RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP

Form 10-Q

November 12, 2002

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 1-13762

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

MARYLAND 11-3233650

----TATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF (IRS EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER)

(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

NCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)

225 BROADHOLLOW ROAD, MELVILLE, NY 11747

(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICE) (ZIP CODE)

(631) 694-6900 (REGISTRANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER INCLUDING AREA CODE)

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK WHETHER THE REGISTRANT (1) HAS FILED ALL REPORTS REQUIRED TO BE FILED BY SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 DURING THE PRECEDING 12 MONTHS (OR FOR SUCH SHORTER PERIOD THAT THE REGISTRANT WAS REQUIRED TO FILE SUCH REPORTS) YES X NO__, AND (2) HAS BEEN SUBJECT TO SUCH FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PAST 90 DAYS. YES X NO .

INDICATE BY CHECK MARK WHETHER THE REGISTRANT IS AN ACCELERATED FILER (AS DEFINED IN RULE 12B-2 OF THE EXCHANGE ACT).

YES X NO .

THE COMPANY HAS TWO CLASSES OF COMMON STOCK, PAR VALUE \$.01 PAR VALUE PER SHARE, WITH 49,812,033 AND 9,915,313 SHARES OF CLASS A COMMON STOCK AND CLASS B COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING, RESPECTIVELY AS OF NOVEMBER 8, 2002

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP. QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SIGNATURES

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT FOR SHARE AMOUNTS)

ASSETS:
Commercial real estate properties, at cost:
Land
Building and improvements
Developments in progress:
Land
Development costs
Furniture, fixtures and equipment
runniture, fixtures and equipment
Less accumulated depreciation
Less accumulated depreciation
Investments in real estate joint ventures
Investments in mortgage notes and notes receivable $\dots \dots \dots$
Investments in service companies and affiliate loans and joint ventures $\dots \dots \dots$
Cash and cash equivalents
Tenant receivables
Deferred rents receivable
Prepaid expenses and other assets
Contract and land deposits and pre-acquisition costs
Deferred leasing and loan costs
TOTAL ASSETS
TOTAL ADDETO
LIABILITIES:
Mortgage notes payable
Unsecured credit facility
Senior unsecured notes
Accrued expenses and other liabilities
Dividends and distributions payable
TOTAL LIABILITIES
Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships
Preferred unit interest in the operating partnership
Limited partners' minority interest in the operating partnership
Commitments and contingencies
CTOCKHOLDEDC! FOULTY.
Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized
Series A preferred stock, 9,192,000 shares issued and outstanding
Series B preferred stock, 2,000,000 shares issued and outstanding
Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized
Class A common stock, 49,152,033 and 49,982,377 shares issued
and outstanding, respectively
Class B common stock, 9,915,313 and 10,283,513 shares issued and outstanding,
respectively
Treasury stock - Class A common, 1,856,200 and 0, respectively and Class B common,
368,200 and 0, respectively
Additional paid in capital
Total Stockholders' Equity
TOTAL DECORMOTAGES ENGINE
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND STOCKHOLDEDS! FOLLTY
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(see accompanying notes to financial statements)

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RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED AND IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AND SHARE AMOUNTS)

	THREE MONTH SEPTEMB	
	2002	2001
REVENUES:		
Base rents Tenant escalations and reimbursements Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies	15,272 104	\$ 110,5 15,2 5
Interest income on mortgage notes and notes receivable	1,589 642	1,5 9 3,2
TOTAL REVENUES	128,782	132 , 1
EXPENSES: Property operating expenses	46,135	43 , 8
Marketing, general and administrative	7,965 22,653	7,6 23,5
Depreciation and amortization	29,147	26 , 3
TOTAL EXPENSES		101,3
Income from continuing operations before minority interests, preferred dividends and distributions, valuation reserves on investments in affiliate loans and joint ventures, discontinued operations and		
extraordinary loss	22,882	30 , 8
Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships	(4,446)	(3,0
Distributions to preferred unit holders	(273)	(5 (163 , 0
Limited partners' minority interest in the operating partnership	(1,249)	14,6
Income (loss) before discontinued operations, extraordinary loss and preferred dividends	16,914	(121,0
Discontinued operations (net of limited partners' minority interest)		
Income from discontinued operations	439	1
Gain on sales of real estate	4,268	
<pre>Income (loss) before extraordinary loss and preferred dividends Extraordinary loss on extinguishment of debt, net of limited partners'</pre>	21,621	(120,8
minority interest		(2,5
Net income (loss)	·	(123,4
Dividends to preferred shareholders	(5, 487)	(5, 4
Net income (loss) allocable to common shareholders	\$ 16,134 =======	\$ (128,9 ======
Net income (loss) allocable to:		

Class B common		3,800		(30,9
Total		16,134		(128,9
Basic net income (loss) per weighted average common share before extraordinary loss:	====	=====	===	
Class A common Extraordinary loss per Class A common share	\$.25	\$	(
Basic net income (loss) per weighted average Class A common share .	т.	.25	\$	(
Class B common Extraordinary loss per Class B common share	\$.38	\$	(
Basic net income (loss) per weighted average Class B common share .	\$.38	\$	(
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Class A common Class B common Diluted net income (loss) per weighted average common share before extraordinary loss:		49,525,372 10,010,423		49,715 10,283
Class A common		.25		(
Class B common	\$.26	\$	(
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding: Class A common	4	49,825,400 10,010,423		49,715 10,283

(see accompanying notes to financial statements)

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RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED AND IN THOUSANDS)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating	
activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	
Gain on sales of real estate	
Valuation reserves on investments in affiliate loans and joint ventures	
Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships	
Extraordinary loss on extinguishment of debts	
Limited partners' minority interest in the operating partnership	
Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Tenant receivables	
Real estate tax escrows	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	

	Deferred rents receivable
	Net cash provided by operating activities
CASH	FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Increase in contract deposits and pre-acquisition costs
	Net cash used in investing activities
CASH	FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from issuance of common stock net of issuance costs. Purchases of common stock. Principal payments on secured borrowings. Payment of loan and equity issuance costs. Increase in investments in affiliate loans and service companies. Proceeds from issuance of senior unsecured notes. Proceeds from secured borrowings. Proceeds from unsecured credit facility. Repayment of unsecured credit facility. Distributions to minority partners in consolidated partnerships. Distributions to limited partners in the operating partnership. Distributions to preferred unit holders. Dividends to common shareholders. Dividends to preferred shareholders.
	Net cash used in financing activities
	Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

(see accompanying notes to financial statements)

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RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2002

(UNAUDITED)

1. ORGANIZATION AND FORMATION OF THE COMPANY

Reckson Associates Realty Corp. (the "Company") is a self-administered and self managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") engaged in the ownership, management, operation, leasing and development of commercial real estate properties, principally office and industrial buildings and also owns land for future development (collectively, the "Properties") located in the New York tri-state area (the "Tri-State Area").

The Company was incorporated in Maryland in September 1994. In June 1995, the

Company completed an initial public offering (the "IPO") and commenced operations.

The Company became the sole general partner of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership") by contributing substantially all of the net proceeds of the IPO in exchange for an approximate 73% interest in the Operating Partnership. All Properties acquired by the Company are held by or through the Operating Partnership. In conjunction with the IPO, the Operating Partnership executed various option and purchase agreements whereby it issued common units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("OP Units") to certain continuing investors in exchange for (i) interests in certain property partnerships, (ii) fee simple and leasehold interests in properties and development land, (iii) certain other business assets and (iv) 100% of the non-voting preferred stock of the management and construction companies. At September 30, 2002, the Company's ownership percentage in the Operating Partnership was approximately 89.7%.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the consolidated financial position of the Company and the Operating Partnership at September 30, 2002 and December 31, 2001 and the results of their operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively, and, their cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The Operating Partnership's investments in majority owned and/or controlled real estate joint ventures are reflected in the accompanying financial statements on a consolidated basis with a reduction for the minority partners' interest. The Operating Partnership also invests in real estate joint ventures where it may own less than a controlling interest. Such investments are reflected in the accompanying financial statements on the equity method of accounting. The operating results of Reckson Management Group, Inc., RANY Management Group, Inc., Reckson Construction Group New York, Inc. and Reckson Construction Group, Inc. (the "Service Companies"), in which the Operating Partnership owns a 97% non-controlling interest are reflected in the accompanying financial statements on the equity method of accounting. On October 1, 2002, the Operating Partnership acquired the remaining 3% interests in the Service Companies for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$122,000. As a result, commencing on October 1, 2002, the Operating Partnership will consolidate the operations of the Service Companies. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships represent a 49% non-affiliated interest in RT Tri-State LLC, owner of an nine property suburban office portfolio, a 40% non-affiliated interest in Omni Partners, L.P., owner of a 575,000 square foot suburban office property and beginning December 21, 2001, a 49% non-affiliated interest in Metropolitan 919 Third Avenue, LLC, owner of the property located at 919 Third Avenue, New York, NY. Limited partners' minority interest in the Operating Partnership was approximately 10.3% and 11.1% at September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

The accompanying interim unaudited financial statements have been prepared by the Company's management pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") may have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The unaudited financial statements as of September 30, 2002 and for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial information set forth herein. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily

indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2002. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

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The Company intends to qualify as a REIT under Sections 856 through 869 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a REIT, the Company will not generally be subject to corporate Federal income taxes as long as it satisfies certain technical requirements of the Code relating to composition of its income and assets and requirements relating to distributions of taxable income to shareholders.

In October 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". Statement No. 144 provides accounting guidance for financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. Statement No. 144 supersedes Statement No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of. It also supersedes the accounting and reporting provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, Reporting the Results of Operations--Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions related to the disposal of a segment of a business. The Company adopted Statement No. 144 on January 1, 2002. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the results of operations or the financial position of the Company. The adoption of Statement No. 144 does not have an impact on net income (loss) allocable to common shareholders. Statement No. 144 only impacts the presentation of the results of operations and gain (loss) on sales of real estate for those properties sold during the period within the consolidated statements of operations (see Note 6).

Effective January 1, 2002 the Company has elected to follow FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation". Statement No.123 requires the use of option valuation models which determine the fair value of the option on the date of the grant. All future employee stock option grants will be expensed over the options' vesting periods based on the fair value at the date of the grant in accordance with Statement No. 123. The Company expects minimal financial impact in the current year from the adoption of Statement No. 123. To determine the fair value of the stock options granted, the Company uses a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Historically, the Company had applied Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations in accounting for its stock option plans and reported pro forma disclosures in its Form 10-K filings by estimating the fair value of options issued and the related expense in accordance with Statement No. 123. Accordingly, no compensation cost had been recognized for its stock option plans in the past.

In April 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 145, which rescinded Statement No. 4, "Reporting Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt". Statement No. 145 is effective for fiscal years beginning after May 15, 2002. The Company will adopt Statement No. 145 on January 1, 2003.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

3. MORTGAGE NOTES PAYABLE

As of September 30, 2002, the Company had approximately \$743.1 million of fixed rate mortgage notes which mature at various times between 2004 and 2027. The notes are secured by 21 properties with a net carrying value of approximately \$1.5 billion and have a weighted average interest rate of approximately 7.26%.

The following table sets forth the Company's mortgage notes payable as of September 30, 2002, by scheduled maturity date (dollars in thousands):

(c) The Company has a 51% membership interest in this property and its proportionate share of the aggregate principal amount is approximately

\$126.2 million

Principal Outstanding 	Interest Rate	Maturi Date	-
2,616	10.10%	February,	, 2(
19 , 811	6.45%	October,	, 20
19,476	9.25%	January,	, 2(
74,824	6.52%	June,	, 2(
45,342	8.02%	October,	, 2(
19,429	8.50%	April,	, 20
54,104	7.72%	August,	, 2(
83,223	7.73%		, 2(
36,063	7.73%		, 20
7,376	8.07%	July,	, 2(
13,976	8.07%	July,	, 20
12,735	7.86%	September,	, 20
247,464	6.867%	August,	, 20
3 , 690	9.125%	November,	, 20
38,512	6.82%	November,	, 20
64,507	6.82%	November,	, 2(
\$ 743,148	7.26%		
erest in this prop	erty and its pr	coportionate	sh
	Outstanding 2,616 19,811 19,476 74,824 45,342 19,429 54,104 83,223 36,063 7,376 13,976 12,735 247,464 3,690 38,512 64,507	Outstanding Rate 2,616 10.10% 19,811 6.45% 19,476 9.25% 74,824 6.52% 45,342 8.02% 19,429 8.50% 54,104 7.72% 83,223 7.73% 36,063 7.73% 7,376 8.07% 13,976 8.07% 12,735 7.86% 247,464 6.867% 3,690 9.125% 38,512 6.82% 64,507 6.82% \$ 743,148 7.26%	Outstanding Rate Date 2,616 10.10% February, 19,811 6.45% October, 19,476 9.25% January, 74,824 6.52% June, 45,342 8.02% October, 19,429 8.50% April, 54,104 7.72% August, 83,223 7.73% August, 36,063 7.73% August, 7,376 8.07% July, 13,976 8.07% July, 12,735 7.86% September, 247,464 6.867% August, 3,690 9.125% November, 38,512 6.82% November, 64,507 6.82% November,

(d) Subject to interest rate adjustment on November 1, 2004

In addition, the Company has a 60% interest in an unconsolidated joint venture property. The Company's pro rata share of the mortgage debt at September 30, 2002is approximately \$7.6 million.

