service of Mr. Guidone, the right to purchase the shares vests at a rate of 35%, 30%, 20% and 15%, respectively, in each of the four years following the grant date of the warrant, with the potential of a reduced vesting period if certain performance targets are achieved. On September 18, 2003, the first 35% of the warrant shares became vested as a result of the performance of the Company's common stock. The Company recorded a non-cash equity based compensation charge of \$1,835 (\$0.13 per share diluted) and \$1,908 (\$0.14 per share diluted) during the three month and six month periods ended September 30, 2003, respectively, representing the estimated fair value of the portion of the warrant that vested. The warrant was valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, using a risk free rate of 0.81% and 1.01%, volatility of 0.27 and 0.46, and warrant life of one month and six months, for the periods ended June 30, 2003 and September 30, 2003, respectively. The Company will record future charges for the remaining 390,000 warrant shares as they vest. See Note 8 for impact on diluted earnings per share for the 600,000 warrant shares issued to Four Corners.

In addition, in connection with this arrangement, Mr. Guidone entered into a non-competition agreement and Four Corners was granted registration rights relating to any shares purchased under the warrant.

See Note 5 for a discussion of the bridge loan from Castletop Capital, L.P., a limited partnership controlled by Morton L. Topfer, Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors.

Effective October 15, 2003, Mr. Joseph R. Mallon, Jr. resigned from the Company's Board of Directors. Effective the same day, R. Barry Uber was appointed to fill the vacancy created by Mr. Mallon's resignation.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

The following discussion of our results of operations and financial condition should be read together with the other financial information, consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors.

Our fiscal year begins on April 1 and ends on March 31. References in this report to the year 2003 or fiscal 2003 refer to the 12-month period from April 1, 2002 through March 31, 2003 and references in this report to the year 2004 or fiscal 2004 refer to the 12-month period from April 1, 2003 through March 31, 2004.

OVERVIEW

We are a designer and manufacturer of sensors and sensor-based consumer products. We produce a wide variety of sensors that use advanced technologies to measure precise ranges of physical characteristics including pressure, motion, force, displacement, tilt/angle, flow and distance. We have two businesses, a Sensor business and a Consumer Products business.

Our Sensor business designs, manufactures and markets sensors for original equipment manufacturer applications. These products include pressure sensors, custom microstructures, accelerometers, tilt/angle sensors, force and displacement sensors for medical, consumer, automotive, military/aerospace and industrial applications.

Our Consumer Products business manufactures and markets sensor-based consumer products. These products include bathroom and kitchen scales, tire pressure gauges and distance estimators. These products are typically based on application-specific integrated circuits, piezoresistive and ultrasonic technologies.

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The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain items in our consolidated statements of income as a percentage of net sales:

	FOR THE THREE N SEPTEME	
	2003	2002 (1)
Net Sales Sensors	49.8%	43.3%
Consumer products	50.2	56.7
Total net sales	100.0	100.0

Cost of Sales	56.9	66.9
Gross profit	43.1	33.1
Operating expenses (income)		
Selling, general, and administrative	26.3	30.2
Non-cash equity based compensation	6.4	_
Research and development	3.0	2.4
Customer funded development	_	(0.2)
Restructuring costs	_	1.6
Interest expense, net	0.5	1.9
Gain on sale of wafer fab	_	(0.3)
Other expenses	_	0.6
	36.2	36.2
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	6.9	(3.1)
Income Tax Provision	0.9	-
Income (loss) from discontinued units	_	(0.1)
Net income (loss)	6.0%	(3.2)%
	=========	=======================================