4. SENIOR UNSECURED NOTES

As of September 30, 2002, the Operating Partnership had outstanding approximately \$499.3 million (net of issuance discounts) of senior unsecured notes (the "Senior Unsecured Notes"). The following table sets forth the Operating Partnership's Senior Unsecured Notes and other related disclosures by scheduled maturity date (dollars in thousands):

TSSI	UANCE		'ACE IOUNT	COUPON RATE		TERM	МАТ
March 2	26 , 19	99	\$ 100,000	7.40%	5	years	March
June 1	17, 20	02	\$ 50,000	6.00%	5	years	June
August 2	27, 19	97	\$ 150,000	7.20%	10	years	August
March 2	26, 19	99	\$ 200,000	7.75%	10	years	March

Interest on the Senior Unsecured Notes is payable semi-annually with principal and unpaid interest due on the scheduled maturity dates. In addition, the Senior Unsecured Notes issued on March 26, 1999 and June 17, 2002 were issued at aggregate discounts of \$738,000 and \$267,500, respectively. Such discounts are being amortized over the term of the Senior Unsecured Notes to which they relate.

On June 17, 2002, the Operating Partnership issued \$50 million of 6.00% (6.125% effective rate) senior unsecured notes. Net proceeds of approximately \$49.4 million received from this issuance were used to repay outstanding borrowings under the Company's unsecured credit facility.

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5. UNSECURED CREDIT FACILITY

As of September 30, 2002, the Company had a three year \$575 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") from JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, UBS Warburg LLC as syndication agent and Deutsche Bank as documentation agent. The outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility was \$224 million at September 30, 2002. The Credit Facility matures in September 2003 and borrowings under the Credit Facility are currently priced off LIBOR plus 105 basis points.

The Company utilizes the Credit Facility primarily to finance real estate investments, fund its real estate development activities and for working capital purposes. At September 30, 2002, the Company had availability under the Credit Facility to borrow approximately an additional \$351 million, subject to compliance with certain financial covenants.

6. COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2002, the Company owned and operated 75 office properties

(inclusive of eleven office properties owned through joint ventures) comprising approximately 13.6 million square feet, 101 industrial properties comprising approximately 6.7 million square feet and two retail properties comprising approximately 20,000 square feet located in the Tri-State Area.

The Company also owns approximately 338 acres of land in 14 separate parcels of which the Company can develop approximately 3.2 million square feet of office space and approximately 470,000 square feet of industrial space. The Company is currently evaluating alternative land uses for certain of the land holdings to realize the highest economic value. These alternatives may include rezoning certain land parcels from commercial to residential for potential disposition. As of September 30, 2002, the Company had invested approximately \$117 million in these development projects. Management has made subjective assessments as to the value and recoverability of these investments based on current and proposed development plans, market comparable land values and alternative use values. The Company has capitalized approximately \$8.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 related to real estate taxes, interest and other carrying costs related to these development projects.

The Company holds a \$17.0 million interest in a note receivable secured by a partnership interest in Omni Partners, L.P., owner of the Omni, a 575,000 square foot Class A office property located in Uniondale, NY and three other notes receivable aggregating \$36.5 million which bear interest at rates ranging from 10.5% to 12% per annum and are secured by a minority partner's preferred unit interest in the Operating Partnership and certain real property. As of September 30, 2002, management has made subjective assessments as to the underlying security value on the Company's note receivable investments. These assessments indicated an excess of market value over carrying value related to the Company's note receivable investments. The Company also owns a 357,000 square foot office building in Orlando, Florida. This non-core real estate holding was acquired in May 1999 in connection with the Company's initial New York City portfolio acquisition. This property is cross collateralized under a \$103 million mortgage note along with one of the Company's New York City buildings.

The Company also owns a 60% non-controlling interest in a 172,000 square foot office building located at 520 White Plains Road in White Plains, New York (the "520JV") which it manages. The remaining 40% interest is owned by JAH Realties L.P. Jon Halpern, the CEO and a director of HQ Global Workplaces is a partner in JAH Realties, L.P.. As of September 30, 2002, the 520JV had total assets of \$21.3 million, a mortgage note payable of \$12.7 million and other liabilities of \$1.0 million. The Company's allocable share of the 520JV mortgage note payable is approximately \$7.6 million. In addition, the 520JV had total revenues of \$2.6 million and total expenses of \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002. The Company accounts for the 520JV under the equity method of accounting. The 520JV contributed approximately \$133,000 and \$316,000 to the Company's equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

On December 21, 2001, the Company formed a joint venture with the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") whereby NYSTRS acquired a 49% indirect interest in the property located at 919 Third Avenue, New York, NY for \$220.5 million which included \$122.1 million of its proportionate share of secured mortgage debt and approximately \$98.4 million of cash which was then distributed to the Company. On January 4, 2002, net proceeds from this transaction were used primarily to repay borrowings under the Credit Facility and for working capital purposes.

On August 7, 2002, the Company sold an industrial property on Long Island aggregating approximately 32,000 square feet for approximately \$1.8 million. This property was sold to the sole tenant of the property through an option contained in the tenant's lease. On August 8, 2002, the Company sold two Class A office properties located in Westchester County, NY aggregating approximately

157,000 square feet for approximately \$18.5 million. Net proceeds from these sales were used to repay borrowings under the Credit Facility and for general corporate purposes. The Company recorded an aggregate net gain of approximately \$4.9 million as a result of these sales. In addition, in accordance with FASB Statement No. 144, the operating results of these properties and the resulting gain on sales of real estate have been reflected as discontinued operations for all periods presented on the accompanying statements of operations.

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7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

An OP Unit and a share of Class A common stock have essentially the same economic characteristics as they effectively share equally in the net income or loss and distributions of the Operating Partnership. Subject to certain holding periods OP Units may either be redeemed for cash or, at the election of the Company, exchanged for shares of Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis.

During August 2002, the Board of Directors of the Company declared the following dividends on the Company's securities:

SECURITY	DIVIDEND/	RECORD	PAYMENT	THREE MONT
	DISTRIBUTION	DATE	DATE	ENDED
Class A common stock Class B common stock Series A preferred stock Series B preferred stock	\$.4246	October 7, 2002	October 18, 2002	September 30,
	\$.6471	October 15, 2002	October 31, 2002	October 31,
	\$.476563	October 15, 2002	October 31, 2002	October 31,
	\$.553125	October 15, 2002	October 31, 2002	October 31,

On May 22, 2002, approximately \$1.4 million of loans made to certain executive officers to purchase the Company's common stock matured. The loans were secured by 61,668 shares of the Company's Class A common stock. The loans were satisfied by the executive officers with the 61,668 shares of Class A common stock. The market value of these shares on May 22, 2002 was sufficient to fully satisfy these loans and as such there was no financial impact to the Company. The Company has subsequently retired these shares.

On September 30, 2002, the Company had issued and outstanding 9,915,313 shares of Class B Exchangeable Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Class B common stock"). The dividend on the shares of Class B common stock is subject to adjustment annually based on a formula which measures increases or decreases in the Company's Funds From Operations, as defined, over a base year. The Class B common stock currently receives an annual dividend of \$2.5884 per share.

The shares of Class B common stock are exchangeable at any time, at the option of the holder, into an equal number of shares of Class A common stock, subject to customary antidilution adjustments. The Company, at its option, may redeem any or all of the Class B common stock in exchange for an equal number of shares of the Company's Class A common stock at any time following November 23, 2003.

The Board of Directors of the Company has authorized the purchase of up to a five million shares of the Company's Class A common stock and/or its Class B common stock. Transactions conducted on the New York Stock Exchange will be effected in accordance with the safe harbor provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and may be terminated by the Company at any time.

During the three months ended September 30, 2002, under this buy-back program, the Company purchased 368,200 shares of Class B common stock at an average price of \$22.90 per Class B share and 1,856,200 shares of Class A common stock at an average price of \$21.98 per Class A share for an aggregate purchase price for both the Class A and Class B common stock of approximately \$49.2 million. In addition, subsequent to September 30, 2002, the Company purchased 842,200 shares of Class A common stock at \$20.77 per share. As a result of these purchases, annual common stock dividends will decrease by approximately \$5.5 million. Previously, under the Company's prior stock buy-back program, the Company had purchased and retired 1,410,804 shares of Class B common stock at an average price of \$21.48 per Class B share and 61,704 shares of Class A common stock at an average price of \$23.03 per Class A share for an aggregate purchase price for both the Class A and Class B common stock of approximately \$31.7 million.

The Board of Directors of the Company has formed a pricing committee to consider purchases of up to \$75 million of the Company's outstanding preferred securities.

On September 30, 2002, the Company had issued and outstanding 9,192,000 shares of 7.625% Series A Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (the "Series A preferred stock"). The Series A preferred stock is redeemable by the Company on or after April 13, 2003 at a price of approximately \$25.95 per share with such price decreasing, at annual intervals, to \$25.00 per share over a five year period. In addition, the Series A preferred stock, at the option of the holder, is convertible at any time into the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$28.51 per share. On October 14, 2002, the Company purchased and retired 357,500 shares of the Series A Preferred stock at \$22.29 per share for approximately \$8.0 million. As a result of this purchase, annual preferred dividends will decrease by approximately \$682,000.

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The Company currently has issued and outstanding two million shares of Series B Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (the "Series B preferred stock"). The Series B preferred stock is redeemable by the Company as follows: (i) on or after March 2, 2002 to and including June 2, 2003, at an amount which provides an annual rate of return with respect to such shares of 15%, (ii) on or after June 3, 2003 to and including June 2, 2004, \$25.50 per share and (iii) on or after June 3, 2004 and thereafter, \$25.00 per share. In addition, the Series B preferred stock, at the option of the holder, is convertible at any time into the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$26.05 per share. The Series B preferred stock currently accumulates dividends at a rate of 8.85% per annum.

Basic net income (loss) per share on the Company's Class A common stock was calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding of 49,525,372 and 49,715,423 for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively and 50,102,817 and 47,489,129 for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Basic net income (loss) per share on the Company's Class B common stock was calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding of 10,010,423 and 10,283,513 for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively and 10,191,483 and 10,283,513 for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

The following table sets forth the Company's reconciliation of numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted net income (loss) per weighted average common share and the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per weighted average share for the Company's Class A common stock (in thousands except for earnings per share data):

Three Months Ended

		2002	 2001	200
Numerator: Income (loss) before discontinued operations, dividends to preferred shareholders, extraordinary loss and (income) loss allocated to Class B shareholders	Ş	16 , 914 3 , 598	\$ (121,019)	\$ 57 3
Dividends to preferred shareholders Extraordinary loss (net of share applicable to limited partners and Class B shareholders) (Income) loss allocated to Class B common		(5,487)	(5,487) (1,971)	(16
shareholders		(2,691)	30,396	(9
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per Class A common share		12,334	(97,944)	\$ 3
Denominator: Denominator for basic earnings per share - weighted average Class A common shares Effect of dilutive securities: Common stock equivalents		49 , 525 300	49 , 715 	50
Denominator for diluted earnings per Class A common share - adjusted weighted average shares and assumed conversions		49,825	 49,715	50
Basic earnings per Class A common share: Income (loss) before extraordinary loss Extraordinary loss	\$.25 	\$ (1.93)	\$
Net income (loss) per Class A common share	\$.25	\$ (1.97)	\$
Diluted earnings per Class A common share: Income (loss) before extraordinary loss		.25 	\$ (1.93)	\$
Diluted net income (loss) per Class A common share	\$.25	\$ (1.97)	\$

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The following table sets forth the Company's reconciliation of numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted net income (loss) per weighted average common share and the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per weighted average share for the Company's Class B common stock (in thousands except for earnings per share data):

Three Months Ended September 30,

		-		·	
		2002		2001	 20
Numerator: Income (loss) before discontinued operations, dividends to preferred shareholders, extraordinary loss and					
(income) loss allocated to Class A shareholders Discontinued operations (net of share applicable to	\$	16,914	\$	(121,019)	\$ 57
limited partners and Class A shareholders) Dividends to preferred shareholders Extraordinary loss (net of share applicable to limited		1,109 (5,487)		43 (5,487)	1 (16
partners and Class A shareholders)(Income) loss allocated to Class A common shareholders		(8 , 736)		(624) 96,111	 (31
Numerator for basic earnings per Class B common share Add back:		3,800		(30,976)	10
Income allocated to Class A common shareholders Limited partner's minority interest in the operating		12,334			35
partnership		1,249			 4
Numerator for diluted earnings per Class B common share				(30,976)	50
Denominator: Denominator for basic earnings per share-weighted average Class B common shares		10,010		10,284	10
Weighted average Class A common shares outstanding Weighted average OP Units outstanding		49,525 7,276			50 7
Common stock equivalents		300			
Denominator for diluted earnings per Class B common share - adjusted weighted average shares and assumed conversions		67 , 111		10,284	68
assumed conversions		=======		=======================================	 ====
Basic earnings per Class B common share: Income (loss) before extraordinary loss Extraordinary loss		.38		(.06)	\$
Net income (loss) per Class B common share	\$.38	\$		
Diluted earnings per Class B common share: Income (loss) before extraordinary loss					
Diluted net income (loss) per Class B common share			\$	(,	
	====		=====		

8. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION (IN THOUSANDS)

		MONTHS E FEMBER 3
	 2002	
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 79,456	\$
Interest capitalized during the period	\$ 6,354	= \$ =

9. SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

The Company owns all of the interests in its real estate properties directly or indirectly through the Operating Partnership. The Company's portfolio consists of Class A office properties located within the New York City metropolitan area and Class A suburban office and industrial properties located and operated within the Tri-State Area (the "Core Portfolio"). The Company's portfolio also includes one office property located in Orlando, Florida. The Company has Managing Directors who report directly to the Co-Presidents and Chief Financial Officer who have been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers due to their final authority over resource allocation, decisions and performance assessment.

The Company does not consider (i) interest incurred on its Credit Facility and Senior Unsecured Notes (ii) the operating performance of the office property located in Orlando, Florida and (iii) the operating performance of those properties reflected as discontinued operations in the Company's consolidated statements of operations as part of its Core Portfolio's property operating performance for purposes of its component disclosure set forth below.

The following table sets forth the components of the Company's revenues and expenses and other related disclosures for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 (in thousands):

	Three months endedSeptember 30, 2002						
		Core Portfolio		Other		CONSOLIDATED TOTALS	
REVENUES: Base rents, tenant escalations and							
reimbursements	Ş	124,289	\$	2,158	Ş	126,447	
Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies				104		104	

ŭ ŭ								
Other income (loss)		331		1,900		2,231		
Total Devenues		124 620		4 162		120 702		
Total Revenues		124,620		4,162		128 , 782		
EXPENSES:								
Property operating expenses		45,011		1,124		46,135		
Marketing, general and administrative		4,807		3 , 158		7 , 965		
Interest		13,003		9,650		22,653		
Depreciation and amortization		26,730		2,417		29,147		
Total Expenses	89,551 16,349							
Income (loss) from continuing operations before minority interests, preferred dividends and distributions, valuation reserves, discontinued								
operations and extraordinary loss		35 , 069 ====================================						
Total Assets				•				
	Three months ended							
-		 Sep		er 30, 200				
-	Cours Obbar CONCOLTRATE							
		Core rtfolio	Other CONSOLIDA TOTALS		NSOLIDATED TOTALS			
DEMENSION								
REVENUES: Base rents, tenant escalations and reimbursements	\$	123,689	\$	2,178	\$	125,867		
Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies				505		505		
Other income (loss)		6,714		(914)		5 , 800		
other income (1055)								
Total Revenues		130,403		1,769		132,172		
DVDDNGEG								
EXPENSES: Property operating expenses		42 , 933		911		43,844		
Marketing, general and administrative		5,533		2 , 096		7,629		
Interest		13,033		10,477		23,510		
Depreciation and amortization		24,183		2,135		26,318		
Total Expenses		85 , 682		15 , 619		101,301		
-								
<pre>Income (loss) from continuing operations before minority interests, preferred dividends and distributions, valuation reserves, discontinued</pre>								
operations and extraordinary loss	\$	44,721	Ś	(13,850)	\$	30,871		
						, =========		

	Nine months ended						
	S	eptember 30, 200	2				
	Core Portfolio	Other	CONSOLIDATED TOTALS				
REVENUES: Base rents, tenant escalations and reimbursements	\$ 364,505	\$ 6,575	\$ 371,080				
estate joint ventures and service companies	 1,383	598 5 , 323	598 6 , 706				
Total Revenues	365,888						
EXPENSES: Property operating expenses Marketing, general and administrative Interest Depreciation and amortization	125,996 13,994 38,956 76,757	3,465 8,716 26,816	129,461 22,710				
Total Expenses	255 , 703	45,153	300,856				
operations before minority interests, preferred dividends and distributions, valuation reserves, discontinued operations and extraordinary loss		\$ (32,657) = ======= Nine months ende	========				
	September 30, 2001						
	Core Portfolio	Other	CONSOLIDATED TOTALS				
REVENUES: Base rents, tenant escalations and reimbursements Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and							
service companies Other income	9,192	1,704 9,894					
Total Revenues		18,812	393 , 685				
EXPENSES: Property operating expenses Marketing, general and administrative Interest Depreciation and amortization	122,702 15,504 38,086 70,404	7,934 32,615 6,197	125,047 23,438 70,701 76,601				
Total Expenses		49 , 091 					

Income (loss) from continuing
operations before
 minority interests, preferred
 dividends and distributions,
 valuation reserves, discontinued
 operations and extraordinary loss

operations and extraordinary loss... \$ 128,177 \$ (30,279) \$ 97,898

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As part of the Company's REIT structure it is provided management, leasing and construction related services through taxable REIT subsidiaries as defined by the Code. These services are currently provided by the Service Companies in which, as of September 30, 2002, the Operating Partnership owns a 97% non-controlling interest. An entity which is substantially owned by certain Rechler family members who are also executive officers of the Company own a 3% controlling interest in the Service Companies. In order to minimize the potential for corporate conflicts of interests, the Independent Directors of the Company approved the purchase by the Operating Partnership of the remaining 3% interest in the Service Companies. On October 1, 2002, the Operating Partnership acquired such 3% interests in the Service Companies for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$122,000. Such amount was less than the total amount of capital contributed by the Rechler family members. As a result, commencing on October 1, 2002, the Operating Partnership will consolidate the operations of the Service Companies. During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Reckson Construction Group, Inc. billed approximately \$134,000 of market rate services and Reckson Management Group, Inc. billed approximately \$232,000 of market rate management fees to certain properties in which certain Rechler family members who are also executive officers maintain an equity interest. These properties consist of five properties in which these officers had acquired their interests prior to the initial public offering, but were not contributed to the Company as part of the initial public offering (the "Option Properties"). At the initial public offering the Operating Partnership was granted ten year options to acquire these interests at a price based upon an agreed upon formula. Such options provide the Company the right to acquire fee interest in two of the Option Properties and the Rechler's minority interests in the remaining properties. The Independent Directors are currently reviewing whether the Company should exercise one or more of these options. In addition, for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Reckson Construction Group, Inc. performed market rate services, aggregating approximately \$299,000 for a property in which certain executive officers maintain an equity interest.

The Company leases 43,713 square feet of office and storage space at an Option Property for its corporate offices located in Melville, New York at an annual base rent of approximately \$1.1 million. The Company also leases 10,722 square feet of warehouse space used for equipment, materials and inventory storage at an Option Property located in Deer Park, New York at an annual base rent of approximately \$72,000.

A company affiliated with an Independent Director of the Company, leases 15,566 square feet in a property owned by the Company at an annual base rent of approximately \$431,500. Reckson Strategic Venture Partners, LLC ("RSVP") leases 5,144 square feet in one of the Company's joint venture properties at an annual base rent of approximately \$176,000.

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During 1997, the Company formed FrontLine Capital Group, formerly Reckson Service Industries, Inc., ("FrontLine") and RSVP. RSVP is a real estate venture capital fund which invests primarily in real estate and real estate operating

companies outside the Company's core office and industrial focus and whose common equity is held indirectly by FrontLine. In connection with the formation and spin-off of FrontLine, the Operating Partnership established an unsecured credit facility with FrontLine (the "FrontLine Facility") in the amount of \$100 million for FrontLine to use in its investment activities, operations and other general corporate purposes. The Company has advanced approximately \$93.4 million under the FrontLine Facility. The Operating Partnership also approved the funding of investments of up to \$100 million relating to RSVP (the "RSVP Commitment"), hrough RSVP-controlled joint ventures (for REIT-qualified investments) or advances made to FrontLine under an unsecured loan facility (the "RSVP Facility") having terms similar to the FrontLine Facility (advances made under the RSVP Facility and the FrontLine Facility hereafter, the "FrontLine Loans"). During March 2001, the Company increased the RSVP Commitment to \$110 million and as of September 30, 2002, approximately \$109.1 million had been funded through the RSVP Commitment, of which \$59.8 million represents investments by the Company in RSVP-controlled (REIT-qualified) joint ventures and \$49.3 million represents loans made to FrontLine under the RSVP Facility. As of September 30, 2002, interest accrued (net of reserves) under the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility was approximately \$19.6 million. RSVP retained the services of two managing directors to manage RSVP's day to day operations. Prior to the spin off of Frontline, the Company guaranteed certain salary provisions of their employment agreements with RSVP Holdings, LLC, RSVP's common member. The term of these employment agreements is seven years commencing March 5, 1998 provided however, the term may be earlier terminated after five years upon certain circumstances. The salary for each managing director is \$1 million in the first five years and \$1.6 million in years six and seven.

At June 30, 2001, the Company assessed the recoverability of the FrontLine Loans and reserved approximately \$3.5 million of the interest accrued during the three-month period then ended. In addition, the Company formed a committee of its Board of Directors, comprised solely of independent directors, to consider any actions to be taken by the Company in connection with the FrontLine Loans and its investments in joint ventures with RSVP. During the third quarter of 2001, the Company noted a significant deterioration in FrontLine's operations and financial condition and, based on its assessment of value and recoverability and considering the findings and recommendations of the committee and its financial advisor, the Company recorded a \$163 million valuation reserve charge, inclusive of anticipated costs, in its consolidated statements of operations relating to its investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint ventures with RSVP. The Company has discontinued the accrual of interest income with respect to the FrontLine Loans. The Company has also reserved against its share of GAAP equity in earnings from the RSVP controlled joint ventures funded through the RSVP Commitment until such income is realized through cash distributions.

At December 31, 2001, the Company, pursuant to Section 166 of the Code, for tax purposes charged off \$70 million of the aforementioned reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest. On February 14, 2002, the Company for tax purposes charged off an additional \$38 million of the reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest and \$47 million of the reserve directly related to the RSVP Facility, including accrued interest.

FrontLine is in default under the FrontLine Loans from the Operating Partnership and on June 12, 2002, filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code.

As a result of the foregoing, the net carrying value of the Company's investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint venture investments with RSVP, inclusive of the Company's share of previously accrued GAAP equity in earnings on those investments, is approximately \$65 million which was reassessed with no change by management as of September 30, 2002. Such amount has been reflected in investments in service companies and affiliate loans and joint ventures on the

Company's consolidated balance sheet. The common and preferred members of RSVP are currently in dispute over certain provisions of the RSVP operating agreement. The members are currently negotiating to restructure the RSVP operating agreement to settle the dispute. There can be no assurances that the members will successfully negotiate a settlement.

Both the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility have terms of five years, are unsecured and advances thereunder are recourse obligations of FrontLine. Notwithstanding the valuation reserve, under the terms of the credit facilities, interest accrued on the FrontLine Loans at a rate equal to the greater of (a) the prime rate plus two percent and (b) 12% per annum, with the rate on amounts that were outstanding for more than one year increasing annually at a rate of four percent of the prior year's rate. In March 2001, the credit facilities were amended to provide that (i) interest is payable only at maturity and (ii) the Company may transfer all or any portion of its rights or obligations under the credit facilities to its affiliates. The Company requested these changes as a result of changes in REIT tax laws. As a result of FrontLine's default under the FrontLine Loans, interest on borrowings thereunder accrue at default rates ranging between 13% and 14.5% per annum.

Scott H. Rechler, who serves as Co-Chief Executive Officer and a director of the Company, serves as CEO and Chairman of the Board of Directors of FrontLine. As of December 31, 2001, the Company's directors and officers owned approximately 15.9% of FrontLine's outstanding common stock.

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In November 1999, the Company received 176,186 shares of the common stock of FrontLine as fees in connection with the FrontLine Loans. As a result of certain tax rule provisions included in the REIT Modernization Act, it was determined that the Company could no longer maintain any equity position in FrontLine. As part of a compensation program, the Company distributed these shares to certain non-executive employees, subject to recourse loans. The loans were scheduled to be forgiven over time based on continued employment with the Company. Based on the current value of FrontLine's common stock, the Company has established a valuation reserve charge relating to the outstanding balance of these loans in the amount of \$2.4 million.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

 ${\tt HQ}$ Global Workplaces, Inc. (" ${\tt HQ}$ "), one of the largest providers of flexible officing solutions in the world and which is controlled by FrontLine, currently operates nine (formerly eleven) executive office centers in the Company's properties, three of which are held through joint ventures. The leases under which these office centers operate expire between 2008 and 2011, encompass approximately 202,000 square feet and have current contractual annual base rents of approximately \$6.1 million. On March 13, 2002, as a result of experiencing financial difficulties, HQ voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. As of June 30, 2002, HQ's leases with the Company were in default. Further, effective March 13, 2002, the Bankruptcy Court granted HQ's petition to reject two of its leases with the Company. The two rejected leases aggregated approximately 23,900 square feet and provided for contractual base rents of approximately \$548,000 for the 2002 calendar year. Commencing April 1, 2002 and pursuant to the bankruptcy filing, HQ has been paying current rental charges under its leases with the Company, other than under the two rejected leases. The Company is in negotiation to restructure three of the leases and leave the terms of the remaining six leases unchanged. All negotiations with HQ are conducted by a committee designated by the Board

and chaired by an independent director. There can be no assurance as to whether any deal will be consummated with HQ or if HQ will affirm or reject any or all of its remaining leases with the Company. As a result of the foregoing, the Company has reserved approximately \$550,000 (net of minority partners' interests and including the Company's share of unconsolidated joint venture interest), or 74%, of the amounts due from HQ as of September 30, 2002. Scott H. Rechler serves as the non-Executive Chairman of the Board and Jon Halpern is the Chief Executive Officer and a director of HQ.

WorldCom/MCI and its affiliates ("WorldCom"), a telecommunications company, which leases as of September 30, 2002 approximately 527,000 square feet in thirteen of the Company's properties located throughout the Tri-State Area voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code on July 21, 2002. The total annualized base rental revenue from these leases amounts to approximately \$12.0 million, or 2.9% of the Company's total 2002 annualized rental revenue, making it the Company's second largest tenant based on base rental revenue earned on a consolidated basis. All of WorldCom's leases are current on base rental charges through November 30, 2002 and the Company currently holds approximately \$300,000 in security deposits relating to these leases. There can be no assurance as to whether WorldCom will affirm or reject any or all of its leases with the Company. As a result of the foregoing, the Company has increased its reserve against the deferred rent receivable on its balance sheet in an amount equal to \$1.1 million representing approximately 51% of the outstanding deferred rent receivable attributable to WorldCom.

MetroMedia Fiber Network Services, Inc. ("MetroMedia"), which leased approximately 112,000 square feet in one property from the Company, voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in May 2002. MetroMedia's lease with the Company provided for contractual base rent of approximately \$25 per square foot amounting to \$2.8 million per calendar year and expired in May 2010. In July 2002, the Bankruptcy Court granted MetroMedia's petition to restructure and reduce space under its existing lease. As a result, the lease was amended to reduce MetroMedia's space by 80,357 square feet to 31,718 square feet. Annual base rent on the 31,718 square feet MetroMedia will continue to lease is \$25 per square foot amounting to approximately \$793,000 per annum. Further, pursuant to the Bankruptcy Court order MetroMedia is required to pay to the Company a surrender fee of approximately \$1.8 million. As a result of the foregoing, the Company has written off approximately \$388,000 of deferred rent receivable relating to this lease and recognized the aforementioned surrender fee.

Arthur Andersen, LLP ("AA") leased approximately 38,000 square feet in one of the Company's New York City buildings. AA's lease with the Company provided for base rent of approximately \$2 million on an annualized basis and expired in April 2004. AA has experienced significant financial difficulties with its business and as a result has entered into a lease termination agreement with the Company effective November 30, 2002. In October 2002, AA paid the Company for all base rental and other charges through November 30, 2002 and a lease termination fee of approximately \$144,000. As of September 30, 2002, the Company has reserved 100% of the deferred rent receivable related to this lease which is approximately \$130,000.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Reckson Associates Realty Corp. (the

"Company") and related notes thereto.

The Company considers certain statements set forth herein to be forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, with respect to the Company's expectations for future periods. Certain forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, statements relating to the timing and success of acquisitions and the completion of development or redevelopment of properties, the financing of the Company's operations, the ability to lease vacant space and the ability to renew or relet space under expiring leases, involve risks and uncertainties. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, the actual results may differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements and the Company can give no assurance that its expectation will be achieved. Among those risks, trends and uncertainties are: the general economic climate, including the conditions affecting industries in which our principal tenants compete; changes in the supply of and demand for office and industrial properties in the New York tri-state area; changes in interest rate levels; downturns in rental rate levels in our markets and our ability to lease or release space in a timely manner at current or anticipated rental rate levels; the availability of financing to us or our tenants; credit of our tenants, changes in operating costs, including utility, security and insurance costs; repayment of debt owed to the Company by third parties (including FrontLine Capital Group); risks associated with joint ventures; and other risks associated with the development and acquisition of properties, including risks that development may not be completed on schedule, that the tenants will not take occupancy or pay rent, or that development or operating costs may be greater than anticipated. Consequently, such forward-looking statements should be regarded solely as reflections of the Company's current operating and development plans and estimates. These plans and estimates are subject to revisions from time to time as additional information becomes available, and actual results may differ from those indicated in the referenced statements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Company include accounts of the Company and all majority-owned subsidiaries. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes. In preparing these financial statements, management has utilized information available including its past history, industry standards and the current economic environment among other factors in forming its estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the consolidated financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. It is possible that the ultimate outcome as anticipated by management in formulating its estimates inherent in these financial statements may not materialize. However, application of the critical accounting policies below involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates. In addition, other companies may utilize different estimates, which may impact comparability of the Company's results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Rental revenue is recognized on a straight line basis, which averages minimum rents over the terms of the leases. The excess of rents recognized over amounts contractually due are included in deferred rents receivable on the Company's balance sheets. The leases also typically provide for tenant reimbursements of common area maintenance and other operating expenses and real estate taxes.

Ancillary and other property related income is recognized in the period earned.

The Company makes estimates of the collectibility of its tenant accounts receivables related to base rents, tenant escalations and reimbursements and other revenue or income. The Company specifically analyzes tenant receivables and analyzes historical bad debts, customer credit worthiness, current economic trends, changes in customer payment terms, publicly available information and to the extent available, guidance provided by the tenant when evaluating the adequacy of its allowance for doubtful accounts. In addition, when tenants are in bankruptcy the Company makes estimates of the expected recovery of pre-petition administrative and damage claims. In some cases, the ultimate resolution of those claims can exceed a year. These estimates have a direct impact on the Company's net income because a higher bad debt reserve results in less net income.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, the Company incurred approximately \$4.6 million of bad debt expense related to tenant receivables and deferred rents receivable which accordingly reduced total revenues and reported net income during the period.

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The Company records interest income on investments in mortgage notes and notes receivable on an accrual basis of accounting. The Company does not accrue interest on impaired loans where, in the judgment of management, collection of interest according to the contractual terms is considered doubtful. Among the factors the Company considers in making an evaluation of the collectibility of interest are: (i) the status of the loan, (ii) the value of the underlying collateral, (iii) the financial condition of the borrower and (iv) anticipated future events.

Gain on sales of real estate are recorded when title is conveyed to the buyer, subject to the buyer's financial commitment being sufficient to provide economic substance to the sale.

Real Estate

Land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment are recorded at cost. Tenant improvements, which are included in buildings and improvements, are also stated at cost. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Renovations and/or replacements, which improve or extend the life of the asset are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of ten to thirty years for buildings and improvements and five to ten years for furniture, fixtures and equipment. Tenant improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the related leases.

The Company is required to make subjective assessments as to the useful lives of its properties for purposes of determining the amount of depreciation to reflect on an annual basis with respect to those properties. These assessments have a direct impact on the Company's net income. Should the Company lengthen the expected useful life of a particular asset, it would be depreciated over more years and result in less depreciation expense and higher annual net income.

Assessment by the Company of certain other lease related costs must be made when the Company has a reason to believe that the tenant will not be able to execute under the term of the lease as originally expected.

Long Lived Assets

On a periodic basis, management assesses whether there are any indicators that the value of the real estate properties may be impaired. A property's value is impaired only if management's estimate of the aggregate future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) to be generated by the property are less than the carrying value of the property. Such cash flows consider factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other factors. To the extent impairment has occurred, the loss will be measured as the excess of the carrying amount of the property over the fair value of the property.

The Company is required to make subjective assessments as to whether there are impairments in the value of its real estate properties and other investments. These assessments have a direct impact on the Company's net income because recognizing an impairment results in an immediate negative adjustment to net income. In determining impairment, if any, the Company has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long Lived Assets."

OVERVIEW AND BACKGROUND

The Company is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") specializing in the acquisition, leasing, financing, management and development of office and industrial properties. The Company's growth strategy is focused on the real estate markets in and around the New York tri-state area (the "Tri-State Area").

As of September 30, 2002, the Company owned and operated 75 office properties (inclusive of eleven office properties owned through joint ventures) comprising approximately 13.6 million square feet, 101 industrial properties comprising approximately 6.7 million square feet and two retail properties comprising approximately 20,000 square feet located in the Tri-State Area.

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The Company also owns approximately 338 acres of land in 14 separate parcels of which the Company can develop approximately 3.2 million square feet of office space and approximately 470,000 square feet of industrial space. The Company is currently evaluating alternative land uses for certain of the land holdings to realize the highest economic value. These alternatives may include rezoning certain land parcels from commercial to residential for potential disposition. As of September 30, 2002, the Company had invested approximately \$117 million in these development projects. Management has made subjective assessments as to the value and recoverability of these investments based on current and proposed development plans, market comparable land values and alternative use values. The Company has capitalized approximately \$8.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 related to real estate taxes, interest and other carrying costs related to these development projects.

The Company holds a \$17.0 million interest in a note receivable secured by a partnership interest in Omni Partners, L.P., owner of the Omni, a 575,000 square foot Class A office property located in Uniondale, NY and three other notes receivable aggregating \$36.5 million which bear interest at rates ranging from 10.5% to 12% per annum and are secured by a minority partner's preferred unit interest in the Operating Partnership and certain real property. As of September 30, 2002, management has made subjective assessments as to the underlying security value on the Company's note receivable investments. These assessments indicated an excess of market value over carrying value related to the Company's note receivable investments. The Company also owns a 357,000 square foot office

building in Orlando, Florida. This non-core real estate holding was acquired in May 1999 in connection with the Company's initial New York City portfolio acquisition. This property is cross collateralized under a \$103 million mortgage note along with one of the Company's New York City buildings.

The Company also owns a 60% non-controlling interest in a 172,000 square foot office building located at 520 White Plains Road in White Plains, New York (the "520JV") which it manages. The remaining 40% interest is owned by JAH Realties L.P. Jon Halpern, the CEO and a director of HQ Global Workplaces is a partner in JAH Realties, L.P. . As of September 30, 2002, the 520JV had total assets of \$21.3 million, a mortgage note payable of \$12.7 million and other liabilities of \$1.0 million. The Company's allocable share of the 520JV mortgage note payable is approximately \$7.6 million. In addition, the 520JV had total revenues of \$2.6 million and total expenses of \$2.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002. The Company accounts for the 520JV under the equity method of accounting. The 520JV contributed approximately \$133,000 and \$316,000 to the Company's equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

As part of the Company's REIT structure it is provided management, leasing and construction related services through taxable REIT subsidiaries as defined by the Code. These services are currently provided by Reckson Management Group, Inc., RANY Management Group, Inc., Reckson Construction Group New York, Inc., and Reckson Construction Group, Inc. (collectively, the "Service Companies") in which the Operating Partnership, as of September 30, 2002, owned a 97% non-controlling interest. An entity which is substantially owned by certain Rechler family members who are also executive officers of the Company owned a 3% controlling interest in the Service Companies. In order to minimize the potential for corporate conflicts of interests, the Independent Directors of the Company approved the purchase by the Operating Partnership of the remaining 3% interest in the Service Companies. On October 1, 2002, the Operating Partnership acquired such 3% interests in the Service Companies for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$122,000. Such amount was less than the total amount of capital contributed by the Rechler family members. As a result, commencing on October 1, 2002, the Operating Partnership will consolidate the operations of the Service Companies. During the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Reckson Construction Group, Inc. billed approximately \$134,000 of market rate services and Reckson Management Group, Inc. billed approximately \$232,000 of market rate management fees to certain properties in which certain Rechler family members who are also executive officers maintain an equity interest. These properties consist of five properties in which these officers had acquired their interests prior to the initial public offering, but were not contributed to the Company as part of the initial public offering (the "Option Properties"). At the initial public offering the Operating Partnership was granted ten year options to acquire these interests at a price based upon an agreed upon formula. Such options provide the Company the right to acquire fee interest in two of the Option Properties and the Rechler's minority interests in the remaining properties. The Independent Directors are currently reviewing whether the Company should exercise one or more of these options. In addition, for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, Reckson Construction Group, Inc. performed market rate services, aggregating approximately \$299,000 for a property in which certain executive officers maintain an equity interest.

The Company leases 43,713 square feet of office and storage space at an Option Property for its corporate offices located in Melville, New York at an annual base rent of approximately \$1.1 million. The Company also leases 10,722 square feet of warehouse space used for equipment, materials and inventory storage at an Option Property located in Deer Park, New York at an annual base rent of approximately \$72,000.

A company affiliated with an Independent Director of the Company, leases 15,566 square feet in a property owned by the Company at an annual base rent of

approximately \$431,500. Reckson Strategic Venture Partners, LLC ("RSVP") leases 5,144 square feet in one of the Company's joint venture properties at an annual base rent of approximately \$176,000.

During July 1998, the Company formed Metropolitan Partners, LLC ("Metropolitan") for the purpose of acquiring Class A office properties in New York City. Currently the Company owns, through Metropolitan, five Class A office properties aggregating approximately 3.5 million square feet.

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During September 2000, the Company formed a joint venture (the "Tri-State JV") with Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association ("TIAA") and contributed eight Class A suburban office properties aggregating approximately 1.5 million square feet to the Tri-State JV for a 51% majority ownership interest. TIAA contributed approximately \$136 million for a 49% interest in the Tri-State JV which was then distributed to the Company. For purposes of its financial statements the Company consolidates this joint venture.

On December 21, 2001, the Company formed a joint venture with the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") whereby NYSTRS acquired a 49% indirect interest in the property located at 919 Third Avenue, New York, NY for \$220.5 million which included \$122.1 million of its proportionate share of secured mortgage debt and approximately \$98.4 million of cash which was then distributed to the Company. On January 4, 2002, net proceeds from this sale were used primarily to repay borrowings under the Credit Facility and for working capital purposes. For purposes of its financial statements the Company consolidates this joint venture.

The total market capitalization of the Company at September 30, 2002 was approximately \$3.2 billion. The Company's total market capitalization is based on the sum of (i) the market value of the Company's Class A common stock and common units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("OP Units") (assuming conversion) of \$22.77 per share/unit (based on the closing price of the Company's Class A common stock on September 30, 2002), (ii) the market value of the Company's Class B common stock of \$23.75 per share (based on the closing price of the Company's Class B common stock on September 30, 2002), (iii) the liquidation preference value of the Company's Series A preferred stock and Series B preferred stock of \$25 per share, (iv) the liquidation preference value of the Operating Partnership's preferred units of \$1,000 per unit and (v) the approximately \$1.3 billion (including its share of joint venture debt and net of minority partners' interests share of joint venture debt) of debt outstanding at September 30, 2002. As a result, the Company's total debt to total market capitalization ratio at September 30, 2002 equaled approximately 42.2%.

During 1997, the Company formed FrontLine Capital Group, formerly Reckson Service Industries, Inc., ("FrontLine") and RSVP. RSVP is a real estate venture capital fund which invests primarily in real estate and real estate operating companies outside the Company's core office and industrial focus and whose common equity is held indirectly by FrontLine. In connection with the formation and spin-off of FrontLine, the Operating Partnership established an unsecured credit facility with FrontLine (the "FrontLine Facility") in the amount of \$100 million for FrontLine to use in its investment activities, operations and other general corporate purposes. The Company has advanced approximately \$93.4 million under the FrontLine Facility. The Operating Partnership also approved the funding of investments of up to \$100 million relating to RSVP (the "RSVP Commitment"), through RSVP-controlled joint ventures (for REIT-qualified investments) or advances made to FrontLine under an unsecured loan facility (the "RSVP Facility") having terms similar to the FrontLine Facility (advances made

under the RSVP Facility and the FrontLine Facility hereafter, the "FrontLine Loans"). During March 2001, the Company increased the RSVP Commitment to \$110 million and as of September 30, 2002, approximately \$109.1 million had been funded through the RSVP Commitment, of which \$59.8 million represents investments by the Company in RSVP-controlled (REIT-qualified) joint ventures and \$49.3 million represents loans made to FrontLine under the RSVP Facility. As of September 30, 2002, interest accrued (net of reserves) under the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility was approximately \$19.6 million. RSVP retained the services of two managing directors to manage RSVP's day to day operations. Prior to the spin off of Frontline, the Company guaranteed certain salary provisions of their employment agreements with RSVP Holdings, LLC, RSVP's common member. The term of these employment agreements is seven years commencing March 5, 1998 provided however, the term may be earlier terminated after five years upon certain circumstances. The salary for each managing director is \$1 million in the first five years and \$1.6 million in years six and seven.

At June 30, 2001, the Company assessed the recoverability of the FrontLine Loans and reserved approximately \$3.5 million of the interest accrued during the three-month period then ended. In addition, the Company formed a committee of its Board of Directors, comprised solely of independent directors, to consider any actions to be taken by the Company in connection with the FrontLine Loans and its investments in joint ventures with RSVP. During the third quarter of 2001, the Company noted a significant deterioration in FrontLine's operations and financial condition and, based on its assessment of value and recoverability and considering the findings and recommendations of the committee and its financial advisor, the Company recorded a \$163 million valuation reserve charge, inclusive of anticipated costs, in its consolidated statements of operations relating to its investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint ventures with RSVP. The Company has discontinued the accrual of interest income with respect to the FrontLine Loans. The Company has also reserved against its share of GAAP equity in earnings from the RSVP controlled joint ventures funded through the RSVP Commitment until such income is realized through cash distributions.

At December 31, 2001, the Company, pursuant to Section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 charged off for tax purposes \$70 million of the aforementioned reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest. On February 14, 2002, the Company charged off for tax purposes an additional \$38 million of the reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest and \$47 million of the reserve directly related to the RSVP Facility, including accrued interest.

Scott H. Rechler, who serves as Co-Chief Executive Officer and a director of the Company, serves as CEO and Chairman of the Board of Directors of FrontLine. As of December 31, 2001, the Company's directors and officers owned approximately 15.9% of FrontLine's outstanding common stock.

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FrontLine is in default under the FrontLine Loans from the Operating Partnership and on June 12, 2002, filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code.

As a result of the foregoing, the net carrying value of the Company's investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint venture investments with RSVP, inclusive of the Company's share of previously accrued GAAP equity in earnings on those investments, is approximately \$65 million which was reassessed with no change by management as of September 30, 2002. Such amount has been reflected in investments in service companies and affiliate loans and joint ventures on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The common and preferred members of RSVP are currently in dispute over certain provisions of the RSVP operating agreement. The members are currently negotiating to restructure the RSVP

operating agreement to settle the dispute. There can be no assurances that the members will successfully negotiate a settlement.

Both the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility have terms of five years, are unsecured and advances thereunder are recourse obligations of FrontLine. Notwithstanding the valuation reserve, under the terms of the credit facilities, interest accrued on the FrontLine Loans at a rate equal to the greater of (a) the prime rate plus two percent and (b) 12% per annum, with the rate on amounts that were outstanding for more than one year increasing annually at a rate of four percent of the prior year's rate. In March 2001, the credit facilities were amended to provide that (i) interest is payable only at maturity and (ii) the Company may transfer all or any portion of its rights or obligations under the credit facilities to its affiliates. The Company requested these changes as a result of changes in REIT tax laws. As a result of FrontLine's default under the FrontLine Loans, interest on borrowings thereunder accrue at default rates ranging between 13% and 14.5% per annum.

In November 1999, the Company received 176,186 shares of the common stock of FrontLine as fees in connection with the FrontLine Loans. As a result of certain tax rule provisions included in the REIT Modernization Act, it was determined that the Company could no longer maintain any equity position in FrontLine. As part of a compensation program, the Company distributed these shares to certain non-executive employees, subject to recourse loans. The loans were scheduled to be forgiven over time based on continued employment with the Company. Based on the current value of FrontLine's common stock, the Company has established a valuation reserve charge relating to the outstanding balance of these loans in the amount of \$2.4 million.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2001.

The Company's total revenues decreased by \$3.4 million or 2.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. Property operating revenues from continuing operations, which include base rents and tenant escalations and reimbursements ("Property Operating Revenues") increased by approximately \$.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The change in Property Operating Revenues is attributable to increases in rental rates in our "same store" properties amounting to \$.5 million. In addition, Property Operating Revenues increased by \$2.9 million attributable to lease up of newly developed and redeveloped properties. These increases in Property Operating Revenues were offset by \$1.9 million of Property Operating Revenues attributable to six properties that were sold in 2001 and a decrease of \$.9 million in lease termination fees. Other revenues from continuing operations (excluding Property Operating Revenues) decreased by \$4.0 million or 63% for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This decrease is primarily attributable to decreases in dividends received on marketable securities, real estate tax refunds and gain on sales of real estate.

Property operating expenses, real estate taxes and ground rents ("Property Expenses") increased by \$2.3 million or 5.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This increase includes a \$2.0 million increase in property operating expenses and a \$1.1 million increase in real estate taxes related to our "same-store" properties. Included in the \$2.0 million of property operating expense increase is \$500,000 and \$1.1 million attributable to increases in security and insurance costs respectively. These

increases result primarily from implications of the events which occurred on September 11, 2001 and security cost increases primarily relate to our New York City properties. These increases in Property Expenses were offset by approximately \$800,000 of Property Expenses attributable to six properties that were sold in 2001.

Gross Operating Margins (defined as Property Operating Revenues less Property Expenses, taken as a percentage of Property Operating Revenues) for the three months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 were 63.5% and 65.2%, respectively. The decrease in Gross Operating Margins is primarily attributable to decreases in average occupancy of the portfolio and also as a result of increased Property Expenses specifically relating to security, insurance costs and real estate taxes.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased by approximately \$336,000 or 4.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The increase in marketing, general and administrative expenses is primarily due to legal and professional fees incurred during the 2002 period in connection with certain cancelled acquisition transactions, increased directors and officers insurance costs and costs associated with the expensing of the fair value of stock options. Marketing, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of total revenues from continuing operations, were 6.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to 5.8% for the 2001 period. The Company capitalized approximately \$1.1 million of marketing, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to \$1.2 million for the 2001 period. These costs relate to leasing, construction and development activities, which are performed by the Company.

Interest expense decreased by approximately \$857,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in interest expense on the Company's variable rate debt due to lower interest rates and a lower average balance outstanding on the Company's unsecured credit facility. The weighted average balance outstanding was \$216.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to \$296.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2001. This decrease was offset by \$750,000 of interest expense on the senior unsecured notes issued in June 2002.

Income (loss) before extraordinary loss and preferred dividends increased by approximately \$142.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This increase is primarily attributable to the \$163 million valuation reserve (see Overview and Background) on investments in affiliate loans and joint ventures recorded in the 2001 period with no such comparable reserve recorded in the 2002 period. In addition, included in the net increase, is a \$4.5 million increase in discontinued operations relating to the sale of three properties during the 2002 period.

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Nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2001.

The Company's total revenues decreased by \$15.3 million or 3.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. Property Operating Revenues decreased by \$1.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The change in Property Operating Revenues is attributable to net increases in rental rates and lease termination fees in our "same store" properties amounting to \$.8 million. In addition, Property Operating Revenues increased by \$8.2 million attributable to lease up of newly developed and redeveloped properties. These increases in Property

Operating Revenues were offset by \$10.8 million of revenue attributable to six properties that were sold in 2001. Other revenues (excluding Property Operating Revenues) decreased by \$13.5 million or 64.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This decrease is primarily attributable to \$6.1 million of interest income accrued on the FrontLine Loans and \$2.6 million of dividends from marketable securities during the 2001 period with no such comparable income for the 2002 period. To a lesser extent this decrease is attributable to a decrease in real estate tax refunds, operating interest income and gain on sales of real estate.

Property Expenses increased by \$4.4 million or 3.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This increase is primarily due to a \$3.9 million increase in property operating expenses and a \$3.0 million increase in real estate taxes related to our "same store" properties. Included in the \$3.9 million increase in property operating expenses is \$1.4 million and \$1.6 million attributable to increases in security and insurance costs, respectively. The increases result primarily from implications of the events which occured on September 11, 2001 and security cost increases primarily relate to our New York City properties. In addition, Property Expenses increased by \$1.6 million attributable to the lease up of newly developed and redeveloped properties. These increases in Property Expenses were offset by \$4.1 million of expenses attributable to six properties that were sold in 2001.

Gross Operating Margins for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 and 2001 were 65.1% and 66.5%, respectively. The decrease in Gross Operating Margins is primarily attributable to decreases in average occupancy of the portfolio and also as a result of increased Property Expenses specifically related to security, insurance costs and real estate taxes.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses decreased by approximately \$728,000 million or 3.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The decrease in marketing, general and administrative expenses is primarily due to staff reduction, cost containment and reduction in legal and professional fess incurred during the 2001 period in connection with certain cancelled acquisition transactions. Marketing, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of total revenues from continuing operations, were 6.0% for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001. The Company capitalized approximately \$3.6 million of marketing, general and administrative expenses for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001. These costs relate to leasing, construction and development activities, which are performed by the Company.

Interest expense decreased by approximately \$4.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in interest expense on the Company's variable rate debt due to lower interest rates and a lower average balance outstanding on the Company's unsecured credit facility. The weighted average balance outstanding was \$213.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to \$291.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001. This decrease was offset by approximately \$875,000 of interest expense on the senior unsecured notes issued in June 2002.

Income (loss) before extraordinary loss and preferred dividends increased by approximately \$134.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This increase is primarily attributable to the \$163 million valuation reserve (see Overview and Background) on investments in affiliate loans and joint ventures recorded in the 2001 period with no such comparable reserve recorded in the 2002 period. In addition, included in the net increase, is a \$4.4 million increase in discontinued operations relating to the sale of three properties during the 2002 period.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of September 30, 2002, the Company had a three year \$575 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") from JPMorgan Chase Bank, as administrative agent, UBS Warburg LLC as syndication agent and Deutsche Bank as documentation agent. The outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility were \$224 million at September 20, 2002. The Credit Facility matures in September 2003 and borrowings under the Credit Facility are currently priced off LIBOR plus 105 basis points.

The Company utilizes the Credit Facility primarily to finance real estate investments, fund its real estate development activities and for working capital purposes. At September 30, 2002, the Company had availability under the Credit Facility to borrow approximately an additional \$351 million, subject to compliance with certain financial covenants.

On June 17, 2002, the Operating Partnership issued \$50 million of 6.00% (6.125% effective rate) senior unsecured notes due June 15, 2007. Net proceeds of approximately \$49.4 million were used to repay outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility.

On August 7, 2002, the Company sold an industrial property on Long Island aggregating approximately 32,000 square feet for approximately \$1.8 million. This property was sold to the sole tenant of the property through an option contained in the tenant's lease. On August 8, 2002, the Company sold two Class A office properties located in Westchester County, NY aggregating approximately 157,000 square feet for approximately \$18.5 million. Net proceeds from these sales were used to repay borrowings under the Credit Facility and for general corporate purposes. The Company recorded an aggregate net gain of approximately \$4.9 million as a result of these sales. Such gain has been included in discontinued operations for all periods presented on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

The Company continues to seek opportunities to acquire real estate assets in its markets. The Company has historically sought to acquire properties where it could use its real estate expertise to create additional value subsequent to acquisition. As a result of increased market values for the Company's commercial real estate assets the Company has sold certain non-core assets or interests in assets where significant value has been created. During 2000, 2001 and 2002, the Company has sold assets or interests in assets with aggregate sales prices of approximately \$499.8 million. The Company has used the proceeds from these sales primarily to pay down borrowings under the Credit Facility, repurchase its outstanding stock and for general corporate purposes.

The following table sets forth the Company's invested capital (before valuation reserves) in RSVP controlled (REIT-qualified) joint ventures and amounts which were advanced under the RSVP Commitment to FrontLine, for its investment in RSVP controlled investments (in thousands):

	RSVP controlled joint ventures		Amou adva	Tota		
Privatization Student Housing	\$	21,480 18,086	\$	3,520 3,935	\$	

Medical Offices		20,185			
Parking				9,091	
Resorts				8,057	
Net leased retail				3,180	
Other assets and overhead				21,598	
	\$	59 , 751	\$	49,381	\$
	=======		=======		

Included in these investments is approximately \$16.5 million of cash that has been contributed to the respective RSVP controlled joint ventures or advanced under the RSVP Commitment to FrontLine and is being held, along with cash from the preferred investors.

On September 30, 2002, the Company had issued and outstanding 9,915,313 shares of Class B Exchangeable Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Class B common stock"). The dividend on the shares of Class B common stock is subject to adjustment annually based on a formula which measures increases or decreases in the Company's Funds From Operations, as defined, over a base year. The Class B common stock currently receives an annual dividend of \$2.5884 per share.

The shares of Class B common stock are exchangeable at any time, at the option of the holder, into an equal number of shares of Class A common stock, subject to customary antidilution adjustments. The Company, at its option, may redeem any or all of the Class B common stock in exchange for an equal number of shares of the Company's Class A common stock at any time following November 23, 2003.

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The Board of Directors of the Company has authorized the purchase of up to a five million shares of the Company's Class A common stock and/or its Class B common stock. Transactions conducted on the New York Stock Exchange will be effected in accordance with the safe harbor provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and may be terminated by the Company at any time.

During the three months ended September 30, 2002, under this buy-back program, the Company purchased 368,200 shares of Class B common stock at an average price of \$22.90 per Class B share and 1,856,200 shares of Class A common stock at an average price of \$21.98 per Class A share for an aggregate purchase price for both the Class A and Class B common stock of approximately \$49.2 million. In addition, subsequent to September 30, 2002, the Company purchased 842,200 shares of Class A common stock at \$20.77 per share. As a result of these purchases, annual common sock dividends will decrease by approximately \$5.5 million. Previously, under the Company's prior stock buy-back program, the Company had purchased and retired 1,410,804 shares of Class B common stock at an average price of \$21.48 per Class B share and 61,704 shares of Class A common stock at an average price of \$23.03 per Class A share for an aggregate purchase price for both the Class A and Class B common stock of approximately \$31.7 million.

The Board of Directors of the Company has formed a pricing committee to consider purchases of up to \$75 million of the Company's outstanding preferred securities.

On September 30, 2002, the Company had issued and outstanding 9,192,000 shares of 7.625% Series A Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (the "Series A preferred stock"). The Series A preferred stock is redeemable by the Company on or after April 13, 2003 at a price of approximately \$25.95 per share with such price decreasing, at annual intervals, to \$25.00 per share over a five year period. In addition, the Series A preferred stock, at the option of the holder,

is convertible at any time into the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$28.51 per share. On October 14, 2002, the Company purchased and retired 357,500 shares of the Series A Preferred stock at \$22.29 per share for approximately \$8.0 million. As a result of this purchase, annual preferred dividends will decrease by approximately \$682,000.

The Company currently has issued and outstanding two million shares of Series B Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (the "Series B preferred stock"). The Series B preferred stock is redeemable by the Company as follows: (i) on or after March 2, 2002 to and including June 2, 2003, at an amount which provides an annual rate of return with respect to such shares of 15%, (ii) on or after June 3, 2003 to and including June 2, 2004, \$25.50 per share and (iii) on or after June 3, 2004 and thereafter, \$25.00 per share. In addition, the Series B preferred stock, at the option of the holder, is convertible at any time into the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$26.05 per share. The Series B preferred stock currently accumulates dividends at a rate of 8.85% per annum.

On May 22, 2002, approximately \$1.4 million of loans made to certain executive officers to purchase the Company's common stock matured. The loans were secured by 61,668 shares of the Company's Class A common stock. The loans were satisfied by the executive officers with the 61,668 shares of Class A common stock. The market value of these shares on May 22, 2002 was sufficient to fully satisfy these loans and as such there was no financial impact to the Company. The Company has subsequently retired these shares.

Effective January 1, 2002 the Company has elected to follow FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation". Statement No.123 requires the use of option valuation models which determine the fair value of the option on the date of the grant. All future employee stock option grants will be expensed over the options' vesting periods based on the fair value at the date of the grant in accordance with Statement No. 123. The Company expects minimal financial impact in the current year from the adoption of Statement No. 123. To determine the fair value of the stock options granted, the Company uses a Black-Scholes option pricing model. Historically, the Company had applied Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations in accounting for its stock option plans and reported pro forma disclosures in its Form 10-K filings by estimating the fair value of options issued and the related expense in accordance with Statement No. 123. Accordingly, no compensation cost had been recognized for its stock option plans in the past. As of September 30, 2002, the Company recorded approximately \$47,000 of expense related to the fair value of stock options issued. Such amounts have been included in marketing, general and administrative expenses in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

The Company's indebtedness at September 30, 2002 totaled approximately \$1.3 billion (including its share of joint venture debt and net of minority partners' interests share of joint venture debt) and was comprised of \$224 million outstanding under the Credit Facility, approximately \$499.3 million of senior unsecured notes and approximately \$607.9 million of mortgage indebtedness. Based on the Company's total market capitalization of approximately \$3.2 billion at September 30, 2002 (calculated based on the sum of (i) the market value of the Company's Class A common stock and OP Units, assuming conversion, (ii) the market value of the Company's Class B common stock, (iii) the liquidation preference value of the Company's preferred stock, (iv) the liquidation preference value of the Operating Partnership's preferred units and (v) the \$1.3 billion of debt), the Company's debt represented approximately 42.2% of its total market capitalization.

HQ Global Workplaces, Inc. ("HQ"), one of the largest providers of flexible officing solutions in the world and which is controlled by FrontLine, currently operates nine (formerly eleven) executive office centers in the Company's properties, three of which are held through joint ventures. The leases under which these office centers operate expire between 2008 and 2011, encompass approximately 202,000 square feet and have current contractual annual base rents of approximately \$6.1 million. On March 13, 2002, as a result of experiencing financial difficulties, HQ voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. As of June 30, 2002, HO's leases with the Company were in default. Further, effective March 13, 2002, the Bankruptcy Court granted HQ's petition to reject two of its leases with the Company. The two rejected leases aggregated approximately 23,900 square feet and provided for contractual base rents of approximately \$548,000 for the 2002 calendar year. The Company has since re-leased the rejected spaces for approximately \$519.000 per year in contractual base rents. Commencing April 1, 2002 and pursuant to the bankruptcy filing, HQ has been paying current rental charges under its leases with the Company, other than under the two rejected leases. The Company is in negotiation to restructure three of the leases and leave the terms of the remaining six leases unchanged. All negotiations with HQ are conducted by a committee designated by the Board and chaired by an independent director. There can be no assurance as to whether any deal will be consummated with ${\rm HQ}$ or if ${\rm HQ}$ will affirm or reject any or all of its remaining leases with the Company. As a result of the foregoing, the Company has reserved approximately \$550,000 (net of minority partners' interests and including the Company's share of unconsolidated joint venture interest), or 74%, of the amounts due from HQ as of September 30, 2002. Scott H. Rechler serves as the non-Executive Chairman of the Board and Jon Halpern is the Chief Executive Officer and a director of HQ.

WorldCom/MCI and its affiliates ("WorldCom"), a telecommunications company, which leases as of September 30, 2002 approximately 527,000 square feet in thirteen of the Company's properties located throughout the Tri-State Area voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code on July 21, 2002. The total annualized base rental revenue from these leases amounts to approximately \$12.0 million, or 2.9% of the Company's total 2002 annualized rental revenue, making it the Company's second largest tenant based on base rental revenue earned on a consolidated basis. All of WorldCom's leases are current on base rental charges through November 30, 2002 and the Company currently holds approximately \$300,000 in security deposits relating to these leases. There can be no assurance as to whether WorldCom will affirm or reject any or all of its leases with the Company. As a result of the foregoing, the Company has increased its reserve against the deferred rent receivable on its balance sheet in an amount equal to \$1.1 million representing approximately 51% of the outstanding deferred rent receivable attributable to WorldCom.

MetroMedia Fiber Network Services, Inc. ("MetroMedia"), which leased approximately 112,000 square feet in one property from the Company, voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in May 2002. MetroMedia's lease with the Company provided for contractual base rent of approximately \$25 per square foot amounting to \$2.8 million per calendar year and expired in May 2010. In July 2002, the Bankruptcy Court granted MetroMedia's petition to restructure and reduce space under its existing lease. As a result, the lease was amended to reduce MetroMedia's space by 80,357 square feet to 31,718 square feet. Annual base rent on the 31,718 square feet MetroMedia will continue to lease is \$25 per square foot amounting to approximately \$793,000 per annum. Further, pursuant to the Bankruptcy Court order MetroMedia is required to pay to the Company a surrender fee of approximately \$1.8 million. As a result of the foregoing, the Company has written off approximately \$388,000 of deferred rent receivable relating to this lease and recognized the aforementioned surrender fee. The Company has re-leased approximately 49,000 square feet of the 80,357 square feet MetroMedia terminated to Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, a New York City based law firm.

Arthur Andersen, LLP ("AA") leased approximately 38,000 square feet in one of the Company's New York City buildings. AA's lease with the Company provided for base rent of approximately \$2 million on an annualized basis and expired in April 2004. AA has experienced significant financial difficulties with its business and as a result has entered into a lease termination agreement with the Company effective November 30, 2002. In October 2002, AA paid the Company for all base rental and other charges through November 30, 2002 and a lease termination fee of approximately \$144,000. As of September 30, 2002, the Company has reserved 100% of the deferred rent receivable related to this lease which is approximately \$130,000.

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CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS

The following table sets forth the Company's significant debt obligations by scheduled principal cash flow payments and maturity date and its commercial commitments by scheduled maturity at September 30, 2002 (in thousands):

	MATURITY DATE									
	2002	2002 2003		2005	2006	THE				
Mortgage notes payable(1)	\$ 3,132	\$ 12,300	\$ 13,169	\$ 14,167	\$ 13 , 785	\$ 1				
Mortgage notes payable(2)			2,616	18,553	129,920	4				
Senior unsecured notes			100,000	·		4				
Unsecured credit facility		224,000				ļ				
Land lease obligations	652	2 , 687	2,811	2,814	2,795	ļ				
Air rights lease obligations	91	369	379	379	379	ļ				
	\$ 3 , 875	\$ 239,356	\$ 118 , 975	\$ 35,913	\$ 146 , 879	\$ 9				
		========	========	========	========	====				

- (1) Scheduled principal amortization payments
- (2) Principal payments due at maturity

Certain of the mortgage notes payable are guaranteed by certain limited partners in the Operating Partnership and/or the Company. In addition, consistent with customary practices in non-recourse lending, certain non-recourse mortgages may be recourse to the Company under certain limited circumstances including environmental issues and breaches of material representations.

In addition, at September 30, 2002, the Company had approximately \$1.0 million in outstanding undrawn standby letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility which expire in 2003.

Thirteen of the Company's office properties and two of the Company's industrial properties which were acquired by the issuance of OP Units are subject to agreements limiting the Company's ability to transfer them prior to agreed upon dates without the consent of the limited partner who transferred the respective property to the Company. In the event the Company transfers any of these properties prior to the expiration of these limitations, the Company may be required to make a payment relating to taxes incurred by the limited partner. The limitations on nine of the properties expire prior to June 30, 2003. The

limitations on the remaining properties expire between 2007 and 2013.

Eleven of the Company's office properties are held in joint ventures which contain certain limitations on transfer. These limitations include requiring the consent of the joint venture partner to transfer a property prior to various specified dates ranging from 2003 to 2005, rights of first offer, and buy/sell provisions.

Historically, rental revenue has been the principal source of funds to pay operating expenses, debt service and capital expenditures, excluding non-recurring capital expenditures of the Company. The Company expects to meet its short-term liquidity requirements generally through its net cash provided by operating activities along with the Credit Facility previously discussed. The Credit Facility contains several financial covenants with which the Company must be in compliance in order to borrow funds thereunder. During certain quarterly periods, the Company may incur significant leasing costs as a result of increased market demands from tenants and high levels of leasing transactions. As a result, during these periods the Company's cash flow from operating activities may not be sufficient to pay 100% of the quarterly dividends due on its common stock. To meet the short term funding requirements relating to these leasing costs, the Company may use proceeds of property sales or borrowings under its Credit Facility. The Company expects to meet certain of its financing requirements through long-term secured and unsecured borrowings and the issuance of debt and equity securities of the Company. There can be no assurance that there will be adequate demand for the Company's equity at the time or at the price in which the Company desires to raise capital through the sale of additional equity. In addition, the Company also believes that it will, from time to time, generate funds from the disposition of certain of its real estate properties or interests therein. The Company will refinance existing mortgage indebtedness or indebtedness under the Credit Facility at maturity or retire such debt through the issuance of additional debt securities or additional equity securities. The Company anticipates that the current balance of cash and cash equivalents and cash flows from operating activities, together with cash available from borrowings and equity offerings, will be adequate to meet the capital and liquidity requirements of the Company in both the short and long-term.

The Company is subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment, which may require a current or previous owner or operator of real estate to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum product releases at a property. An owner of real estate is liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous or toxic substances on or in the property. These laws often impose such liability without regard to whether the owner knew of, or caused, the presence of the contaminants. Clean-up costs and the owner's liability generally are not limited under the enactments and could exceed the value of the property and/or the aggregate assets of the owner. A number of the Company's properties are subject to certain environmental investigations or remediation including asbestos related abatement, soil sampling and ground water monitoring. Environmental conditions are included in the Company's original acquisition underwriting of properties. Management does not anticipate any of the known environmental conditions to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial conditions. There are no assurances that management's estimates are correct and actual results may differ materially. The presence of, or the failure to properly remediate, the substances may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or rent the property or to borrow using the property as collateral.

As a result of current economic conditions, certain tenants have either not renewed their leases upon expiration or have paid the Company to terminate their leases. In addition, a number of U.S. companies have filed for protection under federal bankruptcy laws. Certain of these companies are tenants of the Company. The Company is subject to the risk that other companies that are tenants of the Company may file for bankruptcy protection. This may have an adverse impact on the financial results and condition of the Company. In addition, vacancy rates in our markets have been trending higher and in some instances our asking rents in our markets have been trending lower and landlords are being required to grant greater concessions such as free rent and tenant improvements. Additionally, the Company carries comprehensive liability, fire, extended coverage and rental loss insurance on all of its properties. Five of the Company's properties are located in New York City. As a result of the events of September 11, 2001, insurance companies are limiting and/or excluding coverage for acts of terrorism in all risk policies. The Company's current insurance coverage provides for full replacement cost of its properties, except that the coverage for acts of terrorism on its properties covers losses in an amount up to \$100 million per occurrence (except for one property which has an additional aggregate \$150 million of coverage). As a result, the Company may suffer losses from acts of terrorism that are not covered by insurance. In addition, the mortgage loans which are secured by certain of the Company's properties contain customary covenants, including covenants that require the Company to maintain property insurance in an amount equal to replacement cost of the properties. There can be no assurance that the lenders under these mortgage loans will not take the position that exclusions from the Company's coverage for losses due to terrorist acts is a breach of a covenant which, if uncured, could allow the lenders to declare an event of default and accelerate repayment of the mortgage loans. Other outstanding debt instruments contain standard cross default provisions that would be triggered in the event of an acceleration of the mortgage loans. This matter could adversely affect the Company's financial results, its ability to finance and/or refinance its properties or to buy or sell properties.

In order to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company is required to make distributions to its stockholders of at least 90% of REIT taxable income. The Company expects to use its cash flow from operating activities for distributions to stockholders and for payment of recurring, non-incremental revenue-generating expenditures. The Company intends to invest amounts accumulated for distribution in short-term investments.

INFLATION

The office leases generally provide for fixed base rent increases or indexed escalations. In addition, the office leases provide for separate escalations of real estate taxes, operating expenses and electric costs over a base amount. The industrial leases generally provide for fixed base rent increases, direct pass through of certain operating expenses and separate real estate tax escalations over a base amount. The Company believes that inflationary increases in expenses will be offset by contractual rent increases and expense escalations described above. As a result of the impact of the events of September 11, 2001, the Company has realized increased insurance costs, particularly relating to property and terrorism insurance, and security costs. The Company has included these costs as part of its escalatable expenses. The Company has billed these escalatable expense items to its tenants consistent with the terms of the underlying leases and believes they are collectible. To the extent the Company's properties contain vacant space, the Company will bear such inflationary increases in expenses.

The Credit Facility bears interest at a variable rate, which will be influenced by changes in short-term interest rates, and is sensitive to inflation.

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FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

Management believes that funds from operations ("FFO") is an appropriate measure of performance of an equity REIT. FFO is defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") as net income or loss, excluding gains or losses from debt restructuring and sales of properties plus real estate depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income, as an indicator of the Company's operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity.

Since all companies and analysts do not calculate FFO in a similar fashion, the Company's calculation of FFO presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures as reported by other companies.

The following table presents the Company's FFO calculation (unaudited and in thousands, except per share/unit data):

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,			
	2	002		2001
Net income (loss) allocable to common shareholders Adjustments for basic funds from operations: Add:	\$	16,134	\$	(128,920
Limited partners' minority interest in the				
operating partnership		1,941		
Real estate depreciation and amortization Minority partners' interests in consolidated		28,208		26 , 340
partnerships Valuation reserves on investments in affiliate loans		4,446		3 , 065
<pre>and joint Ventures Extraordinary loss (net of limited partners' minority</pre>				163,000
interest)				2 , 595
Less:				
Limited partners' minority interest in the				
operating partnership				14,657
Gain on sales of real estate Amounts distributable to minority partners in		4,896		972
consolidated Partnerships		6 , 050		4,206
Basic Funds From Operations ("FFO")		39 , 783		46,245
Dividends and distributions on dilutive shares				
and units		5 , 761		5 , 996
Diluted FFO	\$	45 , 544		\$ 52,241
Weighted average common shares outstanding Weighted average units of limited partnership interest		59,536		59 , 999
outstanding		7,276		7,652

Basic weighted average common shares and units outstanding	66,812		67 , 651
Adjustments for dilutive FFO weighted average shares and units outstanding:	00,011		01,001
Add:	200		4.4.7
Weighted average common stock equivalents Weighted average shares of Series A Preferred Stock	300 8 , 060		441 8 , 060
Weighted average shares of Series B Preferred Stock	1,919		1,919
Weighted average shares of minority partners	1,313		1,313
preferred interest			
Weighted average shares of preferred limited			1,056
partnership interest	661		
Dilutive FFO weighted average shares and units			
outstanding	77 , 752	===	79 , 127
	NINE MONTI SEPTEMBI	ER 30,	
	2002	2	001
Net income (loss) allocable to common shareholders Adjustments for basic funds from operations: Add:	\$ 45,921	\$	(88,473
Limited partners' minority interest in the			
operating partnership	5,538		
Real estate depreciation and amortization Minority partners' interests in consolidated	80,570		76,055
partnerships Valuation reserves on investments in affiliate loans	14,379		12,885
<pre>and joint Ventures Extraordinary loss (net of limited partners' minority</pre>			163,000
interest)			2 , 595
Limited partners' minority interest in the			
operating partnership			9,326
Gain on sales of real estate	5,433		972
Amounts distributable to minority partners in			
consolidated Partnerships	18,943		15,010
Basic Funds From Operations ("FFO")			140,754
Dividends and distributions on dilutive shares			
and units	17,476		20 , 633
Diluted FFO	\$ 139 , 508	\$	161 , 387
Weighted average common shares outstanding	60,294	=====	====== 57 , 773
Weighted average units of limited partnership interest			
outstanding	7,427		7 , 703
Basic weighted average common shares and units			
<pre>outstanding Adjustments for dilutive FFO weighted average shares and units outstanding:</pre>	67,721		65 , 476
Add:			
Weighted average common stock equivalents	342		429
Weighted average shares of Series A Preferred Stock	8,060		8,060

	=========	
Dilutive FFO weighted average shares and units outstanding	78,812	78 , 964
partnership interest		1,182
Weighted average shares of preferred limited	770	
preferred interest		1 , 898
Weighted average shares of minority partners		
Weighted average shares of Series B Preferred Stock	1,919	1,919

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The primary market risk facing the Company is interest rate risk on its long term debt, mortgage notes and notes receivable. The Company will, when advantageous, hedge its interest rate risk using financial instruments. The Company is not subject to foreign currency risk.

The Company manages its exposure to interest rate risk on its variable rate indebtedness by borrowing on a short-term basis under its Credit Facility until such time as it is able to retire the short-term variable rate debt with either a long-term fixed rate debt offering, long term mortgage debt, equity offerings or through sales or partial sales of assets.

The Company will recognize all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges will be adjusted to fair value through income. If a derivative is a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative will either be offset against the change in fair value of the hedged asset, liability, or firm commitment through earnings, or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value will be immediately recognized in earnings. As of September 30, 2002, the Company had no derivatives outstanding.

The fair market value ("FMV") of the Company's long term debt, mortgage notes and notes receivable is estimated based on discounting future cash flows at interest rates that management believes reflect the risks associated with long term debt, mortgage notes and notes receivable of similar risk and duration.

The following table sets forth the Company's long term debt obligations by scheduled principal cash flow payments and maturity date, weighted average interest rates and estimated FMV at September 30, 2002 (dollars in thousands):

For	+ ho	Voar	Ended	December	31
101	LHE	Iear	Enaea	December	$\supset \perp$,

		2002		2003	2004		2005		2006	Tl	nereafter	
Long term debt:												
Fixed rate	\$	3 , 132	\$	12,300	\$ 115 , 785	\$	32,720	\$	143 , 705	\$	935 , 506	\$
Weighted average												
interest rate		7.47%		7.51%	7.47%		6.92%		7.38%		7.27%	
Variable rate	Ś		Ś	224,000	\$ 	Ś		Ś		Ś		Ś
Weighted average				,								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				0 0 5 0								
interest rate				2.85%								

(1) Includes aggregate unamortized issuance discounts of approximately \$728 on the senior unsecured notes issued during March 1999 and June 2002, which are due at maturity.

In addition, a one percent increase in the LIBOR rate would have an approximate \$2.2 million annual increase in interest expense based on \$224 million of variable rate debt outstanding at September 30, 2002.

The following table sets forth the Company's mortgage notes and note receivables by scheduled maturity date, weighted average interest rates and estimated FMV at September 30, 2002 (dollars in thousands):

	For the Year Ended December 31,													
		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006 	T	 Thereaft 	er 	 Т
Mortgage notes and notes receivable:														
Fixed rate Weighted average	\$	1,153	\$		\$	36,500	\$		\$		Ş	16,99	0	\$ 54
interest rate		9.0%				10.23%						11.9	15%	1

(1) Excludes interest receivables aggregating approximately one million dollars.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our filings under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Our principal executive and financial officers have evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures within 90 days prior to the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and have determined that such disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

There have been no significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

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The following table sets forth the Company's schedule of its top 25 tenants based on base rental revenue as of September 30, 2002:

TENANT NAME (1)	TENANT TYPE	TOTAL SQUARE FEET	PERCENT OF PRO-RATA SHARE OF ANNUALIZED BASE RENTAL REVENUE	ANNU <i>A</i> RENT
* DEBEVOISE & PLIMPTON	Office	465,420	3.3%	
* WORLDCOM/MCI	Office	527,214	3.2%	
* AMERICAN EXPRESS	Office	240,142	2.0%	
	Office			
* SCHULTE ROTH & ZABEL	Office	238,052	1.4%	
* HQ GLOBAL	Office/Industrial	201,900	1.2%	
UNITED DISTILLERS	Office	137,918	1.1%	
WATERHOUSE SECURITIES	Office	127,143	1.1%	
* BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS	Office	145,834	0.9%	
* KRAMER LEVIN NESSEN KAMIN				
VYTRA HEALTHCARE	Office	105,613	0.8%	
D.E.SHAW	Office	89 , 526	0.7%	
P.R.NEWSWIRE ASSOCIATES	Office	67,000	0.7%	
HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC.	Office	120,736	0.7%	
HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC. EMI ENTERTAINMENT WORLD	Office	65,844	0.7%	
* STATE FARM	Office/Industrial	162,651	0.7%	
HELLER EHRMAN WHITE	Office	51,167	0.7%	
LABORATORY CORP OF AMERICA	Office	108,000	0.7%	
ESTEE LAUDER	Industrial	374 , 578	0.7%	
* DRAFT WORLDWIDE INC.	Office	124,008	0.7%	
PRACTICING LAW INSTITUTE	Office	62 , 000	0.7%	
LOCKHEED MARTIN CORP.	Office	123,554	0.7%	
	Office			
TOWERS PERRIN FOSTER	Office	88,233	0.6%	
	Office			

⁽¹⁾ Ranked by pro-rata share of annualized based rental revenue

^{*} Part or all of space occupied by tenant is in a 51% or more owned joint venture building.

NON-INCREMENTAL REVENUE GENERATING CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, TENANT IMPROVEMENT COSTS AND LEASING COM-

The following table summarizes the expenditures incurred for capital expenditures for

and tenant improvements and leasing commissions for space leased at the Company's of properties for the years 1998 through 2001 and the nine months ended September 30,

NON-INCREMENTAL REVENUE GENERATING CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

	1998	1999	2000	2001	Aver 1998-
Suburban Office Properties Total			\$3,289,116	\$4,606,069	\$3 , 04
Per Square Foot	0.23	0.23	0.33	0.45	
NYC Office Properties					
Total	N/A	N/A	\$946 , 718	\$1,584,501	\$1 , 26
Per Square Foot	N/A	N/A	0.38	0.45	
Industrial Properties					
Total	\$1,205,266	\$1,048,688	\$813,431	\$711 , 666	\$94
Per Square Foot	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	

NON-INCREMENTAL REVENUE GENERATING TENANT IMPROVEMENTS AND LEASING COMMISSIONS (3)

	1998	1999	2000
Long Island Office Properties			
Tenant Improvements	\$1,140,251	\$1,009,357	\$2,853,706
Per Square Foot Improved	3.98	4.73	6.99
Leasing Commissions	\$418,191	\$551,762	\$2,208,604
Per Square Foot Leased	1.46	2.59	4.96
Total Per Square Foot	\$5.44	\$7.32	\$11.95
Westchester Office Properties			
Tenant Improvements	\$711 , 160	\$1,316,611	\$1,860,027
Per Square Foot Improved	4.45	5.62	5.72
Leasing Commissions	\$286 , 150	\$457,730	\$412,226
Per Square Foot Leased	1.79	1.96	3.00
Total Per Square Foot	\$6.24	\$7.58	\$8.72

	==========	=========	
Connecticut Office Properties			
Tenant Improvements	\$202 , 880	\$179,043	\$385 , 531
Per Square Foot Improved	5.92	4.88	4.19
Leasing Commissions	\$151,063	\$110,252	\$453,435
Per Square Foot Leased	4.41	3.00	4.92
Per Square root beased		3.00	4.92
Total Per Square Foot	\$10.33	\$7.88	\$9.11
New Jersey Office Properties	==========	=========	=========
Tenant Improvements	\$654 , 877	\$454,054	\$1,580,323
Per Square Foot Improved	\$654 , 877 3.78	\$454,054 2.29	\$1,580,323 6.71
Leasing Commissions	\$396,127		\$1,031,950
Per Square Foot Leased	2.08	3.96	4.44
Total Per Square Foot	\$5.86	\$6.25	\$11.15
New York City Office Properties	==========	========	=========
	N/A	м / д	¢65 267
Tenant Improvements		N/A	\$65 , 267
Per Square Foot Improved	N/A	N/A	1.79
Leasing Commissions	N/A	N/A	\$418,185
Per Square Foot Leased	N/A	N/A	11.50
Total Per Square Foot	N/A	N/A	\$13.29
Industrial Properties	==========	=========	=========
Tenant Improvements	\$283 , 842	\$375,646	\$650,216
_			
Per Square Foot Improved	0.76	0.25	0.95
Leasing Commissions	\$200,154	\$835,108	\$436,506
Per Square Foot Leased	0.44	0.56	0.64
Total Per Square Foot	\$1.20	\$0.81	\$1.59 =========
	Average 1998-2001	YTD 2002	V.
			New
Long Island Office Properties			new
Long Island Office Properties Tenant Improvements			\$675,704
Tenant Improvements	\$1,931,443	\$1,240,929	\$675,704
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved	\$1,931,443 6.04	\$1,240,929 6.37	\$675,704 9.70
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved	\$1,931,443 6.04	\$1,240,929 6.37	\$675,704 9.70
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55 \$14.25
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 10.33	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55 \$14.25 \$3,907,006
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 10.33 \$5,973,514 (2) 15.63	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55 \$14.25 \$3,907,006 18.46
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55 \$14.25 ====================================
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 10.33 \$5,973,514 (2) 15.63	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55 \$14.25 \$3,907,006 18.46
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Total Per Square Foot	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55 \$14.25 ====================================
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Connecticut Office Properties	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Connecticut Office Properties Tenant Improvements	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Connecticut Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 10.33 ======== \$5,973,514 (2) 15.63 \$1,777,227 4.91 \$20.54 ======== \$397,308 7.92	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55 \$14.25 ====================================
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Westchester Office Properties Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions Per Square Foot Leased Total Per Square Foot Connecticut Office Properties Tenant Improvements	\$1,931,443 6.04 \$1,155,742 3.38 	\$1,240,929 6.37 \$773,699 3.97 	\$675,704 9.70 \$317,398 4.55

Total Per Square Foot	\$7.55	\$10.37	\$11.16
New Jersey Office Properties			
Tenant Improvements	\$958,910	\$1,306,938	\$998,613
Per Square Foot Improved	3.93	9.39	17.47
Leasing Commissions	\$954,526	\$359 , 276	\$131,731
Per Square Foot Leased	3.64	2.52	2.18
Total Per Square Foot	\$7.57	\$11.91	\$19.65
New York City Office Properties	=========	=========	=========
Tenant Improvements	\$427,099	\$3,868,236	\$3,104,358
Per Square Foot Improved	8.74	21.14	21.77
Leasing Commissions	\$758 , 507	\$1,665,978	\$1,218,308
Per Square Foot Leased	16.68	9.10	8.54
Total Per Square Foot	\$25.42	\$30.24	\$30.32
Industrial Properties			
Tenant Improvements	\$669,048	\$872 , 114	\$694,363
Per Square Foot Improved	0.90	1.43	3.31
Leasing Commissions	\$456,585	\$366 , 653	\$320,996
Per Square Foot Leased	0.52	0.60	1.52
Total Per Square Foot	\$1.42	\$2.02	\$4.84

NOTES:

- (1) Excludes non-incremental capital expenditures, tenant improvements and leasing commissions for One Orlando Center in Orlando, Florida.
- (2) Excludes tenant improvements and leasing commissions related to a 163,880 square foot leasing transaction with Fuji Photo Film U.S.A. Leasing commissions on this transaction amounted to \$5.33 per square foot and tenant improvement allowance amounted to \$40.88 per square foot.
- (3) All amounts represent tenant improvements and leasing costs committed on leases signed during the period.

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LEASE EXPIRATION SCHEDULE As of September 30, 2002

TOTAL PORTFOLIO

Year of Expiration	Number of Leases Expiring	Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Portfolio Sq Ft
2002	40	222,550	1.1%
2003	159	1,742,219	8.6%
2004	201	1,820,933	9.0%
2005	244	2,445,977	12.0%

2006	221	2,592,815	12.8%	
2007	126	1,535,558	7.6%	
2008 and thereafter	327	8,787,070	43.3%	
Total/Weighted Average	1,318	19,147,122	94.2%	
		19,147,122	J4.20	
Total Portfolio Square Feet		20,334,559		

OFFICE PORTFOLIO

INDUSTRIAL/R&D PORTFOLIO

13,614,217

6,720,342

Year of	Number of Leases	Square Feet	% of Total Portfolio
Expiration	Expiring	Expiring	Sq Ft
2002	36	197,457	1.5%
2003	136	1,154,426	8.5%
2004	157	1,159,480	8.5%
2005	210	1,764,124	13.0%
2006	170	1,622,691	11.9%
2007	98	1,197,898	8.8%
2008 and thereafter	260	5,844,193	42.9%
Total/Weighted Average	1,067	12,940,269	95.1%

Total Portfolio Square Feet

Total Portfolio Square Feet

Year of Expiration	Number of Leases Expiring	Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Portfolio Sq Ft
2002	4	25,093	0.4%
2002	23	587,793	8.7%
2004	44	661,452	9.8%
2005	34	681,853	10.1%
2006	51	970,124	14.4%
2007	28	337,660	5.0%
2008 and thereafter	67 	2,942,877	43.8%
Total/Weighted Average	251	6,206,853	92.4%

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is not presently subject to any material litigation nor, to the Company's knowledge, is any litigation threatened against the Company, other than routine actions for negligence or other claims and administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, some of which are expected to be covered by liability insurance and all of which collectively are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the liquidity, results of operations or business or financial condition of the Company.

- Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds None
- Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities None
- Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders None
- Item 5. Other information

The Company has received approval of the Audit Committee of the Board permitting Ernst & Young, LLP, the Company's auditors to perform the following non-audit related services: (i) the preparation and review of tax filings; (ii) analysis related to compliance with law including, but not limited to the REIT qualification; (iii) review of Company disclosure related issues; and (iv) analysis relating to alternative structures of potential joint ventures, acquisitions and financings.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- a) Exhibits
 - 3(ii) Amended and Restated ByLaws of the Registrant
 - Each member of the Registrant's Board of Directors and each Executive Officer of the Registrant has entered into an Indemnification Agreement with the Registrant. These Indemnification Agreements are identical in all material respects. The schedule below sets forth the terms of each Indemnification Agreement not filed which differ from the copy of the example Indemnification Agreement (between the Registrant and Donald J. Rechler, dated as of May 23, 2002), which is filed as Exhibit 10.1 hereto:

e Dated As		s Of
Scott H. Rechler	May 23,	2002
Mitchell D. Rechler	May 23,	2002
Gregg M. Rechler	May 23,	2002
Michael Maturo	May 23,	2002
Roger M. Rechler	May 23,	2002
Jason Barnett	May 23,	2002
Herve A. Kevenides	May 23,	2002
John V. N. Klein	May 23,	2002
Ronald H. Menaker	May 1,	2002
Peter Quick	May 1,	2002
Lewis S. Ranieri	May 23,	2002
Conrad D. Stephenson	May 23,	2002

- 99.1 Certification of Donald J. Rechler, Co-Chief Executive
 Officer of the Registrant pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter
 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code
- 99.2 Certification of Scott H. Rechler, Co-Chief Executive Officer

of the Registrant pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code

- 99.3 Certification of Michael Maturo, Executive Vice President,
 Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant
 pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the
 United States Code
- b) During the three months ended September 30, 2002, the Registrant filed the following reports on Form 8-K:

On August 8, 2002, the Registrant submitted a report on Form 8-K under Item 9 thereof in order to submit its second quarter presentation in satisfaction of the requirements of Regulation FD.

On August 8, 2002, the Registrant submitted a report on Form 8-K under Item 9 thereof in order to submit supplemental operating and financial data for the quarter ended June 30, 2002 in satisfaction of the requirements of Regulation FD.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Donald J. Rechler, Co-Chief Executive Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.

By: /s/ Scott H. Rechler

Scott H. Rechler, Co-Chief Executive Officer

By /s/ Donald J. Rechler

By: /s/ Michael Maturo

Michael Maturo, Executive Vice Pre

Treasurer and Chief Financial Offi

DATE: November 12, 2002

CERTIFICATION

- I, Donald J. Rechler, certify that:
- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reckson Associates Realty Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the Registrant and we have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of Registrant's board of directors:
- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the Registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: November 12, 2002

/s/ Donald J. Rechler

Donald J. Rechler Co-Chief Executive Officer

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CERTIFICATION

- I, Scott H. Rechler, certify that:
- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reckson Associates Realty Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the Registrant and we have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of Registrant's board of directors:
- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the Registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal controls; and

6. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: November 12, 2002

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CERTIFICATION

- I, Michael Maturo, certify that:
- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Reckson Associates Realty Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the Registrant and we have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of Registrant's board of directors:
- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal

controls which could adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the Registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: November 12, 2002

/s/ Michael Maturo

Michael Maturo Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer